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REPORTS AND RESOLUTIONS
OF THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

State of South Carolina

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REGULAR SESSION COMMENCING JANUARY 9, 1912.

VOLUME II.

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Columbia, S. C.
GONZALES AND BRYAN, STATE PRINTERS,
1912.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 20, 1911.

*His Excellency, Cole L. Blease, Governor of South Carolina,
Columbia, S. C.*

Dear Sir:

I have the honor through you to submit to the General Assembly the Forty-third Annual Report of the Department of Education covering the scholastic year July 1, 1910-June 30, 1911, and containing the accounts of this office for the fiscal year January 1-December 31, 1911.

Respectfully,

J. E. SWEARINGEN,
State Superintendent of Education.

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CHAPTER I.

General Report and Recommendations.

General Report and Recommendations

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 20, 1911.

To the General Assembly.

Gentlemen: This report gives a tabular statement of conditions in every school district of the State. The facts for each county have been grouped under four main heads and are presented in four consecutive tables showing (1) Receipts, (2) Expenditures, (3) Schools, Enrollment, Average Attendance (4) Buildings, Teachers, Session.

This arrangement makes 172 county tables, from which can be secured detailed information concerning the status of every school district. These county tables are followed by eleven summaries giving totals, averages, comparisons and generalizations for the State at large.

The collection and compilation of these data have required constant and careful work for months. Their presentation in this form occupies considerable space, but it is hoped that this amplified report will serve two important ends.

HOME FACTS.

In the first place every citizen, teacher, or taxpayer can find herein a clear analysis of the educational situation in his community. "It is facts we want," for the discussion of any problem is futile unless based on an intelligent knowledge of the facts in the case. No little energy has been wasted in South Carolina in theoretic discussions growing out of misinformation concerning the free public schools and the public school system. If the same energy had been expended in a careful study of the facts some mistakes might have been avoided and better results secured.

Every school district board of trustees understands and appreciates conditions in its own territory, but few others have knowledge of or access to school records. In many instances these records are inaccurate and deficient. Even when examined they furnish only a partial insight into school conditions. It is hoped that this report may induce more frequent and careful investigation of local needs and conditions and may furnish some stimulus for further progress.

The comparative study of rural districts, towns, high schools, local taxes, expenditures, receipts, salaries, session, enrollment and average attendance, will enable the people of one district to understand what their neighbors of another district are accomplishing. The unequal distribution of wealth and the consequent disparities in school revenues can be clearly seen, both among the districts of any County and among the Counties of the State. The report contains many facts unfamiliar to the residents of the 1901 school districts of the State, but these facts have been included, because I believe them of sufficient value to be made accessible to every inquirer.

Community interest in education is the basis of all school improvement, and every patron and taxpayer should know all the facts about the community school.

1910 CENSUS.

In the second place this report will furnish much useful information supplementary to the census of 1910. The State takes no school census, and a comparison between the figures of this report and the data soon to be announced by the Federal Government will be both valuable and interesting.

School district lines are not usually coterminous with townships or municipalities, but the unit of school administration and school reports is nevertheless clear enough for intelligent statistical comparison. The classification by sexes, by residence, and by race is as full as teachers and school officers could make it. The report concerns itself only with school population, and, of course, does not indicate what part of this population failed to enroll. This is one of the great educational problems of the hour and any light that can be thrown upon it should be welcome.

RELIABLE STATISTICS.

The statistical section of the report is based on the reports of County Superintendents, County Treasurers, City and Town Superintendents in independent districts, and College Presidents. The County Superintendents' reports are in turn based partly upon first-hand knowledge of the facts and partly upon the reports of district teachers and trustees.

The data as to receipts, expenditures, teachers' examinations, teachers' certificates, school district areas, local taxation, and

school bonds are based on original records made and kept by county officers and are as full and correct as conditions will allow.

Accurate and reliable statistics are not easily obtained. In many instances such statistics are unobtainable. Every resource at the disposal of the office has been exhausted in the effort to make the statistical tables accurate and trustworthy. School officers in the main have co-operated in this endeavor, but with the system of school reports in use in the State the County Superintendent himself is often compelled to rely on estimates.

Many omissions in the report are directly traceable to the lack of prompt and adequate reports from the separate schools. Though these deficiencies are to be regretted they are not numerous or serious enough to affect materially the value and correctness of statistics and the conclusions deduced from them. Improvement can and should be made in the method of securing school statistics. School reports will not be altogether reliable until action looking to this end has been authorized by law.

ENROLLMENT.

The enrollment for the year is the largest in the history of our school system. Summary III shows the total for whites to be 160,830; for negroes 193,440, and for both races 354,270.

The Constitution provides, Section 6, Article XI, that only pupils between the ages of six and twenty-one years may be enrolled. In Section 1202 of the Code the General Assembly has defined enrollment to be ten days' school attendance during the preceding scholastic year. This enrollment forms the basis for the apportionment of all funds derived from the Constitutional tax of three mills, and is, therefore, the pivotal point of our school system.

The report shows that 23.6 per cent. of our white population and 23.1 per cent. of our negro population attended school at least ten days during the year. These percentages are remarkable. I do not believe that any considerable fraction of school population failed to enroll. The people of the State have done and are now doing more for education than for any other cause. The reports for several Counties indicate that 30 per cent. of the entire population actually received instruction in the classroom.

The most accessible schools are of necessity located in cities and towns. These schools also have long terms and offer every opportunity for the enrollment of pupils. They also attract many children from surrounding rural districts whose schools can not offer equal facilities.

With these advantages city and town schools should show the largest percentage of school population upon their rolls, but frequently this is not so. The abnormal enrollment in many districts brings increased revenues, but the gain in one district works loss in another, for the multiplication of names on the district roll can not increase the school receipts of the county as a whole.

The high percentage of negro enrollment is especially noticeable. Negro schools are seldom visited by district trustees or county superintendents, yet the negro enrollment reported by incompetent negro teachers forms the principal basis for the apportionment of school funds. If some method of checking the enrollment figures could be provided it would correct a fundamental weakness in the present law. It is desirable that every child in every district should attend school, but it is more desirable that the enrollment should not be fictitious.

AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.

The average attendance of pupils stands in marked contrast to the enrollment. This total for whites shows 107,352, for negroes 127,676, and for both races 235,028. While 23.6 per cent. of our white population had their names on the school roll only 15.8 per cent. were actually in the school room during the school term. Teachers were expending educational effort and taxpayers much money to instruct pupils upon it. Conditions in the State may not favor regular school attendance. The cotton crop must be hoed and picked, and domestic duties. A girl of twelve can frequently render as much help at home as in school. These conditions, however, should not be allowed to prevent the child's acquiring the rudiments of an education. The State Treasurers, County Treasurers, and Collectors now have adequate funds and facilities to meet the school needs. The number of such districts is rapidly increasing, and their greatest need now appears to be an increase in the number of teachers.

Teachers' salaries, local taxes,

SCHOOL TERM.

marked improvement is shown in the average length of the school term. This is due to the term extension act of Feb. 23, 1910, and to the marked growth of local taxation. In 1908 eight Counties reported an average school term for whites of less than twenty weeks. In 1911 this number had been reduced to seven, and in these seven the length of the term has been perceptibly increased.

This result is due to the policy of State aid to the public schools. This policy was fully discussed in two previous reports, and perhaps needs no further explanation. It is one of the effective instruments for the educational uplift of the rural districts and has received the hearty endorsement of the people. A full report of the term extension appropriation is given in Summary IX., and in my opinion the results secured amply justify a continuance of the policy.

FINANCES.

The three units of school administration in the State create three sources of school revenue: the poll tax, dog tax and all local levies voted by resident electors are district taxes.

The Constitutional tax of three mills is a County tax, collected, apportioned and expended within County bounds. The profits of County dispensaries also belong to the County in which the dispensary is operated.

Appropriations are made from the State Treasury for libraries, high schools, building and term extension. But these appropriations furnish but 5 per cent. of public schools receipts. The State as a whole has not undertaken the support of the public schools, but has left this support to be provided partly by the County and partly by the school district. This practice has resulted in hows inequalities in school receipts and expenditures among the counties and in similar inequalities among the schools during the year of each County.

The average per capita expenditure according to enrollment for the State failed to show the average for whites was \$12.62 and for negroes, doing more, the maximum was \$34.72 for whites in Beaufort County and the minimum was \$.84 for negroes in Fairfield County.

The variation for whites ranged from \$34.72 in Beaufort County to \$5.78 in Horry County, and for negroes from \$9.33 in Charleston County to \$.84 in Fairfield County. The apportionment of the three mill tax on the basis of enrollment creates an anomalous situation in districts enrolling a small number of white and a large number of negro pupils. This apportionment is made without regard to race lines, the total number of children forming the basis of the allotment of funds, but when once apportioned and made subject to the order of the district trustees, these school funds are expended on a different basis. The sea islands of Charleston and the black belt of lower Richland County forcibly illustrate this condition. These school districts have a plethora of money, although their white schools are among the best in the State and the trustees do their utmost to get rid of every dollar. The patrons do not need to vote local taxes, because their regular funds are more than ample.

At the same time sparsely settled districts in these Counties can barely support their schools. This condition is due to the rigid requirements of the law governing the apportionment of school funds. If the County Superintendent and County Board of Education could be given greater discretion in this respect, these inequalities and disparities could in part be removed.

EQUALIZATION FUND.

The Association of County Superintendents has given careful thought to this question. In some Counties the necessities of the case have forced school officers to exercise this discretion in their efforts to improve the schools, although such action was illegal.

This condition might be easily remedied with great advantage to the schools. I know of no better way than that recommended in the resolution unanimously adopted by the Conference of County Superintendents held July 8-11: "Whereas, the manner of the expenditure of money raised for school purposes through the regular channels is rigidly prescribed by law, and whereas, the experience of every County Superintendent shows the imperative need for some discretion on the part of the County Boards of Education in the expenditure of school money, be it resolved, That it is the sense of the Association of County Superintendents that an equalization fund of not less than

\$5,000.00 should be placed at the disposal of the County Board of Education of each County to be expended by them in such manner as they may think best to strengthen the schools of weak districts and to promote the educational interests of the County.

"In consequence of the wide variation in the school funds of the forty-three Counties of the State, the Association respectfully recommends to the General Assembly an appropriation of this amount, or such part thereof as may be necessary, to each County from the State Treasury, and to continue the same annually in such amount as in its wisdom may be necessary.

"All expenditures of the said equalization fund shall be made on proper vouchers, and at such time and in such manner as the County Board of Education may determine."

STATE DISPENSARY BALANCE.

There is now in the hands of the State Treasurer an approximate balance of \$250,000.00 derived from the State dispensary. In 1910 \$40,238.64 from this fund was expended to lengthen the school term and \$20,000.00 in the erection of adequate school buildings. In 1911 \$42,501.12 was again expended to lengthen the school term, \$20,000.00 for the erection of school buildings, and \$60,000.00 was appropriated for high schools. Of the high school appropriation \$26,159.00 was paid out December 9, and the remainder will be distributed in the spring of 1912.

These five special appropriations during the last two years were paid from funds already belonging to the schools. The consequent decrease in the tax levy was insignificant. The continuance of this policy will soon dissipate the dispensary balance and when this balance is once exhausted State appropriations to the public schools must come from the State Treasury or be discontinued.

Some Counties do not apparently need State funds, because their revenues have already been largely supplemented by local taxation. In Bamberg, Clarendon, Dillon, Florence, Lancaster, Oconee and Pickens, the receipts from local levies already exceed the receipts from any other source; and, in nearly every County, school district boards are making good use of this privilege.

In some Counties economy in school expenditures has put every district on a cash basis, while in others the school finances

are in a deplorable condition. Beaufort, Colleton, Darlington and Dorchester Counties closed the year on June 30 with a deficit. Barnwell, Dillon, Dorchester, Greenwood, Hampton, Laurens, Marion, Saluda, Sumter and Williamsburg Counties borrowed money for school purposes and guaranteed payment by giving a lien on the school taxes to be collected later. Several of the Counties also borrowed money, but these facts were not included in the report of the County Superintendent.

In addition 303 school districts ended the year in debt, although the contraction of debt by school district boards is a plain violation of Section 1228 of the Code.

The distribution of the dispensary balance at this time would help to relieve this situation. The money might be apportioned among the forty-three Counties according to the enrollment of the scholastic year 1910-11 as reported by the State Superintendent of Education, and although this method of apportionment is open to grave objection, it is in accordance with the precedent of former years when State dispensary funds were available for school purposes.

If this distribution is authorized the amount apportioned to each County could be set aside as a County Board fund to be expended in the discretion of the board in accordance with its best judgment. Such a course would help to relieve existing embarrassment in many districts as well as to supply a County equalization fund.

SCHOOL AUDITOR.

The comparison of financial statistics as submitted by this office during any three consecutive years will indicate clearly the need of a uniform method of school bookkeeping and school accounting. The Department is at present unable to undertake this work, for its proper performance will require the full time of an expert accountant.

The work might be done in connection with the Comptroller General's office or with this office, but I know of no expenditure of an equal amount that would yield a quicker or fuller return.

Summary X. shows that 115 districts have issued school bonds aggregating \$1,316,937.48. This summary is incomplete, because these facts were not reported fully for some Counties and were omitted altogether for others. Besides, many townships and

municipalities have issued bonds and used the proceeds for educational purposes.

The act of February 19, 1907, makes no adequate provision for the registration of school bonds and for full reports of sinking funds collected for their retirement. In some instances these sinking funds have been dissipated. It will be little short of a calamity if the lax enforcement of the bond act is permitted to impair the serviceableness of this great instrument of school improvement. It is an imperative necessity that these districts and these funds should be protected, but this can not be done under existing conditions.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT'S LEDGER.

In compliance with the law, the State Superintendent of Education published and distributed this year a County Superintendent's ledger, showing receipts and expenditures by school districts. Every means was employed to make the ledger clear, comprehensive, usable and satisfactory. Helpful suggestions were received from County Superintendents, County Treasurers, County Auditors, expert accountants and schoolmen, thus making the ledger include the practice and experience of the various officers charged with the collection or disbursement of school funds and the administration of school affairs.

Each County has heretofore employed its own system of school bookkeeping. Tax-payers, trustees and patrons frequently had difficulty in learning the exact status of their district. A change in County Superintendents often left the office barren of records, and though entering upon new duties in the middle of the scholastic year, a new administration was sometimes handicapped not only by unfamiliarity with conditions but by the absolute lack of the data that ought to be easily accessible in the books of the office.

The introduction of the ledger has given general satisfaction to school officers. Its use will do more to systematize and clarify school finances than can any other agency at the command of the State Department of Education.

The ledger can be easily kept and whenever properly kept the making of the financial report for the County will be an easy task. The average cost per County was \$7.00, whereas similar books ordered separately usually cost about four times that

amount. If the State Superintendent could distribute the ledger in duplicate a copy might be placed in the hands of the County Treasurer as well as the County Superintendent of Education.

SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

During the year 82 new buildings were erected by means of the State and County school building acts. In every instance blue prints were submitted for inspection and approval, and the houses have been constructed in accordance with the principles of the best school architecture.

A large majority of these new buildings are located in the country. Many of them would never have been erected without special State and County aid. In several instances they represent actual sacrifice on the part of the community, for in some of the districts the people were determined to make the children's house the best in the neighborhood.

Renewed acknowledgment is gratefully made to the Mechanical Department of Clemson College for its assistance in supplying information and blue prints to boards of trustees. The co-operation of the college has not only enabled school officers to save hundreds of dollars, but it has aided in bringing to these communities better school facilities, invariably resulting in a long chain of improvements.

This fund has secured more satisfactory results than any appropriation entrusted to this Department. To discuss at length the desirability of adequate school houses would be futile, because these advantages are already well known to every intelligent and progressive citizen. The work stands for itself. I hope the report of disbursements printed as Summary IX. of this report will be closely and carefully scrutinized.

DEFICIENCY IN BUILDING APPROPRIATION.

The building appropriation for the fiscal year 1911 was \$20,000.00. Though this fund was paid out in amounts of \$350.00 or less, the appropriation was exhausted August 24. Applications received after that date could not be paid, and there are now on file in the office some forty requests for State building aid.

During the year a number of rural districts have voted bonds in amounts ranging from \$800.00 to \$2,500.00. In addition to the regular school taxes these districts now pay additional local

levies for ordinary purposes and for bonds. The buildings are not yet finished or furnished, and the patrons are looking to the law-makers to see that their efforts are not discouraged.

It was a source of genuine regret that the Department was unable to approve and pay these applications promptly upon their receipt. These communities deserve the help of the State in their efforts to help themselves. An appropriation of \$10,000.00 is needed to cover the deficiency for the current year. This does not mean that any liability has been incurred by the State Department of Education, but school district boards applying for building aid from all quarters of the State have been informed that the deficiency exists and that their application could not be honored because of the lack of funds. In my opinion it is eminently desirable both to pay the building deficiency for 1911 and to increase to \$30,000.00 the building appropriation for 1912.

CONSOLIDATION.

The one-room, one-teacher school is still the predominant type among us. Of the 2,672 white schools in the State 1,985 employ one teacher, 392 two teachers and 295 three or more teachers.

There are 1,901 school districts. The report shows that 1,472 districts contain one white school, 255 districts two white schools, 69 districts three white schools, and 88 districts more than three.

These figures are not without significance. The framers of the Constitution of 1895 evidently intended that the State should be divided into convenient school districts, each containing one white and one negro school. The minimum constitutional area of nine square miles will not admit of an indefinite multiplication of districts; in fact, County school district surveys have been seldom made, and school district lines have rarely been definitely laid out.

Patrons desiring a new school not infrequently begin by securing a new school district. This practice has been carried to so great an extent in some Counties that many existing districts do not contain nine square miles. This tendency to increase the number of schools and of school districts is to be regretted.

Not a few of these little schools have consolidated as a result of the school building act. Their next need is an increased and improved teaching force, and this can not be provided without additional support.

Some of these districts have voted the maximum local levy of eight mills and still find it necessary to supplement school funds from private subscription. Under these circumstances additions to the teaching force are impossible. If County Boards of Education could be given greater discretion in the apportionment of school funds, this condition might be remedied. If an Equalization Fund could be provided in each County the situation would be in part corrected.

But if consolidation is to be encouraged and sure and quick returns are to be secured it is highly desirable for a direct State appropriation to be made for this specific purpose. No district should be granted aid until it levies the maximum local tax of eight mills. The enrollment of pupils should be at least sixty, with an average attendance of not less than 40. Two teachers should be required, and the State aid might cover any salary deficiency arising during a term of eight months. If a stimulus of this kind could be offered to rural communities desiring better schools, it would immediately result in noticeable improvements.

HIGH SCHOOLS.

The report of the High School Inspector shows significant progress in the high schools of the State. The work accomplished in these schools is perhaps better than ever before. The enrollment and teaching force are larger, the courses of study are fuller, and the community interest is deeper.

The report, however, shows that the high school act should be amended in three particulars. (1) As to its enrollment requirements. (2) As to the population limit in villages and towns. (3) As to the maximum amount of State aid to be granted in any one County.

Few rural communities can supply fifteen high school pupils. This provision of the law practically confines State high schools to the smaller towns.

It is often difficult for a village containing but few more than four hundred inhabitants to enroll twenty-five pupils above the seventh grade. This provision of the act works a hardship on the people of these localities. In many instances the full census returns will show that these small towns have in reality a limited white population and that a majority of the inhabitants are negroes. To supply the enrollment of twenty-five high school

pupils under these conditions is often difficult and frequently impossible.

Towns of more than twenty-five hundred inhabitants are excluded from the benefits of the high school act. This provision of the law has caused the withdrawal of State aid from eight high schools, and has prevented more than a score of towns from becoming a part of the State high school system. The school exists for the children, and it is a short-sighted policy that deprives a populous community of State high school advantages.

The law provides further that no County shall receive more than \$3,000.00 a year. This limitation applies equally to large and populous Counties as well as to those that are small and sparsely settled. The unequal distribution of white population among the forty-three Counties and their wide differences in area clearly indicate the difficulties to be encountered in the practical enforcement of the law. These various and varying conditions can not be adequately met by this arbitrary financial limit.

TEACHER TRAINING IN HIGH SCHOOLS.

The time has come when the high school can be used not only for the benefit of the community in the training of pupils, but also in the training of teachers. Though special privileges are granted college graduates under our laws governing certification, the bald fact remains that only a fraction of our teachers hold college diplomas. If all the graduates of all our colleges should enter the classroom it would take ten years without the loss of a single recruit to make up the present teaching corps of the State.

Teaching is a shifting profession. Only a fraction of those undertaking it make it their life work. Thoroughly prepared teachers are inevitably attracted to long-term, high-salaried schools, leaving the more difficult task of the ordinary country school to untrained and unskilled hands. The establishment of a teacher-training course in ten four-year high schools in ten Counties would place the advantages of normal training within reach of many prospective teachers. At the same time it would furnish a means of improvement to many now at work in the classroom with inadequate preparation and unable to secure more thorough equipment. An appropriation of \$1,000.00 to

pay the salary of a special training teacher in such a high school would immediately yield valuable returns.

RURAL SCHOOL SUPERVISION.

With the invaluable assistance of the State Supervisor of Elementary Rural Schools, the Department has been able to devote more time, study, and attention to the rural school problem than it was ever before in position to undertake. The hearty co-operation of the County Superintendents has afforded abundant opportunity for this work, which was begun July 1, 1910. Special attention is asked for the excellent report of the State Supervisor, for the needs and suggestions set forth by him are vital to the welfare of our school system. The supervision of district and County schools should be left neither to the State Department of Education nor to the State colleges. Though the work can be properly done only by those equipped to undertake it, its failure is inevitable, unless the workers understand local needs, sympathize with local aspirations, co-operate with district and County school authorities and are able to secure community co-operation.

County Supervisors of normal methods have been appointed in York and Dorchester. It would be a great step forward if such a Supervisor could be placed in the field in co-operation with every County Superintendent. The workers are available, and I sincerely hope adequate provision can be made for undertaking and supporting the work.

ADOPTION OF TEXT-BOOKS.

On August 31 the contract between the State Board of Education and the twenty-one publishers supplying text-books to the free public schools expired. It became, therefore, the duty of the Board to make a new adoption as authorized and directed in Section 1184 of the Code, which provides in part that "The State Board of Education shall have power to prescribe and to enforce, as far as practicable, the use of a uniform series of text-books in the free public schools of the State; to enter into an agreement with the publishers of the books prescribed, fixing the time of prescription and the price above which the books shall not be retailed during the period of prescription, and a rate of discount at not less than which the books shall be fur-

nished to the retail dealers in this State; to require the publishers, in the discretion of the Board, to establish in each County one or more depositories of their books within the State, at such place or places as the Board may designate, and where such books may be obtained without delay; and to exact of the publishers a bond in the sum of not more than five thousand dollars conditioned for the faithful performance of the agreement, and with a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each violation of the agreement, the form and execution of the bond to be approved by the Attorney General of the State, which agreement and bond shall be deposited with the State Treasurer, all recoveries thereon to go into the State Treasury for school purposes: *Provided*, That the State Board of Education shall not have power, without permission of the General Assembly of the State, to change a text-book within five years from the date of its adoption, except for violation of the agreement entered into by its publisher with the State Board of Education, for which cause it may be changed by the said Board; and it shall be unlawful for any teacher drawing public school money to use any book not prescribed by the State Board of Education without the consent, in writing, of said Board."

The approaching adoption was informally discussed at a meeting of the Board Aug. 23, 1910. A committee was appointed to prepare an announcement to all whom it might concern, and this announcement was mailed by the Secretary on Nov. 8 to one hundred and seventy-eight writers and publishers of text-books.

At a meeting of the Board April 7, 1911, a formal notice was drafted fixing the conditions, time and place of the adoption and calling for bids. This notice was advertised in the daily papers of April 11, and a pamphlet containing said notice, a copy of the preliminary contract, and a blank form for sealed bids was at once distributed to the same list of writers and publishers of school text-books and to all inquirers.

Official copies of the proposed contract and blanks for sealed bids were promptly furnished to all applicants. Bids were to be sealed and to be opened only in the presence of the Board at the meeting appointed for June 17. The State Superintendent of Education, as *ex-officio* Secretary of the Board, was authorized and directed to give the widest publicity to the adoption, to conduct all necessary correspondence incident thereto, and to receive any and all sealed bids.

When the Board met June 17 it was found that thirty-seven bids had been filed. Each of these was opened and read in the presence of the full Board, and the Secretary was requested to tabulate books and prices for the convenience of the members.

CONDITIONAL BIDS.

Upon examination it was found that seventeen publishers had submitted conditional bids. These publishers objected to the exchange provisions of Section VI. of the proposed text-book contract, under which old books in the hands of pupils were to be exchanged for the new books on the same subject to be introduced.

The Board granted a careful and exhaustive hearing to these bidders on the morning of June 19. The representatives of all publishers submitting conditional bids were asked to explain fully the nature and scope of their objections and each of these statements was recorded stenographically.

At the conclusion of the hearing the Board decided to amend its contract. Accordingly, minor amendments were adopted to Sections II., V., and important amendments to Section VI. These amendments were read to the assembled bidders June 20. The Chairman announced that all bids had been rejected and that new bids had been called for under the amended contract.

Without exception each of the thirty-seven original bidders renewed his bid, again placing before the Board every publication originally offered for adoption.

After two days' work the adoption was practically concluded, and on the afternoon of June 22 a recess was taken till July 13.

Notice was given that further bids were desired on General Histories and Latin Grammars, all such bids to be subject to the same conditions governing those filed on or before June 16 and on June 20.

The deferred adoptions were promptly made July 13, but at this meeting the Board found that the publishers of the No. 3, No. 4 and No. 5 books of the series of basal readers were unwilling to sign and deliver their contract. This refusal they based upon continued objections to its exchange terms and though urged to sign their contract and leave to the courts the settlement of differences growing out of its interpretation, they refused to do so. All efforts to secure agreement and induce signature

having failed, the Board took a second recess till July 21. At that date only forty-one days remained before the expiration of existing text-book contract, and no more time could be lost in fruitless dickering. The schools were soon to open. Books had to be secured. Further delay would have worked serious hardship and detriment to pupils and patrons. Hence the Board resolved to reconsider the tentative adoption of the No. 3, No. 4 and No. 5 books of the basal series of readers and in lieu thereof adopted Heart of Oak books, No. 3, No. 4 and No. 5.

After the text-book contract had gone into effect Sept. 1 and many schools had opened, this controversy was taken into court on petition of the B. F. Johnson Publishing Company for an injunction forbidding the sale and use of the Heart of Oak Readers. The merits of the case were fully presented, but the injunction was promptly refused. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court and the matter is now pending before that body.

TEXT-BOOK CONTRACT.

The 1911 text-book contract is, in my opinion, the most advantageous ever entered into in this State or in any of the twenty-three States prescribing a uniform series of text-books for use in the public schools. Any old book in use under State adoption contract from 1906-1911 or in special districts exercising the right of independent text-book adoption may be exchanged for any new book on the same subject. The common exchange heretofore has been between books "of similar grade on the same subject," but this promotional exchange allows the purchaser to give a book of lower grade in part payment for a book of higher grade. Since pupils rarely study two books of the same grade on the same subject except readers, State text-book contracts have heretofore resulted in the exchange of less than 10 per cent. of the old books in the hands of pupils. The exchange allowance is commonly 50 per cent. of the retail price of the book, hence the real saving to purchasers was barely 5 per cent. Promotional exchange should increase the number of old books returned to dealers and to that extent should relieve the burden and expense of the new adoption.

Books adopted in 1906 and readopted in 1911 are also exchangeable. This provision also operates to the advantage of the

purchaser by giving an exchange value to old books otherwise worthless.

The exchange period also extends from Sept. 1, 1911, to Dec. 15, 1912, three months longer than usual. Thus ample time was allowed pupils to finish books already in hand and later exchange them for new texts.

With the right of promotional exchange, the right to exchange readopted books, and the extension of the exchange period to fifteen months, in addition to the usual low prices secured in State text-book contracts, the adoption might reasonably have resulted in the changing of 25 or 30 per cent. of the books already in use. These moderate changes would have imposed a minimum of cost and would have occasioned the minimum of confusion in the schools.

SWEEPING CHANGES.

The Board, however, made sweeping and wholesale changes. A comparison of the lists of 1906 and 1911 together with a study of the report of the central text-book depository, printed in Chapter II. of this report, will show in part the number and cost of books thrown out of the schools.

These figures do not take into account books ordered directly from publishers, books used in independent districts or books purchased prior to 1906, at which time many books introduced in 1901 were readopted. But these data show beyond question that the property rights involved amounted to several hundred thousands of dollars.

The progress of knowledge, science, pedagogy and text-book manufacture within five years is never enough to justify so many changes. Books are tools of the teacher and aids to the child; but what of the workman who finds it necessary to buy an entirely new set of tools at one time?

TEXT-BOOKS IN SPECIAL DISTRICTS.

There are in the State between seventy-five and one hundred special school districts created by act of the General Assembly and exercising legally the right of independent text-book adoption. The majority of these districts contain cities and towns, but a few are altogether rural.

The privileges of these special districts are protected by Section 5, Article XI., of the Constitution, though their extension

to other districts is prohibited by subdivisions IV. and V., Section 34, Article III., of the same document. In these special districts school authorities select and change books at will. No two of them use the same texts or the same course of study, and patrons moving from one city or town to another are almost invariably called on to buy new books with each removal.

The city superintendents are the best trained and best paid educators of the State. They represent nearly 40 per cent. of the white children enrolled in the public schools. They do not use the books adopted by the State Board of Education and required in rural districts, in small villages and in some large towns. They have had forty years to agree among themselves, but this agreement is far from realization to-day.

I do not believe that conditions in the State are so different in adjoining Counties as to require the use of a different series of text-books in the schools of their court house towns. I do not believe that children in the Piedmont are so unlike children in the Pee Dee that they can not be taught from the same books. If school authorities in independent districts can not employ the books required in the other schools of the State they should at least be able to agree among themselves on the best texts for city and town schools. Such an agreement would increase the efficiency of the schools and would effect a considerable saving to our industrial classes, for these are the folk whose work compels them to move frequently. The existing wide-spread diversity offers a fertile field to publishers and furnishes a golden harvest to book agents, who annually come to reap it.

Moreover, such a voluntary agreement among the independent districts would prove of incalculable assistance to the State Board of Education in prescribing a uniform series of text-books for the 1,800 school districts of the State created and operated under the general school law. If teachers and superintendents in these districts can not come together by consent, the law should step in to protect the taxpayers and patrons.

STATE TEXT-BOOK BOARD.

The present text-book contract expires June 30, 1917. Under this contract one company secured upwards of 50 per cent. of the text-book business of the State. Such preponderance is neither

wholesome nor desirable. Its recurrence or continuance should be made impossible.

The Board charged with the adoption of text-books should be made directly responsible to the people instead of to the executive. This Board should be composed of public school men and should adopt books for all the schools of the State. A uniform series of books should be adopted for city and town schools as well as the rural districts, but if voluntary agreement can be secured among independent districts the substitution of this agreement for the State adoption should be everywhere allowable in long-term schools—the sole limitation being that where once adopted it could not be changed within six years.

The State text-book list should be so classified and subdivided that not more than one-third of the books in use could be changed at one time. This could be readily accomplished if the term of each adoption ran for six years and if only one-third of the books on the list could be considered every second year. No more vital question than this will claim your attention as lawmakers.

TEXT-BOOK DEPOSITORY.

Upon the completion of the adoption, the twenty companies awarded contracts selected and recommended to the Board the R. L. Bryan Company of Columbia as Manager of the Central Text-Book Depository. This recommendation was approved and the bond of this company for \$5,000.00, guaranteeing the filling of cash orders within three days, is on file with the State Treasurer.

Local depositories have been established in 144 communities and the heavy demand for new books has been met as well as circumstances will allow.

To permit the opening of the schools early in September and to facilitate their work during the first part of the session, the State Superintendent of Education recommended that pupils be allowed to finish any old texts already in hand. After completion, these books may be exchanged for the new adoption. Through the office of the State Superintendent the Board addressed the following letter to all teachers, principals and superintendents:

"Oct. 3, 1911.

"To the Manager of Any Local Text-Book Depository.

"Dear Sir: Under the text-book contract of the South Carolina State Board of Education with the twenty publishers whose books have been adopted for use in the schools of the State, liberal exchange terms have been granted to all purchasers. Any old books in use from 1906 to 1911 are exchangeable for any new books to be used under the recent State adoption.

"Any old book that can be recognized is exchangeable. The condition of the backs or the leaves, and the number of missing leaves, should not be taken into consideration. The only requirement is that the old book shall be on the same subject as the new book introduced.

"All exchange prices are printed or pasted on the inside of the front cover of the new texts. Purchasers and dealers may secure full and clear information by reference to these official labels. Promotional exchange does not require that the new book shall be of the same grade as the old book presented by the purchaser. This point is clearly covered by Section 6 of the State Text-Book Contract.

"The Central Text-Book Depository should fill all cash orders within three days after their receipt. If any delay in the delivery of books occurs, please report promptly to the State Superintendent of Education the date and the nature of the order and the books omitted in the shipment from Columbia. A copy of the order itself, marked so as to show the books ordered but not received, would be more satisfactory.

"Any overcharge should be promptly reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

"There has been a heavy demand for the new adoptions, and this demand will probably increase during the next two months. Your co-operation in supplying the needs of the schools will be appreciated by the Board and will render a service to your community.

Respectfully,

(Signed) "J. E. SWEARINGEN,

"State Supt. of Education and Secretary State Board.

"(Sent out by direction of the State Board.)"

SCHOOL MANUALS.

A bulletin of the new course of study was issued August 12, and was also included in the teacher's register for the current year. To make this course more effective, the office also issued a teacher's manual for the elementary schools prepared by W. K. Tate, State Supervisor of Rural Schools, and a high school manual for teachers prepared by William H. Hand, State High School Inspector.

The reprint of these two manuals would require one hundred and fifty-four and one hundred and two pages, respectively. The statistical tables of this report occupy so much space that this reprint was deemed inadvisable.

Both manuals, however, have been widely distributed and copies can be had upon application. Commenting on them a distinguished educator in another State writes: "We are grateful for the twenty copies of the South Carolina Manual. This work is high water mark. In its plan, in the fullness, and especially in the suggestiveness of the material, I have not seen any similar manual that can approach this. The schools of the State are to be congratulated upon having such inspiring guidance as is embodied in this manual."

Numerous requests for the manuals have come from a distance. The Superintendent of Education of Vermont was furnished a copy and at once wrote: "A copy of the teachers' manual for the elementary schools of South Carolina is at hand and I have examined the same with considerable interest. Should it be convenient for you to do so, wish that you might send me at my expense twelve copies of same for distribution among our Teacher Training Courses."

Quotations might be multiplied, but one more will suffice. The opinion of a leading city superintendent in an independent district shows the reception given these publications by home teachers and the local estimate of their value to our schools: "I regard each of these manuals as a most splendid piece of work. They bring suggestion to every teacher right at the point where suggestion is most needed. It is my opinion that the placing of these manuals in the hands of the teachers of the State will accomplish more for the children of the State than any other service of the Department of Education in recent years. I feel that the greatest weakness in our educational effort is

the weakness in the teaching force, and these manuals serve to strengthen at the weakest point."

SCHOLARSHIPS.

The scholarship act of 1911 greatly simplified and strengthened the system of free scholarships in the four State colleges. Two provisions of this statute have been vigorously attacked.

The law forbids the award of scholarships to competitors who have ever attended a college or university whenever other eligible applicants who have never attended an institution of higher learning enter the contest and make the passing grade. Several State colleges and almost all the denominational colleges maintain preparatory classes. In State institutions these preparatory students receive all the benefits and enjoy all the privileges of their associates with the single exception of class rank.

The necessary high school training to enter college can be secured in every County of the State. Cheap board and free tuition attract students to State institutions. If these colleges can not secure free scholarship students without drawing them from their preparatory classes, these preparatory classes should be discontinued at once.

I have interpreted the statute to mean that a matriculate of any institution whose name appears in its catalogue is a *bona fide* student. If the State is to maintain costly high school classes under the guise of preparatory departments in State colleges, the fact should be set upon a hill and not hid under a bushel.

At Winthrop, dining room and service scholarships are given to a number of earnest and admirable young women seeking a collegiate education. Heretofore many of these students have returned home and won the State scholarships from their Counties. It is a hardship to refuse them the award on the ground that they have already attended college and are debarred under the law. With this amendment the scholarship act should operate to the advantage of State colleges by inviting competent applicants. It should also help to build up the free public schools by reserving scholarship benefits to pupils unable to leave home in search of college advantages.

The construction of the law is now before the Supreme Court. If it is the intention of the General Assembly to permit college

preparatory students to win and enjoy free scholarships, this intention should be clearly stated in the law, and the act of 1911 should be made plain in this respect.

CONCLUSION.

Many other matters might be discussed if the size of this report permitted further comment. Any student of school conditions in South Carolina will find helpful facts in this report. Further analysis and discussion are left to the interest and initiative of the investigator.

Special acknowledgments are due my assistant, with whose help this report has been prepared.

I am grateful for the sentiment which makes education the first duty of the State. The free public school is the truest safeguard of the commonwealth. The progress of recent years has been directed by the patriotism, liberality and wisdom of the lawmakers, and I feel certain that the continuance of this constructive policy is assured.

Respectfully submitted,

J. E. SWEARINGEN,
State Superintendent of Education.

CHAPTER II.

Documents Relating to Text-Book Adoption.

**Documents Relating to the Adoption of Text-Books for
Use in the Free Public Schools From
Sept. 1, 1911, to June 30, 1917.**

Nov. 8, 1910.

To Writers and Publishers of School Text-Books.

Gentlemen: The present adoption of text-books for use in the free public schools of South Carolina will expire Aug. 31, 1911. The State Board of Education is preparing to consider another adoption for the five-year period 1911-16.

Elementary, Grammar School and High School texts will be considered. Any writer or publisher of text-books may present the merits of his work to the several members of the Board, by letter, through an agent, or in person.

It is the purpose of the Board to secure the best text-books now on the market. The high school adoption will cover the eighth, ninth, tenth and eleventh grades. The Elementary and Grammar School adoption will embrace the first seven grades. The adoption will be made at the summer meeting of the Board on or about June 20.

Respectfully,

J. E. SWEARINGEN,

State Supt. of Education and Secretary State Board.

**FORMAL NOTICE TO WRITERS AND PUBLISHERS OF
TEXT-BOOKS.**

To Whom It May Concern:

The State Board of Education of South Carolina hereby gives notice that it will meet in the city of Columbia, at 10 a. m., Saturday, June 17, for the adoption of a uniform series of text-books to be used in all the free public schools of this State, for which the said Board may lawfully prescribe and adopt text-books. The use of the books to be adopted shall begin September 1, 1911, and shall continue until June 30, 1917.

The State Board of Education will receive, through its Secretary, the State Superintendent of Education, sealed bids to be opened only at a meeting of the Board in regular session,

and to be submitted on or before June 16. Each bid shall be accompanied with a certified check or surety bond in some bonding company authorized and licensed to do business in the State of South Carolina, in the amount of \$200.00 for each book on which a bid is submitted, and not to exceed in the aggregate \$1,000.00 from any one publisher or firm; said check shall be deposited with the State Treasurer to be held by him until the adoption has been completed and announced. In the event that any publisher, firm, or company submitting a bid neglects, refuses, or omits to execute its contract within fifteen days after the acceptance of the bid submitted to the State Board of Education, this check or bond shall be forfeited to the State of South Carolina; any recovery to be paid into the State treasury for the benefit of the permanent school fund.

The Secretary of the State Board of Education shall, upon the conclusion of the adoption, inform the State Treasurer of the acceptance of any bid and the execution of the contract between the State Board of Education and such bidder. It shall thereupon become the duty of the successful bidder to file with the State Treasurer the bond required in the text-book contract, said bond to be approved by the Attorney General of South Carolina.

The Secretary of the State Board of Education shall also at the same time inform the State Treasurer of the unsuccessful bidders, whereupon the said State Treasurer shall return all certified checks or bonds from such parties. Each bid shall be made on the printed form prepared by the State Board of Education of South Carolina and sent out by its Secretary, and shall be accompanied by the affidavit therein contained. The truth of this affidavit is hereby declared to be a part of any contract that may result from any bid. The falsity of such affidavit in any respect shall at any time render such bid or contract null and void. The Board retains the right to accept or reject any and all bids or any and all parts thereof.

Every bidder is expected to supply nine copies of the book or books offered, one copy to be delivered to each member of the State Board of Education at his home address at any time on or before June 1. No agent or publisher shall appear before the Board in session except upon the invitation of the Board, and no sample shall be offered to any member, either in Columbia or at his home, at any time subsequent to June 1. The sup-

plements to be printed in connection with the South Carolina editions may be considered at the pleasure of the Board.

Columbia, S. C., April 11, 1911.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, }
County of Richland. }

CONTRACT.

Whereas, On the eighth day of November, 1910, the State Board of Education of the State of South Carolina gave formal notice to writers and publishers of school text-books that its members would consider samples submitted for examination in connection with the approaching text-book adoption to be made by the said Board; and

Whereas, further, On the eleventh day of April, 1911, the said State Board of Education advertised for sealed bids on text-books to be filed with the State Superintendent of Education, as Secretary thereof, on or before June 16, 1911, said bids to be opened only in the presence of the Board in regular session; and

Whereas, The State Board of Education of the State of South Carolina have agreed with certain parties submitting such samples and such sealed bids on school text-books;

Now, therefore, this agreement made and entered into this first day of September, 1911, between the State Board of Education of the State of South Carolina, party of the first part, and party of the second part, witnesseth:

I. That the party of the second part will establish and maintain at every courthouse in the State one depository or agency for the sale of school text-books to the patrons and pupils of the free public schools of this State at the price or prices herein stipulated, from September 1, 1911, to June 30, 1917, and one or more such depositories or agencies at convenient points in each County as may be determined and directed at any time by the State Board of Education; the location and manager of such depositories to be subject to the supervision and approval of the said State Board. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the County Superintendent of Education from establishing and conducting a text-book depository for the sale of the books herein named, either with or without the

consent of the said party of the second part. But such depository, when established by the County Superintendent of Education, may be accepted in lieu of the special depository herein contemplated.

II. The party of the second part, upon receipt of the retail contract price herein given, will furnish, either through its home office or through the central text-book depository, to any dealer or person in this State, the book or books herein named at the prices herein stipulated without any additional charge whatever to said dealer or person, unless the purchaser stipulates in writing that his order is to be filled by mail or express. In such case said purchaser shall pay the additional charges for delivery by mail or express. Only those dealers in charge of County text-book depositories approved by the State Board of Education shall be entitled to or shall receive any discount whatever from the said contract retail price.

III. The party of the second part will establish and permanently maintain in the State of South Carolina a central text-book depository, at which all the books herein adopted by the State Board of Education shall be constantly kept in stock; the location and manager of said central depository to be approved by the said State Board of Education, and the said manager to give a bond in the penal sum of \$5,000 conditioned for the faithful performance of this contract. The party of the second part further agrees that the manager of the central depository shall be the agent of the publisher to perform any and all service required by this contract, in the name and stead of the party of the second part. Any and all orders for text-books from a County depository, a County Superintendent of Education, or an individual, shall be filled by delivery to post-office or any common carrier by the central depository within three days; and any neglect, failure, or refusal to fill such order within three days shall be considered a violation of this contract, for which the manager of the central depository shall be liable on his bond in the sum of \$25.

IV. The party of the second part will furnish, sell, and deliver to the agencies, depositories, and County Superintendents of Education the books herein named at a discount of not less than ten per cent. from the contract prices herein specified, and will take from the central text-book depository now operated in the city of Columbia and from the County Superintendents of

Education any and all books purchased prior to June 1, 1911, and displaced by this contract, at the prices which said displaced books actually cost said central depository or said superintendents delivered to them; the party of the second part, in addition to said cost, to pay all expenses and charges for transportation in delivering the said displaced books so taken from said County Superintendents of Education, so that the public school fund now invested in text-books pursuant to Section No. 1239, Volume I., Code of Laws, 1902, may not be impaired or diminished.

V. That the party of the second part agrees to print upon the back cover of each book herein adopted the words, "Contract Retail Price, \$....., Contract Exchange Price, \$....., South Carolina Edition, 1911. Any increase in price should be reported by the purchaser to the State Superintendent of Education." Provided, however, That after July 1, 1916, the party of the second part may print the said words on a slip and attach same to each book, after notice of the use of such slip has been given to and approved by the State Superintendent of Education.

VI. The party of the second part further agrees to and with the party of the first part that it will supply each and all of the books embraced in this contract at the exchange prices herein set forth, and will accept in exchange any and all books which contain as much as sixty per cent. of their original leaves with or without backs, and which were used in South Carolina under State adoption contract, or in special districts exercising the right of independent text-book adoption, during the five-year period, 1906-1911, and which are upon the same subject as the books for which they are offered in part payment. In any exchange of books the pupil, patron, or citizen of South Carolina shall pay in cash only the exchange price stamped on the back of the new book introduced. It is agreed, further, that these conditions of exchange shall apply to all books now on the State list that are readopted hereby, and that the period of said exchange shall expire on December 15, 1912.

VII. The party of the second part guarantees that the books adopted shall at all times be the same in every respect as the samples submitted, of the same quality of paper, print, and binding, said samples to be marked as official by the party of the second part and kept on file in duplicate in the office of the State Superintendent of Education, and that the prices shall not be increased during the period of adoption to June 30, 1917;

and further agrees, that if at any time during the period of this contract a book herein adopted, or any edition of it, shall be sold or offered by the party of the second part under like conditions of local distribution at a lower contract retail price to any dealer, person, city, school district, County or State, outside of the State of South Carolina, than the price agreed upon in this contract, then that lowest price shall become the contract price between the party of the second part herein and the party of the first part. It is further agreed that between the fifteenth and the thirtieth day of June of each year covered by this contract the party of the second part shall file with the State Superintendent of Education a statement under oath that none of the books covered by this contract have been sold by it to or in any other State or States at a lower price than is provided under this agreement, or if lower prices have been charged or received, then such statement under oath shall set forth such lower prices, the name of the book or books so sold at a lower price or prices, reasons for the reduction in price, and the contracting purchaser or purchasers thereof: Provided, further, That if the party of the second part, during the period of this contract, shall sell or offer to sell at the price agreed on in this contract a book of better binding, material, or workmanship than the book or books sold to the party of the first part, then the party of the second part is hereby bound to furnish to the party of the first part the book or books of the same binding, material, or workmanship as sold or offered for sale to other purchasers.

VIII. That for and in consideration of the foregoing, and in further consideration that the party of the second part do execute and deliver to the party of the first part a good and sufficient bond in the sum of \$500.00 for each book herein adopted up to and not exceeding \$2,500.00 from any one publisher for the faithful performance of this contract, the form and execution thereof to be approved by the Attorney General of the State of South Carolina, as required by Section No. 1184, Volume I., Code of Laws, 1902, the party of the first part has adopted the books herein named at the prices herein stated, and agrees and contracts that it will urge upon the teachers of the public schools, and upon school officers the introduction of the adopted books to the exclusion of all the books on the same subject as rapidly as may seem to said teachers and school officers feasible during the period up to June 30, 1917; and the said party of the first

part further agrees that it will endeavor to enforce as a rule for the government of the public schools the following: That no pay warrant shall be issued by any board of trustees or approved by any County Superintendent of Education in favor of any teacher who, after September 1, 1911, uses in the public schools of this State any text-book to the exclusion of the text-book or books herein adopted on the same subject.

BOOKS	Contract Retail Price		Contract Exchange Price	
	Cloth	Board	Cloth	Board

IX. It is hereby further agreed that the party of the second part has not been heretofore and is not now directly or indirectly interested in any firm, corporation, or syndicate, by which the benefits of competitive bidding have been denied to the people of South Carolina in the adoption of text-books covered by this contract, and the affidavit submitted with the bid of the party of the second part is hereby made a part of this contract. If at any time this affidavit or any part thereof is found to be untrue, this contract shall immediately become null and void.

X. The party of the second part further agrees that on September 1, 1911, it will give bond in some surety company authorized and licensed to do business in the State of South Carolina, in the sum of \$....., the form and execution thereof to be approved by the Attorney General of South Carolina. Any violation of this contract by the party of the second part shall work a forfeiture of \$25.00 on said bond, any recovery to go into the State treasury for the use of the permanent school fund of this State, and all attorney's fees incurred by reason thereof to be paid by the party of the second part. This bond shall not be exhausted by a single recovery, but may be sued on from time to time by the party of the first part in its discretion. Said bond shall be further increased in amount upon

thirty days' notice, and any refusal by the party of the second part to give such additional bond shall cause a forfeiture of this contract; and the said bond shall be transferred to another surety company upon demand of the party of the first part upon like notice, if at any time the said party of the first part deems such transfer necessary or advisable.

In witness whereof said State of South Carolina, party of the first part, herein represented by.....
Governor of said State, and, as such, Chairman of the State Board of Education, and.....
State Superintendent of Education, and, as such, Secretary of said Board, and.....
party of the second part, have signed these presents this.....
day of....., 1911.

State Board of Education of the State of South Carolina by
.....
Governor, *ex officio* Chairman, and.....
State Superintendent of Education, *ex officio* Secretary:

PARTY OF THE FIRST PART.

..... of.....
by

PARTY OF THE SECOND PART.

AMENDMENTS TO SECTION II., SECTION V., AND
SECTION VI., OF THE TEXT BOOK CONTRACT
ADOPTED BY THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE
BOARD OF EDUCATION, JUNE 20, 1911.

II. The party of the second part, upon receipt of the contract retail price herein given, will furnish, either through its home office or through the central text-book depository, to any dealer or person in this State, the book or books herein named at the prices herein stipulated without any additional charge whatever to said dealer or person for transportation. Only those dealers in charge of county text-book depositories approved by the State Board of Education shall be entitled to or shall receive any discount whatever from the said contract retail price.

V. That the party of the second part agrees to print or paste upon the inside of the front cover of each book herein adopted the words, "Contract Retail Price \$——.—; Contract Exchange

Price of each and every book in the series, \$——. South Carolina edition, 1911. Any increase in price should be reported by the purchaser to the State Superintendent of Education."

VI. The party of the second part further agrees to and with the party of the first part that it will supply each and all of the books embraced in this contract at the exchange prices herein set forth, and will accept in exchange any and all old books, which were used in South Carolina under State adoption contract, or in special districts exercising the right of independent text-book adoption, during the five-year period, 1906-1911, and which are upon the same subject as the books for which they are offered in part payment.

In every exchange of books of the same grade on the same subject, the pupil, patron, or citizen of South Carolina shall pay only the contract exchange price printed or pasted on the inside of the front cover of the new book introduced.

In every exchange of books where an old book of higher grade is offered for a new book of lower grade on the same subject, the pupil, patron, or citizen of South Carolina shall pay only the contract exchange price printed or pasted on the inside of the front cover of the book introduced.

In every case of exchange of a book of lower grade for one of higher grade, the pupil, patron, or citizen of South Carolina shall be allowed on the purchase price of the book sought to be bought an amount equal to that which would be allowed were the old book offered in exchange for a new one of the same grade.

It is agreed, further, that these conditions of exchange shall apply to all books now on the State list that are readopted hereby, and that the period of said exchange shall expire on December 15, 1912.

BLANKS FOR SEALED BIDS

TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE
STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

Through its Secretary, at Columbia, on or before June 16, 1911, by any and all writers and publishers of school text-books submitting samples for the consideration of the Board with a view to their adoption for use in the free public schools of South Carolina from September 1, 1911, to June 30, 1917.

The State Board of Education will adopt a single list of text-books for all the free schools of the State, for which it may lawfully prescribe and enforce the use of a uniform series of text-books. The adoption will be made at a meeting of the Board beginning 10 a. m. Saturday, June 17, and all samples submitted for examination must be in the hands of the members on or before June 1. Each bid must be accompanied with a written statement, circular, or catalogue giving the ordinary market price of each book offered.

Bidder: (If firm, give the name and address of each individual composing the firm; if an incorporated company, give the name and address of the president and the secretary of the company.)

.....

The undersigned hereby offers to the State Board of Education of the State of South Carolina the following named text-books, bound in cloth and board, and already submitted in sample copies to the several members of the State Board of Education for adoption in the schools of South Carolina at the prices indicated.

BOOKS	Contract Retail Price		Contract Exchange Price	
	Cloth	Board	Cloth	Board

Each bid should be accompanied with a certified check for \$200.00 for each series or book, not to exceed \$1,000.00 from any one bidder, to be deposited with the State Treasurer, and guaranteeing the ability of the bidder to execute the contract in case his bid is accepted. If preferred the bidder may give bond in like sum in a surety company authorized and licensed to do business in South Carolina. Any successful bidder refusing or

neglecting to execute the contract within fifteen days after the acceptance of his bid shall forfeit this deposit.

State of.....
County of.....

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appears before me.....
who (here state official position) being duly sworn, says that he
is
.....
and that the.....
is in no way, directly or indirectly, either in its own right or
through the personal interests of its stockholders, connected with
any other publisher, firm or corporation that has submitted
books and bids to the State Board of Education of the State
of South Carolina upon the occasion of this adoption, and that
said
.....and, to the best of his
knowledge and belief, its stockholders have no pecuniary inter-
ests, individually, or in trust, in the business of any other pub-
lisher, firm, or corporation that has made a bid to this Board,
except as herein below stated:
.....
.....
.....
and that neither said.....
nor any of its stockholders has been or is a party to any com-
pact, syndicate, or other scheme whereby the benefits of com-
petition have been or will be denied to the people of the State
of South Carolina using the books herein offered.
Sworn to before me, this.....
day of
at
in the State of
..... (L. S.)

LIST OF PUBLISHERS SHOWING ADOPTED TEXT-BOOKS AND PRICES.
AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY.

Name of Book.	Contract Retail Price.	Contract Exchange Price.
Hunt's Progressive Speller, Complete	\$0.18	\$0.09
Hunt's Progressive Speller, Book I.. .. .	.18	.06
Hunt's Progressive Speller, Book II.. .. .	.18	.06
Webster's Primary Dictionary .. .. .	.44	.22
Webster's Common School Dictionary .. .. .	.65	.32
Webster's High School Dictionary .. .. .	.90	.45
Webster's Academic Dictionary	1.35	.67
Brooks' English Composition, Book I.. .. .	.68	.34
Milne's Progressive Arithmetics, First Book .. .. .	.32	.16
Milne's Progressive Arithmetics, Second Book .. .. .	.36	.18
Milne's Progressive Arithmetics, Third Book .. .. .	.41	.20
(Provided 16-page supplement on farm life be added.)		
Maury's New Elements of Geography .. .. .	.45	.22
Maury's New Complete Geography .. .. .	.88	.44
(South Carolina supplement to be revised.)		
White's Beginner's History of U. S. .. .. .	.40	.20
Gleason's A Term of Ovid .. .. .	.67	.33
Pearson's Latin Prose Composition .. .. .	.90	.45

ATKINSON, MENTZER AND GROVER.

Supplementary:	Rope and Paper.
Applied Arts Drawing Books No. 21	\$0.10
Applied Arts Drawing Books No. 22 .. .. .	.10
Applied Arts Drawing Books No. 23 .. .. .	.11
Applied Arts Drawing Books No. 24 .. .. .	.11
Applied Arts Drawing Books No. 25 .. .. .	.11
Applied Arts Drawing Books No. 26 .. .. .	.11
Applied Arts Drawing Books No. 27 .. .. .	.11
Applied Arts Drawing Books No. 28 .. .. .	.11

B. D. BERRY & CO.

Berry's Writing Books.	Paper Cover.
Book One—28 pp.	\$0.05
Book Two—24 pp. plus 28 pp. .. .. .	.05
Book Three—36 pp. .. .. .	.05
Book Four—36 pp. .. .. .	.05
Book Five—40 pp. .. .. .	.05
Book Six—40 pp. .. .. .	.05
Book Seven—28 pp. .. .. .	.05
Book Eight—28 pp. .. .. .	.05
Book Nine—24 pp. .. .. .	.05
Literary and Social Forms.	

EDUCATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.

(Basal.)	Flexible Manila.
Augsburg's Drawing:	
Teachers' Manuals, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, each.	\$0.25
Pupils' Practice Tablets, Standard Course, Nos. 1 to 12, inclusive ..	.15
Pupils' Practice Tablets, Shorter Course, Nos. 1 to 8, inclusive ..	.15
Teachers' Lesson Outline, Free.	

GINN AND COMPANY.

Name of Book.	Contract Retail Price.	Contract Exchange Price.
Supplementary:		
The Hill Readers, Book Four	\$0.35	\$0.17
The Hill Readers, Book Five .. .. .	.40	.20
Snyder's Selections from the Old Testament .. .. .	.30	...
Collar & Daniell's First Year Latin .. .. .	.94	.60
Montgomery's Leading Facts of English History	1.06	.67
Myers' Short History of Mediaeval and Modern Times	1.04	.66

D. C. HEATH AND COMPANY.

Woolley's Hand Book of Composition	\$0.63	\$0.32
Thompson's History of the United States .. .. .	.70	.35
Wells' Algebra for Secondary Schools:		
Pocket Edition (Complete)	1.00	.50
Part I.. .. .	.68	.34
Part II.. .. .	.45	.22
Wells' New Plane Geometry .. .. .	.75	.38
Wells' New Solid Geometry .. .. .	.75	.38
Wells' New Plane and Solid Geometry	1.25	.62
Gildersleeve-Lodge Latin Grammar (Sch. Edition) .. .. .	.75	.37
Heart of Oak Readers (Basal)		
Book III.. .. .	.32	.16
Book IV.. .. .	.35	.17
Book V... .. .	.35	.17

HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN COMPANY.

Selections from Riverside Literature Series for 6th and 7th Grades: (Selections to be Made by Committee on Course of Study.)		
Sixth Grade	\$0.33	...
Seventh Grade .. .. .	.33	...
Riverside Literature Series:		
Single Numbers .. .. .	.25	...
Double Numbers .. .. .	.40	...
Triple Numbers .. .. .	.50	...
Quadruple Numbers .. .. .	.60	...

THE B. F. JOHNSON PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Payne's Common Words Commonly Misspelled	\$0.22	\$0.11
Supplementary Classic, The Yemassee .. .. .	.68	...
Supplementary Reading, Hall's Half Hours in Southern History....	.75	...

W. H. JONES.

Thomas's Blanks for Written Spelling.	Paper.
Graded Series, No. 2, each	\$0.05

THE MACMILLAN COMPANY.

Kinard-Withers English Language:		
Book I	\$0.32	\$0.16
Book II.. .. .	.44	.22
(Improvement in mechanical workmanship and certain minor changes necessary.)		
Muggar's Agriculture for Southern Schools .. .. .	.60	.30
Tarr's New Physical Geography .. .. .	.88	.44
Bailey's Botany, Elementary .. .. .	.99	.50
Botsford's Ancient History for Beginners	1.20	.60

NEWSON AND COMPANY.

Ruehler's Modern English Grammar, With Composition	\$0.55	\$0.28
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RAND, McNALLY AND COMPANY.

Story of Cotton (Supplementary)	\$0.60	\$0.30
Robinson's Commercial Geography	1.12	.56
Teller & Brown's Business Methods .. . . .	.70	...

BENJ. H. SANBORN AND COMPANY.

Johnson & Sanford's Caesar's Gallic War, Books I-V.. . . .	\$0.85	\$0.42
D'Ooge's Select Orations of Cicero .. . . .	.83	.41
Fairclough & Brown's Virgil's Aeneid, Books I-VI.. . . .	1.10	.55

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS.

Supplementary:

The Scribner English Classics	\$0.25	...
Mims & Payne's Southern Prose and Poetry65	...

E. B. SETZLER.

Setzler's Advanced English Syntax	\$0.80	...
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SILVER, BURDETT & COMPANY.

Supplementary:

Stepping-Stones to Literature:

A First Reader	\$0.20	\$0.10
A Second Reader .. . . .	.25	.12
A Third Reader .. . . .	.30	.15
White's The Making of South Carolina .. . . .	.50	.25

PARKER P. SIMMONS.

Manila.

American History Leaflets	\$0.10	
A Record of My Reading .. . . .	.06	

SOUTHERN PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Wallace's United States Civil Government	\$0.45	\$0.23
Wallace's South Carolina Civil Government .. . . .	.60	.30
(With South Carolina Constitution and Index.)		
Wallace's United States and South Carolina Civil Government		
(Combined) .. . . .	.75	.33

W. H. WHEELER & COMPANY.

(Basal)

Wheeler's Graded Primer	\$0.25	\$0.10
Wheeler's Graded First Reader .. . . .	.25	.10
Wheeler's Graded Second Reader .. . . .	.35	.15

WORLD BOOK COMPANY.

Primer of Hygiene	\$0.35	\$0.18
Primer of Sanitation .. . . .	.40	.20
Human Physiology .. . . .	.60	.30

(Eight-page supplement to be added on the Health Laws of South Carolina.)

**EXCHANGE LABELS TO BE PRINTED OR PASTED ON
INSIDE FRONT COVER OF EACH ADOPTED TEXT.**

HUNT'S PROGRESSIVE COURSE IN SPELLING—COMPLETE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	18c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Complete Progressive Course is exchanged for this book	9c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Book One Progressive Course is exchanged for this book	11c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Book Two Progressive Course is exchanged for this book	11c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Benson & Glenn's Speller and Definer is exchanged for this book	9c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Spellers in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

HUNT'S PROGRESSIVE COURSE IN SPELLING—BOOK ONE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	13c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Book One Progressive Course is exchanged for this book	6c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Book Two Progressive Course is exchanged for this book	6c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Complete Progressive Course is exchanged for this book	6c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Benson & Glenn's Speller and Definer is exchanged for this book	6c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Spellers in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

HUNT'S PROGRESSIVE COURSE IN SPELLING—BOOK TWO.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	13c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Book One Progressive Course is exchanged for this book	6c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Book Two Progressive Course is exchanged for this book	6c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Complete Progressive Course is exchanged for this book	6c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Benson & Glenn's Speller and Definer is exchanged for this book 6c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Spellers in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

BROOKS' ENGLISH COMPOSITION.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 68c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Modern English Lessons, Book One, is exchanged for this book 52c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Buehler's Modern English Grammar is exchanged for this book 41c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Syke's Elementary Composition is exchanged for this book 34c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Language, Grammar or Composition in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 is also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

MILNE'S PROGRESSIVE ARITHMETIC—BOOK ONE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 32c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Wentworth's Elementary is exchanged for this book 16c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Wentworth's Practical is exchanged for this book 16c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Milne's Book Three is exchanged for this book 16c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Arithmetics in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

MILNE'S PROGRESSIVE ARITHMETIC—BOOK TWO.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 36c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Wentworth's Elementary is exchanged for this book 20c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Wentworth's Practical is exchanged for this book 18c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Milne's Book Three is exchanged
for this book 18c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Arithmetics in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

MILNE'S PROGRESSIVE ARITHMETIC—BOOK THREE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 41c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Wentworth's Elementary is
exchanged for this book 25c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Wentworth's Practical is
exchanged for this book 20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Milne's Book Three is exchanged
for this book 20c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Arithmetics in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

MAURY'S NEW ELEMENTS GEOGRAPHY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 45c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Natural Primary is exchanged
for this book. 22c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Frye's Higher is exchanged for
this book 22c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Tarr's New Physical is exchanged
for this book 22c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Geographies in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

MAURY'S NEW COMPLETE GEOGRAPHY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 88c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Natural Primary is exchanged
for this book 65c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Frye's Higher is exchanged for
this book 44c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Tarr's New Physical is exchanged
for this book 44c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Geographies in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

WHITE'S BEGINNER'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 40c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Lee's Primary is exchanged for
this book 20c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Thompson's A History of the
United States is exchanged for this book 20c.

Net exchange price to be paid when White's The Making of South
Carolina is exchanged for this book 20c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Myers' General History is
exchanged for this book 20c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Histories in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

GLEASON'S A TERM OF OVID.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 67c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a First Year Latin is exchanged
for this book 33c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Latin Grammar is exchanged
for this book 29c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Prose Composition is exchanged
for this book 22c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Cæsar is exchanged for this
book 24c.

Net exchange price to be paid when an Ovid is exchanged for this
book 33c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

PEARSON'S LATIN PROSE COMPOSITION.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 90c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a First Year Latin is exchanged
for this book 56c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Latin Grammar is exchanged
for this book 52c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Prose Composition is exchanged for this book	45c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Cæsar is exchanged for this book	45c.
Net exchange price to be paid when an Ovid is exchanged for this book	45c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

THE HILL READERS—BOOK FOUR.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	35c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book... ..	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	15c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	19c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	17c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book... ..	17c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

THE HILL READERS—BOOK FIVE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	40c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	25c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	25c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	20c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

SNYDER'S SELECTIONS FROM THE OLD TESTAMENT.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 30c.

Any increase in this price should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

COLLAR & DANIELL'S FIRST YEAR LATIN.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 94c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a First Year Latin is exchanged for this book 60c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Latin Grammar is exchanged for this book 60c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Prose Composition is exchanged for this book 60c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Cæsar is exchanged for this book 60c.

Net exchange price to be paid when an Ovid is exchanged for this book 60c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

MONTGOMERY'S LEADING FACTS OF ENGLISH HISTORY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price \$1.06

Net exchange price to be paid when Lee's Primary History is exchanged for this book 86c.

Net exchange price to be paid when White's The Making of South Carolina is exchanged for this book 81c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Thompson's History of the United States is exchanged for this book 71c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Myers' General History is exchanged for this book 67c.

Net exchange price to be paid when an English History is exchanged for this book 67c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

Any other Histories in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

MYERS' A SHORT HISTORY OF MEDIAEVAL AND MODERN TIMES.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price \$1.04

Net exchange price to be paid when a Lee's Primary History is exchanged for this book 84c.

Net exchange price to be paid when White's The Making of South

Carolina is exchanged for this book	79c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Thompson's History of the United States is exchanged for this book	69c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Myers' General History is exchanged for this book	66c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

Any other Histories in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

WOOLLEY'S HAND-BOOK OF COMPOSITION.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	63c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Modern English Lessons, Book One, is exchanged for this book	47c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Buehler's Modern English Grammar is exchanged for this book.	36c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Syke's Elementary Composition is exchanged for this book	29c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Language, Grammar, or Composition in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 is also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

THOMPSON'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	70c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Lee's Primary History is exchanged for this book	50c.
Net exchange price to be paid when White's The Making of South Carolina is exchanged for this book	45c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Thompson's History of the United States is exchanged for this book	35c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Myers' General History is exchanged for this book	35c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1911.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

Any other Histories in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

WELLS' ALGEBRA FOR SECONDARY SCHOOLS, POCKET EDITION, COMPLETE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	\$1.00
Net exchange price to be paid when Lippincott's Elementary Algebra is exchanged for this book	50c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Wentworth's New School Algebra
is exchanged for this book 50c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Algebras in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

WELLS' ALGEBRA FOR SECONDARY SCHOOLS—PART ONE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 68c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Lippincott's Elementary Algebra
is exchanged for this book 34c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Wentworth's New School Algebra
is exchanged from this book 34c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1911.

Any other Algebras in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

WELLS' ALGEBRA FOR SECONDARY SCHOOLS—PART TWO.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 45c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Lippincott's Elementary Algebra
is exchanged for this book 22c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Wentworth's New School Algebra
is exchanged for this book 22c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Algebras in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

WELLS' NEW PLANE GEOMETRY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 75c.

Net exchange price to be paid when any Plane, Solid, or Complete
Geometry is exchanged for this book 38c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

WELLS' NEW SOLID GEOMETRY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 75c.

Net exchange price to be paid when any Plane, Solid, or Complete
Geometry is exchanged for this book 38c.

Exchange period ends December 15, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

WELLS' NEW PLANE AND SOLID GEOMETRY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	\$1.25
Net exchange price to be paid when any Plane, Solid, or Complete Geometry is exchanged for this book	62c.
Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.	
Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin- tendent of Education.	

GILDERSLEEVE-LODGE LATIN GRAMMAR.

School Edition.

Contract Retail Price	75c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Year Latin is exchanged for this book	41c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Latin Grammar is exchanged for this book	37c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Prose Composition is exchanged for this book	37c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Cæsar is exchanged for this book	37c.
Net exchange price to be paid when an Ovid is exchanged for this book	37c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

HEART OF OAK READERS—THIRD READER.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	32c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	17c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	17c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	12c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	16c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	16c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	16c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

HEART OF OAK READERS—FOURTH READER.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	35c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	20c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	15c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book.. .. .	19c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	17c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	17c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

HEART OF OAK READERS—FIFTH READER.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	35c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	15c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	19c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	17c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	17c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

**CLASSICS FOR SIXTH GRADE—SELECTED FROM RIVERSIDE
LITERATURE SERIES.**

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

[illegible]

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

**CLASSICS FOR SEVENTH GRADE—SELECTED FROM RIVERSIDE
LITERATURE SERIES.**

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	.. .. .38c.
Contract Exchange Price	.. .. .19c.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

CLASSICS—RIVERSIDE LITERATURE SERIES.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price, Single Numbers... ..25c.

Contract Retail Price, Double Numbers... .. 40c.

Contract Retail Price, Triple Numbers 50c.

Contract Retail Price, Quarduple Numbers 60c.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

PAYNE'S COMMON WORDS COMMONLY MISSPELLED.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 22c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Hunt's Progressive Course in Spelling, Part One, is exchanged for this book 15c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Hunt's Progressive Course in Spelling, Part Two, is exchanged for this book 15c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Hunt's Progressive Course in Spelling, Complete, is exchanged for this book 13c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Benson & Glenn's Speller and Definer is exchanged for this book 11c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Spellers in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

SUPPLEMENTARY CLASSIC—THE YEMASSEE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price68c.

Any increase in this price should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

HALL'S HALF HOURS IN SOUTHERN HISTORY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 75c.

Any increase in this price should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

WITHERS-KINARD THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE—BOOK ONE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 32c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Modern English Lessons, Book One, is exchanged for this book 16c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Buehler's Modern English Grammar is exchanged for this book 16c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Sykes' Elementary Composition
is exchanged for this book 16c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Language, Grammar, or Composition in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 is also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

KINARD-WITHERS THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE—BOOK TWO.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 44c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Modern English Lessons, Book
One, is exchanged for this book 28c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Buehler's Modern English Grammar is exchanged for this book 22c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Sykes' Elementary Composition
is exchanged for this book 22c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Language, Grammar, or Composition in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 is also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

DUGGAR'S AGRICULTURE FOR SOUTHERN SCHOOLS.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 60c.

Net exchange price to be paid when any Agriculture is exchanged for
this book 30c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

TARR'S NEW PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 88c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Natural Primary is exchanged
for this book 65c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Frye's Higher is exchanged for
this book 44c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Physical Geography is
exchanged for this book 44c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Geographies in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

BAILEY'S ELEMENTARY BOTANY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 99c.

Contract Exchange Price 50c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

BOTSFORD'S ANCIENT HISTORY FOR BEGINNERS.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price \$1.20

Net exchange price to be paid when Lee's Primary History is exchanged for this book \$1.00

Net exchange price to be paid when White's The Making of South Carolina is exchanged for this book 95c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Thompson's History of the United States is exchanged for this book 85c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Myers' General History is exchanged for this book 60c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

Any other Histories in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

BUEHLER'S A MODERN ENGLISH GRAMMAR WITH COMPOSITION.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 55c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Modern English Lessons, Book One, is exchanged for this book 39c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Buehler's Modern English Grammar is exchanged for this book 28c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Sykes' Elementary Composition is exchanged for this book 28c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Language, Grammar, or Composition in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 is also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

STORY OF COTTON.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 60c.

Contract Exchange Price 30c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

ROBINSON'S COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	\$1.12
Net exchange price to be paid when a Natural Primary is exchanged for this book	89c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Frye's Higher is exchanged for this book	68c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Tarr's New Physical is exchanged for this book	68c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Geographies in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

TELLER & BROWN'S BUSINESS METHODS.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	70c.
Contract Exchange Price	35c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

JOHNSTON & SANFORD'S CAESAR'S GALLIC WAR BOOKS I-V.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	85c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Year Latin is exchanged for this book	51c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Latin Grammar is exchanged for this book	47c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Prose Composition is exchanged for this book	40c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Caesar is exchanged for this book	42c.
Net exchange price to be paid when an Ovid is exchanged for this book	42c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

D'OOGHE'S SELECT ORATIONS OF CICERO.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	83c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Year Latin is exchanged for this book	49c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Latin Grammar is exchanged for this book	45c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Prose Composition is exchanged for this book	38c.

Net exchange price to be paid when a Cæsar is exchanged for this book	40c.
Net exchange price to be paid when an Ovid is exchanged for this book	49c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Cicero is exchanged for this book	41c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

FAIRCLOUGH & BROWN'S VIRGIL'S AENEID, BOOKS I-VI.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	\$1.10
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Year Latin is exchanged for this book	76c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Latin Grammar is exchanged for this book	72c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Prose Composition is exchanged for this book	65c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Cæsar is exchanged for this book	67c.
Net exchange price to be paid when an Ovid is exchanged for this book	76c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Virgil is exchanged for this book	55c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

THE SCRIBNER ENGLISH CLASSICS.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 25c.

Any increase in this price should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

MIMS & PAYNE'S SOUTHERN PROSE AND POETRY.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 65c.

Any increase in this price should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

SETZLER'S ADVANCED ENGLISH SYNTAX.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 80c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Modern English Lessons, Book One, is exchanged for this book	64c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Buehler's Modern English Grammar is exchanged for this book	53c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Sykes' Elementary Composition
is exchanged for this book 46c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Language, Grammar, or Composition in use in South Carolina
from 1906-1911 is also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

STEPPING-STONES TO LITERATURE—FIRST READER.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	5c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	5c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	5c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	5c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	5c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	5c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

STEPPING STONES TO LITERATURE—SECOND READER.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	25c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	5c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	5c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	5c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	5c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.

STEPPING STONES TO LITERATURE—THIRD READER.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	30c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	15c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	15c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	14c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	14c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	14c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported by the purchaser to the State Superintendent of Education.

WHITE'S THE MAKING OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	50c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Lee's Primary History is exchanged for this book	30c.
Net exchange price to be paid when White's The Making of South Carolina is exchanged for this book	25c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Thompson's History of the United States is exchanged for this book	25c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Myers' General History is exchanged for this book	25c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Histories in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

WALLACE'S CIVIL GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	45c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Civil Government of South Carolina is exchanged for this book	15c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Civil Government of the United States is exchanged for this book	23c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Civil Government of South Carolina and the United States is exchanged for this book	23c.

Any other Civil Government in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 is also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

**WALLACE'S CIVIL GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH CAROLINA, WITH
CONSTITUTION AND INDEX.**

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	60c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Civil Government of South Carolina is exchanged for this book	30c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Civil Government of the United States is exchanged for this book	30c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Civil Government of South Carolina and the United States is exchanged for this book .. .	30c.
Any other Civil Government in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 is also exchangeable on this exchange basis.	

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

WALLACE'S CIVIL GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH CAROLINA AND THE UNITED STATES.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	75c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Civil Government of South Carolina is exchanged for this book	45c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Civil Government of the United States is exchanged for this book	53c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Civil Government of South Carolina and the United States is exchanged for this book	38c.

Any other Civil Government in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 is also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

-Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

WHEELER'S GRADED PRIMER.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	25c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

WHEELER'S GRADED FIRST READER.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	25c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book.. . . .	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	10c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

WHEELER'S GRADED SECOND READER.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	35c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Primer is exchanged for this book	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a First Reader is exchanged for this book	20c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Second Reader is exchanged for this book	15c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Third Reader is exchanged for this book	15c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fourth Reader is exchanged for this book	15c.
Net exchange price to be paid when a Fifth Reader is exchanged for this book	15c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any increase in price should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

RITCHIE-CALDWELL: PRIMER OF HYGIENE.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price	35c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Krohn's First Book in Hygiene is exchanged for this book	18c.
Net exchange price to be paid when Krohn's Graded Lessons in Physiology and Hygiene is exchanged for this book	18c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Physiologies in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also exchangeable on this exchange basis.

Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superintendent of Education.

RITCHIE: PRIMER OF SANITATION.

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 40c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Krohn's First Book in Hygiene is
exchanged for this book 20c.Net exchange price to be paid when Krohn's Graded Lessons in
Physiology and Hygiene is exchanged for this book 20c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Physiologies in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.**RITCHIE: HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY.**

South Carolina Edition, 1911.

Contract Retail Price 60c.

Net exchange price to be paid when Krohn's First Book in Hygiene
is exchanged for this book 48c.Net exchange price to be paid when Krohn's Graded Lessons in
Physiology and Hygiene is exchanged for this book 30c.

Exchange period ends December 15th, 1912.

Any other Physiologies in use in South Carolina from 1906-1911 are also
exchangeable on this exchange basis.Any increase in these prices should be reported to the State Superin-
tendent of Education.No exchanges were allowed on: A Record of My Reading, American
History Leaflets, Applied Arts Drawing Books, Berry's Writing Books,
Augsburg's Drawing, Thomas' Spelling Blanks, and no labels were cal-
culated or reported for use in Webster's Dictionaries.The committee on exchange prices made its report July 21, which report
was adopted by the State Board of Education.The Secretary was instructed to furnish each publisher with a copy of
the official labels approved by the Board for use in the adopted texts to
be furnished by his house. A full set of labels was also furnished the
manager of the Central Text-Book Depository with instructions that no
book should be placed on sale without the proper official label.

COURSE OF STUDY FOR ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

Extensive modifications of this course are necessary in schools taught by one teacher. For details and suggestions see Manual for Elementary Schools.

For exchange price of books see paster on inside of front cover of texts.

FIRST GRADE.

Wheeler's Graded Primer (25c).

Writing at blackboard and at seat with pencil and unruled paper.

(Do not use copy books this year).

Counting and oral number work. Writing numbers to 100.

Stories by teacher and pupils as basis for language work.

Memorizing short easy poems.

Oral nature lessons adapted to season and locality.

Singing.

ADVANCED FIRST GRADE.

(In long term schools teachers will find it possible to complete all the work of the first and advanced first grades in one year).

Wheeler's Graded First Reader, basal (25c).

Stepping-Stones to Literature, First Reader, supplementary (20c).

Supplementary readings from school library.

Stories and language training.

Memorizing short easy poems.

Spelling from Reader.

Oral and written number work based on first twenty pages of Milne's Progressive Course, First Book. (The book should not be placed in the hands of the pupils in this grade).

Writing at seat and blackboard.

(Do not use copy books this year).

Oral nature lessons adapted to season and suggested by environment.

Singing.

SECOND GRADE.

Wheeler's Second Reader, basal (35c).

Stepping-Stones to Literature, Second Reader, supplementary (25c).

Supplementary readings from school library. (Myths, Tales, Fairy Stories and Nature Stories).

Spelling from Reader and from Progressive Course in Spelling, Book I (13c).

Language work based on reading and stories.

Memorizing easy poems.

Oral and written number work, Milne's Progressive Arithmetic, First Book, Part I (32c).

Berry's Writing Book No. I (5c).

Augsburg's Drawing Book, First Year (15c).

(Applied Arts Drawing Book No. 21, supplementary, 10c).

Oral nature lessons adapted to season and suggested by environment.

Singing.

THIRD GRADE.

Heart of Oak Books, Third Reader, basal (32c).

Stepping-Stones to Literature, Third Reader, supplementary (30c).

Supplementary readings from school library. (Bible, Hero and Nature Stories).

Language training for ease and correctness in speech.

Memorizing short selections in prose and poetry.

Progressive Course in Spelling, Book I (13c), Section 1 completed.

Milne's Progressive Arithmetic, Book I, Part II completed.

Berry's Writing Book No. II (5c).

Augsburg's Drawing Book, Second Year (15c).

(Applied Arts Drawing Book No. 22, supplementary, 10c).

Oral lessons in practical Hygiene.

Nature Study and Community Life, with special reference to local industries.

Singing.

FOURTH GRADE.

Heart of Oak Books, Fourth Reader, basal (35c).

Hill's Fourth Reader, supplementary (35c).

Biographical readings from school library.

Oral and written Spelling, Progressive Course in Spelling, Book I completed.

Withers-Kinard—The English Language, Book I (32c), to page 130.

Maury's New Elements Geography (45c), to page 49.

Arithmetic, Milne's Progressive, First Book completed. (Emphasize mental work, and quickness and accuracy in fundamental operations).

Ritchie-Caldwell's Primer of Hygiene (35c).

Berry's Writing Book No. III (5c).

Augsburg's Drawing Book, Third Year (15c).

(Applied Arts Drawing Book No. 23, supplementary, 11c).

Observation lessons in community life and activities, and lessons introductory to Agriculture.

Singing.

FIFTH GRADE.

Heart of Oak Books, Fifth Reader, basal (35c).

Hill's Fifth Reader, supplementary (40c).

Supplementary classics from school library.

Written and oral Spelling, Progressive Course in Spelling, Book II (13c), Section 1.

Withers-Kinard—The English Language, Book I completed.

Milne's Progressive Arithmetic, Second Book (36c), to page 146. (Emphasize mental work).

Maury's New Elements Geography completed.

White's Beginners' History of the United States (40c).

Berry's Writing Book No. IV (5c).

Augsburg's Drawing Book, Fourth Year (15c).

(Applied Arts Drawing Book No. 24, supplementary, 11c).

School Lessons in Plant Production, based on Bulletin No. 409, United States Department of Agriculture (free).

Singing.

SIXTH GRADE.

Standard English Classics, selected from Riverside Literature Series (38c). (See Manual).

Kinard-Withers—The English Language, Book II (44c), to page 86, with frequent exercises in Composition.

Progressive Course in Spelling, Book II, Section 2. (Written and oral).

Milne's Progressive Arithmetic, Second Book, to page 233.

Maury's New Complete Geography (88c), to page 98. (In connection with Southern States study South Carolina supplement found in Appendix).

White's The Making of South Carolina (50c).

Ritchie—Primer of Sanitation (40c).
 Berry's Writing Book No. V (5c).
 Augsburg's Drawing Book, Fifth Year (15c).
 (Applied Arts Drawing Book No. 25, supplementary, 11c).
 Oral lessons in Agriculture, with practical exercises in School
 Gardening and Manual Training.
 Singing.

SEVENTH GRADE.

Standard English Classics, selected from Riverside Literature Series (38c). (See Manual).

Kinard-Withers—The English Language, Book II completed, with weekly exercises in Composition.

Written and oral Spelling, Progressive Course, Book II completed.

Milne's Progressive Arithmetic, Second Book completed, including special supplement containing practical problems in Farm Arithmetic. Note—Teachers whose classes complete this book thoroughly before the end of the year may introduce Book III (41c) in the Seventh Grade.

Maury's New Complete Geography.

Thompson's History of the United States (70c).

Wallace's Civil Government of South Carolina (60c).

Duggar's Agriculture for Southern Schools (60c).

Brooks' Story of Cotton, supplementary, (60c).

Elementary Cooking for girls (optional).

Berry's Writing Book No. VI (5c).

Augsburg's Drawing Book, Sixth Year (15c).

(Applied Arts Drawing Book No. 26, supplementary, 11c).

Singing.

Note—For optional supplementary reading above the fourth grade:

Snyder's Selections from the Old Testament (30c).

Hall's Half Hours in Southern History (75c).

Simms' The Yemassee (68c).

Mims & Payne's Southern Prose and Poetry (65c).

Note—For optional use in written spelling:

Thomas' Spelling Blanks (5c).

Note—Dictionaries:

Webster's Primary (44c).

Webster's Common School (65c).

Webster's High School (90c).

Webster's Academic (\$1.35).

HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY.

This course indicates the text-books adopted by the State Board of Education, and suggests the year in which each book may be used. For details in making up a curriculum see High School Manual. It is recommended that not more than five subjects be given any class in any one year.

FIRST YEAR.

Buehler's Modern English Grammar with Composition.....	\$.55
Payne's Common Words Commonly Misspelled.....	.22
English Classics—Scribner's and Riverside Series, each...	.25
Milne's Progressive Arithmetic, Book III.....	.41
*Wells' Algebra for Secondary Schools, Part I.....	.68
Botsford's Ancient History for Beginners.....	1.20
Ritchie's Human Physiology.....	.60
Bailey's Elementary Botany.....	.99
Collar & Daniell's First Year Latin.....	.94

*Parts I and II, complete, \$1.00.

SECOND YEAR.

Buehler's Modern English Grammar with Composition.....	\$.55
Payne's Common Words Commonly Misspelled.....	.22
English Classics—Scribner's and Riverside Series, each...	.25
Mims & Payne's Southern Prose and Poetry.....	.65
Brooks' English Composition, Book I.....	.68
Wells' Algebra for Secondary Schools, Part II.....	.45
Milne's Progressive Arithmetic, Book III.....	.41
Myers' A Short History of Mediæval and Modern Times..	1.04
Tarr's New Physical Geography.....	.88
Gildersleeve-Lodge Latin Grammar.....	.75
Johnston & Sanford's Cæsar's Gallic War.....	.85
Pearson's Latin Prose Composition.....	.90

THIRD YEAR.

Brooks' English Composition, Book I.....	\$.68
Woolley's Handbook of Composition.....	.63

English Classics—Scribner's and Riverside Series, each . . . .	.25
*Wells' New Plane Geometry . . . . .	.75
Montgomery's Leading Facts of English History	1.06
Physics (to be selected)	
Robinson's Commercial Geography	1.12
Johnston & Sanford's Cæsar's Gallic War . . . . .	.85
D'Oooge's Select Orations of Cicero . . . . .	.83
Teller & Brown's Business Methods . . . . .	.70

*Plane and Solid Geometry, \$1.25.

FOURTH YEAR.

Woolley's Handbook of Composition	\$.63
Setzler's Advanced English Syntax . . . . .	.80
English Classics—Scribner's and Riverside Series, each . . . .	.25
Wells' Solid Geometry . . . . .	.75
Algebra (Reviewed)	
Advanced History of United States (to be selected)	
*Wallace's Civil Government of United States . . . . .	.45
American History Leaflets, supplementary . . . . .	.10
Gleason's A Term of Ovid . . . . .	.67
Fairclough & Brown's Virgil's Æneid	1.10

*Civil Government of United States and South Carolina, 75c.

**BONDS GIVEN BY PUBLISHERS INCLUDED IN THE
1911 TEXT-BOOK ADOPTION.—ORIGINAL PAPERS
FILED WITH STATE TREASURER OCT. 9, 1911.**

Name of Publisher.	Name of Bonding Company.	Amount of Bond.
American Book Co.	American Surety Co.	\$2,500.00
Atkinson, Mentzer & Grover	United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.	2,500.00
B. D. Berry & Co.	American Surety Co.	2,500.00
Educational Pub. Co.	United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.	5,000.00
Ginn & Co.	The Fidelity and Casualty Co.	2,500.00
D. C. Heath & Co.	American Surety Co.	2,500.00
Houghton, Mifflin Co.	United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.	2,500.00
B. F. Johnson Pub. Co.	American Bonding Co.	1,500.00
W. H. Jones	Gulf and Atlantic Insurance Co.	500.00
The Macmillan Co.	United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.	2,500.00
Newson & Co.	Massachusetts Bonding and Insurance Co.	500.00
Rand, McNally & Co.	American Surety Co.	1,500.00
Benj. H. Sanborn & Co.	American Surety Co.	1,500.00
Charles Scribner's Sons	United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.	1,000.00
E. B. Setzler	Fidelity and Deposit Co.	500.00
Silver, Burdett & Co.	United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.	2,000.00
Parker P. Simmons	The Empire State Surety Co.	1,000.00
Southern Pub. Co.	Fidelity and Deposit Co.	1,500.00
W. H. Wheeler & Co.	American Surety Co.	1,500.00
World Book Co.	The National Surety Co.	1,500.00
The R. L. Bryan Co.	Fidelity and Deposit Co.	5,000.00

May 10, 1911.

The R. L. Bryan Company, Mgrs., Central Text-Book Depository, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sirs: Please furnish me on or before June 15 a full and complete statement showing:

1. The number of copies sold of each text-book adopted for the schools of the State by the State Board of Education in its contract covering the five-year period, Sept. 1, 1906, to Aug. 31, 1911.

2. The total value under existing contract of all such text-books handled by the central text-book depository, and through it by the several County text-book depositories.

3. The total amount of business done by each of the twenty-one companies represented in the present contract so far as this business relates to South Carolina.

Kindly report also on the number of text-book depositories at present operated in the State giving as correctly as possible the amount of stock on hand in each depository and the value thereof.

Please include also the amount of stock now on hand in the Central Text-Book Depository and the value of the same. This

information concerning the number of depositories, the amount and value of text-books will be of vital importance to the Board in fixing definitely the terms of the new text-book contract.

I spoke to you in person concerning this matter some six weeks ago, but now put it in writing in order that the information may be forthcoming in proper season.

Thanking you in advance, I am,

Yours respectfully,

(Signed) J. E. SWEARINGEN,
State Supt. of Education.

May 22, 1911.

Hon. J. E. Swearingen, State Supt. Education, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Replying to your letter of the 10th inst. asking for information regarding the sales of State adopted books for the past five years, we beg to hand you herewith our report and answers to your inquiries as follows:

"1. The number of copies sold of each text-book adopted for the schools of the State by the State Board of Education in its contract covering the five-year period Sept. 1, 1906, to Aug. 31, 1911."

Answer. It is impossible for us to give the exact number of each text-book sold. Our agents throughout the State will not make proper reports to us. We have a specially prepared blank for local depositories to make report to us on, but we simply can not get them to make an inventory or list showing the numbers of each text they have remaining on hand. If they would take time to make a correct list it would then be an easy matter for us to ascertain the numbers of each text that have been sold the past five years, as we know from our invoices and records the number of each text that has been bought. We could simply add the totals from each depository with stock on hand at Columbia and subtract from the totals bought from the publishers and the result would give the exact number of each text sold. But, as stated, our agents will not make out these lists. They simply give us the value of the stock they have remaining on hand.

We call your attention to Exhibit "A," which is a list of all the books bought by us from the different publishers, and

handled by us and through us by the local depositories and dealers in the State.

"2. The total value under existing contract of all such text-books handled by the central text-book depository and through it by the several county text-book depositories."

Answer. See Exhibit "A."

Total books bought from the publishers by us....	\$508,246.63
Less	
Stock on hand—Columbia.....	\$ 7,500.52
Stock local depositories.....	17,210.80
	<hr/>
	24,711.32

Value of the stock sold for five years.....\$483,535.31

"3. The total amount of business done by each of the twenty-one companies represented in the present contract so far as this business relates to South Carolina."

Answer. See Exhibit "A," which shows the amount of business done by each publisher. The University Publishing Company sold out in 1906 to D. C. Heath and Company. We credit Bain's First Latin and Gildersleeve-Lodge Latin Grammar to Heath and Company, making twenty companies represented in our statement.

"Kindly report also on the number of text-book depositories at present operated in the State, giving as correctly as possible the amount of stock on hand in each depository and the value thereof."

Answer. See Exhibit "B."

This, however, is not a complete list of all the county depositories, nor is it a fair showing as to the amount of stock they usually carry. The amount of stock now on hand throughout the State is only \$17,210.80, whereas, during the school months, say September 1 to January 31, we carry from \$50,000 to \$60,000 worth of books at local depositories. Inasmuch as this is the end of the present adoption, as well as the closing of the schools, we have been making every effort to reduce the stock as much as possible in order to have very little left on hand. For instance, our Mr. DuPre at Spartanburg carries during the busy season from four to five thousand dollars' worth of stock, while at this time he has only about \$400.00 worth of stock on hand.

The same explanation applies to the depositories at Newberry, Abbeville, Charleston, and in fact all the larger towns. Again, many of our agents have recently returned all of their stocks to us as their local schools have closed down for the summer months.

"Please include also the amount of stock now on hand in the Central Text-Book Depository and the value of the same."

Answer. See last page of Exhibit "B."

Yours very truly,

(Signed) THE R. L. BRYAN CO.

SALES BY THE CENTRAL TEXT-BOOK DEPOSITORY 1906-1911.
EXHIBIT "A."

AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY.

2,825 Progressive Speller, Part I, Board	\$0.12	\$ 839.00
122,194 Progressive Speller, Part I, Cloth .. . . .	.13	15,885.22
1,225 Progressive Speller, Part II, Board .. . . .	.12	147.00
65,761 Progressive Speller, Part II, Cloth .. . . .	.13	8,548.93
2,400 Progressive Speller, Complete, Board .. . . .	.16	384.00
24,074 Progressive Speller, Complete, Cloth .. . . .	.18	4,332.58
2,845 Redway & Hinman's Primary Geography, Board .. . . .	.30	853.50
60,627 Redway & Hinman's Primary Geography, Cloth .. . . .	.33	20,006.91
3,028 Harper & Tolman's Caesar .. . . .	.83	2,513.24
4,162 Webster's Primary Dictionary .. . . .	.44	1,831.28
3,485 Webster's Common School Dictionary .. . . .	.65	2,265.25
2,293 Webster's High School Dictionary .. . . .	.90	2,063.70
4,767 Milne's Progressive Arithmetic, 3d Book .. . . .	.41	1,954.47
1,133 Pearson's Latin Prose Composition .. . . .	.90	1,019.70
467 Gleason's A Term of Ovid .. . . .	.67	312.89
		<hr/>
		\$ 62,457.67

D. APPLETON AND COMPANY.

26,645 Krohn's First Book in Hygiene	\$0.30	\$ 7,993.50
24,635 Krohn's Graded Lessons in Physiology and Hygiene .. . . .	.50	12,317.50
		<hr/>
		\$ 20,311.00

O. P. BARNES.

10,704 Outlook Copy Book Nos. 1-7 at 60c doz.	....
Pupils' Practice Books, A. B. C. D., at 60c doz.	} ...	\$ 6,422.40
Copy Slips at 60c doz.		
		<hr/>
		\$ 6,422.40

(Note)—Very few Pupils' Practice Books and Copy Slips were sold, not more than a few dozen of each.

CULTIVATOR PUBLISHING COMPANY.

3,021 Agriculture for Common Schools	\$0.55	\$ 1,661.55
		<hr/>
		\$ 1,661.55

The price the first season was 65c, but very few copies were sold, and this text has been figured at the late price of 55c.

EDUCATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY.**Augsburg Drawing Tablets.**

88,840 Standard Course, Nos. 1-12	}	.15	\$ 18,051.00
Shorter Course, Nos. 1-8			
150 Teachers' Manuals		.60	90.00
			\$ 18,141.00

It was not possible to ascertain the exact numbers of each course sold, so the two have been combined, but probably more of the Shorter Course have been sold.

GINN & COMPANY.

7,865 Wentworth's Elementary Arithmetic, Board	\$0.20	\$ 1,478.00
86,964 Wentworth's Elementary Arithmetic, Cloth	.22	19,182.08
4,175 Wentworth's Practical Arithmetic, Board	.86	1,508.00
33,294 Wentworth's Practical Arithmetic, Cloth	.40	13,817.60
3,865 Frye's Higher Geography, Board	.80	3,092.00
29,654 Frye's Higher Geography, Cloth	.88	26,095.52
8,723 Wentworth's New School Algebra	1.00	8,723.00
7,361 Myers' New General History	1.85	9,987.85
		\$ 83,278.55

J. B. LIPPINCOTT COMPANY.

9,750 Lippincott's Elementary Algebra	\$0.50	\$ 4,875.00
		\$ 4,875.00

CHAS. E. MERRILL COMPANY.

7,570 Graded Literature Readers, First, Board	\$0.15	\$ 1,135.50
124,680 Graded Literature Readers, First, Cloth	.20	24,936.00
5,619 Graded Literature Readers, Second, Board	.25	1,404.75
74,221 Graded Literature Readers, Second, Cloth	.28	20,781.88
2,546 Graded Literature Readers, Third, Board	.30	763.80
57,255 Graded Literature Readers, Third, Cloth	.32	18,321.60
5,020 Maynard's Classics, Paper	.15	602.40
		\$ 67,945.93

THE MACMILLAN COMPANY.

11,678 Tarr's New Physical Geography	\$0.88	\$ 10,276.64
741 Bailey's Botany	.99	733.59
		\$ 11,010.23

NEWSON & COMPANY.

2,853 Modern English Lessons, Board	\$0.80	\$ 855.90
58,363 Modern English Lessons, Cloth	.85	20,427.05
25,947 Modern English Grammar, With Composition	.55	14,270.85
		\$ 85,553.80

RAND, McNALLY & COMPANY.

2,261 A First Book in Business Methods	\$0.60	\$ 1,356.60
		\$ 1,356.60

D. C. HEATH & COMPANY.

20,545 Benson & Glenn's Speller and Definer	\$0.25	\$ 5,136.25
29,935 Thompson's United States History	.70	20,954.50
20,220 Dozen Vertical Copy Books	.60	12,132.00
2,650 Wells' Essentials of Plane Geometry	.75	1,987.50
995 Wells' Essentials of Plane and Solid Geometry	1.25	1,243.75
2,084 Fisher & Patterson's Physics	.60	1,220.40
13,440 Bain's First Latin Book	.70	9,408.00
2,274 Gildersleeve-Lodge Latin Grammar	.75	1,705.50
		\$ 53,787.90

Bain's Latin and Gildersleeve-Lodge Latin Grammar were handled by University Publishing Company the first season and bought by Heath & Company. For convenience, these texts have been credited to Heath & Company. Thompson's History was 75c and was reduced to 70c, but this text has been figured at 70c throughout the five years.

HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN COMPANY.

1,881 Tappan's England's and America's Literature	\$1.00	\$	1,881.00
5,641 Literary Masterpieces .. . . .	.65		3,666.65
6,782 Riverside Literature Series (Classics), Paper .. . . .	.15		1,017.80
1,000 Riverside Song Books No. I. . . . .	.86		860.00
900 Riverside Song Book No. II. . . . .	.86		324.00
			<hr/>
		\$	7,198.95

B. F. JOHNSON PUBLISHING COMPANY.

62,057 Johnson's Primer, Paper	\$0.08	\$	4,964.56
72,625 Johnson's Primer, Board .. . . .	.12		8,715.00
8,824 Johnson's Fourth Reader, Board .. . . .	.82		1,068.68
29,609 Johnson's Fourth Reader, Cloth .. . . .	.86		10,659.24
1,780 Johnson's Fifth Reader, Board .. . . .	.82		569.60
15,125 Johnson's Fifth Reader, Cloth .. . . .	.86		5,445.00
8,225 Lee's New Primary History of United States, Board .. .	.40		1,290.00
30,348 Lee's New Primary History of United States, Cloth .. .	.45		13,656.60
			<hr/>
		\$	46,863.68

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS.

8,087 Sykes' Elementary English Composition	\$0.60	\$	4,852.20
			<hr/>
		\$	4,852.20

PARKER P. SIMMONS.

847 Punctuation Practically Illustrated	\$0.40	\$	338.80
1,474 American History Leaflets .. . . .	.09		182.66
			<hr/>
		\$	471.46

SILVER, BURDETT & COMPANY.

29,514 White's The Making of South Carolina	\$0.50	\$	14,757.00
67,456 Stepping Stones to Literature, First .. . . .	.20		13,491.20
48,968 Stepping Stones to Literature, Second .. . . .	.25		12,242.00
89,199 Stepping Stones to Literature, Third .. . . .	.30		11,759.70
20,858 Stepping Stones to Literature, Fourth .. . . .	.35		10,800.80
17,070 Stepping Stones to Literature, Fifth .. . . .	.40		6,828.00
			<hr/>
		\$	69,878.20

CHRISTOPHER SOWER COMPANY.

1,176 New Normal Mental Arithmetic, Board	\$0.25	\$	294.00
5,822 New Normal Mental Arithmetic, Cloth .. . . .	.28		1,490.16
			<hr/>
		\$	1,784.16

THE STATE COMPANY.

7,760 Dargan's South Carolina History	\$0.50	\$	3,880.00
			<hr/>
		\$	3,880.00

SOUTHERN PUBLISHING COMPANY.

8,156 Civil Government of South Carolina and the United States	\$0.75	\$	6,117.00
7,478 Civil Government of South Carolina .. . . .	.55		4,112.90
8,981 Civil Government of the United States .. . . .	.45		1,791.45
			<hr/>
		\$	12,021.35

Total Books for Five Years \$508,246.63
 (Note)—Exhibit "B" merely shows books in county depositories and is not published.

CHAPTER III.

Report of the State Supervisor of Elementary Rural Schools.

REPORT OF THE STATE SUPERVISOR OF ELEMENTARY RURAL SCHOOLS.

To the State Board of Education.

Gentlemen: June 30th, 1910, completed the first year of my work as State Supervisor of Elementary Rural Schools for South Carolina. Since the position is new, its duties somewhat indefinite, and the popular conception of its activities somewhat hazy, it might be well to indicate briefly the lines of effort which I have been pursuing.

FIELD WORK.

I have assumed that the only supervision which counts for much in any system of schools is that in which the Supervisor comes in direct personal contact with his problem and with those who must solve it. Acting on this assumption, I have spent by far the larger part of my time with the County Superintendents visiting the country schools of the State, studying their needs, exchanging counsels with the County Superintendents, assisting the teachers in their classroom work, consulting with trustees, making suggestions as to improvements in grounds and buildings, and illustrating phases of the supervision which a County Superintendent might profitably give his schools.

Early in the spring, upon the invitation of County Superintendents, I made week engagements by Counties which will use up all my time till the last of January. On these visits the County Superintendent is requested to use me where I can be of most service to him in his work. He usually arranges a visit to districts in which he is endeavoring to levy a special tax, erect a new school house, effect a consolidation, or to harmonize conflicting interests. By taking photographs of the schools and buildings which we visit, I have accumulated more than five hundred pictures illustrating school improvement in South Carolina and in other States. Some of these have been made into lantern slides and the County Superintendent usually arranges three illustrated night lectures at strategic points in the County. On Saturday, during the week of my visit, he

calls a meeting of the trustees and teachers at the county seat. At this meeting the observed conditions of the County are discussed freely and definite plans are made for progressive movements. For lack of time I am compelled to decline at least three times as many invitations as I can accept. At the conclusion of the week's visit I make a formal report to the County Superintendent on conditions in his County embodying such suggestions as may have occurred to me during the inspection of his schools. This report is usually published in the County papers.

During the summer and at intervals during the year I have also made many special visits on the invitation of trustees or the request of the State Superintendent. I have endeavored to inspect as many of the buildings which have received State aid as the limited time at my disposal would permit. In the field work I have traveled in South Carolina during the past year 20,000 miles by rail and 2,000 miles by buggy.

I cannot leave this subject without expressing my sincere appreciation of the kindness with which my visits have been received by the County Superintendents and the courteous hospitality which has been bestowed by the trustees and people whose schools I have visited. I regret exceedingly that I have as yet been unable to visit at all some Counties in the State.

OFFICE WORK.

During the year ending July 30th the postage account of my office was \$83.22. More than 4,000 pieces of stamped mail were sent out during that period, and the office correspondence is increasing daily. This correspondence includes letters to the County Superintendents and the press of the State, communications with teachers and trustees asking advice as to school work, business relating to school building plans referred to my office by the State Superintendent of Education in accordance with the resolution of the State Board, and numerous letters of miscellaneous character. Through the kindness of the University of South Carolina 8,000 copies of my last report entitled "A Statement of the Rural School Problem in South Carolina," were printed as a University Bulletin, addressed at my office and mailed by the University to the school trustees and teachers of the State. During the year we have mailed out to the County

Superintendents and teachers 10,000 Government Bulletins under the frank of our United States Senators. Another 10,000 bulletins have been mailed by the Department of Agriculture to lists of trustees and teachers furnished by my office. The office work requires a competent stenographer. Up to this time the expenses for clerical help have been paid from a surplus of the Peabody appropriation resulting from the fact that the appropriation was made beginning with January 1st, and the supervisor did not begin work until June 15th. This surplus has now been exhausted and some other provision must be made, if the work is to continue unimpaired.

TEACHERS' MANUAL FOR ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

During the year a Teachers' Manual for the Elementary Schools of South Carolina, a pamphlet of 154 pages, has been prepared at the request of the State Superintendent and State Board of Education. It is hoped that this Manual may be of some service in unifying the elementary school work of the State.

RURAL SCHOOL SUPERVISORS.

During the year it has been my privilege to co-operate with Miss Leila A. Russell of Winthrop College in the experimental work in school supervision which has been established in connection with the College by the Peabody Board of Trust. Miss Russell's work has been so efficient that many other Counties in the State are eager for a similar experiment. Extracts from Miss Russell's report are appended hereto and made a part of this report. In response to the earnest solicitation of County Superintendent Howell of Dorchester County, I placed the desirability of extending the County supervision before Dr. Wickliffe Rose, General Agent of the Peabody Board, and secured from him \$250.00 for the purpose, conditioned on the raising of the remainder of the salary and traveling expenses in Dorchester County. The condition was promptly met and Miss Caroline L. Dickinson has been installed as assistant to County Superintendent Howell in the supervision of the rural schools of his County.

EXPERIMENTAL RURAL SCHOOL.

Through the generosity of the Peabody Board of Trust and the kind interest of Dr. A. P. Bourland, Field Agent, a small appropriation was granted to establish at Winthrop College an experimental school to investigate the rural course of study and to devise a course based on rural activities. We were fortunate in securing Mrs. Hetty S. Brown, a graduate of Winthrop College and a former teacher in the Spartanburg city schools, to have charge of this experiment. The success of Mrs. Brown's work has exceeded our brightest hopes. The experiment has not yet been concluded, but in the near future it is hoped that a bulletin may be issued giving an accurate account of the experiment, and the results obtained, and containing helpful suggestions to country teachers who may wish to relate their school vitally with the activities of the rural community.

TEACHING.

As Professor of Elementary Education in the University of South Carolina, I am giving on Mondays a course in the School of Education entitled "Administration and Supervision of Rural Schools." This course is intended for young men who are preparing for rural school supervision, either as County Superintendents or as principals of rural schools. Most of last year's class have already accepted rural school principalships.

As Professor of Elementary Education of Winthrop College, I offer each year to the senior class a three-weeks' course of lectures on "Rural School Problems in South Carolina." This course is given in partnership with Miss Leila A. Russell, the County Rural School Supervisor of York County. The object of this lecture course is to present the rural schools to the young women of the State as a field of service, and to give them a first hand acquaintance with actual conditions.

At the session of the Winthrop Summer School I gave two courses entitled "Problems of the Rural School" and "Special Methods and Devices for Rural Teachers." In these classes eighty-five country teachers were enrolled.

During the year it has been my privilege, on the invitation of the college presidents, to speak to the student body of several colleges. These include Wofford, Furman, College for Women, Columbia College, and Limestone College. As opportunity offers

I hope to visit all the colleges of the State in the interest of the rural school work.

Allow me to present for your consideration a few Rural School Problems which demand attention.

SUGGESTED SOLUTIONS FOR SOME RURAL SCHOOL PROBLEMS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

FINANCIAL PROBLEMS.

I. *County Disparities in School Revenues.*

A study of summary 5, page —, of the State Superintendent's Report will convince the most skeptical that there are serious defects in our methods of school support. The County range from \$34.72 per capita to \$5.78 per capita for white children is entirely too wide to warrant our calling our public schools a State system. Because of natural economic processes the visible wealth of the State is concentrated in certain centers. The whole State has contributed, and is daily contributing to the maintenance of these favored centers. Let us compare Richland and Horry Counties. By virtue of its position, natural advantages, and the location of the State Capital in its borders, railroads, cotton mills and other manufacturing, commercial and financial enterprises have been concentrated in Richland County. The constitutional 3-mill tax imposed on this aggregated wealth, and the County dispensary patronized by the people of many other sections, without special taxation except in two districts, gives a per capita of \$29.90 to the white children of that County. Because of its position Horry County necessarily has little railroad mileage and few manufacturing enterprises. The per capita for children in Horry County in which 54 districts levy special taxes is only \$5.78.

This disparity arises from the fact that the constitutional 3-mill tax is purely a County tax. It is levied on all the property of the County and distributed among the school districts of the County on the basis of the combined white and negro enrollment. Since the whole State has had a part in the production of the visible wealth concentrated in favored centers, all this wealth should contribute its quota to the education of the children in all the Counties. This is done in most States by the levy of a State School tax. If we continue to attempt the equalization by direct State appropriations, these appropria-

tions for rural schools should be largely increased and more effective methods of distribution devised.

When rightly understood the true welfare of the city may be conserved only by making the rural sections prosperous and contented. Poor country schools is the most potent cause of the country exodus in South Carolina.

The appended table showing the cityward movement of the white country pupil during the past five years may be interesting in this connection:

TABLE 1.—COMPARATIVE ENROLLMENT IN TOWN AND COUNTRY SCHOOLS IN 1906-1911.

County.	White.				Negro.			
	Town.		Country.		Town.		Country.	
	1906.	1911.	1906.	1911.	1906.	1911.	1906.	1911.
Abbeville	1,250	1,896	1,545	1,677	1,900	1,388	4,898	4,787
Aiken	790	2,011	3,106	2,210	909	1,375	4,135	4,607
Anderson	2,782	4,479	6,483	5,678	1,597	1,532	4,417	4,943
Bamberg	610	761	825	540	615	570	2,164	2,698
Barnwell	767	1,224	2,320	1,229	1,228	1,880	3,008	3,643
Beaufort	262	383	302	265	405	532	2,982	3,777
Berkeley	288	275	1,544	1,842	554	165	3,819	3,832
Calhoun .....	.....	342	.....	600	.....	875	.....	2,234
Charleston	4,733	3,791	401	425	4,720	2,625	4,544	4,662
Cherokee	700	1,828	3,300	2,630	500	524	500	1,429
Chester	669	1,040	1,517	1,800	1,012	1,081	3,581	3,470
Chesterfield	423	977	2,489	2,632	234	225	1,480	1,342
Clarendon	501	768	1,491	1,904	643	978	4,150	4,674
Colleton	370	748	3,700	2,591	100	144	1,595	3,078
Darlington	959	1,289	2,090	1,990	833	1,610	3,266	3,222
Dillon .....	.....	1,459	.....	1,269	.....	1,124	.....	1,475
Dorchester	416	734	1,173	1,115	412	556	1,400	1,981
Edgefield	576	809	1,565	1,244	678	310	3,165	4,672
Fairfield	440	560	1,310	1,597	500	626	5,130	5,087
Florence	699	1,018	2,653	2,889	679	631	3,017	3,389
Georgetown	359	550	1,256	1,020	653	725	1,774	2,469
Greenville	1,400	2,727	8,598	8,048	1,215	1,645	3,202	2,663
Greenwood	923	1,666	1,446	1,572	1,129	1,666	4,061	5,977
Hampton	516	647	1,660	1,749	414	265	2,733	3,275
Horry	200	302	4,996	4,771	100	204	1,239	1,432
Kershaw	566	884	1,813	1,782	686	375	2,544	2,755
Lancaster	1,081	967	2,520	2,730	596	614	2,586	2,898
Laurens	1,055	1,727	2,521	2,790	735	510	4,024	4,954
Lee	407	431	1,514	1,675	420	443	2,992	2,821
Lexington	1,437	2,084	3,147	3,041	633	1,127	1,955	2,214
Marion	1,371	923	2,818	1,627	815	450	3,761	1,410
Marlboro	881	1,064	1,446	1,309	579	420	3,494	3,777
Newberry	994	1,197	1,756	1,634	938	1,201	4,156	4,235
Oconee	1,089	1,748	3,952	3,675	321	669	1,107	1,430
Orangeburg	2,005	2,672	3,297	2,575	3,236	2,048	7,546	7,215
Pickens	833	1,608	3,478	3,157	320	489	920	996
Richland	1,781	2,400	2,061	2,474	1,409	1,426	4,705	4,943
Saluda	442	482	2,304	2,163	555	636	2,340	2,439
Spartanburg	3,823	7,166	7,008	6,222	2,777	2,966	3,883	4,476
Sumter	730	912	1,404	1,385	1,001	1,817	4,623	5,960
Union	1,404	2,860	1,973	1,640	980	2,006	2,575	3,332
Williamsburg	488	1,029	2,632	2,563	118	465	4,606	5,057
York	1,536	2,153	3,075	3,045	1,514	1,557	5,867	5,795
Totals.....	42,569	63,591	104,484	97,239	38,513	42,425	132,509	151,015

As will appear from the above table, the white enrollment in town schools for 1906 was 42,569 or 28 per cent. of the total white enrollment. This increased to 63,591 in 1911, or 38 per cent. of the total white enrollment. In the country the enrollment decreased from 104,484, or 72 per cent., in 1906, to 97,239, or 62 per cent., in 1911. This, in spite of the fact that the total enrollment of the State had increased 12,777 during that period. The country schools have, therefore, lost 10 per cent., or 16,083 pupils during the five-year period. For the negro race, both town and country show a decided increase. In 1906 77 per cent. of the negro pupils were enrolled in country schools, and in 1911 77.8 per cent. The negro enrollment in country schools shows an increase of 18,506 during the five-year period. It is impossible to get the census statistics by race for country and town. The figures for school enrollment, however, indicate decidedly that the white people are leaving the country and that the negroes are gradually taking their places. My own observation tells me that the search for better school facilities is the most active motive for the country exodus. In my opinion, the welfare of the State, both city and country, demands that the white man still continue to live in the country in South Carolina. His removal to town means a decreased productivity of the soil and ultimate disaster for the town. With the advent of good roads and automobiles it frequently becomes a question with the prosperous farmer as to whether he will live in town and ride to his farm in the country, or live on the farm and ride to town. The decision will perhaps determine the occupation of his son. The school will most frequently determine this choice. The welfare of the country school becomes, therefore, the concern of the town as well as of the country, and the centers of wealth should be willing to have a larger share in the maintenance of good schools in the poorer rural Counties.

2. District Disparities Resulting from Unequal Race Distribution.

Even in the individual Counties our present method of apportionment works serious hardships. The unequal distribution of races in the districts of the County frequently gives one district more money than it can use advantageously, while another languishes for lack of proper support. To illustrate: In Richland County the per capita for each child enrolled derived from

the constitutional 3-mill tax, the dog tax, the poll tax, and the dispensary profits amounts to almost \$10.00. In the lower section of the County there is a great preponderance of negroes. In the Sand Hill section and in the cotton mill districts there is a large majority of whites.

In three school districts of the lower section, designated A, B, and C, the following condition prevails:

A	
White pupils	56
Negro pupils	597
	<hr/>
Total	653
District Revenue	\$6,500

B	
White pupils	63
Negro pupils	647
	<hr/>
Total	710
District Revenue	\$7,000

C	
White pupils	104
Negro pupils	805
	<hr/>
Total	909
District Revenue	\$9,000

It is a matter of common knowledge that the larger part of this money is spent on the white schools. The negro schools are usually taught in unceiled buildings in which one teacher has as many as 80 to 100 pupils for a short term. It will be readily seen that considerable ingenuity will be required to spend upon the white children the large balance which will remain. In three other school districts designated, D, E, and F, the following condition prevails:

D	
White pupils	225
Negro pupils	40
	<hr/>
Total	265
District revenue	\$2,600

E

White pupils	617
Negro pupils	90
	<hr/>
Total	707
District revenue	\$7,000

F

White pupils	282
Negro pupils	34
	<hr/>
Total	316
District revenue	\$3,100

It will be seen that District B with 63 white pupils has the same amount of money as District E with ten times as many. After maintaining the negro schools in both districts, the per capita for white pupils in District B will be at least six times that of District E. We must bear in mind that the bulk of this money was not raised from either district, but was derived from the railroad, the cotton mills, and the industrial and commercial enterprises located in the city of Columbia. We have simply devised an inequitable method of distribution. The constitutional tax is a County fund. In my opinion it should be divided by the County Board of Education among the schools of the County in proportion to their needs. The white children in the Sand Hill and Cotton Mill sections of the County should receive the same advantages as the white children in the lower part of the County. The negroes in one section should receive the same treatment as the negroes in the other section. A like condition exists in a greater or less degree in all parts of the State and demands immediate attention.

3. *Indefinite District Lines.*

The school fund of South Carolina loses thousands of dollars annually on account of indefinite district lines. I have as yet visited only one County Superintendent in the State who had a correct map of the County school districts. Frequently a taxpayer does not know the number of the district in which his property is located. The tax returns have a blank for township and school district, but the district blank is usually left unfilled. The Auditor's duplicate books are frequently arranged alpha-

betically by townships, which are to all practical purposes dead civil units in South Carolina. The district lines in every County in the State should be firmly established by a competent surveyor and a plat should be made and filed with the County Superintendent and the Auditor and made a part of the County records. When the Auditor's books are arranged by school districts instead of by townships, the County Superintendent and trustees can easily detect omissions, and the County Superintendent can make a copy of the poll list, and the dog returns in each district and send this to the trustees for correction. The added revenue from polls and dogs alone in one year would almost pay for the entire cost of a survey. Because of the indefiniteness of district lines and imperfections in returns, the school districts of the State also lose thousands of dollars each year in special taxes. In my opinion the Legislature should make provision at the coming session to remedy this defect.

4. Suggested Modifications of the Term Extension Act.

Perhaps the most important piece of school legislation of recent years is the Garriss Act or the "Term Extension Act." Under the influence of this law 457 school districts have voted a special tax during the last two years, and the movement is destined to continue until it embraces practically all the districts in the State. Allow me to suggest a modification of this act which, in my opinion, would increase its efficiency. Under the provisions of the present law not more than \$100 may be given to any school district, regardless of size or number of pupils enrolled. In a few Counties this proviso has operated to cause a larger school district where a consolidated school was possible to divide into two small districts with one school each so that each district might receive a \$100 appropriation. In my opinion the benefits of this law should be limited to rural communities and the amount should be conditioned on the number of teachers employed and the pupils enrolled, the aid in no case exceeding the amount raised by local taxation. Such a modification would immediately check the tendency to division and would result in the establishment of more consolidated schools. It would also check the tendency of a rural community to organize a high school for the sake of the high school appropriation when the community is not able to maintain a high school department without serious detriment to the elementary

school work. I believe also that State appropriations for rural schools would provide for the encouragement of rural districts which may desire to establish public conveyance of pupils.

5. Need for Increase in Building Appropriation.

One of the most helpful appropriations made by the last Legislature was the \$20,000 to encourage adequate school buildings. In Superintendent Swearingen's report is given a full account of the activities of this fund for the past year. This appropriation not only enables a country district to secure an adequate building, but the proviso requiring the approval of the plans by the State Board furnishes a degree of insurance against serious blunders in construction by those ignorant of the principles of school architecture. The Clemson Building Bulletin prepared for the State Department of Education by Prof. R. E. Lee, and the earlier bulletin issued by Mr. O. B. Martin, have really inaugurated a new period in the school architecture of the State. This appropriation should be increased and made adequate to the demands upon it. Provision should be made for the inspection of all buildings toward which the State makes a contribution.

The negro school buildings in the State are in most cases a serious reflection on our civilization. They are without adaptation to school work, are destitute of all proper furniture and equipment, frequently without window sash, usually unceiled, often without any kind of heating arrangements, and comfortless and unsanitary in the extreme. They are usually erected by private effort and without any sort of suggestion or direction from any competent authority. Frequently the same money spent wisely would secure a cheap but decent building. In my opinion, simple plans for very inexpensive school buildings should be prepared and distributed for the guidance of trustees in the erection of negro buildings, and the negroes should be encouraged to provide school buildings as convenient and attractive as the churches which they are erecting all over the State. I believe that comfortable and sanitary school buildings for the negroes would go far towards raising their standards of living and would awaken new wants and the consequent incentives to labor which now seem to be so sadly lacking. In my journeys over the State this fall I have seen thousands of acres of cotton unpicked. It is useless to expect labor beyond that

necessary to supply the wants of the laborer. The wants connected with the well-kept home are the most constant and the most insistent. A comfortable and attractive schoolhouse for the negro children will help set for them a better standard of living, and will secure for the landowner a more steady and more reliable tenantry.

WANTED, TRAINED TEACHERS FOR COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

The most insistent need of the country school is for the trained teacher who is willing to enter into the community life and lift the educational standards of the people. One year with such a teacher will often revolutionize the popular attitude towards the school.

Near the close of the past scholastic year I endeavored to obtain accurate facts as to the number of college graduates now teaching in the town and county schools of South Carolina. A complete list of all the teachers employed in the County was obtained from most of the County Superintendents. On this list the Superintendent was asked to indicate after the names of the college graduates the colleges from which they received their diplomas, as recorded on his certificate register. The table appended hereto includes the Counties of Abbeville, Aiken, Anderson, Barnwell, Calhoun, Charleston, Cherokee, Chesterfield, Clarendon, Colleton, Dillon, Dorchester, Georgetown, Greenville, Greenwood, Horry, Kershaw, Lancaster, Lexington, Marlboro, Newberry, Oconee, Orangeburg, Pickens, Saluda, Williamsburg. I was unable to secure definite information from the other Counties. The result was as follows:

COLLEGE GRADUATES NOW TEACHING IN 26 COUNTIES OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

	Town.	Country.	Total.
Chicora..	7	12	19
Citadel..	10	12	22
Clemson..	2	20	22
College for Women..	7	3	10
Charleston College..	5	0	5
Columbia College..	16	17	33
Converse..	8	6	14
Erskine..	9	6	15
Furman University..	14	5	19
Greenville Female College..	17	54	71
Lander..	14	27	41
Limestone..	14	19	33
Newberry..	17	35	52
Presbyterian College S. C...	3	3	6
University of South Carolina..	9	29	38
Winthrop..	114	71	185
Wofford..	21	25	46
Woman's College, Due West....	14	28	42
Colleges in other States..	52	29	81
	353	401	754

In the Counties named there are 2,616 white teachers employed. 28 per cent. have received college training and most of these are teaching in the town and city schools, and in the consolidated country schools. Few are employed in the one-room country schools. Of the colleges named, only two or three offer an adequate course of professional training.

1. *College Training Courses:* Colleges which furnish teachers should offer pedagogical courses. Even college graduates who have not thought seriously of the problems involved in elementary education enter the schoolroom wofully awkward in their methods of procedure and run the entire circle of traditional errors in teaching and management before getting their bearings. Usually they become disgusted with teaching and leave the profession before experience brings a measure of skill. For the years immediately preceding their first attempt at

teaching, their scholastic interests have been confined to the college subjects and they frequently exhibit an unfortunate tendency to attempt to teach immature boys and girls the last things they learned at college. With mistaken zeal they give more time to algebra and Latin than to primary reading and other subjects absolutely necessary before their students can study profitably the higher branches which they are ambitious to present. Their unpreparedness, and the consequent failure and disgust, rob the teaching profession of many a promising candidate whom a little special preparation would have made a permanent acquisition. I am glad to report that many of our denominational colleges which furnish a large share of the college graduates in the country schools are introducing teacher training courses for such of their students as expect to enter the schoolroom. These short courses should be decidedly practical and immediately usable. Merely to present attenuated theories of education will not serve the purpose. The teacher gets married or enters some other business before seeing the relation between abstract principles and the conditions which are found in the rural school. In my opinion the point of view from which the question should be approached in the short training course may be stated somewhat as follows: If you should accept a position next fall in a country school, to be taught in a typical schoolhouse, and should be confronted on October 1st by thirty-five ungraded school children, exactly what would you do and why? If either must be neglected, it is vastly easier and more interesting to proceed from practice to principle than from principle to practice. College students who are preparing for teaching should have the opportunity to observe good primary work and should have some practice teaching.

To eliminate by adequate preparation the probabilities of failure and to disclose the opportunity for service which the teaching profession offers, will do more to secure permanent recruits than any system of conscription which may be devised. I am unalterably opposed to training a man for military life, for agriculture, engineering, or the ministry and then compelling him to teach two years to pay for his scholarship. The teaching profession needs volunteers, not conscripts.

2. *The Winthrop Summer School*: The Winthrop Summer School should be a potent factor in training elementary teachers.

Its work last summer is already bearing fruit in two hundred country schools. It should be adequately supported and made permanent. In my opinion the summer quarter should attack vigorously the specific problems of rural education and should specialize in elementary work.

3. *Short Training Courses:* Allow me to repeat and emphasize a suggestion made last year—that provision be made for a short course at Winthrop designed especially for elementary teachers of experience who wish to improve themselves and their work. If our scholarship system be justified by the assumption that it prepares teachers, it would be much wiser to spend part of the scholarship appropriation in the training of people who have already taught and who know that they wish to continue teaching than to spend the whole for the education of young girls who through lack of experience do not know their own abilities and tastes. A little figuring with the amount spent for scholarships in South Carolina in comparison with the results obtained will easily convince one that the education of a teacher under our present system is a very expensive process.

4. *High School Training Courses:* After all is said and done, however, the fact remains that we can never expect many of our country schools to be taught by teachers who have received college or normal school training. Winthrop College is perhaps the largest and best normal school in the South. Her graduates are well trained, earnest, and enthusiastic, and rarely do we find a failure among them. After twenty-five years of good work, however, there are fewer than 350 Winthrop graduates now teaching in South Carolina. This is less than half the present student body. The explanation is easy. The average Winthrop graduate marries before she has spent as much time in the school as she spent in the college walls. Her training course is by no means wasted, but this fact does not simplify the problem of those who are endeavoring to find trained teachers for the country schools of the State. The same is true of the graduates of other colleges. In response to a question, "What part of your students teach after graduation," recently addressed to the colleges of the State, the president of a prominent college for girls gave this answer: "About fifty per cent. until they find a husband." Filling up the teaching profession

is like pouring water into a sieve—it is an everlasting makeshift. With the men it is little better. The remuneration is so small that very few men can afford to remain in the profession after reaching adult efficiency and responsibility. Most of our country teachers are at best high school graduates, and we must meet the condition which actually presents itself. If they are to have any special preparation for teaching, it must be given in connection with the high school. *In my opinion the situation imperatively demands a short training course for rural teachers in connection with selected four-year high schools of the State.* In proportion to the expenditure, this would give the largest immediate returns for the country schools.

The practical training course for elementary teachers offered in high schools is no new idea. The need for it exists in many other States and many have already made provision to meet the need. Among the States which have provided for such courses are Arkansas, Florida, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Tennessee, Virginia, and Wisconsin.

THE HIGH SCHOOL TEACHING COURSE IN KANSAS.

One of the first States to make extensive use of the high school in the training of rural teachers was Kansas. Returning my questionnaire, State Superintendent Fairchild of that State writes as follows:

“Topeka, Kansas, Nov. 28, 1911.

Prof. W. K. Tate, State Supervisor of Rural Schools, Columbia, S. C.

My Dear Mr. Tate: I take pleasure in enclosing herewith the answers to your questionnaire relative to the normal training course in Kansas high schools. I am also sending you under separate cover a copy of our normal training high school manual. In this you will find the text of the law, the rules and regulations that have been established by the State Board of Education in conformity therewith, and the outlines in the distinctly normal training subjects.

Your experience that it is impossible to retain college or normal school graduates in the country schools is also the experience not only of Kansas but of the entire United States. The New York school report for 1908 shows, for instance, that that

commonwealth with her ten normal schools had but twenty normal school graduates in her rural schools. And some investigation made by this department prior to the enactment of our own normal training act shows this condition to be general. In fact, this situation, together with the realization of the inadequate preparation of our rural teachers, led to the enactment of our present law. That this law has more than justified expectations is shown by the following figures:

For the school year 1908-1909 there were 110 high schools and academies officially recognized for the normal training work. In these schools there were 723 seniors and post-graduates, or 26 per cent. of the entire number of high school graduates in the State, who completed the normal training course and wrote upon the examination: 615 of these were successful and have practically all been teaching in our rural schools since. For the year 1909-10 125 high schools and academies, representing 80 of our 105 Counties, met the requirements and were approved by the State Board of Education. In these schools 946 students, or 37 per cent. of all the high school graduates of the State, completed the work and took the examination. Of these 704 passed and are now also for the most part teaching. For the current school year 160 schools have been approved by the State Board and in these more than 1,200 seniors and post-graduates are pursuing the teachers' training work. Moreover, the movement proved so popular throughout the State and appealed so strongly to the judgment of the legislature last winter that by unanimous vote the first appropriation of \$50,000 per year was increased by one-third for the present biennium.

I cannot too strongly commend the movement as one that will utilize existing school plants for the accomplishment of a much-to-be-desired, indeed, an absolutely necessary end—the better preparation of rural school teachers.

Very truly yours,

E. T. FAIRCHILD,
State Supt. Pub. Instruction."

I recently saw such a training department in operation in Minnesota in connection with a rural high school. A trained, experienced, normal school graduate was in charge of the department. Sixteen young women, seniors and post-graduates, were preparing for work in the rural schools of the County.

The training course included practical pedagogy and school management and a review of elementary subjects with special reference to methods of teaching them. Each student in training had every day an hour's work in observation or practice teaching in the elementary grades of the school or with small sections from the lower classes taken to some vacant room, or even assigned to a stair-landing or other unoccupied space in the buildings. The lessons presented by the practice students were prepared after an observation of the regular work of the class teacher in the grade room and after free consultation with the critic teacher. The work of the students which I observed was excellent and there was no loss to the pupils taught by them. At intervals these young women visited country schools in the neighborhood, observed the work under normal country conditions, and even assisted the regular country teacher in her recitations. After graduation these students are given certificates good for two years and most of them go immediately into the rural schools of the County and make good teachers from the beginning. They enter on their work with little of the floundering which characterizes the ordinary inexperienced teacher.

The average teaching life of a South Carolina teacher is four years. We cannot afford to let her spend even one year of this time in painful groping or hopeless inefficiency. It may be urged that a teacher should complete a college course before taking up professional work. This may be true, but we must remember that we are dealing with conditions and not with theories. As long as our country schools are taught by people who have had only a high school training or less, it is nonsense to argue that preparation should be delayed till the completion of a college course. If our country boys and girls are to have satisfactory educational opportunities, something must be done. At present, because of lack of preparation, most of our country boys and girls are debarred from college scholarships, and consequently many who because of their country experience would make good rural teachers have no opportunity for preparation. A girl reared in the city cannot enter into full sympathy with country conditions and is naturally not inclined to submit to the inconveniences which fall to the lot of the country teacher. The result tends to perpetuate and accentuate differences which are already too great. The high school training course will give a measure of relief. Not many of these schools should be estab-

lished at first and the number should always be limited to one in each County. \$5,000 appropriated by the Legislature to be applied to the salary of training teachers in ten such schools would immediately demonstrate the value of the experiment. The normal graduates of the University and Winthrop College would find these positions an attractive field of service and the work of these State institutions would be thereby multiplied many times.

The figures exhibited above show that 29 of the 38 University of South Carolina graduates teaching last year in 26 counties have chosen the rural school as a field of service. This is 76 per cent. of the whole number. If this ratio hold for the 43 counties, there are about 60 of these men in the country schools of the State. These are doing excellent work, and in most cases are true community builders. When we consider the short time which has elapsed since the establishment of the School of Education, this record is a very commendable one. How much more effective their work would be if instead of merely teaching the individual school some of them could bring correct methods of teaching to 50 country teachers through the High School Training Course.

5. *Training by Supervision:* I wish once more to emphasize the value of proper supervision in the training of teachers. The City Superintendent usually finds a new recruit in his school awkward and inefficient. He must continually assist her in the management of her class and in the improvement of her methods. She progresses rapidly under the right kind of supervision. The country teacher has almost none of this assistance. The sole supervising officer is the County Superintendent, employed at a salary which assumes that he is to devote only a portion of his time to this work and responsible for a territory which makes it impossible for him to visit the schools more than once a year. There are Counties in South Carolina in which the salary of the County Superintendent with three hundred teachers in his charge is less than one-half the salary of the City Superintendent in the county seat with one-tenth the number of teachers. This is not giving the country children a square deal, and no one who would continue the condition is a true friend of the country school. In my opinion no County can afford a County Superintendent who can be secured for less

than \$1,200 a year, and the County should demand all his time for the schools. In many Counties even this is not sufficient for the proper supervision of the schools and the training of the new teachers. The work of Miss Leila A. Russell, as Supervising Teacher for Rural Schools in York County, has demonstrated the value of a competent person who will spend all her time in the field helping the teachers and organizing the School Improvement work. During the year I have visited many schools in which three hours of demonstration work and practical suggestions would double the efficiency of an earnest but inexperienced teacher. The Peabody Board has placed a limited sum at the call of the State Department of Education for the stimulation of this work, and as long as it lasts, \$250 may be given to any County which will in some way secure the rest of the salary and traveling expenses of a competent supervising teacher.

The legislative policy of stimulating self-help by State appropriations, as exemplified by the High School Act, the Term Extension Act, the School Building Act, and the Library Act, is eminently wise. An appropriation of \$5,000 from which \$250 might be given to Counties raising the remainder of the salary of the supervisor, will place an officer in twenty Counties. Such an appropriation would contribute immensely to the efficiency of the country schools.

RELATION TO SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.

The State School Improvement Association has done a great work for the country schools of the State, but even its most enthusiastic officers and earnest friends realize that radical changes in its organization and methods of work are necessary. At present its sole source of dependable income is \$3,000 set aside by the State Board of Education from the Library Fund and awarded annually as prizes for school improvement. The award of prizes in the State at large on written statements of school improvement is necessarily attended by errors in judgment which vitiate the value of the prizes. The officers of the Association now recognize that the County and not the State should be the unit of distribution and effort. The County Supervisor giving all her time to the schools and visiting every section of the County could stimulate the organization of the local Association of parents and friends of the school, and could give

a County Committee of Award accurate information as to facts. At present the State and County organizations are both without funds with which to prosecute their valuable work. Provision for a Supervising Teacher for Rural Schools will solve this problem also.

6. *A State Board of Examiners:* A State Board of Examiners to pass upon the scholastic qualifications of teachers and to award State certificates valid in every County in the State would go far towards securing trained teachers for the country schools. As has been pointed out repeatedly in the messages of the State Superintendent and in the resolutions of County Superintendents, there are now forty-three standards on which teachers' certificates are issued in South Carolina. In the resulting confusion, certificates have been given to many people who are not qualified to teach. These fill up the ranks, degrade the salary, and drive the competent teachers into the city schools or out of the teaching profession. The fine effects of a single standard, even when set by a County Board of Education, is evident in the schools of Anderson County. The County Board of this County has for years declined to recognize any other than college diplomas and Anderson County certificates. This policy has given the County a large percentage of college graduates, and has raised the compensation of the teachers of the schools far above the average. It is of course not intended under the proposed system that teachers' examinations should be held in Columbia only. They would be held in the county seats as at present by the County Superintendent. The papers would be transmitted to the State Board of Examiners together with the certificate of the County Board as to the character and the experience of the applicant. On this statement and the grades obtained in the examination, as determined by the State Examiners, a certificate would be issued which would be valid in every County. The State Board of Examiners would keep a roster of all qualified teachers and a copy of the list would be sent to every County Superintendent. This roster would make it much easier for the County Superintendents to recommend good teachers to boards of trustees and would enable teachers more easily to obtain positions.

III. CONSOLIDATION OF SCHOOLS.

TABLE 2.—CLASSIFICATION OF SCHOOLS AS TO TEACHING FORCE—WHITE.

County.	Employing 1 Teacher.	Employing 2 Teachers.	Employing 3 Teachers.	Employing More Than 3 Teachers.
Abbeville	55	4	3	5
Aiken	67	12	.....	7
Anderson	59	17	4	15
Bamberg	22	1	1	5
Barnwell	61	6	2	5
Beaufort	21	2	2	2
Berkeley	44	3	2	.....
Calhoun	12	6	1	2
Charleston	17	4	.....	7
Cherokee	48	4	2	3
Chester	50	1	2	2
Chesterfield	42	12	.....	3
Clarendon	34	9	2	3
Colleton	91	4	2	2
Darlington	17	18	2	6
Dillon	15	8	2	3
Dorchester	37	3	1	2
Edgefield	48	3	1	2
Fairfield	43	4	1	2
Florence	36	16	2	4
Georgetown	40	.....	.....	3
Greenville	53	44	23	11
Greenwood	43	5	3	3
Hampton	60	2	2	3
Horry	94	12	1	1
Kershaw	41	9	1	1
Lancaster	46	6	.....	3
Laurens	43	18	5	6
Lee	36	4	.....	2
Lexington	76	4	1	5
Marion	21	13	.....	2
Marlboro	25	10	2	3
Newberry	54	3	1	4
Oconee	67	8	2	6
Orangeburg	62	13	4	3
Pickens	45	11	.....	6
Richland	24	7	1	17
Saluda	30	9	2	2
Spartanburg	84	37	8	16
Sumter	46	7	3	1
Union	47	7	2	3
Williamsburg	70	9	3	6
York	69	12	4	4
	1,985	392	100	195

TABLE 3.—TENURE OF POSITION IN THE RURAL SCHOOLS OF SOUTH CAROLINA.
A FEW COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS HAVE INCLUDED CITY
TEACHERS ON THE LIST.

County.	1st Year Pre- sent Position.	2nd Year Position.	3d Year Position.	More Than 3 Years in Position.
Abbeville	66	22	3	5
Aiken	69	20	11	1
Anderson	84	33	1	1
Barnwell	58	29	8	6
Beaufort	16	6	5	3
Calhoun	23	8	3	3
Charleston	18	6	3	3
Cherokee	87	18	2	5
Chesterfield	36	25	1	1
Clarendon	45	12	7	7
Dillon	23	13	6	3
Dorchester	34	16	3	5
Edgefield	38	14	3	2
Georgetown	31	7	8	9
Greenville	76	31	15	9
Greenwood	56	35	.....	.....
Kershaw	41	7	7	1
Lancaster	36	27	7	3
Lee	36	20	8	2
Marlboro	31	8	2	.....
Newberry	54	14	10	13
Orangeburg	97	28	11	9
Pickens	39	15	4	5
Richland	39	23	14	8
Saluda	32	13	2	.....
Spartanburg	105	52	.....	.....
Williamsburg	60	16	3	2
Total	1,270	513	142	98

The statistics in table 3 include twenty-seven of the forty-three Counties. The ratio will in all probability remain true for the whole State. Sixty-three per cent. of these teachers, including in some instances the town teachers of the County, were teaching for the first term in the position they held; 25 per cent. were teaching for the second term; 7 per cent. for the third term; and only 5 per cent. had taught more than three terms. In the one-room country schools of the State there are at least 75 per cent. of annual changes.

A brief glance at the preceding tables is sufficient argument that consolidation of schools should be stimulated in South Carolina whenever this is possible. A one-teacher school may be a good school; it frequently is. A good teacher may do effective work in such a school and its pupils will frequently hold their own with the pupils of a graded school system. The fact remains, however, that it is steadily becoming more difficult to obtain the best teachers in the one-teacher schools. To face deliberately forty recitations per day, ranging from the primer to algebra, requires more physical strength and self-sacrifice than most people are able to command. The individual class recitation period is so short that the teacher is conscious of her inability to do her best work and is usually driven to a new field after the first year. Without knowing the reason, the people of the

community feel that the school is unsatisfactory, they are prone to lay the blame on the teacher and sometimes demand a change. The table showing the tenure of position in South Carolina last year speaks eloquently on this subject. The most frequent changes are in the one-teacher schools. In the schools taught by one teacher there are not enough pupils in any grade to furnish the social incentive and the emulation necessary to the best school work. Whenever possible schools should be consolidated, even though the children be compelled to go farther to the new school. Experience has shown that even without transportation of pupils there is an increase of from 30 to 50 per cent. in the enrollment of the consolidated school employing two or three teachers over the combined enrollment of the schools which were discontinued. There are, of course, communities where consolidation is impossible, but there are also very many where it is entirely feasible and must be consummated in order to give the people the best school facilities. I feel that the Legislature might very profitably make an appropriation to stimulate consolidation of schools. Many rural communities are now endeavoring to establish high schools when the true need is a good three-teacher elementary school. In the State 37 consolidations have been consummated during the year.

IV. PUBLIC CONVEYANCE OF PUPILS.

TABLE 4.—SCHOOLS EMPLOYING PUBLIC CONVEYANCE OF CHILDREN IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

County.	Number Dis- tricts Using Public Con- veyance.	Number Wagons.	Children Conveyed.
Aiken	1	1	20
Barnwell	1	1	8
Beaufort	1	1	10
Clarendon	1	3	30
Darlington	1	1	8
Fairfield	2	2	16
Georgetown	1	1	25
Kershaw	1	1	10
Orangeburg	2	2	16
Richland	2	7	148
Sumter	1	1	10
Union	1	1	10
	15	23	311

As yet South Carolina has not kept pace with her sister States in the South in the public conveyance of school children to consolidated schools. The above table gives the present status of public conveyance in South Carolina. There are many small, inefficient, country schools in South Carolina which could be discontinued and the pupils conveyed to a good school within driving distance at less expense than it now costs to maintain the weak school. Many States give the County Board of Education the power to discontinue a school with less than twelve pupils and to transport the children at public expense to a convenient neighboring school. In my opinion this power might very profitably be conferred on the County Board in South Carolina.

V. A PLEA FOR STABILITY AND DEMOCRACY IN RURAL SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION.

In the heading I have used the term *Rural School Administration* advisedly. Our other State educational activities have already been given a large measure of stability and democracy. The institutions of higher learning in their charters have insured their stability by providing for continuing boards of trustees elected by the Legislature. The continuity of the board affords an opportunity to define and execute a consistent progressive policy.

The city schools of the State have through special legislation eliminated themselves largely from the operations of the general school law. They have secured special privileges in the election of their school boards, in the selection of text-books, and in the choice of superintendents by the Board rather than by the primary. I venture to say that were the towns and cities of the State compelled to operate their schools under the present general school law, its worst defects would be remedied at the next session of the Legislature. If, for example, the city schools of the State were compelled to change superintendents on January 1st in the middle of the school term, the law would be denounced at once as a wasteful monstrosity. Without effective protest, however, we have for years subjected our country schools to this injustice. Last January nine new County Superintendents of Education went into office in South Carolina. The retiring County Superintendent, knowing that he was to leave the

office, merely arranged his books and accounts ready to deliver the office to his successor and did not visit the schools last fall. The incoming County Superintendent was compelled at the beginning of his term to master the routine of his office and to become acquainted with his books and accounts. As a result, very few schools of these nine Counties received even one visit from the County Superintendents last year. If the term ended with the school year as is the case in the cities, the incoming Superintendent would have all summer to master the details of his office work and could begin his visiting with the opening of the schools in the fall.

Having secured by special legislation satisfactory conditions for themselves, I fear that the cities are inclined to view with complacency, or even with opposition, the efforts to improve the general school law under which the country schools must rise or fall. As an advocate of the country school, I do not ask the abolition of any special privileges necessary to the efficiency of the city school, but only that we be given equal stability and democracy. Allow me to mention some defects which, in my opinion, militate against continuity and freedom in the country schools, and to suggest remedies which might meet the conditions:

1. The State Board of Education is now appointed by the Governor all at one time to serve for four years, unless sooner removed by him. Would it not be better to make this Board a continuing body by selecting one or two members each year as is done in the case of the other boards of the State?

2. The text-books which must be used by the country schools are all subject to change every five years. Would it not be better to divide the list into three sections and to consider changes in one section only every two years, making a six-year adoption?

3. The State Superintendent of Education is now elected by the people for a term of two years. Even in the four-year period which is usually given him, it is impossible to make comprehensive plans and to execute them. The colleges insure continuity in development by committing the selection of their presidents to the Boards of Trustees. Would the people of the State be ready to abandon this policy and elect the presidents of the State colleges by primary every two years? Is there any reason why the president of the University of South Carolina,

with its 450 students, should be given a more stable tenure of office than the State Superintendent of Education, into whose hands we commit the educational policies affecting the 350,000 school children of the State? Is there any good reason why the State Superintendent should not be elected by a continuing State Board of Education as its executive officer and the expert Supervisor of the State school system? Is there any good reason why the salary of the State Superintendent of Education in South Carolina should be the lowest in the United States, much less than the principal city superintendents of the State and scarcely half that of the ordinary college president of the South?

4. The County Superintendent of Education is the most important officer in the County. He should be able to plan wisely the educational program of the County with some assurance of opportunity to execute his plans. Should we not hedge this office with some qualifications? Is the direct primary every two or four years the best way to select an expert? Should we not have the privilege of hunting our man occasionally instead of limiting ourselves in our choice to those who seek the position? Should not the County Superintendent be the executive officer of the County Board just as the City Superintendent is the executive officer of the City Board? The other States of the United States elect the County Superintendent in one of two ways—he is either selected by the County Board or is chosen by the people from candidates possessing certain qualifications fixed by law. Can South Carolina afford to be the only State without either of these restrictions? Can we afford to have the County Superintendents of Education the poorest paid officer in the County? For example, is there any good reason why the County Superintendent of Anderson County, responsible for the apportionment of more than \$100,000 annually and supervising 300 teachers scattered over the entire County, should receive just half the salary of the Superintendent of the Anderson city schools with just one-tenth the number of teachers? Is this a square deal to the country child?

5. Should the County Board of Education be subject to complete change at one time as at present? Would it not be better to have this too a continuing board, the members receiving their office more directly from the people?

6. Could we not find a better way of selecting our district trustees? At present they are all appointed at one time by the County Board of Education. In my opinion the district board should also be a continuing body, one new member being chosen each year for a term of three years. It is my observation that the selection of the district board of trustees by the County Board of Education has a tendency to divorce the schools from popular interest in the community. The trustees are responsible to the County Board and not to the people of the district. The school becomes "Mr. Smith's school," or "Mr. Brown's school," and not "our school." A meeting of the school patrons is a rare and irregular occurrence. Our law does not require an annual report to be made to the people by the trustees. As a result it is unusual to find a school patron in South Carolina who even knows the sources of the school fund, or who has any conception of the amount of money necessary to run the school or of the financial status of the district. The annual school meeting as conducted in many States has been for generations a school of democracy. In it the citizens meet and discuss freely the public business which concerns them most intimately. *South Carolina needs this school for citizenship.* In my opinion there should be an annual school meeting at the close of each school year at which the Chairman of the Board should make to the people a statement of the receipts and disbursements of the year and the condition of the school fund. He should report the amount necessary for the coming year with an estimate of the tax necessary to secure this amount. If this were done, I believe the levying of special taxes would be much less difficult in South Carolina. Without knowledge you cannot expect a lively interest. Ignorance at best produces indifference; we are lucky if it does not produce positive opposition. As a last item of business at the annual school meeting, I believe that one member of the district board of trustees should be selected for confirmation by the County Board. I am aware that there are many people who will disagree with me, urging that such a method would provoke unpleasant contentions in the school community. These differences exist at present. An autocracy when it runs smoothly is the smoothest form of government, but it is not the best training for democratic citizenship.

I believe that the powers of the district board should be limited in some respects. The selection of the teacher should be subject to confirmation by the County Superintendent, who should know that she possesses a valid certificate and is otherwise qualified to teach the school. The location of school buildings should be placed in the hands of the County Board. The powers, however, which are to be exercised by the trustees should in my opinion be exercised by representatives selected by the people themselves. In Alabama the district trustees are elected in this manner at the annual school meeting. The chairmen of the district boards meet and select the County Board of Education which is a continuing body; the County Superintendent is the executive officer of this County Board.

VI. NEGRO SCHOOLS.

During the current year the negro schools of the State enrolled 193,440 pupils. The greater part of the pupils are in the country schools of the State and these schools show an increased enrollment of negro pupils every year. The education of the negro in South Carolina is in the hands of the white race. The white trustees apportion the funds, select the teachers, and receive the reports. The County Superintendent has the supervision of these schools in his hands. We have expended this year \$349,834.60 in the support of negro schools. I never visit one of these schools without feeling that we are wasting a large part of this money and are neglecting a great opportunity. The negro schoolhouses are miserable beyond all description. They are usually without comfort, equipment, proper lighting, or sanitation. Nearly all the negroes of school age in the district are crowded into these miserable structures during the short term which the school runs. Most of the teachers are absolutely untrained and have been given certificates by the County Board not because they have passed the examination, but because it is necessary to have some kind of a negro teacher. Among the negro rural schools which I have visited, I have found only one in which the highest class knew the multiplication table. The teacher is attempting to use the books and follow the course of study provided by the State Board of Education and intended primarily for white schools. The children are studying books which have absolutely no significance for them and which will

be utterly useless in their lives. In South Carolina we have simply turned over a certain portion of the school fund to the negro schools and expect the most ignorant teachers of the State, without any suggestions or directions, to adapt to the special needs of the negro schools a course of study and text-books designed primarily for white children. The negro is now, and will be for years to come, the tenant farmer of South Carolina. His welfare and the prosperity of the white race depend largely on his efficiency as a farmer. I believe that the time has now come for us to attack the negro school problem with the serious intention of adapting the school to the special needs of the negro farmer in an endeavor to teach him agriculture, to encourage manual training, cooking, sewing, personal cleanliness, and hygienic conditions in his home, along with the elements of a common school education. The school should endeavor to set for him a better standard of living and to increase those ever-present and insistent wants which center about a well-kept home, and thus secure for him a better existence, and for the land-owner a more constant labor supply. This problem has not yet been solved, and the "well done" of the whole State awaits the County Superintendent and trustees who will attack it vigorously.

VII.—PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL POPULATION ENROLLED IN SCHOOL.

TABLE 5.

County.	White.			Negro.		
	Population.	Enrollment.	Percentage of Population in School.	Population.	Enrollment.	Percentage in School.
Abbeville	12,282	3,078	25.0	22,522	6,125	27.0
Aiken	18,997	4,221	22.7	23,852	5,982	27.2
Anderson	43,232	10,157	23.5	26,836	6,475	24.6
Bamberg	5,670	1,801	22.7	12,874	3,263	26.1
Barnwell	9,561	2,453	25.7	24,648	5,473	22.2
Beaufort	3,964	648	16.3	26,891	4,809	16.8
Berkeley	5,256	1,617	30.7	18,231	3,497	19.1
Calhoun	3,895	1,002	25.8	12,739	3,109	24.4
Charleston	32,548	4,216	12.9	56,046	7,287	12.9
Cherokee	17,669	3,958	22.3	8,510	1,953	22.9
Chester	10,284	2,340	22.7	19,141	4,551	23.7
Chesterfield	15,738	3,609	21.6	10,563	1,567	14.8
Clarendon	8,794	2,072	23.5	23,894	5,652	24.2
Colleton	13,094	3,339	25.5	22,293	3,222	14.5
Darlington	14,741	3,279	22.9	21,236	4,832	22.7
Dillon	10,999	2,723	24.8	11,616	2,599	22.4
Dorchester	6,908	1,849	26.5	10,983	2,537	23.1
Edgefield	8,165	2,053	25.1	20,116	4,962	24.7
Fairfield	7,065	2,157	30.5	22,877	5,713	25.5
Florence	15,329	3,907	25.4	20,342	4,020	19.7
Georgetown	6,158	1,570	24.1	16,112	3,194	19.8
Greenville	47,515	10,775	22.6	20,862	4,308	21.1
Greenwood	12,923	3,238	25.0	21,302	7,643	31.2
Hampton	9,006	2,396	26.6	16,120	3,540	21.9
Horry	20,325	5,073	29.8	16,670	1,636	24.5
Kershaw	10,648	2,666	25.9	16,446	3,130	19.0
Lancaster	13,524	3,697	26.5	13,126	3,507	26.7
Laurens	18,796	4,517	23.9	22,754	5,464	24.0
Lee	8,068	2,106	26.1	17,252	3,264	18.9
Lexington	20,402	5,125	25.1	11,633	3,341	28.7
Marion	9,387	2,550	27.1	11,209	1,860	16.6
Marlboro	12,259	2,373	18.4	18,930	4,197	22.2
Newberry	12,545	2,831	22.6	22,041	5,436	24.6
Oconee	20,489	5,423	21.5	6,843	2,099	30.6
Orangeburg	19,098	5,247	27.4	36,795	9,263	25.2
Pickens	19,992	4,765	23.8	15,430	1,485	27.1
Richland	25,609	4,874	19.0	29,534	6,369	21.5
Saluda	9,754	2,645	27.1	11,139	3,125	27.9
Spartanburg	57,048	13,838	23.4	26,417	7,442	28.1
Sumter	10,246	2,297	22.4	23,226	7,777	27.6
Union	14,439	4,500	31.1	15,472	5,338	34.5
Williamsburg	14,411	3,597	26.0	23,215	5,522	23.7
York	22,331	5,193	23.2	25,387	7,352	28.9
	679,162	160,830	23.7	836,233	193,440	23.1

This table contains many surprises. It will be noted that of the entire white population of South Carolina 23.7 per cent. were enrolled in school last year; of the negro population, 23.1 per cent. were enrolled. Including both races, 23.4 per cent. of the entire population were enrolled in school last year. In Alabama 20.2 per cent. of the entire population were enrolled in school; in Virginia 19.1 per cent.; in New Jersey 16.8 per cent.; and in Wisconsin 19.7 per cent. These figures are made up from reports which happen to be at hand. The Counties, too, show remarkable disparities. There are Counties in South Carolina in which almost one-third of the entire population were enrolled in school last year, according to reports made by the district trustees to the County Superintendents of Education and by them reported to the State Superintendent. I am afraid this is too good to be true. Any enrollment in South Carolina which exceeds 22 per cent. of the entire population of the County should be subjected to a very close scrutiny. The County School funds are apportioned among the districts on the basis of enrollment. Accuracy in these figures is just as important a matter as honesty in the financial accounts of the Superintendents. It is nonsense to apportion money on data which is accepted without verification and then require strict accuracy in the account of its expenditure. These matters should receive the earnest attention of the County Superintendents and the school trustees of the State. We cannot afford anything which has even the appearance of dishonesty in an institution which trains our children for citizenship. The temptation to pad the rolls and thereby secure an unfair advantage to the school district is another argument in favor of committing the distribution of the three-mill tax to the County Board of Education as suggested in a previous paragraph.

VIII.—SPECIAL TAX STATISTICS.

Districts Voting or Increasing Special Tax During the Year.

County and District.	Number of District.	Number of Mills.	Proceeds.
ABBEVILLE:			
Central	34	2	\$62.15
Hogen	35	2	77.23
AIKEN:			
Edisto	15	2½	.....
Wagener	60	2	.....
ANDERSON:			
St. Paul	4	3	.....
Union Grove	21	3	.....
Hunter	24	2	.....
Saluda	28	2	.....
Three-and-Twenty	32	3	.....
Whitefield	42	3	.....
Grove	66	3	.....
BAMBERG:			
Ehrhardt	22	5	632.76
BARNWELL:			
Rosemary	18	2	.....
Double Ponds	20	2	.....
Allendale	22	2	.....
Elko	28	3	.....
Williston	29	2½	.....
Fairfax	44	2½	.....
BEAUFORT:			
BERKELEY:			
	4	3	30.25
	6	3	349.67
	10	3	147.67
	12	3	184.76
	19	3	28.21
	21	3	83.58
	22	3	73.94
	23	3	74.16
CALHOUN:			
	3	2	94.40
	18	2	64.04
	19	2	142.10
CHARLESTON:			
CHEROKEE:			
Holly Grove	8	1	103.50
CHESTER:			
CHESTERFIELD:			
Old Store	1	3	285.03
Center Grove	46	3	.....
Pots Branch	7	4	.....
Stafford Mill	13	4	.....
Center Point	19	4	.....
Parker	26	4	.....
Snow Hill	31	4	.....
Center	51	4	.....
Green Hill	50	4	.....
Sandy Run	52	4	.....
Waxford	30	2	.....
Chesterfield	18	4	.....

VIII.—SPECIAL TAX STATISTICS.—Continued.

Districts Voting or Increasing Special Tax During the Year.

County and District.	Number of District.	Number of Mills.	Proceeds.
CLARENDON:			
Sandy Grove	17	2	\$85.00
Pine Grove	20	4	295.00
McFadden	24	8	100.00
Trinity	27	1	150.00
Sardinia	28	4	250.00
COLLETON:			
Ruffin	16	2	88.23
DARLINGTON:			
Burnt Branch	29	1½	40.00
DILLON:			
Little Pond	4	8	.....
Dillon	8	8	.....
Union	18	8	.....
Bermuda	17	2	.....
Page's Mill	14	4	.....
DORCHESTER:			
St. George	5	2	800.00
George Township	7	2	90.00
White Pond	17	8	85.00
Pregnall	20	.....	250.00
Reevesville	2	2	98.00
Stallville	16	2	220.00
EDGEFIELD:			
Red Hill	8	2½	.....
Wards	20	2	.....
Moas	22	8	.....
FAIRFIELD:			
Simpson	24	2	315.50
FLORENCE:			
Center	11	8	135.00
Mt. Zion	26	8	140.00
Cowards	39	2	150.00
Green Spring	27	8	300.00
Sardis	12	4	88.00
Cartersville	88	4	.....
Evergreen	17	8	180.00
Ebenezer	18	8	750.00
Lee	46	8	200.00
GEORGETOWN:			
GREENVILLE:			
Dry Oak	1-H	4	.....
Ebenezer	12-A	8	.....
Hopewell	8-F	8	.....
Monetta	12-B	4	.....
GREENWOOD:			
HAMPTON:			
Tuten	8	8	.....
Early Branch	4	8	.....

VIII.—SPECIAL TAX STATISTICS.—Continued.
Districts Voting or Increasing Special Tax During the Year.

County and District.	Number of District.	Number of Mills.	Proceeds.
HOBBS:			
Rehoboth	68	3	.....
Shuler Island	43	4	.....
Gurley	25	3	.....
Leon	72	3	.....
Master Shed	69	3	.....
Red Still	47	3	.....
Finkle	33	4	.....
Red Bluff	49	3	.....
Camp Swamp	66	3	.....
White Oak	21	3	.....
Carolina	97	3	.....
Bransville	51	4	.....
Hickory Grove	32	2	.....
Burrough	19	1	.....
Maple	69	1	.....
Floyds	50	4	.....
Wannamaker	17	5	.....
Spring Branch	80	4	.....
Loris	18	5	.....
KERSHAW:			
Camden	1	1	\$1,816.75
Timrod	6	4	102.50
Westville	8	2	265.80
Liberty Hill	10	3	313.45
S-C.'s	13	4	163.52
Providence	15	3	90.83
Shamrock	31	2	89.19
Hardshell	24	3	92.56
Kershaw	40	1	112.78
LANCASTER:			
Barberville	2	2	65.94
Osceola	4	2	188.12
Waxhaw	6	2	107.50
Riverside	7	3	200.61
Craigsville	8	2	107.59
Tabernacle	11	2	87.02
Pleasant Hill	31	2	82.98
Pleasant Plain	33	3	123.10
Midway	42	2	55.62
Flat Creek	43	2	60.18
LAURENS:			
Laurens	11	1	1,500.00
Hurricane	15	3	466.62
Youngs	1	3	150.00
Dials	2	3	145.12
Sullivan	2	3	75.00
LEE:			
LEXINGTON:			
Lexington	1	4	.....
Pond Branch	13	2	.....
Black Creek	26	2	.....
MARION:			
Gapway	39	3	151.60
Bay	48	3	50.69
Marion	36	3/4	731.47
MARLBORO:			
Brightsville	7	4	.....
Clio	9	6	.....
Irby	22	2	.....
Pee Dee	23	2	.....
Key	24	3	.....
White's Creek	29	2	.....
Debora	30	2	.....

VIII.—SPECIAL TAX STATISTICS.—Continued.

Districts Voting or Increasing Special Tax During the Year.

County and District.	Number of District.	Number of Mills.	Proceeds.
NEWBERRY:			
Prosperity	14	2	\$600.00
Dead Fall	9	2	100.00
Little Mountain	30	3	250.00
Dominick	41	2	100.00
Silver Street	58	2	200.00
OCONEE:			
Oakway	5	2	140.72
Retreat	8	2	76.72
Tabor	10	2	261.40
Clearmont	18	2	150.00
Richland	19	2	290.00
Coneroos	21	3	97.66
Tamassee	45	2	88.00
ORANGEBURG:			
East Goodland	4	4	140.00
Eutawville	6	3	900.00
Holly Hill	8	4	600.00
East Orange	24	2	375.00
North	34	3	650.00
South Goodland	37	1	40.00
Pine Hill	41	3	300.00
Neeses	68	3	240.00
Elloree	70	3	600.00
Bryan Academy	47	2	350.00
Goodwill	84	3	70.00
Hebron	60	3	78.00
PICKENS:			
Easley	13	2	1,163.56
Montvale	56	4	70.00
Johnston	10	1	306.00
Reunion	12	2	200.00
Farrs	16	4	160.00
Dacusville	17	3	196.00
Pickens	31	6½	966.35
RICHLAND:			
SALUDA:			
Butler	2	2	84.80
Indian Creek	11	2½	77.85
Pleasant Grove	12	2	120.48
Sardis	19	3	114.57
Trinity	20	3	73.92
Fruit Hill	23	2	77.08
Norris	29	2	86.94
Cool Spring	30	2	72.46
Good Hope	31	2	77.48
Emory	37	2	86.12
Richland	38	2	52.80
Sumter	43	2	49.46
SPARTANBURG:			
Hall	6	4	72.12
White Stone	25	2	97.11
Center Point	30	4	86.62
Campobello	49	4 to 8	1,285.75
Cairns	51	4	178.04
Peru	63	2	92.34
Mt. Olive	66	2	48.89
Rich	68	4	565.22
Chesnee	94	6	637.56
Green Pond	95	3½	196.13

VIII.—SPECIAL TAX STATISTICS.—Continued.

Districts Voting or Increasing Special Tax During the Year.

County and District.	Number. of District.	Number of Mills.	Proceeds.
SUMTER:			
Sumter	1	2	\$1,743.81
Concord	2	2	816.19
Privateer	3	2	1,024.86
Manchester	4	2	458.12
Rafting Creek	8	1	367.69
Stateburg	11	2	233.51
Shiloh	12	3	185.50
Shiloh	13	3	427.91
Shiloh	14	3	221.85
Sumter	16	2	571.48
Sumter	17	4	7,858.68
Mayesville	18	5½	1,239.10
Shiloh	20	3	59.79
UNION:			
WILLIAMSBURG:			
Turkey	8	2	100.00
Dox	42	4	150.00
Spring Bank	43	2	85.00
Buck Creek	45	4	100.00
Wee Nee	46	4	240.00
Belser's Cross Roads	47	2	60.00
Retreat	48	4	240.00
Brockington	49	2	250.00
Mulberry	50	4	100.00
Turkey Creek	51	4	100.00
Johnson Branch	52	4	100.00
YORK:			
Smyrna	44	2	.....
Santiago	41	2	.....
Friendship	45	2	.....
Oatawba Junction	46	2	.....
Ogden	14	2	.....
Ebenezer	32	2	.....
Bowling Green	22	2	.....
Miller	48	2½	.....
Yorkville	11	1	.....
McConnellsville	13	3	.....
Rock Hill	12	2	.....

During the past year 223 districts have either levied a special tax or increased a levy already in force. Of the 1901 school districts 927 now levy a special tax.

IX. SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

An inspection of the summaries of the State Superintendent showing the average daily attendance in the public schools reveals one of the principal defects in our system. On my visits to the schools all over South Carolina during the first three months of the current session I have rarely found more than 30 per cent. of the annual school enrollment in actual attendance. In many cases this failure to send the children to school

does not mean indifference to education on the part of parents, but is one of the disastrous results of our system of farming. Christmas Day will find thousands of bales of cotton still in the fields in South Carolina. We cannot reasonably expect the children to enter school as long as the family resources are yet unharvested in the fields. The gathering of the cotton crop is a long and tedious process. A corn and grain crop is easily harvested. The present low prices of cotton have thoroughly impressed upon us the disastrous economic results of a bumper cotton crop. We have not duly considered the educational importance of diversified farming. As long as cotton keeps our children out of school until the first of January it is a curse at any price. The children in other sections of the United States have been in school since the middle of September. We cannot hope to raise a generation which will compete with them under a system of farming which from its very nature keeps our children in ignorance. If the people of South Carolina will increase the corn and grain acreage and will plant a cotton crop which can be gathered by November 1st, we will have more money and will not be compelled to sacrifice our children. Let us hope that the perfection of the Cotton Picker will soon enable us to set ourselves free from the incubus of ignorance.

There are thousands of children in South Carolina to whom parental ignorance, indifference, and greed are denying even the simplest rudiments of an education. No parent has the right to condemn his children to be "hewers of wood and drawers of water" when opportunities are freely offered by the State. South Carolina should vouchsafe all her children a fair chance and a square deal in the race of life.

X. REPORT OF MISS LEILA A. RUSSELL, SUPERVISING TEACHER FOR RURAL SCHOOLS IN YORK COUNTY.

"Rock Hill, S. C., Dec. 2, 1911.

Mr. W. K. Tate, Columbia, S. C.

My Dear Mr. Tate: I respectfully submit the following report of the year's work in supervising the rural schools of York County.

In planning my work I have two general aims in view—improvement in the work of the schoolroom, and increased interest in the schools on the part of the people.

A recent bulletin from the Illinois State Normal University says: "The greatest single need for the improvement of country life at the present time is for a corps of properly trained country teachers who will go forth into our existing country schools and through vitalized teaching and tactful social leadership convert them into living centers for the instruction of both children and adults and the complete upbuilding of country community life." To help meet this need in York County I have visited sixty-four school communities, representing forty-one of the fifty school districts. Twenty-six of these schools I have visited twice and eight I have seen three times or more. Upon the occasion of a visit to a school I have discussed organization of work and classification of pupils with the teachers. I have observed them teach and taught for them. I have sometimes made outlines of work in phonics, number, and history. I have written and sent to each teacher a bulletin of suggestions for seatwork, opening exercises, oral work in language and geography. In addition to this I have sent out a number of helpful bulletins issued by the Agricultural Department at Washington. Through the courtesy of Col. E. J. Watson, our Commissioner of Agriculture, I supplied each school with a map of South Carolina.

To encourage professional study among the teachers a reading circle was organized in each township. These circles were to meet once a month and discuss not only the text book they proposed to study, but also some of the problems confronting them daily in their class rooms. I proposed to attend as many of these meetings as possible. However, this plan on the whole, was a failure. The teachers did not attend the meetings. Of the nine circles organized only two really did any work. I believe there should be monthly teachers' meetings and that trustees should require their teachers to attend. Patrons will, I think, gladly furnish the teachers with a means of transportation to and from these meetings, if asked to do so.

A County Teachers' Association was organized last January and four very successful meetings have been held. Early in the fall of 1910 I began planning for a County School Exhibition and each teacher was requested to make an exhibit of the work done by the pupils. Later the executive committee of the Teachers' Association suggested that we have the exhibition in April and that we have contests in arithmetic, spelling, recita-

tions, and athletics. This plan was adopted and the people of Rock Hill very kindly contributed \$60.00 to be used in defraying expenses and for prizes. This meeting, held April 15, was attended by at least 1,200 people in spite of the fact that the rain came down in torrents. The exhibit of handwork, maps, and exercises in English, arithmetic, and history was very creditable. This meeting helped to vitalize the work of the teacher and did much to stimulate the general public.

The publicity given the work through the four County papers has aided greatly. Numerous articles on various phases of the work have appeared in these papers.

In response to a number of letters and newspaper articles addressed to the trustees, patrons, and teachers of the County, about thirty-five or forty people from various sections assembled on June 1st at the Graded School building in Yorkville and a County School Improvement Association was organized. Through this organization several local associations have been formed. They have made no formal report, but good work is being done by some of them. Four of these associations have raised about \$500 and invested it in the schools represented.

A meeting of this County School Improvement Association and the County Trustees' Association was called for October 20, to be held at Rock Hill. At this time there was an exhibit made of school furniture, including a desk, a table, a ventilating stove, a dustless sweeper, a water cooler, etc. A good school equipment was on exhibition, and, by means of photographs, improvements in school grounds and buildings were shown. Classes were at work in Manual Training, Domestic Science, and Domestic Art. Mr. O. J. Kern, Superintendent of Education of Winnebago County, Illinois, addressed the meeting, showing improvement in schools through consolidation. The exhibition was made again on October 21 when the Teachers' Association and the Home Institute met. The boys of the Corn Club made an exhibit, as did the boys' and girls' club of the County. The specimens of handwork, of bread, jelly, butter, chickens, and corn were fine. Mr. Kern addressed this meeting also, and in the afternoon Hon. J. E. Swearingen gave the teachers an earnest, instructive talk.

The week following these meetings Mr. Kern went out into the County with me and gave a stereopticon lecture at six different places. This educational campaign cost over \$200.

President D. B. Johnson engaged Mr. Kern to lecture before the student body of Winthrop College and paid \$75 toward securing him. To raise the balance I resorted to various measures—entertainments, private subscriptions, etc.

In interest of better school buildings, consolidation of schools, and local taxation numerous meetings have been held. The outlook is, indeed, encouraging. Had it not been for a technicality in the law three schools would have been consolidated at Ebenezer in district 32. At Smith's Turnout two very weak schools have been united and a school house built. The children of the Mt. Gallant School in district 7 are being transported at the expense of the public school fund over to the Experimental Rural School on Winthrop College campus. This transportation costs the district \$35 per month. Thus it is we have one wagon running in York County. Smyrna, Catawba Junction, and Sharon have each put up good school buildings within the last eight months. The latter place has a \$6,000 four-room brick building; the others have nice two-room frame houses. Oak Ridge in district 1 has an excellent new \$1,500 one-room house. Here the trustees have bought a piano, a jacketed stove and built sanitary outbuildings. In the fall of 1910 there were 22 school districts voting special taxes. There are now 38.

It has not seemed wise to concentrate work on any group of schools during the past year, but I am now visiting Oak Ridge and Friendship every Monday. Manual Training has been introduced and I am taking some of the seniors from Winthrop College out with me to these schools.

Very truly yours,

LEILA A. RUSSELL."

The above report is respectfully submitted,

W. K. TATE,
State Supervisor Elementary Rural Schools.

CHAPTER IV.

Report of High School Inspector.

STATE HIGH SCHOOLS.

To the State High School Board.

Gentlemen: I submit herewith my fifth annual report of the high schools of the State.

GROWTH OF THE HIGH SCHOOLS IN FIVE YEARS.

Your attention is first directed to the material growth of the high schools since 1906, the time at which a general movement was inaugurated looking toward their improvement. Nearly every feature of this growth has been pronounced and permanent.

EXHIBIT 1.—SHOWING NUMBER OF HIGH SCHOOLS.

1906-1907 95*	1907-1908 128	1908-1909 154	1909-1910 166	1910-1911 167
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*Some of these were really not high schools, and have not since been so regarded.

EXHIBIT 2.—SHOWING NUMBER OF HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Year.	Full Time.	Part Time.	Total.
1906-1907	160	75	235
1907-1908	189	90	279
1908-1909	273	76	349
1909-1910	355	84	439
1910-1911	376	90	466

EXHIBIT 3.—SHOWING HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY YEARS.

Year.	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Fifth Year.	Sixth Year.	Total.
1906-1907							4,812
1907-1908	2,556	1,629	693	212	40	35	5,165
1908-1909	3,114	2,086	1,189	164	41	37	6,631
1909-1910	3,526	2,613	1,556	250	42	43	8,030
1910-1911	3,648	2,664	1,788	440	29	35	8,540

EXHIBIT 4.—SHOWING PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL SALARIES.

1906-1907 (?)	1907-1908 \$146,028	1908-1909 \$194,622	1909-1910 \$246,002	1910-1911 \$273,085
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The fact that the number of high schools for the year 1910-1911 is but one in excess of the number for the year previous is a healthful indication. Our need now is not more high schools, but a better distribution and the development of those we have. The steady increase in the teaching force and in the salaries points to decided growth in efficiency. The total teaching force would be ample to guarantee far better results, were it possible to distribute it economically, but under present conditions such a distribution is impossible. Salaries are yet entirely too meager to attract and to hold the quality of teaching so necessary to making the schools what they ought to be and might be.

RECORD OF THE YEAR.

EXHIBIT A.—SHOWING CLASSIFICATION OF HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Men.	Women.	College Graduates.	Partial College Education.	High School Education.
245	221	280	49	87

EXHIBIT 6.—SHOWING HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY SCHOOLS.

County and School.	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
ABBEVILLE:							
Abbeville	30	21	14	8	27	46	73
Antreville	9	5	7	.....	6	18	24
Due West	31	19	9	.....	29	30	59
Lowndesville	6	7	5	.....	9	9	18
McCormick	14	8	12	.....	11	23	34
Mount Carmel	11	8	11	.....	12	18	30
AIKEN:							
Aiken Institute	29	17	11	.....	26	31	57
North Augusta	18	21	10	7	19	37	56
ANDERSON:							
Anderson	64	46	43	8	72	88	160
Belton	18	14	10	.....	19	23	42
Honea Path	17	17	9	.....	21	22	43
Iva	13	5	14	.....	11	21	32
Lebanon	10	9	6	.....	13	12	25
Pendleton	10	10	12	.....	18	14	32
Starr	9	10	13	.....	16	16	32
Townville	15	15	8	.....	18	20	38
Walker-McElmoyle	6	8	8	.....	9	8	17
White Plains	18	5	.....	.....	10	13	23
Williamston	13	13	6	.....	13	14	32
BAMBERG:							
Bamberg	15	7	9	5	13	23	36
Denmark	19	7	11	7	22	22	44
Ehrhardt	7	7	1	.....	12	3	15
Olar	9	9	4	.....	12	10	22
Carlisle Fitting	11	20	21	6	.....	.....	58
BARNWELL:							
Allendale	14	4	9	4	7	24	31
Barnwell	11	11	8	.....	14	16	30
Blackville	25	14	11	.....	18	32	50
Fairfax	8	7	2	.....	7	10	17
Williston	7	9	10	.....	12	14	26
BEAUFORT:							
Beaufort	19	13	4	.....	14	22	36
BERKELEY:							
St. Stephens	5	8	3	.....	3	13	16
CALHOUN:							
Cameron	9	4	7	.....	10	10	20
St. Matthews	15	15	11	.....	23	13	41
CHARLESTON:							
High School of Charleston	96	81	29	11	217	00	217
McClellanville	8	8	5	.....	10	11	21
Memminger	117	89	54	58	00	332	332
Caud	7	10	13	8	33	00	33
Porter Academy	35	32	25	14	106	00	106
CHEROKEE:							
Blacksburg	21	17	6	.....	25	19	44
Gaffney	40	23	8	.....	29	42	71
CHESTER:							
Chester	60	18	19	.....	27	70	97
Edgemoor	15	10	.....	.....	11	14	25
Richburg	17	11	.....	.....	15	13	28
CHESTERFIELD:							
Cheraw	22	9	11	.....	20	22	42
Chesterfield	17	11	7	.....	18	17	35
CLARENDON:							
Manning	22	17	14	.....	23	30	53
Summerton	7	9	3	2	10	11	21

EXHIBIT 6.—SHOWING HIGH ENROLLMENT BY SCHOOLS.—Continued.

County and School.	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
COLLETON:							
Cottageville	16	4	.....	.....	8	17	20
Hendersonville	9	5	4	.....	7	11	18
Walterboro	18	10	8	.....	11	24	85
DARLINGTON:							
Darlington	36	31	27	20	52	62	114
Epworth	8	12	8	.....	14	14	28
Hartsville	27	25	15	.....	31	36	67
Lamar	17	7	1	.....	14	11	25
Society Hill	7	7	8	8	12	8	20
DILLON:							
Dillon	16	14	13	13	25	31	56
Fork	12	10	4	.....	12	14	26
Latta	20	16	15	.....	15	36	51
Little Rock	14	.....	.....	.....	7	7	14
Pages Mill	17	11	6	.....	19	15	34
DORCHESTER:							
St. George	22	16	6	.....	20	24	44
Summerville	15	15	5	8	23	20	43
EDGEFIELD:							
Johnston	22	13	13	7	26	34	60
Plum Branch	21	5	.....	.....	13	13	26
FAIRFIELD:							
Ridgeway	16	9	3	.....	16	12	28
Winnsboro	21	23	6	9	19	40	59
FLORENCE:							
Cartersville	8	5	5	.....	9	9	18
Florence	39	26	26	.....	21	60	81
Lake City	19	23	5	.....	18	29	47
Olanda	11	10	.....	.....	12	9	21
Sardis	12	16	6	.....	19	15	34
Timmons ville	16	10	3	.....	17	12	29
Presbyterial High School	00	17	16	7	26	14	40
GEORGETOWN:							
Georgetown	34	24	13	.....	40	36	76
Rome (Union)	9	14	7	.....	10	20	30
GREENVILLE:							
Berea	16	4	5	.....	9	16	25
Fountain Inn	25	17	11	.....	19	34	53
Greenville	118	61	54	.....	89	140	229
Greer	30	17	20	5	36	36	72
Locust	13	10	3	.....	19	7	26
Mauldin	12	5	9	.....	11	15	26
Simpsonville	36	14	8	.....	19	39	58
Travelers Rest	10	8	6	.....	13	11	24
Furman Fitting .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	96	00	96
GREENWOOD:							
Greenwood	57	53	20	.....	70	60	130
Ninety-Six	18	19	7	5	20	29	49
Cokesbury .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30
HAMPTON:							
Brunson	25	12	10	4	22	29	51
Crocketville	10	5	2	.....	12	5	17
Hampton	14	11	6	.....	17	14	31
HORRY:							
Conway (Burroughs)	16	24	19	.....	24	35	59
KERSHAW:							
Camden	26	11	7	.....	21	23	44

EXHIBIT 6.—SHOWING HIGH ENROLLMENT BY SCHOOLS.—Continued.

County and School.	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
LANCASTER:							
Heath Spring	12	14	8	8	16	16	32
Kershaw	26	11	3	.....	10	30	40
Lancaster	40	25	14	.....	39	40	79
LAURENS:							
Clinton	29	16	9	.....	28	26	54
Cross Hill	13	14	7	.....	17	17	34
Gray Court	11	13	17	.....	24	17	41
Laurens	29	23	31	.....	40	43	83
Mountville	11	7	9	.....	12	15	27
Shiloh	5	8	2	.....	4	11	15
Trinity Ridge	5	10	1	.....	9	7	16
Waterloo	5	7	2	.....	11	8	14
LEE:							
Bishopville	18	19	9	.....	14	32	46
Lynchburg	13	8	5	.....	16	10	26
LEXINGTON:							
Batesburg	20	14	9	.....	18	25	43
Chapin	22	25	12	.....	29	30	59
Leesville	32	11	31	24	46	52	98
Lexington	31	25	8	.....	29	35	64
Swansea	11	10	1	.....	8	14	22
MARION:							
Marion	31	27	21	7	42	44	86
Mullins	29	19	11	2	26	35	61
MARLBORO:							
Bennettsville	55	16	10	8	42	47	89
Clio	8	12	11	.....	17	14	31
McColl	9	12	15	.....	18	18	36
Tatum	10	6	3	.....	5	14	19
NEWBERRY:							
Little Mountain	13	23	3	.....	25	19	44
Newberry	47	23	7	.....	23	54	82
Prosperity	13	10	8	.....	14	22	36
OCONEE:							
Oakway	13	11	.....	.....	10	14	24
Seneca	15	12	16	.....	20	23	43
Walhalla	27	17	9	.....	14	39	53
Westminster	33	11	15	.....	16	43	64
ORANGEBURG:							
Bowman	7	5	7	.....	8	11	19
Branchville	10	9	7	.....	11	15	26
Elloree	11	5	5	.....	7	14	21
Holly Hill	30	13	5	.....	24	24	48
North	23	10	4	.....	21	21	42
North Providence	2	9	5	.....	12	4	16
Orangetown	60	44	41	.....	75	70	145
Pine Hill	5	8	11	1	8	17	25
Rowesville	10	5	9	.....	13	11	24
Springfield	21	6	12	14	22	31	53
PICKENS:							
Central	12	10	8	7	15	22	37
Easley	29	19	13	.....	28	33	61
Liberty	15	16	5	.....	21	15	36
Pickens	23	15	13	.....	18	33	51
RICHLAND:							
Columbia	94	56	33	.....	77	111	188
Eastover	8	7	3	.....	4	14	18
Hyatt Park	26	14	10	10	42	18	60
Shandon	12	3	3	.....	7	11	18

EXHIBIT 6.—SHOWING HIGH ENROLLMENT BY SCHOOLS.—Continued.

County and School.	First Year.	Second Year.	Third Year.	Fourth Year.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
RICHLAND.—Con.:							
Epworth Orphanage	12	7	12	.....	8	23	31
University School	8	4	4	4	17	00	17
SALUDA:							
Ridge Spring	10	10	8	.....	17	11	28
Saluda	25	8	11	.....	20	24	44
Zoar	18	2	5	.....	11	9	20
SPARTANBURG:							
Cross Anchor	11	9	00	6	11	15	26
Fairforest	18	9	8	7	18	19	37
Inman	26	9	5	.....	16	24	40
Landrum	17	5	2	.....	11	13	24
Reidville	7	8	4	.....	12	7	19
Spartanburg	110	42	15	.....	59	108	167
Woodruff	21	26	7	.....	18	36	54
Hastoc	23	7	8	6	44	00	44
Spartan High School .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	129
Wofford Fitting	18	53	56	53	175	00	175
SUMTER:							
Gen. Sumter Academy	1	7	5	5	10	8	18
Rembert	6	4	7	.....	7	10	17
Sumter	70	59	55	54	120	109	229
UNION:							
Cross Keys	16	5	.....	.....	10	11	21
Jonesville	16	10	7	.....	12	21	33
Union	20	15	13	.....	18	30	48
WILLIAMSBURG.							
Greeleyville	9	6	.....	.....	4	11	15
Johnsonville	13	7	6	.....	11	15	26
Kingstree	30	19	10	.....	19	40	59
YORK:							
Clover	13	10	11	.....	18	18	36
Fort Mill	28	9	5	.....	19	23	42
Hickory Grove	24	7	.....	.....	18	13	31
Rock Hill	28	35	31	.....	76	68	144
Sharon	5	7	6	.....	8	10	18
Yorkville	27	29	9	.....	26	39	65

State High School Diplomas.—In June, 1911, the State High School Board issued State High School Diplomas to the following public high school graduates with 14 or more standard units to their credit:

Anderson	6	Dillon	11
Allendale	4	Johnston	3
Abbeville	6	Leesville	11
Bamberg	4	Marion	5
Central	4	Memminger (Charleston)	51
Charleston	7	North Augusta	6
Denmark	3	Summerville	8
Darlington	2	Sumter	30

**EXHIBIT 7.—SHOWING WHITE POPULATION, PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT
AND PRIVATE HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT BY COUNTIES.**

*The private school enrollment does not include college fitting schools located in college towns.

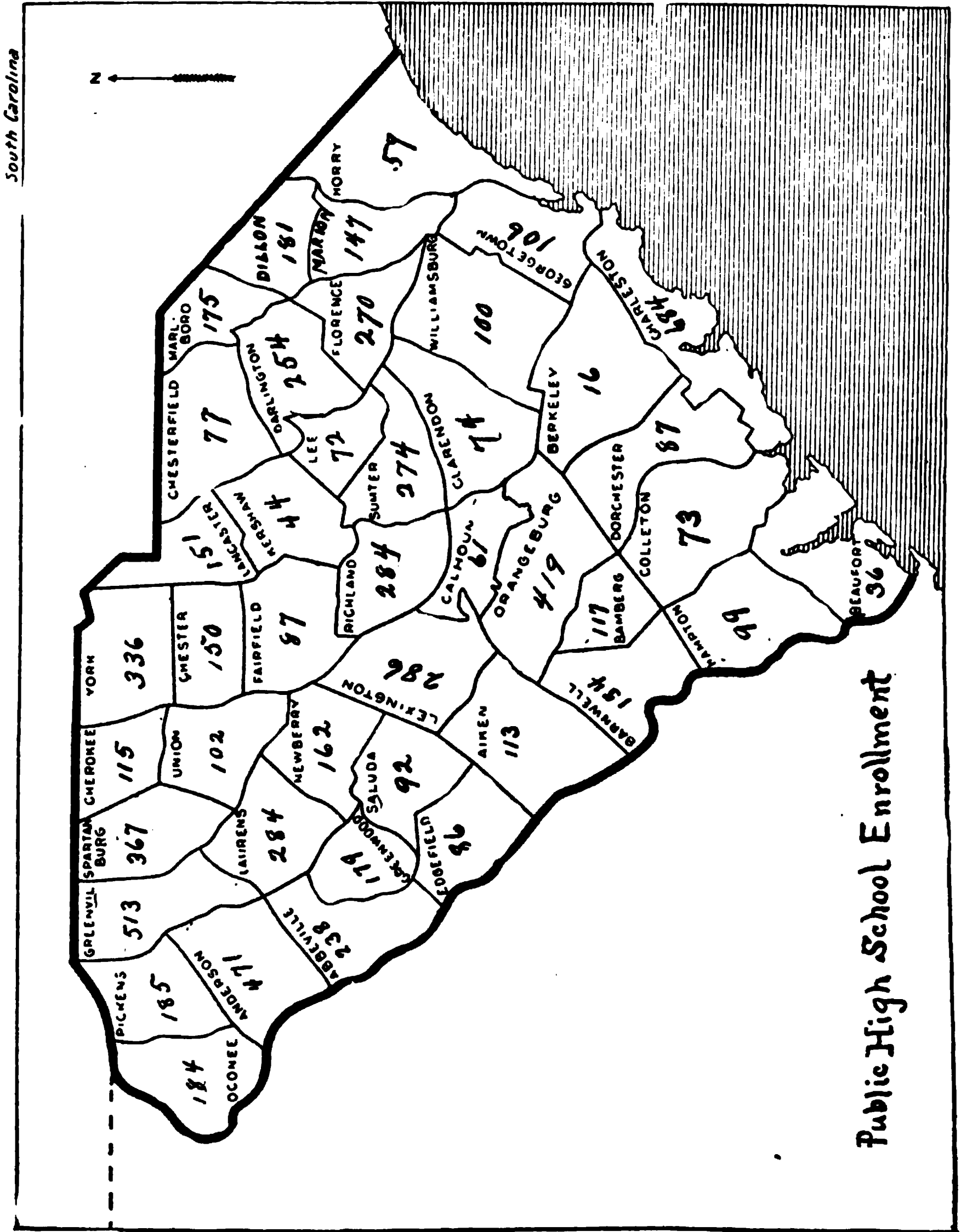


EXHIBIT 8.—SHOWING POPULATION, PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND PRIVATE HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT OF CITIES AND TOWNS ABOVE 1,000 POPULATION.

City or Town.	Population.	Public H. S. Enrollment.	Private H. S. Enrollment.
1. Charleston	58,883	663	139
2. Columbia	26,319	188	48
3. Spartanburg	17,517	167	44
4. Greenville	15,741	229	.....
5. Anderson	9,664	160	.....
6. Sumter	8,109	239	.....
7. Rock Hill	7,216	144	.....
8. Florence	7,057	81	40
9. Greenwood	6,614	130	.....
10. Orangeburg	5,906	145	.....
11. Union	5,623	48	.....
12. Georgetown	5,530	76	.....
13. Newberry	5,028	82	.....
14. Laurens	4,818	83	.....
15. Gaffney	4,767	71	.....
16. Chester	4,754	97	.....
17. Abbeville	4,459	78	.....
18. Aiken	3,911	57	.....
19. Marion	3,844	86	.....
20. Darlington	3,789	114	.....
21. Camden	3,569	44	.....
22. Clinton	3,272	54	.....
23. Easley	2,983	61	.....
24. Cheraw	2,878	42	.....
25. Bennettsville	2,646	89	.....
26. Beaufort	2,486	36	.....
27. Hartsville	2,365	67	.....
28. Summerville	2,355	43	.....
29. Yorkville	2,326	65	.....
30. Lancaster	2,098	79	.....
31. Batesburg	1,995	43	.....
32. Williamston	1,967	32	.....
33. Bamberg	1,937	36	58
34. Woodruff	1,880	54	.....
35. Manning	1,864	68	.....
36. Mullins	1,832	61	.....
37. Edgefield	1,771	?	.....
38. Honea Path	1,763	43	.....
39. Dillon	1,757	56	.....
40. Winnsboro	1,754	59	.....
41. Timmons ville	1,708	29	.....
42. Walterboro	1,677	35	.....
43. Greer	1,673	72	.....
44. Bishopville	1,659	46	.....
45. Belton	1,652	42	.....
46. McColl	1,623	36	.....
47. Fort Mill	1,616	42	.....
48. Walhalla	1,595	53	.....
49. Westminster ..	1,576	64	.....
50. Branchville	1,471	26	.....
51. Allendale	1,453	31	.....
52. St. Matthews	1,377	41	.....
53. Kingstree	1,372	59	.....
54. Latta	1,358	51	.....
55. Mt. Pleasant	1,346	?	.....
56. Barnwell	1,324	30	.....
57. Seneca	1,313	43	.....
58. Blackville	1,278	50	.....
59. Eau Claire	1,234	60	.....
60. Conway	1,223	59	.....
61. Clover	1,207	36	.....
62. North Augusta	1,136	56	.....
63. Blacksburg	1,119	44	.....
64. Cowpens	1,101	?	.....
65. Denmark	1,075	44	.....
66. Lake City	1,074	47	.....
67. Liberty	1,058	36	.....
68. Whitmire	1,045	?	.....
69. Moultrieville	1,011	?	.....

TABLE 11.—HIGH SCHOOLS RATED IN STANDARD UNITS.

Name of School.	Supt. or Prin.	Weeks in Year.	Teachers, Full Time.	Teachers, Part Time.	Years in Course.	Units in English.	Units in Latin.	Units in History.	Units in Greek.	Units in Mathematics.	Units in Science.	Units in French.	Units in German.	Total Units	State Aid.
*Porter Academy	C. J. Colcock	36	5	1	4	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.0	1.0	*24.2	.....
*Memminger	A. B. Rhett	36	18	1	6	4.0	3.5	4.0	.....	3.0	4.4	3.0	.....	*21.9	.....
*Charleston	W. M. Whitehead	36	8	.....	4	3.5	3.4	1.9	2.2	2.5	1.4	2.3	2.0	*19.2	.....
Gaud	W. S. Gaud	36	8	.....	4	3.0	3.8	2.6	1.6	2.5	1.4	2.4	.....	17.3	.....
Summerville	G. H. Webber	36	3	2	4	3.0	3.0	4.0	.....	2.5	3.5	1.0	.....	17.0	\$610.00
Allendale	P. W. Bethae	38	3	1	4	3.1	3.5	3.7	.....	3.0	2.5	1.0	.....	16.8	725.00
Bamberg	E. P. Allen	36	3	2	4	3.6	3.2	2.8	.....	3.0	2.2	.....	2.0	16.8	650.00
*Darlington	Nathan Toms	36	4	.....	4	4.0	3.0	3.2	.....	2.5	2.0	2.0	.....	*16.7	.....
Dillon	D. T. Kinard	36	2	1	4	3.8	3.0	3.1	.....	2.8	2.6	1.3	.....	16.1	725.00
Johnston	W. C. Curry	36	3	.....	4	3.6	3.6	3.5	.....	3.1	1.2	1.0	.....	16.0	700.00
Central	Thornwell Haynes	36	2	3	4	4.0	3.7	4.0	.....	3.0	.....	1.0	.....	15.7	700.00
*Denmark	H. A. C. Walker	36	3	1	4	3.8	3.2	3.8	.....	3.0	.....	1.0	.....	*15.6	650.00
*Sumter	S. H. Edmunds	36	7	.....	4	4.0	2.8	2.2	1.2	2.5	1.6	.....	.....	*15.5	.....
North Augusta	Ernest Anderson	36	3	.....	4	3.6	3.3	3.2	.....	2.5	1.0	1.5	.....	15.1	675.00
Leesville	L. M. Bauknight	36	4	.....	4	2.5	2.7	3.0	0.9	2.9	2.0	1.0	.....	15.0	650.00
Anderson	E. C. McCants	36	5	1	4	4.0	2.6	3.0	.....	3.0	2.0	.....	.....	14.6	.....
*Columbia	E. S. Dreher	36	7	.....	3	3.0	2.4	2.7	.....	2.3	1.7	2.5	.....	*14.6	.....
*Winnsboro	J. H. Thornwell	36	2	1	4	3.0	2.3	3.2	.....	3.0	1.5	1.0	.....	*14.5	700.00
Marion	T. C. Easterling	36	3	2	4	3.2	3.0	2.9	.....	2.9	0.6	1.6	.....	14.2	750.00
*Bennettsville	M. C. Foster	36	4	1	4	3.4	3.1	3.2	.....	2.3	2.0	.....	.....	*14.0	650.00
Mullins	K. D. Senn	34	3	.....	4	3.0	3.3	3.2	.....	3.0	1.6	.....	.....	14.0	550.00
Lancaster	J. M. Ariail	36	2	1	3	2.8	2.7	3.0	.....	2.5	1.3	.....	1.0	13.8	600.00
Woodruff	S. J. Underwood	36	2	2	3	3.0	2.5	2.5	.....	2.5	2.0	0.8	.....	13.3	600.00
Fairforest	J. B. Johns	36	2	.....	4	3.0	3.5	2.2	.....	2.5	1.0	1.0	.....	13.2	625.00
*Latta	W. P. Coker	36	2	1	3	3.0	3.0	3.0	.....	2.2	2.0	.....	.....	*13.2	600.00
Presbyterial	Geo. Briggs	37	2	.....	4	2.6	3.0	2.7	1.9	2.5	0.5	.....	.....	13.2	.....
Spartan	H. L. Riley	32	4	2	4	3.0	2.4	2.6	1.0	2.2	1.9	.....	.....	13.1	.....
Abbeville	W. R. Bradley	36	3	1	4	3.6	2.8	2.6	.....	3.0	.....	1.0	.....	13.0	.....
Laurens	B. L. Jones	36	4	.....	3	2.5	2.2	3.0	.....	2.5	2.8	.....	.....	13.0	351.50
Summerton	W. K. Meaders	36	3	.....	4	3.0	3.0	1.4	.....	2.6	2.0	1.0	.....	13.0	500.00
Ninety-Six	C. F. Brooks	36	3	.....	4	3.6	2.3	3.0	.....	2.5	1.6	.....	.....	13.0	600.00
Heath Spring	J. A. Stoddard	36	3	.....	4	3.1	2.2	2.6	.....	3.0	1.0	.....	1.0	12.9	600.00
Rome	O. M. Mitchell	36	2	.....	3	2.9	2.5	2.5	.....	2.4	1.6	.....	0.9	12.8	625.00
Blacksburg	J. L. Kennedy	36	2	1	3	2.8	2.0	2.8	.....	3.0	2.0	.....	.....	12.6	550.00
Jonesville	W. S. Werts	36	2	1	3	2.4	2.0	2.7	.....	2.5	2.0	1.0	.....	12.6	600.00
Blackville	G. W. Coggin	36	2	1	3	3.0	2.0	2.9	.....	2.5	2.0	.....	.....	12.4	600.00
Manning	J. C. Daniel	36	2	1	3	3.6	2.3	3.0	.....	2.5	1.0	.....	.....	12.4	600.00

TABLE 11.—HIGH SCHOOLS RATED IN STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

Name of School.	Supt. or Prin.	Weeks in Year.	Teachers, Full Time.	Teachers, Part Time.	Years in Course.	Units in English.	Units in Latin.	Units in History.	Units in Greek.	Units in Mathematics.	Units in Science.	Units in French.	Units in German.	Total Units	State Aid.
Gaffney	Will Francis	36	2	1	3	2.5	2.9	2.0	.....	2.9	2.0	.....	.....	12.3	\$505.00
Barnwell	W. F. Scott	36	2	.....	3	3.4	2.3	3.0	.....	2.5	1.0	.....	.....	12.3	460.00
Bishopville	G. B. Dukes	36	1	.....	3	3.0	2.0	2.8	.....	1.7	2.0	0.9	.....	12.2	600.00
Chester	W. H. McNairy	36	1	.....	3	3.0	2.6	2.5	.....	2.3	1.7	.....	.....	12.1	.....
Clinton	E. H. Hall	36	2	.....	3	3.6	2.6	3.0	.....	2.5	0.4	.....	.....	12.1	533.50
Union	David Jeffries	36	2	.....	3	3.1	2.7	2.0	.....	3.0	1.1	0.2	.....	12.1	600.00
Fountain Inn	H. B. Dominick	36	.....	.....	3	3.0	2.8	2.4	.....	2.8	1.5	.....	.....	12.0	600.00
Due West	S. W. Rabb	36	.....	.....	3	3.0	2.3	1.6	0.8	2.5	1.6	.....	.....	11.8	500.00
Spartanburg	Frank Evans	36	2	.....	3	3.0	3.0	1.5	.....	2.5	1.2	.....	0.6	11.8	.....
Orangeburg	A. J. Thackston	36	.....	.....	3	4.0	2.8	3.0	.....	2.5	.....	.....	.....	11.8	.....
Hyatt Park	A. R. Banks	36	.....	.....	4	3.5	2.5	2.0	.....	2.5	1.7	.....	.....	11.7	.....
Mountville	W. P. Oulbertson	36	1	.....	3	2.7	3.0	3.0	.....	3.0	.....	.....	.....	11.7	510.00
Batesburg	W. E. Black	34	.....	.....	3	2.6	2.8	3.0	.....	2.1	1.1	.....	.....	11.6	517.00
Rock Hill	J. O. Cork	36	.....	.....	3	3.7	2.2	1.8	.....	2.2	1.6	.....	.....	11.5	.....
Seneca	M. E. Brockman	36	.....	.....	3	2.6	2.8	2.0	.....	2.5	1.5	.....	.....	11.4	500.00
St. George	W. C. Zeigler	36	1	.....	3	3.0	2.0	3.0	.....	1.8	1.6	.....	.....	11.3	500.00
Greenville	E. L. Hughes	36	.....	.....	3	3.0	2.0	3.0	.....	2.5	1.5	.....	.....	11.3	.....
Walterboro	H. G. Sheridan	36	1	.....	3	2.8	2.0	3.0	.....	2.5	1.0	.....	.....	11.3	.....
Newberry	H. L. Dean	36	.....	.....	3	1.8	2.6	2.4	.....	2.5	1.9	.....	.....	11.2	.....
Greer	W. H. Oale	36	.....	.....	4	2.0	3.0	2.6	.....	2.5	1.0	.....	.....	11.1	500.00
Easley	R. C. Burtis	36	3	.....	3	2.7	2.6	2.5	.....	2.5	0.7	.....	.....	11.0	500.00
Aiken	D. R. Riser	36	.....	.....	3	2.8	2.0	3.0	.....	2.5	0.7	.....	.....	11.0	.....
Beaufort	J. M. Moore	36	.....	.....	3	3.0	2.6	1.8	.....	2.7	0.8	.....	.....	10.9	.....
Camden	R. L. Kennedy	32	3	.....	3	3.6	2.0	2.0	.....	2.0	1.2	.....	.....	10.8	.....
Walhalla	H. W. Gasque	36	.....	.....	3	2.9	1.8	2.6	.....	1.5	2.0	.....	.....	10.8	500.00
McCormick	B. B. Patterson	36	.....	.....	3	3.0	2.5	2.4	.....	2.3	0.5	.....	.....	10.7	430.00
Honea Path	A. C. Daniel	36	.....	.....	3	2.6	2.0	1.6	.....	2.4	2.0	.....	.....	10.6	409.00
McColl	J. H. Campen	36	.....	.....	3	2.7	2.4	2.0	.....	1.9	1.6	.....	.....	10.6	500.00
Georgetown	W. C. Bynum	36	1	.....	3	2.5	2.2	2.7	.....	2.2	0.9	.....	.....	10.5	.....
Lynchburg	W. T. McGowan	32	.....	.....	3	2.7	1.9	2.1	.....	2.4	1.9	.....	.....	10.5	440.00
Pickens	J. W. Ballentine	36	.....	.....	3	2.8	2.0	2.8	.....	2.3	0.6	.....	.....	10.5	525.00
St. Matthews	Tom Hamer	36	.....	.....	3	2.8	2.0	2.5	.....	2.1	1.0	.....	.....	10.4	500.00
Brunson	J. O. Eagerton	36	2	.....	4	3.2	2.6	2.2	.....	2.3	.....	.....	.....	10.3	500.00
Rowesville	J. C. Rushton	36	.....	.....	3	2.4	1.6	2.4	.....	2.3	1.5	.....	.....	10.2	817.00
Iva	K. R. Schoenberg	34	.....	.....	3	2.7	2.5	2.4	.....	2.5	.....	.....	.....	10.1	363.00
Elloree	E. S. Read	33	.....	.....	3	2.5	1.8	0.9	.....	1.9	2.1	0.8	.....	10.0	391.00
Greenwood	W. W. Nickels	36	.....	.....	3	3.0	2.3	2.2	.....	2.1	0.4	.....	.....	10.0	.....
Holly Hill	J. B. Koon	36	2	.....	3	2.5	2.0	2.0	.....	2.5	1.0	.....	.....	10.0	396.00

TABLE 11.—HIGH SCHOOLS RATED IN STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

Name of School.	Supt. or Prin.	Weeks in Year.	Teachers. Full Time.	Teachers. Part Time.	Years in Course.	Units in English.	Units in Latin.	Units in History.	Units in Greek.	Units in Mathematics.	Units in Science.	Units in French.	Units in German.	Total Units	State Aid.
Kingstree	J. W. Swittenberg	34	1	3	3	2.5	2.2	2.3	.....	2.1	0.9	.....	.....	10.0	\$492.00
Hartsville	L. W. Dick	36	2	1	3	2.5	2.0	2.6	.....	2.4	.....	.....	.....	9.5	500.00
Liberty	W. C. Atrial	36	2	.....	3	2.8	2.0	1.8	.....	2.1	0.8	.....	.....	9.5	500.00
Conway	B. C. Hunter	34	2	1	3	2.4	2.0	2.2	.....	2.4	0.4	.....	.....	9.4	467.00
Kershaw	T. C. Covington	32	2	.....	3	2.5	2.2	1.9	.....	2.1	0.7	.....	.....	9.4	400.00
Springfield	J. I. Koon	36	2	.....	4	2.6	2.0	2.5	.....	2.3	.....	.....	.....	9.4	447.00
Cross Anchor	W. M. Melton	36	2	.....	3	2.2	2.0	2.0	.....	2.1	1.0	.....	.....	9.3	550.00
Branchville	T. E. Dukes	32	2	1	3	2.4	1.0	2.1	.....	2.3	1.4	.....	.....	9.2	388.00
Cross Hill	Glenn Parrott	36	2	.....	3	2.0	1.4	2.5	.....	2.5	0.8	.....	.....	9.2	500.00
Florence	W. L. Brooker	36	4	.....	3	2.5	2.2	2.2	.....	2.3	.....	.....	.....	9.2	.....
Cheraw	B. C. McIver	39	2	2	3	1.8	2.2	2.2	.....	2.1	0.8	.....	.....	9.1	500.00
Williamston	G. S. Goodglon	36	2	.....	3	2.4	2.0	1.4	.....	2.0	1.3	.....	.....	9.1	327.00
Williston	F. Parker	36	2	.....	3	2.7	1.4	2.0	.....	2.4	0.5	.....	.....	9.0	500.00
Clio	W. D. Roberts	36	2	.....	3	2.8	2.0	1.5	.....	1.5	0.5	0.6	.....	8.9	525.00
Inman	C. E. Weisinger	32	2	.....	3	2.6	1.7	1.5	.....	2.3	0.8	.....	.....	8.9	400.00
Johnsonville	R. J. Major	32	2	.....	3	1.7	1.6	1.8	.....	2.1	1.7	.....	.....	8.9	440.00
North	J. H. Riser	36	2	.....	3	2.0	1.9	2.0	.....	1.9	1.1	.....	.....	8.9	337.00
Saluda	J. H. Shealey	36	2	.....	3	3.0	1.6	2.0	.....	1.8	0.3	.....	.....	8.7	440.00
Belton	W. H. Langford	36	2	1	3	2.6	1.5	1.5	.....	2.5	0.5	.....	.....	8.6	368.00
Prosperity	G. D. Brown, Jr.	32	2	.....	3	2.0	2.0	2.2	.....	1.8	0.6	.....	.....	8.6	420.00
Westminster	W. C. Taylor	36	2	.....	3	2.2	1.9	2.0	.....	2.5	.....	.....	.....	8.6	500.00
Starr	B. C. Cromer	32	2	.....	3	2.9	1.7	1.4	.....	1.5	1.0	.....	.....	8.5	222.00
Clover	J. H. Spann	36	2	.....	3	2.2	1.5	2.0	.....	2.1	0.6	.....	.....	8.4	500.00
Fort Mill	F. M. Crum	36	2	.....	3	2.4	1.7	1.5	.....	1.9	0.9	.....	.....	8.4	500.00
Lexington	W. E. Black	36	1	1	3	2.3	2.0	1.5	.....	2.2	0.4	.....	.....	8.4	.....
Yorkville	J. H. Witherspoon	36	2	.....	3	1.8	1.9	1.4	.....	2.5	0.7	.....	.....	8.3	525.00
Ridge Spring	W. W. Benson	36	2	.....	3	2.1	2.0	1.2	.....	2.1	0.8	.....	.....	8.2	500.00
Timmons ville	W. C. Herbert	36	2	.....	3	2.6	2.3	1.0	.....	2.2	.....	.....	.....	8.1	500.00
Reidville	M. A. Miller	32	2	.....	3	2.4	1.6	1.5	.....	2.0	0.5	.....	.....	8.0	400.00
Lake City	G. C. Scalf	32	1	3	3	2.0	2.0	1.4	.....	1.5	1.0	.....	.....	7.9	440.00
Society Hill	D. L. Lewis	36	2	.....	4	2.0	2.1	1.0	.....	2.5	0.3	.....	.....	7.9	340.00
Ridgeway	W. M. Oxner	36	1	1	3	1.9	1.8	1.2	.....	2.2	0.7	.....	.....	7.8	400.00
Townville	J. J. M. Payne	32	1	1	3	2.0	1.9	1.2	.....	2.1	.....	.....	0.5	7.7	403.00

TABLE 11.—HIGH SCHOOLS RATED IN STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

Name of School.	Supt. or Prin.	Weeks in Year.	Teachers, Full Time.	Teachers, Part Time.	Years in Course.	Units in English.	Units in Latin.	Units in History.	Units in Greek.	Units in Mathematics.	Units in Science.	Units in French.	Units in German.	Total Units.	State Aid.
Edgemoor	W. C. McLain	32	1	1	2	1.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7	0.9	.....	.....	7.6	\$410.00
Epworth	W. B. Carns	32	1	1	2	2.2	1.7	0.5	.....	2.2	1.0	.....	.....	7.6	430.00
Rembert	D. P. McCain	36	.....	.....	2	1.7	1.6	1.5	.....	2.1	0.7	.....	.....	7.6	288.00
Simpsonville	R. H. Willis	32	.....	.....	2	1.7	1.0	1.9	.....	2.2	0.8	.....	.....	7.6	400.00
Fairfax	B. O. Monroe	36	1	.....	3	2.4	2.0	0.9	.....	1.7	0.5	.....	.....	7.5	390.00
Hampton	A. P. Sites	32	.....	.....	3	2.6	1.5	1.0	.....	2.0	0.5	.....	.....	7.5	315.00
Hendersonville	T. V. Farrow	36	.....	.....	3	1.7	1.5	1.5	.....	2.0	0.8	.....	.....	7.5	325.00
Sardis	B. F. Morris	32	2	.....	3	2.2	1.4	1.4	.....	1.5	1.0	.....	.....	7.5	250.00
Gray Court	J. C. Martin	36	1	.....	3	2.0	1.6	1.3	.....	2.1	0.4	.....	.....	7.4	300.00
Landrum	H. W. Ackerman	32	1	.....	3	2.2	2.0	1.0	.....	2.2	.....	.....	.....	7.4	.....
Chapin	O. C. Kibler	32	1	.....	3	1.8	2.0	1.0	.....	1.8	0.7	.....	.....	7.3	355.00
Epworth Orphanage	H. Z. Nabers	40	1	.....	3	2.7	1.6	0.4	.....	2.2	0.4	.....	.....	7.3	.....
Tatum	T. E. Dorn	32	.....	.....	3	2.0	1.6	1.1	.....	1.7	0.8	.....	.....	7.2	300.00
Little Mountain	F. O. Black	32	1	.....	3	2.5	1.5	1.6	.....	1.5	.....	.....	.....	7.1	330.00
Pendleton	T. L. Hanna	32	2	.....	3	1.4	1.5	1.4	.....	1.9	0.8	.....	.....	7.0	327.00
Pages Mill	J. F. Watson	32	1	.....	3	1.8	1.4	1.4	.....	1.9	0.3	.....	.....	6.8	330.00
Cameron	T. M. Carlisle	34	.....	.....	3	1.8	1.8	1.1	.....	1.8	0.3	.....	.....	6.7	367.00
Pine Hill	D. H. Marchant, Jr.	32	1	.....	3	1.8	1.5	1.2	.....	1.8	0.4	.....	.....	6.7	264.00
Eastover	C. B. Hanna	36	1	.....	3	1.7	1.5	0.7	.....	1.0	0.7	.....	.....	6.6	.....
Olar	J. O. Allen	36	1	.....	3	2.0	1.7	1.1	.....	1.7	.....	.....	.....	6.5	360.00
Travelers Rest	O. S. Freeman	32	1	.....	3	1.3	1.4	1.3	.....	2.1	0.4	.....	.....	6.5	300.00
Lowndesville	R. W. Humphries	32	.....	.....	3	1.5	1.7	0.9	.....	1.5	0.7	.....	.....	6.3	240.00
McClellanville	W. E. McDonald	36	1	.....	3	1.8	1.4	0.8	.....	1.8	0.5	.....	.....	6.3	360.00
Shandon	S. M. Busby	36	1	.....	3	0.2	1.7	1.2	.....	2.1	1.0	.....	.....	6.2	390.00
Fork	L. M. McMillan	36	.....	.....	3	1.3	1.5	1.5	.....	1.4	0.4	.....	.....	6.1	300.00
General Sumter	J. J. Dargan	36	2	.....	4	1.4	1.8	0.6	.....	2.0	0.3	.....	.....	6.1	300.00
Lamar	R. C. Huggins	32	1	.....	3	1.4	1.6	1.0	.....	1.9	0.2	.....	.....	6.1	360.00
Hickory Grove	R. H. Holliday	32	.....	.....	2	1.2	1.0	1.2	.....	1.9	0.6	.....	.....	5.9	300.00
North Providence	Tillman Shealy	32	.....	.....	3	1.5	1.1	1.3	.....	1.7	0.3	.....	.....	5.9	230.00
University School	C. V. Neuffer	36	2	.....	4	1.7	1.7	0.3	.....	2.2	.....	.....	.....	5.9	.....
Walker-McElmoyle	E. L. Keaton	32	1	.....	3	1.6	1.2	1.1	.....	1.5	0.5	.....	.....	5.9	272.00
Crockettville	J. R. Hamilton	32	1	.....	3	1.3	1.4	1.0	.....	2.0	.....	.....	.....	5.7	325.00
Locust	W. L. Newby	32	1	.....	3	1.6	1.6	0.3	.....	1.9	0.3	.....	.....	5.7	325.00
Sharon	J. M. Douglas	32	1	.....	3	1.8	1.5	0.7	.....	1.2	0.5	.....	.....	5.7	300.00
Antreville	J. W. Fulmer	32	1	.....	3	1.3	1.3	0.8	.....	1.8	0.4	.....	.....	5.6	300.00
Chesterfield	R. D. Marsh	32	2	.....	3	2.3	1.0	0.6	.....	1.5	0.1	.....	.....	5.5	420.00

TABLE 11.—HIGH SCHOOLS RATED IN STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

Name of School.	Supt. or Prin.	Weeks in Year.	Teachers, Full Time.	Teachers, Part Time.	Years in Course.	Units in English.	Units in Latin.	Units in History.	Units in Greek.	Units in Mathematics.	Units in Science.	Units in French.	Units in German.	Total Units	State Aid.
Lebanon	J. R. Quizenberry	32	1	1	3	1.3	1.4	1.3	.....	1.5	.....	.....	.....	5.5	\$272.00
Berea	R. I. Barton	32	1	1	3	1.3	1.6	1.0	.....	1.2	0.4	.....	.....	5.5	306.00
Mauldin	L. E. Childress	32	1	1	3	0.8	1.5	1.1	.....	1.5	0.5	.....	.....	5.4	375.00
Shiloh	B. D. Boyd	32	1	1	3	1.3	1.2	1.1	.....	1.5	0.4	.....	.....	5.4	200.00
Mt. Carmel	P. W. Ferguson	32	1	1	3	1.0	1.4	0.8	.....	1.7	0.2	.....	.....	5.1	300.00
Ehrhardt	C. J. Shealy	32	1	1	3	1.1	1.0	1.0	.....	1.5	0.3	.....	.....	4.9	150.00
Oakway	O. S. Crowther	32	1	1	2	1.4	1.0	1.0	.....	1.0	0.5	.....	.....	4.9	200.00
Trinity Ridge	Miss Eliz. Hudgens	32	1	1	3	1.6	1.2	0.9	.....	1.2	.....	.....	.....	4.9	220.00
Waverley	O. D. Seay	36	1	1	2	0.7	1.3	0.6	.....	1.3	1.0	.....	.....	4.9	.....
Zoar	C. E. Richardson	32	1	1	3	1.5	1.2	0.8	.....	1.9	.....	.....	.....	4.9	275.00
Richburg	W. E. Simpson	36	1	1	2	1.4	1.0	0.7	.....	1.7	.....	.....	.....	4.8	300.00
Carterville	D. C. Hill	36	1	1	3	1.6	1.2	0.3	.....	1.5	0.2	.....	.....	4.7	300.00
Cottageville	Miss H. E. Malone	32	1	1	2	1.4	1.0	1.0	.....	1.0	0.3	.....	.....	4.7	283.00
Bowman	C. J. Rast	32	1	1	3	1.0	1.1	0.8	.....	1.4	0.1	.....	.....	4.4	230.00
White Plains	R. E. L. Smith	32	1	1	2	1.0	0.7	1.2	.....	1.0	0.5	.....	.....	4.4	272.00
Plum Branch	M. G. White	32	1	1	2	1.6	0.6	0.6	.....	1.5	.....	.....	.....	4.3	300.00
St. Stephens	Miss Salome Wilson	36	1	1	3	1.3	1.0	0.6	.....	1.3	0.1	.....	.....	4.3	218.00
Waterloo	A. W. Bradley	32	1	1	3	1.4	1.0	0.7	.....	1.2	.....	.....	.....	4.3	245.00
Greeleyville	W. S. Whitaker	36	1	1	2	1.2	1.3	0.5	.....	1.0	.....	.....	.....	4.0	.....
Little Rock	C. E. Crook .....	.....	1	1	1	1.5	1.0	0.7	.....	0.8	.....	.....	.....	4.0	300.00
Cross Keys	W. C. Pitts	32	1	1	2	1.0	1.0	0.8	.....	1.0	0.5	.....	.....	3.8	200.00
Olanta	J. C. Burton	32	1	1	2	0.6	1.2	0.5	.....	0.6	0.9	.....	.....	3.9	300.00

*These schools offer more than one curriculum; no single student may have all these units to his credit.

STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL UNITS.

SUBJECT	TOPICS	UNITS
English	1 Higher English Grammar and Grammatical Analysis	1
	2 English Composition and Rhetoric	1
	3 Critical Study of Specimens of English Literature	2
Mathematics	1 Algebra to Quadratic Equations	1
	2 Algebra—Quadratics, Progression, and Binominal Theorem	$\frac{1}{2}$
	3 Advanced Algebra, including Permutations and Combinations, Determinants and Numerical Equations	$\frac{1}{2}$
	4 Plane Geometry	1
	5 Solid Geometry	$\frac{1}{2}$
	6 Plane Trigonometry	$\frac{1}{2}$
Latin	1 Grammar and Composition, or First Book	1
	2 Caesar, Books I-IV	1
	3 Six Orations of Cicero	1
	4 Vergil's <i>Æneid</i> , first six books	1
	5 Cornelius Nepos, first fifteen Lives, or equivalent in Ovid	1
History	1 Greek and Roman History	1
	2 Medieval and Modern History	1
	3 English History	1
	4 American History and Civics	1
Science	1 Physiography, with field and laboratory work	1
	2 Experimental Physics	1
	3 Physiology, with laboratory work	$\frac{1}{2}$
	4 Inorganic Chemistry, with laboratory work	1
	5 Botany, with laboratory work	1
	6 Zoology	1
	7 Commercial Geography (Robinson)	1
Greek	1 Grammar and Composition	1
	2 Xenophon's <i>Anabasis</i> , Books I-IV	1
German	1 Half of Elementary Grammar, and 75 pages reading	1
	2 Elementary Grammar completed, and 150 pages reading	1
French	1 Half of Elementary Grammar, and 100 pages reading	1
	2 Elementary Grammar completed, and 200 pages reading	1
Drawing	1 Mechanical and Projection Drawing	1

The minimum time in which one unit of work may be done is five weekly recitations of 40 minutes each for 36 weeks, or a minimum total of 120 hours of 60 minutes.

High School Conferences.—During the year conferences of high school teachers were held at Florence, Anderson, Spartanburg, Denmark, Laurens, Rock Hill, Orangeburg, Bennettsville, and Leesville. The majority of the schools within thirty miles of these places readily adjourned their high school classes to give their teachers the opportunity to attend. The local boards throughout the State gave very hearty support to the conferences. In a few meeting places the citizens threw open their homes to the visiting teachers. The following is a summary of the attendance: High school teachers 258, grade teachers 37, college professors 18, county superintendents 7, trustees 10, total 330.

At each meeting one day and one evening were given to informal discussions of a few vital topics connected with high school aims, organization, and teaching. No addresses or set papers were permitted, but every moment of the time was given to real conference—debating questions of importance. The spirit and the enthusiasm of the teachers in these meetings were admirable, and it would be difficult to overestimate the value accruing to those present. A noticeable number of schools have already incorporated into their work practical suggestions made in these conferences.

Improved High School Programs.—To reconstruct a program of studies without doing sudden violence to it requires insight, foresight, and time. The rebuilding of a course from the bottom to the top at one time is always attended with loss. It is better to strengthen the weak points while retaining the stronger parts of the frame-work. The frequent change of teachers, especially principals, greatly retards the development of good courses of study. In many cases either the need of improvement is never discovered or those responsible are unable to effect the needed change.

Your attention is invited to the wide difference between the ratings of schools with practically the same outward conditions and the same equipment. For instance, one principal is able to construct a 3-year program to be taught by himself and one assistant, making a credit of perhaps 11 units; another principal identically situated fails to construct and teach a program making a credit of 9 units. The former is able to articulate his work in such a way as to prevent gaps and overlappings and loss of time and energy, while the latter is not. Here is one of the

distinct differences between an effective organizer and one who is not. In making these comparisons conditions must be practically identical. The principal with inadequate teaching force in the elementary school must not be pitted against one with it; nor must the 8-month school be expected to accomplish as much as the 9-month school.

THE OUTLOOK.

It is wholly within the reach of the people of this State to develop within a few years a system of secondary schools unsurpassed anywhere. Common sense, unselfishness, patriotism, and perseverance will give us the victory. The plan of campaign is a simple one: Build 100 first-class four-year high schools distributed economically over the State, put into these schools a sufficient number of first-class teachers, and keep the pupils in these schools.

Consolidation.—Common sense admonishes us to abandon our folly of essaying to maintain a lot of little struggling, starving, so-called high schools that are standing in the way of something better. Local pride and local jealousies have conspired to open and to maintain scores of little high schools which have no logical excuse for existence. What possible defense can be given for maintaining four public high schools within two miles of the State Capitol in Columbia? A consolidation of these high schools would give all concerned a far better school than any one of them now is or can be alone. As the situation now is, at least two of these schools are hard put to for enough pupils to meet the high school law. As I pointed out a year ago, the same irrational and wasteful policy is found in Laurens County. Cross Hill, Mountville, and Waterloo form a triangle whose center is not more than $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from each of these places. Here a central high school of fully 75 pupils might be conducted. Instead, the people of these three villages prefer to run a struggling school in each. Tatum runs a one-teacher high school with barely 15 pupils within three miles of McColl. Numerous similar instances might be cited.

If communities choose to waste their money on small and inferior high schools, they may be permitted to continue their ill-advised course, but certainly the State is not warranted in encouraging such a course by granting bounties from the State treasury. Most of the State-aided one-teacher high schools fail

to provide sufficient teaching force for the grades below the high schools.

Ambitious One-Teacher High Schools.—To any one familiar with school organization it would seem useless to argue against one high school teacher's undertaking to teach a three-year program, that is, 8th, 9th, and 10th grades. Yet, nearly every one-teacher high school in the State essays to have a three-year course. Any teacher who will sit down to make a daily schedule of recitations for three high school grades will soon realize the absurdity of one teacher's undertaking a three-year course. He will find that at best he can give any one of his grades but two hours a day to be divided up among the several recitations of a grade. It ought to be self-evident that one teacher cannot do as much work as two. It is wholly inexcusable to mislead the pupils of such a school into believing that they are in a school of standard grading. If they go to college, they are sure to be disappointed at their rating. During the summer of 1911 a considerable number of students from these so-called three-year high schools met just such disappointment. One teacher should not be permitted to undertake more than the 8th and 9th grades.

Would-be High Schools.—In the realm of education many things seem to play strange tricks, else we see them through strange glasses. Colleges blossom into universities, high schools suddenly turn to colleges, and the country school of 25 pupils ranging from the primer class to three lads and lasses wrestling with *x* and *mensa*, is metamorphosed into a high school. Should the one teacher be a man, he is by local courtesy called "professor."

Seriously, many of our two-teacher country schools, and not a few one-teacher schools, are doing a gross injustice to themselves and to their pupils by undertaking high school subjects. The sooner such schools are required to confine their efforts to elementary work, certainly not beyond the 8th grade, the better for the country children. No local board or county board should permit one teacher to undertake work beyond that grade. If the first eight grades were properly taught, using the time now dissipated on so-called high school work, pupils at the end of the eighth school year would be better educated than they now are at the end of the so-called 10th grade. For one teacher, or for two teachers, to talk about teaching a ten-grade school would be amusing, were it not a serious matter with the pupils. When

a teacher dissipates a day's time over five grades, to say nothing of ten, not a pupil is really taught. To show to what absurd extremes these one-teacher schools go, let one instance suffice: There is now (December 1, 1911,) one teacher conducting a country school of about 30 pupils in which she has both a Latin class and a French class!

Higher Standards for High School Teachers.—The quality of the high school teaching is slowly advancing, but not as it should. Surely the time has come to demand of a high school teacher more scholarship than is guaranteed or asked for in a County examination in this State. Other States about us have found it necessary to require higher qualifications of high school teachers. We are requiring teachers to stand tests in elementary work, then permitting them to teach secondary work. Men and women are teaching ancient history, physical geography, plane and solid geometry, physics, and other high school subjects on examinations in arithmetic, political geography, United States history, and English grammar. Such a practice is absurd, and the children are the sufferers.

Teacher-Training Courses.—A careful study of the situation will convince any open-minded person that to get college trained teachers for even a respectable percentage of the rural schools is an idle dream. Very properly more and more money is being put into the rural schools, and yet more will be put into them. But money is not perhaps their greatest need. Certainly they need efficient teachers as much as they need money. From what source are they to come? My candid conviction is that they must be prepared by means of teacher-training courses in the best high schools. Nearly one-third of the States of the Union are now supporting such courses. These courses should be one year in length and added only to good four-year high schools. To permit anything less would not give the necessary scholarship. This fifth year's work could be given by one teacher at a cost of \$900 to \$1,000. The State would be amply repaid for the small appropriation necessary to conduct a dozen such schools. In this instance the rural communities would reap almost the entire benefit. It is scarcely necessary to add that such a course would be of little value without actual teaching practice by those taking the course.

High School Law Defective.—I can not refrain from calling attention once more to one of the defects of the high school law—the unwise and harmful discrimination against a certain

class of high schools. No more blatant demagoguery was ever preached than that which fosters the disruption of the ties of a homogeneous people. If our State is ever to achieve that eminence which we profess to believe is hers, it must come through the united efforts of a united citizenship; it will never come through jealousy and suspicion and selfishness. If we are to develop a school system, that system must be the fruitage of co-operation and justice. The State is presumably engaged in building better schools for all the children of the State wherever they may be. The insignificant high school appropriation could not support the high schools of the State; it is used simply as a stimulus. Yet, because of their population twenty-five places in the State and 3,223 white children (37 per cent.) can not be reached, notwithstanding the fact that these same places contribute \$84,638.12 of their school taxes to other communities.

This discrimination against the larger places might be defended, were it true that they would be getting money which is needed in smaller places, or that the high school appropriation in order to meet all would be exorbitant. However, neither is true; in fact, every year some part of the present appropriation is turned back into the State treasury.

EXHIBIT 10.—SHOWING TOWNS DEBARRED FROM HIGH SCHOOL APPROPRIATION.

Town.	Total 8-mill Tax.	8-mill Tax Used by Town.	8-mill Tax Used by County.	High School Enrollment.
Abbeville	\$4,812.81	2,982.81	1,880.00	78
Aiken	6,558.21	2,648.50	3,914.71	57
Anderson	8,784.88	5,450.40	3,284.48	160
Bennettsville	3,111.57	1,861.51	1,250.06	89
Camden	5,195.67	2,484.25	2,712.42	44
Charleston	51,325.00	38,530.00	12,795.00	663
Chester	6,746.13	3,305.57	3,440.56	97
Cheraw	2,638.83	2,638.83	.....	42
Clinton	2,220.00	1,450.00	770.00	54
Columbia	30,540.41	16,862.98	13,677.43	188
Darlington	5,227.00	2,450.00	2,768.00	114
Easley	1,645.34	992.80	652.54	61
Florence	6,441.14	2,562.00	3,879.14	81
Gaffney	5,364.71	3,149.99	2,214.72	71
Georgetown .....	.....	.....	.....	76
Greenville	11,910.84	7,573.18	4,337.66	229
Greenwood	5,166.00	3,566.00	1,600.00	130
Laurens	4,247.52	1,980.00	2,267.52	83
Marion	2,770.68	1,725.00	1,045.68	86
Newberry	6,684.90	2,981.52	3,703.38	82
Orangeburg	4,711.23	2,487.80	2,223.43	145
Rock Hill	6,437.74	4,010.20	2,427.54	144
Spartanburg	18,861.36	8,681.57	10,179.79	167
Sumter	7,500.00	5,365.00	2,135.00	239
Union	7,022.08	5,085.00	1,927.08	48
	\$215,353.53	\$130,807.41	\$84,636.12	3,223

THE HIGH SCHOOLS AND THE COLLEGES.

EXHIBIT 11.—SHOWING RECORD OF PUPILS ENTERING COLLEGE FROM THE HIGH SCHOOLS, SEPTEMBER, 1910.

Name of College and School.	Name of Pupil.	H. S. Year.	Class Entered.
CHICORA:			
Anderson	Annie Anderson	2d	Not Stated*
Bethune	Esther McCaskill	2d	Not Stated*
	Stella Bethune	2d	Not Stated*
Fort Mill	Juanita Erwin	2d	Not Stated*
	Elizabeth Spratt	1st	Not Stated*
Newberry	Marietta Langford	1st	Not Stated*
Timmons ville	Agnes Saverance	2d	Not Stated*
THE CITADEL:			
Camden	Shannon Heath	2d	Freshman
Chester	Angus Macaulay	2d	Freshman
Fairforest	Harry H. Gregory	3d	Freshman
Greer	Weldon Anderson	3d	Freshman
Laurens	Tom Lake	2d	Freshman
Sumter	Edwin Randle	2d	Freshman
Union	Lewis Perrin	2d	Freshman
Winnsboro	Spencer McMaster	2d	Freshman
	James Macfie	3d	Freshman
Allendale	Paul Zeigler	3d	Freshman
Bishopville	James Baker	2d	Freshman
St. George	Norman Minus	2d	Freshman
CLEMSON:			
Barnwell	George Armstrong	2d	Freshman
Blackville	Lewis Free	2d	Freshman
Batesburg	Lawton Bodie	2d	Preparatory
	William Jones	2d	Preparatory
Bennettsville	Earle Mitchell	1st	Freshman
Columbia	McKenzie McIntosh	1st	Freshman
	Kenney Caughman	1st	Freshman
Denmark	Malcolm Crum	2d	Freshman
Darlington	Coit Rogers	3d	Freshman
Greenwood	Stanmore Marshall	2d	Freshman
Holly Hill	John Norris	2d	Freshman
Hartsville	Carl Wadsworth	2d	Freshman
	Henry Nettles	2d	Freshman
Jonesville	Norman Beaty	2d	Freshman
	Davis Crawford	1st	Freshman
	Joe Spears	1st	Freshman
Johnston	Claude Watkins	2d	Freshman
Kershaw	Baxter Jones	2d	Preparatory
Laurens	Grover Richey	2d	Freshman
Lake City	Sam Sturgeon	1st	Freshman
Marion	Charlie Baker	3d	Freshman
	Knox Altman	2d	Freshman
	Duncan Foxworth	2d	Preparatory
Newberry	Samuel Bowles	2d	Freshman
Pickens	Ben Field	2d	Freshman
St. Matthews	Banks Wannamaker	2d	Freshman
Shandon	Robert Jenkins	2d	Freshman
Summerton	Leo Felder	3d	Freshman
	Ellison Capers	3d	Freshman
Sardis	Walker Truluck	1st	Preparatory
Timmons ville	Ernest Jeffords	1st	Preparatory
Union	Osborne Williams	1st	Freshman
	Douglas Smith	2d	Freshman
Walterboro	Ernest Hubster	2d	Preparatory
Westminster	Mark Dickson	2d	Freshman
Winnsboro	Marcus Boulware	3d	Freshman
COKER.			
Bishopville	Louine McLure	2d	Commercial
Bennettsville	Christine Mitchell	1st	Irregular
Cartersville	Mary C. Haynie	3d	Freshman
Dillon	Ola Stubbs	2d	Irregular
Epworth	Nannie Loyd	2d	Commercial
Heath Spring	Alma VanLandingham	3d	Freshman
Hartsville	Leo Hicks	2d	Freshman
	Ruth Dunlap	2d	Freshman
Lamar	Elma Stith	2d	Freshman
Little Rock	Pattie Sherwood	1st	2d Preparatory
Pages Mill	Mattie Baker	2d	Freshman

THE HIGH SCHOOLS AND THE COLLEGES.—Continued.

EXHIBIT 11.—SHOWING RECORD OF PUPILS ENTERING COLLEGE FROM THE HIGH SCHOOLS, SEPTEMBER, 1910.—Continued.

Name of College and School.	Name of Pupil.	H. S. Year.	Entered. Class
Timmons ville	Kate Purvis	1st	Irregular
CHARLESTON:			
Bennettsville	Boyd Brigman	3d	Special
Heath Spring	E. Coke Bridges	3d	Special
Mullins	Marion Perritt	3d	Freshman
COLLEGE FOR WOMEN.			
Allendale	Olive Strange	3d	Not Stated*
	Alma Strange	3d	Not Stated*
Chester	Mary Dunnovant	2d	Not Stated*
Columbia	Sonita Brennen	2d	Not Stated*
	Margaret Green	2d	Not Stated*
	Marion Green	2d	Not Stated*
	Josie Brice	2d	Not Stated*
	Harriet Gillespie	2d	Not Stated*
	Mamie Young	2d	Not Stated*
	Nellie Chappell	1st	Not Stated*
	Nellie Kohn	1st	Not Stated*
Shandon	Martha Sutphen	3d	Not Stated*
Winnsboro	Alice Doty	3d	Not Stated*
COLUMBIA:			
Bamberg	Lalla Byrd	3d	Not Stated*
Bennettsville	Sallie Bethea	3d	Not Stated*
	May Hearsey	2d	Not Stated*
Fountain Inn	Nell Kellett	2d	Not Stated*
	Bettie Jones	2d	Not Stated*
Lake City	Julia Sturgeon	1st	Not Stated*
Marion	Beulah Moore	2d	Not Stated*
Timmons ville	Gladys Copeland	2d	Not Stated*
	Nell Purvis	2d	Not Stated*
Winnsboro	Hannah Phillips	2d	Not Stated*
Columbia	Hallie Lathan	1st	Not Stated*
Gray Court	Nita Hunter	3d	Not Stated*
CONVERSE:			
Bamberg	Mozelle Copeland	3d	Freshman
Columbia	Nathalie Hunter	2d	Freshman
Cheraw	Ernestine Moore	2d	Freshman
Greer	Carrie Burgess	3d	Freshman
Honea Path	Louise Sullivan	3d	Freshman
	Vera Shirley	3d	Freshman
Ninety-Six	Sarah Lee Galphin	3d	Irregular
ERSKINE:			
Edgemoor	C. W. Walton	1st	Preparatory
Hickory Grove	Grady McGill	2d	Freshman
	Fred McGill	2d	Freshman
	Mary Wylie	2d	Freshman
Winnsboro	Glazier Castles	3d	Preparatory
	Edgar Douglas	3d	Preparatory
FURMAN:			
Anderson	Charles Sullivan	3d	Freshman
	Aaron King	3d	Freshman
	Ewell Burris	2d	Freshman
Bamberg	Wingard Carter	3d	Freshman
Bennettsville	Carl Moore	3d	Freshman
Denmark	Cecil Ellzey	3d	Freshman
Fountain Inn	Edward Harrison	2d	Preparatory
	Clyde Nelson	2d	Freshman
Heath Spring	Langston Williams	3d	Freshman
Hartsville	James McCoy	2d	Freshman
Ridge Spring	Evans Simons	3d	Freshman
	Jesse Anderson	3d	Freshman
Sardis	Claude Truluck	2d	Preparatory
Sumter	Clinton Walsh	2d	Preparatory
GREENVILLE FEMALE:			
Bamberg	Ottie Simmons	3d	Not Stated*
Bateburg	Mary Cullum	2d	Not Stated*
Belton	Lula Hanks	2d	Not Stated*

THE HIGH SCHOOLS AND THE COLLEGES.—(Continued).

EXHIBIT 11.—SHOWING RECORD OF PUPILS ENTERING COLLEGE FROM THE HIGH SCHOOLS, SEPTEMBER, 1910.—Continued.

Name of College and School.	Name of Pupil.	H. S. Year.	Entered. Class
Fairfax	Bena Loadholt	2d	Not Stated*
Fountain Inn	Lucile Woodson	1st	Not Stated*
Johnston	Wardlaw Stansell	3d	Not Stated*
Kershaw	Grace Clyburn	7th Gr.	Not Stated*
Laurens	Ruth Easterby	2d	Not Stated*
Ridge Spring	Donie Quattlebaum	3d	Not Stated*
	Virginia Quattlebaum	3d	Not Stated*
LANDER:			
Anderson	Alma Duckworth	1st	Not Stated*
Columbia	Lucille Grier	2d	Not Stated*
Chester	Virginia Alexander	1st	Not Stated*
Greenwood	Rebecca Moore	2d	Not Stated*
	Claire Connor	2d	Not Stated*
	Ella Nickels	2d	Not Stated*
	Lois Plowden	2d	Not Stated*
	Lucile Medlock	2d	Not Stated*
	Ella Lee	2d	Not Stated*
Honea Path	Hazel Shirley	2d	Not Stated*
Lamar	Frankie Boykin	2d	Not Stated*
Starr	Aileen Herron	3d	Not Stated*
	Grace Miller	3d	Not Stated*
Williamston	Mary H. Griffin	2d	Not Stated*
LIMESTONE:			
Allendale	Isabel Patterson	2d	Not Stated*
Bamberg	Blanche Hair	1st	Not Stated*
Greer	Corrie Howell	3d	Not Stated*
	Millie Howell	3d	Not Stated*
	Maude Woodward	3d	Not Stated*
Laurens	Eva Tribble	2d	Not Stated*
Pages Mill	Grace Temple	1st	Not Stated*
Simpsonville	Maggie Richardson	3d	Not Stated*
Timmons ville	Annie Epps	1st	Not Stated*
NEWBERRY:			
Newberry	Roscoe Evans	1st	Preparatory
	J. N. Martin	1st	Preparatory
	Bennie Mayes	2d	Freshman
Cameron	James Haigler	2d	Preparatory
PRESBYTERIAN (S. C.)			
Society Hill	Brooks Hursey	2d	Freshman
	Ernest Carrigan	3d	Freshman
Yorkville	John Land	2d	Freshman
UNIVERSITY:			
Allendale	Meredith Wolling	2d	Freshman
Bowman	Bennie Smith	2d	Freshman
	Lawrence Riley	2d	Freshman
Barnwell	Rubert Reed	2d	Freshman
Columbia	Ben Layton	2d	Freshman
	Roger Heyward	2d	Freshman
	Jean LaBorde	2d	Freshman
	Pierre LaBorde	2d	Freshman
Chester	Wesley Wilks	2d	Freshman
	Hopkins Wilkes	2d	Freshman
Cross Keys	John Wilbanks	2d	Freshman
Darlington	Cornelius Kollock	3d	Special
Dillon	T. B. Alford	3d	Freshman
Greer	Thomas James	3d	Freshman
Locust	Elgin Poole	3d	Freshman
Manning	Lester Weinberg	2d	Freshman
WINTHROP:			
Anderson	Grace McDowell	3d	Freshman
	Julia Gaillard	3d	Freshman
	Lera McCown	3d	Freshman
Batesburg	Sadie Best	2d	Sub-Collegiate
Clinton	Chloe Johnson	2d	Sub-Collegiate
Cheraw	Lottie Harrall	2d	Sub-Collegiate
Darlington	Janie Wallace	2d	Sub-Collegiate
Florence	Annie May Gentry	1st	Sub-Collegiate
Fort Mill	Julia Boyd	2d	Sub-Collegiate

SCHOOLS, SEPTEMBER, 1910.—Continued.

EXHIBIT 11.—SHOWING RECORD OF PUPILS ENTERING COLLEGE FROM THE HIGH SCHOOLS, SEPTEMBER, 1910.—Continued.

Name of College and School.	Name of Pupil.	H. S. Year.	Class Entered.
Heath Spring	Laura Therrell	3d	Freshman
Johnston	Virginia Harrison	3d	Freshman
Ninety-Six	Mary Sue Griffin	3d	Freshman
WOMAN'S COLLEGE:			
Anderson	Lucy Carpenter	3d	Freshman
Antreville	Myrtle Crowther	3d	Sophomore
Due West	Christine Tribble	3d	Sophomore
	Lucile Kennedy	3d	Sophomore
	Lena Galloway	3d	Sophomore
	Georgia Haddon	3d	Sophomore
	Elna Agnew	3d	Sophomore
	Ena Agnew	3d	Sophomore
WOFFORD:			
Anderson	Lewis Cauthen	3d	Freshman
Bishopville	Harry Woodward	2d	3d Preparatory
	Alvin Hearon	1st	2d Preparatory
	Lynn Smith	6th Gr.	2d Preparatory
Chester	Henry Stewart	1st	3d Preparatory
	George Gage	2d	4th Preparatory
Florence	Frank McLeod	3d	Freshman
Fountain Inn	Fletcher Abercrombie	7th Gr.	3d Preparatory
Gaffney	Charles Jones	2d	Freshman
Laurens	Moore Dial	2d	4th Preparatory
	Hastings Dial	2d	4th Preparatory
Lamar	Guy Jordan	2d	4th Preparatory
Mullins	Gary Edwards	3d	Freshman
	Claude Carmichael	3d	Freshman
Oakway	Edcur Mears	2d	4th Preparatory
Spartanburg	Willie Davis	1st	3d Preparatory
Timmons ville	Henry Cook	7th Gr.	3d Preparatory
Woodruff	Wallace Alexander	3d	Freshman
Kingstree	Sam Stackley	3d	Freshman

*Chicora, College for Women, Columbia College Greenville Female College, Lander, and Limestone do not state in their catalogs to what class a student belongs.

EXHIBIT 12.—COLLEGE POPULATION, 1910-1911.

College	Freshman.	Sophomore.	Junior.	Senior.	Irregular and Special.	Total College Enrollment.	Secondary Department.	Elementary.	Kindergarten.	Grand Total.	
Chicora	115	70	40	82	.....	.....	4 Years	3 Years	.....	236	No class divisions
Citadel	243	153	109	87	31	257	No	.....	.....	257	
Clemson	24	13	4	5	27	623	80	.....	.....	703	
Coker	29	14	10	6	16	73	11	.....	.....	84	
Charleston .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75	No	.....	.....	75	
College for Women .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Yes	.....	.....	278	No class divisions
Columbia	70	50	28	45	124	.....	2 Years	.....	.....	243	No class divisions
Converse	51	20	30	23	.....	317	No	.....	.....	317	
Erskine	83	58	26	31	.....	129	24	.....	.....	153	
Furman .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	193	96	.....	.....	239	
Greenville Female .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	308	19	88	88	408	No class divisions
Lander .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33	.....	3 Years	.....	.....	219	No class divisions
Limestone	43	39	29	20	7	188	Yes	.....	.....	184	No class divisions
Newberry	43	15	14	10	3	85	35	.....	.....	173	
Presbyterian (S. C.) .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	416	No	.....	.....	85	
University	132	201	142	97	59	631	72	160*	46	416	Students registered by Years at Univ.
Winthrop	21	38	25	35	24	143	8	.....	.....	909	*Practice School
Woman's College	92	48	52	44	.....	239	175	.....	.....	151	
Wofford .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	414	

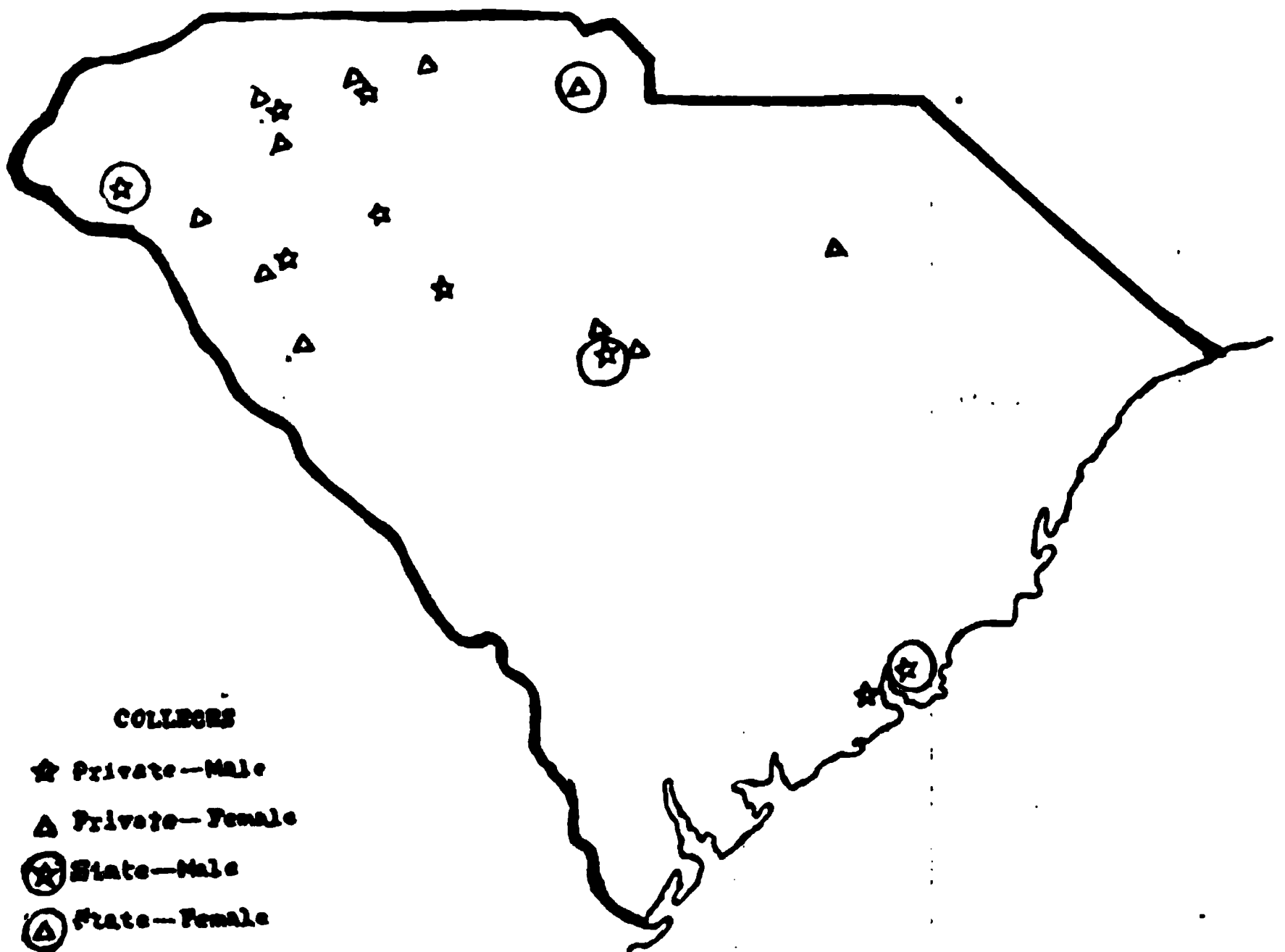


EXHIBIT 12.—SHOWING UNITS OF COLLEGE ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR A. B. COURSE.*

Name of College.	English.	History.	Mathematics.	Science.	Latin.	Greek.	French.	German.	Any Foreign Language.	Elective.	Minimum Standard Units Required.
Chicora	3	3	3	2	3	...	1 or 1	1	...	...	14; 1 or more conditions allowed.
Citadel	3	3	1½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2½
Clemson	1	1	1½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2½
Coker	3	3	2	3 or 3	3	...	3	...	...	...	10
College of Charleston	3	3	2½	...	2½	1 or 1	1 or 1	1	...	...	10
College for Women	4	3	2½	3	2½	1	1	...	...	...	18; 2 conditions allowed. Any 1 unit of science may be offered.
Columbia College	3	3	3½	2½	4	2	2	2	...	...	14; 4 conditions to be made up in 2 years
Converse	3	1	2½	1	3	...	1 or 1	1	...	2¾	14; 3 conditions to be made up in 3 years.
Erskine	3	1	2½	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	og). Latin
Furman	3	1½	(2) 3	...	(2) 3	...	...	...	...	1	ely stated.
Greenville Female .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	ely stated.
Lander	3	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	wed.
Limestone	3	...	2½	1½	4	...	...	...	...	...	in Mathe-
Newberry	3	3	2½	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	in Greek,
Presbyterian of S. C.	3	2	2½	1	...	...	...	...	...	3¾	in French
University of S. C.	3	3	2½	1	2½	1	1	1	...	...	ide up in 2
Winthrop	3	3	2½	1	3	or 1	2	2	...	...	years.
Woman's College	3	1	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	3	14; 4 conditions allowed.
Wofford	3	1	2½	...	3	...	...	...	4	3¾	

*Bold face type indicates requirements; light face type indicates requirements if that subject is offered.

College Standards.—It is demonstrable by figures and facts that most, if not all, the colleges of this State have materially advanced their actual requirements for admission during the past five years. Yet, these requirements have not been so much advanced as the popular mind believes, nor so much as the friends of some of the colleges insist. Any one in a position to know the facts needs no argument to be convinced that some of these colleges can not fill their classes with students able to meet, on a legitimate valuation of their credits, the colleges' advertised requirements. The students are not in the State—at least they are not in college. Of course, some well-prepared students come from outside the State; on the other hand, some students from outside the State come poorly prepared. Of the students coming from outside South Carolina, Converse College gets nearly one-third.

The preparation of the students entering our colleges is not a matter of conjecture or of guess work but a matter of record. Through the High School Inspector's office can be traced the records of 95 per cent. of all the high school pupils (public and private) of the State with a *bona fide* credit of six units and over. Exhibit 11 of this report contains only a small fraction of the total pupil record roll for 1910. Thirteen of the nineteen colleges of the State give their student rolls by years, and it is an easy task to appraise the preparation of their recruits from year to year. Six of the colleges (all for girls) do not give their student rolls by years, but there are at least two safe methods by which their recruits can be appraised. Any one who cares to take the time can easily calculate the preparation of the students going to college.

College preparatory departments have greatly aided in giving improved preparation for admission to the college classes. Fourteen of the nineteen colleges of the State have such departments on the college grounds. But, after all, these preparatory departments are not revolutionizing the situation. Let the college catalogs speak for themselves. How many of these preparatory departments have a *bona fide* four-year high school course resting on even a seven-year elementary course? How many pupils enter any one of these departments from good seventh grades and remain in the preparatory department four years before entering college? How many of these preparatory departments are giving 120 60-minute hours (what they demand of the high

schools) to each unit of credit in this preparatory work? In short, how many of them are not holding out the somewhat proverbial inducement to their pupils to "save a year?"

With a genuine desire to improve at least the quantity of the preparation coming to them, several of our colleges have adopted the practice of admitting students considerably below their published requirements with certain "conditions." These conditions are usually stated in units and in number run from 1 to 4. Now, a unit of preparation requires 120 60-minute hours of recitations. Suppose two students, A and B, enter X college; A without conditions, and B with four units of conditions. Several pertinent questions arise: 1. Does X college promise to exact of B 480 60-minute hours of preparatory work before graduation in addition to his college work? If not, is the college ingenuous? 2. Does the college expect B to graduate with A? If so, one of two things must be true—either the college course has not sufficient work for A or it has too much for B, granting that both are normal students. The very conditions on which the two are admitted are illogical, the one least fitted is required to do the most in a given time. I appreciate fully the honest and well-meant desire of the college to help the high school situation, but I cannot convince myself that the means are the best. In the first place this plan does not give so wholesome a stimulus to the local high schools as might otherwise be given. Everywhere students are refusing to remain for the fourth year in the home high school, saying with truth that they can enter college at the end of the third year and "save a year" by so doing. Now, how is the college saving a year unless it admits that one of its years is simply high school work or that the regular college course has not in it sufficient work to engage a student for four years? To my mind it would be far better to both the college and the high school to insist upon the pupil's remaining in the high school through four years, then when he comes up to college have there a four-year college course ahead of him or give him advanced standing in at least part of his work. It is useless to say that this plan would not foster four-year high schools all over the State. Wherever the colleges have demanded a reasonable and possible advance in the preparation and consistently held to their demands they have received a response from the people. The college cannot hope for a steady flow of prepared students save from the permanent high schools scattered through the State.

A NEEDED REFORM.

Modern society looks more more and more to the State for protection against wrong and injustice. The State has undertaken to do for the individual what he can not do for himself. The State undertakes to protect its citizens against unwholesome food and against swindling insurance schemes launched for the purpose of defrauding the ignorant. Why should not the State take the same position in regard to educational institutions? The State at present charters an institution of learning to do business on the endorsement of the State, then leaves the institution to deal with the people as it sees proper, without any effort whatever to protect its citizens against the most flagrant fraud in the sacred name of education. Honest citizens, anxious to educate their children but not experts in the field of education, pay their taxes or their tuition fees to institutions doing business on the credit of the State, yet the State gives absolutely no protection to its citizens. No one can with authority pass upon the merit of the work done in any of these institutions. Until the State inspects and classifies the education given or sold to its citizens with as much care as it inspects the meat or milk given or sold its citizens, it is not doing its duty. Benzoate of soda in education should be branded with as much emphasis as in tomato sauce. Whenever an institution offers its wares to the public the State should label the wares. No institution doing legitimate work could offer the least objection to such a course. The real colleges would welcome with delight any such measure.

Respectfully,

WILLIAM H. HAND.

EXHIBIT 14.—SHOWING NEGRO HIGH SCHOOLS.

Name of School.	Principal.	Weeks in Year.	Years in Course.	Teachers Full Time.	Teachers Part Time.	High School Pupils.	High School Salaries.
Anderson*	M. H. Gassaway	40	2	2	2	.....	\$1,170
Beaufort	H. A. Peterson	36	2	0	2	13	945
Brainerd (Chester)	J. S. Marquis	34	2	0	4	22	.....
Bennettsville	J. D. Baldwin	28	2	1	0	12	315
Columbia	N. J. Frederick	36	3	2	1	119	1,790
Darlington*	J. L. Cain	36	3	2	0	.....	825
Florence*	W. T. Singleton	36	3	1	2	41	900
Friendship (Rock Hill)	M. P. Hall	32	4	5	0	95	.....
Georgetown*	J. B. Beck	36	3	2	0	.....	.....
Greenville	J. C. Martin	36	2	1	0	67	495
Lancaster	R. J. Crockett	32	4	5	0	66	1,480
Marion*	S. M. Ladson	32	2	0	1	5	400
Orangeburg	H. D. Sharperson	27	1	0	1	7	325
Sumter	C. A. Lawson	36	1	1	0	36	540
Sterling (Greenville)	D. M. Minus	32	4	3	1	41	1,360
Union*	A. A. Sims	32	2	1	1	27	600
Benedict	B. W. Valentine	32	4	3	4	199	.....
Claffin	George Evans	30	4	4	4	197	.....
State Normal	H. P. Butler	28	4	5	0	170	5,400

*Data for 1909-1910; no report for 1910-1911.

CHAPTER V.

**Directory of School Officers, Receipts and
Disbursements of the Office of
State Superintendent
of Education.**

DIRECTORY OF SCHOOL OFFICERS, RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE OFFICE OF STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

J. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education.
J. A. Stoddard, Assistant State Superintendent.
Miss Lidie Garlington, Stenographer.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Governor Cole. L. Blease, *ex-officio*, Chairman.....Columbia.
Superintendent J. E. Swearingen, *ex-officio*, Secretary, Columbia.
First District—D. M. O'Driscoll, Principal, Bennett School,
.....Charleston.
Second District—H. F. Rice, Attorney at Law.....Aiken.
Third District—D. W. Daniel, Professor of English.....
.....Clemson College.
Fourth District—A. G. Rembert, Professor of Greek, Wofford College.....Spartanburg.
Fifth District—J. L. Glenn, Attorney at Law.....Chester.
Sixth District—Nathan Toms, Superintendent of City Schools.....Darlington.
Seventh District—A. J. Thackston, Superintendent of City Schools.....Orangeburg.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF EDUCATION.

Abbeville—J. Foster Hammond, Abbeville.
Aiken—C. H. Seigler, Aiken.
Anderson—R. A. Abrams, Anderson.
Bamberg—R. W. D. Rowell, Bamberg.
Barnwell—H. J. Crouch, Barnwell.
Beaufort—B. H. Boyd, Hardeeville.
Berkeley—C. W. Sanders, Monck's Corner.
Calhoun—D. S. Murph, St. Matthews.
Charleston—E. P. Waring, Charleston.
Cherokee—E. S. McKown, Gaffney.
Chester—W. D. Knox, Chester.

Chesterfield—Kirby Rivers, Chesterfield.
 Clarendon—E. J. Browne, Marning.
 Colleton—H. W. Black, Walterboro.
 Darlington—T. E. Stokes, Darlington.
 Dillon—R. S. Rogers, Dillon.
 Dorchester—John J. Howell, St. George.
 Edgefield—W. W. Fuller, Edgefield.
 Fairfield—T. M. Jordan, Winnsboro.
 Florence—A. H. Gasque, Florence.
 Georgetown—Josiah Doar, Georgetown.
 Greenville—James B. Davis, Greenville.
 Greenwood—J. F. Wideman, Greenwood.
 Hampton—J. W. Rouse, Hampton.
 Horry—S. H. Brown, Conway.
 Kershaw—I. J. McKenzie, Camden.
 Lancaster—A. C. Rowell, Lancaster.
 Laurens—Geo. L. Pitts, Laurens.
 Lee—J. T. Munnerlyn, Bishopville.
 Lexington—A. D. Martin, Lexington.
 Marion—W. C. Rogers, Marion.
 Marlboro—A. L. Easterling, Bennettsville.
 Newberry—J. S. Wheeler,* Newberry.
 Oconee—W. C. Hughs, Walhalla.
 Orangeburg—L. W. Livingston, Orangeburg.
 Pickens—R. T. Hallum, Pickens.
 Richland—S. M. Clarkson, Columbia.
 Saluda—J. A. Carson, Saluda.
 Spartanburg—J. H. Brannon, Spartanburg.
 Sumter—J. H. Haynsworth, Sumter.
 Union—T. H. Gore, Union.
 Williamsburg—J. G. McCullough, Kingstree.
 York—J. W. Quinn, Yorkville.

MEMBERS OF COUNTY BOARDS OF EDUCATION.

(Appointed by the State Board of Education, April, 1911).
 Abbeville—David H. Hill, Abbeville; W. J. Evans, Abbeville.
 Aiken—Graves L. Knight, Graniteville; C. A. Edwards, Aiken.
 Anderson—E. C. McCants, Anderson; J. B. Watkins, Anderson.

*Resigned, and succeeded by E. H. Aull, Jan 1, 1912.

- Bamberg**—S. G. Mayfield, Denmark; J. H. A. Carter, Ehrhardt.
Barnwell—W. M. Jones, Williston; R. Boyd Cole, Barnwell.
Beaufort—W. J. Thomas, Beaufort; J. M. Rogers, Beaufort.
Berkeley—W. K. Fishburn, Pinopolis; E. A. Shingles, Ridgeville.
Calhoun—J. A. Merritt, St. Matthews; T. M. Hamer, St. Matthews.
Charleston—W. M. Whitehead, Charleston; R. E. Seabrook, Charleston.
Cherokee—F. E. Shuford, Gaffney; J. B. Jones, Gaffney, R. F. D.
Chester—J. R. Dye, Chester; R. W. Adams, Fort Lawn.
Chesterfield—B. S. Funderburk, Chesterfield; W. P. Pollock, Cheraw.
Clarendon—John C. Daniel, Manning; Charlton DuRant, Manning.
Colleton—W. W. Smoak, Walterboro; J. W. Campbell, Williams.
Darlington—T. E. Wilson, Darlington; D. L. Lewis, Society Hill.
Dillon—D. T. Kinard, Dillon; Harold N. Cousar, Latta.
Dorchester—J. Otey Reed, St. George; C. E. Owens, Grover.
Edgefield—E. H. Folk, Edgefield; Geo. W. Scott, Johnston.
Fairfield—J. H. Thornwell, Winnsboro; S. D. Dunn, Winnsboro.
Florence—George Briggs, Florence; C. H. Jones, Timmons ville, R. F. D. No. 1.
Georgetown—M. W. Pyatt, Georgetown; J. A. Bruorton, Georgetown.
Greenville—L. E. Childress, Mauldin; H. B. Dominick, Greer.
Greenwood—T. F. Wright, Greenwood; A. B. Sample, Greenwood.
Hampton—Randolph Murdaugh, Hampton; J. F. Preacher, Varnville.
Horry—E. J. Sherwood, Conway; M. J. Bullock, Fair Bluff, N. C.
Kershaw—N. P. Gettys, Lugoff; W. Bratton deLoach, Camden.
Lancaster—H. E. Coffey, Lancaster; J. H. Hamel, Kershaw.
Laurens—B. Y. Culbertson, Laurens; R. E. Babb, Laurens.
Lee—G. B. Dukes, Bishopville; W. T. McGowan, Lynchburg.
Lexington—W. E. Black, Lexington; John W. Hook, Irmo.
Marion—L. D. Lide, Marion; T. C. Easterling, Marion.
Marlboro—Chas. A. Jones, Bennettsville; R. S. Fletcher, McColl.

Newberry—S. J. Derrick, Newberry; E. O. Counts, Prosperity.
 Oconee—J. P. Stribling, Richland; M. E. Brockman, Seneca.
 Orangeburg—I. W. Bowman, Orangeburg; C. J. Rast, Bowman.
 Pickens—S. W. O'Dell, Liberty; I. M. Mauldin, Pickens.
 Richland—A. R. Banks, Columbia, R. F. D.; L. Q. Crum,
 Columbia.
 Saluda—E. P. Taylor, Saluda; N. D. Bodie, Saluda.
 Spartanburg—W. G. Blake, Spartanburg; S. M. Kilgore,
 Woodruff.
 Sumter—S. H. Edmunds, Sumter; H. G. Osteen, Sumter.
 Union—Frank M. Ellerbe, Jonesville; James H. Hope, Union.
 Williamsburg—T. M. Gilland, Kingstree; C. W. Wolfe, Kings-
 tree.
 York—J. Harvey Witherspoon, Yorkville; T. E. McMackin,
 Yorkville.

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE OFFICE OF THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

RENT.

BILLS ATTACHED TO WARRANT RECEIPTS FILED IN COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Appropriation.. . . .	\$ 480.00
Paid National Loan and Exchange Bank for offices 802-803.. . . .	\$ 480.00
	<hr/>
	\$ 480.00 \$ 480.00

CONTINGENT FUND.

BILLS ATTACHED TO WARRANT RECEIPTS FILED IN COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Appropriation.. . . .	\$ 400.00
Telephone Rent and Long Distance Messages	\$ 58.23
Telegrams, Freight and Express.. . . .	76.07
Typewriter Supplies.. . . .	24.45
Mimeograph.. . . .	35.00
Substitute and Extra Stenographic Work....	46.80
Rent of Adding Machine.. . . .	40.00
Binding 50 Copies 1910 Report.. . . .	25.00
Bookcases.. . . .	41.00
Sundries.. . . .	53.45
	<hr/>
	\$ 400.00 \$ 400.00

STATIONERY AND STAMPS.

BILLS ATTACHED TO WARRANT RECEIPTS FILED IN COMPTROLLER
GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Appropriation..	\$ 500.00	
Stamps (George H. Huggins, Postmaster)...		\$ 194.62
Stamped Envelopes..		186.83
Printed Letter Heads..		77.00
Typewriter Paper..		10.35
Sundry Stationery..		31.20
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 500.00	\$ 500.00

PRINTING.

BILLS ATTACHED TO WARRANT RECEIPTS FILED IN COMPTROLLER
GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Appropriation..	\$2,000.00	
400 Extra Copies Annual Report 1910 (State Company)		\$ 325.00
Blanks for County Superintendents' Annual Report..		65.20
50 Copies County Superintendent's Ledger (R. L. Bryan Company)		308.80
16,000 Bulletins, Course of Study (R. L. Bryan Company)		112.60
6,000 School Registers (R. L. Bryan Com- pany)		478.60
500 Boys' Corn Club Diplomas (State Com- pany)		9.00
4,000 Copies High School Manual (R. L. Bryan Company)		328.60
Teachers' Certificates and Examination Ques- tions		60.60
Printing Elementary School Manual (part payment—State Company)		182.75
Advertisement, Contracts, Bids, Bond, and Other Matter Relating to Text-Book Adop- tion		60.35
Miscellaneous		68.50
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

BILLS ATTACHED TO WARRANT RECEIPTS FILED IN COMPTROLLER
GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Appropriation..	\$1,000.00	
Meetings: March 11, April 7-8, June 17-22, July 13, July 21, August 28-30, September 29-30, December 4.		
First District—D. M. O'Driscoll.. . . .	\$ 211.40	
Second District—H. F. Rice.. . . .	108.90	
Third District—D. W. Daniel.. . . .	122.20	
Fourth District—A. G. Rembert.. . . .	134.00	
Fifth District—J. L. Glenn.. . . .	100.00	
Sixth District—Nathan Toms.. . . .	155.60	
Seventh District—A. J. Thackston.. . . .	167.90	
	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00

(NOTE). In consequence of the text-book adoption the June session of the Board was longer than expected. Two extra meetings were required in July to complete this adoption and to settle the controversy growing out of the refusal of the B. F. Johnson Company to sign and deliver its contract for the Third, Fourth and Fifth Books of the basal series of readers.

The appropriation was exhausted with the August meeting, making the deficiency for the year about \$300.00. Since the State Superintendent of Education could not legally exceed the appropriation, claims will be submitted by the several members of the Board through the Comptroller General's office. These services have been rendered, and it is hoped that the claims will be paid.

TRAVELING EXPENSES OF THE STATE SUPERIN-
TENDENT OF EDUCATION.BILLS ATTACHED TO WARRANT RECEIPTS FILED IN COMPTROLLER
GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Appropriation..	\$300.00	
January 7, Spartanburg trip.. . . .	\$ 1.85	
January 21, Greenwood trip.. . . .	2.65	
February 24-25, Abbeville trip.. . . .	3.55	

March 9, So. Ry. Mileage Book—2,000 Miles....	40.00
March 18, Aiken trip..	2.55
March 28, Spartanburg trip..	3.75
April 18, S. A. L. Mileage Book—1,000 Miles..	20.00
April 24, (Assistant Supt. L. Gunter) Jackson- ville trip—Conference for Education in the South, April 19-21..	11.25
April 10, Chester trip..	2.25
April 15, Sumter trip..	1.40
April 27-28, Edgefield trip..	3.60
April 29, Healing Springs trip..	1.00
May 3, Midway trip.. . . . .	.25
May 10, Jericho trip..	2.85
May 20, Phoenix trip..	2.00
May 21, Meriwether trip..	2.25
May 30, Lees trip.. . . . .	.65
June 1, Yorkville trip..	4.00
July 4, Batesburg trip..	1.65
July 7, So. Ry. Mileage Book—2,000 Miles....	40.00
July 6-10, Rock Hill trip..	2.20
July 18, Lexington trip..	1.45
July 22, Ninety-Six-Greenwood trip..	4.85
July 27, Mt. Holly trip..	1.85
July 29, Florence trip..	3.27
Aug. 11, Garnett trip..	1.35
Aug. 12, Kingstree trip..	3.20
Aug. 19, Ballentine trip..	1.40
Aug. 23, St. George trip..	2.10
Aug. 24, Indian Fields trip..	2.50
Aug. 26, Florence trip..	3.75
Sept. 1, S. A. L. Mileage Book—1,000 Miles..	20.00
Sept. 2, Baxter trip.. . . . .	.65
Sept. 2, (Assistant Supt. J. A. Stoddard) Keowee trip..	2.00
Sept. 11, Elko trip..	1.85
Oct. 20-22, Winthrop trip..	3.65
Oct. 28, St. Matthews trip..	1.35
Nov. 3-4, Georgetown trip..	11.15
Nov. 16-17, Florence trip..	9.85
Nov. 20-21, Kershaw trip..	3.25

Nov. 28, Yorkville trip..	2.90
Dec. 15, So. Ry. Mileage Book—2,000 Miles....	40.00
	<hr/>
Balance	27.93
	<hr/>
	\$300.00 \$300.00

CHAPTER VI.

Statistics by Counties.

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Corner	1	\$78 55	\$49 00	\$143 50	\$12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$278 55	\$215 00	\$63 55
Ridge	2	79 80	53 00	154 00	13 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	288 00	288 00	11 80
Lowndesville	3	191 51	127 00	380 50	22 00	.....	\$749 54	4	\$240 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,710 55	1,191 25	519 30
Rocky River	4	79 28	66 00	192 50	16 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	354 28	319 93	34 35
Fork	5	7 78	48 00	140 00	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	297 78	175 51	82 27
Sextus	6	91 08	66 00	189 00	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	361 08	286 55	74 53
Latimer	7	120 93	106 27	781 23	27 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	985 93	811 60	174 33
Monterey	8	53 55	80 00	460 00	22 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	616 03	529 50	86 55
Calhoun Falls	9	90 72	130 00	595 00	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	850 72	739 15	111 57
Mt. Carmel	10	.....	180 00	555 00	35 00	.....	412 50	3	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,482 50	1,198 60	283 90
Willington	11	341 81	123 00	566 50	33 00	.....	386 95	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,400 76	1,310 35	90 41
Bordeaux	12	235 46	98 00	266 00	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	616 46	459 19	157 27
McCormick	13	1,221 38	237 00	726 50	34 00	.....	1,196 20	4	430 00	.....	\$5 00	.....	\$10 00	3,960 08	3,285 00	575 08
Buffalo	14	324 81	87 00	253 50	21 50	.....	94 73	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	781 54	575 00	206 54
Bellevue	15	131 98	110 00	322 50	27 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	591 98	533 00	58 98
Bold Branch	16	23 26	42 00	124 45	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 71	150 00	50 71
Flatwoods	17	64 48	88 00	257 50	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	481 98	431 28	70
Bethia	18	170 00	94 00	273 00	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	560 00	490 00	80 00
Ferncliff	19	6 81	19 00	46 75	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	76 58	51 45	25 11
Sharon	20	14 27	104 00	411 50	22 00	.....	331 74	4	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	150 00	1,183 51	995 95	137 56
Bethel	21	300 00	89 00	258 90	22 00	.....	204 08	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	878 98	727 00	146 98
Abbeville	22	467 00	719 00	2,159 41	110 04	.....	5,304 52	4	.....	.....	10 00	.....	10 00	8,779 97	8,030 00	749 97
Warrenton	23	306 79	106 00	311 50	27 00	.....	238 68	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,038 97	872 73	166 24
Reid	24	100 06	84 00	245 00	21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	450 05	350 00	100 05
Brownlee	25	62 90	71 00	198 25	17 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	369 65	369 65	.....
Lone Forest	26	93 77	74 00	217 00	19 00	.....	80 11	2	.....	80 11	.....	.....	.....	563 99	469 33	94 66
Antreville	27	80 32	125 00	470 50	27 50	.....	146 66	2	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,149 98	1,030 00	119 98
Union	28	242 62	88 00	254 00	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	5 00	617 62	390 90	226 72
Sunny Slope	29	25 50	91 00	266 00	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	406 50	406 50	.....
Cold Spring	30	174 65	51 00	148 75	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	388 40	362 06	26 35
Long Cane	31	57 64	93 00	271 50	13 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	435 14	359 15	75 99
Smithville	32	26 44	69 00	417 25	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	532 69	435 00	47 69
Promised Land	33	219 63	66 00	182 50	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	483 13	352 25	130 88
Central	34	159 36	51 00	148 75	13 00	.....	62 15	2	.....	62 15	.....	.....	.....	496 41	324 60	171 81
Hagen	35	11 45	48 00	140 00	12 00	.....	77 22	2	.....	77 00	.....	.....	.....	365 67	337 70	27 97
Parks Creek	36	36 18	52 00	132 00	14 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	234 18	218 00	16 18
Keowee	37	280 01	124 00	874 00	22 00	.....	121 70	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	921 71	732 60	189 11
Due West	38	1,210 09	233 00	945 85	49 50	.....	661 63	3	500 00	.....	.....	300 00	.....	3,960 07	3,757 50	202 57

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. POSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Donalds	39	.....	\$110 00	\$320 50	\$27 00	.....	\$445 20	4	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	\$1,002 70	\$890 22	\$112 48
Pineville	40	\$59 80	42 00	122 50	10 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	234 80	189 15	45 65
Vermillion	41	23 20	62 00	153 00	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	283 20	261 00	22 20
Fonville	42	333 06	49 00	143 50	13 00	.....	166 04	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	704 60	451 15	223 45
Eureka	43	51 12	61 00	178 50	15 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	306 12	261 20	44 92
Broadmouth	44	.....	52 00	152 50	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	216 50	189 40	27 10
Rock Spring	45	54 15	31 00	91 00	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	184 15	165 82	18 33
Ray	46	30 00	60 00	175 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	236 26	43 74
Winona	47	15 91	57 00	166 80	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	257 41	241 15	16 26
Young	48	49 74	56 00	164 50	14 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	284 74	256 94	27 80
Hall	49	16 90	45 00	131 50	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	204 40	183 66	20 74
Cana	50	187 50	54 00	142 50	10 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	394 50	322 30	72 20
Omega	51	241 44	73 00	213 50	18 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	546 44	492 25	54 19
Indian Hill	52	3 80	60 00	175 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	253 80	201 00	52 80
Drake	53	.....	21 00	61 50	5 00	.....	136 88	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	87 50	70 00	17 50
Lebanon	54	156 20	60 00	175 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	643 08	402 02	241 06
Line	55	3 08	26 00	77 00	6 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	112 53	110 00	2 53
Santuc	56	.....	77 00	245 75	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	340 75	323 75	17 00
County Board Fund .....	.....	480 51	.....	793 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,273 83	270 83	1,000 00
Total for County...	56	\$8,880 22	\$5,191 27	\$17,641 66	\$1,145 54	.....	\$10,516 53	.....	\$1,770 00	\$519 26	\$30 00	\$300 00	\$185 00	\$46,479 48	\$39,152 37	\$7,327 11

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.--TABLE 2.--EXPENDITURES.--J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$155 00	\$155 00	.....	\$80 00	\$80 00	\$215 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	\$210 00	.....	210 00	.....	75 00	75 00	285 00	.....	.....	93 00	.....
3	480 00	495 00	975 00	.....	160 00	160 00	1,135 00	.....	.....	56 25	.....
4	.....	200 00	200 00	\$107 50	.....	107 50	307 50	.....	.....	8 05	.....
5	.....	105 00	105 00	40 00	25 00	65 00	170 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	175 00	175 00	.....	100 00	100 00	275 00	\$11 55	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	600 00	600 00	.....	210 00	210 00	810 00	.....	.....	1 60	.....
8	.....	325 00	325 00	30 00	160 00	190 00	515 00	.....	.....	3 50	.....
9	.....	157 50	457 50	.....	255 00	255 00	712 50	.....	.....	26 65	.....
10	300 00	325 00	925 00	60 00	153 00	213 00	1,138 00	.....	.....	49 65	\$10 95
11	600 00	247 50	847 50	175 00	140 00	315 00	1,147 50	.....	.....	12 85	.....
12	.....	320 00	320 00	.....	120 00	120 00	440 00	.....	.....	6 40	.....
13	.....	2,170 00	2,980 00	.....	170 00	170 00	3,150 00	1 95	.....	33 05	.....
14	435 00	.....	435 00	.....	140 00	140 00	575 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	185 00	185 00	485 00	.....	.....	5 25	.....
16	.....	100 00	100 00	.....	50 00	50 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	210 00	210 00	100 00	85 00	185 00	395 00	.....	.....	12 63	.....
18	.....	420 00	420 00	.....	60 00	60 00	480 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	40 00	40 00	11 45	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	630 00	630 00	.....	177 00	177 00	807 00	.....	.....	23 30	.....
21	.....	510 00	510 00	.....	160 00	160 00	670 00	.....	.....	12 00	.....
22	2,010 00	4,960 00	6,970 00	269 50	750 50	1,020 00	7,990 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	600 00	.....	600 00	200 00	.....	200 00	800 00	.....	.....	72 73	.....
24	.....	270 00	270 00	.....	80 00	80 00	350 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	240 00	240 00	89 00	.....	89 00	329 00	.....	.....	15	.....
26	337 98	.....	337 98	60 00	.....	60 00	447 98	.....	.....	12 10	.....
27	600 00	.....	600 00	55 00	40 00	95 00	1,025 00	.....	.....	14 65	5 00
28	.....	330 00	330 00	.....	131 25	131 25	361 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	.....	230 00	230 00	.....	87 50	37 50	372 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	.....	335 00	335 00	.....	60 00	60 00	390 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	60 00	60 00	360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	114 50	114 50	354 50	.....	.....	4 65	.....
33	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	225 00	225 00	465 00	.....	.....	20 00	.....
34	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	200 00	200 00	360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	70 00	70 00	310 00	.....	.....	.....	7 00
36	.....	270 00	270 00	.....	50 00	50 00	320 00	.....	.....	2 50	.....
37	158 00	.....	158 00	.....	57 50	57 50	215 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	.....	594 75	594 75	.....	100 00	100 00	694 75	.....	.....	27 25	.....

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	88	\$1,187 50	\$1,020 00	\$2,157 50	\$240 00	\$160 00	\$400 00	\$2,557 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	89	500 00	325 00	825 00	62 50	.....	62 50	887 50	.....	.....	\$2 72	.....
	40	.....	150 00	150 00	.....	25 00	25 00	175 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	41	180 00	.....	180 00	.....	80 00	80 00	260 00	.....	.....	1 00	.....
	42	.....	367 50	367 50	100 00	.....	100 00	467 50	.....	\$9 30	.....	.....
	43	.....	200 00	200 00	60 00	.....	60 00	260 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	44	.....	120 00	120 00	.....	69 00	69 00	189 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	45	.....	120 00	120 00	.....	40 00	40 00	160 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	46	.....	236 26	236 26	.....	.....	.....	236 26	.....	.....	.....	.....
	47	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	70 00	70 00	230 00	.....	6 00	.....	.....
	48	.....	175 00	175 00	.....	75 00	75 00	250 00	.....	.....	5 15	.....
	49	.....	129 00	129 00	.....	50 00	50 00	179 00	.....	.....	3 00	\$8 94
	50	.....	210 00	210 00	.....	75 00	75 00	285 00	.....	.....	4 66	.....
	51	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	175 00	175 00	375 00	.....	.....	7 30	.....
	52	.....	152 00	152 00	.....	49 00	49 00	201 00	.....	.....	7 75	.....
	53	.....	70 00	70 00	.....	.....	.....	70 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	54	.....	315 00	315 00	.....	80 00	80 00	395 00	.....	6 32	.....	.....
	55	.....	70 00	70 00	.....	40 00	40 00	110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	56	.....	238 50	238 50	.....	65 00	65 00	303 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
General Fund .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	67 83
Total for County....	56	\$8,993 43	\$20,103 01	\$29,096 44	\$1,718 50	\$5,424 25	\$7,142 75	\$86,239 19	\$46 57	.....	\$672 61	\$94 72

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$155 00	\$90 00	\$215 00
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	213 00	75 00	288 00
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,081 25	160 00	1,191 25
4	\$9 88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	212 43	107 50	319 93
5	5 51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	110 51	65 00	175 51
6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 55	100 00	286 55
7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	601 60	210 00	811 60
8	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	339 50	190 00	529 50
9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	484 15	255 00	739 15
10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	974 65	223 95	1,198 60
11	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	995 35	315 00	1,310 35
12	12 79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	339 19	120 00	459 19
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$80 00	.....	40 00	.....	8,115 00	170 00	8,285 00
14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	435 00	140 00	575 00
15	42 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	348 00	185 00	533 00
16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	50 00	150 00
17	.....	\$8 15	.....	.....	17 50	.....	.....	.....	240 13	191 15	431 28
18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 00	60 00	480 00
19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 45	40 00	51 45
20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	653 30	342 65	995 95
21	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	567 00	160 00	727 00
22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	7,010 00	1,020 00	8,030 00
23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	672 73	200 00	872 73
24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270 00	80 00	350 00
25	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	230 65	89 00	369 65
26	9 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	409 33	60 00	469 33
27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	930 00	100 00	1,030 00
28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	259 65	131 25	390 90
29	1 45	32 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	338 45	70 05	408 50
30	2 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	302 05	60 00	362 05
31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	244 65	114 50	359 15
32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	290 00	225 00	485 00
33	.....	2 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	202 25	352 25
34	7 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	247 60	77 00	324 60
35	10 20	.....	.....	\$5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	232 70	55 00	287 70
36	2 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	160 50	57 50	218 00
37	10 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	632 60	100 00	732 60

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	38	\$1,200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$3,857 50	\$400 00	\$3,757 50
	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	827 72	62 50	890 22
	40	.....	\$14 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	39 15	189 15
	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	181 00	80 00	261 00
	42	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	381 15	100 00	481 15
	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	201 20	60 00	261 20
	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 40	69 00	189 40
	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	125 82	40 00	165 82
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	236 26	.....	236 26
	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	171 15	70 00	241 15
	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	178 00	78 94	256 94
	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	183 66	50 00	183 66
	50	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	247 80	75 00	322 80
	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$109 50	.....	.....	207 75	284 50	492 25
	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	152 00	49 00	201 00
	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	70 00	.....	70 00
	54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	322 02	80 00	402 02
	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	70 00	40 00	110 00
	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	258 75	65 00	323 75
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	206 00	67 88	273 88
Total for County....	56	\$1,551 53	\$55 10	.....	\$5 00	\$77 50	\$275 15	\$185 00	.....	\$31,579 65	\$7,572 72	\$39,152 37

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

District & Number	Enrollment.											
	Public Schools.						Negro.					
	White.			Negro.			White.			Negro.		
	Town.	Country.		Town.	Country.		In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	Grand Total.	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	Grand Total.
							Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1	1	1 1/2
2	1	1
3	1
4
5	1 1/2
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
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ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Enrollment.																	
	Public Schools.						Negro.											
	White.		Negro.		White.				Negro.									
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total					
					Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls		Total				
38	1	.....	2	.....	102	104	206	.....	.....	148	183	331	.....	.....	331
39	1	.....	1	.....	29	45	74	.....	.....	44	45	89	.....	.....	89
40	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
46	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
47	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
49	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
50	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
51	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
52	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
53	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
54	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
55	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
56	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for Co....	12	55	10	*70	669	727	1,396	806	811	1,677	3,073	633	755	1,388	2,303	2,424	4,737	6,125

*Fractions indicate schools partly supported by joint districts or schools supported by two adjoining districts in the county.

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.											
	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total	
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total			
1	.....	.....	.....	11	6	17	.....	.....	.....	24	23	47
2	.....	.....	.....	12	12	24	.....	.....	.....	7	10	17
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	20	35
4	35	43	78	14	14	28	.....	25	40	16	14	30
5	.....	.....	.....	7	5	12	.....	.....	.....	27	19	46
6	.....	.....	.....	4	5	9	.....	.....	.....	21	24	45
7	.....	.....	.....	6	5	11	.....	.....	.....	36	37	73
8	15	16	31	8	11	19	.....	.....	.....	22	36	58
9	.....	.....	.....	3	4	5	.....	.....	.....	23	30	53
10	17	15	32	1	4	5	.....	40	77	27	27	54
11	22	30	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	38	59	84	88	172
12	18	20	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	44	74
13	.....	.....	.....	8	16	24	.....	.....	.....	41	78	119
14	41	62	103	33	22	55	.....	12	26	43	39	82
15	.....	.....	.....	13	12	25	.....	.....	.....	79	67	146
16	.....	.....	.....	4	4	8	.....	.....	.....	20	25	45
17	.....	.....	.....	1	3	4	.....	.....	.....	66	62	128
18	.....	.....	.....	3	3	6	.....	.....	.....	21	23	44
19	.....	.....	.....	18	27	45	.....	.....	.....	9	21	30
20	.....	.....	.....	21	14	35	.....	.....	.....	36	39	75
21	.....	.....	.....	11	10	21	.....	.....	.....	23	27	50
22	253	252	505	.....	.....	.....	159	167	326	.....	.....	.....
23	.....	.....	.....	9	5	14	.....	.....	.....	35	40	75
24	.....	.....	.....	9	6	15	.....	.....	.....	41	26	67
25	.....	.....	.....	6	8	14	.....	.....	.....	20	26	46
26	.....	.....	.....	21	23	44	.....	.....	.....	18	15	33
27	.....	.....	.....	33	36	69	.....	.....	.....	20	27	47
28	.....	.....	.....	13	10	23	.....	.....	.....	23	40	63
29	.....	.....	.....	21	20	41	.....	.....	.....	18	11	29
30	.....	.....	.....	19	19	38	.....	.....	.....	16	9	25
31	.....	.....	.....	10	11	21	.....	.....	.....	40	51	91
32	.....	.....	.....	4	2	6	.....	.....	.....	36	44	80
33	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	35	59
34	.....	.....	.....	6	5	11	.....	.....	.....	14	22	36
35	.....	.....	.....	18	17	35	.....	.....	.....	15	14	29
36	.....	.....	.....	11	11	22	.....	.....	.....	15	16	31
37	.....	.....	.....	24	34	58	.....	.....	.....	29	33	62

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of Districts	Area	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.							
		White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women				
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	
1	9.1	1	\$200 00	.....	.....	.....	1	\$50 00	\$0 75	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
2	9.5	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	1	100 00	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
3	17.0	1	2,500 00	.....	.....	.....	1	300 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	1
4	9.0	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	1	65 00	7 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
5	12.0	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1	1 75	1 25	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
6	10.9	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1	50 00	4 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
7	18.25	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	3	100 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1
8	12.86	1	500 00	.....	.....	.....	1	100 00	4 50	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2
9	31.9	2	1,200 00	.....	.....	.....	1	100 00	6 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
10	24.84	1	1,600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2
11	9.50	1	1,700 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
12	13.0	1	1,100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	90 00	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
13	12.0	3	2,500 00	.....	.....	.....	4	498 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	7
14	9.45	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	2	95 50	3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
15	13.28	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
16	9.8	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
17	13.17	1	350 00	.....	.....	.....	1	50 00	9 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
18	12.85	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	1	100 00	6 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
19	12.08	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
20	10.0	1	1,200 00	.....	.....	.....	1	300 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2
21	10.35	2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	2	100 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2
22	10.6	2	48,000 00	.....	.....	1	2	2,000 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	19
23	7.5	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	2	90 00	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
24	9.50	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	3 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
25	16.68	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	1	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
26	10.04	2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	1	100 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1
27	10.9	1	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	1	100 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
28	9.0	1	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1
29	13.75	2	600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
30	9.8	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1
31	11.94	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	1	75 00	4 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
32	16.07	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	9 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
33	15.22	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	2 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
34	9.78	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	3 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
35	8.90	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	1	75 00	2 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
36	9.54	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1	80 00	2 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
37	12.8	2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	125 00	13 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
			White.		Negro.		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
38	14.5	1	\$3,500 00	2	\$600 00	\$25 00	2</

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. FOSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Coe.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men			Women			Town	Country	Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade							
1				1				30			12		W. R. Williams, Abbeville.
2				1			28	24		16	12		R. J. Link, Abbeville.
3					2			23			16		Joh. S. Martin, Abbeville.
4	1							14			17		S. L. Wilson, Abbeville.
5	1							30			12		J. N. Gilliam, Abbeville.
6				1			24	24			20		D. A. Harrison, M. D., Abbeville.
7					1			26			47		F. E. Wardlaw, Abbeville.
8					1		24	21		12	38		D. F. Harrison, M. D., Abbeville.
9					2		32			12	46		D. W. Thomas, Abbeville.
10	1										38		O. B. Watts, Abbeville.
11	2						26	23		10	24		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
12								56			46		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
13								29			23		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
14								30			36		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
15								14			10		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
16								24			34		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
17	1							28			12		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
18											8		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
19								28			24		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
20								48			23		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
21	2						108			64	23		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
22	1							33			33		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
23								24			16		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
24								24			14		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
25	1							40			10		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
26	1							33			10		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
27								24			21		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
28								26			6		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
29								24			10		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
30								20			7		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
31								24			36		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
32								24			40		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
33								24			14		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
34								24			8		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
35								16			11		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
36								48			16		J. C. W. H. R. P. W. Rot, Abbeville.
37													H. J. J.

ABBEVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. FORSTER HAMMOND, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Men				Women			White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Town	County	Town	County			
38	1				2			26		28				Dr. F. J. Presley, Due West.
39	1				1			23		10				J. J. Dunn, Donalds.
40					1						4			J. O.
41					1						16			J. P.
42	1										16			J. B.
43	1										13			G. W.
44					1						13			G. W. Burt, Honen Path.
45					1						13			J. Ashley, Honen Path.
46											7			M. Norris, Antreville.
47	1													C. M. Richey, Honen Path.
48											14			J. A.
49					1						12			L. M.
50					1						10			W. R.
51					2						12			W. T.
52					3						28			W. H.
53						1					14			R. W.
54					1									L. A.
55					1						16			L. R.
56					1						16			J. W. Milford, Abbeville.
57					1						12			
58					1									
Total for Co.	18	1			60	11		303	1,176	152	964			

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—O. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Aiken	1	\$4,481 59	\$491 26	\$3,387 95	\$67 45	\$2,359 95	\$2,183 35	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$51 82	\$13,023 37	\$8,996 60	\$4,026 77
Bethera	2	561 56	68 59	268 45	20 13	186 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 34	1,109 87	565 07	544 80
Beulah	3	449 47	63 70	695 10	25 20	483 85	157 45	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,374 77	1,015 65	859 12
Bloomington	4	332 93	56 53	246 10	14 53	171 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	821 19	525 25	225 94
Burcaloo	5	500 04	43 44	255 70	7 59	177 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	984 67	550 00	434 67
Caper's Chapel	6	440 42	38 86	475 85	9 91	332 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53 15	1,350 30	730 88	619 47
Downer	7	1,534 99	326 28	1,485 15	87 50	1,032 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21 98	4,483 70	3,825 60	663 01
Cedar Creek	8	129 07	11 16	192 00	2 56	133 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	468 29	291 00	177 29
China Spring	9	276 25	89 37	346 80	24 97	241 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 61	990 30	822 00	153 30
Chinquapin	10	93 63	28 25	363 35	10 58	252 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	747 96	489 55	258 41
Courtney	11	1,037 66	186 06	608 70	47 59	422 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9 63	2,312 24	1,079 15	1,233 09
Coward	12	678 54	55 32	414 30	18 34	273 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 42	1,441 47	674 49	766 98
Farle	13	276 33	41 81	217 50	12 20	150 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	698 09	393 40	304 69
Edisto River	14	153 05	11 05	88 15	2 02	56 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310 82	312 70	-1 33
Edisto	15	71 90	27 09	128 20	5 51	89 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	371 75	269 20	102 55
Ellenton	16	1,348 22	189 23	691 90	46 30	581 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,857 10	1,807 47	1,049 63
Enterprise	17	500 96	46 80	204 75	17 84	142 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 61	914 31	456 45	457 96
Fairview	18	378 44	156 23	284 40	48 77	197 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13 39	1,078 98	639 65	439 33
Giddy Swamp	19	214 75	58 69	233 35	13 19	162 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	683 30	397 00	286 30
Grace	20	226 77	9 16	239 75	2 52	166 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 14	646 09	387 68	259 41
Gloverville	21	96 97	15 27	284 40	4 02	197 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	588 46	500 05	98 41
Graniteville	22	1,183 50	542 96	1,733 95	60 84	1,206 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,727 75	3,473 00	1,254 75
Hawthorne	23	1,328 08	111 01	927 65	33 09	645 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 70	3,049 23	992 75	2,056 48
Hopewell	24	258 00	41 26	341 10	9 55	236 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	886 56	483 70	402 86
Hopewell	25	883 87	25 06	293 90	8 52	204 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,416 80	502 88	912 97
Horse Creek	26	527 31	42 84	420 70	10 63	292 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 15	1,236 78	490 00	805 78
Cathwood	27	539 73	62 87	233 35	10 64	162 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	1,059 96	475 00	584 96
Ladrum	28	1,357 71	48 91	755 60	12 75	529 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 29	2,709 16	481 00	2,281 16
Langley	29	709 18	457 80	1,702 05	55 10	1,184 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,108 58	4,271 50	-162 92
Levels	31	394 23	33 44	262 10	12 64	182 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	885 78	324 45	561 33
McLaurin	32	227 11	20 28	140 95	10 66	98 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 61	498 61	456 20	42 41
McTier	33	505 48	62 68	436 60	23 68	307 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 14	1,338 28	1,223 15	115 13
Millbrook	34	64 41	74 11	417 48	28 79	289 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	874 69	886 37	-11 68
Monetta	35	677 12	107 45	471 70	25 48	327 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 61	1,610 89	1,127 85	483 04

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—O. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Montmorenci	36	\$541 74	\$35 53	\$350 60	\$11 59	\$243 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1 61	\$1,184 32	\$751 75	\$432 57
Mt. Calvary	37	269 57	40 68	313 40	12 19	217 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	853 59	454 00	399 59
Mt. Ebal	38	314 08	15 07	239 75	8 52	166 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	739 12	409 25	329 87
Neeston	39	862 44	66 61	401 65	19 61	278 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	1,630 18	395 85	1,284 33
Oak Grove	40	612 33	64 91	163 30	21 25	113 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 22	978 56	432 65	545 91
Oakwood	41	229 30	15 31	207 90	5 10	144 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 61	603 87	412 70	191 17
Perry	42	710 83	79 65	481 30	28 19	334 25	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 68	1,881 97	987 68	894 29
Pine Forest	43	376 92	20 43	481 30	11 11	384 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$110 00	1 61	1,835 62	953 40	877 22
Plateau	44	330 67	83 83	262 10	13 74	182 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	153 22	1,025 91	685 00	340 91
Redd's Branch	45	536 75	42 73	255 70	27 54	177 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 15	1,042 67	397 30	645 37
Round Top	46	1,220 17	84 38	380 15	15 67	249 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,930 27	497 71	1,432 56
Sally	47	8 01	133 65	695 05	23 70	453 75	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 42	1,350 53	1,540 00	1,432 56
Shultz	48	1,521 21	222 35	1,067 20	57 17	743 25	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	17 67	3,629 35	2,927 75	—189 42
Shaw's Fork	49	1,042 24	62 79	366 50	22 16	254 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	1,749 11	829 93	701 60
Shiloh	50	92 33	51 25	287 50	15 22	200 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53 21	700 16	724 54	—24 38
Shoals	51	389 87	43 72	407 95	12 63	283 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 19	1,140 66	550 65	590 01
Silverton	52	248 32	149 35	427 05	54 36	206 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	1,176 80	737 50	439 30
Sleepy Hollow	53	600 08	85 36	249 25	24 35	173 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 61	1,134 08	693 63	440 40
Smythe	54	645 86	84 27	452 55	18 17	314 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 75	1,518 75	579 40	989 35
Spring Branch	55	18 48	10 15	188 80	1 53	131 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 14	852 40	222 50	129 90
Tabernacle	56	1,644 28	176 92	704 65	49 90	490 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 87	3,071 62	1,062 60	2,009 02
Talatha	57	550 43	82 09	363 35	32 48	252 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 22	1,283 72	476 79	806 93
Town Creek	58	273 38	12 14	160 10	4 03	111 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	562 07	409 98	152 09
Treadway	59	109 81	17 20	290 65	5 55	185 95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	609 16	536 90	72 26
Wagener	60	558 30	159 65	860 80	27 24	598 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	2,205 96	2,193 70	12 26
Wards	61	971 91	113 26	300 25	32 43	208 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 22	1,629 97	501 50	1,128 47
Warrenville	62	601 57	111 16	714 25	11 12	497 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 21	1,938 41	1,115 00	823 41
White Pond	63	274 55	72 99	306 65	32 43	213 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	949 97	663 29	286 68
Windsor	64	427 42	122 87	284 40	42 56	197 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 21	1,078 21	594 80	483 41
Webster	65	328 45	37 40	290 65	15 12	202 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	873 87	469 40	404 47
North Augusta	66	1,505 80	233 14	1,207 45	68 69	839 50	801 58	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	42 82	4,698 98	3,911 34	782 64
Ott	67	343 09	.....	223 30	.....	155 55	72 87	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 61	845 42	397 00	448 42
Plunkett	68	.....	.....	118 60	.....	82 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	201 15	165 00	86 15
N. Augusta H. School	*1	1,186 33	.....	132 75	.....	797 40	.....	.....	\$675 00	.....	.....	.....	589 76	3,381 29	2,199 67	1,181 62
Total for County....	67	\$41,831 52	\$6,176 19	\$32,866 33	\$1,506 49	\$23,635 31	\$3,450 82	.....	\$675 00	.....	.....	\$110 00	\$1,244 60	\$111,505 26	\$69,799 84	\$41,705 42

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—O. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$1,875 00	\$8,345 00	\$5,220 00	\$450 00	\$337 50	\$1,287 50	\$6,507 50	.....	.....	\$102 50	\$25 00
2	.....	391 50	391 50	.....	125 00	125 00	516 50	.....	.....	22 55	6 35
3	460 00	240 00	700 00	150 00	100 00	250 00	950 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	300 25	300 25	.....	225 00	225 00	525 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	400 00	400 00	.....	150 00	150 00	550 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	365 00	365 00	180 00	170 00	350 00	715 00	.....	.....	15 83	.....
7	1,000 00	402 50	1,402 50	824 35	235 00	1,109 35	2,511 85	.....	\$25 75	637 00	.....
8	.....	210 00	210 00	.....	75 00	75 00	285 00	.....	.....	6 00	.....
9	.....	535 00	535 00	.....	217 00	217 00	802 00	.....	.....	12 25	7 75
10	.....	414 00	414 00	.....	60 00	60 00	474 00	.....	.....	2 00	.....
11	520 00	280 00	800 00	.....	256 50	256 50	1,056 50	\$15 20	.....	45	7 00
12	.....	500 00	500 00	.....	120 00	120 00	620 00	6 85	.....	14 95	32 09
13	.....	270 00	270 00	112 00	.....	112 00	382 00	.....	.....	9 55	.....
14	55 00	240 00	295 00	.....	.....	.....	295 00	17 70	.....	40 00	.....
15	.....	180 00	180 00	25 00	.....	25 00	205 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	600 00	780 00	1,380 00	122 50	275 00	397 50	1,727 50	83 97	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	325 00	325 00	.....	130 00	130 00	455 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	430 00	430 00	.....	180 00	180 00	610 00	.....	.....	9 65	.....
19	300 00	.....	300 00	.....	90 00	90 00	390 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	270 00	270 00	.....	100 00	100 00	370 00	10 55	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	415 00	415 00	.....	69 00	69 00	484 00	.....	.....	8 06	.....
22	400 00	2,268 00	2,668 00	280 00	525 00	805 00	3,473 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	.....	520 00	520 00	.....	375 00	375 00	895 00	.....	.....	14 25	19 50
24	388 50	.....	388 50	.....	90 00	90 00	478 50	.....	.....	2 70	.....
25	.....	275 00	275 00	.....	90 00	90 00	365 00	30 73	.....	52 55	2 55
26	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	250 00	250 00	490 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	320 00	320 00	145 00	.....	145 00	465 00	.....	.....	5 00	.....
28	.....	150 00	150 00	201 00	125 00	326 00	476 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1,575 00	2,177 50	3,752 50	100 00	180 00	280 00	4,062 50	.....	.....	224 00	15 00
30	.....	204 00	204 00	.....	120 00	120 00	324 00	.....	.....	15	30
31	.....	227 50	227 50	75 00	.....	75 00	302 50	.....	.....	1 70	2 00
32	.....	705 00	705 00	.....	125 00	125 00	830 00	18 85	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	90 00	90 00	760 00	66 66	.....	18 01	.....
34	430 00	840 00	840 00	.....	95 00	95 00	935 00	44 90	.....	87 15	19 30
35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—C. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
36	.....	.....	\$320 00	\$320 00	.....	\$100 00	\$100 00	\$420 00	.....	.....	\$28 30	.....
37	\$150 00	.....	815 00	815 00	.....	135 00	135 00	450 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	.....	.....	345 00	345 00	.....	62 ..	62 50	407 50	.....	.....	1 75	.....
39	.....	.....	250 00	250 00	.....	135 00	135 00	385 00	.....	.....	10 85	.....
40	.....	.....	270 00	270 00	.....	100 00	100 00	370 00	.....	.....	20 30	.....
41	.....	.....	250 00	250 00	.....	150 00	150 00	400 00	.....	.....	12 40	\$0 30
42	450 00	.....	600 00	600 00	\$150 00	120 00	270 00	960 00	.....	.....	27 63	.....
43	.....	.....	520 00	520 00	.....	150 00	150 00	670 00	.....	.....	1 40	.....
44	.....	.....	470 00	470 00	.....	115 00	115 00	585 00	.....	.....	100 00	.....
45	261 75	.....	261 75	261 75	100 00	.....	100 00	361 75	.....	.....	27 55	.....
46	.....	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	120 00	120 00	420 00	.....	.....	18 70	.....
47	800 00	.....	1,440 00	1,440 00	100 00	.....	100 00	1,540 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	1,035 00	.....	1,335 00	1,335 00	.....	521 00	521 00	2,856 00	.....	.....	82 75	.....
49	.....	.....	510 00	510 00	.....	145 00	145 00	655 00	.....	.....	24 40	2 50
50	.....	.....	422 50	422 50	.....	134 50	134 50	557 00	.....	\$18 64	73 45	.....
51	.....	.....	250 00	250 00	.....	300 00	300 00	550 00	.....	.....	65 ..	.....
52	.....	.....	440 00	440 00	.....	250 00	250 00	690 00	.....	.....	41 50	.....
53	.....	.....	475 00	475 00	.....	120 00	120 00	595 00	.....	17 63	51 00	.....
54	450 00	.....	450 00	450 00	80 00	.....	120 00	570 00	.....	.....	3 00	.....
55	.....	.....	192 50	192 50	.....	.....	80 00	222 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
56	300 00	.....	675 00	675 00	.....	325 00	325 00	1,000 00	.....	.....	62 60	.....
57	.....	.....	330 00	330 00	.....	104 00	104 00	434 00	.....	6 50	.....	.....
58	.....	.....	292 50	292 50	.....	75 00	75 00	367 50	.....	32 48	10 00	.....
59	.....	.....	440 00	440 00	.....	81 00	81 00	521 00	.....	.....	15 90	.....
60	720 00	.....	1,440 00	1,440 00	157 50	95 00	252 50	1,692 50	.....	.....	51 20	.....
61	.....	.....	337 50	337 50	150 00	.....	150 00	487 50	.....	.....	8 75	.....
62	.....	.....	910 00	910 00	200 00	.....	200 00	1,110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
63	.....	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	170 00	170 00	470 00	.....	.....	193 29	.....
64	.....	.....	505 00	505 00	.....	75 00	75 00	580 00	.....	.....	11 80	.....
65	.....	.....	240 75	240 75	.....	170 00	170 00	410 75	.....	58 65	.....	.....
66	.....	.....	1,881 00	1,881 00	.....	390 00	390 00	2,271 00	.....	.....	274 26	6 00
67	.....	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	75 00	75 00	375 00	.....	16 00	.....	.....
68	.....	.....	150 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
*1	1,200 00	.....	900 00	2,100 00	.....	.....	.....	2,100 00	.....	.....	99 67	.....
Total for County...		\$12,970 25	\$33,002 00	\$45,972 25	\$8,552 35	\$9,868 00	\$13,420 35	\$59,392 60	\$395 31	\$25 75	\$2,648 44	\$149 84

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—O. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	.....	.....	\$300 00	.....	\$2,001 00	.....	.....	.....	\$7,683 50	\$1,313 16	\$8,996 60
2	\$19 67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	483 72	131 35	565 07
3	23 85	\$1 30	.....	.....	40 50	.....	.....	.....	764 35	251 30	1,015 65
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 25	225 00	525 25
5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	400 00	150 00	550 00
6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	380 83	350 00	730 83
7	.....	.....	172 98	.....	.....	\$428 11	.....	.....	2,262 48	1,563 21	3,825 69
8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	216 00	75 00	291 00
9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	597 25	224 75	822 00
10	8 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	429 55	60 00	489 55
11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	815 65	263 50	1,079 15
12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	521 80	152 69	674 49
13	1 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	281 40	112 00	393 40
14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	312 70	.....	312 70
15	.....	.....	.....	.....	24 20	.....	.....	.....	244 20	25 00	269 20
16	.....	.....	36 00	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	1,409 97	397 50	1,807 47
17	1 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	326 45	130 00	456 45
18	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	5 00	.....	444 65	195 00	639 65
19	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	307 00	90 00	397 00
20	.....	7 13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 55	107 13	387 68
21	.....	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	423 05	77 00	500 05
22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,668 00	805 00	3,473 00
23	2 50	.....	.....	36 50	25 00	.....	.....	.....	561 75	431 00	992 75
24	2 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	393 70	90 00	483 70
25	.....	.....	.....	5 00	46 00	.....	.....	.....	405 28	97 55	502 83
26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 00	250 00	490 00
27	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	325 00	150 00	475 00
28	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	331 00	481 00
29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,976 50	235 00	4,271 50
31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	204 15	120 30	324 45
32	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	379 20	77 00	456 20
33	.....	.....	.....	.....	369 30	.....	5 00	.....	1,098 15	125 00	1,223 15
34	.....	.....	.....	.....	41 70	.....	.....	.....	796 37	90 00	886 37
35	22 00	.....	.....	19 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	994 05	133 80	1,127 85

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—C. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$303 45	.....	.....	.....	\$651 75	\$100 00	\$751 75
	37	\$4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	319 00	185 00	454 00
	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	346 75	62 50	409 25
	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	260 85	135 00	395 85
	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$32 35	\$10 00	.....	300 30	132 85	432 65
	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	262 40	150 30	412 70
	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	717 68	270 00	987 68
	43	.....	.....	.....	\$6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	802 40	156 00	958 40
	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	281 00	.....	.....	.....	570 00	115 00	685 00
	45	.....	.....	.....	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	289 30	108 00	397 30
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	377 71	120 00	497 71
	47	12 70	.....	.....	.....	46 81	.....	.....	.....	1,440 00	100 00	1,540 00
	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,406 75	521 00	2,927 75
	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	489 00	.....	.....	.....	682 43	147 50	829 93
	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	148 03	.....	.....	.....	590 04	134 50	724 54
	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 45	.....	.....	.....	250 65	300 00	550 65
	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	481 50	256 00	737 50
	53	.....	.....	.....	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	543 63	150 00	693 63
	54	6 40	.....	.....	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	459 40	120 00	579 40
	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	192 50	80 00	272 50
	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	787 60	325 00	1,062 60
	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	872 79	104 00	976 79
	58	4 00	.....	.....	.....	82 29	.....	.....	.....	884 98	76 00	960 98
	59	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	455 90	81 00	536 90
	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,941 20	252 50	2,193 70
	61	5 25	.....	.....	.....	450 00	.....	.....	.....	351 50	150 00	501 50
	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	915 00	200 00	1,115 00
	63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	498 29	170 00	668 29
	64	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	516 80	78 00	594 80
	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	299 40	170 00	469 40
	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	995 61	364 47	.....	.....	8,150 87	760 47	8,911 34
	67	.....	.....	.....	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	316 00	81 00	397 00
	68	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	165 00	.....	165 00
	*1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,199 67	.....	2,199 67
Total for County.....	67	\$116 72	\$16 43	\$508 98	\$142 00	\$5,538 84	\$924 93	\$45 00	.....	\$55,220 54	\$14,579 30	\$69,799 84

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—C. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Enrollment.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
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	White.		Negro.		Country	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			Grand Total.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country		Boys	Girls	Total.	Boys	Girls	Total.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
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AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—C. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.															
Number of District.	White.						Negro.								
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			Grand Total		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Grand Total
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
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39
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41
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44
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68
1
High School															
Total for County.....															

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—C. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Pub- lic Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers										
		White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women							
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade				
1	1	\$50,000 00	1	\$1,500 00	.....	4	\$1,000 00	\$200 00	2	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	1	330 00	1	220 00	.....	.....	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	1	800 00	1	85 00	.....	.....	90 00	2 00	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	1	450 00	1	300 00	.....	.....	75 00	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	1	1	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	1	150 00	2	325 00	.....	.....	23 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	3	1,500 00	1	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	1	410 00	.....	.....	1	.....	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	2	300 00	.....	.....	.....	1	75 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	2	475 00	1	90 00	.....	2	60 00	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1	1,200 00	2	500 00	.....	.....	151 00	26 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	1	250 00	1	40 00	.....	.....	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	1	150 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	58 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	53 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	1	500 00	.....	.....	.....	1	61 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	2	4	45 00	13 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1	200 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	44 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	.....	172 00	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	365 00	.....	.....	.....	1	48 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1	125 00	1	40 00	.....	.....	30 00	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	1	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	2	250 00	.....	.....	.....	3	115 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	1	550 00	.....	.....	.....	1	125 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	1	94 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	2	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	1	265 00	.....	.....	.....	1	71 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28
29	2	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	1	120 00	.....	.....	.....	1	47 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	1	175 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	11 00	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	2	875 00	.....	.....	.....	2	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	1	1,250 00	.....	.....	.....	1	478 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	1	600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	125 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—C. H. SEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
		White		Negro		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
86	1	\$850 00	1	\$75 00	1	1	

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION—C. H. HEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro							White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country			
1	3					1	5	36	30	108	18	3	W. W. Muckenfuss, Aiken.	
2			1				1		32		18		P. B. Follmer, Wagener.	
3							1		28		24		S. B. Williams, Samaria.	
4							1		36		20			
5	1				1		2		32		52			
6	3				3	1	6		38		72		hings Mill.	
7							2		24		12		Ga., R. 4.	
8							2		52		32		., R. 3.	
9							1		41		12		., 4.	
10					1		1		32		32			
11						1	3		32		16			
12							1		24		12			
13			1				1		24					
14									24					
15		1					1		16		4			
16					2	1	4	32	32		43			
17									36		14			
18					1		1		32		24			
19						1	1		24		12			
20							1		24		20			
21						1	1		35		12			
22	1				3		4	56	56	56			W. A. Giles, Graniteville.	
23			1		1	1	3		55		33		G. T. McLane, Hawthorne.	
24						1	1		24		12		S. N. Whetstone, Perry.	
25	1						1		24		12		Henry	
26					2		2		24		40		A. R. C. F.	
27			1				1		32		20		B. F.	
28		1					1			72	44		A. T. H.	
29	1				1		3		20		48		L. D. J.	
30							1		26		14		D. H.	
31							1		52		20		S. H.	
32	1				1	1	3		32		12		H. M. Sawyer, Monetta.	
33							1				12		C. L. Weeks, Montmorenci.	
34							1							
35			1				1	32						

AIKEN COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—C. H. BEIGLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers									Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	White		Negro		White	Negro			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	Country	Town	Country					
36							1								16	A. Johnson, Windsor.
37							1								18	B. O.
38	1														10	W. E.
39															18	B. N.
40															16	H.
41							1								40	J. Q.
42	1						3			24					24	A. S.
43															24	J. P.
44							1								16	B.
45	1														16	E. S.
46							1								16	H.
47	1						2			13						Dr. H.
48							4								64	J. H.
49							1								14	Luther
50							1								10	A. W.
51							2								40	J. W.
52							2								32	Horace
53							1								16	R. B.
54							1								12	J. R.
55							1									E. T.
56							1								40	C. L.
57							1								16	R. D.
58							1								12	S.
59							1								12	J. A.
60							1								21	Cyrus
61							1								20	John
62	1						1			20						J. J.
63							1								30	W. B.
64							1								12	M. R.
65							1								20	Wayne
66							1			24						J. L.
67							2									G. C.
68																J. W.
69																
Total for Co.	14	8	6	25	20	24	98	438	1,888	244	1,528					

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Fork	1	\$484 11	\$184 00	\$1,056 75	\$58 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$136 74	\$1,980 10	\$1,226 59	\$708 51
Pendleton	2	—680 09	188 00	772 48	55 50	.....	\$416 15	3	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	843 04	1,262 05	—419 01
St. Paul	4	—39 05	102 00	325 76	88 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	426 71	488 85	—12 14
Rock Mills	5	5 92	124 00	639 70	41 00	.....	241 42	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	87 50	1,189 54	852 88	336 66
Centerville	6	280 27	527 00	1,356 12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	2,183 39	1,957 50	225 89
Hopewell	7	466 42	155 00	701 10	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	900 00	2,562 52	2,860 43	202 09
Williamston	8	—50 55	75 00	174 00	17 50	.....	848 33	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	900 00	1,864 28	1,004 04	770 24
Savannah	9	95 18	123 00	527 11	34 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	779 79	607 60	172 19
Varenes	10	23 29	143 00	603 86	37 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	807 65	752 25	55 40
Broadway	11	235 70	175 00	683 19	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	10 00	1,143 89	912 95	230 94
Belton	12	321 09	539 00	1,727 18	74 50	.....	1,818 51	2	\$368 00	.....	5 00	.....	20 00	4,873 23	5,164 81	—291 58
Corner-	13	—4 03	123 00	455 47	23 00	.....	468 16	2½	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,165 60	1,447 98	—282 88
Hall	14	404 56	242 00	1,032 19	67 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,745 76	1,529 55	416 20
Martin	15	—113 86	90 00	342 88	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	849 52	471 00	—121 48
Honea Path	16	68 65	445 00	780 41	39 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,338 56	935 35	398 21
Anderson	17	—2,685 60	1,309 00	5,552 40	56 00	.....	13,819 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,340 89	21,392 53	20,719 60	672 93
Mountain View	18	—200 70	79 00	286 58	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 88	220 00	—33 12
Concrete	19	53 33	144 00	478 49	27 00	.....	216 90	3	.....	100 00	.....	300 00	900 00	2,219 72	2,247 20	—27 48
College	20	—215 95	251 00	1,425 21	92 50	.....	2,035 85	5	327 00	.....	5 00	.....	10 00	3,870 61	3,983 73	—63 12
Union Grove	21	13 33	75 00	307 06	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	404 89	435 00	—30 11
Pelzer	22	20 48	540 00	1,558 25	13 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,131 73	2,280 00	—148 27
Piedmont	23	109 60	150 00	542 47	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	814 07	738 00	76 07
Hunters	24	—109 72	252 00	1,235 86	56 00	.....	1,553 63	5	327 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,814 77	3,517 18	—202 41
Eureka	25	—86 62	75 00	304 51	9 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	301 89	301 85	..... 04
Saluda	26	473 59	60 00	404 28	21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	958 87	622 75	336 12
Lebanon	27	—196 06	174 00	811 08	54 00	.....	497 02	4	272 00	.....	.....	.....	98 00	1,705 04	1,882 16	—177 12
Bishop's Branch ..	28	175 08	105 00	322 41	32 00	.....	282 71	4	.....	.....	5 00	.....	10 00	982 15	700 83	231 82
Calhoun	29	87	75 00	286 12	39 00	.....	85 96	2	.....	89 36	5 00	.....	10 00	571 31	440 93	130 88
Cedar Grove	30	95 71	70 00	534 78	55 00	.....	481 52	4	.....	.....	.....	300 00	2,725 00	4,212 01	3,735 30	476 71
Three and Twenty ..	32	—14 05	101 00	483 61	27 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	597 56	572 59	24 97
Long Branch	33	—27 97	85 00	404 30	22 00	.....	220 98	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	804 26	827 50	—23 24
Gantt	34	—337 99	361 00	1,558 25	30 00	.....	2,943 15	4½	409 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	5,693 41	4,690 71	372 70
Friendship	35	—13 31	80 00	368 47	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	460 16	339 15	121 01
Cleveland	36	116 26	80 00	284 03	25 00	.....	98 91	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	599 20	583 00	16 20
Starr	37	531 11	221 00	559 97	45 00	.....	923 22	6	922 00	100 00	.....	.....	50 00	2,651 70	2,177 11	474 59
Flat Rock	38	—208 54	70 00	486 17	27 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	415 13	421 98	—6 85

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from (Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension	Libraries.	Building.				
Oak Grove	39	\$49 33	\$55 00	\$319 94	\$50 00	.....	\$126 80	2	.....	\$100 00	\$10 00	.....	\$30 00	\$740 97	\$675 90	\$65 07
Townville	40	—18 60	122 00	688 31	28 00	.....	499 91	6	\$168 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,487 62	1,352 40	135 22
Simpsonville	41	73 09	74 00	378 69	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	540 78	418 00	122 78
Whitefield	42	64 92	55 00	378 91	17 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	516 33	382 95	183 38
Good Hope	43	3 50	85 00	194 47	39 00	.....	144 81	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	568 78	487 16	129 62
Iva	44	576 41	232 00	823 92	54 00	.....	1,855 85	54	363 00	.....	5 00	.....	19 73	3,920 01	3,925 14	4 77
Ebenezer	45	—158 34	70 00	291 70	21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	224 36	370 00	—145 64
Bethany	46	72 61	84 00	358 24	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	534 85	451 00	83 85
Orrville	47	—271 72	395 00	2,412 86	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,561 14	2,567 00	—5 86
White Plains	48	—451 64	82 00	770 19	17 00	.....	159 64	3	272 00	.....	.....	.....	40 00	889 19	1,204 10	—314 91
Shiloh	49	220 33	98 00	353 11	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	30 00	731 44	425 00	308 44
Walker-McElmoyle	50	—694 44	138 00	749 71	34 00	.....	206 18	4	272 00	.....	.....	.....	390 50	1,185 95	1,594 25	—408 30
Melton	51	227 02	76 00	184 23	32 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	519 75	313 00	205 85
McLees	52	423 61	120 00	527 11	36 00	.....	206 46	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,313 18	610 90	702 26
Zion	53	1,201 66	107 00	528 13	23 00	.....	795 48	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	2,706 27	1,889 46	815 81
Piercetown	54	109 66	138 00	386 38	24 00	.....	195 74	3	.....	.....	5 00	.....	10 00	868 78	860 26	8 52
Bethel	55	—136 92	84 00	358 23	25 00	.....	106 04	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	536 35	604 00	—67 65
Beaverdam	56	—98 66	56 00	371 03	16 00	.....	135 38	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	579 75	373 71	206 04
Broyles	57	243 43	91 00	486 16	25 50	.....	186 24	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,032 33	804 25	228 08
Central	58	116 58	56 00	371 03	16 00	.....	108 27	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	85 00	837 88	829 17	8 71
Rocky River	59	—24 68	45 00	301 94	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$85 00	.....	330 26	363 42	—33 16
Neal's Creek	60	—38 17	73 00	355 69	26 00	.....	196 81	3	.....	100 00	5 00	.....	950 00	1,908 33	1,913 27	55 06
Moffettsville	61	155 46	96 00	174 01	18 50	.....	262 45	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	706 42	483 25	223 17
Williford	62	115 23	50 00	179 14	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	369 87	308 50	65 87
Fairview	63	120 88	49 00	225 19	14 50	.....	65 61	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	475 18	262 10	213 08
Airy Springs	64	207 11	79 00	675 84	31 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	992 95	788 50	204 45
Grove	65	29 58	62 00	163 76	17 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	1,107 15	1,779 49	1,518 46	261 03
Concord	66	70 42	192 00	542 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	804 86	561 05	243 81
Total for County...	64	\$1,149 57	\$10,456 00	\$42,902 11	\$1,909 50	.....	\$31,788 88	.....	\$3,000 00	\$1,489 36	\$70 00	\$1,885 00	11,935 51	106,535 93	\$98,492 00	\$8,108 93

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$658 75	\$424 50	\$983 25	.....	.....	\$200 00	\$1,183 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	590 00	420 00	1,010 00	\$135 00	.....	115 00	1,260 00	.....	.....	\$2 05	.....
4	.....	327 50	327 50	.....	.....	105 00	432 50	.....	.....	6 35	.....
5	.....	637 50	637 50	37 50	.....	125 00	800 00	.....	.....	52 88	.....
6	.....	1,596 00	1,596 00	.....	.....	238 00	1,834 00	.....	.....	62 17	.....
7	757 12	278 32	1,035 44	.....	.....	125 00	1,160 44	.....	.....	61 38	.....
8	.....	451 25	451 25	.....	.....	.....	451 25	.....	.....	42 79	.....
9	.....	441 00	441 00	85 00	.....	80 00	606 00	.....	.....	1 60	.....
10	450 00	202 25	652 25	100 00	.....	.....	752 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	.....	690 00	690 00	.....	.....	200 00	890 00	.....	.....	7 95	.....
12	1,240 00	3,624 00	4,864 00	150 00	.....	100 00	5,114 00	.....	.....	25 81	.....
13	365 00	448 50	813 50	380 00	.....	90 00	1,283 50	.....	.....	91 07	.....
14	.....	995 00	995 00	.....	.....	309 50	1,304 50	.....	.....	25 05	.....
15	165 00	240 00	405 00	.....	.....	60 00	465 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	.....	720 00	720 00	.....	.....	200 00	920 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	3,937 50	10,968 00	14,905 50	990 00	.....	1,715 00	17,610 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	157 50	157 50	.....	.....	62 50	220 00	.....	.....	5 35	.....
19	.....	635 25	635 25	.....	.....	122 85	758 10	.....	.....	2,499 65	.....
20	720 00	1,980 00	2,700 00	240 00	.....	240 00	3,180 00	.....	.....	10 00	.....
21	.....	350 00	350 00	.....	.....	80 00	430 00	.....	.....	708 78	.....
22	450 00	1,830 00	2,280 00	.....	.....	.....	2,280 00	.....	.....	5 00	.....
23	.....	720 00	720 00	.....	.....	.....	720 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	825 00	1,530 00	2,355 00	.....	.....	400 50	2,755 50	.....	.....	18 00	.....
25	.....	191 00	191 00	98 75	.....	.....	289 75	.....	.....	58 40	.....
26	.....	454 55	454 55	.....	.....	115 00	569 55	.....	.....	12 10	.....
27	680 00	980 00	1,640 00	.....	.....	200 00	1,840 00	.....	.....	39 70	.....
28	.....	577 50	577 50	.....	.....	75 01	652 51	.....	.....	33 16	.....
29	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	.....	100 00	400 00	.....	.....	32 82	.....
30	425 00	.....	425 00	.....	.....	137 50	562 50	.....	.....	25 93	.....
32	.....	467 75	467 75	.....	.....	90 00	557 75	.....	.....	155 50	.....
33	.....	210 00	740 00	.....	.....	87 50	827 50	.....	.....	14 84	.....
34	1,000 00	2,768 50	3,768 50	220 00	.....	212 00	4,200 50	.....	.....	490 21	.....
35	.....	225 00	225 00	.....	.....	90 20	315 20	.....	.....	23 95	.....
36	455 00	.....	455 00	.....	.....	125 00	580 00	.....	.....	3 00	.....
37	600 00	950 50	1,550 50	.....	.....	85 00	1,635 50	.....	.....	871 13	.....
38	.....	264 40	264 40	66 58	.....	.....	330 98	.....	.....	12 45	.....

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
39	.....	\$572 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$572 75	\$25 00	.....	.....	\$30 65	.....
40	\$375 00	707 40	.....	.....	.....	\$70 00	1,152 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	.....	343 00	.....	.....	.....	75 00	418 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	312 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	312 50	.....	.....	.....	1 50	.....
43	.....	315 00	.....	.....	.....	100 00	415 00	.....	.....	.....	11 21	.....
44	637 50	1,825 75	.....	\$75 00	.....	75 00	2,538 25	48 52	.....	.....	1,277 89	.....
45	306 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	346 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
46	337 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	110 00	447 50	.....	.....	.....	3 50	.....
47	564 50	1,802 50	.....	.....	.....	200 00	2,567 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	595 00	500 00	.....	.....	.....	37 50	1,132 50	.....	.....	.....	81 60	.....
49	.....	285 00	.....	.....	.....	100 00	385 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
50	600 00	810 35	.....	.....	.....	100 00	1,510 35	15 00	.....	.....	45	.....
51	.....	236 25	.....	.....	.....	75 00	311 25	.....	.....	.....	2 65	.....
52	.....	498 75	.....	.....	.....	89 70	588 45	.....	.....	.....	22 45	.....
53	450 00	610 00	.....	135 00	.....	98 00	1,288 00	201 44	.....	.....	326 62	.....
54	.....	686 41	.....	.....	.....	135 00	821 41	.....	.....	.....	23 85	.....
55	.....	595 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	595 00	.....	.....	.....	9 00	.....
56	290 00	.....	.....	69 00	.....	.....	359 00	.....	.....	.....	14 71	.....
57	.....	635 75	.....	.....	.....	150 00	785 75	18 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
58	321 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	115 00	436 75	.....	.....	.....	51 52	.....
59	.....	280 00	.....	.....	.....	88 42	368 42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
60	.....	431 75	.....	.....	.....	112 50	544 25	90 52	.....	.....	18 00	.....
61	.....	350 00	.....	.....	.....	120 00	470 00	.....	.....	.....	18 25	.....
62	.....	210 00	.....	.....	.....	46 00	256 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
63	.....	171 00	.....	.....	.....	87 50	258 50	3 60	.....	.....	89 00	.....
64	.....	570 05	.....	.....	.....	172 50	742 55	.....	.....	.....	27 00	.....
65	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	90 00	290 00	40 85	.....	.....	38 75	.....
66	.....	444 20	.....	.....	.....	75 00	519 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County....		\$18,538 62	\$50,116 68	\$68,655 30	\$2,781 88	\$8,162 68	\$79,599 81	\$887 68	.....	\$6,717 52	\$27 65	

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	\$43 34	.....	\$1,026 59	\$200 00	\$1,226 59
2	1,012 05	250 00	1,262 05
4	333 85	105 00	438 85
5	690 38	162 50	852 88
6	1,719 50	233 00	1,957 50
7	\$1,199 99	.....	.....	.....	2,235 43	125 00	2,360 43
8	600 00	.....	.....	.....	1,034 04	.....	1,034 04
9	442 60	165 00	607 60
10	652 25	100 00	752 25
11	712 95	200 00	912 95
12	15 00	.....	4,914 81	250 00	5,164 81
13	25 00	.....	977 98	470 00	1,447 98
14	1,020 05	309 50	1,329 55
15	411 00	60 00	471 00
16	735 35	200 00	935 35
17	\$478 79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,986 95	2,732 66	20,719 60
18	157 50	62 50	220 00
19	1,479 10	.....	.....	.....	2,124 35	122 85	2,247 20
20	\$30 00	.....	.....	\$15 00	.....	3,423 73	510 00	3,933 73
21	355 00	80 00	435 00
22	2,280 00	.....	2,280 00
23	733 00	.....	733 00
24	650 00	.....	.....	.....	3,116 68	400 50	3,517 18
25	203 10	98 75	301 85
26	507 75	115 00	622 75
27	1,682 16	200 00	1,882 16
28	15 00	.....	625 32	75 01	700 33
29	15 00	.....	340 93	100 00	440 93
30	3,017 30	.....	.....	.....	3,597 30	137 50	3,735 30
32	432 59	90 00	522 59
33	740 00	87 50	827 50
34	4,258 71	432 00	4,690 71
35	243 95	90 20	333 15
36	453 00	125 00	578 00
37	114 48	.....	.....	.....	2,032 11	85 00	2,117 11
38	38 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	355 40	66 53	421 93

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	39	\$7 50				\$200 00		\$40 00		\$675 90		\$675 90
	40									1,282 40	\$70 00	1,352 40
	41									343 00	75 00	418 00
	42	18 95								332 95		332 95
	43	10 95								337 16		437 16
	44	35 75						24 73		3,850 14		3,925 14
	45					23 50				330 00	40 00	370 00
	46									341 00	110 00	451 00
	47									2,867 00	200 00	2,567 00
	48									1,166 60	37 50	1,204 10
	49							40 00		325 00	100 00	425 00
	50							40 00		1,425 80	168 45	1,594 25
	51									288 90	75 00	313 90
	52									521 20	89 70	610 90
	53					73 40				1,661 46	228 00	1,889 46
	54							15 00		725 26	135 00	860 26
	55									604 00		604 00
	56									304 71	69 00	373 71
	57									654 25	150 00	804 25
	58					340 90				714 17	115 00	829 17
	59									280 00	83 42	363 42
	60					1,250 50		15 00		1,800 77	112 50	1,913 27
	61									363 25	120 00	483 25
	62			\$37 50				10 00		257 50	46 00	303 50
	63									176 60	87 50	262 10
	64	6 95								616 00	172 50	788 50
	65					1,160 61				1,428 46	90 00	1,518 46
	66	3 10								486 05	75 00	561 05
Total for County....	64	\$600 54		\$37 50	\$30 00	\$10,109 78	\$68 45	\$353 07		\$57,361 39	\$11,070 61	\$98,432 00

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Public Schools.						Enrollment.									
	White.			Negro.			White.					Negro.				
	Town.		Country	Town.		Country	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total.
							Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
1	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	133	123	256	.....	.....	.....	124
2	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	98	86	184	.....	.....	.....	172
4	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	54	35	89	.....	.....	.....	64
5	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	55	43	98	.....	.....	.....	192
6	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	210	211	421	.....	.....	.....	241
7	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	65	63	128	.....	.....	.....	102
8	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	49	58	107	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	19	45	.....	.....	.....	116
10	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	82	66	148	.....	.....	.....	137
11	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	86	66	152	.....	.....	.....	131
12	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	250	240	490	.....	.....	.....	89	142	231	231
13	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	53	51	104	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	76	64	140	.....	.....	.....	96
15	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	58	52	110	.....	.....	.....	259
16	1	3	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	98	74	172	.....	.....	.....	48
17	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	740	715	1,455	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	104
18	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	17	17	34	.....	.....	.....	516
19	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	86	50	86	.....	.....	.....	102
20	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	159	142	301	.....	.....	.....	121	136	257	49
21	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	28	83	61	.....	.....	.....	257
22	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270	297	567	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36
23	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	101	104	205	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	101	88	189	.....	.....	.....	86	88	174	.....
25	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	18	15	33	.....	.....	.....	296
26	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	31	30	61	.....	.....	.....	75
27	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	42	40	82	.....	.....	.....	87
28	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	86	84	170	.....	.....	.....	171
29	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	59	41	100	.....	.....	.....	54
30	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	19	27	46	.....	.....	.....	50
32	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	57	45	102	.....	.....	.....	91
33	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	69	61	130	.....	.....	.....	34
34	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	192	180	372	.....	47	97	.....	.....	.....	96
35	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	116	159	275	275
36	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	24	16	40	.....	.....	.....	94
37	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	82	57	139	.....	28	71	.....	.....	.....	44
38	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	37	65	102	.....	.....	.....	79
																69

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Oca.

Number of District	Public Schools				Enrollment.						
	White.		Negro.		White.				Negro.		
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total	Grand Total	
					Boys	Girls	Total	Boys			Girls	Total
39		2					71	71	142	142	
40		1		1			77	59	136	136	
41		1		1			47	36	83	83	
42		1					39	44	83	83	
43		1					42	23	65	65	
44	1				138	118	256			256	
45		1		1			19	16	35	35	
46		1		1			30	32	62	62	
47	2				249	256	505			505	
48		1		1			57	58	115	115	
49		1		1			25	16	41	41	
50		1		1			111	80	191	191	
51		1		1			28	19	47	47	
52		1		1			39	52	91	91	
53		1		1			77	76	153	153	
54		2		2			61	57	118	118	
55		2		2			82	72	154	154	
56		1		1			40	36	76	76	
57		1		1			60	49	109	109	
58		1		1			57	23	80	80	
59		1		1			14	21	35	35	
60		1		1			23	25	48	48	
61		1		1			19	13	32	32	
62		1		1			27	22	49	49	
63		1		1			24	22	46	46	
64		2		2			64	68	132	132	
65		1		1			21	14	35	35	
66		1		1			40	43	83	83	
Total for Co...	13	53	7	66	2,282	2,197	4,479	2,064	2,004	5,678	10,157

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.														
Number of District	White.						Negro.							
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.				
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
														Grand Total
1	.....	.....	.....	69	64	133	133	.....	.....	.....	31	35	66	66
2	.....	.....	.....	60	54	115	115	.....	.....	.....	43	57	100	100
4	.....	.....	.....	25	23	48	48	.....	.....	.....	16	10	26	26
5	.....	.....	.....	30	27	57	57	.....	.....	.....	65	56	121	121
6	.....	.....	.....	108	123	231	231	.....	.....	.....	68	77	140	140
7	.....	.....	.....	44	55	99	99	.....	.....	.....	31	43	74	74
8	.....	.....	.....	23	29	52	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	.....	.....	13	11	24	24	.....	.....	.....	84	50	84	84
10	.....	.....	.....	46	32	78	78	.....	.....	.....	34	36	70	70
11	.....	.....	.....	43	37	80	80	.....	.....	.....	31	31	62	62
12	142	164	306	.....	.....	.....	306	31	75	106	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	.....	.....	28	30	58	58	.....	.....	.....	24	32	56	56
14	.....	.....	.....	43	36	79	79	.....	.....	.....	70	93	163	163
15	.....	.....	.....	40	39	79	79	.....	.....	.....	11	11	22	22
16	.....	.....	.....	48	43	91	91	.....	.....	.....	38	31	69	69
17	668	666	1,334	.....	.....	.....	1,334	123	254	377	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	.....	.....	11	11	22	22	.....	.....	.....	30	24	54	54
19	.....	.....	.....	22	32	54	54	.....	.....	.....	14	16	30	30
20	96	97	195	.....	.....	.....	195	67	90	157	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	.....	.....	14	16	30	30	.....	.....	.....	16	13	29	29
22	180	153	283	.....	.....	.....	283	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	55	62	117	.....	.....	.....	117	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	72	57	129	.....	.....	.....	147	53	48	101	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	.....	.....	10	8	18	18	.....	.....	.....	34	29	63	63
26	.....	.....	.....	21	17	38	38	.....	.....	.....	14	25	39	39
27	.....	.....	.....	23	30	53	53	.....	.....	.....	28	25	53	53
28	.....	.....	.....	46	54	100	100	.....	.....	.....	50	47	97	97
29	.....	.....	.....	26	21	47	47	.....	.....	.....	17	13	30	30
30	.....	.....	.....	9	15	24	24	.....	.....	.....	16	16	31	31
31	.....	.....	.....	26	26	52	52	.....	.....	.....	38	28	56	56
32	.....	.....	.....	42	43	85	85	.....	.....	.....	11	13	24	24
33	.....	.....	.....	27	33	60	60	.....	.....	.....	21	39	60	60
34	138	123	261	.....	.....	.....	261	75	114	189	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	.....	.....	.....	16	11	27	27	.....	.....	.....	30	27	57	57
36	.....	.....	.....	20	13	33	33	.....	.....	.....	16	17	33	33
37	50	38	88	.....	.....	.....	88	27	28	55	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	.....	.....	.....	26	42	68	68	.....	.....	.....	18	32	50	50

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes
	White		Negro		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women			
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	
1	4	\$821 00	2	\$100 00	.....	.....	\$136 50	\$6 00	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
2	3	925 00	2	225 00	.....	.....	211 00	18 25	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
3	1	600 00	1	168 00	.....	.....	100 00	48 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	1	1,450 00	3	50 00	.....	.....	819 50	3 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	4	550 00	2	390 00	.....	2	360 50	28 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	3	1,675 00	1	250 00	.....	.....	200 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	1	600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	2	250 00	2	175 00	.....	.....	51 00	61 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	2	200 00	1	120 00	.....	1	229 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	3	956 00	2	200 00	.....	.....	269 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	2	15,500 00	1	500 00	.....	1	2,000 00	27 50	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	2	1,060 00	3	325 00	.....	.....	189 50	10 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	2	1,710 00	3	800 00	.....	.....	297 50	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	4	400 00	1	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	2	300 00	2	125 00	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	3	45,000 00	2	6,000 00	.....	.....	4,500 00	500 00	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	3	800 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	46 50	2 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	2,300 00	1	25 00	.....	.....	159 00	3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	8,900 00	1	.....	.....	1	1,283 00	80 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	2	300 00	1	.....	.....	.....	52 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	1	2,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	3	7,000 00	2	900 50	.....	.....	351 00	49 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1	350 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	43 00	9 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1	125 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	90 75	10 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	1	1,000 00	1	450 00	.....	.....	212 00	10 50	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1	1,300 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	186 50	3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1	500 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	1	3,350 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	45 00	17 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	3	2,025 00	1	180 00	.....	.....	32 35	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	1	600 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	61 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	2	8,000 00	1	1,800 00	.....	1	1,220 50	78 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	1	600 00	1	125 00	.....	.....	30 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	1	700 00	1	175 00	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	1	7,900 00	1	.....	.....	.....	537 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	2	400 00	1	25 00	.....	.....	82 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes
		White		Negro	Value With Grounds	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women			
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.						First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	
39	2	\$800 00	.....	.....	.....	\$89 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2
40	1	3,100 00	.....	.....	.....	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
41	1	500 00	1	\$150 00	.....	60 00	\$25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
42	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
43	1	700 50	1	50 00	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
44	1	1,100 00	1	75 00	.....	1,445 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
45	1	600 00	1	50 00	.....	110 00	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
46	1	375 00	1	250 00	.....	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
47	2	.....	1	100 00	2	.....	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
48	1	2,000 00	1	.....	.....	245 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
49	1	325 00	1	40 00	.....	105 00	6 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
50	1	2,860 00	1	100 00	.....	287 00	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
51	1	700 00	1	75 00	.....	68 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
52	1	860 00	1	140 00	.....	188 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
53	1	4,250 00	2	75 00	.....	327 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
54	1	2,325 00	1	75 00	.....	110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
55	3	750 00	.....	.....	.....	110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
56	1	350 00	1	60 00	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
57	1	450 00	1	90 00	.....	173 50	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
58	1	1,150 00	1	50 00	.....	49 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
59	1	50 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
60	1	1,200 00	1	50 00	.....	190 88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
61	1	500 00	1	75 00	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
62	1	200 00	1	250 00	.....	59 50	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
63	1	175 00	1	50 00	.....	23 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
64	2	350 00	1	150 00	.....	75 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
65	1	1,200 00	1	150 00	.....	55 00	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
66	1	500 00	1	50 00	.....	60 00	2 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
64	100	\$147,307 50	73	\$15,763 50	10	1	\$18,181 88	\$1,156 25	33	.....	.....	140	19	6	198
Total for County.....																

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number & District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Position of Chairman		
	Negro.						White		Negro		White	Negro			
	Men.			Women.			Town	Country	Town	Country					
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade									
1	1											2 1/2	2	R. J.	S. C.
2	1											2 1/2	3	L. C.	S. C.
3												3	3	W. C.	S. C.
4												3	3	C. J.	S. C.
5												3 1/2	3	T. G.	S. C.
6												3 1/2	3	T. G.	S. C.
7												3 1/2	3	W. C.	S. C.
8												3 1/2	3	L. C.	S. C.
9	1											2	2	E. L.	S. C.
10	1											2	2	A. B.	S. C.
11	1											2	2	A. B.	S. C.
12	1											2	2	J. T.	S. C.
13	2											2	2	W. C.	S. C.
14												2	2	L. C.	S. C.
15												2	2	E. L.	S. C.
16												2	2	A. B.	S. C.
17	3											2	2	J. E.	S. C.
18												2	2	A. B.	S. C.
19												2 1/2	2 1/2	W. C.	S. C.
20	1											2	2	J. A.	S. C.
21												2	2	A. C.	S. C.
22												2	2	W. C.	S. C.
23												2	2	A. C.	S. C.
24												2	2	D. C.	S. C.
25	1											2 1/2	2 1/2	W. A.	S. C.
26												2 1/2	2 1/2	R. D.	S. C.
27	1											2 1/2	2 1/2	S. L.	S. C.
28												2 1/2	2 1/2	Z. J.	S. C.
29												2 1/2	2 1/2	J. C.	S. C.
30												2 1/2	2 1/2	E. W.	S. C.
31												2 1/2	2 1/2	J. M.	S. C.
32												2 1/2	2 1/2	H. M.	S. C.
33												2 1/2	2 1/2	L. W.	S. C.
34	1											2 1/2	2 1/2	W. W.	S. C.
35												2 1/2	2 1/2	J. G.	S. C.
36												2	2		S. C.
37												2	2		S. C.
38	1											2	2		S. C.

ANDERSON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. A. ABRAMS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session			Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman				
	Men			Women			Total			White	Negro					
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country							
39							1		44			H. P. McDaniel, Belton, S. O.				
40				1			1		32			W. F. A. Sherard, Iva, S. O.				
41					1		1		30			W. F. Norrie, Anderson, S. O.				
42							1		20			W. A. Mullikin, Pendleton, S. O.				
43				1			1		28			W. S. Mauldin, Raley, S. O.				
44							1	32				L. S. Clinkscales, Starr, S. O.				
45	1			1			1		12			F. L. Brown, Anderson, S. O.				
46				1			1		24							
47				1			1	32								
48					1		1		32							
49	1				1		1		28							
50					1		1		32							
51					1		1		24							
52	1			1			2		26							
53	1			1			2		24							
54							1		44							
55							1		66							
56	1			1			1		24							
57							1		24							
58	1			1			1		24							
59					1		1		28							
60							1		24							
61	1						1		24							
62				1			1		24							
63				1			1		48							
64				1			1		24							
65					1		1		24							
66							1		24							
Total for Co.	23			41	22	1	87	410	1,008	166	1,111					

BAMBERG COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—R. W. D. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Hopewell	1	\$118 55	\$30 00	\$199 02	\$10 00	.....	\$52 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$409 57	\$275 00	\$184 57
Midway	2	324 89	65 00	148 00	17 50	.....	291 97	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	847 36	523 85	323 51
Hampton	3	454 24	90 00	396 18	25 00	.....	109 22	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,074 64	553 85	520 79
Three-Mile	4	50 46	120 00	342 24	30 00	.....	167 19	2	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	809 89	687 16	122 73
Fish Pond	5	178 92	120 00	450 12	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	789 04	707 60	81 44
Hutto	6	91 25	100 00	189 86	30 00	.....	262 89	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	774 00	711 50	62 50
Buford's Bridge	7	177 04	110 00	319 92	22 50	.....	159 96	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	889 42	605 75	288 67
Olar	8	51 56	200 00	855 00	40 00	.....	806 24	4	\$360 00	.....	.....	.....	\$232 25	2,805 65	2,605 05	.....
Salem	9	27 79	60 00	215 76	10 00	.....	220 95	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	634 50	542 65	91 85
St. Johns	10	292 14	80 00	180 42	25 00	.....	91 82	2	.....	91 82	.....	.....	.....	761 20	619 57	141 63
Govan	11	694 04	120 00	515 08	25 00	.....	422 57	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,776 69	1,112 60	664 09
Binnakers	12	490 31	50 00	232 50	15 00	.....	318 10	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,105 91	827 70	278 21
Leman Swamp	13	202 52	80 00	239 94	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	529 96	330 00	199 96
Bamberg	14	53 46	540 00	1,173 06	65 00	.....	5,627 23	9	650 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,109 36	8,062 92	46 43
Oakland	15	471 11	50 00	83 70	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	614 81	262 50	352 31
Hunter's Chapel	16	270 90	80 00	280 96	25 00	.....	52 99	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	709 75	450 00	259 75
Cuffle Creek	17	161 46	50 00	174 84	16 00	.....	61 24	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	463 54	355 00	108 54
Colston	18	89 44	60 00	186 00	15 00	.....	63 78	2	.....	63 78	.....	.....	.....	478 00	314 55	163 45
Clear Pond	19	70 94	90 00	241 80	20 00	.....	87 30	2	.....	87 30	.....	.....	.....	597 34	527 05	70 29
Oak Grove	20	337 37	90 00	232 06	20 00	.....	102 62	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	782 05	383 40	398 65
Denmark	21	4,418 06	480 00	1,281 54	85 00	.....	4,484 57	64	650 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,399 17	5,996 74	5,402 43
Ehrhardt	22	.....	160 00	297 60	30 00	.....	483 45	4	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,121 08	1,121 00	08
Leas	23	437 69	100 00	465 00	20 00	.....	405 25	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,427 94	1,357 95	69 99
Heyward	24	627 80	40 00	267 84	10 00	.....	68 28	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,013 92	408 95	604 97
Incidentals .....	.....	87 88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	77 88	77 00	88
Total for County	24	\$10,129 82	\$2,965 00	\$8,969 54	\$913 50	.....	\$14,339 65	.....	\$1,810 00	\$642 90	.....	.....	\$332 25	\$39,802 66	\$29,419 94	\$10,382 72

BAMBERG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. W. D. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	1	\$185 00	.....	\$185 00	\$90 00	.....	\$90 00	\$275 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2	.....	\$305 00	305 00	.....	\$200 00	200 00	505 00	.....	.....	\$14 35	\$4 50
	3	.....	340 00	340 00	100 00	.....	100 00	440 00	.....	.....	13 85	.....
	4	.....	534 00	534 00	55 00	.....	55 00	644 00	.....	.....	9 00	.....
	5	180 00	350 00	530 00	100 00	39 00	139 00	669 00	.....	.....	2 60	.....
	6	.....	575 75	575 75	92 50	.....	92 50	668 25	.....	.....	26 50	6 75
	7	.....	455 00	455 00	150 75	.....	150 75	605 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
	8	900 00	1,690 40	2,590 40	76 25	.....	75 25	2,605 65	.....	.....	.....	.....
	9	.....	400 00	400 00	.....	66 00	66 00	466 00	.....	.....	72 65	.....
	10	.....	380 00	380 00	.....	10 40	10 40	390 40	\$89 57	.....	.....	.....
	11	620 00	250 00	870 00	.....	170 00	170 00	1,040 00	.....	.....	61 60	6 00
	12	.....	450 00	450 00	100 00	.....	100 00	550 00	.....	.....	277 70	.....
	13	.....	210 00	210 00	.....	120 00	120 00	330 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	14	1,350 00	3,914 73	5,264 73	150 00	292 50	442 50	5,707 23	.....	.....	565 69	.....
	15	200 00	.....	200 00	62 50	.....	62 50	262 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	16	.....	350 00	350 00	.....	100 00	100 00	450 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	17	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	75 00	75 00	355 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	18	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	60 00	60 00	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	19	.....	400 00	400 00	.....	108 75	108 75	508 75	.....	.....	4 55	.....
	20	300 00	.....	300 00	60 00	.....	60 00	360 00	.....	.....	18 30	.....
	21	1,875 00	2,730 00	4,605 00	150 00	200 00	350 00	4,955 00	.....	.....	13 40	.....
	22	500 00	499 50	999 50	.....	87 50	87 50	1,087 00	.....	.....	139 50	.....
	23	574 95	648 00	1,222 95	75 00	.....	75 00	1,297 95	.....	.....	84 00	.....
	24	.....	280 00	280 00	70 00	.....	70 00	350 00	.....	.....	60 00	.....
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 45	.....
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	57 00	.....
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	\$21,907 33	\$1,331 00	\$1,584 15	\$2,915 15	\$24,822 48	\$89 57	.....	\$1,876 14	\$17 25
Total for County...	24	\$6,694 95	\$15,222 38									

BAMBERG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—E. W. D. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of Districts	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$185 00	\$90 00	\$275 00
	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	819 85	204 50	523 85
	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	858 85	200 00	553 85
	4	\$84 16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	577 16	110 00	687 16
	5	25 00	\$11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	557 60	150 00	707 60
	6	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	602 25	109 25	711 50
	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	455 00	150 75	605 75
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,530 40	75 25	2,605 65
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	476 65	66 00	542 65
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	139 60	.....	.....	469 57	150 00	619 57
	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	936 60	176 00	1,112 60
	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	727 70	100 00	827 70
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	210 00	120 00	330 00
	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,790 00	.....	.....	.....	7,620 42	442 50	8,062 92
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	62 50	262 50
	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	350 00	100 00	450 00
	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	75 00	355 00
	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	254 55	60 00	314 55
	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	418 30	108 75	527 05
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	323 40	60 00	383 40
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,646 74	850 00	5,996 74
	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	902 24	.....	.....	.....	1,053 50	87 50	1,121 00
	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,282 95	75 00	1,357 95
	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	63 50	.....	.....	.....	338 95	70 00	408 95
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	77 00	.....	77 00
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	24	\$88 16	\$21 00	.....	.....	\$2,745 74	\$239 60	\$40 00	.....	\$26,226 94	\$3,198 00	\$29,419 94

BAMBERG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. W. D. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.								
	White.		Negro.	White.	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes		
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade		Third Grade	
1	1	\$200 00	1	\$40 00	.....	\$16 50	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
2	1	825 00	1	120 00	.....	76 50	\$7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
3	1	525 00	2	200 00	.....	100 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
4	1	550 00	.....	.....	.....	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
5	3	500 00	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	3
6	2	340 00	1	200 00	.....	35 50	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	3
7	1	450 00	.....	.....	.....	83 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	2
8	1	2,000 00	1	200 00	.....	150 00	5 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	5
9	1	650 00	1	75 00	.....	128 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
10	.....	.....	1	150 00	.....	89 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
11	1	800 00	.....	.....	.....	175 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
12	1	900 00	1	25 00	.....	130 00	3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39 25	3 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
14	1	13,500 00	1	1,000 00	.....	1,475 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	10
15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	1	525 00	.....	.....	.....	120 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
17	1	125 00	.....	.....	.....	57 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
18	1	350 00	.....	.....	.....	96 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
19	1	1,000 00	1	150 00	.....	83 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
20	1	540 00	1	150 00	.....	166 90	14 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
21	1	17,500 00	.....	.....	.....	1,640 00	165 00	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	9
22	1	2,500 00	.....	.....	.....	121 50	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	3
23	1	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	167 50	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	3
24	1	100 00	1	125 00	.....	10 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Total for County.....	24	\$45,380 00	13	\$2,485 00	5	\$5,056 65	\$247 50	9	1	43	2	1	56

HAMBERG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. W. D. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro							White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	28	16	20	12	12	B. Kinsey, Branchville.	
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	20	20	20	F. Carroll, Midway.	
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	56	56	32	32	32	W. Hill, Bamberg.	
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	60	60	24	24	24	L. A. Brabham, Olar.	
5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	40	40	16	16	16	J. H. Smith, Smoaks.	
6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	56	56	24	24	24	J. P. O'Quinn, Bamberg.	
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	12	12	12	R. M. Kearse, Olar.	
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	32	32	4	4	4	W. B. Chitty, Olar.	
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	24	24	12	12	12	L. W. Abetance, Denmark.	
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	G. J. Herndon, Ehrhardt.	
11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	McP.	
12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	J. J. D. M.	
13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	W. V.	
14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	J. O.	
15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	D. C.	
16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	J. C. H.	
17	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	W. M.	
18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	F. M.	
19	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	D. P.	
20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	S. D.	
21	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	L. Copeland, Ehrhardt.	
22	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	J. Grimes, Leca.	
23	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	H. B. McMillan, Ehrhardt.	
24	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	36	36	16	16	16	J. E.	
Total for Co.	8	7	16	4	1	1	20	240	504	48	384	384		

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Bull Pond	1	\$1,372 13	\$182 00	\$655 00	\$50 00	\$150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2,409 18	\$1,119 60	\$1,289 53
Seven Pines	2	367 35	108 00	360 00	39 00	100 00	\$340 91	2	.....	.....	\$5 00	.....	\$5 00	1,825 26	946 66	378 60
Sycamore	3	207 82	125 00	280 00	40 00	95 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	10 00	767 82	765 43	2 39
Big Fork	4	.....	77 00	350 00	8 00	60 00	114 89	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	29 58	639 47	639 47	.....
Baldoc	5	56 16	210 00	710 00	70 00	230 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 00	1,306 16	1,306 16	.....
Bennett Springs	6	.....	225 00	950 00	50 00	345 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,570 00	1,550 99	19 01
Red Oak	7	323 76	135 00	410 00	28 00	105 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88 93	1,090 69	996 29	94 40
Long Branch	8	58 89	125 00	350 00	30 00	105 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	676 40	676 40	.....
Hilda	9	.....	44 00	175 00	6 50	125 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	497 68	471 41	26 27
Healing Springs	10	318 89	136 00	1,150 00	45 00	225 00	147 18	2	.....	.....	5 00	.....	5 00	2,215 26	1,842 00	373 26
Four-Mile	11	382 79	215 00	600 00	60 00	140 00	330 87	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,397 79	1,171 25	226 54
Richland	12	285 00	120 00	520 00	45 00	140 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,110 00	1,006 76	104 25
Rosemary	13	124 35	85 00	350 00	23 50	70 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	767 75	608 70	164 06
Mt. Calvary	14	15 07	31 00	175 00	5 00	65 00	114 90	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	355 23	150 00	205 23
Reedy Branch	15	.....	52 00	310 00	9 50	75 00	195 55	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	248 42	890 47	890 47	.....
Green's	16	71 89	40 00	125 00	5 00	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	301 89	186 95	114 94
Bethel	17	107 15	50 00	125 00	5 00	65 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	352 15	190 20	161 95
Seiglingville	18	431 19	40 00	250 00	5 00	95 00	125 04	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	946 23	601 75	344 48
Blackville	19	.....	342 00	735 00	36 00	300 00	2,140 98	3	\$548 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,102 43	4,048 22	54 21
Double Pond	20	22 22	49 00	125 00	7 50	35 00	146 90	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	386 62	340 75	44 87
Edisto	21	50 74	4 00	75 00	50 50	15 00	10 49	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	155 73	100 00	55 73
Allendale	22	.....	191 00	975 00	20 50	400 00	1,233 20	4	725 00	.....	.....	.....	355 30	3,900 00	3,900 00	.....
Hercules	23	94 15	44 00	275 00	11 00	155 00	91 38	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	670 53	501 45	169 08
Ashleigh	24	509 05	50 00	270 00	5 00	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	909 05	307 65	601 40
New Forest	25	144 89	48 00	260 00	13 00	120 00	97 92	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	683 81	513 62	170 19
Upper Richland	26	384 92	56 00	290 00	16 50	150 00	132 57	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,029 99	920 00	109 99
Reeve's Creek	27	182 23	50 00	140 00	15 00	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	432 23	250 00	182 23
Elko	28	.....	125 00	550 00	38 00	235 00	1,192 89	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,550 00	8,980 39	7,304 06	1,626 33
Williston	29	.....	200 00	725 00	43 50	325 00	2,600 08	7½	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,483 58	3,211 63	1,271 95
Spring Branch	30	.....	45 00	125 00	5 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	205 00	193 40	11 60
Ulmers	31	.....	89 00	275 00	18 50	150 00	428 63	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	106 78	1,067 91	1,067 91	.....
Lees	32	175 73	18 00	100 00	4 00	15 00	75 41	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	388 14	150 00	238 14
Barbary Branch	33	71 56	15 00	160 00	4 50	50 00	22 64	2	.....	22 64	.....	.....	.....	386 34	260 40	75 94

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Kline	34	.....	\$111 00	\$320 00	\$21 50	\$130 00	\$225 01	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$10 50	\$818 01	\$818 01	.....
Cedar Grove	35	\$84 21	30 00	140 00	10 00	85 00	20 17	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	819 88	311 12	\$8 26
Cave	36	3 44	85 00	250 00	8 00	100 00	265 11	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	28 25	734 80	734 80	.....
San Hill	37	80 14	85 00	280 00	27 00	40 00	121 24	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	473 20	473 20	60 18
Oak Grove	38	.....	48 00	140 00	15 50	45 00	50 94	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	38 54	837 98	837 98	.....
Friendship	39	.....	45 00	140 00	12 50	50 00	45 63	2	.....	\$45 63	.....	.....	.....	838 76	268 23	75 53
Tinker's Creek	40	3 69	23 00	95 00	5 50	30 00	38 68	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	190 87	164 15	26 72
Hickory Hill	41	674 78	76 00	275 00	19 50	80 00	149 43	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	56 47	1,274 71	1,168 44	106 27
Morris	42	91 53	62 00	185 00	13 00	55 00	182 95	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	645 95	645 95	.....
Columbia	43	453 23	31 00	350 00	12 00	185 00	56 72	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,087 95	471 25	566 70
Fairfax	44	.....	196 00	810 00	26 50	260 00	1,688 62	6	\$871 50	.....	.....	.....	1,050 00	4,397 62	4,373 94	23 68
Barnwell	45	515 63	337 00	1,800 00	77 50	450 00	2,488 76	4 1/4	530 00	.....	.....	.....	313 08	6,006 97	6,006 97	.....
Union	46	45 37	35 00	170 00	10 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310 37	240 00	70 37
Allendale	47	204 45	30 00	300 00	20 00	110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	714 45	355 00	359 45
Barton	48	760 23	40 00	180 00	10 00	30 00	172 70	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,142 98	979 56	163 38
Owen's Cross Roads	49	45 44	14 00	160 00	8 00	60 00	35 64	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 92	832 00	832 00	.....
Sycamore	51	306 83	109 00	275 00	24 00	80 00	293 36	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,087 19	539 33	547 86
County Board Fund .....	.....	253 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,597 88	3,851 82	3,229 47	622 35
Total for County	50	\$9,229 84	\$4,783 00	\$18,185 00	\$1,078 50	\$6,000 00	\$15,455 50	.....	\$2675 00	\$68 27	\$20 00	\$300 00	\$12,530 16	\$70,865 27	\$59,617 96	\$10,747 31

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$180 00	\$405 00	\$585 00	\$50 00	\$415 00	\$465 00	\$1,050 00	\$32 25	.....	90 75	.....	\$8 00
2	455 00	245 00	700 00	.....	175 00	175 00	875 00	.....	.....	48 68	.....	.....
3	264 73	280 00	544 73	.....	40 00	40 00	584 73	26 60	.....	5 00	.....	.....
4	480 00	.....	480 00	100 00	.....	100 00	580 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	838 75	838 75	.....	325 00	325 00	1,158 75	.....	.....	147 41	.....	.....
6	320 00	789 00	1,109 00	60 00	371 24	431 24	1,540 24	.....	.....	10 75	.....	.....
7	.....	535 62	535 62	.....	142 50	142 50	678 12	34 62	.....	16 75	.....	.....
8	280 00	280 00	560 00	.....	90 00	90 00	650 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	400 00	.....	400 00	.....	.....	.....	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	760 00	640 00	1,400 00	140 00	176 00	316 00	1,716 00	.....	.....	24 12	.....	.....
11	.....	738 60	738 60	127 00	240 00	367 00	1,105 60	.....	.....	11 25	.....	.....
12	520 00	.....	520 00	112 00	224 00	336 00	856 00	.....	.....	27 15	.....	11 75
13	.....	465 00	465 00	.....	100 00	100 00	565 00	.....	.....	138 00	.....	.....
14	.....	150 00	150 00	.....	.....	15 00	150 00	.....	.....	27 40	.....	.....
15	.....	550 00	550 00	.....	.....	.....	565 00	.....	.....	16 00	.....	.....
16	.....	150 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....	150 00	36 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	186 00	186 00	.....	.....	.....	186 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	450 00	.....	450 00	100 00	.....	100 00	550 00	.....	.....	4 20	.....	.....
19	900 00	2,300 00	3,200 00	275 00	.....	275 00	8,475 00	.....	.....	12 25	.....	.....
20	.....	325 00	325 00	.....	10 00	10 00	335 00	.....	.....	177 39	.....	.....
*21	.....	40 00	40 00	.....	60 00	60 00	100 00	.....	.....	5 75	.....	.....
22	1,100 00	2,800 00	3,900 00	.....	.....	.....	3,900 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	475 50	.....	475 50	.....	.....	.....	475 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	.....	200 00	200 00	100 00	.....	100 00	300 00	.....	.....	25 95	.....	.....
25	.....	360 00	360 00	.....	100 00	100 00	460 00	.....	.....	7 65	.....	.....
26	720 00	.....	720 00	100 00	100 00	200 00	920 00	32 25	.....	4 75	.....	.....
27	.....	150 00	150 00	100 00	.....	100 00	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	588 75	320 00	908 75	.....	88 50	179 50	1,088 25	698 28	.....	915 74	.....	.....
29	891 00	1,710 00	2,601 00	141 00	.....	155 00	2,756 00	98 78	.....	356 85	.....	.....
30	.....	173 25	173 25	155 00	.....	.....	173 25	.....	.....	20 15	.....	.....
31	.....	720 00	720 00	.....	50 00	50 00	770 00	.....	.....	130 41	.....	.....
*32	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	150 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	200 00	51 70	.....	8 70	.....	.....

*Joint District.

BARNWELL COUNTY.--TABLE 1.--EXPENDITURES.--HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.--Con.

	Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
34	.....	\$640 00	\$640 00	\$90 00	.....	\$90 00	\$730 00	.....	.....	\$49 09	.....
35	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	.....	61 87	301 87	.....	.....	4 25	.....
36	.....	690 00	690 00	.....	.....	50 00	730 00	.....	.....	4 80	.....
37	\$309 00	30 00	339 00	.....	.....	112 50	451 50	.....	.....	21 70	.....
38	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	.....	.....	300 00	.....	.....	37 96	.....
39	.....	203 80	203 80	30 00	.....	30 00	233 80	.....	.....	29 43	.....
40	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	.....	.....	160 00	.....	.....	4 15	.....
41	.....	360 00	360 00	100 00	.....	100 00	460 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	.....	501 25	501 25	113 75	.....	113 75	615 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	.....	196 25	196 25	.....	.....	275 00	471 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	675 00	1,090 00	1,765 00	350 00	.....	350 00	2,105 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	1,000 00	2,630 39	3,630 39	500 00	.....	947 10	4,577 49	.....	98 34	2,160 60	.....
46	240 00	.....	240 00	.....	.....	.....	240 00	.....	.....	245 02	.....
47	.....	180 00	180 00	75 00	.....	175 00	355 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
*48	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	.....	30 00	230 00	.....	162 15	23 40	.....
49	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	.....	82 00	322 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
51	.....	360 00	360 09	.....	.....	135 00	495 00	.....	.....	44 33	.....
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,229 47	.....
Total for County...	50	\$11,008 98	\$23,547 91	\$34,556 89	\$2,903 75	\$3,964 71	\$6,868 46	\$41,490 35	\$1,206 92	\$8,023 28	\$234 23	

*Joint District.

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	\$36 60								\$654 60	\$465 00	\$1,119 60
	2									768 66	183 00	946 66
	3	119 10						\$15 00		725 43	40 00	765 43
	4	59 47						30 00		539 47	100 00	639 47
	5											
	6									981 15	325 00	1,306 16
	7									1,119 75	431 24	1,550 99
	8	26 40				\$286 80				853 79	142 50	996 29
	9	47 29								596 40	90 00	676 40
	10	100 75								471 41		471 41
	11							15 00		1,527 00	315 00	1,842 00
	12			\$38 50						804 25	367 00	1,171 25
	13	11 30								653 00	347 75	1,005 75
	14									503 70	100 00	603 70
	15									150 00		150 00
	16					309 47				875 47	15 00	890 47
	17									186 95		186 95
	18	39 50								190 20		190 20
	19	395 83								501 75	100 00	601 75
	20									3,773 22	275 00	4,048 22
	21									330 75	10 00	340 75
	22									40 00	60 00	100 00
	23									3,900 00		3,900 00
	24									501 45		501 45
	25	16 62								207 65	100 00	307 65
	26									413 62	100 00	513 62
	27									720 00	200 00	920 00
	28		\$107 00			4,494 79				150 00	100 00	250 00
	29									7,017 56	286 50	7,304 06
	30									3,056 63	155 00	3,211 63
	31	167 50								193 40		193 40
	32									1,017 91	50 00	1,067 91
	33										150 00	150 00
										260 40		260 40

BARNWELL COUNTY.--TABLE 2.--EXPENDITURES.--HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.--Con.

	No. of Items	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	34	\$38 92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$728 01	\$90 00	\$818 01
	35	.....	.....	\$5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	249 25	61 87	811 12
	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	684 80	50 00	734 80
	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	360 70	112 50	473 20
	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	337 98	.....	337 98
	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	233 23	80 00	263 23
	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	164 15	.....	164 15
	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	708 44	.....	.....	.....	1,088 44	100 00	1,168 44
	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	532 20	113 75	645 95
	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	196 25	275 00	471 25
	44	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,023 94	350 00	4,373 94
	45	744 50	\$176 48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,619 91	1,387 06	6,006 97
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 00	.....	240 00
	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	180 00	175 00	355 00
	48	.....	.....	10 00	.....	554 00	.....	.....	.....	949 55	30 00	979 55
	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 00	82 00	322 00
	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	404 33	135 00	539 33
County Board Fund	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,229 47	.....	3,229 47
Total for County...	50	\$1,818 78	\$232 48	\$53 50	.....	\$6,333 50	.....	\$60 00	.....	\$52,117 79	\$7,500 17	\$59,617 96

BARNWELL COUNTY.--TABLE 3.--SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.--HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Enrollment.																	
	Public Schools.						Negro.											
	.White.		Negro.		White.				Negro.									
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.				
					Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total		
1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10
11	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13
14	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18
19	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21
22	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23
24	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27
28	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30
31	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32
33	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

		Enrollment.													
		Public Schools.						Negro.							
District Number		White.		Negro.		White.						In Town Schools.			
						In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total		In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.	
		Town.	Country	Town.	Country	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total
34	1	.....	.....	1	.....	16	21	37	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	.....	90
35	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42
36	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42
37	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85
38	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88
39	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18
41	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	132
43	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	54
44	1	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	136
45	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	66	108	.....	.....	.....	70	.....	.....	190
46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	116	89	205	.....	.....	.....	137	.....	.....	316
47	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	1	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	115
49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	9	20	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	40
51	1	.....	.....	2	.....	16	17	33	.....	.....	.....	60	.....	.....	48
Total for Co...	50	14	50	14	61	619	605	1,224	597	632	1,229	781	1,049	1,830	5,473

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—HORACE J. OROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.									
	White.					Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.
1	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
2	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
3	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
4	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
5	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
6	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
7	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
8	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
9	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
10	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
11	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
12	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
13	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
14	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
15	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
16	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
17	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
18	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
19	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
20	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
21	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
22	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
23	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
24	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
25	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
26	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
27	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
28	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
29	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
30	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
31	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
32	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177
33	11	9	20	22	14	18	18	36	186	177

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number & District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools			In Country Schools			In Town Schools			In Country Schools		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
34	15	18	33	3	6	9	40	40	80	12	20	32
35	.....	.....	.....	13	10	23	.....	.....	.....	10	20	30
36	.....	.....	.....	8	8	16	.....	.....	.....	35	45	80
37	.....	.....	.....	19	11	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	.....	.....	.....	8	8	16	.....	.....	.....	7	8	15
39	.....	.....	.....	8	7	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	.....	.....	.....	6	7	13	.....	.....	.....	50	60	110
41	.....	.....	.....	5	14	19	.....	.....	.....	17	33	50
42	.....	.....	.....	4	4	8	.....	.....	.....	41	55	96
43	.....	.....	.....	2	6	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	28	46	74	.....	.....	.....	34	64	98	.....	.....	.....
45	80	74	154	.....	.....	.....	104	139	243	.....	.....	.....
46	.....	.....	.....	7	10	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
47	.....	.....	.....	7	4	11	.....	.....	.....	71	92	163
48	6	4	10	.....	.....	.....	15	15	30	.....	.....	.....
49	.....	.....	.....	4	3	7	.....	.....	.....	15	20	35
51	12	13	25	.....	.....	.....	55	80	135	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....	443	461	904	385	415	800	576	779	1,355	1,173	1,536	2,709
												4,084

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Area	Public School Buildings			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers							
		White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women				
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	
																Total for Both Sexes
1	2	\$700 00	6	\$1,325 00	.....	.....	\$270 00	\$130 00	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
2	1	*	1	300 00	.....	.....	*	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
3	2	545 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	184 00	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	1	*	1	100 00	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	3	925 00	3	*	.....	1	152 00	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
6	5	870 00	8	*	.....	.....	883 50	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....
7	2	480 80	2	185 00	.....	.....	285 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
8	2	225 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	114 00	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
9	1	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	1	*	5	580 00	.....	.....	*	90 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	3	.....	6	160 00	3	.....	49 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
12	1	*	3	214 75	.....	.....	*	79 75	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
13	2	250 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	2	1,200 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
16	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	33 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	*	1	150 00	.....	.....	*	16 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	12,000 00	2	*	.....	.....	630 00	*	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1	200 50	1	100 00	.....	.....	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	1	*	1	35 00	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1	10,000 00	1	*	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	1	625 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	101 25	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	1	110 00	1	*	.....	.....	8 80	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1	575 00	1	350 00	.....	.....	247 00	22 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1	500 00	2	500 00	.....	.....	68 00	16 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	1	225 00	1	70 00	.....	.....	.....	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1	5,400 00	1	300 00	.....	.....	1,145 40	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1	3,000 00	1	500 00	.....	.....	500 00	50 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	1	240 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	1	1,800 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	31 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	1	*	1	280 00	.....	.....	*	2 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	1	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

*No data.

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—HORACE J. GROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Age	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers.							
		White		Negro		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
34	1	*	1	\$100 00	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
35	1	\$200 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	\$43 00	\$31 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
36	1	475 25	1	*	.....	.....	186 25	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
37	1	275 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	88 75	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
38	1	630 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	54 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
39	1	500 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	57 00	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
40	1	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
41	1	750 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	95 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
42	1	375 00	1	135 00	.....	.....	182 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
43	1	150 00	3	*	.....	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
44	1	9,000 00	1	500 00	.....	.....	435 00	63 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
45	1	6,000 00	1	1,500 00	.....	.....	250 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
46	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
47	1	100 00	3	*	.....	.....	.....	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
48	1	550 00	1	*	.....	.....	153 00	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
49	1	80 00	1	80 00	.....	.....	35 00	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
51	1	900 00	2	*	.....	.....	*	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
50	64	\$60,356 55	74	\$8,379 75	3	2	\$5,853 50	\$436 90	17	5	.....	61	12	1	.....	96
Total for County.....																	

*No data.

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—HORACE J. CROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	White		Negro				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	Country	Town				Country
1	1			1		1	1		56		108	3	W. Z. Bryan, Allendale.	
2									28		20	*	Joseph Barley, Snelling.	
3	1								60		8	3	A. R. Tuten, Ulmora.	
4									32		12	3	H. C. Creech, Kline.	
5		1					1	28	44	16	48	3	W. L. Johns, Baldoc.	
6									124		96	3	W. A.	
7							1		56		23	*	A. M.	
8							1		56		20	2	S. A.	
9								20					S. F. D.	
10		1					1		36		60	3	J. J. M.	
11		2					2		24		90	3	C. H. P.	
12		1					1	32			48	5	H. M.	
13									37		12		J. P. M.	
14									24				J. S.	
15							1		44				J. M.	
16									24		12	3	J. H. W.	
17									24				V. W.	
18	2	1						32		16			O. W.	
19		1					2	36		40			A. B. H.	
20									36		12		W. E. H.	
21	1	2	1				4		24	16	12		J. H.	
22							1	36					L. S.	
23							1		24				H. P.	
24							1		20		20		A. M.	
25									32		16	3	C. H.	
26		1					1		32		16		J. F.	
27									24				C. J.	
28	1						1	32		20		3	F. P.	
29	1	1					2	36		30			Lee, Elko.	
30									24				A. M. Kennedy, Williston.	
31							1			4			M. E. Keane, Blackville.	
32	1						1	32			20		J. F. Weekley, Ulmora.	
33									36				H. B. Grimes, Lees.	
34									30				H. W. Sanders, Olar.	

*No data.

BARNWELL COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—HORACE J. OROUCH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Number of Teachers										Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
		Negro										White				Negro	White	
		Men					Women					Total for Both Sexes		Town	Country				Town	Country
		First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes							
	34	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	J. L. Bradley, Kline.
	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C. E. Grimes, Elko.
	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	W. T. Calhoun, Thomas.
	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	D. P. Key, Myer's Mill.
	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	J. O. Sanders, Olar.
	39	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	H. E. Creech, Barnwell.
	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	F. O. Garvin, Williston.
	41	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	J. A. Goodson, Ulmora.
	42	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	J. W. Bates, Morris.
	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	J. J. Cochran, Barnwell.
	44	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	F. M. Young, Fairfax.
	45	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C. C. Simms, Barnwell.
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	J. W. Jenny, Jenny.
	47	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C. G. Carter, Fairfax.
	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	T. O. Lawton, Barton.
	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	G. M. Holly, Barnwell.
	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	R. B. Loadholt, Sycamore.
Total for Co.	50	11	14	4	12	32	11	84	466	1,299	252	938	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

BEAUFORT COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—B. H. BOYD, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 2-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.*	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Beaufort	1	\$2,191 98	\$838 00	\$3,612 48	\$79 50	\$997 79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$900 00	\$8,319 70	\$10,290 48	\$1,910 78
Bluffton	2	333 32	415 00	800 00	149 50	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	550 00	2,552 82	4,242 79	1,089 97
Coosawhatchie	3	635 46	255 00	400 00	118 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,508 46	1,086 25	472 21
Sheldon	4	24 15	712 00	800 00	122 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,858 15	2,267 00	408 85
Hilton Head	5	85 50	307 00	500 00	123 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	1,815 50	1,269 85	45 65
St. Helena	6	1,374 96	513 00	400 00	144 50	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	2,982 46	1,909 12	1,023 34
Yemassee	7	446 44	329 00	500 00	86 50	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,561 94	1,659 85	97 91
Ladies Island	8	731 31	180 00	200 00	26 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	1,397 31	786 10	601 21
Port Royal	9	768 83	.....	3,156 41	.....	997 78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	208 75	5,126 77	7,739 26	2,002 49
Okatee	10	185 95	.....	500 00	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	985 95	843 69	142 23
Ridgeland	11	89 04	.....	500 00	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	1,089 04	1,243 11	159 07
Total for County.....	11	\$6,871 89	\$3,549 00	\$11,368 89	\$849 00	\$3,606 57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2,253 75	\$28,588 10	\$38,172 50	\$4,554 40

*Interest on trust funds derived from United States.

BEAUFORT COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—B. H. BOYD, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$1,400 00	\$4,150 00	\$5,550 00	\$1,050 00	\$1,590 00	\$2,640 00	\$8,190 00	\$189 53	.....	\$800 00	\$336 85
2	600 00	1,395 00	1,995 00	900 00	270 00	1,170 00	8,165 00	.....	.....	22 97	.....
3	320 00	230 00	550 00	160 00	172 00	332 00	932 00	24 00	.....	21 00	20 25
4	.....	980 00	980 00	.....	1,280 00	1,280 00	2,240 00	.....	.....	.....	12 00
5	.....	245 00	245 00	.....	907 50	907 50	1,152 50	.....	.....	.....	45 25
6	.....	.....	.....	.....	665 00	1,330 00	1,330 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	1,023 00	1,023 00	.....	461 10	461 10	1,484 10	4 50	.....	100 00	36 25
8	.....	.....	.....	.....	722 50	722 50	722 50	.....	.....	.....	8 60
9	675 00	725 00	1,400 00	200 00	110 00	310 00	1,710 00	.....	.....	152 69	.....
10	.....	665 00	665 00	.....	75 00	75 00	740 00	.....	.....	25 00	.....
11	492 00	535 00	1,027 00	.....	.....	.....	1,027 00	.....	.....	209 11	.....
Total for County....	11	\$3,487 00	\$9,998 00	\$13,485 00	\$2,975 00	\$6,233 10	\$9,208 10	\$22,693 10	\$254 67	\$1,130 77	\$454 20	

BEAUFORT COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—B. H. BOYD, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	\$152 02	\$100 00	.....	\$53 50	\$808 58	.....	.....	.....	\$7,100 13	\$3,180 85	\$10,280 48
	2	100 00	56 92	.....	82 25	865 65	.....	.....	.....	2,983 62	1,259 17	4,242 79
	3	.....	4 00	.....	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	645 00	891 25	1,086 25
	4	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	980 00	1,287 00	2,267 00
	5	.....	38 10	.....	34 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	245 00	1,024 85	1,269 85
	6	.....	66 15	.....	24 00	.....	488 97	.....	.....	.....	1,909 12	1,909 12
	7	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,152 50	507 85	1,660 35
	8	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	786 10	786 10
	9	.....	.....	.....	86 00	5,890 57	.....	.....	.....	7,883 26	846 00	7,729 26
	10	42 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	768 60	75 00	843 60
	11	4 50	.....	.....	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,240 61	7 50	1,248 11
		\$323 57	\$230 17	.....	\$232 25	\$7,804 80	\$488 97	.....	.....	\$22,498 81	\$10,673 69	\$33,172 50
Total for County....	11											

BEAUFORT COUNTY.--TABLE 8.--SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.--B. H. BOYD, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Enrollment.														
	Public Schools.						Negro.								
	White.			Negro.			White.			Negro.					
	Town.	Country		Town.	Country		In Town Schools.	Boys	Girls	Total	In Country Schools.	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total
1	1	7	1	7		118	124	242	16	17	33	168	267	435	275
2	1	4		4		37	22	59	24	25	49				108
3		2		7					12	17	29				29
4		4							15	25	36				36
5		1							3	5	8				8
6					14										
7		3		3					32	44	76				76
8					6										
9	1	1		1			26	23	49	5	9	26	23	49	58
10										11	25				25
11	1	1					17	16	33			26	22	48	33
Total for Co...	4	23		1	42		198	185	383	120	145	220	312	532	648
															</

BEAUFORT COUNTY.--TABLE 4.--BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.--B. H. BOYD, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.					Total for Both Sexes			
	White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	White								
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	Men							
									First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade		Second Grade	Third Grade	
1	2	\$17,565 00	.....	.....	8	\$500 00	\$200 00	1	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	9
2	4	2,640 00	.....	.....	4	360 00	75 00	1	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	5
3	1	300 00	.....	.....	7	155 00	75 00	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	3
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	75 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	3
5	1	400 00	.....	.....	8	75 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
6	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	3	700 00	.....	.....	.....	700 00	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	3
8	1	.....	.....	.....	6	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	1	6,000 00	.....	.....	2	400 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	3
10	1	100 00	.....	.....	2	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2
11	1	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	150 00	75 00	1	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	4
11	15	\$29,206 00	6	\$1,050 00	61	\$2,615 00	\$1,525 00	5	.....	.....	.....	27	1	.....	.....	38
Total for County.....																

BEAUFORT COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION—B. H. BOYD, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes	Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro							White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men			Women				Town	Country	Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
1	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	36	224	26	84	..	
2	2	..	..	..	..	..	4	32	112	24	48	..	
3	3	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	64	..	84	..	
4	3	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	112	..	16	..	
5	4	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	28	..	16	..	
6	4	..	..	..	..	..	13	..	32	..	224	..	
7	3	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	96	..	48	..	
8	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	96	..	
9	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	36	28	..	24	..	
10	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	24	..	12	..	
11	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	36	..	..	16	..	
11	18	..	..	..	53	..	71	140	720	60	688	..	

BERKELEY COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—C. W. SANDERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
								High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
1	\$47 10	\$1,309 35	\$15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,431 70	\$1,379 93	\$51 77
2	86 63	733 65	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	835 53	881 53	4 00
3	279 10	824 05	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$100 00	\$300 00	1,518 40	1,136 54	381 86
4	47 10	829 15	15 25	.....	\$30 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	921 75	870 72	51 03
5	47 10	567 55	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	629 90	566 58	63 32
6	47 10	1,216 68	15 25	.....	849 62	.....	\$109 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,787 65	1,687 55	100 10
7	122 10	739 56	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	876 91	876 50	41
8	72 37	387 90	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	475 52	475 52	.....
9	197 10	475 85	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	688 20	688 10	5 10
10	47 10	337 65	15 25	.....	147 07	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	547 67	480 74	66 93
11	122 10	687 65	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	825 00	793 00	32 00
12	372 10	1,137 65	15 25	.....	184 76	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	900 00	2,909 76	1,943 00	961 76
13	82 10	140 52	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	237 87	236 90	97
14	222 10	338 25	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	575 60	467 81	107 79
14½	347 10	422 65	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	785 00	772 07	12 93
15	47 10	212 65	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	275 00	275 00	.....
16	172 10	527 75	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	715 10	715 10	.....
17	97 10	212 65	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	825 00	824 29	71
18	97 10	262 65	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	375 00	363 20	11 80
19	97 10	237 65	15 25	.....	28 21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	378 21	341 78	36 43
20	147 10	223 65	78 51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	449 26	445 26	4 00
21	19 10	771 22	16 32	.....	38 58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	839 22	794 15	45 07
22	47 10	339 57	116 25	.....	73 94	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	575 86	570 86	5 00
23	77 10	437 65	109 75	.....	74 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	698 65	671 50	27 15
24	243 10	587 65	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	846 00	802 00	44 00
25	137 10	404 41	15 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	556 76	553 79	2 97
County Board Fund	65 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	65 00	65 00	.....
Total for County...	*	\$3,819 40	\$14,490 61	\$654 33	.....	\$922 18	.....	\$109 00	.....	.....	\$400 00	\$1,200 00	\$21,095 52	\$19,078 42	\$2,017 10

*A total "Balance Brought Forward" of \$3,422.56 is included in the above entries.

BERKELEY COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—C. W. SANDERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	1	\$105 00	\$833 13	\$938 13	\$100 00	\$160 00	\$260 00	\$1,228 13	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2	.....	631 53	631 53	100 00	100 00	200 00	831 53	.....	.....	.....	.....
	3	210 00	631 60	891 60	.....	225 00	225 00	1,116 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
	4	438 72	140 00	578 72	274 14	.....	274 14	852 86	.....	.....	.....	.....
	5	.....	433 00	433 00	.....	60 00	60 00	543 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	6	.....	1,557 55	1,557 55	40 00	.....	40 00	1,597 55	.....	.....	.....	.....
	7	.....	547 50	547 50	100 00	.....	.....	847 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	8	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	200 00	200 00	440 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	9	175 00	292 60	467 60	.....	200 00	200 00	667 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
	10	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	100 00	100 00	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	11	.....	505 00	505 00	.....	270 00	270 00	775 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	12	.....	800 00	800 00	135 00	135 00	270 00	1,070 00	\$47 75	.....	\$25 00	.....
	13	.....	148 00	148 00	.....	80 75	80 75	228 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
	14	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	90 00	90 00	330 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	14½	.....	328 00	328 00	120 00	.....	429 00	757 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	15	.....	180 00	180 00	.....	95 00	95 00	275 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	16	300 00	300 00	600 00	.....	115 10	115 10	715 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
	17	.....	211 00	211 00	.....	90 00	90 00	301 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	18	.....	210 00	210 00	90 90	.....	90 90	300 90	62 30	.....	.....	.....
	19	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	56 58	56 58	216 58	75 20	.....	.....	.....
	20	300 00	.....	300 00	.....	88 00	88 00	388 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	21	425 39	.....	425 39	166 14	.....	166 14	591 53	74 44	.....	.....	.....
	22	300 00	120 00	420 00	150 86	.....	150 86	570 86	.....	.....	.....	.....
	23	420 00	.....	420 00	181 25	.....	181 25	601 25	43 70	.....	.....	.....
	24	.....	360 00	360 00	.....	380 00	380 00	740 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....
	25	200 00	100 00	300 00	.....	241 25	241 25	541 25	.....	.....	65 00	.....
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	26	\$2,874 11	\$9,396 91	\$12,273 02	\$1,458 29	\$3,190 68	\$4,648 97	\$16,921 99	\$353 39	.....	\$90 00	.....

BERKELEY COUNTY.--TABLE 2.--EXPENDITURES.--O. W. SANDERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.--Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	\$16 60	\$185 20	.....	.....	.....	\$1,103 33	\$276 60	\$1,379 93
	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	631 53	200 00	831 53
	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	891 60	244 94	1,136 54
	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	17 86	.....	.....	.....	596 58	274 14	870 72
	5	\$23 58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	506 58	60 00	566 58
	6	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,597 55	40 00	1,637 55
	7	.....	.....	\$16 00	13 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	563 50	313 00	876 50
	8	20 00	\$15 52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	260 00	215 52	475 52
	9	.....	15 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	467 60	215 50	683 10
	10	60 74	.....	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	360 74	120 00	480 74
	11	.....	.....	.....	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	505 00	238 00	743 00
	12	120 71	.....	50 00	19 54	615 00	.....	.....	.....	1,653 46	239 54	1,893 00
	13	.....	.....	.....	8 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	148 00	88 90	236 90
	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	137 81	.....	.....	240 00	227 81	467 81
	14½	.....	.....	.....	15 07	.....	.....	.....	.....	328 00	444 07	772 07
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	180 00	95 00	275 00
	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	600 00	115 10	715 10
	17	12 00	11 29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	223 00	101 29	324 29
	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	272 30	90 90	363 20
	19	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 20	56 58	341 78
	20	.....	.....	.....	62 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	145 26	445 26
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	128 18	.....	.....	.....	628 01	166 14	794 15
	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 00	150 86	570 86
	23	26 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	490 25	181 25	671 50
	24	.....	.....	.....	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	410 00	392 00	802 00
	25	.....	1 00	.....	11 54	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	253 79	553 79
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	65 00	.....	65 00
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....	26	\$353 58	\$43 31	\$66 00	\$196 16	\$306 24	\$157 75	.....	.....	\$14,032 23	\$5,046 19	\$19,078 42

BERKELEY COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—O. W. SANDERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of Districts	Public Schools.			
	White.		Negro	
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country
1	1	5	1	1
2	1	4	1	1
3	1	4	1	1
4	1	3	1	1
5	1	2	1	1
6	1	1	1	1
7	1	1	1	1
8	1	1	1	1
9	1	1	1	1
10	1	1	1	1
11	1	1	1	1
12	1	1	1	1
13	1	1	1	1
14	1	1	1	1
14½	1	1	1	1
15	1	1	1	1
16	1	1	1	1
17	1	1	1	1
18	1	1	1	1
19	1	1	1	1
20	1	1	1	1
21	1	1	1	1
22	1	1	1	1
23	1	1	1	1
24	1	1	1	1
25	1	1	1	1
Total for Co.	6	43	2	2

BERKELEY COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—C. W. SANDERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

		Average Attendance.												
		White.						Negro.						
		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
Number of District.	1	.....	.....	.....	30	55	85	.....	.....	.....	75	155	230	230
	2	8	18	26	36	45	81	.....	.....	.....	50	115	165	165
	3	.....	.....	.....	50	60	110	.....	.....	.....	40	70	110	110
	4	.....	.....	.....	56	37	93	.....	.....	.....	45	90	135	135
	5	.....	.....	.....	24	28	52	.....	.....	.....	46	100	146	146
	6	35	54	89	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	20	35	35
	7	.....	.....	.....	12	35	47	.....	.....	.....	46	100	146	146
	8	12	28	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	94	137	137
	9	.....	.....	.....	24	46	70	.....	.....	.....	80	180	260	260
	10	15	19	34	.....	.....	.....	55	65	120	.....	.....	.....	.....
	11	.....	.....	.....	20	32	52	.....	.....	.....	65	120	185	185
	12	16	37	53	.....	.....	.....	12	18	30	25	45	70	70
	13	.....	.....	.....	10	14	24	.....	.....	.....	18	18	36	36
	14	.....	.....	.....	30	45	75	.....	.....	.....	70	155	225	225
	14½	.....	.....	.....	18	27	45	.....	.....	.....	35	80	115	115
	15	.....	.....	.....	9	10	19	.....	.....	.....	25	50	75	75
	16	.....	.....	.....	18	24	42	.....	.....	.....	18	40	58	58
	17	.....	.....	.....	11	12	23	.....	.....	.....	12	23	35	35
	18	.....	.....	.....	8	12	20	.....	.....	.....	30	70	100	100
	19	.....	.....	.....	5	8	13	.....	.....	.....	30	50	80	80
	20	.....	.....	.....	9	11	20	.....	.....	.....	25	60	85	85
	21	.....	.....	.....	18	27	45	.....	.....	.....	10	8	18	18
	22	.....	.....	.....	25	45	70	.....	.....	.....	20	30	50	50
	23	.....	.....	.....	15	25	40	.....	.....	.....	20	40	60	60
	24	.....	.....	.....	35	44	79	.....	.....	.....	70	155	225	225
	25	.....	.....	.....	25	35	60	.....	.....	.....	70	150	220	220
Total for County.....		86	156	242	483	677	1,106	67	83	150	983	1,968	2,951	3,101

BERKELEY COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—O. W. SANDERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers										Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro						Total for Both Sexes				White		Negro				
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes				White		Negro				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Town	Country	Town	Country	White	Negro		
1		1							20	36				2	2	Jones Bates, Bethers, S. C.	
2				1										2 1/2	3	M. B. Fort, Honey Hill S. O.	
3					1					36				1 1/2	2 1/2	B. B. S. C.	
4										45				2		F. E. S. C.	
5										45				1 1/2	1	S. L. S. C.	
6										65				1 1/2	1 1/2	W. R. S. C.	
7									32	60				1 1/2	2 1/2	S. F. J. S. C.	
8									28	75				1 1/2	2 1/2	H. J. S. C.	
9														2 1/2	3 1/2	P. E. S. C.	
10									28	40		16		2 1/2	2 1/2	W. N. S. C.	
11												20		2 1/2	2 1/2	Hamp S. C.	
12									33	20				1 1/2	2 1/2	Wm. S. C.	
13										45				1 1/2	1 1/2	John S. C.	
14										60				2 1/2	2 1/2	F. S. S. C.	
15										35				2 1/2	2 1/2	J. W. S. C.	
16										35				2 1/2	2 1/2	John Spies, Tial, S. C.	
17										33				2 1/2	2 1/2	J. G. Hilton, Ridgeville, S. C.	
18										50				2 1/2	2 1/2	M. M. Russell, Ridgeville, S. C.	
19										20				2 1/2	2 1/2	X. O. S. C.	
20										25				2 1/2	2 1/2	W. B. S. C.	
21										20				2 1/2	2 1/2	W. H. S. C.	
22										68				1 1/2	1	C. M. S. C.	
23										25				1 1/2	2 1/2	Geo. S. S. C.	
24										25				2 1/2	2 1/2	P. F. S. C.	
25										48				2 1/2	2 1/2	R. Q. S. C.	
										50				2 1/2	2 1/2	J. S. C.	
Total for Co.	9	8	3	21	24	60	140	974	36	881	2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2		

CALHOUN COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—D. S. MURPH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From				Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
			Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.			High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
	1	\$16 84	\$78 70	\$192 00	\$33 59									\$821 13	\$315 00	\$613 00
	2		59 95	160 50	23 77									244 25	228 77	15 48
	3	26 67	69 63	142 50	11 27			2						250 07	81 78	168 84
	4	108 87	207 35	420 00	44 70		\$577 03	3		\$100 00			\$100 00	1,667 95	1,622 82	35 13
	5	88 69	180 28	496 50	47 19		304 55	4		100 00				1,307 24	1,243 04	64 20
	6	470 34	326 02	532 50	51 95								50 00	1,430 81	1,235 00	195 81
	7	36 84	111 98	184 50	40 73		265 25	4		100 00				739 80	687 75	51 55
	8	1,561 93	484 65	1,203 00	63 77		2,178 68	3	500 00					5,992 03	4,768 59	1,223 44
	9	111 61	122 77	184 50	18 23		80 64	1						517 75	407 50	110 25
	10	40 84	193 63	264 00	45 27		177 03	2		100 00				820 77	774 00	46 77
	11	77 82	63 35	163 50	26 52		82 54	3		81 40				485 13	384 35	100 78
	12	77 01	107 70	211 50	27 27		559 40	4		100 00				1,092 88	1,022 90	60 58
	13	98 93	59 77	243 00	15 80		77 46	2						495 01	488 00	7 01
	14	87 75	242 80	661 50	59 70		1,485 91	6	357 00				307 68	3,202 34	3,092 10	110 24
	15	29 38	89 49	256 50	17 73		141 11	3		100 00				634 21	549 83	84 38
Joint Dis. Orbg. Co.	29	3 05	50 98	100 50	16 30									170 83	158 00	12 83
	17	20 18	99 98	241 50	17 27		161 01	3		100 00				813 94	663 50	150 44
	18		61 77	181 50	18 27			2		64 04			174 00	315 58	283 93	31 65
	19	132 38	183 63	390 00	51 30			2		100 00				807 31	755 20	52 11
	20	17 73	60 56	178 50	17 23		185 05	3		100 00				509 07	443 09	65 98
Joint Dis. Orbg. Co.	70	132 15						3						132 15	132 00	15
Joint Dis. Orbg. Co.	78		9 98	45 00	3 00		15 35	3						73 83	65 02	8 81
Total for County..	22	\$3,139 06	\$2,795 00	\$6,453 00	\$650 86		\$6,431 04	....	\$857 00	\$1,045 44			\$631 68	\$22,003 06	\$19,401 52	\$2,601 56

Libraries—Total for County, \$132.95.

Undivided money from 1909-10..... \$47 82

Undivided money from 1910-11, called General School Fund..... 1,200 86

Total available as General School Fund.....\$1,248 68

Paid by order of Board of Education to Library Fund..... 10 00

Balance on hand as General School Fund July 1, 1911.....\$1,238 68

Balance due to districts July 1, 1911..... 2,601 56

Total balance on hand July 1, 1911.....\$3,840 24

CALHOUN COUNTY.--TABLE 2.--EXPENDITURES.--D. S. MURPH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$181 00	.....	\$181 00	.....	\$100 00	\$100 00	\$281 00	\$9 00	.....	\$10 00	\$15 00
2	.....	.....	\$155 00	155 00	.....	.....	225 00	.....	.....	377 00	.....
3	.....	.....	6 73	6 73	.....	75 00	81 73	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	601 10	720 00	1,321 10	200 00	.....	200 00	1,521 10	57 72	.....	.....	.....
5	748 08	280 00	1,028 08	.....	180 00	180 00	1,208 08	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	600 00	315 00	915 00	.....	315 00	202 50	1,230 00	.....	.....	24 75	.....
7	431 95	150 00	581 95	.....	100 00	.....	681 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	1,799 92	1,620 00	3,419 92	180 00	430 00	610 00	4,029 92	.....	.....	688 67	.....
9	.....	320 00	320 00	.....	87 50	87 50	407 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	.....	644 00	644 00	75 00	50 00	125 00	769 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	.....	301 85	301 85	.....	75 00	75 00	376 85	.....	\$7 50	.....	.....
12	602 30	320 00	922 30	.....	100 00	100 00	1,022 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	285 00	285 00	115 00	.....	115 00	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	655 85	1,800 00	2,455 85	152 50	97 50	250 00	2,705 85	62 77	.....	323 48	.....
15	.....	367 75	367 75	.....	174 00	174 00	541 75	4 25	.....	3 88	.....
16	.....	123 00	123 00	.....	35 00	35 00	158 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	525 00	525 00	.....	90 00	90 00	615 00	9 60	.....	38 90	.....
18	.....	221 25	221 25	60 00	.....	60 00	281 25	.....	.....	2 68	.....
19	390 00	260 00	650 00	106 00	.....	106 00	756 00	.....	.....	20	.....
20	27 59	315 00	342 59	.....	90 00	90 00	432 59	.....	3 00	7 50	.....
70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	25 00	.....	.....	40 02	.....
Total for County...	22	\$6,087 74	\$8,729 58	\$14,767 32	\$1,170 00	\$1,811 50	\$2,981 50	\$17,748 82	\$143 34	\$10 50	\$1,139 60	\$15 00

CALHOUN COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—D. S. MURPH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$200 00	\$115 00	\$315 00
	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	158 77	70 00	228 77
	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 73	75 00	81 73
	4	\$34 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	1,422 82	200 00	1,622 82
	5	10 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,063 04	180 00	1,243 04
	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	920 00	315 00	1,235 00
	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	587 75	100 00	687 75
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	4,108 59	666 00	4,768 59
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	320 00	87 50	407 50
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	649 00	125 00	774 00
	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	301 85	82 50	384 35
	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	922 80	100 00	1,022 80
	13	88 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	373 00	115 00	488 00
	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,842 10	250 00	3,092 10
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	375 83	174 00	549 83
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	123 00	35 00	158 00
	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	573 50	90 00	663 50
	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	223 93	60 00	283 93
	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	650 20	105 00	755 20
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	350 09	93 00	443 09
	70	132 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	132 00	.....	132 00
	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 02	25 00	65 02
Total for County...	22	\$264 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$25 00	.....	\$16,339 52	\$3,062 00	\$19,401 52

Paid by order of Board of Education from General School Fund to Library Fund \$10.00, making total expenditure for whites, \$16,349.52, and grand total for both races, \$19,411.52.

CALHOUN COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—D. S. MURPH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Enrollment.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
	Public Schools.						Negro.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
	White.		Negro.		White.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			Grand Total																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
					Boys	Girls	Total.	Boys	Girls	Total.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														

CALHOUN COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—D. S. MURPH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Grand Total
1	.....	.....	.....	5	6	11	.....	.....	.....	21	34	55
2	.....	.....	.....	4	13	17	.....	.....	.....	27	25	52
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	35	61
4	.....	.....	.....	19	21	40	.....	.....	.....	61	87	148
5	.....	.....	.....	19	13	32	.....	.....	.....	50	69	119
6	16	11	27	.....	.....	.....	82	125	207	40	42	82
7	.....	.....	.....	13	18	31	.....	.....	.....	15	17	32
8	80	76	155	.....	.....	.....	69	123	192	67	109	176
9	.....	.....	.....	2	3	5	.....	.....	.....	13	18	31
10	.....	.....	.....	22	27	49	.....	.....	.....	54	78	127
11	.....	.....	.....	9	11	20	.....	.....	.....	13	19	32
12	.....	.....	.....	11	14	25	.....	.....	.....	26	24	50
13	.....	.....	.....	11	10	21	.....	.....	.....	26	46	72
14	50	37	87	.....	.....	.....	65	75	140	15	22	37
15	.....	.....	.....	8	15	23	.....	.....	.....	37	35	72
16	.....	.....	.....	9	5	14	.....	.....	.....	14	10	24
17	.....	.....	.....	16	11	27	.....	.....	.....	16	20	36
18	.....	.....	.....	10	10	20	.....	.....	.....	14	28	42
19	.....	.....	.....	40	27	67	.....	.....	.....	15	16	31
20	.....	.....	.....	19	16	35	.....	.....	.....	18	19	37
78	.....	.....	.....	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....	2	8	10
70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....	155	124	279	218	222	440	216	323	539	570	756	1,326
												1,865

CALHOUN COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—D. S. MURPHY, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.					
		White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men.			Women.		
		No.	Value With Grounds.	No.	Value With Grounds.				First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade
1	1	\$170 00	1	\$40 00	1	\$34 00	\$10 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	68 00	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	1	2,700 00	.....	.....	1	15 00	2 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	1	1,050 00	.....	.....	2	257 50	6 00	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
5	1	1,600 00	.....	.....	2	75 00	2 50	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	1	1,025 00	.....	.....	2	163 50	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	1	7,500 00	1	150 00	.....	557 00	6 75	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	1	225 00	.....	.....	3	70 50	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	1	1,045 00	1	150 00	.....	276 00	5 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	2	90 00	.....	.....	2	20 25	36 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1	850 00	.....	.....	.....	136 70	1 25	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	1	.....	.....	.....	1	81 00	3 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	1	8,200 00	2	200 00	1	610 00	4 50	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	250 00	2	200 00	1	115 00	1 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	1	110 00	1	100 00	.....	112 00	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	1	180 00	.....	.....	1	74 00	3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1	185 00	1	90 00	.....	83 50	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	210 00	1	200 00	.....	145 00	48 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	425 00	1	70 00	.....	114 00	15 80	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
20
21
22	18	\$25,325 00	12	\$1,300 00	4	\$3,105 96	\$188 00	9	1	1	1	1	.....
Total for County.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36

CALHOUN COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—D. S. MURPH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School.		Name and Postoffice of Chairman.			
	Negro.						White.		Negro.		White.	Negro.				
	Men.			Women.			Total for Both Sexes.		Town.		Country.	Town.		Country.		
	First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.	First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.	First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.	First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.		First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.
1	1						2						16		16	John J. Muller, Gaston.
2	1						1						16		8	H. L. Geiger, Sandy Run.
3						1									32	E. F. Irick, Ellertree.
4	2												32		27	J. E. Zeigler, Lone Star.
5							2						32		30	E. R. Griffith, Fort Motte.
6	1						2								14	W. G. Peterkin, Fort Motte.
7	1						2						20		16	W. J. Wise, St. Matthews.
8	1						1								40	T. H. Dreher, St. Matthews.
9													32		14	W. C. Holman, St. Matthews.
10	1							1					60		20	W. D. Frank, Cameron.
11									1				24		12	W. H. J. J.
12							1						24		16	J. J. I.
13	1												26		16	P. I. I.
14	2						2						23		18	P. I. I.
15							2						28		24	J. F. E.
16													29		8	J. F. W.
17									1				23		8	W. W.
18													23		8	W. W.
19	1												24		14	T. V. G.
20							1						23		12	G.
78																
Total for Co.	11	1		13	2	1	20	102	460	70	337					

CHARLESTON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—E. P. WARING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 2-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
McClellanville	1	\$1,330 08	\$320 85	\$2,602 10	\$71 78	.....	\$519 88	3	\$360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$5,204 62	\$4,039 08	\$1,165 59
Moultrieville	2	572 98	34 27	613 07	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,221 82	741 54	479 78
James Island	3	1,953 11	282 98	3,762 50	5 06	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,008 59	8,419 42	2,584 17
St. Philips and St. Michaels	4	1,466 26	76 89	2,713 47	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,255 62	2,073 17	2,182 45
Mount Pleasant	5	399 89	172 14	2,701 17	1 00	\$536 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,800 54	3,882 28	418 26
Christ Church	6	3,972 61	487 15	3,633 58	4 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$100 00	.....	8,197 38	4,533 37	3,664 01
Awendaw	7	349 72	70 00	1,312 76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,782 48	1,890 83	352 15
Lofton	8	485 10	55 00	1,085 92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,636 02	1,802 23	833 79
Moss Swamp	9	497 83	20 00	609 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,127 83	633 00	594 83
St. Andrews	10	3,320 74	131 98	3,205 74	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,659 41	2,696 65	3,962 76
Johns Island	11	2,968 10	648 67	5,421 20	7 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,085 19	4,507 91	4,527 28
Wadmalaw Island	12	1,185 88	354 27	2,660 70	1 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,202 85	2,583 26	1,619 09
Edisto Island	13	1,152 09	255 15	2,162 56	7 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,577 05	2,280 01	1,297 04
Edisto Island	14	564 86	119 71	838 04	2 33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,524 44	1,048 53	475 91
Charleston (city)	15	22,596 88	4,873 31	34,705 90	40 81	27,892 71	48,462 02	2½	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$14,127 12	152,688 75	131,335 55	21,353 20
Incidental account .....	.....	318 25	.....	137 09	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	55 87	511 21	176 18	385 08
Libraries account .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$30 00	.....	90 00	120 00	90 00	30 00
Bookcase account .....	.....	30 00	.....	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	70 00	10 00	60 00
Suspense account .....	.....	195 54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	195 54	55 87	139 67
Total for County.....	15	\$43,339 40	\$7,900 77	\$68,215 30	\$143 48	\$23,429 05	\$48,971 85	.....	\$360 00	.....	\$30 00	\$100 00	\$14,272 99	\$211,762 84	\$166,188 33	\$45,574 51

CHARLESTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—E. P. WARING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	\$35 44			\$7 00	\$533 59				\$3,234 53	\$904 50	\$4,089 03
	2			\$78 00						739 79	1 75	741 54
	3	18 87	88 65							1,453 73	1,965 69	3,419 42
	4	1 95	33 68							1,066 99	1,006 18	2,073 17
	5	167 36	17 50							2,564 78	817 50	3,382 28
	6	81 12	20 15				\$570 78			2,187 09	2,396 28	4,583 37
	7	1 60	9 40							891 33	489 00	1,380 33
	8	8 00	31 20							750 28	551 95	1,302 23
	9	17 00			6 00					377 00	156 00	533 00
	10		97 05		8 00					1,414 25	1,282 40	2,696 65
	11	59 85	34 92							1,890 09	2,617 52	4,507 61
	12	69 98	2 00	25 00						1,811 13	772 13	2,583 26
	13		5 00							1,410 75	869 26	2,280 01
	14	3 55	32 95							613 63	434 90	1,048 53
	15	875 85	927 75			17,832 06	24,650 90	\$583 50	\$291 50	77,524 09	53,811 46	131,335 55
										122 63	53 55	176 18
								90 00		90 00		90 00
								10 00		10 00		10 00
										27 94	27 98	55 87
Total for County....	15	\$1,340 57	\$1,220 25	\$108 00	\$16 00	\$17,915 65	\$25,221 63	\$683 50	\$291 50	\$98,130 08	\$68,053 30	\$166,183 38

CHARLESTON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVER AGE ATTENDANCE.—E. P. WARING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

		Enrollment.													
Number of District.	Public Schools.						White.						Negro.		
	White.			Negro.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.		
	Town	Country.	Town	Country.	Country.		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1	.....	4	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	62	.....	71	133	.....	.....	.....
2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	39	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	1	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	9	16	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	1	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	25	45	.....	.....	.....
5	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	47	60	107	.....	.....	.....	190	164	344
6	.....	1	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	7	11	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	37	27	64	.....	.....	.....
8	.....	2	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	10	22	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	9	16	.....	.....	.....
10	.....	1	.....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4	7	89	47	88
11	.....	4	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	17	42	.....	.....	.....
12	.....	3	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	17	39	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	8	18	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	4	12	.....	.....	.....
15	5	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	1,695	1,927	3,622	.....	.....	.....	1,072	1,123	2,195
Total for Co..	7	23	5	45	.....	.....	1,765	2,026	3,791	217	208	425	1,801	1,824	2,625
													2,156	2,506	4,662
															7,287

CHARLESTON COUNTY:--TABLE 3.--SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.--E. P. WARING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.--Con.

Number of District.		Average Attendance.											
		White.					Negro.						
		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1		15	29	44	45	46	91	136	118	254	97	115	212
2		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3		.....	.....	.....	7	9	16	.....	.....	.....	164	140	304
4		.....	.....	.....	14	19	33	.....	.....	.....	106	88	196
5		84	46	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6		.....	.....	.....	4	6	10	.....	.....	.....	151	192	343
7		.....	.....	.....	23	19	42	.....	.....	.....	61	64	125
8		.....	.....	.....	6	4	10	.....	.....	.....	52	69	121
9		.....	.....	.....	2	3	5	.....	.....	.....	16	23	39
10		.....	.....	.....	2	2	4	.....	.....	.....	98	123	221
11		.....	.....	.....	24	17	41	29	34	63	237	304	541
12		.....	.....	.....	20	15	35	.....	.....	.....	86	100	186
13		.....	.....	.....	9	8	17	.....	.....	.....	103	113	216
14		.....	.....	.....	6	4	10	.....	.....	.....	34	48	82
15		1,437	1,828	3,265	.....	.....	.....	1,054	1,011	2,065	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....		1,486	1,908	3,390	162	152	314	1,219	1,163	2,382	1,207	1,879	2,586
													4,968

CHARLESTON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—E. P. WARING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.								
		White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men.			Women.					
		No.	Value With Grounds.	No.					Value With Grounds.	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
		2	\$3,125 00	1	\$110 50	2	4	\$336 25	\$27 50	1	.....	.....	.....	5	1	.....	Total for Both Sexes
1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	70 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	7
2	2	.....	612 00	3	1,450 00	.....	.....	250 50	621 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2
3	3	.....	1,500 00	3	2,400 00	.....	.....	251 15	147 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2
4	4	.....	2,500 00	.....	.....	.....	1	383 00	50 00	1	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	2
5	5	.....	400 00	7	3,603 00	.....	.....	125 50	190 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	4
6	6	.....	1,200 00	3	900 00	.....	.....	179 75	51 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	1
7	7	.....	900 00	3	900 00	.....	.....	155 00	67 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1
8	8	.....	300 00	1	160 00	.....	1	90 50	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2
9	9	.....	.....	2	700 00	.....	2	46 50	151 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
10	10	.....	1,400 00	9	2,800 00	.....	1	367 75	409 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	1
11	11	.....	1,200 00	4	1,400 00	.....	1	282 00	155 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	4
12	12	.....	700 00	2	800 00	.....	.....	172 00	283 00	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	4
13	13	.....	700 00	1	400 00	.....	.....	143 50	118 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2
14	14	.....	250,000 00	3	100,000 00	.....	.....	23,876 00	17,520 00	7	.....	.....	.....	36	54	.....	1
15	15	.....	\$284,537 00	42	\$115,623 50	5	9	\$26,729 90	\$19,803 45	10	.....	.....	.....	67	56	.....	97
Total for County.....		25															133

CHARLESTON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—E. P. WARING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.							Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman		
	Negro.														White	Negro
	Men.			Women.				White		Negro		Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Genders	Town	Country	Town	Country					
1	1	1	2	3			6	36	104			86	S. C. Doar, McChellanville.			
2	2			5			7		96			96	Dan Keenan, Moultrieville.			
3					3		3		86			108	Sandford Bee, James Island.			
4				3	1		4	86			22		M. P. Crodan, Charleston.			
5				4			4		86			192	T. G. McCanta, Mt. Pleasant.			
6				1			1		96			60	F. Gregorie, Mt. Pleasant.			
7				4			4		72			60	J. N. M.			
8				4			4		86			24	H. M. A. S.			
9				2			2		86		28		E. T. W. H.			
10				4	1		5		135			283	Ralph Bailey, Edisto Island.			
11				12			12		108			96	T. O. Murray, Edisto Island.			
12				4			4		86			48	E. D. Bailey, Charleston.			
13				3	1		4		86			24	Hon. James Simons, Charleston.			
14				1	1		2		86							
15	4			**17	**25		46	186			111					
16																
Total for Co.	4	3	2	63	33	4	100	257	766	171	1,161					

*These are white men in colored schools. **40 are white women in colored schools.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—E. S. MCKOWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Antioch	1	\$77 41	\$61 30	\$237 65	\$28 14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$6 96	\$411 45	\$258 42	\$153 03
Pine Grove	2	46 34	45 27	274 40	15 57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$5 00	.....	3 21	389 79	356 90	32 89
Hopewell	3	45 92	65 70	296 45	21 77	.....	\$101 10	2	.....	.....	10 00	.....	2 14	543 08	446 40	96 68
King's Creek	4	85 29	109 79	384 65	43 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	574 08	449 00	125 08
Broad River	5	335 98	206 52	617 40	35 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9 10	1,204 22	747 50	456 72
Buffalo	6	33 18	68 83	304 00	24 28	.....	750 53	3	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	2 14	1,282 91	972 12	310 79
Rock Springs	7	22 98	21 04	63 00	6 02	.....	59 62	2	.....	58 00	.....	.....	.....	230 66	183 80	46 86
Holly Grove	8	5 08	50 15	213 16	17 00	.....	103 50	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	398 88	420 00	—81 12
Blacksburg	9	60 00	220 03	1,347 50	42 03	.....	1,786 40	4	\$650 00	.....	.....	.....	40 12	4,046 08	4,045 98	10
Gaffney	10	514 86	1,025 32	3,346 50	79 52	.....	6,177 53	3½	505 00	.....	.....	.....	1,439 72	12,058 73	11,740 38	818 35
Grassy Pond	11	43 55	73 62	196 00	17 62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26 82	357 61	232 49	125 12
Sarratts	12	199 98	202 91	612 50	52 90	.....	558 07	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	21 93	1,648 27	1,182 04	466 23
Midway	13	50 97	84 84	203 35	23 74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 56	371 46	266 95	104 51
Macedonia	14	388 92	93 71	243 00	38 72	.....	97 57	2	.....	.....	10 00	.....	22 14	944 06	809 45	134 61
Cowpens	15	141 59	223 96	784 16	62 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23 01	1,240 72	1,029 36	211 36
White Plains	16	—421 12	194 06	833 00	60 48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12 84	679 26	634 21	45 05
Draytonville	17	126 01	70 63	318 50	16 12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9 09	540 35	369 60	170 75
Timber Ridge	18	146 97	87 81	404 25	40 39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 14	681 56	399 25	282 31
Asbury	19	12 45	37 59	187 50	18 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	257 31	262 46	—5 15
McKown Mt.	20	53 84	147 45	441 00	53 61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 82	700 72	421 10	279 62
Star Farm	21	44 83	84 88	250 00	27 76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13 92	421 39	405 37	16 02
Cowdysville	22	—3 71	119 08	514 50	57 97	.....	305 93	4	.....	.....	5 00	.....	10 70	1,009 47	870 90	138 57
Love Springs	23	660 85	98 68	208 25	21 32	.....	406 23	2	.....	.....	5 00	.....	1 07	1,401 40	717 39	684 01
Fair View	24	75 80	47 25	140 00	16 52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 07	280 14	212 04	68 10
Pacolet	25	—77 29	132 62	514 50	59 19	.....	211 52	2½	.....	100 00	.....	.....	9 63	960 17	818 30	131 87
Beaver Dam	26	217 08	65 79	294 00	15 10	.....	282 98	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 21	873 16	706 71	171 45
White Plains, Spe..	27	—5 45	87 20	392 00	26 27	.....	20 78	½	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 51	545 31	456 95	88 36
Morgan	29	—41 09	16 15	161 50	5 07	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 14	143 77	190 30	—46 53
Ross Grove	31	—169 13	57 36	184 75	14 62	.....	127 40	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	265 00	314 75	—49 75
Robbs	32	.....	55 19	245 00	19 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	319 23	254 36	—64 87
Ashworth	33	.....	56 26	343 00	13 05	.....	77 27	2	.....	77 00	.....	.....	.....	566 58	493 68	72 90
Butler	34	40 00	68 54	294 00	16 56	.....	71 39	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	490 49	330 05	160 44
Total for County...	32	\$1,631 80	\$3,985 53	\$14,849 46	\$989 58	.....	\$11,146 82	.....	\$1,055 00	\$435 00	\$35 00	.....	\$1,694 12	\$35,822 81	\$30,998 21	\$4,824 10

Outstanding deficits for 1909-10 paid from revenues 1910-11, \$1,232.65.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—E. S. MCKOWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total	Men.	Women.	Total					
1	.....	\$224 65	.....	\$25 00	\$25 00	\$249 65	.....	.....	\$8 77	.....	
2	.....	250 00	.....	87 50	87 50	337 50	.....	.....	6 00	.....	
3	.....	300 00	.....	125 00	125 00	425 00	.....	.....	11 40	.....	
4	\$170 00	190 00	.....	87 50	87 50	447 50	.....	.....	1 50	.....	
5	.....	568 30	.....	170 00	170 00	738 30	.....	.....	6 20	.....	
6	.....	762 00	\$87 50	.....	87 50	849 50	.....	.....	122 62	.....	
7	.....	175 00	.....	.....	.....	175 00	.....	.....	8 80	.....	
8	.....	420 00	.....	.....	.....	420 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	1,200 00	2,300 00	315 00	225 00	540 00	4,040 00	.....	.....	5 98	.....	
10	1,675 00	7,200 00	315 00	360 00	675 00	9,550 00	.....	.....	2,190 38	.....	
11	178 75	.....	25 80	.....	25 80	204 55	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	269 10	551 48	.....	285 21	285 21	1,105 79	.....	.....	45 72	.....	
13	.....	227 20	30 75	.....	30 75	257 95	.....	.....	9 00	.....	
14	.....	564 25	165 60	.....	165 60	729 85	.....	\$9 00	48 50	.....	
15	402 75	430 85	59 62	80 00	89 62	923 22	.....	.....	13 27	.....	
16	60 00	389 25	82 75	42 50	125 25	574 50	.....	.....	53 66	.....	
17	.....	270 60	88 00	.....	88 00	358 60	.....	.....	11 00	.....	
18	.....	220 00	120 00	50 00	170 00	390 00	.....	.....	4 25	.....	
19	.....	160 00	.....	100 00	100 00	260 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	325 00	22 50	60 00	82 50	407 50	.....	.....	13 60	.....	
21	.....	330 00	.....	40 00	40 00	370 00	.....	7 85	.....	.....
22	498 60	209 30	96 00	.....	96 00	798 90	.....	.....	10 25	.....	
23	.....	669 90	.....	.....	.....	669 90	.....	17 55	23 94	.....	
24	179 85	.....	23 75	.....	23 75	203 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	270 00	362 50	.....	175 00	175 00	807 50	.....	.....	10 80	70
26	497 35	497 35	.....	45 00	45 00	542 35	.....	21 95	85 91	.....	
27	.....	291 60	74 00	86 00	160 00	451 60	.....	.....	5 35	.....	
29	.....	160 00	23 75	.....	23 75	183 75	.....	.....	6 55	.....	
31	.....	306 75	.....	.....	.....	306 75	.....	.....	8 00	.....	
32	.....	169 05	45 00	.....	45 00	214 05	.....	.....	40 31	.....	
33	180 45	120 00	87 50	.....	87 50	387 95	.....	.....	31 50	.....	
34	210 00	.....	.....	42 00	42 00	252 00	.....	21 85	13 00	.....	
Total for County....		\$5,786 85	\$18,147 68	\$1,662 52	\$2,085 71	\$3,698 23	\$27,632 76	\$78 20	\$2,746 26	\$0 70		

CHEROKEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—E. S. McKOWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$233 42	\$25 00	\$258 42
	2	\$4 85	\$4 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$5 00	.....	265 85	91 55	356 90
	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	321 40	125 00	446 40
	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	361 50	87 50	449 00
	5	3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	577 50	170 00	747 50
	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	884 62	87 50	972 12
	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	183 80	.....	183 80
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 00	.....	420 00
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,505 98	540 00	4,045 98
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,165 38	675 00	11,740 38
	11	27 94	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	206 69	25 80	232 49
	12	.....	80 53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	866 30	315 74	1,182 04
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	236 20	30 75	266 95
	14	12 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	643 85	165 60	809 45
	15	92 87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	989 74	89 62	1,029 36
	16	6 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	508 96	125 25	634 21
	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	281 60	88 00	369 60
	18	.....	.....	.....	\$5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	224 25	175 00	399 25
	19	2 46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	162 46	100 00	262 46
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	338 60	82 50	421 10
	21	27 52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	365 37	40 00	405 37
	22	56 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	774 90	96 00	870 90
	23	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	717 39	.....	717 39
	24	8 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	188 29	23 75	212 04
	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	643 30	175 00	818 30
	26	87 95	.....	.....	8 00	\$14 85	.....	.....	.....	658 01	48 70	706 71
	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	296 95	160 00	456 95
	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	166 55	23 75	190 30
	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	314 75	.....	314 75
	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	209 36	45 00	254 36
	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	408 18	87 50	495 68
	32	74 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	288 05	42 00	330 05
	33	43 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	32	\$447 86	\$34 58	.....	\$8 00	\$14 85	.....	\$35 00	.....	\$27,256 70	\$3,741 51	\$30,998 21
Total for County...												

CHEROKEE COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—E. S. MCKOWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Enrollment.														
	Public Schools.						Negro.								
	White.		Negro.		Country	Town.	White.				Negro.				
	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.				In Country Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total.	
			Boys	Girls			Total	Boys		Girls	Total	Boys	Girls		Total
1	1	.....	1	.....	28	12	40	.....	.....	.....	18	19	37	37
2	1	.....	1	.....	31	21	52	.....	.....	.....	29	27	56	56
3	1	.....	1	.....	18	32	50	.....	.....	.....	35	30	65	65
4	3	.....	1	.....	84	42	106	.....	.....	.....	15	15	30	30
5	3	.....	2	.....	88	70	158	.....	.....	.....	35	49	84	84
6	1	.....	1	.....	30	45	75	.....	.....	.....	18	17	35	35
7	1	.....	.....	.....	15	15	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	1	.....	.....	.....	60	40	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1	.....	1	.....	45	35	80	.....	.....	.....	10	7	17	17
12	3	.....	2	.....	85	75	160	.....	.....	.....	65	65	130	130
13	1	.....	1	.....	26	17	43	.....	.....	.....	20	15	35	35
14	2	.....	1	.....	67	42	109	.....	.....	.....	30	35	65	65
15	4	.....	1	.....	132	124	256	.....	.....	.....	16	11	27	27
16	4	.....	2	.....	106	95	201	.....	.....	.....	42	46	88	88
17	2	.....	1	.....	30	31	61	.....	.....	.....	20	25	45	45
18	2	.....	2	.....	37	20	57	.....	.....	.....	36	44	79	79
19	1	.....	1	.....	18	8	26	.....	.....	.....	19	28	47	47
20	2	.....	1	.....	50	48	98	.....	.....	.....	15	16	31	31
21	3	.....	1	.....	47	37	84	.....	.....	.....	22	18	40	40
22	2	.....	1	.....	68	57	125	.....	.....	.....	25	22	47	47
23	2	.....	.....	.....	50	50	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	1	.....	.....	.....	25	20	45	.....	.....	.....	9	8	17	17
25	3	.....	2	.....	44	48	92	.....	.....	.....	51	60	111	111
26	1	.....	1	.....	24	36	60	.....	.....	.....	28	32	60	60
27	2	.....	2	.....	41	41	82	.....	.....	.....	51	75	126	126
29	1	.....	.....	.....	26	12	38	.....	.....	.....	8	5	13	13
31	2	.....	.....	.....	27	18	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	1	.....	1	.....	21	28	49	.....	.....	.....	25	26	51	51
33	1	.....	1	.....	62	60	122	.....	.....	.....	16	23	39	39
34	1	.....	1	.....	44	42	86	.....	.....	.....	26	28	54	54
Total for Co...	3	54	2	30	590	738	1,328	1,409	1,221	2,630	3,953	252	272	524	1,963

*Accurate reports for these failed to reach this office. The above are approximate figures.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—E. S. MCKOWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.										
		White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men.			Women.							
		No.	Value With Grounds.	No.					Value With Grounds.	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade				
1	1	\$350 00	1	.....	.....	\$100 00	\$25 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
2	1	350 00	1	.....	.....	125 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	1	400 00	1	.....	.....	140 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	3	900 00	1	.....	.....	200 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	2	700 00	2	.....	.....	300 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
6	1	500 00	1	.....	.....	180 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
7	1	190 00	.....	.....	.....	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	1	800 00	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	1	2,000 00	1	.....	.....	600 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	2	50,000 00	.....	.....	.....	2,000 00	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1	400 00	1	.....	.....	160 00	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	3	1,600 00	2	.....	.....	350 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	1	450 00	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	2	750 00	1	.....	.....	190 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	4	1,300 00	1	.....	.....	150 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	5	1,400 00	2	.....	.....	300 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	2	600 00	1	.....	.....	75 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	2	250 00	1	.....	.....	125 00	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	200 00	1	.....	.....	100 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	2	150 00	1	.....	.....	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	3	300 00	1	.....	.....	50 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	2	700 00	1	.....	.....	250 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	2	800 00	2	.....	.....	400 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1	600 00	1	.....	.....	200 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	2	500 00	2	.....	.....	350 00	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1	225 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	2	550 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	2	330 00	1	.....	.....	100 00	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	2	600 00	1	.....	.....	100 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	1	500 00	1	.....	.....	125 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	1	500 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	57	\$68,645 00	30	1	2	\$7,270 00	\$1,813 00	12	8	.....	57	12	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85

CHEROKEE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—E. S. MCKOWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total for Both Series	Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro.							White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	Country	Town	Country			
1				1			1				4	2½	J. B. Hambright, Grover, N. C.	
2							1				16	1½	W. R. Hambright, Kings Creek, S. C.	
3					1		1				20	2	R. A. Westbrook, Blacksburg, S. C.	
4				1			1				14	2½	J. E. Plaxico, Smyrna, S. C.	
5					1		1				32	2	R. L. Goode, Cherokee Falls, S. C.	
6			1				1				12	2	J. D. Wilson, Blacksburg, S. C.	
7												1½	W. A. Jones, Blacksburg, S. C.	
8											20	2	Price Martin, Grover, N. C.	
9	1			2			3	36		36		1	B. L. Hoke, Blacksburg, S. C.	
10	1			2			3	72		36		1½	J. C. Jeffries, Gaffney, S. C.	
11		1					1				12	3	L. B. Sarratt, Gaffney, S. C.	
12				2			2				40	2	W. A. Presto, I. C.	
13												1½	C. A. Presto, I. C.	
14		1					1				26	2	C. F. J. M. S. L.	
15		1					1				17	2	C. F. J. M. S. L.	
16		2					2				12	2	J. R. S. L.	
17			1				1				24	2	E. L. J. D.	
18							2				12	2	J. R. S. L.	
19							1				24	2	J. R. S. L.	
20							1				16	2½	J. R. S. L.	
21							1				16	1½	J. R. S. L.	
22		1					1				8	2	J. R. S. L.	
23											10	1½	J. R. S. L.	
24												1½	J. R. S. L.	
25			1				2				28	2	J. R. S. L.	
26				1			1				6	2	J. R. S. L.	
27		1		1			2				24	2	J. R. S. L.	
28											16	2	J. R. S. L.	
29											38	1½	J. R. S. L.	
30											16	1½	J. R. S. L.	
31		1					1				6	2	J. R. S. L.	
32		1					1				16	2	J. R. S. L.	
33		1					1				16	1½	J. R. S. L.	
34						1	1				8	2	J. R. S. L.	
Total for Co	2	10	4	10	3	6	35	108	968	72	335	...		

CHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—W. D. KNOX, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Court House	1	\$2,401 72	\$984 64	\$3,814 86	\$82 56	.....	\$6,820 13	2.5	.....	\$100 00	.....	\$300 00	.....	\$14,508 41	\$13,778 00	\$725 41
Lewisville	2	2,703 41	474 27	2,050 21	93 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,821 44	2,649 00	2,672 44
Landford	3	1,685 64	185 71	777 75	42 11	.....	881 72	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,072 93	1,368 65	1,704 28
Hazelwood	4	1,851 05	320 80	1,254 55	127 01	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,553 41	1,853 80	1,689 61
Baton Rouge	5	1,560 92	281 27	1,251 57	81 83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,125 09	1,546 01	1,579 08
Rossville	6	1,165 25	164 46	1,117 47	45 85	.....	745 92	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,638 95	1,172 35	1,466 60
Blackstock	7	3,314 61	472 18	1,880 35	169 19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,886 88	2,908 57	2,927 76
Wise	8	910 53	47 38	193 67	23 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,175 23	365 06	810 18
Rocky Creek	9	760 10	126 39	247 81	34 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,168 15	454 35	713 80
Sandy River	10	1,924 08	141 29	581 07	41 66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,688 05	738 40	1,949 65
Edgemoor	11	—165 06	96 04	464 85	31 80	.....	306 13	2	\$410 00	.....	.....	.....	\$181 25	1,325 01	1,760 00	—434 90
Broad River	12	710 17	75 92	441 01	24 16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,251 26	709 82	541 44
Harmony	13	1,127 00	111 41	667 49	38 13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,944 03	957 50	986 53
Wilksburg	14	1,281 15	162 95	712 19	64 66	.....	357 80	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,578 75	1,236 65	1,342 10
Leeds	15	1,048 90	87 12	360 55	22 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,519 42	422 00	1,097 42
Halsellville	16	1,046 07	96 03	512 53	43 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,698 58	827 10	871 48
Fort Lawn	17	732 74	163 38	724 11	22 18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,976 56	855 48	1,121 08
Bascomville	18	632 61	90 58	339 69	21 18	.....	222 96	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,807 02	682 95	674 07
Richburg	19	887 62	150 29	613 85	31 18	.....	411 37	2.5	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,894 81	1,465 00	929 31
Pleasant Grove	20	727 89	87 80	509 55	33 19	.....	293 81	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,652 24	778 92	873 32
Rodman	21	1,315 70	130 52	449 95	47 09	.....	343 49	2.5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,286 75	1,860 54	906 21
Lowryville	22	1,102 49	136 86	756 89	30 35	.....	339 13	2.5	.....	.....	.....	800 00	.....	3,168 97	1,961 56	1,187 41
Great Falls	23	732 20	161 34	485 71	39 59	.....	741 46	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,160 30	1,321 90	838 40
County Board Fund .....	.....	1,588 00	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$30 00	.....	67 08	1,785 03	562 08	1,223 00
Total for County...	23	\$31,044 74	\$4,698 68	\$20,306 68	\$1,191 52	.....	\$10,698 07	.....	\$710 00	\$100 00	\$30 00	\$600 00	\$751 58	\$70,181 22	\$41,725 68	\$28,405 59

CHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. D. KNOX, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$4,290 00	\$6,169 25	\$10,459 25	\$566 25	\$892 50	\$1,458 75	\$11,918 00	.....	.....	\$1,800 00	.....
2	666 00	1,425 00	2,091 00	.....	500 00	500 00	2,591 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	520 00	540 00	1,060 00	242 00	40 00	282 00	1,342 00	.....	.....	26 65	.....
4	.....	1,470 80	1,470 80	75 00	300 00	375 00	1,845 80	.....	.....	.....	\$8 00
5	.....	1,330 41	1,330 41	.....	213 00	213 00	1,543 41	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	880 15	880 15	70 00	200 00	270 00	1,150 15	.....	.....	5 45	.....
7	968 22	1,400 00	2,368 22	192 50	265 00	457 50	2,825 72	.....	.....	42 60	.....
8	.....	283 55	283 55	.....	80 00	80 00	363 55	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	363 85	363 85	90 00	.....	90 00	453 85	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	.....	600 95	600 95	.....	128 00	128 00	728 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1,040 00	640 00	1,680 00	.....	80 00	80 00	1,760 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	.....	507 50	507 50	.....	168 00	168 00	675 50	.....	.....	3 25	.....
13	.....	757 50	757 50	.....	200 00	200 00	957 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	909 40	909 40	.....	325 00	325 00	1,234 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	310 00	.....	310 00	.....	112 00	112 00	422 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	.....	473 28	473 28	.....	205 00	205 00	678 28	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	688 92	.....	688 92	150 00	.....	150 00	833 92	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	500 45	500 45	.....	80 00	80 00	580 45	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	675 00	630 00	1,305 00	150 00	.....	150 00	1,455 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	553 75	553 75	.....	80 00	80 00	633 75	.....	.....	10 00	.....
21	492 00	518 75	940 75	65 00	.....	65 00	1,005 75	.....	.....	81 62	.....
22	683 75	403 75	1,087 50	.....	144 00	144 00	1,181 50	.....	.....	27 30	.....
23	.....	1,150 00	1,150 00	90 00	70 00	160 00	1,310 00	.....	.....	205 26	.....
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 60	.....
Total for County...	\$10,208 89	\$21,508 34	\$3,177 23	\$1,690 75	\$4,082 50	\$5,773 25	\$37,490 48	\$279 04	.....	\$2,866 47	\$8 00


CHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. D. KNOX, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$12,319 25	\$1,453 75	\$18,773 00
	2	\$13 49	.....	\$18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,149 00	500 00	2,649 00
	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,086 65	282 00	1,368 65
	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,470 80	383 00	1,853 80
	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,883 01	213 00	1,546 01
	6	11 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	902 35	270 00	1,172 35
	7	83 50	1 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,449 32	459 25	2,908 57
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 05	80 00	365 05
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	884 35	90 00	454 85
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	610 40	128 00	738 40
	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,680 00	80 00	1,760 00
	12	31 07	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	541 82	168 00	709 82
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	757 50	200 00	957 50
	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	911 65	325 00	1,236 65
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310 00	112 00	422 00
	16	59 92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	622 10	205 00	827 10
	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	705 48	150 00	855 48
	18	52 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	552 95	80 00	632 95
	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,315 00	150 00	1,465 00
	20	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	678 97	100 00	778 92
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$327 01	.....	.....	.....	1,315 34	65 00	1,380 34
	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	472 35	\$32 00	.....	.....	1,805 56	176 00	1,981 56
	23	8 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,151 90	160 00	1,321 90
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	562 08	.....	562 08
County Board Fund.												
Total for County...	23	\$210 53	\$21 75	\$18 00	.....	\$799 36	\$32 00	.....	.....	\$35,890 63	\$5,825 00	\$41,725 63

CHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—W. D. KNOX, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.							
			White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade		Third Grade
1	9	3	\$46,000 00	1	\$8,000 00	.....	.....	\$2,500 00	\$500 00	4	.....	.....	15	.....	2	.....	19
2	47	2	185 00	1	75 00	5	4	534 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	7
3	18	2	475 00	3	275 00	.....	.....	51 00	18 00	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2
4	80	4	710 00	1	60 00	2	5	154 00	16 00	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	2	.....	6
5	33	6	1,235 00	4	525 00	.....	.....	305 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	2	.....	6
6	34	4	785 00	1	160 00	.....	.....	215 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	4
7	74	6	2,100 00	2	590 00	1	3	340 00	30 00	2	1	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	7
8	10	1	300 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	40 00	3 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
9	32	1	175 00	1	125 00	.....	.....	10 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
10	14	2	725 00	1	175 00	.....	.....	60 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	2
11	9	1	4,500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	10 00	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	4
12	25	2	400 00	2	295 00	.....	.....	90 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
13	10	2	1,200 00	1	175 00	.....	.....	135 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2
14	34	2	860 00	2	185 00	.....	.....	150 00	2 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	1	.....	3
15	24	2	250 00	2	225 00	.....	.....	18 00	6 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
16	26	1	300 00	3	400 00	.....	.....	60 00	26 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
17	10	1	600 00	1	250 00	.....	.....	100 00	2 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
18	12	1	1,680 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	111 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
19	10	1	2,300 00	1	125 00	.....	.....	181 00	5 00	1	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	3
20	10	1	1,725 00	1	175 00	.....	.....	124 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
21	10	1	1,050 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	145 00	3 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	3
22	14	1	4,200 00	2	350 00	.....	.....	400 00	6 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
23	23	2	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	95 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Total for County.....			48	\$72,125 00	30	\$7,805 00	9	24	\$5,968 00	\$807 00	15	1	.....	53	13	.....	82

CHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—W. D. KNOX, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name  Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro							White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men			Women				Town	Country	Town	Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes								
1	1		1	2	3		7	108	164	32	20	2	2	T. H. White, Chester.	
2		1	1		3	2	6	28	68			2	3	R. A. Willis, Lando.	
3					3		3		105				2	2	R. A. McWater, Fort Lawn.
4				1	3	4	8		156				2	3	
5									83				2	3	
6	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	25	125	12	61		2	3	
7									33						
8			1				2		30						
9									56		16				
10								32							
11							3								
12					1	2	3		52						
13					2		2		68						
14					2	1	3		73						
15					1	1	2		23						
16						1	1		34						
17			1				1	30		20					D. Ferguson, Fort Lawn.
18							1		32						L. M. Ford, Bascomville.
19		1					1	30							J. B. Drennan, Richburg.
20					1		1		22						W. W. Gaston, Rodman.
21			1				1		33						John L. Kee, Rodman.
22					1		2	34							A. W. Lowry, Lowryville.
23			2			2	4		90						H. A. Tibbs, Great Falls.
Total for Co.	2	3	8	5	24	20	62	308	1,402	100	780				

1.
No. 1.

2. 2. 2. 2.

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 8-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Old Store	1	\$371 98	\$124 00	\$270 50	\$44 00	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$810 48	\$368 40	\$442 08
Jefferson	2	62 38	20 00	168 00	6 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	256 98	285 35	—28 47
Mt. Croghan	3	439 13	119 00	280 00	88 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	876 13	422 50	453 68
Alligator	4	149 64	72 00	100 00	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	345 64	288 00	62 64
Steer Pen	5	382 89	30 00	98 58	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	—226 83	.....	—226 83
Cheraw	6	350 59	67 00	224 18	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	684 77	310 70	354 07
Pats Branch	7	—145 25	16 00	40 00	3 00	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	—86 25	5 20	—91 45
Vaughan	8	90 56	56 00	200 96	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	359 52	326 62	82 90
Jefferson	9	—782 78	183 00	396 30	49 00	.....	\$350 98	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	897 46	2,083 40	—1,185 94
Union	10	326 09	100 00	200 00	22 00	.....	283 00	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	931 09	650 00	280 49
Shiloh	11	654 64	85 00	275 10	20 50	.....	144 99	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,180 23	548 97	631 26
Bear Creek	12	165 75	34 00	60 00	8 00	.....	105 04	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	372 79	304 49	68 30
Stafford	13	—208 14	35 00	75 00	10 50	.....	218 72	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	131 08	207 45	—76 87
Bethesda	14	234 86	22 00	80 00	5 50	.....	92 23	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	434 64	330 50	104 14
White Oak	15	173 22	26 00	60 00	8 00	.....	39 26	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	306 48	183 50	120 98
Palmetto	16	15 23	6 00	54 80	2 50	.....	105 39	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	183 92	180 95	2 97
Pine Grove	17	363 38	100 00	237 90	24 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	725 78	252 50	473 28
Chesterfield	18	349 86	191 00	480 50	39 50	.....	704 10	4	\$420 00	.....	.....	.....	2,889 06	2,216 78	672 28
Center Point	19	316 61	64 00	225 70	13 00	.....	163 64	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	787 95	236 60	551 35
Long Branch	20	428 28	80 00	167 64	26 50	.....	211 56	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	913 98	483 66	480 32
Bay Springs	21	164 71	27 00	89 00	4 50	.....	117 16	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	402 37	270 70	131 67
Wamble Hill	22	—53 29	58 00	115 25	15 00	.....	136 20	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	271 16	265 22	5 94
Pee Dee	23	—13 23	40 00	127 00	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	161 77	257 88	—96 11
White Plains	24	172 95	73 00	187 96	32 50	.....	107 44	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	573 55	629 25	—55 40
Bethel	25	22 30	58 00	150 00	11 50	.....	138 56	4	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	480 36	257 00	223 36
Parker	26	—9 48	59 00	150 00	4 50	.....	114 64	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	418 66	386 00	83 66
Buffalo	27	38 09	30 00	48 24	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	125 88	143 00	—17 17
Mt. Croghan	28	—95 21	107 00	120 90	31 00	.....	233 70	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	397 39	620 78	—223 39
Ruby	29	—1,049 68	97 00	250 34	21 00	.....	277 98	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	—403 36	441 25	—844 61
Wexford	30	118 02	64 00	90 10	15 50	.....	87 66	2	.....	86 16	.....	.....	461 44	230 36	231 08
Snow Hill	31	—60 20	64 00	100 00	13 50	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	117 30	120 00	—2 70
New Hope	32	55 97	21 00	75 00	6 00	.....	16 42	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	173 39	208 75	—85 96
Patrick	33	105 75	35 00	100 33	7 50	.....	258 48	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	507 06	465 34	41 71

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Five Forks	34	\$347 61	\$72 00	\$200 00	\$24 50	.....	\$81 44	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	725 55	425 00	300 55
Friendship	35	77 99	43 00	101 25	15 00	.....	102 86	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	339 90	161 50	178 40
Orange Hill	36	212 34	53 00	135 00	18 00	.....	229 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	647 34	669 85	—22 51
Wallace	37	230 74	99 00	204 88	25 00	.....	367 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	926 12	691 88	234 24
Middendorf	38	972 40	41 00	120 00	15 00	.....	266 34	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,414 74	577 55	887 19
McBee	39	267 16	42 00	100 04	13 50	.....	348 51	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	771 21	682 13	89 08
Zion	40	95 75	20 00	76 20	6 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	198 45	140 25	58 20
Marbury	41	238 11	52 00	130 00	5 00	.....	110 52	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	535 63	485 80	49 83
Jumper	42	210 00	26 00	124 25	11 00	.....	110 97	3	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	582 22	278 00	304 22
Pageland	43	1,020 13	167 00	775 34	36 50	.....	283 82	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	707 80	2,990 09	2,072 10	917 99
Cross Roads	44	96 10	43 00	50 50	8 50	.....	88 32	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	236 42	250 25	—13 83
Elizabeth	45	304 31	40 00	100 00	13 00	.....	74 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	531 31	304 31	227 00
Center Grove	46	140 52	31 00	90 44	9 00	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270 96	230 00	40 96
Lewis	47	18 50	27 00	75 22	5 50	.....	88 66	3	.....	30 63	.....	.....	.....	190 51	161 50	29 01
Cat Pond	48	12 50	16 00	75 00	5 00	.....	84 54	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	143 04	142 85	69
Ousley	49	66 00	48 00	134 36	13 00	.....	121 04	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	482 40	323 50	158 90
Green Hill	50	108 00	23 00	54 18	7 50	.....	100 72	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	291 40	205 00	86 40
Center	51	.....	23 00	75 33	5 50	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	103 83	.....	103 83
Sandy Run	52	.....	9 00	70 00	3 50	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	82 50	.....	32 50
Cheraw Special .....	.....	2,062 53	339 00	2,299 88	.....	.....	1,916 52	24	500 00	.....	.....	.....	367 00	7,484 88	5,889 00	1,595 88
Total for County...	53	\$8,868 53	\$3,377 00	\$10,289 57	\$807 00	.....	\$8,130 76	.....	\$920 00	\$516 79	.....	.....	\$2,480 86	\$35,390 51	\$27,617 67	\$7,772 84

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$186 45	\$122 50	\$308 95	\$50 00	.....	\$50 00	\$358 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	250 35	250 35	35 00	.....	35 00	285 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	160 00	120 00	280 00	52 50	\$85 00	137 50	417 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	208 00	.....	208 00	.....	80 00	80 00	288 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	216 70	216 70	.....	94 00	94 00	310 70	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$5 20
8	.....	251 55	251 55	75 07	.....	75 07	326 62	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	1,513 65	1,513 65	.....	135 00	135 00	1,648 65	.....	.....	.....	145 00
10	552 50	.....	552 50	.....	60 00	60 00	612 50	.....	.....	.....	29 60
11	.....	480 05	480 05	43 00	.....	43 00	523 05	.....	.....	.....	25 92
12	221 25	.....	221 25	.....	.....	.....	221 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	207 45	207 45	.....	.....	.....	207 45	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	325 00	.....	325 00	.....	.....	.....	325 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	.....	185 50	185 50	.....	.....	.....	185 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	.....	180 95	180 95	.....	.....	.....	180 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	192 50	192 50	.....	60 00	60 00	252 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	595 00	1,057 00	1,652 00	.....	.....	.....	1,652 00	.....	.....	.....	84 78
19	180 00	.....	180 00	50 00	.....	50 00	230 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	341 63	341 63	.....	50 50	50 50	392 13	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	230 00	230 00	.....	.....	.....	230 00	\$13 20	.....	.....	20 00
22	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	45 00	45 00	245 00	.....	.....	.....	16 47
23	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	50 00	50 00	250 00	.....	.....	.....	7 88
24	580 50	.....	580 50	30 00	.....	30 00	610 50	.....	.....	.....	18 75
25	.....	201 00	201 00	54 50	.....	54 50	255 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	330 00	330 00	43 50	.....	43 50	373 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	140 00	140 00	.....	.....	.....	140 00	.....	.....	.....	3 00
28	534 99	.....	534 99	.....	.....	.....	534 99	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	371 25	70 00	441 25	.....	.....	.....	441 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	100 00	98 86	198 86	.....	25 00	25 00	223 86	.....	.....	.....	6 50
31	.....	80 00	80 00	40 00	.....	40 00	120 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	208 75	208 75	.....	.....	.....	208 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	447 14	447 14	.....	.....	.....	447 14	.....	.....	.....	8 20

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	34	\$400 00	.....	\$400 00	\$25 00	.....	\$25 00	\$425 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	35	.....	\$160 00	160 00	.....	.....	.....	160 00	.....	.....	\$1 50	.....
	36	.....	519 80	519 80	115 40	.....	115 40	635 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
	37	.....	466 08	466 08	.....	\$10 00	10 00	476 08	.....	.....	5 00	.....
	38	577 55	.....	577 55	.....	.....	.....	577 55	.....	.....	.....	.....
	39	.....	642 70	642 70	.....	.....	.....	642 70	.....	.....	8 90	.....
	40	.....	140 25	140 25	.....	.....	.....	140 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
	41	.....	325 00	325 00	.....	150 00	150 00	475 00	.....	.....	10 80	.....
	42	.....	191 75	191 75	85 00	.....	85 00	276 75	.....	\$1 25	.....	.....
	43	400 00	540 00	940 00	85 00	.....	85 00	975 00	.....	300 00	10 25	.....
	44	250 25	.....	250 25	.....	.....	.....	250 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
	45	200 00	.....	200 00	.....	25 00	25 00	225 00	.....	79 81	.....	.....
	46	.....	230 00	230 00	.....	.....	.....	230 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	47	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	.....	.....	160 00	.....	.....	1 50	.....
	48	.....	140 00	140 00	.....	.....	.....	140 00	.....	.....	2 35	.....
	49	.....	288 00	288 00	.....	34 06	34 00	322 00	.....	.....	1 50	.....
	50	.....	208 50	208 50	.....	.....	.....	208 50	.....	.....	1 50	.....
	*51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	*52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	.....	1,875 00	2,652 00	4,527 00	.....	560 00	560 00	5,087 00	.....	.....	150 00	45 00
Total for County...	53	\$7,712 74	\$13,984 61	\$21,697 35	\$733 97	\$1,463 50	\$2,197 47	\$23,894 82	\$393 76	.....	\$421 05	\$45 00

*New district.

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Repairs		Rent		Grounds and Buildings		Libraries		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	\$9 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$318 40	\$50 00	\$368 40
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 35	35 00	285 35
3	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 00	187 50	472 50
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	208 00	80 00	288 00
5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	216 70	94 00	310 70
8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 20	.....	5 20
9	57 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	251 55	75 07	326 62
10	8 50	.....	.....	.....	\$376 00	.....	.....	.....	1,948 40	135 00	2,083 40
11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	590 60	60 00	650 60
12	83 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	505 97	43 00	548 97
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	304 49	.....	304 49
14	5 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	207 45	.....	207 45
15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	330 50	.....	330 50
16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	185 50	.....	185 50
17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	180 95	.....	180 95
18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	192 50	60 00	252 50
19	6 60	.....	.....	.....	480 00	.....	.....	.....	2,216 78	.....	2,216 78
20	41 53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 60	50 00	236 60
21	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	383 16	50 50	433 66
22	8 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270 70	.....	270 70
23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	220 22	45 00	265 22
24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	207 88	50 00	257 88
25	1 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	599 25	30 00	629 25
26	11 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	202 50	54 50	257 00
27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	341 50	48 50	385 00
28	85 79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	143 00	.....	143 00
29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	620 78	.....	620 78
30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	441 25	.....	441 25
31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	205 36	25 00	230 36
32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	40 00	120 00
33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	208 75	.....	208 75
									465 84	.....	465 84

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$400 00	\$25 00	\$425 00
	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	161 50	.....	161 50
	36	\$34 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	564 45	115 40	669 85
	37	32 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	503 14	188 74	691 88
	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	577 55	.....	577 55
	39	80 53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	682 13	.....	682 13
	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	140 25	.....	140 25
	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	335 80	150 00	485 80
	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	193 00	85 00	278 00
	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$786 85	.....	.....	.....	2,037 10	35 00	2,072 10
	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 25	.....	250 25
	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	279 31	25 00	304 31
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	230 00	.....	230 00
	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	161 50	.....	161 50
	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	142 35	.....	142 35
	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	289 50	.....	289 50
	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	205 00	.....	205 00
	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	.....	607 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,284 00	605 00	5,889 00
Total for County...	53	\$1,031 45	.....	.....	.....	\$1,642 85	\$178 74	\$10 00	.....	\$25,196 46	\$2,421 21	\$27,617 67

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.--TABLE 3.-SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.--KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.--Con.

District & Number	Enrollment.												
	Public Schools.				Negro.								
	White.		Negro.		White.								
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.								
					Boys	Girls							
					Total.	Grand Total							
					Boys	Girls							
					Total.	Grand Total							
					Boys	Girls							
					Total.	Grand Total							
34	1	1	1	1	31	31	62	30	31	61	61		
35	1	1	1	1	24	24	48	24	24	48	48		
36	1	1	1	1	30	30	60	30	30	60	60		
37	2	1	1	1	42	22	64	42	22	64	64		
38	1	1	1	1	35	35	70	35	35	70	70		
39	1	1	1	1	25	22	47	25	22	47	47		
40	1	1	1	1	16	16	32	16	16	32	32		
41	1	1	1	2	16	13	29	16	13	29	29		
42	1	1	1	1	17	9	26	17	9	26	26		
43	1	1	1	1	101	116	217	101	116	217	217		
44	1	1	1	1	25	13	38	25	13	38	38		
45	1	1	1	1	21	22	43	21	22	43	43		
46	1	1	1	1	26	31	57	26	31	57	57		
47	1	1	1	1	27	13	40	27	13	40	40		
48	1	1	1	1	31	22	53	31	22	53	53		
49	1	1	1	1	31	31	62	31	31	62	62		
50	1	1	1	1	30	29	59	30	29	59	59		
51	1	1	1	1	125	100	225	125	100	225	225		
52	1	1	1	1	125	100	225	125	100	225	225		
53	6	51	6	29	503	474	977	1,267	1,365	2,632	3,609		
Total for Co...								125	100	225	655	1,342	1,567

*The most correct data obtainable.

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 3.*—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.													
Number of District.	White.						Negro.						
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			
	Boys.	Girls	Total	Boys.	Girls	Total	Boys.	Girls	Total	Boys.	Girls	Total	Grand Total
1				16	16	32							
2													
3													
4													
5													
6				6	13	19				16	27	43	43
7													
8				14	18	32				13	5	18	18
9													
10													
11													
12													
13				9	10	19							
14				10	9	19							
15				9	11	20							
16				13	16	29							
17										17	12	29	29
18	74	80	154										
19				28	31	59				19	15	34	34
20				16	14	30				16	12	28	28
21													
22				13	12	25				15	20	35	35
23													
24				31	42	73							
25													
26				10	8	18							
27				15	11	26							
28													
29													
30													
31													
32													
33													

*The most correct data obtainable.

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 3.*—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Average Attendance.										
	White.						Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.	
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls
34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	.....	.....	.....	18	14	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
39	16	17	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	.....	.....	.....	8	9	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	.....	.....	.....	8	5	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	.....	.....	.....	9	5	14	.....	.....	.....	30	38
43	50	62	112	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	.....	.....	.....	16	17	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
46	.....	.....	.....	12	17	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
47	.....	.....	.....	14	7	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	.....	.....	.....	18	13	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
49	.....	.....	.....	16	17	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	96	95	190	.....	.....	.....	70	50	120	.....	.....
Total for County.....	234	254	488	309	294	603	70	50	120	126	124
										250	370

*The most correct data obtainable.

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.									
		White.		Negro.		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women						
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade				
1	22.0	2	\$230 00	1	\$100 00	.....	.....	\$33 30	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	24.5	2	200 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	10 00	\$10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	30.3	2	300 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	6.9	1	150 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	31.1	1	150 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	1	300 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	4.5	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	7.2	1	300 00	1	80 00	.....	.....	20 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	23.9	1	8,000 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	600 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	15.1	1	550 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	85 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	14.9	1	1,000 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	11.5	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	12.7	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	9.2	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	10.3	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	4.8	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	101 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	15.2	1	600 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	100 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	9.4	1	10,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,413 50	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	9.5	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	85 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	9.9	1	300 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	85 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	11.8	1	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	6.5	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	123 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	6.5	1	25 00	1	25 00	.....	.....	5 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	16.8	1	600 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	40 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	8.6	1	500 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	80 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	6.6	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	28 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	2.3	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	32 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	12.9	1	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	10.1	1	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	90 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	9.5	1	200 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	8.8	2	200 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	5.5	1	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	15.	1	300 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.--TABLE 4.--BUILDINGS, TEACHERS.--SESSION.--KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.--Con.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers							
	White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women				
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	
		Area.													
34	11.8	1	\$500 00	1		\$125 00		1							1
35	11.5	1	1,000 00			25 00									1
36	10.8	1	200 00			25 00							1		
37	45.7	2	500 00	1		100 00							1		
38	23.5	1	500 00		1	75 00		1							
39	19.7	1	750 00	1		100 00							2		
40	4.6	1	100 00			10 00							1		
41	6.7	1	250 00	2		9 75							1		
42	14.4														
43	13.8	1	10,000 00	1		700 00		1					1		
44	9.4	1	100 00			15 00							1		
45	6.7	1	100 00	1		80 00			1						
46	3.5	1	75 00												
47	6.8	1	300 00			75 00							1		
48	11.4	1	300 00			85 50							1		
49	17.5	1	350 00	1		85 00							1		
50	10.6	1	550 00			145 50									
51	3.8														
52	3.3														
.....	3.	1	25,000 00	1		1,650 00		2					6		8
53	632.1	55	\$70,255 00	28		\$6,684 56	\$685 00	18	7	2	38	20	2		82
Total for County.....															

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS.—SESSION.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	White		Negro				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country		
1	1						1		40			3	3	Dr. D.
2		1					1		28			3	3	A. M.
3							2		28			3	4	G. F.
4					1		1		20			3½	3½	C. W.
5							1		16			2½	3	J. R.
6		1					1		16			2½	2½	P. B.
7														John
8				1			1		16	16		3½	3½	J. M.
9				1			1	24			4	4	4	G. W.
10				1			1		24		8	3½	4	W. J.
11		1					1		26		6	3½	4½	L. A.
12									20			3½		J. A.
13									20			3		S. B.
14									20			2½		J. N.
15									18			2½		A. A.
16									16			2½		J. B.
17				1			1		16		8	3½	4	J. L.
18								23				3½		A. L.
19	1			1			2		16		6	3	3	N. L.
20							1		24		14	3½	3½	W. D.
21							1		31			3½		B. C.
22				1			1		16		8	2	2	W. A.
23				1			1		20		16	2	2	J. M.
24				1			2		28		4	3½	3½	L. L.
25	1						1		20		8	2½	2½	J. H.
26									20			2		Rivers, Mt. Croghan.
27									16			2		J. W.
28									28			3½		D. W.
29								16				3½		E. W.
30					1		1	16				3½		Gaddy, Chesterfield.
31	1						1		13		4	3½	3½	J. L.
32							1		8		4	2	3	Woodard, Ruby.
33												2½		F. S.
34									20			2½		Gillespie, Patrick.
35									34			2½		J. A.
36												3½		Arant, Pageland.
37												3½		T. A.
38												3½		Johnson, Angelus.
														G. A.
														Sherrill, Cheraw.

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS.—SESSION.—KIRBY RIVERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Men			Women			White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Town	Country	Town	Country			
34		1						22		22	4	2 1/2	H. K. Linton, Society Hill.
35										16	3	4	H. C. Johnson, Middendorf.
36	1												
37													
38													
39													
40													
41	1			1							2 1/2	2	R. B. D.
42											2	3	H. D. H.
43				1							4	4	T. W. R.
44							20		4		2 1/2	2	T. L. L.
45											2 1/2	2	L. F. A.
46					1						2	2	B. H. A.
47											2 1/2	2	J. C. C.
48											2 1/2	2	J. R. E.
49											2 1/2	2	J. E. C.
50											2 1/2	2	Cordy
51											2 1/2	2	A. J. J.
52											2 1/2	2	J. F. J.
				3			30		30				G. T. T.
													R. T. C.
													Upton, Upton.
Total for Co	6	4		14	5		108	200	50	200			

CLARENDON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—K. J. BROWNE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From S. Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Pinewood	1	\$210 81	\$408 00	\$751 46	\$89 07	.....	\$778 91	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2,287 85	\$1,904 00	\$243 85
Calvary	2	51 73	187 33	478 88	28 51	.....	282 02	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,098 47	1,770 06	288 43
Friendship	3	82 68	308 08	586 83	54 08	.....	565 07	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,584 38	1,586 35	7 03
St. Paul	4	105 97	227 41	582 50	49 06	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	905 84	725 06	120 78
Santee	5	229 42	237 54	549 04	49 20	.....	887 55	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,453 67	1,359 00	94 67
St. Marks	6	242 55	121 20	812 28	44 43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	720 46	585 82	124 64
Concord	7	713 76	160 00	875 61	24 05	.....	286 69	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,569 71	519 50	1,050 21
St. James	8	708 71	308 52	787 75	62 29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,882 27	1,129 90	752 37
Manning	9	5 94	440 68	886 58	35 53	.....	3,912 95	6	\$200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,591 06	5,590 78	20
Mt. Zion	10	327 73	197 85	533 00	61 74	.....	561 27	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,571 59	1,205 00	366 59
Brewington	11	12 19	64 89	172 64	19 70	.....	245 95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	515 37	608 89	11 48
Plowden Mill	12	125 08	269 32	527 42	52 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	974 57	940 00	34 57
Harmony	13	16 72	73 02	140 99	28 74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	263 47	220 00	43 47
Black River	14	131 24	101 46	205 85	32 41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 98	872 50	118 48
New Zion	15	17 42	57 69	181 85	17 23	.....	330 02	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	518 45	510 00	8 45
Pudding Swamp	16	7 60	55 67	142 34	12 17	.....	144 86	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 12	407 50	12 62
Sandy Grove	17	109 37	69 79	213 01	23 12	.....	109 51	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	572 33	433 00	69 33
Sammy Swamp	18	227 73	227 67	596 42	33 42	.....	298 32	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,470 53	1,083 78	386 75
Paxville	19	170 57	205 70	537 77	29 28	.....	559 71	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,604 08	1,598 75	5 33
Pine Grove	20	9 94	111 20	232 18	20 21	.....	265 14	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	823 67	820 00	3 67
Douglas	21	94 90	67 45	196 89	13 59	.....	108 81	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	568 34	438 00	130 34
Summerton	22	44 25	364 91	645 52	84 67	.....	1,472 39	4	600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,311 74	3,304 86	6 88
Juneville	23	215 51	154 15	142 39	16 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	588 34	132 50	335 84
McFadden	24	16 13	46 05	99 97	13 72	.....	32 17	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	205 64	170 00	35 64
Salem	25	45 58	85 00	108 05	13 22	.....	36 78	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	370 19	225 00	145 19
Davis Station	26	14 51	141 51	402 93	32 55	.....	626 78	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,390 84	1,227 20	163 64
Trinity	27	69 70	101 69	263 84	27 86	.....	323 88	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	900 27	886 80	13 47
Sardinia	28	115 84	117 49	234 79	31 33	.....	250 39	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	699 31	694 50	54 81
Clarendon	29	44 54	78 17	147 89	23 28	.....	300 94	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	596 47	530 00	66 47
Joint	30	10 84	83 27	51 50	5 04	.....	25 04	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	125 49	105 00	20 49
Total for County.....	30	\$4,387 78	\$4,968 36	\$11,447 54	\$1,029 72	.....	\$11,985 75	.....	\$71,100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$88,868 55	\$81,158 43	\$7,710 12

CLARENDON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—E. J. BROWNE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	1	\$600 00	\$600 00	\$1,200 00	\$157 50	\$315 00	\$502 50	\$1,702 50	.....	.....	\$271 50	.....
	2	.....	497 50	497 50	.....	270 00	270 00	767 50	.....	.....	2 55	.....
	3	581 25	310 00	891 25	100 00	216 00	316 00	1,207 25	.....	.....	370 00	.....
	4	.....	248 50	248 50	123 75	376 00	498 75	747 25	89 80	.....	3 50	.....
	5	.....	1,084 00	1,084 00	.....	275 00	275 00	1,359 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	6	.....	285 00	285 00	.....	275 00	275 00	560 00	2 52	.....	7 80	.....
	7	.....	292 00	292 00	.....	227 50	227 50	519 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	8	.....	450 00	450 00	252 00	415 00	667 00	1,117 00	.....	.....	12 90	.....
	9	2,025 00	2,881 78	4,906 78	255 00	450 00	705 00	5,611 78	.....	.....	.....	.....
	10	550 00	385 00	935 00	240 00	.....	240 00	1,175 00	.....	.....	80 00	.....
	11	.....	477 50	477 50	.....	87 50	87 50	565 00	8 89	.....	.....	.....
	12	.....	660 00	660 00	180 00	100 00	280 00	940 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	13	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	20 00	20 00	220 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	14	.....	565 00	565 00	50 00	50 00	100 00	665 00	.....	.....	28 15	.....
	15	.....	465 00	465 00	.....	40 00	40 00	505 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	16	232 50	175 00	407 50	.....	.....	.....	407 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	17	.....	378 00	378 00	40 00	20 00	60 00	438 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....
	18	.....	880 00	880 00	.....	190 00	190 00	1,070 00	2 88	.....	90	.....
	19	525 00	735 00	1,260 00	160 00	125 00	285 00	1,545 00	.....	.....	58 75	.....
	20	455 00	270 00	725 00	.....	15 00	15 00	740 00	.....	.....	80 00	.....
	21	.....	378 00	378 00	.....	60 00	60 00	438 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	22	800 00	1,924 80	2,724 80	340 00	60 00	400 00	3,124 80	.....	.....	118 08	.....
	23	.....	105 00	105 00	.....	87 50	87 50	192 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	24	.....	140 00	140 00	.....	30 00	30 00	170 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	25	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	20 00	20 00	220 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	26	.....	800 00	800 00	.....	.....	190 00	990 00	.....	.....	180 00	.....
	27	345 00	230 00	575 00	60 00	120 00	180 00	755 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....
	28	.....	278 00	278 00	100 00	66 00	166 00	439 00	.....	.....	200 00	.....
	29	.....	455 00	455 00	.....	75 00	75 00	530 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	33	.....	85 00	85 00	.....	20 00	20 00	105 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County....		\$6,113 75	\$16,430 08	\$22,543 83	\$2,278 25	\$4,004 50	\$6,282 75	\$28,826 58	\$188 59	.....	\$1,359 11	.....

CLARENDON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—E. J. BROWNE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	\$20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,471 50	\$522 50	\$1,994 00
	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 05	270 00	770 05
	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$0 10	.....	.....	.....	1,270 35	316 00	1,586 35
	4	.....	.....	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	251 30	523 75	785 05
	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,084 00	275 00	1,359 00
	6	\$10 00	\$8 00	\$7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	312 82	283 00	595 82
	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	292 00	227 50	519 50
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	462 90	667 00	1,129 90
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	279 00	.....	.....	.....	5,185 78	705 00	5,890 78
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	965 00	240 00	1,205 00
	11	.....	.....	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	516 39	87 50	603 89
	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	660 00	280 00	940 00
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	20 00	220 00
	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	179 35	.....	.....	.....	772 50	100 00	872 50
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	470 00	40 00	510 00
	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	407 50	.....	407 50
	17	.....	.....	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	423 00	60 00	483 00
	18	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	833 78	200 00	1,033 78
	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,813 75	235 00	1,598 75
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	805 00	15 00	820 00
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	378 00	60 00	438 00
	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	61 80	.....	.....	.....	2,904 66	400 00	3,304 66
	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105 00	87 50	192 50
	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	140 00	30 00	170 00
	25	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	215 00	20 00	235 00
	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,087 20	190 00	1,277 20
	27	10 50	.....	.....	.....	57 20	.....	.....	.....	706 30	130 00	836 30
	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 80	.....	.....	.....	523 90	166 00	694 90
	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	55 90	.....	.....	.....	455 00	75 00	530 00
	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85 00	20 00	105 00
Total for County...	30	\$20 50	\$8 00	\$82 50	\$55 00	\$668 15	.....	.....	.....	\$24,812 68	\$6,345 75	\$31,158 43

CLARENDON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—E. J. BROWNE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

District Number	Enrollment.												
	Public Schools.						Negro.						
	White.			Negro.			White.			Negro.			
	In Town Schools.		Country	In Town Schools.		Country	In Town Schools.		Country	In Town Schools.		Country	Grand Total
	Boys	Girls		Boys	Girls		Boys	Girls		Boys	Girls		
1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	48	87	85	55	47	102	85
2	.....	2½	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	49
3	.....	1	4	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42
4	.....	1	4	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17
5	1	1	5	.....	.....	5	27	25	52	.....	.....	.....	8
6	.....	1	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60
7	.....	2	4	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44
8	.....	1½	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14
9	.....	1	8	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15
10	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	153	170	323	130	194	324	323
11	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	149
12	1	1	3	.....	.....	3	19	10	29	30	26	56	46
13	1	2	3	1	.....	3	16	12	28	25	26	51	68
14	.....	1	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15
15	.....	2	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	91
16	.....	1½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47
17	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88
18	.....	2½	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	66
19	.....	4½	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	110
20	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	48	51	99	122	138	260	99
21	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	90
22	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60
23	.....	1½	2	.....	.....	2	82	70	152	87	98	186	152
24	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15
25	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27
26	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32
27	.....	1	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	78
28	.....	1	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73
29	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27
30	.....	2	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53
31	.....	½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	38
Total for Co...	7	*41	6	.....	.....	63½	303	375	768	449	529	978	2,072
													1,304
													625
													679
													2,489
													4,674
													5,652

*Fractions indicate schools in joint districts or schools supported jointly by two districts.

CLARENDON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—E. J. BROWNE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Grand	Grand Total
1	29	27	56	.....	.....	.....	45	35	80	55	83	138
2	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	48	.....	.....	.....	73	90	163
3	.....	.....	.....	10	13	23	.....	.....	.....	149	145	294
4	.....	.....	.....	3	5	8	.....	.....	.....	85	106	188
5	.....	.....	.....	4	1	5	.....	.....	.....	90	119	209
6	18	17	35	9	12	21	.....	.....	.....	61	77	138
7	.....	.....	.....	7	5	12	.....	.....	.....	44	56	100
8	.....	.....	.....	5	4	9	.....	.....	.....	191	191	382
9	120	145	265	.....	.....	.....	75	113	188	.....	.....	188
10	.....	.....	.....	40	47	87	.....	.....	.....	72	92	164
11	15	6	21	7	6	13	31	35	66	8	14	22
12	9	7	16	14	16	30	17	18	35	74	103	177
13	.....	.....	.....	4	6	10	.....	.....	.....	28	36	64
14	.....	.....	.....	27	26	53	.....	.....	.....	33	33	66
15	.....	.....	.....	22	18	40	.....	.....	.....	16	19	35
16	.....	.....	.....	26	27	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	.....	.....	16	14	30	.....	.....	.....	10	18	28
18	.....	.....	.....	30	37	67	.....	.....	.....	54	73	127
19	27	34	61	.....	.....	.....	63	78	141	.....	.....	141
20	.....	.....	.....	24	32	56	.....	.....	.....	1	23	24
21	.....	.....	.....	18	17	35	.....	.....	.....	17	18	35
22	55	50	105	.....	.....	.....	45	52	97	54	54	108
23	.....	.....	.....	2	6	8	.....	.....	.....	32	44	76
24	.....	.....	.....	9	6	15	.....	.....	.....	19	23	42
25	.....	.....	.....	9	12	21	.....	.....	.....	4	6	10
26	.....	.....	.....	28	25	53	.....	.....	.....	61	59	120
27	.....	.....	.....	20	18	38	.....	.....	.....	36	45	81
28	.....	.....	.....	12	7	19	.....	.....	.....	30	41	71
29	.....	.....	.....	20	17	37	.....	.....	.....	14	15	29
33	.....	.....	.....	12	9	21	.....	.....	.....	3	5	8
Total for County.....	273	286	559	397	415	812	276	331	607	1,814	1,585	3,399
												3,606

CLARENDON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—E. J. BROWNE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.					Total for Both Sexes			
	White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women					
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade		Second Grade	Third Grade	
1	41	\$15,000 00	4	\$300 00	.....	\$400 00	\$25 00	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	20	500 00	4	400 00	.....	50 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	36	1,000 00	4	500 00	.....	200 00	50 00	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	36	200 00	5	475 00	.....	25 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	30	170 00	3	900 00	.....	150 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	30	500 00	4	200 00	.....	50 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	12	250 00	2	150 00	.....	200 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	36	300 00	8	900 00	.....	250 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	21	60,000 00	1	4,000 00	.....	800 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	36	1,000 00	3	350 00	.....	100 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	36	1,500 00	2	200 00	.....	50 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	18	750 00	4	400 00	.....	100 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	30	250 00	2	150 00	.....	25 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	20	500 00	2	150 00	.....	50 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	9	750 00	1	50 00	.....	150 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	9	600 00	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	9	800 00	1	50 00	.....	25 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	30	1,200 00	3	300 00	.....	100 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	15	11,000 00	1	3,000 00	.....	200 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	15	700 00	1	50 00	.....	50 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	12	750 00	1	100 00	.....	50 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	15	20,000 00	3	1,100 00	.....	500 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	9	300 00	1	100 00	.....	20 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	9	300 00	1	50 00	.....	10 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	9	400 00	1	50 00	.....	40 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	28	1,000 00	2	200 00	.....	200 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	18	2,000 00	3	150 00	.....	250 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	15	3,000 00	1	500 00	.....	100 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	16	500 00	1	50 00	.....	50 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	3	2,000 00	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....	623	\$127,220 00	69	\$14,125 00	6	\$4,295 00	\$690 00	11	.....	.....	.....	49	8	6	74	

CLARENDON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—E. J. BROWNE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers					Total Number of Weeks of Session		Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro					White		Negro		White	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country
1	2						4	32	70	30	58
2	1			3	1		4		81		48
3	1			1	2	2	4		32		64
4				3	1		4		27		30
5				2	1		3	27	27		53
6				2	1		3		30		44
7				2	1		3		48		40
8	2			3	2		5		36		128
9	1			3	2		6	24	84		48
10	3	1		1			5	32	32	10	6
11	1		1		1	1	4	24	48	12	32
12					1	1	2		20		8
13					1	1	2		40		16
14					1		2		46		16
15							1		56		12
16							1		36		36
17							1		36		36
18	1			2	1		4	21	26	18	4
19					1		2		26		12
20					1		2		30		30
21					1		2		12		5
22	2				2		4	26	16		32
23					1		2		32		30
24					1		2		32		32
25	2				1		3		32		32
26					2		2		32		32
27					1		2		32		32
28	1				1		2		32		32
29					1		2		32		32
30					1		2		32		32
Total for Co.	15	4	1	25	23	8	77	296	994	104	864

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 2-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Dry Branch	1	\$194 63	\$61 87	\$196 60	\$17 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$469 94	\$320 50	\$149 44
Rum Gully	2	28 28	34 32	117 40	6 60	.....	\$51 85	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	233 45	228 23	10 22
Williams	3	20 97	98 52	273 85	24 88	.....	211 95	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	537 73	608 00	20 27
Strickland	4	205 08	45 54	308 20	15 16	.....	81 16	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	650 14	476 01	174 13
Snoaks	5	94 63	96 61	321 90	32 92	.....	202 52	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	748 58	910 10	161 52
Rice Patch	6	74 49	71 95	330 05	13 61	.....	166 66	3	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	607 78	684 85	77 07
Little Swamp	7	128 61	53 95	253 65	17 98	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	454 19	510 15	55 96
Edisto	8	119 52	61 90	293 40	20 31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	495 13	512 18	17 05
Sheridan	9	165 53	121 62	645 70	36 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	989 55	968 95	60
Verdler	10	247 87	227 15	586 80	56 72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,118 54	949 00	169 54
Bells	11	56 61	89 16	391 20	19 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	856 66	722 60	134 06
Collins	12	11 86	84 05	251 20	24 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	871 87	420 00	48 63
Clover	13	25 48	108 44	273 85	31 31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	434 08	430 00	4 08
Heyward	14	61 35	21 27	106 70	5 27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	194 59	120 00	74 59
Adams Run	15	53 82	355 86	428 33	85 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	923 81	958 20	34 39
Fraser	16	95 02	222 25	253 65	53 93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	629 85	640 00	10 15
Lowndes	17	28 91	221 70	263 10	71 67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	527 56	665 00	137 44
Blake	18	29 67	327 69	195 60	109 41	.....	2,751 95	7	\$500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	662 37	645 00	17 37
Walterboro	19	206 29	225 54	759 90	26 39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,357 49	5,675 40	1,317 91
Buck Head	20	184 31	47 74	224 60	15 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	472 34	372 25	109 09
Weimer	21	84 78	46 66	147 00	13 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	291 88	305 87	13 99
Hendersonville	22	281 83	72 26	215 55	12 20	.....	181 06	4	325 00	.....	.....	\$300 00	800 00	1,624 23	2,946 53	1,322 30
Cottageville	23	144 37	214 19	527 30	70 75	.....	358 70	3	283 00	.....	.....	300 00	405 70	2,304 01	2,837 61	533 60
Horse Pen	24	88 94	72 20	430 30	21 33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	612 77	719 35	106 58
Bells	25	216 65	99 16	391 20	19 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	716 70	1,372 50	655 80
Ruffin	26	486 78	46 96	245 30	15 31	.....	88 23	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	300 00	609 02	655 22	46 20
Heyward	27	176 56	78 53	390 20	19 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	684 54	574 45	90 09
Ashton	28	25 49	48 92	156 60	14 06	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	245 07	246 25	1 18
Folk's Store	29	32 08	46 69	147 00	13 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175 05	196 50	21 45
Lodge	30	193 95	106 12	232 90	17 74	.....	300 27	4	.....	.....	.....	300 00	473 50	1,624 43	1,665 63	41 15
Hill	31	82 68	48 93	156 60	14 06	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	302 30	262 75	39 55
Bethlehem	32	44 54	26 45	137 00	7 93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	215 95	220 00	4 05
Welch Creek	33	23 74	112 12	290 40	28 72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	454 98	480 80	25 82

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Hall	34	\$84 50	\$24 44	\$117 30	\$8 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$234 49	\$250 00	\$15 51
St. Johns	35	— 30	27 50	117 30	5 95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 45	211 65	—61 20
Youngs Island	36	218 99	158 50	191 47	38 61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	607 57	650 00	—52 43
Jonesville	37	—35 52	63 43	311 10	15 58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	854 59	514 00	—159 41
Raysons	38	127 40	55 22	243 50	12 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	438 52	438 00	52
Cedar Branch	39	94 32	28 41	97 80	5 64	.....	\$43 38	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	269 55	230 00	39 55
Bethel	40	92 75	50 50	147 00	17 09	.....	81 08	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	388 42	397 70	—9 28
Oak Grove	41	55 40	27 22	117 30	6 18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	206 10	192 50	13 60
Doctors Creek	42	—31 42	23 19	97 80	5 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	94 72	70 00	24 72
Sniders	43	19 92	64 85	321 86	15 67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	422 30	541 38	—119 08
Peniel	44	37 17	48 50	234 90	11 89	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	332 46	308 75	23 71
Bridge	45	61 02	25 68	117 30	7 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	211 88	256 00	—44 17
Tabernacle	46	24 61	26 86	152 10	9 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	212 87	217 50	—4 63
Red Bank	47	75 27	45 69	176 10	13 67	.....	89 02	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	399 75	517 75	—118 00
Ravenel	48	50 75	159 00	190 60	38 49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	438 84	325 00	113 84
Meggetts	49	.....	159 16	190 60	38 49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	472 91	325 00	147 91
Sand Hill	*50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
County Board Fund .....	.....	65 00	.....	110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175 00	135 00	40 00
Total for County...	50	\$2,587 48	\$4,569 53	\$12,871 06	\$1,208 75	.....	\$4,607 82	.....	\$1,108 00	\$200 00	.....	\$1,200 00	\$2,663 86	\$31,016 50	\$34,885 11	—3,868 61

*New district. Outstanding deficits from 1909-10, paid during 1910-11, \$1,198.59.

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$223 23	\$230 50	.....	\$75 00	\$75 00	\$305 50	\$3 00	.....	\$12 00	.....
2	.....	373 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	223 23	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	291 91	200 00	573 00	\$35 00	.....	608 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	75 00	112 50	404 41	47 10	.....	451 51	14 50	.....	10 00	.....
5	.....	226 30	298 10	373 10	80 00	.....	453 10	.....	.....	7 00	.....
6	.....	.....	400 00	626 30	44 00	.....	670 30	7 25	.....	7 30	.....
7	.....	.....	410 00	410 00	62 50	.....	472 50	.....	.....	5 00	.....
8	421 80	.....	.....	421 80	35 00	.....	456 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	.....	534 25	534 25	25 00	.....	809 25	.....	.....	105 70	.....
10	120 00	682 00	802 00	802 00	55 00	.....	917 00	26 20	.....	4 80	.....
11	435 00	.....	276 00	711 00	.....	.....	711 00	9 25	.....	2 35	.....
12	.....	.....	276 00	276 00	144 00	.....	420 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	.....	390 00	390 00	40 00	.....	430 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	.....	120 00	120 00	.....	.....	120 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	400 00	.....	240 00	640 00	202 00	110 00	952 00	.....	.....	6 20	.....
16	.....	.....	500 00	500 00	40 00	100 00	640 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	.....	465 00	465 00	200 00	.....	665 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	.....	420 00	420 00	200 00	25 00	645 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	4,042 22	.....	.....	4,042 22	151 80	126 50	4,320 52	543 43	.....	180 45	.....
20	845 00	.....	.....	345 00	25 00	.....	370 00	.....	.....	1 00	.....
21	.....	.....	200 00	200 00	50 00	.....	250 00	.....	.....	50 87	.....
22	1,804 24	.....	.....	1,804 24	.....	30 00	1,834 24	105 00	.....	209 53	.....
23	66 98	.....	1,745 15	1,815 08	.....	213 00	2,028 08	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	.....	.....	719 35	719 35	.....	.....	719 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	225 00	.....	584 00	809 00	40 00	.....	849 00	3 50	.....	500 00	.....
26	833 80	.....	.....	333 80	30 00	40 00	403 80	127 04	.....	.....	.....
27	244 03	.....	190 00	434 03	.....	129 76	563 79	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	.....	.....	191 25	191 25	50 00	.....	241 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	.....	.....	140 00	140 00	50 00	.....	190 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	.....	.....	707 40	707 40	115 00	.....	822 40	96 30	.....	27 59	.....
31	.....	.....	236 25	236 25	25 00	.....	261 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	.....	180 00	180 00	.....	40 00	220 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	.....	439 90	439 90	38 25	.....	478 15	.....	.....	2 65	.....

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
34	.....	\$250 00	\$250 00	.....	.....	.....	\$250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	.....	211 65	211 65	.....	.....	.....	211 65	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	.....	510 00	510 00	.....	.....	.....	660 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	\$25 00	409 00	434 00	.....	.....	.....	514 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	138 00	240 00	378 00	.....	.....	.....	438 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
39	.....	210 00	210 00	.....	.....	.....	230 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	.....	350 20	350 20	.....	.....	.....	390 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	55 00	87 50	142 50	.....	.....	.....	192 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	70 00	.....	70 00	.....	.....	.....	70 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	.....	431 38	431 38	.....	.....	.....	536 38	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	.....	.....	306 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	256 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
46	.....	157 50	157 50	.....	.....	.....	217 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
47	.....	442 75	442 75	.....	.....	.....	517 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	.....	175 00	175 00	.....	.....	.....	325 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
49	.....	325 00	325 00	.....	.....	.....	325 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	50	\$9,915 46	\$15,190 63	\$25,106 09	\$2,135 65	\$1,699 26	\$3,834 91	\$28,941 00	\$942 97	\$1,268 19	\$1 25

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$245 50	\$75 00	\$320 50
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	223 23	.....	223 23
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	573 00	35 00	608 00
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	423 91	47 10	476 01
5	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$450 00	.....	.....	.....	830 10	80 00	910 10
6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	640 85	44 00	684 85
7	\$32 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	447 65	62 50	510 15
8	32 88	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$22 50	.....	.....	454 68	57 50	512 18
9	52 00	.....	.....	\$2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	691 95	277 00	968 95
10	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	834 00	115 00	949 00
11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	722 60	.....	722 60
12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	276 00	144 00	420 00
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	390 00	40 00	430 00
14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	.....	120 00
15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	646 20	.....	646 20
16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00	140 00	640 00
17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	465 00	200 00	665 00
18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 00	225 00	645 00
19	.....	.....	.....	.....	600 00	31 00	.....	.....	5,366 10	309 30	5,675 40
20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	346 00	26 25	372 25
21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$5 00	.....	255 87	50 00	305 87
22	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,007 29	.....	.....	.....	2,916 53	30 00	2,946 53
23	.....	.....	.....	.....	600 00	.....	.....	.....	2,624 61	213 00	2,837 61
24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	719 35	.....	719 35
25	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,332 50	40 00	1,372 50
26	.....	.....	.....	.....	124 38	.....	.....	.....	585 22	70 00	655 22
27	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 66	.....	.....	.....	444 69	129 76	574 45
28	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	196 25	50 00	246 25
29	6 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	146 50	50 00	196 50
30	80 79	.....	.....	.....	638 55	.....	.....	.....	1,550 63	115 00	1,665 63
31	1 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	237 75	25 00	262 75
32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	180 00	40 00	220 00
33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	442 55	38 25	480 80

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$250 00	.....	\$250 00
	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	211 65	.....	211 65
	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	510 00	\$150 00	660 00
	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	434 00	80 00	514 00
	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	378 00	60 00	438 00
	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	210 00	20 00	230 00
	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	357 70	40 00	397 70
	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	142 50	50 00	192 50
	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	70 00	.....	70 00
	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	486 88	105 00	591 88
	44	\$3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	303 75	5 00	308 75
	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	56 00	256 00
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	157 50	80 00	237 50
	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	442 75	75 00	517 75
	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175 00	150 00	325 00
	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	325 00	.....	325 00
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	135 00	.....	135 00
Total for County...	50	\$230 32	.....	.....	\$2 00	\$3,435 88	\$53 50	\$10 00	.....	\$30,933 45	\$3,891 66	\$34,825 11

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

District & Number	Enrollment.												
	Public Schools.						Negro.						
	White.		Negro.		Country	Town.	White.		Negro.				
	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.				In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		
			Boys	Girls			Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	1	1	1	1	1	20	21	41	41	14	17	31	31
2	1	1	1	1	1	20	21	41	41	16	16	32	32
3	1	1	1	1	1	46	50	96	96	15	16	31	31
4	1	1	1	1	1	38	36	74	74	35	45	80	80
5	1	1	1	1	1	30	26	56	56	15	19	34	34
6	3	3	1	1	1	56	59	115	115	32	59	91	91
7	2	2	1	1	1	60	48	108	108	26	22	48	48
8	1	1	1	1	1	19	20	39	39	48	89	137	137
9	4	4	4	4	4	52	57	109	109	64	110	174	174
10	6	6	4	4	4	74	66	140	140	32	34	66	66
11	3	3	1	1	1	50	27	77	77	30	24	54	54
12	3	3	1	1	1	31	34	65	65	97	149	246	246
13	2	2	1	1	1	19	17	36	36	56	78	134	134
14	1	1	1	1	1	16	15	31	31	75	71	146	146
15	3	3	4	2	4	17	10	27	27	137	156	293	293
16	2	2	2	2	2	16	17	33	33	11	57	68	68
17	2	2	2	2	2	7	7	14	14	57	87	144	144
18	2	2	2	2	2	11	1	12	12	11	20	31	31
19	1	1	1	1	1	37	29	66	66	37	56	93	93
20	1	1	1	1	1	17	12	29	29	20	52	72	72
21	1	1	1	1	1	45	50	95	95	40	49	89	89
22	1	1	1	1	1	85	69	154	154	48	59	107	107
23	5	5	2	2	2	93	85	178	178	80	28	58	58
24	5	5	1	1	1	48	53	101	101	10	20	30	30
25	1	1	1	1	1	30	26	56	56	22	22	44	44
26	4	4	1	1	1	53	53	106	106	38	40	68	68
27	1	1	1	1	1	11	13	24	24	32	28	55	55
28	1	1	1	1	1	6	8	14	14	16	24	40	40
29	1	1	1	1	1	85	62	147	147	24	27	51	51
30	2	2	1	1	1	45	33	81	81	32	23	55	55
31	1	1	1	1	1	10	12	22	22	16	24	40	40
32	1	1	1	1	1	49	37	86	86	24	27	51	51
33	3	3	1	1	1								

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

District or	Enrollment.															
	Public Schools.						Negro.									
	White.		Negro.		Grand Total	White.			Negro.			Grand Total				
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country		In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			
						Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total		Boys	Girls	Total	
34	2	.....	.....	.....	39	28	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	1	.....	.....	.....	26	14	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	4	.....	.....	.....	21	21	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	4	.....	.....	.....	38	37	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	2	.....	.....	.....	41	25	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
39	1	.....	.....	.....	12	9	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	2	.....	.....	.....	28	25	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	1	.....	.....	.....	15	17	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	1	.....	.....	.....	10	23	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	1	.....	.....	.....	11	38	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	1	.....	.....	.....	36	18	54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	1	.....	.....	.....	14	15	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
46	1	.....	.....	.....	15	16	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
47	2	.....	.....	.....	12	23	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	1	.....	.....	.....	16	19	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
49	2	.....	.....	.....	14	14	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
50	1	.....	.....	.....	17	8	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for Co....	5	94	1	65	748	1,348	1,243	2,591	3,839	57	87	144	1,829	1,749	3,078	3,222

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.													
Number of District.	White.						Negro.						
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total
1				12	15	27				13	16	29	29
2				10	18	28				15	15	30	30
3				26	30	56				11	12	23	23
4				23	22	45				28	35	63	63
5				13	15	28				9	12	21	21
6				23	33	56				27	34	61	61
7				29	31	60				23	21	44	44
8				11	12	23				45	93	128	128
9				29	33	67				52	81	133	133
10				45	36	81							
11				39	14	53							
12				17	24	41				15	18	33	33
13				14	7	21				27	20	47	47
14				7	7	14							
15	19	8	27	14	7	21							
16				9	9	18				74	98	172	172
17				7	6	13				89	46	85	85
18				11	1	12				58	61	119	119
19	81	92	173				34	56	90	100	127	227	227
20				12	12	24							
21				13	11	24				8	16	24	24
22	23	31	59							29	45	74	74
23	75	60	135							15	43	58	58
24										29	51	80	80
25				52	51	103							
26				23	36	59				15	23	38	38
27				20	20	40				10	9	19	19
28				32	36	68				4	10	14	14
29				11	13	24				22	22	44	44
30				4	6	10				19	24	43	43
31	31	27	58							21	23	44	44
32				22	14	36				20	19	39	39
33				4	6	10				10	21	31	31
				18	13	31				13	19	32	32

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys.	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Grand Total
34	24	6	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	7	4	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	14	15	29	.....	.....	.....	22	19	41
37	26	27	53	.....	.....	.....	26	47	73
38	12	7	19	.....	.....	.....	13	22	35
39	5	3	8	.....	.....	.....	8	25	33
40	16	16	32	.....	.....	.....	8	25	33
41	6	10	16	.....	.....	.....	11	10	21
42	7	17	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	5	24	29	.....	.....	.....	19	22	41
44	12	5	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	6	8	14	.....	.....	.....	15	23	38
46	10	11	21	.....	.....	.....	17	27	44
47	9	14	23	.....	.....	.....	7	16	23
48	9	10	19	.....	.....	.....	15	27	42
49	12	12	24	.....	.....	.....	5	7	12
50	7	5	12	.....	.....	.....	6	15	21
Total for County.....	234	218	452	753	741	1,494	84	56	90	925	1,289	2,212
												2,802

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.		Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
		White		Value With Grounds	Negro	White	Negro	White																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
		No.	Value With Grounds					No.	Value With Grounds	Men		Women			Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
										First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade				Second Grade	Third Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
34	2	\$30 00	\$10 00	\$10 00	\$5 00

COLLETON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—H. W. BLACK, SR., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers					Total Number of Weeks of Session					Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro					White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men		Women		Total for Both Sexes	Town		Country					
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade		Second Grade	Third Grade						
34	32	..	1	W. C. S. J.	
35	54	..	1 1/2	J. R. S. J.	
36	2	1	..	..	48	..	2	T. S. S. J.	
37	1	..	..	..	40	..	1	T. S. S. J.	
38	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	40	..	1	T. S. S. J.
39	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	40	..	1	T. S. S. J.
40	1	..	..	..	40	..	1	T. S. S. J.	
41	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	12	..	1	T. S. S. J.
42	8	..	1	T. S. S. J.	
43	1	..	..	..	28	..	1	T. S. S. J.	
44	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	..	1	T. S. S. J.
45	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	20	..	2	T. S. S. J.
46	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..	2	T. S. S. J.
47	1	..	..	..	48	..	2	T. S. S. J.	
48	2	..	..	..	20	..	2	T. S. S. J.	
49	40	..	1	T. S. S. J.	
Total for Co.	6	27	5	..	17	23	78	139	1,032	12	621	W. C. S. J.	

DARLINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—T. E. STOKES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Spring Hill	1	.....	\$200 00	\$198 00	\$40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$6,994 00	\$438 00	\$478 85	—\$40 85
Darlington	2	.....	640 00	2,786 00	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*10,480 00	10,480 00	.....
Reynolds	3	.....	100 00	280 00	20 00	.....	\$97 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	458 78	417 70	41 08
Newman Swamp	4	\$11 73	134 00	308 00	30 00	.....	228 00	3	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	800 00	800 00	.....
Clyde	5	.....	150 00	816 00	50 00	.....	35 00	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	551 00	725 67	—174 67
Lamar	6	.....	350 00	638 00	40 00	.....	1,291 00	6	\$300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,619 00	8,184 88	—515 88
Mechanicsville	7	.....	500 00	954 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,504 00	1,809 25	—305 25
Swift Creek	8	.....	300 00	1,034 00	75 00	.....	598 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,288 31	2,090 00	148 31
Plummer	9	236 31	50 00	250 00	15 00	.....	88 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	482 78	417 82	64 96
Kellytown	10	79 78	150 00	346 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	588 90	582 50	1 40
Anderson	11	57 90	80 00	336 00	40 00	.....	183 00	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	886 70	884 16	2 54
High Hill	12	97 70	100 00	440 00	30 00	.....	452 00	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,122 00	1,274 38	—152 38
Society Hill	13	.....	350 00	1,150 00	50 00	.....	1,617 00	3	401 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,748 00	3,587 85	210 65
Back Swamp	14	.....	20 00	100 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	254 00	253 73	27
Epworth	15	.....	400 00	792 00	50 00	.....	784 00	6	430 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,456 00	2,667 00	—211 00
Leavensworth	16	127 00	130 00	856 00	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,173 00	1,170 20	2 80
Bethlehem	17	164 00	150 00	260 00	60 00	.....	662 00	8	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,396 00	1,353 50	42 50
Antioch	18	100 00	50 00	488 00	30 00	.....	180 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	848 00	776 00	78 00
Jasper	19	.....	150 00	538 00	40 00	.....	203 00	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,031 00	1,057 50	—26 50
Philadelphia	20	61 00	200 00	384 00	40 00	.....	263 00	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	948 00	878 00	70 00
Palmetto	21	.....	100 00	502 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	657 00	1,090 41	—433 41
Echo	22	142 00	30 00	236 00	10 00	.....	171 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	589 00	584 15	4 85
Indian Branch	23	.....	50 00	90 00	20 00	.....	100 00	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	360 00	451 57	—91 57
Lynches River	24	354 00	40 00	524 00	10 00	.....	349 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,277 00	971 00	306 40
Una	25	20 00	15 00	56 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	101 00	120 70	—19 00
Flynns Cross Roads	26	.....	90 00	52 00	30 00	.....	832 00	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	504 00	510 05	—6 05
Oats	27	.....	150 00	206 00	40 00	.....	278 00	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	674 00	725 50	—51 50
Clyde High	28	.....	250 00	600 00	30 00	.....	618 00	8	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,598 00	1,587 00	11 00
Burnt Branch	29	20 00	80 00	228 00	30 00	.....	98 00	4	.....	98 00	.....	.....	.....	554 00	595 25	—41 25
Dovesville	30	209 00	100 00	436 00	40 00	.....	470 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,255 00	1,019 62	235 38
New Providence	31	63 00	116 00	412 00	30 00	.....	366 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	987 00	988 58	—1 58
Hartsville	32	.....	600 00	1,350 00	60 00	.....	4,664 00	5	500 00	.....	.....	.....	1,337 99	**8,511 91	8,511 09	.....
Liberty Hill	33	.....	50 00	100 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	165 00	165 00	.....
Total for County...	33	\$2,052 42	\$5,875 00	\$17,196 00	\$1,190 00	.....	\$14,122 00	.....	\$1,631 00	\$798 00	.....	.....	\$8,886 99	\$51,201 41	\$52,057 71	—\$856 80

*This total is based on the report of the City Superintendent and is \$6,994.00 in excess of the total reported by the County Superintendent.

**This total is based on the report of the City Superintendent and is \$1,337.99 in excess of the total reported by the County Superintendent.

DARLINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—T. E. STOKES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$360 00	.....	\$100 00	\$100 00	\$460 00	.....	.....	\$10 00	\$8 85	
2	\$2,700 00	5,400 00	8,100 00	\$630 00	1,750 00	2,380 00	10,480 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	305 10	305 10	50 00	.....	50 00	355 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	360 00	240 00	600 00	.....	100 00	100 00	700 00	.....	.....	100 00	.....
5	.....	425 00	425 00	.....	75 00	75 00	500 00	.....	.....	225 67	.....
6	800 00	1,465 76	2,265 76	.....	191 00	191 00	2,456 76	\$553 73	.....	108 89	.....
7	.....	1,290 00	1,290 00	.....	462 50	462 50	1,752 50	.....	.....	9 00	7 75
8	680 00	1,080 00	1,760 00	.....	330 00	330 00	2,090 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	300 00	300 00	106 00	.....	106 00	406 00	.....	.....	12 82	.....
10	.....	462 50	462 50	.....	120 00	120 00	582 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	.....	717 50	717 50	.....	100 00	100 00	817 50	.....	.....	16 66	.....
12	600 00	400 00	1,000 00	.....	187 50	187 50	1,187 50	.....	.....	57 50	14 70
13	1,200 00	1,281 68	2,481 68	.....	818 00	818 00	3,299 68	45 75	\$40 57	148 60	.....
14	.....	.....	.....	253 73	.....	253 73	253 73	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	1,675 00	762 00	2,337 00	.....	330 00	330 00	2,667 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	.....	600 00	600 00	.....	455 00	455 00	1,055 00	.....	.....	67 35	.....
17	708 50	450 00	1,153 50	.....	.....	.....	1,133 50	.....	.....	200 00	.....
18	.....	487 50	487 50	.....	287 50	287 50	775 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	525 00	245 00	770 00	.....	275 00	275 00	1,045 00	.....	.....	7 50	.....
20	.....	771 00	771 00	.....	75 00	75 00	846 00	.....	.....	21 50	10 50
21	.....	630 00	630 00	.....	300 00	300 00	930 00	15 00	.....	19 00	.....
22	.....	420 00	420 00	.....	125 00	125 00	545 00	19 95	.....	9 20	.....
23	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	.....	.....	280 00	.....	.....	171 57	.....
24	.....	700 00	700 00	.....	200 00	200 00	900 00	.....	.....	71 60	.....
25	.....	120 00	120 00	.....	.....	.....	120 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	400 00	400 00	.....	92 50	92 50	492 50	.....	.....	17 55	.....
27	420 00	806 50	725 50	.....	.....	.....	725 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	660 00	740 00	1,400 00	.....	90 00	90 00	1,490 00	98 00	.....	4 00	.....
29	.....	488 25	488 25	.....	87 00	87 00	575 00	.....	.....	20 00	.....
30	525 00	314 00	839 00	175 00	.....	175 00	1,014 00	.....	.....	.....	5 62
31	260 00	468 90	728 90	.....	259 68	259 68	988 58	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	2,130 00	4,500 00	6,630 00	350 00	350 00	700 00	7,330 00	.....	.....	1,181 99	.....
33	.....	90 00	90 00	.....	75 00	75 00	165 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	\$13,138 50	\$26,499 69	\$39,638 19	\$1,563 73	\$7,235 68	\$8,789 41	\$48,437 60	\$727 43	\$40 57	\$2,490 40	\$47 42

DARLINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—T. E. STOKES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$370 00	\$108 85	\$478 85
	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,100 00	2,380 00	*10,480 00
	3	.....	\$62 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	305 10	112 60	417 70
	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	700 00	100 00	800 00
	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	650 67	75 00	725 67
	6	\$15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,943 88	191 00	3,134 88
	7	.....	.....	\$40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,339 00	470 25	1,809 25
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,760 00	830 00	2,590 00
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	312 82	105 00	417 82
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	462 50	120 00	582 50
	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	734 16	100 00	834 16
	12	.....	14 68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,057 50	216 88	1,274 38
	13	.....	2 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,676 08	861 32	3,537 35
	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	253 78	253 78
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,337 00	330 00	2,667 00
	16	.....	47 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	667 35	502 85	1,170 20
	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,353 50	.....	1,353 50
	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	487 50	287 50	775 00
	19	.....	.....	.....	\$5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	777 50	290 00	1,057 50
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	792 50	85 50	878 00
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$126 41	.....	.....	664 00	426 41	1,090 41
	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	459 15	125 00	584 15
	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	451 57	.....	451 57
	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	771 60	200 00	971 60
	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	.....	120 00
	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	417 55	92 50	510 05
	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	725 50	.....	725 50
	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,497 00	90 00	1,587 00
	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	503 25	57 00	560 25
	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	889 00	180 62	1,019 62
	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	728 90	259 68	988 58
	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,811 99	700 00	†8,511 99
	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	90 00	75 00	165 00
Total for County...	33	\$15 00	\$127 88	\$40 00	\$5 00	.....	\$126 41	\$10 00	.....	\$42,911 02	\$9,146 69	\$52,057 71

*This total of expenditures, which includes only teachers' salaries, is based on the report of the City Superintendent, and is \$6,994.00 in excess of the report of the County Superintendent.

†This total is based on the report of the City Superintendent and is \$1,076.85 in excess of the amount reported by the County Superintendent.

DARLINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—T. E. STOKES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Enrollment.														
	Public Schools.						Negro.								
	White.		Negro.												
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.				
					Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total.	
1	1	.....	1	.....	582	13	10	23	.....	311	404	715	69	
2	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	22	20	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	715
3	1	.....	1	.....	.....	45	32	77	.....	.....	.....	.....	83	
4	1	.....	1	.....	.....	38	42	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	98	
5	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	
6	1	.....	.....	1	.....	187	.....	.....	.....	168	66	92	.....	158
7	3	1	.....	.....	.....	57	46	103	.....	.....	.....	.....	411	
8	1	.....	1	.....	.....	60	51	111	.....	.....	.....	.....	315	
9	1	.....	1	.....	.....	14	12	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	56	
10	1	.....	1	.....	.....	45	32	77	.....	.....	.....	.....	131	
11	1	.....	1	.....	.....	44	30	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	80	
12	1	.....	1	.....	.....	37	36	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	147	
13	1	.....	.....	2	.....	80	.....	.....	.....	470	198	272	.....	470
14	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	107	
15	1	.....	1	.....	.....	80	66	146	.....	.....	.....	.....	222	
16	2	.....	1	.....	.....	40	50	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	163	
17	1	.....	.....	76	63	139	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	.....	.....	20	20	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	.....	1	.....	.....	29	22	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	194	
20	1	.....	1	.....	.....	55	50	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	206	
21	1	.....	1	.....	.....	18	25	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	78	
22	1	.....	1	.....	.....	24	30	54	.....	.....	.....	.....	222	
23	1	.....	1	.....	.....	18	26	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	67	
24	1	.....	1	.....	.....	42	45	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1	.....	1	.....	.....	7	4	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	142	
26	1	.....	1	.....	.....	25	16	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	75	
27	1	.....	1	.....	.....	61	81	92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1	.....	1	.....	.....	45	35	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1	.....	1	.....	.....	30	26	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	
30	1	.....	1	.....	.....	45	40	85	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	
31	1	.....	1	.....	.....	47	43	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	124	
32	1	.....	1	.....	240	200	.....	.....	.....	267	129	138	.....	64
33	1	.....	1	.....	.....	27	23	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	267	
Total for Co....	5	28	3	27	706	583	1,289	1,064	926	1,990	704	906	1,610	3,222	4,892

DARLINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 8.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—T. E. STOKES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.													
Negro.													
Number of District.	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			Grand Total
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
1	236	221	457	6	6	11	186	264	450	18	21	39	39
2				11	12	23				14	19	33	490
3				23	17	40				13	41	54	33
4				22	23	45				10	19	29	54
5													29
6	62	47	109				34	47	81				81
7				12	10	22				85	98	183	183
8				42	34	76				47	53	100	100
9				14	12	26				15	17	32	32
10				23	21	44				28	33	61	61
11				29	23	52				17	27	44	44
12				20	20	40				36	31	67	67
13	36	27	63							103	131	234	234
14										22	25	47	47
15				42	30	72				59	74	133	133
16				15	21	36				46	58	104	104
17				40	37	77							
18				13	16	29							
19				21	17	38							
20				26	28	54							
21				8	16	24				41	59	100	100
22				14	27	41				15	22	37	37
23				9	14	23							
24				19	30	49				40	47	87	87
25				7	4	11				11	14	25	25
26				19	14	33							
27				38	27	65							
28				33	24	57				16	24	40	40
29				16	20	36				22	21	43	43
30				31	28	59				25	32	57	57
31				29	36	65				13	20	33	33
32	166	159	325				75	88	158				158
33				16	13	29							
Total for County.....	500	454	954	598	679	1,177	295	394	689	802	1,081	1,833	2,522

DARLINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—T. E. STOKES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers					
		White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women		
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade
														Total for Both Sexes
1	1	\$300 00	1	\$200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
2	1	50,000 00	1	6,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12
3	1	900 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
4	1	1,200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
5	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
6	1	9,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
7	3	1,200 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
8	1	1,200 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
9	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
10	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
11	1	700 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
12	1	3,600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
13	1	2,100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
14	2
15	1	3,600 00	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
16*	2	800 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1	800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	350 00	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	1,000 00	2	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	2	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	2	400 00	2	900 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1	450 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	1	800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	2	800 00	2	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
*25
26	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	1	800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1	1,200 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1	1,900 00	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	1	700 00	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	1	700 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	1	30,000 00	1	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
*33
33	36	\$116,600 00	23	\$11,700 00	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....									16	59	3	59	3	78

*Schools in 25 and 33 are in Lee County.

DARLINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—T. E. STOKES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School.		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro.						White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men.			Women.			Town	Country	Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade							
1	1				1		72	32	26	17		O. J. Milling, Darlington.	
2		1			4			30		8		O. B. Edwards, Darlington.	
3								24		16		L. B. Wilson, Lamar.	
4					1	1		20		12		E. J. E.	
5							32		14			E. B.	
6					1			34		20		E. B. S.	
7					2			22		20		E. H. C.	
8					2			24		12		W. C. O.	
9		1						24		16		W. T.	
10					1			22		16		J. W. T.	
11					2			32		20		W. E.	
12					2		36			20		L. E. S.	
13		1			2					24		H. S. Ervin, Darlington.	
14	1				2			30		20		H. A. Josey, Lamar.	
15					2			34		20		J. W. Roseman, Darlington.	
16					2			34		24		J. S. Hawkins, Hartsville.	
17					1			28		16		R. L. Coker, Hartsville.	
18					1			28		16		Walter Vaughan, Timmonsville.	
19					1			28		12		J. M. Dowling, Timmonsville.	
20					1			48		40		R. E. James, Darlington.	
21					1			64		20		W. A.	
22					1			28		16		E. L.	
23					1			28		16		H. M.	
24					1			32		18		J. F. Parrott, Darlington.	
25					1			32		18		W. L. Oates, Lamar.	
26					1			28		12		I. B. McLean, McBee.	
27					1			32		14		A. E. Moxingro, Hartsville.	
28					1	1		28		20		E. L. Gandy, Dovesville.	
29						1		32		24		S. W. Byrd, Hartsville.	
30	1					1		28	28			J. J. Lawton, Hartsville.	
31							36						
32	1				3								
33													
Total for Co.	4	3		2	32	3	176	330	70	440			

*Schools in 25 and 33 are in Lee County.

DILLON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—R. S. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Alborton	1	\$11 23	\$29 00	\$41 40	\$6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$87 63	\$205 00	—\$117 37
Carolina	2	106 78	122 07	318 24	23 00	.....	\$223 10	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	792 19	879 70	—87 51
Lone Home	3	—16 64	95 00	273 36	18 50	.....	918 36	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	365 99	287 74	78 25
Little Rock	4	—32 07	172 14	571 40	38 00	.....	.....	.....	\$300 00	\$100 00	.....	.....	\$50 00	2,117 83	1,830 73	287 10
Sinclair	5	90 00	84 00	297 84	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	484 34	412 68	71 66
Reedy Creek	6	76 59	72 00	285 60	10 00	.....	321 24	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	865 43	611 00	254 43
Hamer	7	182 97	117 07	205 20	24 00	.....	536 80	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,126 04	985 52	140 52
Dillon	8	—1 78	427 56	1,774 96	52 50	.....	6,634 03	8	725 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,612 27	9,000 00	612 27
Dothan	9	— 30	124 00	336 60	29 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	489 30	468 90	25 40
New Holly	10	— 46	79 07	228 48	14 00	.....	118 86	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	539 95	500 00	39 95
Bingham	11	431 67	60 00	189 72	18 50	.....	194 79	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	894 68	536 05	358 63
Kentire	12	9 50	88 00	218 28	15 00	.....	122 68	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	453 46	427 87	25 59
Union	13	—114 43	101 00	314 16	21 00	.....	403 11	6	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	824 84	818 30	6 54
Pages Mill	14	—145 01	187 00	512 04	5 00	.....	561 92	7	380 00	.....	.....	.....	5,000 00	6,745 00	6,745 00	—244 05
Mt. Calvary	15	—32 80	43 00	199 92	12 00	.....	79 29	4	.....	84 39	.....	.....	.....	385 80	194 20	191 60
Kemper	16	—11 91	99 00	267 24	16 50	.....	233 43	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	704 26	685 00	19 26
Bermuda	17	16 45	83 00	248 88	14 00	.....	121 81	44	.....	84 44	.....	.....	.....	568 58	476 85	91 73
Manning	18	.....	55 00	252 96	12 00	.....	161 43	3	.....	100 00	\$5 00	.....	.....	586 39	536 75	49 64
Buck Swamp	19	.....	94 00	252 96	16 00	.....	180 41	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	654 33	694 00	—39 67
Latta	20	10 96	294 35	807 84	27 50	.....	4,152 50	9	600 00	.....	5 00	.....	.....	5,927 65	5,684 53	243 12
Dalcho	21	40 46	135 00	408 00	29 50	.....	216 33	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	885 67	888 00	—2 33
Oak Grove	22	—3 16	85 00	273 36	11 50	.....	293 07	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	743 44	635 00	108 44
Hillsboro	23	—15 97	63 00	265 20	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	327 23	362 05	—34 82
High Hill	24	—4 04	35 21	210 12	4 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	245 79	249 85	—4 06
Pleasant Hill	25	63 25	48 00	267 24	12 50	.....	211 29	3	.....	97 00	.....	.....	.....	699 28	693 34	5 94
Fork	26	8 23	143 07	408 00	26 50	.....	536 31	3	800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,422 11	1,444 00	—21 89
Total for County...	26	\$649 03	\$2,935 54	\$9,489 00	\$479 50	.....	\$16,221 53	.....	\$2,305 00	\$1,165 83	\$10 00	.....	\$5,050 00	\$38,805 43	\$36,247 06	\$2,058 37

DILLON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. S. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$680 00	\$80 00	\$760 00	\$90 00	\$205 00	\$205 00	\$205 00	\$11 00		\$12 70	
2		127 50	127 50		120 00	90 00	850 00			4 00	
3	795 00	817 50	1,612 50	120 00		120 00	247 50				
4		300 00	300 00		90 00	90 00	1,732 50	63 75		19 48	
5		71 00	521 00		90 00	90 00	390 00	10 00	\$2 68	10 00	
6	450 00					90 00	611 00				
7	520 00		520 00	120 00		120 00	640 00				
8	3,000 00	3,650 00	6,650 00	720 00	480 00	1,200 00	7,850 00	241 20	36 90	196 00	\$42 50
9		350 00	350 00	97 50		97 50	447 50				
10	410 00		410 00	90 00		90 00	500 00				
11	455 00		455 00		80 00	80 00	535 00			1 05	
12	195 00	100 00	295 00	75 00		75 00	370 00				
13	390 00	300 00	690 00		90 00	90 00	780 00			38 80	
14	680 00	960 00	1,640 00		105 00	105 00	1,745 00				
15		135 00	135 00		52 50	52 50	187 50				
16		610 00	610 00	75 00		75 00	685 00			3 70	
17		385 00	385 00	87 50		87 50	472 50				
18	380 00	125 00	455 00			25 00	480 00			4 35	
19		610 00	610 00			84 00	694 00			7 75	
20	2,200 00	1,520 00	3,720 00	300 00	190 00	490 00	4,210 00			75 50	14 87
21	181 50	580 00	761 50		110 00	110 00	871 50	16 50			
22		575 00	575 00		50 00	50 00	625 00			10 00	
23		240 00	240 00		120 00	120 00	360 00			2 06	
24		160 00	160 00		60 00	60 00	220 00				
25		560 00	560 00		45 00	45 00	605 00	52 50			
26	600 00	600 00	1,200 00	100 00		100 00	1,300 00				
Total for County....							\$27,614 00	\$394 95	\$39 58	\$409 57	\$57 37

DILLON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—R. S. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Enrollment.																	
	Public Schools.						White.				Negro.							
	White.		Negro.		In Town Schools.				In Country Schools.									
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total		
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	1	.....	.....	1	.....	61	70	181	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	96	105	201	.....	.....
5	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	2	.....	.....	1	.....	23	31	54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	54	60	114	.....	.....
9	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	209	266	535	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200	224	424	.....	.....
10	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	19	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45	96	.....	.....
12	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	1	1	2	28	32	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	1	.....	.....	.....	53	40	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1	.....	.....	.....	214	227	441	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	93	108	201	.....	.....
21	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1	1	1	.....	55	49	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	48	40	88	.....	.....
Total for Co...	9	19	1,459	6	20	725	734	1,459	626	643	1,269	2,738	542	582	1,124	729	746	1,475
																		2,599

DILLON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. S. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Area	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
			White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
	1	14.0	1	\$250 00	1	\$100 00			\$10 00	\$5 00	1				1																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											

DILLON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. S. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman		
	Negro							White		Negro		White	Negro			
	Men			Women				Total for Both Sexes	Town	County	Town				County	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade									
1								1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2.5	F. D. n, R. F. D.
2									1	1	1	1	1	1	2.5	Rock.
3															3.5	F. D.
4	1											16			3.5	F. D.
5									1						3.	F. D.
6															3.	F. D.
7	1											16			2.	F. D.
8		1										36			2.5	F. D.
9															3.	F. D.
10															2.5	F. D.
11															2.5	F. D.
12															2.5	F. D.
13															2.5	F. D.
14															2.5	F. D.
15															2.5	F. D.
16															2.5	F. D.
17												16			2.5	F. D.
18															2.5	F. D.
19															2.	F. D.
20	1											28			2.5	F. D.
21															2.5	F. D.
22															2.	F. D.
23															2.	F. D.
24															2.	F. D.
25															2.5	F. D.
26	1											16			3.	F. D.
Total for Co.	4	4						4	16	2	20	216	426	126	238	

DORCHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—JOHN J. HOWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 2-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Cattle Creek	1	.....	\$49 53	\$185 76	\$17 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$4 28	\$256 72	\$238 11	\$18 61
Reevesville	2	.....	69 55	257 04	11 60	.....	\$220 49	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 03	564 71	859 62	—294 91
Koger	3	.....	193 21	501 12	25 51	.....	148 14	2	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	902 98	983 06	—30 08
Grover	4	.....	125 29	453 60	26 53	.....	177 90	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	13 50	896 82	965 19	—68 37
St. George	5	.....	260 58	829 44	37 23	.....	1,607 86	4	\$500 00	.....	\$5 00	.....	47 09	3,287 20	4,853 51	—1,566 31
George	6	.....	90 70	492 00	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 75	648 45	533 22	15 23
George	7	\$385 58	108 89	494 64	23 08	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 28	961 42	806 50	154 92
Carn	8	.....	112 12	328 32	34 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 42	491 71	544 99	—63 23
Harleyville	9	.....	110 85	300 24	32 82	.....	486 24	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	1 84	1,054 03	1,092 35	—38 32
Givhans	10	54 06	59 06	250 56	15 63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 10	381 41	296 00	86 41
Burns	11	158 47	70 87	321 84	22 81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 03	579 02	650 77	—71 76
Ridgeville	12	.....	160 72	486 00	33 06	.....	664 51	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	35 33	1,488 67	1,800 94	—312 27
Collins	13	.....	143 96	423 36	81 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 88	654 52	889 88	—235 36
Knightsville	14	406 26	173 80	444 96	42 42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 96	1,073 40	923 75	149 65
Dorchester	15	.....	22 34	125 28	5 60	.....	51 96	3	.....	53 00	10 00	.....	22 51	290 69	265 72	24 97
Stallsville	16	42 51	26 27	216 00	9 09	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 58	298 45	330 00	—31 55
*White Pond	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Summerville	18	16 30	260 00	1,194 48	19 71	.....	3,008 68	4	610 00	.....	.....	.....	264 07	5,373 24	5,243 47	129 77
Carn	19	20 70	56 49	393 12	20 15	.....	85 60	2	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	651 06	630 00	21 06
Givhans	20	32 38	60 56	257 04	15 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 18	367 86	367 63	23
Indian Fields	21	153 24	104 83	456 76	30 67	.....	156 66	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	15	1,001 31	952 95	48 36
Burns	22	241 63	114 25	518 40	36 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	27 27	948 30	857 27	91 03
Sand Ridge	23	.....	31 42	131 76	10 16	.....	52 76	2	.....	54 60	.....	.....	2 44	233 14	370 52	—37 38
Koger	24	20 49	27 27	105 84	5 08	.....	81 50	2	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	315 18	331 48	—16 30
Jedburg	25	467 59	88 47	285 12	37 34	.....	379 11	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 61	1,266 24	512 75	753 49
Joint, Orbg.-Dor...	83	102 24	18 20	127 44	5 56	.....	120 66	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	374 10	259 52	114 58
County Board Fund .....	...	815 29	.....	8 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	323 78	827 70	—3 97
Total for County...	25	\$2,388 28	\$2,488 23	\$9,527 56	\$321 27	.....	\$7,237 07	.....	\$1,110 00	\$757 60	\$25 00	.....	\$474 35	\$24,624 86	\$25,835 90	—1,211 54

*New district.

DORCHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JOHN J. HOWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$175 00	.....	\$175 00	\$62 00	.....	\$62 00	\$237 00	.....	.....	\$1 00	\$0 11
2	\$600 10	.....	.....	600 10	.....	\$50 00	50 00	650 10	.....	.....	200 00	9 52
3	.....	688 25	.....	688 25	75 00	75 00	150 00	838 25	.....	.....	30 00	3 58
4	286 00	330 00	.....	666 00	90 00	45 00	135 00	801 00	\$61 23	.....	150 69	10 00
5	1,200 00	2,382 23	.....	3,582 23	210 00	150 00	360 00	3,942 23	30 91	.....	200 00	10 00
6	.....	330 00	.....	330 00	25 00	75 00	100 00	430 00	.....	.....	85 00	10 62
7	.....	525 00	.....	525 00	87 50	90 00	177 50	702 50	7 50	.....	30 00	6 00
8	180 00	140 00	.....	320 00	94 75	81 00	175 75	495 75	.....	.....	44 24	.....
9	612 00	360 35	.....	972 35	.....	120 00	120 00	1,092 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	120 00	175 00	.....	295 00	.....	.....	.....	295 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	452 00	105 00	.....	557 00	.....	75 00	75 00	632 00	7 09	.....	2 50	.....
12	740 00	725 00	.....	1,465 00	40 00	80 00	120 00	1,585 00	160 74	\$17 20	15 00	.....
13	.....	560 00	.....	560 00	150 00	100 00	250 00	810 00	.....	.....	64 18	.....
14	243 00	440 00	.....	683 00	.....	200 00	200 00	883 00	.....	.....	1 25	.....
15	.....	199 50	.....	199 50	25 00	.....	25 00	224 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	.....	321 40	.....	321 40	.....	.....	.....	321 40	.....	.....	8 60	.....
17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1,275 00	2,665 94	.....	3,940 94	.....	873 00	873 00	4,813 94	20 53	.....	150 00	.....
19	.....	440 00	.....	440 00	.....	190 00	190 00	630 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	245 00	.....	245 00	.....	110 00	110 00	355 00	.....	.....	4 63	.....
21	.....	657 50	.....	657 50	55 00	25 00	80 00	737 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	400 00	175 00	.....	575 00	100 00	140 00	240 00	815 00	.....	.....	3 00	.....
23	258 00	.....	.....	258 00	.....	25 00	25 00	283 00	.....	.....	87 52	.....
24	.....	188 25	.....	188 25	50 00	.....	50 00	238 25	67 97	.....	3 00	.....
25	245 00	.....	.....	245 00	.....	250 00	250 00	495 00	6 00	.....	.....	.....
83	.....	185 40	.....	185 40	.....	60 00	60 00	245 40	.....	.....	327 70	.....
County Board Fund.		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...		\$6,611 10	\$12,063 82	\$18,674 92	\$1,064 25	\$2,814 00	\$3,878 25	\$22,553 17	\$374 38	\$17 20	\$1,408 31	\$49 83

DORCHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JOHN J. HOWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$176 00	\$62 11	\$238 11
	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	800 10	59 52	859 62
	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	779 48	153 58	933 06
	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	820 19	145 00	965 19
	5	\$110 65	\$5 00	.....	.....	\$540 72	\$4 00	\$10 00	.....	4,474 51	879 00	4,853 51
	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 60	.....	.....	.....	422 60	110 62	533 22
	7	5 50	.....	.....	.....	55 00	.....	.....	.....	623 00	183 50	806 50
	8	.....	.....	\$1 00	\$4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	965 24	179 75	544 99
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	972 35	120 00	1,092 35
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	295 00	.....	295 00
	11	9 27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	575 77	75 00	650 77
	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	23 00	.....	.....	.....	1,663 74	187 20	1,800 94
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 70	10 00	.....	.....	629 88	260 00	889 88
	14	.....	.....	.....	5 00	34 50	.....	.....	.....	718 75	205 00	923 75
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 22	.....	30 00	.....	240 72	25 00	265 72
	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	330 00	.....	330 00
	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	18	.....	.....	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,370 47	873 00	5,243 47
	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	440 00	190 00	630 00
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 00	.....	.....	.....	257 63	110 00	367 63
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	215 45	.....	.....	.....	872 95	80 00	952 95
	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	9 27	.....	30 00	.....	617 27	240 00	857 27
	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	345 52	25 00	370 52
	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	22 26	.....	.....	.....	281 48	50 00	331 48
	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 75	.....	.....	.....	262 75	250 00	512 75
	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	14 12	.....	.....	.....	199 52	60 00	259 52
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	327 70	.....	327 70
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County....	25	\$125 42	\$5 00	\$251 00	\$9 00	\$953 59	\$14 00	\$70 00	.....	\$21,862 62	\$3,973 28	\$25,835 90

DORCHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—JOHN J. HOWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools			In Country Schools.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Grand Total
1	.....	.....	.....	7	13	20	.....	.....	.....	14	18	32
2	17	16	33	.....	.....	.....	28	48	76	.....	.....	76
3	.....	.....	.....	38	31	69	.....	.....	.....	41	62	103
4	.....	.....	.....	30	32	62	.....	.....	.....	46	44	90
5	117	147	264	.....	.....	.....	62	75	137	.....	.....	137
6	.....	.....	.....	22	21	43	.....	.....	.....	57	61	118
7	.....	.....	.....	19	29	48	.....	.....	.....	49	51	100
8	.....	.....	.....	12	23	35	.....	.....	.....	38	29	67
9	27	29	56	.....	.....	.....	26	38	64	.....	.....	64
10	.....	.....	.....	23	19	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	.....	.....	.....	21	22	43	.....	.....	.....	23	18	41
12	26	24	50	8	17	25	.....	.....	.....	62	61	123
13	.....	.....	.....	18	13	31	.....	.....	.....	64	52	116
14	.....	.....	.....	44	41	85	.....	.....	.....	83	37	120
15	.....	.....	.....	8	11	19	.....	.....	.....	14	11	25
16	.....	.....	.....	13	18	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	130	121	251	.....	.....	.....	90	206	296	.....	.....	296
19	.....	.....	.....	14	13	27	.....	.....	.....	46	58	104
20	.....	.....	.....	7	11	18	.....	.....	.....	51	67	118
21	.....	.....	.....	48	40	88	.....	.....	.....	32	44	76
22	.....	.....	.....	9	7	16	.....	.....	.....	77	84	161
23	.....	.....	.....	12	7	19	.....	.....	.....	17	13	30
24	.....	.....	.....	16	15	31	.....	.....	.....	8	14	22
25	.....	.....	.....	14	16	30	.....	.....	.....	66	68	134
33	.....	.....	.....	8	9	17	.....	.....	.....	11	13	24
Total for County.....	317	337	654	391	406	799	206	367	573	749	800	1,549
												2,123

DORCHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JOHN J. HOWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.						Total for Both Sexes		
	White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women					
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade		Third Grade	
1	20	1	\$150 00	1	.....	\$40 00	\$20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
2	9	1	.....	1	.....	125 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
3	18	4	500 00	.....	.....	175 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
4	36	2	700 00	.....	.....	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
5	25	2	19,500 00	.....	.....	2,575 00	175 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
6	21	3	350 00	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
7	18	2	500 00	.....	.....	100 00	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
8	36	2	300 00	.....	.....	.....	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
9	18	1	600 00	.....	.....	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
10	20	2	800 00	.....	.....	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
11	21	2	350 00	.....	.....	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
12	18	8	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
13	49	2	300 00	.....	.....	75 00	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
14	10	2	600 00	.....	.....	90 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
15	9	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
16	9	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
18	10	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
19	18	2	350 00	.....	.....	75 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
20	12	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
21	9	1	600 00	.....	.....	50 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
22	36	3	400 00	.....	.....	75 00	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
23	19	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
24	10	1	175 00	.....	.....	60 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
25	9	1	250 00	.....	.....	175 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
83	9	1	300 00	.....	.....	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Total for County.....	468	44	\$20,025 00	41	3	\$1,725 00	\$925 00	11	3	.....	43	2	.....	.....	.....	59

DORCHESTER COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JOHN J. HOWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town				Country
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
1	1				1		1	36	20	8	8		R. V. Reeves, Reevesville, S. C.	
2	1				1		1		78		24		A. R. Johnston, Reevesville, S. C.	
3	1				1		1		40		20		J. K. Ackerman, St. George, S. C.	
4	1				1		1	52	40	24			J. L. Westbury, Grover, S. C.	
5	1				1		1		40		20		Carlisle Johnston, St. George, S. C.	
6	1				1		1		62		28		W. B. Traxler, St. George, S. C.	
7	1				1		1		32		28		W. D. Shleder, St. George, S. C.	
8	1				1		1	36	32	16	28		J. T. Mozelle, Harleyville, S. C.	
9							1						A. O. Utsey, Harleyville, S. C.	
10							1						G. B. Harley, Dorchester, S. C.	
11							1		36		12		J. C. All, Ridgeville, S. C.	
12	1				1		1	32	48		20		Dr. W. B. Way, Ridgeville, S. C.	
13	2				2		4		32		40		W. T. Martin, Ravenel, S. C.	
14	1				1		2		66		40		D. M. Swett, Summerville, S. C.	
15	1						1		60		40		L. R. Murray, Summerville, S. C.	
16							1		24		4		R. I.	
17							3	36	28				Jas. A.	
18					1		3				28		Wm. C.	
19					1		3		48		16		A. D.	
20							3		28		12		P. D.	
21	1				1		4		47		40		Jno. D. Bivens, Givhana.	
22	2				2		4		56		4		C. M. Rumph, Pagnall, S. C.	
23							1		30		6		L. M. Duke, Reevesville, S. C.	
24	1						1		24		36		L. A. Knight, Summerville, S. C.	
25					1		2		28		8		C. D. Reeves, Reevesville, S. C.	
26					1		1		24					
27							1							
28							1							
29							1							
30							1							
31							1							
32							1							
33							1							
Total for Co.	3	11	....	10	20	1	45	192	921	84	394	.....	

EDGEFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—W. W. FULLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Blocker	1	\$83 09	\$178 00	\$491 80	\$67 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$138 72	\$958 11	\$833 00	\$125 11
Antioch	2	53 21	129 00	357 00	44 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 80	684 01	584 85	99 16
Red Hill	3	49	98 00	255 00	35 50	.....	.....	2½	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	72 00	560 89	557 16	3 83
Flat Rock	4	.....	67 00	159 80	29 00	.....	\$118 92	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	45 12	519 84	464 12	55 72
Collier	5	.....	110 00	389 30	63 50	.....	250 74	3	.....	100 00	\$10 00	\$200 00	309 92	1,436 46	1,436 46	.....
Liberty Hill	6	87 44	77 00	185 80	33 50	.....	122 91	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	52 32	558 47	380 00	178 47
White Town	7	26 46	90 00	256 70	40 00	.....	157 08	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	72 48	742 72	668 65	74 07
North Elmwood	8	6 06	100 00	277 10	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	78 24	486 40	475 00	11 40
South Elmwood	9	.....	37 00	91 80	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 92	178 72	178 72	.....
Hibler	10	29 13	38 00	168 30	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47 52	298 95	212 25	86 70
Johnston	11	.....	397 00	780 30	101 50	.....	1,685 07	3	\$700 00	.....	5 00	.....	277 35	8,946 22	8,946 24	—02
North Meriwether	12	7 19	90 00	163 20	46 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46 08	352 47	344 00	8 47
South Meriwether	13	116 08	73 00	119 00	42 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33 80	333 66	353 65	30 00
Pickens	14	28 72	94 00	372 30	83 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105 12	633 14	657 65	25 49
Plum Branch	15	.....	99 00	321 30	40 00	.....	218 16	3	300 00	.....	.....	.....	1,254 42	2,532 88	2,530 00	—27 12
Shaw	16	93 74	163 00	227 80	45 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	84 32	624 36	581 90	42 46
Talbott	17	201 88	174 00	569 50	55 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	160 80	1,161 68	870 29	291 39
Modoc	18	233 71	81 00	272 00	40 00	.....	165 73	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	76 90	869 24	641 59	327 65
Clarks Hill	19	337 11	72 00	499 80	39 00	.....	165 73	2	.....	.....	.....	300 00	441 12	1,354 76	1,354 76	.....
Wards	20	25 90	279 00	544 00	76 00	.....	.....	2	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	173 60	1,208 50	1,185 87	22 63
Wisc	21	138 92	190 00	467 50	94 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	182 00	1,022 92	964 44	58 48
Moss	22	76 55	245 00	625 60	86 50	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	176 84	1,310 29	1,249 28	61 01
Harmony	23	1 14	360 40	103 00	26 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	101 76	592 80	526 00	66 80
Fork	24	51 54	70 00	255 00	39 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	72 00	437 54	435 05	2 49
Edgefield	25	94	322 00	749 70	85 00	.....	1,194 66	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	211 68	2,663 98	2,785 95	—71 97
Parksville	26	3 69	90 00	455 60	39 00	.....	380 19	3	.....	.....	10 00	.....	148 64	1,127 12	1,030 10	97 02
Trenton	27	112 15	217 00	557 60	74 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	157 44	1,118 19	1,105 24	12 95
Gregg	28	1 47	40 00	119 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33 60	214 07	214 07	.....
Meriwether Hall	29	2 94	110 00	224 40	55 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	63 36	455 70	320 00	135 70
North Plum Branch	30	162 12	145 00	139 40	52 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39 36	538 38	415 23	123 16
Meriwether	31	96 00	77 00	173 40	41 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	48 96	436 36	230 00	206 36
East Collier	32	15 51	50 00	113 90	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32 16	241 57	221 45	20 12
Prescott	33	.....	81 00	127 50	15 00	.....	70 44	3	.....	.....	10 00	.....	66 00	390 38	390 38	.....
Bacon	34	.....	150 00	392 70	83 00	.....	207 56	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	110 88	994 14	850 52	143 62
Long Cane	35	.....	90 00	236 30	45 00	.....	170 49	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	66 72	708 51	642 00	66 51
Total for County...	35	\$1,993 16	\$4,633 40	\$11,241 40	\$1,685 00	.....	\$4,907 68	.....	\$1,000 00	\$970 44	\$55 00	\$800 00	\$5,057 45	\$32,343 53	\$30,065 87	\$2,277 66

EDGEFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. W. FULLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$52 12	\$576 88	\$629 00	\$25 00	\$154 00	\$179 00	\$908 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	237 07	197 78	434 85	.....	140 00	140 00	574 85	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	492 68	492 68	.....	50 00	50 00	542 68	.....	.....	\$14 48	.....
4	.....	424 12	424 12	.....	40 00	40 00	464 12	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	891 43	891 43	.....	118 00	118 00	1,009 43	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	90 00	90 00	370 00	.....	.....	10 00	.....
7	.....	468 65	468 65	.....	100 00	100 00	568 65	.....	\$75 00	.....	.....
8	.....	355 00	355 00	75 00	45 00	120 00	475 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	184 72	184 72	.....	44 00	44 00	178 72	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	.....	152 25	152 25	.....	60 00	60 00	212 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1,125 00	2,552 47	3,677 47	81 25	150 00	231 25	3,908 72	.....	.....	20 00	.....
12	.....	264 00	264 00	.....	80 00	80 00	344 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	323 66	323 66	.....	30 00	30 00	353 66	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	452 65	.....	452 65	25 00	200 00	225 00	657 65	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	600 00	600 00	1,200 00	.....	160 00	160 00	1,360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	.....	335 00	335 00	.....	170 00	170 00	505 00	.....	36 90	.....	.....
17	.....	591 47	591 47	42 20	128 00	170 20	761 67	.....	57 10	.....	.....
18	.....	385 79	385 79	.....	150 00	150 00	535 79	.....	.....	5 80	.....
19	.....	350 00	350 00	.....	190 00	190 00	540 00	.....	.....	8 40	.....
20	208 00	740 00	948 00	144 00	50 00	194 00	1,142 00	.....	.....	8 87	.....
21	473 44	170 00	643 44	74 00	247 00	321 00	964 44	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	.....	985 29	985 29	90 47	100 42	190 89	1,176 18	.....	56 10	17 00	.....
23	.....	295 00	295 00	160 00	50 00	210 00	505 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	.....	333 85	333 85	.....	137 50	137 50	471 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	2,247 00	2,247 00	245 00	.....	245 00	2,492 00	.....	85 95	60 00	.....
26	.....	775 10	775 10	.....	215 00	215 00	990 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	781 89	781 89	75 00	97 50	172 50	954 39	.....	.....	150 85	.....
28	.....	179 07	179 07	.....	35 00	35 00	214 07	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	.....	260 00	260 00	60 00	.....	60 00	320 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	.....	215 22	215 22	137 50	62 50	200 00	415 22	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	.....	150 00	150 00	.....	70 00	70 00	220 00	.....	.....	10 00	.....
32	.....	161 45	161 45	60 00	.....	60 00	221 45	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	293 80	293 80	.....	40 00	40 00	333 80	.....	16 58	.....	.....
34	523 93	182 94	706 87	30 75	60 00	90 75	797 62	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	441 00	.....	441 00	87 50	100 00	187 50	628 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County....	35	\$4,068 21	\$17,146 51	\$1,412 67	\$3,363 92	\$4,776 59	\$26,016 81	\$327 63	.....	\$300 40	.....

EDGEFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. W. FULLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	\$25 00	.....	.....	\$629 00	\$204 00	\$833 00
2	\$10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	434 85	150 00	584 85
3	507 16	50 00	557 16
4	424 12	40 00	464 12
5	\$427 08	.....	.....	.....	1,318 46	118 00	1,436 46
6	230 00	90 00	320 00
7	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	543 65	125 00	668 65
8	355 00	120 00	475 00
9	134 72	44 00	178 72
10	152 25	60 00	212 25
11	\$17 52	.....	3,714 99	231 25	3,946 24
12	264 00	80 00	344 00
13	323 66	90 00	413 66
14	432 65	225 00	657 65
15	1,200 00	.....	.....	.....	2,400 00	180 00	2,580 00
16	40 00	.....	411 90	170 00	581 90
17	\$38 72	12 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	687 29	193 00	870 29
18	391 59	150 00	541 59
19	1,308 36	.....	.....	.....	1,664 76	190 00	1,854 76
20	40 00	.....	991 87	194 00	1,185 87
21	643 44	321 00	964 44
22	1,053 39	190 89	1,249 28
23	\$21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	316 00	210 00	526 00
24	13 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	347 55	137 50	485 05
25	83 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,475 95	260 00	2,735 95
26	40 00	.....	815 10	215 00	1,030 10
27	932 74	172 50	1,105 24
28	179 07	35 00	214 07
29	290 00	60 00	350 00
30	215 22	200 00	415 22
31	160 00	70 00	230 00
32	161 45	60 00	221 45
33	40 00	.....	350 88	40 00	390 88
34	52 90	.....	.....	703 87	143 65	846 52
35	13 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	441 00	201 00	642 00
Total for County....	\$135 42	\$76 30	\$21 00	.....	\$2,933 30	\$77 90	\$177 52	.....	\$25,135 08	\$4,930 79	\$30,065 87

EDGEFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—W. W. FULLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

District Number	Enrollment.													
	Public Schools.						Negro.							
	White.		Negro.		Country	Town.	White.			Negro.				
	Town.	Country	Boys	Girls			Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total	In Country Schools.		Grand Total
												Boys	Girls		Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	3	26	30	56	.....	140	144	284	284
2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	23	33	56	.....	110	107	217	217
3	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	32	36	68	.....	45	58	103	103
4	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	30	36	66	.....	16	19	35	35
5	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	3	27	30	57	.....	90	111	201	201
6	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	6	9	15	.....	45	59	104	104
7	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	36	37	73	.....	42	48	90	90
8	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	26	32	58	.....	52	58	110	110
9	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	8	14	22	.....	16	20	36	36
10	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	6	8	14	.....	23	44	72	72
11	1	.....	115	150	265	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	90	121	211	211
12	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	7	11	18	.....	25	37	62	62
13	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	22	25	47	.....	14	20	34	34
14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	5	7	12	.....	84	101	185	185
15	1	.....	46	67	113	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	44	52	96	96
16	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	27	23	50	.....	38	48	86	86
17	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	4	20	27	47	.....	116	161	277	277
18	1	.....	33	34	67	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	64	116	116
19	1	.....	12	16	28	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	122	121	243	243
20	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	3	75	87	162	.....	80	86	166	166
21	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	5	21	27	48	.....	96	144	240	240
22	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	4	48	58	106	.....	110	153	263	263
23	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	3	8	10	18	.....	78	100	178	178
24	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	12	16	28	.....	53	69	122	122
25	2	.....	80	92	172	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	110	200	310	310
26	1	.....	29	39	68	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	102	184	184
27	1	.....	34	62	96	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	92	130	222	222
28	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	7	11	18	.....	30	32	62	62
29	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	7	9	16	.....	29	51	80	80
30	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	8	9	17	.....	29	41	70	70
31	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	5	8	13	.....	46	70	116	116
32	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	3	5	8	.....	27	40	67	67
33	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	7	12	19	.....	22	23	50	50
34	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	46	46	92	.....	65	123	183	183
35	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	18	22	40	.....	39	53	97	97
35	8	46	1	75	809	566	678	1,244	2,053	810	2,047	2,625	4,672	4,962
Total for Co...														

EDGEFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—W. W. FULLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.									
	White.					Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11	86	106	191							
12				6	9	15				
13				13	19	32				
14				4	5	9				
15	37	52	89							
16				19	17	36				
17				12	20	32				
18	22	26	48							
19	9	11	20							
20				52	65	117				
21				16	19	35				
22				36	33	74				
23				6	7	13				
24				9	11	20				
25	61	62	123				96	132	230	
26	21	20	40							
27	24	42	66							
28				6	9	15				
29				5	7	12				
30				7	7	14				
31				4	6	10				
32				2	4	6				
33				6	10	16				
34				20	24	40				
35				12	14	26				
Total for County.....	260	327	587	406	488	891	96	132	230	1,478

EDGEFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—W. W. FULLER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District	Area	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers						
			White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	White						
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	Men					
											First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes
1	5	\$800 00	3	.....	\$200 00	\$60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
2	2	600 00	2	.....	100 00	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
3	1	500 00	1	.....	75 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
4	2	400 00	1	.....	100 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
5	2	1,000 00	8	.....	150 00	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
6	1	500 00	1	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
7	1	400 00	1	.....	75 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
8	2	400 00	2	.....	150 00	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
9	1	200 00	1	.....	50 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
10	1	200 00	1	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
11	1	200 00	1	.....	50 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
12	1	1,200 00	3	.....	600 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
13	1	250 00	2	.....	200 00	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9
14	2	500 00	1	.....	100 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
15	8	.....	150 00	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	1	1,000 00	3	.....	150 00	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
17	1	300 00	2	.....	200 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
18	2	400 00	4	.....	220 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
19	1	250 00	2	.....	150 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
20	1	1,250 00	3	.....	150 00	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
21	4	600 00	8	.....	150 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
22	2	400 00	5	.....	300 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
23	5	750 00	4	.....	300 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
24	2	400 00	8	.....	300 00	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
25	2	200 00	2	.....	200 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
26	1	1,000 00	3	.....	600 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
27	1	700 00	2	.....	100 00	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
28	1	700 00	3	.....	800 00	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
29	1	200 00	1	.....	75 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
30	1	150 00	1	.....	75 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
31	1	150 00	2	.....	200 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
32	1	150 00	2	.....	150 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
33	1	200 00	1	.....	100 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
34	1	150 00	1	.....	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
35	1	300 00	2	.....	150 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
35	1	200 00	2	.....	150 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Total for County.....	35	.....	54	\$16,400 00	76	.....	\$6,670 00	\$3,600 00	\$1,575 00	7	.....	.....	68	.....	.....	75

FAIRFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—T. M. JORDAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Feasterville	1	\$1,348 35	\$225 42	\$785 60	\$102 94	\$79 56	\$470 09	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$8,091 96	\$1,806 42	\$1,285 54
Albion	2	.....	331 51	982 80	125 43	98 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,538 02	1,626 70	—88 68
White Oak	3	.....	69 66	450 00	28 25	45 18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	593 09	630 74	—37 65
Wateree	4	999 61	154 04	583 20	60 07	57 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,864 52	759 95	1,094 57
Bucklick	5	95 60	114 15	201 60	44 22	20 16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	475 73	588 50	—112 77
Bear Creek	6	81 58	146 72	579 60	47 99	57 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	863 85	879 81	—15 96
Black	7	100 02	54 86	140 40	16 25	14 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	325 57	222 50	103 07
Smallwood	8	177 00	95 81	338 00	23 69	33 30	253 82	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	916 12	711 10	205 02
Greenbrier	9	326 63	247 07	495 00	57 21	49 50	438 74	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,614 15	1,493 55	120 60
Horeb	10	101 81	65 25	175 50	22 80	35 64	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	400 50	364 50	36 00
Jenkinsville	11	662 98	114 48	410 40	34 82	41 04	156 20	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,419 92	1,336 96	82 94
Jackson Creek	12	.....	175 76	804 60	54 60	80 46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,115 42	1,097 10	18 32
Rock Creek	13	14 60	64 87	145 80	17 19	14 58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	257 04	235 00	22 04
Winnboro	14	652 76	326 92	1,258 20	51 91	125 82	3,228 32	34	\$700 00	.....	.....	.....	\$1,110 00	7,453 83	6,694 48	759 45
Monticello	15	279 10	101 98	441 00	31 80	44 10	175 15	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,073 13	582 08	491 05
Ridgeway	16	276 92	192 04	590 40	54 49	59 04	1,035 79	3	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,608 68	2,535 29	73 39
Bethel	17 and 18	.....	227 54	728 10	74 07	55 26	183 11	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,268 08	1,211 25	56 83
Dawkins	19	294 03	58 90	255 60	15 18	25 56	85 68	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	784 95	420 04	314 91
Mitford	20	16 94	154 77	531 00	48 23	53 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	804 04	763 00	41 04
Hop	21	44 82	170 98	502 20	50 24	50 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	818 46	794 50	23 96
Longtown	22	617 11	189 87	775 80	64 33	77 58	253 37	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,978 06	1,277 30	700 76
Lemmon	23	146 76	56 34	185 40	21 11	18 54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	428 15	335 00	93 15
Simpson	24	94 22	188 00	388 80	51 20	36 88	315 50	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,026 60	795 50	231 10
Salem	25	.....	88 27	288 40	25 28	29 34	121 99	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	558 28	619 62	—61 34
Morgantown	26	151 44	63 55	277 20	27 70	27 72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	547 61	360 00	187 61
Long Run	27	.....	47 10	271 90	11 22	27 18	192 10	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	549 40	354 95	194 45
Ridge	28	356 15	64 15	221 40	13 71	22 14	71 81	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	749 36	354 50	394 86
Cedar Creek	29	285 74	45 73	360 00	15 23	36 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	742 70	528 45	214 25
Blythewood	30	406 55	113 24	331 20	22 92	33 12	298 62	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,206 25	778 10	428 15
Twenty Creek	31	59 15	12 17	230 40	8 57	23 04	13 58	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	346 91	230 75	116 16
Turkett	32	469 20	31 77	140 40	7 11	14 04	233 85	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	866 87	895 73	500 64
County Board Fund .....	.....	1,414 94	.....	1,374 88	.....	49 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 00	2,975 62	1,824 76	1,150 86
Total for County	32	\$9,424 01	\$4,013 02	\$15,254 68	\$1,229 26	\$1,437 78	\$7,527 72	.....	\$1100 00	.....	.....	.....	\$1,246 00	\$41,232 47	\$32,006 15	\$8,624 32

FAIRFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—T. M. JORDAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
Name of District.											
1	.....	\$1,360 00	\$1,360 00	.....	\$280 00	\$280 00	\$1,640 00	\$50 00	.....	\$41 65	\$14 00
2	\$348 00	1,295 00	1,295 00	\$100 00	115 00	215 00	1,510 00	82 00	.....	25 00	9 70
3	.....	450 00	450 00	.....	135 00	135 00	585 00	45 74	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	560 00	560 00	90 00	84 00	174 00	734 00	.....	.....	25 95	.....
5	.....	450 00	450 00	49 00	60 00	109 00	559 00	.....	.....	29 50	.....
6	.....	640 00	640 00	.....	205 00	205 00	845 00	.....	.....	34 81	.....
7	.....	89 00	89 00	.....	120 00	120 00	209 00	.....	.....	.....	3 50
8	.....	586 00	586 00	96 00	.....	96 00	682 00	.....	.....	29 10	.....
9	630 00	720 00	1,350 00	.....	80 00	80 00	1,430 00	29 38	.....	30 00	4 17
10	.....	240 00	240 00	63 00	60 00	123 00	363 00	.....	.....	1 50	.....
11	.....	640 00	640 00	80 00	70 00	150 00	790 00	38 58	.....	7 25	11 65
12	.....	950 00	950 00	72 00	36 00	108 00	1,058 00	.....	.....	20 10	.....
13	.....	175 00	175 00	60 00	.....	60 00	235 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1,620 00	2,880 00	4,500 00	325 00	280 00	605 00	5,105 00	789 48	.....	600 00	200 00
15	.....	455 00	455 00	60 00	49 00	109 00	564 00	.....	.....	18 08	.....
16	1,000 00	1,240 00	2,240 00	.....	150 00	150 00	2,390 00	74 46	13 60	45 43	11 80
17 and	630 00	360 00	990 00	63 00	124 00	187 00	1,177 00	30 00	4 25	.....	.....
18	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	70 00	70 00	350 00	48 38	8 56	10 40	2 70
19	.....	523 00	523 00	.....	240 00	240 00	763 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	660 00	660 00	.....	115 00	115 00	775 00	.....	.....	15 49	4 01
21	.....	850 00	850 00	160 00	175 00	335 00	1,185 00	.....	.....	17 20	5 40
22	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	50 00	50 00	330 00	.....	.....	5 00	.....
23	.....	415 00	415 00	.....	125 00	125 00	540 00	.....	.....	29 35	.....
24	.....	440 00	440 00	.....	152 00	152 00	592 00	.....	.....	19 12	8 50
25	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	120 00	120 00	360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	280 00	280 00	70 00	.....	70 00	350 00	.....	.....	.....	4 95
27	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	60 00	60 00	340 00	.....	.....	11 35	3 15
28	.....	440 00	440 00	.....	45 00	45 00	485 00	29 50	.....	10 00	3 95
29	.....	320 00	320 00	.....	90 00	90 00	725 00	.....	.....	45 25	7 85
30	315 00	160 00	160 00	.....	45 00	45 00	205 00	.....	.....	21 00	4 75
31	.....	245 00	245 00	60 00	.....	60 00	305 00	24 59	.....	.....	5 95
32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,824 76	.....
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	\$4,543 00	\$18,155 00	\$22,698 00	\$1,848 00	\$3,135 00	\$4,483 00	\$27,181 00	\$1,242 11	\$26 41	\$2,926 29	\$306 03

FAIRFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—T. M. JORDAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
17 and	1	\$80 77	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,512 42	\$234 00	\$1,906 42
	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,402 00	224 70	1,626 70
	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	495 74	135 00	630 74
	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	585 95	174 00	759 95
	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	479 50	109 00	588 50
	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	674 81	205 00	879 81
	7	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	133 50	222 50
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	615 10	98 00	711 10
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,400 38	84 17	1,493 55
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	241 50	123 00	364 50
	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$479 50	.....	.....	.....	1,175 33	161 65	1,336 98
	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	989 10	108 00	1,097 10
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175 00	60 00	235 00
	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,889 48	805 00	6,694 48
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	473 08	109 00	582 08
	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,359 89	175 40	2,535 29
	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,020 00	191 25	1,211 25
	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	338 78	81 26	420 04
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	523 00	240 00	763 00
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	675 49	119 01	794 50
	22	69 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	936 90	340 40	1,277 30
	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 00	50 00	335 00
	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	670 50	125 00	795 50
	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	226 15	.....	.....	.....	459 12	160 50	619 62
	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 00	120 00	360 00
	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	74 95	354 95
	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	291 35	63 15	354 50
	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	479 50	48 95	528 45
	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	680 25	97 85	778 10
	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	181 00	49 75	230 75
	32	60 19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	329 78	65 95	395 73
County Board Fund.		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,824 76	.....	1,824 76
Total for County...		\$190 66	.....	.....	\$10 00	\$705 65	.....	\$20 00	.....	\$27,782 71	\$4,825 44	\$32,608 15

FAIRFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—T. M. JORDAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Enrollment.									
	Public Schools.				Negro.					
	White.		Negro.		White.			Negro.		
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	Grand Total.	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	Grand Total.
1	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	118	167	285	
2	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	179	253	432	
3	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	68	117	185	
4	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	112	173	285	
5	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	33	69	102	
6	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	91	162	253	
7	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	45	74	
8	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	37	77	114	
9	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	58	114	172	
10	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	61	111	162	
11	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	63	116	179	
12	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	144	217	361	
13	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	46	74	
14	
15	
16	
17 and 18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	
32	
Total for Co....	8	47	2	64	351	686	1,037	2,319	5,067	5,713

FAIRFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—T. M. JORDAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
		White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	White																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	Men			Women																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
										First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
1	4	5

FAIRFIELD COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—T. M. JOHMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Number of Teachers										Total Number of Weeks of Session		Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman		
	Men					Women					White		Negro				
	Negro			Total for Both Sexes			White				Town		Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country	White	Negro	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	70	70	C. J. R. A.
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	64	64	W. R. A.
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	T. W. C.
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	M. L. S.
5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	R. S. T.
6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	C. T. W.
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	T. N. D.
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	N. D. L.
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	J. W.
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	J. D.
11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	W. D.
12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	F. E.
13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	C. P.
14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	T. C.
15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	H. B.
16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	Allie
17	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	Robt
18	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	S. T.
19	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	R. C.
20	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	W. D.
21	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	T. H.
22	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	J. W.
23	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	W. B.
24	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	W. E.
25	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	J. W.
26	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	Brice, Winnebago.
27	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	C. Broom, Blythwood.
28	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	P. E. Hood, Blythwood.
29	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	R. Taylor, Blythwood.
30	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	T. W. Graham, Wallaceville.
31	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	
32	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	72	36	36	36	36	36	
Total for Co.	32	13	3	69	16	37	1,323	106	64	852							

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 8-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Florence	1	\$1,068 67	\$1,003 00	\$2,463 65	\$60 00	\$2,627 17	\$14,196 14	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2,439 00	\$23,856 63	\$22,042 32	\$1,814 31
Palmetto	2	740 32	76 00	836 99	20 50	357 89	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$300 00	.....	1,831 70	1,238 76	592 94
Back Swamp	3	502 98	178 00	812 60	35 00	852 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,381 48	1,397 55	983 98
Jeffries	4	2,704 63	321 00	948 83	63 00	935 29	912 09	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,944 84	2,112 30	8,832 54
Claussens	5	1,501 90	139 00	652 47	42 00	698 46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,028 83	850 00	2,178 83
Cains	6	.....	79 00	301 14	9 00	319 83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	708 97	731 27	—22 30
Pee Dee	7	258 38	219 00	960 78	79 50	1,020 41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,588 07	2,358 75	179 32
Lynchs	8	160 31	97 00	377 62	25 00	401 06	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,060 99	774 15	286 84
Motts	9	12 58	68 00	213 84	13 50	223 88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	531 80	464 20	67 10
Cartersville	10	72 74	116 00	482 78	20 00	508 74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,200 26	747 50	452 76
Center	11	308 76	117 00	437 37	24 00	464 51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,346 64	911 88	434 76
Sardis	12	.....	106 00	505 68	22 00	534 12	486 19	6	\$250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,902 99	2,132 14	—229 15
Ebenezer	13	1,354 70	197 00	552 09	45 00	596 35	758 25	3	.....	.....	.....	600 00	2,430 00	6,523 39	6,368 06	155 34
Tans Bay	14	143 44	182 00	836 50	57 00	887 79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,106 73	1,707 58	399 15
Effingham	15	231 51	150 00	518 63	37 50	551 78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	232 65	.....	1,722 07	1,368 33	353 74
Timmons ville	16	.....	308 00	1,118 52	20 50	1,185 94	1,771 31	3	500 00	.....	.....	600 00	2,861 75	7,866 02	7,578 00	288 02
Evergreen	17	64 91	77 00	253 34	28 50	268 97	184 62	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	877 34	812 74	64 60
Hannah	18	152 36	75 00	253 34	13 50	268 97	78 94	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	157 87	999 98	605 88	394 10
Hymen	19	1,277 37	100 00	470 83	26 50	500 05	216 01	3	.....	.....	.....	600 00	388 00	3,578 76	2,939 92	638 84
Anderson	20	84 01	27 00	181 64	7 00	192 91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	492 56	340 00	152 56
Olanto	21	175 10	108 00	492 34	11 50	522 90	374 60	3	300 00	.....	\$5 00	.....	549 46	2,538 90	2,301 47	237 43
Einerald	22	93 19	45 00	284 41	11 50	301 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	735 25	660 45	74 80
Morris	23	382 06	47 00	246 17	10 50	261 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	947 17	442 93	504 24
Bethany	24	44 01	25 00	131 45	5 00	139 61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	345 07	230 45	114 62
Blossom	25	61 15	40 00	155 35	9 50	166 43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	431 43	409 35	22 08
Mt. Zion	26	113 43	21 00	169 69	8 50	180 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	492 82	253 60	239 22
Green Springs	27	178 58	77 00	389 57	19 00	414 65	433 44	3	.....	.....	.....	600 00	.....	2,112 24	1,524 67	587 57
Forestville	28	317 04	62 00	396 74	20 50	411 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,207 68	653 77	553 91
Friendfield	29	22 44	39 00	229 44	11 50	241 68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	544 06	426 29	117 77
Hanhein	30	25 72	28 00	86 48	4 50	81 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	225 92	200 00	25 92
Wayside	31	404 49	92 00	573 60	22 50	608 80	493 55	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,194 94	1,227 45	967 49
Pleasant Grove	32	13 18	38 00	88 65	11 00	88 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	234 67	190 85	43 82

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Central	33	\$54 74	\$40 00	\$169 69	\$7 50	\$180 41	\$74 25	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	526 59	462 75	63 84
Bethel	34	71 04	33 00	124 28	9 00	131 99	56 42	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	425 73	283 50	142 23
Hebron	35	64 06	21 00	114 72	6 00	121 84	76 65	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	402 26	222 80	179 46
Tabernacle	36	332 47	31 00	260 51	8 50	276 67	53 69	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	952 84	480 00	472 84
Elim	37	.....	57 00	267 68	12 50	284 26	121 48	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	742 92	576 25	166 67
Cartersville	38	679 41	125 00	657 25	17 50	698 04	582 01	3	\$300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,059 21	1,786 55	1,272 66
Cowards	39	129 49	48 00	200 76	10 00	212 80	265 58	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	866 63	928 95	—62 32
Big Swamp	40	.....	30 00	124 28	11 00	131 99	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	297 27	360 25	—62 98
Wards	41	.....	31 00	160 13	8 50	170 07	72 67	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	442 87	296 00	146 37
Willow Creek	42	73 09	52 00	370 45	9 50	403 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	908 48	542 50	366 98
Gibbs	43	20 13	18 00	68 02	6 50	58 61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	166 26	188 00	—21 74
Total for County.....	43	\$13,879 88	\$4,742 00	\$18,430 30	\$300 00	\$19,528 96	\$21,205 89	.....	\$1350 00	.....	\$5 00	\$2,932 65	\$8,328 08	\$91,300 26	\$72,130 15	\$19,170 11

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.					Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.		Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$5,375 00	\$10,382 51	\$13,757 51	\$450 00	\$1,713 50	\$2,163 50	\$15,920 01	\$414 46	\$3,000 00	\$1,434 54
2	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	150 00	150 00	450 00	15 10	15 00	.....
3	.....	935 15	935 15	125 00	255 00	380 00	1,325 15	.....	24 20	.....
4	.....	1,510 00	1,510 00	98 50	300 00	468 50	1,968 50	.....	.....	.....
5	640 00	.....	640 00	80 00	120 00	200 00	840 00	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	600 00	600 00	60 00	.....	60 00	600 00	7 25	27 60	.....
7	490 00	1,150 00	1,840 00	300 00	.....	300 00	1,940 00	78 50	38 25	7 00
8	.....	721 00	721 00	.....	50 00	50 00	771 00	.....	8 15	.....
9	.....	452 20	452 20	150 00	12 00	12 00	464 20	.....	.....	.....
10	.....	585 00	585 00	.....	.....	150 00	735 00	.....	2 50	.....
11	.....	770 00	770 00	.....	125 00	125 00	895 00	.....	18 48	.....
12	766 00	1,237 54	1,904 14	.....	60 00	60 00	2,054 14	88 00	45 00	.....
13	680 00	1,378 00	1,058 00	161 00	.....	161 00	1,219 00	.....	142 20	.....
14	.....	1,171 96	1,171 96	.....	465 00	465 00	1,636 96	.....	29 40	.....
15	240 25	460 00	700 25	.....	185 00	135 00	835 25	.....	.....	.....
16	1,250 00	2,975 00	4,225 00	305 00	188 00	563 00	4,778 00	1,000 00	1,800 00	.....
17	.....	691 85	691 85	.....	60 00	60 00	751 85	30 95	29 88	.....
18	382 50	170 00	552 50	.....	.....	.....	552 50	3 36	42 00	.....
19	.....	502 50	502 50	120 00	.....	120 00	622 50	.....	290 41	.....
20	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	60 00	60 00	340 00	.....	.....	.....
21	640 00	937 50	1,577 50	.....	100 00	100 00	1,677 50	158 70	306 85	.....
22	.....	550 00	550 00	.....	25 00	25 00	575 00	.....	2 00	.....
23	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	125 00	125 00	405 00	.....	.....	.....
24	.....	225 00	225 00	.....	.....	.....	225 00	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	315 00	315 00	.....	85 00	85 00	400 00	.....	7 50	.....
26	.....	192 00	192 00	.....	50 00	50 00	242 00	1 10	5 00	.....
27	.....	598 65	598 65	.....	125 00	125 00	723 65	67 25	51 10	.....
28	.....	372 00	372 00	75 00	75 00	150 00	552 00	.....	29 10	.....
29	.....	320 00	320 00	.....	56 00	56 00	376 00	.....	2 50	.....
30	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....
31	.....	1,042 44	1,042 44	120 00	.....	120 00	1,162 44	52 01	13 00	.....
32	.....	165 00	165 00	.....	.....	.....	165 00	.....	2 50	.....

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	33	.....	\$425 00	\$425 00	.....	.....	.....	\$425 00	.....	.....	\$35 00	.....
	34	.....	275 00	275 00	.....	.....	.....	275 00	.....	.....	5 00	.....
	35	.....	196 00	196 00	.....	.....	.....	216 00	.....	.....	6 30	.....
	36	\$312 50	.....	312 50	.....	.....	.....	432 50	\$23 50	.....	4 00	.....
	37	.....	429 20	429 20	.....	\$75 00	75 00	504 20	47 70	.....	24 35	.....
	38	640 00	803 45	1,443 45	.....	.....	232 50	1,675 95	10 76	.....	62 35	.....
	39	490 00	891 45	891 45	.....	.....	.....	881 45	11 75	.....	.....	.....
	40	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	.....	.....	160 00	.....	.....	7 00	.....
	41	.....	246 00	246 00	.....	50 00	50 00	296 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	42	.....	372 00	372 00	.....	153 75	153 75	525 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
	43	.....	175 00	175 00	.....	.....	.....	175 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County....	43	\$9,896 85	\$33,943 49	\$43,840 34	\$2,527 00	\$4,632 25	\$7,159 25	\$50,999 59	\$1,965 41	.....	\$6,157 17	\$1,441 54

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.			
	1	\$47 65	\$15 75	.....	.....	.....	\$1,209 91	.....	.....	\$17,219 62	\$4,822 70	\$22,042 32
	2	21 25	.....	.....	\$15 00	\$721 81	.....	.....	.....	1,073 76	165 00	1,238 76
	3	48 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,007 55	390 00	1,397 55
	4	133 80	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,643 80	468 50	2,112 30
	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	650 00	200 00	850 00
	6	24 05	.....	.....	.....	12 37	.....	.....	.....	671 27	60 00	731 27
	7	80 00	.....	.....	.....	215 00	.....	.....	.....	2,051 75	307 00	2,358 75
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	724 15	50 00	774 15
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	452 20	12 00	464 20
	10	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	587 50	180 00	747 50
	11	3 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	786 88	125 00	911 88
	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,072 14	60 00	2,132 14
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,006 85	.....	.....	.....	6,207 05	161 00	6,368 05
	14	41 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,242 58	465 00	1,707 58
	15	.....	.....	.....	5 00	528 08	.....	.....	.....	1,228 33	140 00	1,368 33
	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,025 00	553 00	2,578 00
	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	752 74	60 00	812 74
	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 00	.....	.....	.....	606 88	.....	606 88
	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,027 01	.....	.....	.....	2,819 92	120 00	2,939 92
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	60 00	340 00
	21	59 72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,201 47	100 00	2,301 47
	22	8 75	.....	.....	.....	10 00	64 70	\$9 20	.....	570 75	89 70	660 45
	23	37 93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	317 93	125 00	442 93
	24	5 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	230 45	.....	230 45
	25	1 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	824 35	85 00	909 35
	26	5 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	203 60	50 00	253 60
	27	25 00	.....	.....	.....	657 67	.....	.....	.....	1,399 67	125 00	1,524 67
	28	62 67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	508 77	150 00	658 77
	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47 79	.....	.....	322 50	103 79	426 29
	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	200 00
	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,107 45	120 00	1,227 45
	32	23 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	190 85	.....	190 85

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

District, Number of	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
33	\$2 75								\$462 75		\$462 75
34	8 50								283 50		283 50
35									202 80	\$20 00	222 80
36					\$20 00				360 00	120 00	480 00
37									501 25	75 00	576 25
38						\$87 50			1,516 55	270 00	1,786 55
39	35 75								928 95		928 95
40	143 25						\$50 00		360 25		360 25
41									246 00	50 00	296 00
42	11 75				5 00				388 75	153 75	542 50
43	13 00								188 00		188 00
Total for County...	\$889 80	\$25 75		\$30 00	\$9,221 79	\$1,359 90	\$99 20		\$62,113 71	\$10,016 44	\$72,130 15

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 8.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public Schools.						Enrollment.																		
	White.		Negro.		Town.	Country	White.					Negro.													
	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.				In Country Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		Grand Total.										
			Boys	Girls			Total	Boys		Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total											
1	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	360	394	754	.....	11	12	23	.....	754	170	250	420	.....	48	52	100	420		
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.																	
Number of District.	White.						Negro.										
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			Grand Total				
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total					
33	25	20	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	18	20	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	12	14	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	8	11	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	25	12	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	24	32	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
39	33	32	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	20	22	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	10	12	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	14	5	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	7	8	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....				392	399	791	940	919	1,859	2,650	165	256	421	1,069	1,278	2,347	2,768

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Public School Buildings			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers					
	White.		Negro.	No.	Value With Grounds	White	Negro	Men.			Women.		
	No.	Value With Grounds						First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade
1	2	\$80,000 00	1	1	\$6,000	500 00	\$1,000 00	3			18		
2	1	500 00				75 00					1		
3	2	1,000 00	2	2	500	150 00	50 00				2		
4	3	2,400 00	4	4	1,000	375 00	100 00				2		
5	1	800 00	3	3	700	125 00	50 00	1			3		
6	1	1,000 00	1	1	250	200 00	10 00						
7	3	2,400 00	3	3	300	500 00	75 00	1			2		
8	3	1,500 00				250 00					4		
9	1	500 00				100 00					2		
10	2	1,100 00	1	1	400	200 00	25 00				1		
11	1	600 00				150 00					2		
12	1	6,000 00	1	1	300	700 00	25 00	1			1		
13	1	5,500 00	1	1	250	600 00	100 00	1					
14	3	1,800 00	3	3	400	650 00	50 00				3		
15	3	1,800 00	2	2	400	350 00	25 00	1			2		
16	1	23,000 00	1	1	2,000	1,000 00	100 00	1			7		
17	1	1,000 00	1	1	100	175 00	10 00				1		
18	1	500 00				100 00		1					
19	1	6,000 00	1	1	500	300 00	25 00				2		
20	1	400 00				80 00							
21	1	6,000 00				300 00		1			3		
22	2	600 00	1	1	100	150 00	10 00				2		
23	1	400 00	1	1	100	80 00	10 00				1		
24	1	400 00				80 00							
25	1	350 00	1	1	150	75 00	25 00						
26	1	600 00	1	1	150	80 00	30 00				1		
27	2	3,000 00	1	1	300	250 00	10 00				2		
28	1	700 00	1	1	200	100 00	5 00				1		
29	1	700 00				125 00							
30	1	300 00				75 00					1		
31	2	2,000 00	1	1	300	250 00	10 00				3		
32	1	300 00				75 00					1		

*Burned down during session.

FLORENCE COUNTY.--TABLE 4.--BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.--A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.--Con.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
			White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men.			Women.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
			No.	Value With Grounds.	No.					Value With Grounds.	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
	33	1	\$1,200 00	\$150 00	2

FLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session.		Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro.							Total for Both Sexes	White		White		Negro
	Men.			Women.			Town		Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade							
1	1				6			7	36	24	22	D. F. Lynch, Cowarda.	
2		1				1		1		70	22	W. J. McKnight, Scranton, R. 1.	
3		1				1		2		96	22	A. R. Carter, Timmonsville.	
4					1			4		32	22	N. E. Hill, Timmonsville, R. 3.	
5								6		24	22	R. V. Atkins, Timmonsville, R. 2.	
6	1							1		94	22	S. E. Jeffords, Timmonsville, R. 4.	
7	2	1	1					4		96	22	J. P. Joe	
8								1		94	22	Joe W.	
9								1		96	22	L. Jen	
10	1							1	38	68	22	R. 1.	
11										22	22		
12										21	22		
13										24	22		
14					2			3		28	22		
15								2		110	22		
16	1							3		68	22		
17								1		32	22		
18											22		
19	1							1		21	22		
20		1								24	22		
21	1	1						1		28	22		
22								1		32	22		
23		1						1		32	22		
24										25	22		
25		1								20	22		
26		1								28	22		
27										20	22		
28			1		1			1		48	22		
29								2		32	22		
30								1		32	22		
31					1					20	22		
32			1					1		56	22		
										16	22		
											16		

KLORENCE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. H. GASQUE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro.						White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town				Country
33	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	24	24	24	2	2	S. W. Thomas, Lake City, R. 1.
34	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20	20	20	2	2	B. F. Brockington, Jr., Cowards.
35	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	25	25	25	2	2	J. A. Ward, Scranton, R. 2.
36	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	24	24	24	2	2	W. V. 1.
37	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	24	24	24	2	2	J. R. R. 1.
38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	24	24	24	2	2	J. H. 1.
39	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	24	24	24	2	2	Leo. 2
40	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	16	16	16	2	2	T. M. DeWitt, Kingtonham.
41	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	74	74	74	2	2	G. L. Campbell, Orum.
42	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	32	32	32	2	2	M. M. Oakley, Hyman.
43	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20	20	20	1	1	L. R. 1.
Total for Co.	8	12	6	13	7	8	54	72	1,490	68	732	.....	.....

GEORGETOWN COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—JOSIAH DOAR, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Santee	1	\$48 84	\$235 00	\$356 00	\$17 11	\$250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$906 95	\$897 00	\$9 95
Pennyroyal	2	306 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	306 75	232 00	74 75
Spring Gulley	3	170 45	55 00	150 00	6 65	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	432 10	432 10	.....
Sampit Bridge	4	288 00	123 00	200 00	5 40	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	766 40	766 40	.....
Winyah Indigo, Georgetown	5	365 51	782 50	3,718 84	269 47	1,967 88	\$4,244 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,348 65	11,342 27	6 38
Dining Room	6	84 37	40 00	160 00	9 24	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	393 61	393 61	.....
Johnson	7	.....	60 00	224 00	25 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	409 90	409 90	.....
Bethel—Oak Grove	8	151 35	34 90	185 00	11 85	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	633 10	632 20	90
Rosemary	8a	53 30	336 00	1,305 00	3 39	1,201 21	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,048 90	2,854 34	194 56
Gapway	9	.....	20 00	210 00	7 93	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	337 93	337 93	.....
Wayside	10	38 50	30 00	60 00	6 50	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	185 00	185 00	.....
Newfound	11	.....	20 00	335 00	9 35	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	514 35	514 35	.....
Pine Grove	12	.....	45 00	80 00	15 00	127 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	267 50	267 50	.....
Cedar Creek	13	318 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	318 22	235 25	82 97
Brittons Neck	14	83 40	25 00	94 90	7 60	150 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	361 00	361 00	.....
Friendship	15	.....	17 00	60 00	8 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	185 00	185 00	.....
Rhems	16	.....	36 00	150 00	7 90	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	292 90	292 90	.....
Union	17	11 22	329 08	649 84	125 48	1,152 44	388 11	.....	\$625 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,231 17	3,165 88	65 29
Choppee	18	19 35	30 00	125 00	6 65	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	281 00	276 04	4 96
Choppee Bridge	19	.....	62 63	267 33	46 00	109 01	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	484 97	484 97	.....
Bohicket	20	14 06	31 00	223 75	13 17	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	382 00	382 00	.....
Carver's Bay, No. 1	21	.....	35 00	145 00	7 75	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	247 75	247 75	.....
Good Hope	23	179 41	45 00	265 38	13 15	140 00	150 21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	793 15	673 30	119 85
Pleasant Hill	24	16 44	25 00	205 00	9 06	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	355 50	355 50	.....
Williams Hill	25	103 87	19 00	75 00	5 13	55 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	253 00	253 00	.....
Folly	26	.....	23 00	85 00	21 22	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	229 22	229 22	.....
Cribbtown	27	.....	30 00	175 00	5 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310 00	310 00	.....
Smith's Mills	28	.....	30 48	190 00	10 12	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	330 60	330 60	.....
Snow Mill	29	72 64	35 00	175 00	7 86	140 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	430 50	430 50	.....
Mill Brook	30	.....	20 00	125 00	4 06	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	249 06	247 13	1 92
Plantersville	31	43 38	24 00	164 92	5 75	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	288 06	288 06	.....
Arundel	32	.....	55 50	296 53	17 06	163 47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	532 55	532 55	.....
Yawhannah	33	43 05	18 00	60 00	5 55	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	276 60	276 60	.....
Mt. Tabor	34	.....	21 00	234 00	5 45	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	360 45	360 45	.....
Big Dam	35	.....	25 00	225 00	5 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	355 00	355 00	.....
Black River	36	36 43	15 00	275 00	4 57	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	431 00	431 00	.....
Waverly	37	20 00	397 57	455 00	4 86	215 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,092 43	1,001 90	90 53
Laurel	38	86 80	58 00	250 00	8 20	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	548 00	548 00	.....
County Board Fund .....	.....	213 07	.....	.....	.....	625 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	888 07	816 45	21 62
Total for County.....	38	\$2,763 43	\$3,187 66	\$11,955 49	\$737 36	\$8,856 61	\$4,882 77	.....	\$625 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$33,013 32	\$32,309 64	\$703 68

GEORGETOWN COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JOSIAH DOAR, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$845 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	\$120 00	.....	\$120 00	.....	.....	\$845 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	275 00	.....	275 00	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	360 00	.....	360 00	.....	.....	67 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	\$1,200 00	4,725 00	.....	5,925 00	\$1,080 00	.....	120 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	240 00	.....	240 00	125 00	.....	2,745 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	120 00	.....	120 00	160 00	.....	125 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	424 20	.....	424 20	.....	.....	260 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
8a	810 00	1,146 50	.....	1,956 50	.....	.....	208 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	175 00	.....	175 00	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	175 00	.....	175 00	.....	.....	208 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	120 00	.....	120 00	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	227 50	.....	227 50	.....	.....	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	105 00	.....	105 00	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	241 00	.....	241 00	.....	.....	125 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	175 00	.....	175 00	.....	.....	110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	160 00	.....	160 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	840 00	1,697 00	.....	2,537 00	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	240 00	.....	240 00	.....	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	240 00	.....	240 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	240 00	.....	240 00	.....	.....	225 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	241 75	.....	241 75	.....	.....	125 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	575 00	.....	575 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	196 00	.....	196 00	60 00	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	240 00	.....	240 00	.....	.....	62 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	160 00	.....	160 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	200 00	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	220 00	.....	220 00	90 60	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	240 00	.....	240 00	.....	.....	175 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	200 00	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	270 00	.....	270 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	200 00	.....	200 00	100 00	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	168 00	.....	168 00	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	240 00	.....	240 00	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	120 00	.....	120 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	220 00	.....	220 00	150 00	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	204 00	140 00	.....	344 00	.....	.....	420 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	280 00	.....	280 00	155 00	.....	255 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
County Board Fund.	
Total for County...	38	\$3,064 00	\$15,116 95	\$18,170 95	\$2,220 60	\$4,948 00	\$7,168 60	\$25,339 55	\$1,019 03	\$2,659 41	\$755 55

GEORGETOWN COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JOSIAH DOAR, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$897 00
	2	\$12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$132 00	100 00	282 00
	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	364 60	67 50	432 10
	4	37 87	\$8 60	.....	.....	\$67 90	.....	.....	.....	642 80	123 60	766 40
	5	168 50	60 30	.....	.....	199 70	.....	.....	.....	7,765 76	3,576 51	11,342 27
	6	.....	.....	207 50	.....	91 50	\$18 66	.....	.....	258 61	135 00	393 61
	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	121 40	288 50	409 90
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	424 20	208 00	632 20
	8a	69 27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,754 34	100 00	2,854 34
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	158 78	.....	.....	.....	337 93	.....	337 93
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	185 00	.....	185 00
	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	172 84	171 51	.....	.....	292 84	221 51	514 35
	12	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	267 50	.....	267 50
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	107 25	128 00	235 25
	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	251 00	110 00	361 00
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	185 00	.....	185 00
	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	162 90	100 00	262 90
	17	159 78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,090 88	75 00	3,165 88
	18	26 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	276 04	.....	276 04
	19	11 22	8 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	251 22	233 75	484 97
	20	.....	.....	.....	7 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	249 25	132 75	382 00
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	247 75	.....	247 75
	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	598 30	75 00	673 30
	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	233 00	122 50	355 50
	24	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	258 00	.....	258 00
	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	229 22	.....	229 22
	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	210 00	100 00	310 00
	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	240 00	90 60	330 60
	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	255 50	175 00	430 50
	29	15 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	247 13	.....	247 13
	30	16 13	.....	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	288 05	.....	288 05
	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	332 55	200 00	532 55
	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	132 55	.....	.....	.....	176 60	100 00	276 60
	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	260 45	100 00	360 45
	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	355 00	.....	355 00
	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	235 00	.....	.....	.....	268 00	165 00	433 00
	36	30 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	549 90	452 00	1,001 90
	37	.....	.....	.....	32 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 00	263 00	548 00
	38	.....	.....	.....	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	816 45	.....	816 45
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	38	\$608 81	\$87 65	\$225 50	\$133 25	\$1,243 22	\$190 17	\$40 00	.....	\$23,969 42	\$8,340 22	\$32,309 64

GEORGETOWN COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE, JOSIAH DOAR, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public Schools.						Enrollment.											
	White.				Negro.		White.					Negro.						
	Town.		Country		Town.	Country	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			
							Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Grand Total.
1	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	286	416	700
2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	16	30
3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	13	25
4	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	45	85
5	186	216	400	320	380	700
6	1	11	14	25
7	2	25	30	55
8	2	45	55	100
8a	1	80	70	150
9
10
11
12
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38
Total for Co...	2	41	2	43	285	550	467	553	1,020	1,570	331	394	725	1,101	1,368	2,469	3,194	

GEORGETOWN COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—JOSIAH DOAR, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.													
Number of District.	White.						Negro.						
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total
1													590
2				8	8	16				235	355	590	26
3				8	8	16				12	14	26	23
4				20	34	54				11	12	23	76
5	149	192	341				310	367	677				677
6				16	24	40				10	13	23	23
7				7	8	15				23	27	50	50
8				19	24	43				41	50	91	91
8a	72	60	132				9	10	19				19
9				3	5	8							
10				4	6	10							
11				6	7	13							
12				9	12	21							
13				7	8	15							
14				8	13	21							
15				8	12	20							
16				9	12	21							
17				68	69	137							
18				9	11	20							
19				7	8	15							
20				6	7	13							
21				8	13	21							
23				56	57	113							
24				10	11	21							
25				8	8	16							
26				7	6	13							
27				16	18	34							
28				7	8	15							
29				7	11	18							
30				5	5	10							
31				8	11	19							
32				6	7	13							
33				6	7	13							
34				7	7	14							
35				4	5	9							
36				6	7	13							
37				7	10	17							
38				6	7	13							
38	221	252	473	396	474	870	319	377	696	677	871	1,548	2,244
Total for County.....													

GEORGETOWN COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JOSIAH DOAR, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
	White		Negro		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
1	1	\$200 00

GEORGETOWN COUNTY—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, ~~NON~~—JOSIAH DOAR, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total for Both Sexes	Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro.							White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men.			Women.				Town	Country	Town	Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade									
1	1					1	6		15		38	2	3	H. J.	O. C.
2						3	2		25		15	2	2	J. J.	R. F. D.
3									52	36	16	2	2	J. B.	S. C. D.
4	2			1			1					1	3	J. T.	R. C. D.
5	1	1					2		36		24	2	2	J. G.	R. C. D.
6							1			16	32	2	2	F. F.	R. F. D.
7												2	2	F. F.	F. D. D.
8												2	2	S. W.	F. D. D.
9												2	2	S. A.	F. D. D.
10							2		26		14	3	3	S. S.	F. D. D.
11									26		16	4	4	S. S.	F. D. D.
12		1					1		26		16	3	2	T. M.	F. D. D.
13									22			2	2	M. B.	F. D. D.
14							1		36		16	1	1	J. H.	F. D. D.
15									26		32	2	2	A. H.	F. D. D.
16									26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
17							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
18	1	1					2		26		32	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
19							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
20									26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
21							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
22							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
23							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
24							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
25							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
26							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
27							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
28							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
29		1					2		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
30									26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
31							2		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
32							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
33							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
34							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
35							1		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
36		1					2		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
37							2		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
38	1						2		26		12	2	2	J. J.	F. D. D.
Total for Co.	5	6		12	26	10	58	72	926	52	551			J. Fred Grant, Laurel, S. C.	

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Horse Creek	1A	\$10 13	\$105 00	\$442 80	\$34 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$577 10	\$577 10	\$15 33
China	1B	82 81	20 00	72 90	4 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	66 35	66 35	113 18
Beech Springs	1C	27 23	40 00	175 50	13 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	256 23	256 23	.....
West Dunklin	1D	144 12	55 00	445 50	26 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	690 01	690 01	—18 90
Chandler	1E	59 19	88 00	378 00	22 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	403 00	403 00	144 59
Columbia	1F	19 90	72 00	839 10	21 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	432 26	432 26	20 02
McCullough	1G	2 43	29 00	40 50	2 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	71 00	71 00	3 33
Dry Oak	1H	11 48	30 00	175 50	10 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	239 25	239 25	—11 87
Old Hundred	2A	191 06	29 00	216 00	5 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310 05	310 05	131 60
Fork Shoals	2B	3 60	70 00	540 00	14 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	622 50	622 50	5 10
Lickville	2C	11 33	40 00	118 80	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	169 13	169 13	13 50
Washington	2D	12 27	53 00	202 50	5 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	271 45	271 45	15 42
Woodville	2E	10 21	53 00	202 50	5 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	262 03	262 03	11 93
Big Creek	2F	38 86	41 00	162 00	4 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	246 06	246 06	6 36
Holly Grove	3A	206 58	48 00	305 10	23 73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	351 85	351 85	231 56
Fountain Inn	3B	386 27	276 78	1,101 60	11 67	.....	\$1,000 04	4	\$600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,464 95	3,464 95	82 19
Standing Springs	3C	222 39	85 00	513 00	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	827 06	827 06	9 34
Fairview	3D	59 99	118 00	310 50	26 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$20 00	.....	.....	446 05	446 05	88 44
Luna	3E	42 19	54 00	148 50	11 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	230 00	230 00	36 24
Cripple Creek	3F	60 77	44 00	135 00	10 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 27	250 27	.....
Waycross	3G	9 20	30 00	118 80	9 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	157 50	157 50	9 74
St. Albans	4A	29 70	80 00	677 70	17 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	804 90	807 20	—2 30
Sterling Grove	4B	24 28	35 00	259 20	6 72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	325 20	300 20	25 00
Grove	4C	39 75	65 00	351 00	14 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	484 75	482 30	2 45
Piedmont	4D	20 37	190 00	702 00	18 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	930 57	912 37	18 20
Rehoboth	4E	.....	82 00	148 50	3 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	176 23	176 23	8 12
Sandy Springs	4F	46 81	74 00	542 70	14 07	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	671 45	671 45	6 13
Golden Grove	4G	15 85	54 00	540 20	8 82	.....	188 80	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	607 67	628 70	78 97
Clear Springs	5A	108 26	90 00	675 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	923 26	923 26	103 50
Poplar	5B	.....	111 79	747 90	24 46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	819 76	819 76	103 50
Bethel	5C	74 86	86 00	135 00	10 00	.....	261 54	2	375 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,493 98	1,493 98	35 00
Simpsonville	5D	252 23	108 06	1,088 10	10 90	.....	1,000 66	4	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,337 45	2,337 45	18 40
East Gantt	6A	142 23	76 00	729 00	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,841 67	2,841 67	—1 70
West Gantt	6B	189 68	131 00	687 20	37 76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	728 90	728 90	242 38
Reedy Ford	6C	52 61	48 00	202 50	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,166 98	1,166 98	—171 36
														315 11	122 50	192 61

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From		Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
			Poll Tax.	Mill Tax.					High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.			
Reedy River	6D	\$54 22	\$58 00	\$297 00	\$17 60								\$425 82	\$409 20	\$17 62
Bateville	7A	58 40	75 00	243 00	12 60								389 00	325 00	64 00
White Oak	7B	35 47	72 00	824 00	16 80								448 27	441 15	7 12
Rock Hill	7C	76 38	33 00	283 50	14 70								409 58	297 32	112 26
Flat Rock	7D	0 61	60 00	162 00	8 40								230 01	217 75	12 26
Boiling Springs	7E	6 75	35 00	97 20	6 04								143 99	138 95	5 04
Mission	7F	5 32	25 00	89 10	7 50								126 92	126 92	0 00
Oak Grove	7G	12 01	80 00	310 50	16 10								419 51	407 45	12 06
Rose Bud	7H	13 90	24 00	91 80	8 00								137 70	137 70	0 00
Union	8A	76 29	525 00	1,368 90	25 35								1,906 54	2,079 84	172 30
Sam-Poe	8B	27 60	525 00	1,471 60	27 25								2,061 35	2,038 51	22 84
Mill's Mill	8C	43 55	200 00	378 00	7 00								628 55	621 85	7 00
Pleasant Grove	9A	8 41	65 00	324 00	12 00								409 41	323 25	86 16
Taylor	9B	25 88	96 51	432 00	28 34			\$320 80	2				593 62	550 00	43 62
Sandy Plains	9C	96 52	23 00	135 00	5 00								259 52	254 00	5 52
Brushy Creek	9D	97	40 00	164 70	9 00								214 67	210 00	4 67
Paris Mountain	9E	.....	48 00	306 10	8 00								411 10	388 30	22 80
Mountain Lodge	9F	2 77	47 00	124 20	4 80								178 57	156 30	22 27
Chick Springs	9G	6 37	43 00	162 00	6 00								217 37	200 00	17 37
Greer	9H	291 40	205 45	1,285 10	15 44			1,158 07	3	\$500 00			3,557 53	3,740 33	182 80
Ansel	9I	81 61	34 00	216 00	8 00								339 61	297 45	42 16
Fairview	9J	97 71	43 00	236 80	8 40								360 91	372 62	8 29
Reedy River	10A	20 08	104 95	486 00	33 10			470 11	4		\$100 00	\$40 00	1,265 06	1,278 80	6 26
Forestville	10B	12 88	35 00	270 00	14 00								331 68	248 25	83 43
Berea	10C	60 95	80 74	621 00	28 35			148 90	2	806 00		20 00	1,362 90	1,375 00	12 10
Saluda	10D	164 88	30 00	106 00	3 43								336 41	182 53	153 88
Oneal	10E	38 39	76 00	339 40	19 52								483 31	395 60	87 71
Locust	11A	2 72	52 93	537 30	12 04			57 59	2	325 00		40 00	1,081 28	1,068 75	12 53
Little Texas	11B	5 20	26 00	108 00	6 40								147 60	141 00	6 60
Double Springs	11D	39 21	77 86	502 20	27 50			80 95	3				777 72	696 40	81 32
Union	11E	77 17	34 00	256 50	15 20								372 87	354 05	18 82
Washington	11G	15 76	40 00	243 00	12 50								311 25	296 15	15 10
Gum Springs	11H	50 07	54 00	245 70	14 56								373 33	366 14	7 19
Cross Roads	11I	74 46	14	106 00	6 40								202 86	192 06	10 80

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Ebenezer	12A	\$86 30	\$72 00	\$540 00	\$24 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$732 80	\$725 45	\$7 35
Marietta	12B	26 92	40 00	216 00	6 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	289 82	213 65	75 67
Cauble	12C	33 46	13 00	108 00	3 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	157 66	152 50	5 16
Friendship	12D	40 18	16 00	135 00	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	196 18	171 43	23 75
Travelers' Rest	12E	21 54	66 72	382 10	30 89	.....	\$189 17	3	\$900 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	940 42	1,173 10	—232 68
Bellevue	12F	43 48	75 00	418 50	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	581 98	573 88	3 10
Tigerville	13B	279 11	61 00	151 20	12 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	503 63	150 90	352 73
Tyger	13C	37 87	59 00	353 70	28 82	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	479 39	441 25	38 14
Ebenezer	13E	3 50	22 00	162 00	13 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 70	120 00	80 70
Mitchel	13F	41 90	34 00	183 60	14 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	274 46	250 76	23 71
Camp Creek	13G	4 15	25 00	116 10	9 46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	154 71	100 00	54 71
Lebanon	13H	11 01	25 00	162 00	13 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	211 21	247 89	—36 68
Beaver Dam	13I	7 40	29 00	224 10	11 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	272 00	240 85	31 15
Tyger	13J	11 69	46 00	270 00	25 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	353 19	252 40	100 79
Few	13L	19 21	25 00	118 80	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	169 01	169 00	01
Oak Grove	14A	93 23	43 00	151 20	7 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	294 71	273 53	21 18
Mountain Hill	14B	.....	25 00	116 10	5 59	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	146 69	145 54	1 15
Glassy Mountain	14C	43 50	24 00	113 40	5 46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 36	156 18	31 18
Gowensville	14D	69 52	45 00	318 60	17 00	.....	47 84	2	.....	\$87 27	.....	.....	.....	585 23	585 29	—06
Concord	14F	2 81	20 00	94 50	4 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	121 86	105 00	16 86
Robertson	14G	6 36	25 00	94 50	4 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	130 41	122 50	7 91
Durham	14H	86 42	16 00	54 00	2 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	159 02	123 75	35 27
Center	14I	14 02	12 00	129 60	6 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	161 86	155 00	6 86
Lima	15A	252 91	39 00	243 00	13 50	.....	29 32	2	.....	.....	\$40 00	.....	.....	617 73	430 50	187 23
Marydell	15B	45 51	68 00	315 90	21 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	450 91	423 25	27 66
North Fork	15C	22 26	50 00	175 50	9 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	257 51	210 00	47 51
Cross Plains	15D	77 88	39 00	105 30	5 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	228 03	189 75	38 28
Terry Creek	15E	.....	30 00	81 00	4 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	115 50	103 93	11 57
Trammel	15F	146 45	21 00	81 00	4 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	252 95	183 00	69 95
Union	15G	26 85	30 00	189 00	10 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	256 35	202 50	53 85
Salem	16A	299 97	25 00	135 00	6 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	466 47	213 90	252 57
Douthit's Cove	16B	.....	19 00	94 50	4 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	118 05	113 23	4 82
Johnson	16C	169 31	20 00	81 00	3 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	274 21	191 00	83 21
Gap Creek	16D	9 71	25 00	108 00	5 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	147 91	140 00	7 91
Middle River	16E	81 05	36 00	324 00	15 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	456 65	466 50	—9 95
Greenville	17	482 54	2,884 55	7,921 80	62 87	.....	14,615 24	.....	.....	.....	120 00	.....	.....	28,087 00	24,522 68	1,564 37
Total for County...	105	\$6,791 13	\$9,579 36	\$40,218 10	\$1,488 88	.....	\$19,638 12	.....	\$2,805 00	\$187 27	295 00	.....	\$374 64	\$81,877 00	\$76,050 64	\$5,326 36

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1A	.....	\$469 30	.....	\$107 80	\$107 80	\$577 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1B	.....	52 50	.....	.....	.....	52 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1C	.....	251 23	.....	.....	.....	251 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1D	\$112 75	396 34	.....	509 09	\$90 00	97 50	157 50	686 59	.....	.....	\$5 00
1E	295 00	.....	.....	235 00	.....	100 00	100 00	395 00	.....	.....	8 00
1F	.....	432 26	.....	432 26	.....	.....	.....	432 26	.....	.....	.....
1G	.....	64 50	.....	64 50	.....	.....	.....	64 50	.....	.....	6 50
1H	.....	167 00	.....	167 00	.....	43 75	43 75	210 75	.....	.....	.....
2A	.....	298 05	.....	298 05	.....	.....	.....	298 05	.....	.....	12 00
2B	254 50	250 00	.....	504 50	.....	90 00	90 00	594 50	.....	.....	18 00
2C	.....	169 13	.....	169 13	.....	.....	.....	169 13	.....	.....	.....
2D	.....	196 45	.....	196 45	75 00	.....	75 00	271 45	.....	.....	.....
2E	.....	200 00	.....	200 00	50 00	.....	50 00	250 00	.....	.....	.....
2F	162 75	.....	.....	162 75	71 25	.....	71 25	234 00	.....	.....	12 03
3A	.....	267 85	.....	267 85	.....	84 00	84 00	351 85	.....	.....	3 70
3B	1,058 85	2,080 00	.....	8,138 85	140 00	100 00	240 00	3,376 85	.....	14 00	48 10
3C	505 00	121 50	.....	626 50	37 50	62 50	100 00	726 50	.....	.....	.....
3D	.....	345 00	.....	345 00	75 00	.....	75 00	420 00	.....	.....	4 25
3E	.....	220 00	.....	220 00	.....	.....	.....	220 00	.....	.....	.....
3F	.....	140 00	.....	140 00	22 00	.....	22 00	162 00	.....	.....	.....
3G	.....	157 50	.....	157 50	.....	.....	.....	157 50	.....	.....	.....
4A	517 10	167 50	.....	684 60	18 75	75 00	93 75	778 35	.....	.....	26 85
4B	.....	240 00	.....	240 00	50 00	.....	50 00	290 00	.....	.....	9 00
4C	.....	315 00	.....	315 00	.....	128 50	128 50	443 50	.....	.....	18 90
4D	462 87	450 00	.....	912 37	.....	.....	.....	912 37	.....	.....	.....
4E	52 80	52 50	.....	105 30	.....	60 00	60 00	165 30	.....	.....	8 98
4F	.....	575 00	.....	575 00	.....	60 00	60 00	635 00	.....	.....	36 45
4G	.....	440 00	.....	440 00	.....	26 50	26 50	466 50	.....	.....	31 00
5A	200 00	402 50	.....	602 50	75 00	75 00	150 00	752 50	.....	.....	16 48
5B	547 60	595 00	.....	1,142 60	130 00	25 00	155 00	1,297 60	.....	.....	15 15
5C	.....	175 35	.....	175 35	.....	56 25	56 25	231 60	.....	.....	5 85
5D	600 00	1,520 00	.....	2,120 00	.....	200 00	200 00	2,320 00	.....	.....	55 54
6A	.....	481 40	.....	481 40	50 00	100 00	150 00	631 40	.....	.....	27 00
6B	90 10	498 75	.....	588 85	52 50	200 70	253 20	842 05	.....	4 50	34 88
6C	.....	.....	.....	.....	122 50	.....	122 50	122 50	.....	.....	.....

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
6D	.....	\$409 20	\$409 20	.....	\$150 00	\$150 00	\$409 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
7A	.....	175 00	175 00	.....	.....	.....	325 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
7B	.....	300 00	300 00	\$103 25	.....	103 25	403 25	.....	.....	\$28 25	\$5 00
7C	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	267 50	.....	.....	14 35	.....
7D	\$140 50	.....	140 50	.....	68 75	68 75	209 25	.....	.....	8 50	.....
7E	.....	138 95	138 95	.....	.....	.....	138 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
7F	.....	121 82	121 82	.....	.....	.....	121 82	.....	.....	5 10	.....
7G	.....	324 75	324 75	.....	.....	.....	399 75	.....	.....	7 70	.....
7H	137 70	.....	137 70	.....	.....	.....	137 70	.....	.....	.....	.....
8A	.....	1,994 79	1,994 79	.....	60 00	60 00	2,054 79	.....	.....	24 85	.....
8B	.....	1,804 52	1,804 52	207 08	.....	207 08	2,011 60	.....	.....	21 91	.....
8C	621 85	.....	621 85	.....	.....	.....	621 85	.....	.....	.....	.....
9A	247 50	61 25	308 75	.....	.....	.....	308 75	.....	.....	7 50	.....
9B	.....	820 00	820 00	.....	80 00	80 00	900 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
9C	180 00	.....	180 00	.....	65 00	65 00	245 00	.....	.....	2 00	.....
9D	.....	160 00	160 00	50 00	.....	50 00	210 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
9E	.....	356 25	356 25	.....	.....	.....	356 25	.....	.....	8 85	.....
9F	.....	153 80	153 80	.....	.....	.....	153 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
9G	.....	.....	.....	90 00	.....	.....	90 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
9H	1,068 83	2,265 00	3,333 83	217 50	175 00	392 50	3,740 83	.....	.....	.....	.....
9I	78 75	175 50	254 25	.....	.....	.....	254 25	.....	.....	10 70	.....
9J	60 00	32 50	92 50	.....	.....	.....	92 50	.....	.....	4 50	.....
10A	.....	1,054 71	1,054 71	.....	105 00	105 00	1,159 71	.....	.....	25 95	10 00
10B	.....	143 00	143 00	.....	86 25	86 25	229 25	.....	.....	14 75	.....
10C	635 00	560 00	1,195 00	.....	105 00	105 00	1,300 00	.....	.....	30 00	.....
10D	70 40	105 00	175 40	.....	.....	.....	175 40	.....	.....	7 13	.....
11A	.....	305 60	305 60	90 00	.....	90 00	396 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
11B	453 75	525 00	978 75	.....	.....	.....	978 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
11C	.....	138 00	138 00	.....	.....	.....	138 00	.....	.....	3 00	.....
11D	394 50	127 50	522 00	48 00	45 00	93 00	615 00	.....	.....	45 77	.....
11E	.....	240 50	240 50	.....	100 00	100 00	340 50	.....	.....	13 55	.....
11G	.....	206 15	206 15	.....	.....	.....	206 15	.....	.....	.....	.....
11H	120 50	.....	120 50	.....	.....	.....	120 50	.....	.....	2 25	.....
11I	131 40	61 25	192 65	.....	.....	.....	192 65	.....	.....	.....	.....

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	6D	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$409 20	.....	\$409 20
	7A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175 00	\$150 00	825 00
	7B	\$4 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	832 90	108 25	441 15
	7C	15 47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	229 82	67 50	297 32
	7D	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	149 00	68 76	217 75
	7E	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	138 95	.....	138 95
	7F	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	126 92	.....	126 92
	7G	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	332 45	75 00	407 45
	7H	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	137 70	.....	137 70
	8A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,019 64	60 00	2,079 64
	8B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,826 43	207 08	2,033 51
	8C	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	621 86	.....	621 86
	9A	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	323 25	.....	323 25
	9B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	820 00	30 00	850 00
	9C	.....	\$7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	182 00	72 00	254 00
	9D	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	160 00	50 00	210 00
	9E	23 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	888 30	.....	888 30
	9F	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2 50	.....	.....	.....	156 30	.....	156 30
	9G	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	90 00	90 00
	9H	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	392 50	3,740 83
	9I	2 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	267 45	.....	267 45
	9J	17 60	.....	.....	.....	258 02	.....	.....	.....	372 62	.....	372 62
	10A	28 14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,158 80	115 00	1,273 80
	10B	1 50	.....	\$2 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	159 25	89 00	248 25
	10C	25 00	.....	.....	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	1,270 00	105 00	1,375 00
	10D	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	182 53	.....	182 53
	11A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	305 60	90 00	395 60
	11B	40 00	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	.....	.....	1,068 75	.....	1,068 75
	11C	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	141 00	.....	141 00
	11D	35 63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	603 40	93 00	696 40
	11E	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	254 05	100 00	354 05
	11G	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	206 15	.....	206 15
	11H	.....	.....	.....	.....	243 39	.....	.....	.....	366 14	.....	366 14
	11I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	192 65	.....	192 65
	12A	33 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	625 45	200 00	725 45

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of buildings	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	12B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$198 65	\$20 00	\$218 65
	12C	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	152 50	.....	152 50
	12D	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	171 43	.....	171 43
	12E	96 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,173 10	.....	1,173 10
	12F	11 13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	488 88	90 00	578 88
	13B	2 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	140 90	10 00	150 90
	13C	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	301 75	189 50	441 25
	13E	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	.....	120 00
	13F	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 75	.....	250 75
	13G	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	100 00
	13H	5 49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	247 89	.....	247 89
	13I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 85	.....	240 85
	13J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	252 40	.....	252 40
	13L	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	169 00	.....	169 00
	14A	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 23	.....	.....	.....	273 53	.....	273 53
	14B	15 54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	145 54	.....	145 54
	14C	7 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	155 18	.....	155 18
	14D	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	585 29	.....	585 29
	14F	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105 00	.....	105 00
	14G	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	122 50	.....	122 50
	14H	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	123 75	.....	123 75
	14I	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 00	.....	.....	.....	155 00	.....	155 00
	15A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$50 00	.....	311 75	118 75	430 50
	15B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	423 25	.....	423 25
	15C	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	210 00	.....	210 00
	15D	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	189 75	.....	189 75
	15E	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	108 93	.....	108 93
	15F	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	183 00	.....	183 00
	15G	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	142 50	60 00	202 50
	16A	3 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	213 90	.....	213 90
	16B	68 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	113 23	.....	113 23
	16C	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	191 00	.....	191 00
	16D	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	140 00	.....	140 00
	16E	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	291 50	175 00	466 50
	17	\$305 08	\$105 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	.....	19,170 59	5,352 04	24,522 03
Total for County.....	105	\$1,146 83	\$115 89	.....	\$5 75	\$1,453 27	.....	\$330 00	.....	\$65,194 07	\$10,856 57	\$76,050 64

ORENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

District & Number	Public Schools.						Enrollment.					
	White.			Negro.			White.			Negro.		
	In Town Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.		Grand Total
	Boys	Girls		Boys	Girls		Boys	Girls		Boys	Girls	
6D	1	1	2	1	1	2	32	27	59	110	78	188
7A	1	1	2	1	1	2	27	35	62	60	35	95
7B	1	1	2	1	1	2	30	40	70	70	40	110
7C	1	1	2	1	1	2	28	32	60	60	32	92
7D	1	1	2	1	1	2	17	23	40	40	23	63
7E	1	1	2	1	1	2	14	22	36	36	22	58
7F	1	1	2	1	1	2	13	20	33	33	20	53
7G	1	1	2	1	1	2	32	46	78	78	46	124
7H	1	1	2	1	1	2	14	20	34	34	20	54
8A	1	1	2	1	1	2	280	270	550	500	270	770
8B	1	1	2	1	1	2	238	267	505	505	267	772
8C	1	1	2	1	1	2	68	77	145	140	77	217
9A	1	1	2	1	1	2	50	70	120	120	70	190
9B	1	1	2	1	1	2	72	88	160	160	88	248
9C	1	1	2	1	1	2	8	12	20	20	12	32
9D	1	1	2	1	1	2	17	23	40	40	23	63
9E	1	1	2	1	1	2	53	60	113	113	60	173
9F	1	1	2	1	1	2	22	24	46	46	24	70
9G	1	1	2	1	1	2	185	203	388	388	203	591
9H	1	1	2	1	1	2	25	45	70	70	45	115
9I	1	1	2	1	1	2	31	53	84	84	53	137
9J	1	1	2	1	1	2	49	51	100	100	51	151
10A	1	1	2	1	1	2	25	35	60	60	35	95
10B	1	1	2	1	1	2	47	83	130	130	83	213
10C	1	1	2	1	1	2	17	23	40	40	23	63
10D	1	1	2	1	1	2	33	49	82	82	49	131
11A	1	1	2	1	1	2	77	122	199	199	122	321
11B	1	1	2	1	1	2	10	24	34	34	24	58
11C	1	1	2	1	1	2	63	77	140	140	77	217
11D	1	1	2	1	1	2	22	23	45	45	23	68
11E	1	1	2	1	1	2	33	57	90	90	57	147
11G	1	1	2	1	1	2	53	38	91	91	38	129
11H	1	1	2	1	1	2	20	20	40	40	20	60
11I	1	1	2	1	1	2	40	60	100	100	60	140
12A	1	1	2	1	1	2	100	100	200	200	100	300

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Grand Total
1A	27	39	66	.....	.....	.....	18	23	41
1B	8	11	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1C	17	28	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1D	21	43	64	.....	.....	.....	16	28	39
1E	29	32	61	.....	.....	.....	17	19	36
1F	21	32	53	.....	.....	.....	12	11	23
1G	4	6	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1H	11	14	25	.....	.....	.....	8	7	15
2A	21	37	58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2B	31	52	83	.....	.....	.....	19	21	40
2C	11	14	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2D	17	12	29	.....	.....	.....	8	11	19
2E	9	17	26	.....	.....	.....	7	8	15
2F	7	16	23	.....	.....	.....	8	5	13
3A	13	17	30	.....	.....	.....	14	19	33
3B	111	123	234	.....	.....	234	48	60	108	.....	.....	108
3C	27	35	62	.....	.....	.....	21	43	64
3D	21	30	51	.....	.....	.....	12	15	27
3E	16	18	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3F	5	6	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3G	13	17	30	.....	.....	.....	8	11	19
4A	61	68	129	.....	.....	.....	12	15	27
4B	11	13	29	.....	.....	.....	10	17	27
4C	20	24	44	.....	.....	.....	9	13	22
4D	56	63	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4E	5	7	12	.....	.....	.....	9	13	22
4F	31	36	67	.....	.....	.....	33	39	72
4G	28	31	59	.....	.....	.....	9	13	22
5A	43	61	104	.....	.....	.....	29	33	62
5B	39	42	81	.....	.....	.....	23	33	61
5C	5	6	11	.....	.....	.....	9	10	19
5D	89	99	188	.....	.....	188	38	41	79	.....	.....	79
6A	21	33	59	.....	.....	.....	52	61	113
6B	23	41	64	.....	.....	.....	59	37	96
6C	6	8	14	.....	.....	.....	13	21	34

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
12B				22	33	55						
12C				12	14	26						
12D				13	19	32						
12E				35	47	82						
12F				17	48	65				18	21	39
13B				14	20	34						
13C				19	28	47				17	26	43
13E				19	22	41						
13F				21	27	48						
13G				13	17	30						
13H				14	21	35						
13I				24	31	55						
13J				29	36	65						
13L				19	15	34						
14A				21	18	39						
14B				15	13	28						
14C				11	14	25						
14D				28	53	81						
14F				12	9	21						
14G				10	13	23						
14H				5	8	13						
14I				11	17	28						
15A				7	4	11				19	21	40
15B				36	47	83						
15C				21	26	47						
15D				12	14	26						
15E				9	10	19						
15F				7	11	18				8	9	17
15G				9	13	22						
16A				14	16	30						
16B				14	9	23						
16C				9	11	20						
16D				12	17	29						
16E				18	26	44				19	17	36
17	599	733	1,332				397	486	883			
105	920	1,133	2,053	2,239	2,924	5,163	525	635	1,160	780	913	1,693
Total for County.....												

GREENVILLE COUNTY—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

District Number &	Area	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds			Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes
					No.	White	Negro	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	
1A		1	\$100 00	1	1	\$25 00	\$5 00				1			1
1B		1	75 00			10 00					1			1
1C		1	124 00			8 00								
1D		1	232 00	1		53 00	11 00					2		2
1E		1	178 00	1		62 00	9 00		1					1
1F		2	250 00			15 00	5 00				1			1
1G		1	41 00								1			1
1H						40 00					1			1
2A						8 00					1			1
2B		1	300 00			45 00		1			1			1
2C						42 00					1			1
2D		1	176 00	1		97 00	10 00				1			1
2E		1	164 00	1		70 00	8 00				1			1
2F		1	77 00	1		50 00				1				1
3A		1	342 00	1		61 00								1
3B		1	15,000 00			1,000 00	50 00	1			5	1		6
3C		2	500 00	1		103 00	10 00	1	1			2		3
3D		1	223 00			81 00	11 00				1			1
3E		1	100 00			20 00	6 00				1			1
3F						15 00								
3G		1	80 00			11 00					1			1
4A		2	650 00	1		90 00	9 00		1		1			2
4B		1	90 00			15 00					1			1
4C						51 00	8 00				1			1
4D						50 00		1			3			4
4E		1	100 00			10 00	5 00		1			1		2
4F		2	350 00			75 00	8 00				2			2
4G		2	302 00			83 00	6 00				2			2
5A		3	500 00	2		100 00	10 00		1			3		4
5B		1	605 00			135 00	13 00	1			2			3
5C		1	55 00			5 00							1	1
5D		1	5,500 00			614 00	40 00	1			5	1		6
6A		1	400 00			75 00	10 00				1			1
6B		2	501 00	2		60 00	10 00	1			2			3
6C		1	100 00	1		75 00	5 00							1

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of Districts	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.			Value of all School Equipment.			Number of Teachers.				
	White.		Negro.	White		Negro	White		Negro	White			Total for Both Sexes	
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds	White	Negro	White	Negro	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade			
6D	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7A	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	\$8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7B	110 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7C	75 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7D	100 00	1	\$60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
7E	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7F	95 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7G	225 00	1	61 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7H	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8A	325 00	1	100 00	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8B	1	103 00	2	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8C	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9A	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9B	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9C	150 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9D	80 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9E	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9F	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9G	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9H	10,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9I	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9J	229 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10A	250 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10B	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10C	275 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10D	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11A	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11B	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11C	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11D	650 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11E	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11G	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11H	243 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11I	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12A	500 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes	Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Men			Negro				White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	County	Town	County	White	Negro	
1A				1			1				44		16	J. Kellett, Fountain Inn.
1B									7					C. Gossett, Tony Creek.
1C							2		20					H. Corley, Pelzer.
1D			1	1			1		33				22	E. M. Holliday, Tony Creek.
1E									20				12	L. T. H. Daniel, Tony Creek.
1F									40					J. A. Ballentine, Hones Path.
1G									6					J. M. Brooks, Princeton.
1H							1		16				7	J. E. Gossett, Tony Creek.
2A									24					W. E. Coker, Pelzer.
2B				1			1		20				12	W. F. P.
2C									17					J. A. V.
2D	1						1		19				10	S. C. A.
2E			1				1		20				6	E. T. M.
2F			1				1		23				10	J. A. S.
3A				1			1		24				11	Y. D.
3B	1						2	32		16				W. S.
3C						1	1		40				16	S. E. T.
3D	1						1		23				13	J. W. P.
3E									22					R. P. D.
3F			1				1		16				4	J. R. D.
3G									18					John S. A.
4A			1	1			2		33				16	Arch
4B			1				1		24				8	H. S. McGee, Mauldin.
4C				1			1		28				16	Todd, Simpsonville.
4D									22					J. F. M. Phillips, Greenville.
4E						1	1		12					T. B. McWhite, Greenville.
4F									40				8	J. R. Lupo, Greenville.
4G							1		44				4	
5A	1			1			2		62				20	
5B	1						2		32				16	
5C	1						2		20				9	
5D				2			2	16						
6A				2			2		20				13	
6B	1		1	1			2		40				16	
6C	1						1						14	

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes	White		Negro		Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School	Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Men			Women				White		Negro			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	Country	Town	Country		
6D							1	21					J. P. Woodside, Greenville.
7A				1			1	20					R. F. McCown, Greenville.
7B	1						1	32					W. W. Holcomb, Greenville.
7C						1	1	20					E. G. Green, Taylors.
7D				1			1	14					I. B. Hamby, Greenville.
7E							1	13					L. Henderson, Greer.
7F								12					T. B. I.
7G				1			1	40					I. T. H. W.
7H								15					T. H. W.
8A				1			1	30					W. A.
8B	1						1	30					A. W. T.
9A								32					W. T. J.
9B								18					J. J. W.
9C						1	1	33					M. J.
9D	1						1	16					J. J. P.
9E							1	16					H. E. W.
9F								19					J. W.
9G	1						1	16					J. B.
9H	1						2			23			S. H.
9I													B. M.
9J								20					E. E.
10A				1			1	6					W. W. Wood, Greenville.
10B						1	1	65					M. Freeman, Travelers Rest.
10C						1	1	23					test.
10D						1	1	33					
11A			1				1	20					
11B							1	30					
11C								32					
11D	1						3	13					
11E						1	1	22					
11G								24					
11H								16					
11I								13					
12A			1				1	24					
							2	30					

GREENVILLE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JAS. B. DAVIS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town				Country
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
12B						1	1		24			4	C. R. Geo	Plumley, Campobello.
12C									18				J. J.	Robertson, Tigerville.
12D									22				J. J.	Durham, Tryon, N. C.
12E									32				J. J.	Goenell, Saluda, N. C.
12F	1					1	2		43			14	E. J.	O. Goodwin, Travelers Rest.
13B						1	1		14			1	J. D.	N. Johnson, Travelers Rest.
13C	1					1	2		26			17	P. J.	Wilson, Saluda, N. C.
13E									12				C. F.	
13F									20				L. Verdin, Greer.	
13G									10				C. L.	
13H									14				A. W.	
13I									20				J. V.	
13J									20				G. D.	
13L									27				S. H.	
14A									13				W. M.	
14B									14				J. L.	
14C									23				C. C.	
14D									12				C. D.	
14F									14				N. W.	
14G									11				O. W.	
14H									12				R. B.	
14I						1	1		29			27	T. J.	
15A									44				J. W.	
15B									24				J. T.	
15C									21					
15D									13					
15E									20					
15F									16			8		
16G	1						1		21					
16A									6					
16B									24					
16C									16					
16D									32			28		
16E							1							
17	2						15	106		72				
Total for Co. 105	19	2	16	34	2	16	80	304	2,379	132	617			

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Algory	1	\$0 56	\$72 00	\$875 00	\$27 00									\$474 58	\$482 98	\$11 00
Jones	2		222 00	843 00	49 00									1,182 00	1,182 00	
Walnut Grove	3		64 00	843 47	49 00									865 47	865 47	
Hodges	4		97 00	847 90	25 00		\$435 30	3					\$700 00	1,594 30	1,619 00	24 70
McCord	5		31 00	224 84	13 00		80 20	2		\$80 20				446 84	437 38	
Ellis	6	184 58	42 00	138 00	23 00									437 58	437 58	
Cokebury	7		92 00	603 73	23 00		238 17	3						946 90	946 90	
Andrew Chappel	8	10 00	108 00	381 50	39 00					100 00				508 50	508 50	334 28
Coronaca	9		78 00	359 00	30 00		438 78	3						308 19	300 00	8 19
Saluca	10	41 19	70 00	175 00	17 00									358 78	358 78	06
Pine Grove	11	1 66	50 00	331 00	19 00									401 66	401 66	
Dike	12	7 26	81 00	243 50	25 00									358 76	358 76	
Ninety-Six	13		293 00	1,161 00	77 00		2,359 91	5	\$600 00		\$6 00		10 00	4,505 91	4,505 91	32 83
Iuka	14	17 30	61 00	446 00	17 00								5 00	551 30	518 97	
Mt. Moriah	15		75 00	255 96	30 00									350 96	350 96	78 90
Lebanon	16	19 01	71 00	446 90	39 00									576 51	499 61	64 36
Quarry	17		121 00	360 00	42 00		566 45	2 1/2					250 00	1,339 45	1,286 10	
Greenwood	18		742 00	3,002 00	43 00		9,126 67	4						13,813 67	13,813 67	1 94
Calhoun	19		83 00	841 60	22 00									446 60	444 66	
Salem	20	7 55	81 00	370 00	25 00									453 55	411 83	71 72
Verdery	21		94 00	311 00	28 00									433 00	418 86	14 14
Whitchall	22		64 00	372 00	10 00									446 00	396 56	79 44
Cedar Springs	23		29 00	219 00	11 00									259 00	255 63	3 37
Bradley	24		115 00	470 04	13 00									628 04	563 17	64 87
Mill Way	25		63 00	225 00	48 00								30 00	518 56	453 85	64 71
Puckett	26		30 00	220 00	16 00		96 28	2		86 28	10 00			286 00	215 98	50 02
Troy	27		93 00	287 00	24 00		505 85	4		100 00				1,009 85	1,009 54	31 08
Roberson	28		80 00	311 00	49 00									440 00	440 00	04
Dornville	29	10 98	52 00	230 00	20 00									312 98	309 88	3 06
Lyon	30	21 14	87 00	523 20	36 00									791 19	789 00	22 19
Union	31	66 21	81 00	317 89	25 00		128 85	3				\$1,200 00		1,690 10	1,690 10	
Callison	32		96 00	241 00	20 00									357 00	357 00	
Olive Branch	33	1 17	46 00	240 00	20 00									307 17	307 17	6 07
Kirkcay	34	10 06	66 00	218 00	25 00									328 06	287 02	61 04

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Mt. Creek	35	\$20 03	\$56 00	\$225 00	\$20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$321 03	\$368 70	\$52 24
Moss Hill	36	.....	109 00	310 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	439 00	433 30	5 70
Phoenix	37	.....	164 00	730 24	54 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	948 24	948 24	.....
Edgewood	38	.....	85 00	396 24	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	505 24	468 27	36 97
Fellowship	39	30 88	130 00	550 00	51 00	.....	280 00	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,029 88	983 88	66 00
Sandy Ridge	40	7 75	43 00	218 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	283 75	264 15	9 63
Oak Grove	41	.....	50 00	108 00	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270 00	260 33	9 67
Fair View	42	.....	68 00	281 00	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	381 00	378 34	2 66
Knaruta	43	15 45	63 00	380 00	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 45	498 80	1 65
Copperville	44	28 80	94 00	449 68	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	594 07	538 71	60 36
Hibler	45	.....	43 00	231 00	10 00	.....	74 46	3	.....	74 46	.....	.....	.....	437 02	344 28	93 64
Vernon	46	1 81	50 00	285 00	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	356 81	343 06	12 86
Chestnut Ridge	47	.....	17 00	180 00	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	292 00	215 65	6 08
Leath	48	.....	45 00	160 38	23 00	.....	133 00	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	463 47	403 30	60 27
Total for County...	48	\$512 56	\$4,558 00	\$20,768 87	\$1,325 00	.....	\$14,447 01	.....	\$600 00	\$549 94	\$20 00	\$1,200 00	\$995 00	\$44,971 38	\$43,632 84	\$1,338 54

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.					Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.		
	White.			Negro.			White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.						Total.
1	\$335 40		\$335 40	\$100 00	\$120 00	\$455 40	\$7 56				
2	\$900 00	700 14	1,000 14	\$100 00		1,100 14			\$1 86		
3		407 65	407 65	150 00		557 65			7 83		
4	464 15		464 15		112 50	576 65					
5	371 94		371 94		75 00	446 94					
6		254 18	254 18		100 00	354 18					
7	645 02		645 02	218 00	80 00	728 00			8 88		
8		398 57	398 57		75 00	473 57			84 98		
9	844 50	252 00	1,096 50		125 00	1,221 50	10 00				
10		240 00	240 00		40 00	280 00					
11	281 60		281 60	60 00	60 00	401 60					
12		256 76	256 76	100 00		356 76					
13	1,200 00	2,891 11	4,091 11	247 80	152 00	4,440 91					
14		843 67	843 67		165 80	1,009 47					
15	250 96		250 96		100 00	350 96					
16		256 85	256 85	90 00	106 00	451 85			47 76		
17		843 12	843 12	112 50		955 62			59 48		
18	3,200 00	8,062 49	11,262 49	1,867 50		13,130 00			63 68		
19		343 60	343 60	95 00		438 60	14 25		6 06		
20		322 58	322 58	75 00		397 58					
21		179 00	179 00	109 50		288 50			130 36		
22		192 94	192 94	125 00		317 94			13 14		
23		195 63	195 63	60 00		255 63					
24		292 70	292 70	130 00	49 50	462 20					
25		290 00	290 00	125 00		415 00			8 95		
26		130 00	130 00	40 00		170 00			5 98		
27		751 25	751 25	100 00		851 25	56 00		2 29		
28		340 04	340 04		100 00	440 04					
29	103 82		103 82	80 00		183 82			36 06		
30		375 00	375 00	122 00		497 00					
31		501 62	501 62	105 00		606 62			83 48		
32	297 00		297 00			297 00					
33		210 41	210 41	91 60		302 01					
34		141 27	141 27	112 50		253 77			18 25		

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
35	...	\$200 00	\$200 00	...	\$45 00	\$45 00	\$245 00	...	...	\$23 79	...
36	...	327 00	327 00	...	90 00	90 00	417 00	...	...	16 80	...
37	...	665 95	665 95	...	120 00	120 00	785 95	...	...	57 52	...
38	...	302 27	302 27	...	110 00	110 00	412 27	...	...	...	...
39	...	447 15	447 15	...	175 00	175 00	622 15	...	...	...	...
40	...	106 65	106 65	...	87 50	87 50	234 15	...	...	...	...
41	...	218 27	218 27	...	50 00	50 00	268 27	...	...	1 06	...
42	...	232 30	232 30	...	75 00	75 00	307 30	...	...	...	...
43	...	305 30	305 30	...	77 25	127 25	492 55	...	...	6 25	...
44	...	323 46	323 46	...	115 06	206 55	520 01	...	...	3 70	...
45	\$200 58	82 80	283 38	...	55 00	338 38	338 38	...	...	5 90	...
46	...	212 61	212 61	...	120 00	332 61	332 61	...	...	11 84	...
47	...	160 95	160 95	...	40 00	200 95	200 95	...	...	15 00	...
48	...	315 70	315 70	...	87 50	87 50	403 20	...	...	...	...
Total for County....	\$7,809 57	\$23,568 39	\$31,377 96	\$3,469 30	\$3,806 59	\$7,274 59	\$38,652 55	\$87 81	.....	\$1,259 74	.....

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1									\$342 96	\$120 00	\$462 96
2									1,062 00	100 00	1,162 00
3	\$80 00								605 47	150 00	755 47
4					\$1,042 35				1,506 50	112 50	1,619 00
5									371 94	75 00	446 94
6	83 40								337 58	100 00	437 58
7									948 90	298 00	1,246 90
8									438 50	75 00	513 50
9									605 50	125 00	730 50
10									240 00	60 00	300 00
11									281 80	130 00	411 80
12									256 76	100 00	356 76
13							\$15 00		4,106 11	399 90	4,506 01
14							10 00		353 87	165 30	519 17
15									250 98	100 00	350 98
16									394 81	136 00	530 81
17					270 00				1,172 60	112 50	1,285 10
18									11,946 17	1,867 50	13,813 67
19									340 66	95 00	435 66
20									336 83	75 00	411 83
21									309 86	109 50	419 36
22	35 48								241 58	125 00	366 58
23									195 83	60 00	255 83
24	100 97								398 87	189 50	588 37
25							40 00		328 85	125 00	453 85
26									135 98	80 00	215 98
27	100 00								909 54	100 00	1,009 54
28									240 04	100 00	340 04
29									229 88	80 00	309 88
30	272 00				1,000 00				647 00	122 00	769 00
31									1,586 10	105 00	1,691 10
32									297 00	80 00	377 00
33									210 41	91 00	301 41
34									154 52	112 50	267 02

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Repairs		Rent		Grounds and Buildings		Liberaries		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$228 79	\$45 00	\$283 79
36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	343 30	90 00	433 30
37	104 77	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	628 24	120 00	748 24
38	56 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	358 27	110 00	468 27
39	.....	.....	.....	.....	341 73	.....	.....	.....	788 88	175 00	963 88
40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	190 65	87 50	278 15
41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	210 33	50 00	260 33
42	71 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	308 34	75 00	378 34
43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	371 55	127 25	498 80
44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	327 16	206 55	533 71
45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	289 28	55 00	344 28
46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	223 95	120 00	343 95
47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175 95	40 00	215 95
48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	315 70	87 50	403 20
Total for County....	\$913 66	.....	.....	.....	\$2,654 08	.....	\$65 00	.....	\$36 358 25	\$7,274 59	\$43,682 84

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Public Schools.				Enrollment.													
	White.		Negro.		White.					Negro.								
					In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total.		In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total.			
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total		
35	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	22	48	48	.....	.....	.....	19	25	44	
36	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	21	42	42	.....	.....	.....	48	43	91	
37	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	33	72	72	.....	.....	.....	79	170	249	
38	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	8	21	21	.....	.....	.....	43	58	101	
39	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	15	31	31	.....	.....	.....	71	60	131	
40	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	15	21	21	.....	.....	.....	49	55	104	
41	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	50	112	112	.....	.....	.....	168	24	192	
42	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	13	28	28	.....	.....	.....	58	79	137	
43	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	9	22	22	.....	.....	.....	71	96	167	
44	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	41	63	63	.....	.....	.....	162	198	360	
45	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	37	30	67	67	.....	.....	.....	21	30	51	
46	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	7	16	16	.....	.....	.....	49	65	114	
47	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	9	15	15	.....	.....	.....	35	38	73	
48	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	26	40	40	.....	.....	.....	31	49	80	
Total for Co...	12	43	8	56	813	853	1,666	847	725	1,572	3,238	744	922	1,666	2,764	8,223	5,977	7,643

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.									
	White.					Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Grand Total.
1	54	67	121	24	13	37	37	141	41	87
2	9	11	20	9	9	18	18	27	27	55
3	13	15	28	13	15	28	28	58	31	59
4	18	12	30	11	10	21	25	63	131	233
5	6	2	8	2	2	4	4	10	16	30
6	15	14	29	2	2	4	4	38	23	60
7	15	14	29	28	20	48	29	114	32	114
8	15	25	40	9	9	18	48	61	32	61
9	11	11	22	6	9	15	40	50	34	58
10	11	11	22	6	11	17	18	60	50	58
11	11	11	22	5	4	9	17	60	50	110
12	106	115	220	8	10	18	9	37	37	172
13	106	115	220	8	10	18	230	100	55	72
14	15	15	30	8	10	18	18	74	30	154
15	15	15	30	8	6	14	14	45	45	108
16	15	15	30	10	3	13	13	107	107	138
17	15	15	30	10	26	45	45	61	61	177
18	351	357	708	20	10	30	708	456	42	113
19	32	32	64	32	10	42	32	37	37	456
20	4	8	12	4	2	6	30	40	40	70
21	4	8	12	4	2	6	37	77	37	77
22	11	10	21	3	11	14	12	65	65	132
23	11	10	21	3	11	14	30	82	82	132
24	11	10	21	3	11	14	37	16	37	52
25	14	10	24	10	3	13	42	18	18	114
26	14	10	24	10	3	13	41	44	41	85
27	14	10	24	10	3	13	38	40	38	73
28	49	42	91	49	12	61	15	42	49	42
29	23	21	44	23	11	34	33	91	42	91
30	22	22	44	23	20	43	16	36	16	36
31	21	21	42	21	20	41	46	56	46	102
32	20	15	35	20	15	35	32	57	32	89
33	16	13	29	16	13	29	13	13	13	26
34	16	13	29	16	7	23	18	21	18	30
							8	16	8	26

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.									
	White.					Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.
35	20	17	37	.....	.....	12	16
36	21	21	42	.....	.....	23	27
37	20	21	41	.....	.....	52	67
38	7	5	12	.....	.....	27	34
39	12	10	22	.....	.....	63	55
40	4	10	14	.....	.....	29	26
41	27	21	48	.....	.....	16	18
42	9	8	17	.....	.....	48	34
43	6	5	11	.....	.....	62	69
44	13	12	25	.....	.....	68	80
45	19	14	33	.....	.....	61	142
46	5	6	11	.....	.....	15	17
47	8	5	8	.....	.....	42	57
48	13	20	32	.....	.....	14	19
	582	627	1,209	508	455	1,053	426	549	1,612	1,871
Total for County.....	48		2,262		975		3,453			
										4,458

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of Districts	Area	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.				Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers					
		White		Negro		No.	Value With Grounds		Negro	White	Negro	Men		Women		Total for Both Sexes	
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds		First Grade	Second Grade				Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
35	8	1	\$800 00	1	\$75 00					\$100 00	\$10 00						1
36	9	1	800 00	1	200 00					75 00	20 00						1
37	10	1	665 00	2	275 00					200 00	80 00						2
38	8	1	225 00	1	75 00					75 00	10 00						1
39	9	1	575 00	2	275 00					100 00	50 00						1
40	9	1	150 00	1	100 00					60 00	15 00						1
41	9	1	75 00	1	75 00					25 00	10 00						1
42	10	1	150 00	1	75 00					25 00	10 00						1
43	8	1	250 00	3	150 00					30 00	80 00						1
44	10	1	200 00	2	100 00					60 00	20 00						1
45	9	1	420 00	1	75 00					56 00	10 00	1					2
46	10	1	75 00	1	350 00					25 00	50 00						1
47	8	1	75 00	1	75 00					70 00	10 00						1
48	8	1	250 00	1	60 00					75 00	10 00						1
Total for County.....	.....	55	\$65,465 00	64	\$9,960 00					\$12,828 00	\$1,568 00	14			80		94

GREENWOOD COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—JOHN F. WIDEMAN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro						White				White	Negro	
	Men			Women			Town		Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country		
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	E. W. L. C.	
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	H. W. J. S.	
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	T. E. N. T.	
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	E. N. J. B.	
5	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	J. M. B. E.	
6	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	S. W. B. C.	
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	W. W. F. C.	
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	W. R. C. D.	
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	W. W. J. P.	
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	W. W. J. P.	
11	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	J. A. A. M.	
12	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	S. M. H. A.	
13	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	M. M. J. A.	
14	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	J. J. W. Z.	
15	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	E. John	
16	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	J. L. John	
17	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	John W. A.	
18	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	W. E. T. A.	
19	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	F. J. J. B.	
20	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	J. J. A. B.	
21	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	J. A. A. B.	
22	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	P. B. Callison	
23	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	Kemp, Kirksey, S. C.	
24	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	John Arlington, Kirksey, S. C.	
25	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	Banister, Troy, S. C.	
26	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	Callison, Callison, S. C.	
27	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	Kemp, Kirksey, S. C.	
28	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	John Arlington, Kirksey, S. C.	
29	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	Banister, Troy, S. C.	
30	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	Callison, Callison, S. C.	
31	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	Kemp, Kirksey, S. C.	
32	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	John Arlington, Kirksey, S. C.	
33	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	Banister, Troy, S. C.	
34	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	20	32	24	24	Callison, Callison, S. C.	

Basister, Troy, S. O.
Callison, Callison, S. O.
Kemp, Kirksey, S. O.
John Arlington, Kirksey, S. O.

Number of District	Number of Teachers									Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro						Total for Both Sexes	White		Negro		White	Negro			
	Men			Women				Town	Country	Town	Country					
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade										
25	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
26	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
27	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
28	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
29	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
30	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
31	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
32	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
33	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
34	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
35	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
36	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
37	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
39	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
40	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
41	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
42	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
43	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
44	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
45	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
46	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
47	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
48	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	D. O. O.	
Total for Co.	19			54			78	374	1,054	176	344					

HAMPTON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. W. ROUSE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From 8-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills.	Receipts From State Appropriation.			Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
			High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.						High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.			
Miley	1	84 06						\$871 17	\$24 44		2				\$31 43	\$406 24	\$813 68	\$17 44
Garnett	2	575 88						791 25	72 53	\$668 66						2,822 71	2,942 12	150 50
Tuam	3	219 54						883 24	44 75							1,413 17	1,174 61	238 56
Early Branch	4	189 41						626 94	26 60							980 83	917 54	62 97
Yemassee	5	89 61						384 53	19 50							32 46	630 78	16 23
Beach Branch	6	84 11						280 93	16 50							338 07	842 57	1 50
Nixville	7	269 73						1,263 26	54 00							1,986 00	1,686 00	290 00
Gillmanville	8	143 46						247 98	59 50							1,050 11	1,402 86	647 26
Malpus	9	384 87						1,009 94	63 10							1,056 27	1,775 00	481 97
Landon	10	11 20						1,401 71	53 10							1,718 26	1,753 00	5 43
Brighter	11	655 10						282 82	16 00							1,018 30	1,637 60	380 73
Tillman	12	146 00						454 03	26 00							843 35	1,110 57	266 42
Purysburg	13	140 73						574 92	22 10							3,453 08	3,076 13	613 07
Brunson, Special	14	341 10						563 57	46 00							2,532 80	3,150 90	71 90
Hampton	15	47 66						1,123 33	22 50							579 02	1,803 54	1,160 17
Yarnville	16	7 06						236 93	5 60							2,963 71	1,297 06	688 39
Rice	17	871 48						879 78	23 03							629 27	1,682 06	600 86
Etali	18	7 57						360 12	15 04							1,131 23	1,738 00	135 29
Crocketville	19	156 24						360 12	17 50							716 25	1,040 51	384 06
Ridgeand	20	113 82						203 63	7 50							57 68	1,040 51	135 29
Furman	21	11 04						423 77	10 00							16,000 00	2,969 30	6,211 16
County Bd. Fund		3,200 46																
Total for County	21	\$6,921 88						\$13,736 81	\$691 76							\$63,309 92	\$31,077 27	\$7,282 66

*High school tax for Brunson Special. †Borrowed for 1911-1912.

HAMPTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. W. ROUSE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

County Board Fund.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.			
		White.			Negro.			Total for Both Races.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.						
	1	.....	\$440 00	\$440 00	\$150 00	.....	\$150 00	\$500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2	\$875 00	405 00	1,080 00	240 00	\$130 00	\$70 00	1,450 00	.....	.....	.....	\$45 00	.....
	3	.....	930 00	980 00	90 00	90 00	180 00	1,110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	4	.....	697 50	697 50	.....	180 00	180 00	877 50	.....	.....	.....	5 90	.....
	5	.....	480 00	480 00	.....	120 00	120 00	610 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	6	.....	292 50	292 50	.....	90 00	90 00	292 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	7	.....	1,312 00	1,312 00	45 00	180 00	925 00	1,537 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	8	.....	870 00	870 00	75 00	800 00	875 00	1,745 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	9	.....	305 00	305 00	65 00	190 00	555 00	1,560 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	10	.....	810 00	810 00	.....	790 00	740 00	1,600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	11	.....	320 00	320 00	.....	160 00	120 00	480 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	12	.....	245 00	245 00	185 00	150 00	335 00	580 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	13	.....	684 00	684 00	180 00	240 00	400 00	1,084 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	14	983 00	1,536 83	2,499 83	75 00	60 00	185 00	2,634 83	\$20 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	15	800 00	2,046 00	2,846 00	45 00	155 00	200 00	3,046 00	157 00	.....	.....	1,070 85	.....
	16	60 00	30 00	90 00	.....	.....	.....	90 00	.....	.....	.....	38 00	.....
	17	450 00	757 10	1,207 10	.....	404 00	404 00	1,611 10	92 44	.....	.....	9 60	.....
	18	649 15	215 00	864 15	.....	90 00	90 00	954 15	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....
	19	645 00	640 00	1,285 00	.....	75 00	75 00	1,360 00	.....	.....	.....	163 85	.....
	20	246 00	430 00	676 00	.....	60 00	60 00	736 00	.....	.....	.....	55 80	.....
	21	450 00	420 00	870 00	125 00	.....	125 00	995 00	.....	.....	.....	2 90	.....
												102 39	.....
Total for County...	21	\$4,988 15	\$13,786 08	\$18,724 18	\$1,255 00	\$3,464 00	\$4,719 00	\$23,443 18	\$289 94	.....	.....	\$1,595 29	.....

HAMPTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. W. ROUSE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Cont.

Number of Districts	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Borrowed Money Prior to July 1, 1910.	Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.		White.	Negro.	
1	\$65 00				\$715 78		\$368 08	\$608 08	\$160 00	\$818 08
2					08 45		84 84	1,872 12	870 00	2,842 12
3							1 16	904 61	180 00	1,174 61
4		\$10 00					6 16	708 58	208 00	917 58
5							20 72	510 72	120 00	630 72
6							50 07	282 57	90 00	342 57
7	44 00						5 00	1,901 00	226 00	1,896 00
8					150 51		7 84	1,027 85	375 00	1,402 85
9	18 00	\$ 00						312 00	257 00	576 00
10							146 09	955 09	798 00	1,753 09
11					157 00			477 06	100 00	637 06
12	32 00						6 00	228 00	326 00	617 00
13							6 17	710 67	400 00	1,110 67
14					175 00		38 25	8,941 13	126 00	4,076 13
15	80 80						15 10	2,900 90	300 00	3,180 90
16							416 04	516 54		516 54
17								1,350 54	404 00	1,803 54
18							179 72	1,028 00	90 00	1,118 00
19							210 29	1,557 09	76 00	1,632 09
20								676 00	60 00	736 00
21							43 01	915 91	125 00	1,040 91
County Board Fund.					\$2,868 91			2,969 30		2,069 30
Total for County...	\$224 80	\$13 00		\$80 00	\$4,145 81		\$1,350 75	\$25,320 37	\$4,757 00	\$31,077 37

*Borrowed money 1910-1911.

HAMPTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. W. ROUSE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Enrollment.									
	Public Schools.					Negro.				
	White.		Negro.		Grand Total	White.		Negro.		Grand Total
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country		In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	
						Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Total
1	3			2	79		43		38	121
2	1			5	42		18		104	255
3	9			4	275	145	130		104	210
4	6			4	97	50	47		73	92
5	2			2	44	24	20		45	108
6	2			2	35	15	20		33	87
7	11			5	337	183	154		90	225
8	18			5	220	98	121		109	208
9	1			4	12	13	12		68	153
10	4			10	37	31	37		185	318
11	1			1	33	10	7	14	32	61
12				2	17	10	7		103	903
13	4			5	79	45	34		123	157
14	1			1	163	74	80		82	40
15	5			3	154			64	87	80
16	1				51	30	21		83	108
17	2			4	121	71	51	16	19	23
18	1			1	39	20	19	23	31	33
19	1			1	125	78	47		86	184
20	1			1	68			1	99	184
21	1			2	92	43	50			
Total for Co...	7	60	5	66	2,896	898	851	108	1,459	3,275
					1,749			157		8,540

HAMPTON COUNTY,--TABLE 4.--BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.--J. W. ROY, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.				Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.						Total for Both Sexes
			White.		Negro.		White	Negro	White	Negro	Total	Men			Women				
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds						First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
	1	3	\$300 00	3	\$150 00									3			3	

HAMPTON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. W. ROUSE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes		Towns	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade			Third Grade	Towns		Country
1	2			2			4		48		36	3	W. J. Williams, Brunson, ranch.
2	2						2		36		30	3	
3	2						4		128		48	3	
4				2			2		56		24	2	
5				2			2		56		24	2	
6				4			4		36		60	3	
7	1			4			5		178		60	3	
8	1			4			5		128		60	3	
9	1			4			5		28		30	4	
10	4			6			10		56		100	3	
11				1			1	32		16	16	3	
12	1			1			2		28		36	4	
13	1	1		5			7		56		30	3	
14	1	1		1			3	36		12	12	4	
15		1		2			4	32	100	12	36	2	
16								4				1	
17				3	2	1	6	35	56	12	48	3	
18				2			2	36		12	12	3	
19				1	1		2		38		16	3	
20				1			1	16		8		3	
21	2						2		24		24	4	
Total for Co.	20	2		30	12	1	74	192	1,164	72	859		E. A. Fripp, Furman.

HORRY COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 2-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills.	Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
										High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Bucks	1	\$176 69	\$112 00	\$254 08	\$64 00										\$622 49	\$623 18	\$0 64
Conway	2	59 52	40 00	72 80	29 00										201 82	200 00	1 82
Dog Bluff	3	33 46	89 00	150 80	36 00		\$111 12	8				\$100 00			520 38	517 52	2 86
Bayboro	4	50	39 00	50 70	9 00										99 20	99 20	
Galvants	5	21 48	60 00	97 50	48 00										230 98	280 95	03
Athens	6		42 00	67 60	24 00		59 80	4				50 80			253 20	250 00	3 20
Green Sea	7	*23 95	41 00	102 70	81 00		114 56	4				100 00			365 81	90 95	274 86
Simpson Creek	8	*106 20	58 00	110 50	36 00										98 80	109 50	-11 20
Little River	9	65 45	150 00	204 10	78 00										492 55	370 00	122 55
Dogwood Neck	10	*4 25	48 00	70 20	39 00										147 95	147 95	
Socatee	11		94 00	174 20	62 00		246 80	4			100 00				677 00	651 70	25 80
Marlow	12	15 51	88 00	187 20	69 00										354 71	345 00	9 71
Withers	13	16 59	88 00	161 20	55 00		169 53	3			79 00		\$627 98		1,447 80	990 04	457 26
Centenary	14	17 75	19 00	37 70	12 00		80 60	4			80 60				247 65	225 00	22 65
Hand Branch	15		18 00	49 40	15 00		21 65	5			21 65				125 70	115 00	10 70
Lake Swamp	16	88 75	75 00	143 00	53 00										359 75	351 50	8 25
Wanamaker	17	3 99	58 00	87 10	37 00		268 80	8			100 00		700 00		554 89	447 50	107 39
Loria	18	395 94	79 00	202 80	85 00		307 49	3			100 00				2,120 23	2,011 33	108 90
Burroughs	19	*548 19	444 00	517 40	104 00		2,108 02	4		\$467 00					8,002 23	3,187 50	-05 27
Alma	20	25 11	66 00	104 00	38 00		88 27	8			88 27				409 65	380 00	29 65
White Oak	21	70 02	88 00	63 70	9 00										180 72	180 72	
Bural	22	*37 40	35 00	68 90	22 00										88 50	70 00	18 50
Good Hope	23	13 07	55 00	79 80	15 00										162 87	113 60	48 77
Cedar Grove	24	*1 60	93 00	26 00	24 00		38 85	3			38 85				155 10	154 00	1 10
Gurley	25	10 70	30 00	66 80	15 00										125 00	125 00	
Cool Springs	26	40 60	79 00	146 80	38 00		68 62	2			68 62		748 08		1,417 82	1,248 11	60 21
Zion	27	403 20	57 00	97 00	36 00		116 02	4			100 00				801 22	845 00	-43 78
Chapel	28	10 55	50 00	101 40	43 00										504 95	195 69	9 45
Powell	29	16 70	34 00	70 20	13 00		57 48	4			57 48				252 86	246 57	6 29
Princetonville	30	48 10	32 00	75 40	18 00		47 16	4			47 16				297 82	168 15	99 67
Stoney	31	21	45 00	146 30	31 00										192 51	131 57	94
Hickory Grove	32	*36 88	60 00	146 30	38 00										313 02	228 75	-15 73
Finklee	33	25	67 00	80 70	51 00										168 95	176 79	-7 84
Oak Grove	34		86 00	84 50	17 00										136 50	132 85	3 65
Howard	35	*7 07	62 00	63 70	35 00										153 63	110 00	43 63

*The deficit on hand July 1, 1910, plus the expenditures for the scholastic year 1910-11, will explain the balance carried forward June 30, 1911.

HORRY COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Grassy Bay	36	...	\$48 00	\$31 90	\$39 00	...	\$53 98	3	...	\$53 98	...	...	...	\$276 86	\$213 50	\$63 36
Greenwood	37	—\$0 29	18 00	68 90	15 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	\$15 00	116 61	120 00	—3 39
Hickory Hill	38	...	22 00	68 90	10 00	...	...	3	...	26 08	...	...	375 25	153 06	159 96	121 24
Simpson Creek	39	46 06	55 00	92 30	18 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	711 25	689 96	...
Joyner	40	34 71	56 00	49 40	27 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	167 11	167 11	...
Delay	41	38 81	62 00	91 00	15 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	208 81	208 81	...
Hugh Mill	42	20	37 00	114 40	17 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	168 60	122 00	46 60
Hull's Island	43	80	20 00	46 80	13 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80 60	30 00	60 60
Deep Branch	44	8 50	21 00	54 60	15 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	99 10	99 10	...
Tilley Swamp	45	53 86	53 00	120 90	34 00	...	...	3	...	92 40	...	...	...	445 53	337 06	108 60
Zepar	46	—23 90	23 00	45 50	15 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69 60	69 60	...
Red Hill	47	8 50	44 00	124 80	30 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	207 30	183 85	13 45
Eight-Mile	48	24 10	47 00	88 40	16 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	175 50	140 70	34 80
Red Bluff	49	150 42	73 00	188 55	33 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	444 97	445 50	—53
Floyda	50	5 09	52 00	172 90	60 00	...	226 95	8	...	100 00	...	...	...	616 94	618 70	—1 76
Bransville	51	9 92	22 00	45 50	14 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	91 42	91 42	...
Poplar Hill	52	...	39 00	37 70	10 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	159 00	86 70	85 75	95
Allen	53	2 99	50 00	57 30	10 00	...	40 12	2	...	40 12	...	...	...	359 43	310 43	49 00
Booth	54	24 00	22 00	26 00	10 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82 00	80 00	2 00
Knotty Branch	55	—2 50	18 00	23 40	11 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49 90	30 00	19 90
Sanford	56	136 56	30 00	78 00	14 00	...	148 55	3	...	250 00	...	...	573 88	1,231 29	1,202 98	28 31
Sweet Home	57	155 00	36 00	54 60	16 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	261 60	261 60	—44 10
Johnson	58	28 88	34 00	31 20	24 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	118 08	76 00	42 08
High Point	59	...	57 00	88 40	36 00	...	51 25	3	...	51 25	...	...	...	233 90	230 00	3 90
Muster Shed	60	50	57 00	191 10	39 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	287 60	281 20	6 40
Wampee	61	53 81	105 00	119 70	83 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	602 24	295 00	307 24
Savannah Bluff	62	273 21	33 00	31 20	13 00	...	140 73	3	...	100 00	...	...	...	599 80	329 50	260 30
Rehoboth	63	50	39 00	145 60	30 00	...	139 39	3	...	100 00	...	...	...	274 10	173 50	90 60
Enterprise	64	59 25	29 00	65 00	20 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	173 25	168 70	6 55
Doe Pond	65	65 05	15 00	40 30	10 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130 35	130 35	...
Camp Swamp	66	80	24 00	31 20	11 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	146 20	92 75	53 45
Pigrah	67	70 00	33 00	66 30	30 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	204 30	108 00	96 30
Homewood	68	...	35 00	79 30	11 00	...	171 06	4	...	100 00	...	...	...	436 96	436 96	...
Maple	69	—24 11	93 00	105 30	50 00	...	201 93	4	...	100 00	...	...	150 00	716 12	633 50	57 62
Poplar	70	16 19	60 00	71 50	14 00	...	108 06	8	...	100 00	...	...	...	369 77	334 25	35 52

*The deficit on hand July 1, 1910, plus the expenditures for the scholastic year 1910-11, will explain the balance carried forward June 30, 1911.

HOBBS COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Shell	71	\$0 44	\$35 00	\$71 50	\$18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$124 94	\$124 90	\$0 04
Leon	72	22 00	21 00	110 50	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	171 50	171 53	— 03
Mt. Hermon	73	11 10	73 00	29 90	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	102 80	102 80	.....
Four-Mile	74	30 46	63 00	133 90	38 00	.....	\$108 04	4	.....	\$100 00	\$40 00	.....	\$4 70	513 10	517 63	— 4 53
Virgo	75	6 38	23 00	42 90	12 00	.....	20 94	2	.....	20 94	.....	.....	.....	113 10	105 00	8 40
Harper	76	101 00	79 00	130 00	20 00	.....	90 97	3	.....	90 97	.....	.....	.....	851 04	884 81	17 13
Strawfield	77	64 98	34 00	143 00	24 00	.....	63 48	8	.....	63 48	.....	.....	.....	392 84	303 00	89 84
Ebenezer	78	174 56	74 00	80 80	39 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	368 16	368 16	.....
Bucks Port	79	.....	71 00	36 40	19 00	.....	120 01	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	346 41	280 00	66 41
Spring Branch	80	66 90	51 00	96 30	40 00	.....	565 10	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,135 40	1,239 47	— 104 07
Salem	81	20 15	35 00	45 50	21 00	.....	106 08	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	330 68	182 00	148 68
Mill Swamp	82	.....	20 00	31 50	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	188 50	157 50	31 00
Red Hill	83	65 90	35 00	35 10	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	63 50	59 25	4 25
Brunson	84	99 00	25 00	53 30	9 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	194 30	194 30	.....
Watts	85	43 00	22 00	28 80	17 00	.....	110 00	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	312 60	181 50	131 10
Cedar Creek	86	13 10	14 00	31 20	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	74 30	74 40	— 10
Featherly Bay	87	58 10	67 00	105 30	56 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	170 20	191 50	21 30
Wacana	88	92 35	63 00	123 20	51 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	327 55	327 44	.....
Seven-Mile	89	15 17	38 00	123 60	19 00	.....	51 61	3	.....	51 61	.....	.....	.....	268 55	253 01	10 54
Pleasant Hill	90	68 58	51 00	80 70	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	257 28	173 00	84 28
Pauley	91	59 59	27 00	39 00	14 00	.....	19 23	2	.....	19 23	.....	.....	.....	119 05	119 00	.....
Vaught	92	25 00	30 00	83 20	23 00	.....	57 20	4	.....	57 20	.....	.....	.....	215 60	141 50	74 10
Juniper Bay	93	40 50	28 00	57 90	14 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	174 96	164 40	10 55
Oak Grove	94	86 00	32 00	63 70	22 00	.....	26 53	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	380 23	339 15	41 08
Twelve-Mile	95	24 40	16 00	56 90	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	.....	58 50	87 50	— 29 00
Total for County	95	\$2,852 85	\$4,908 00	\$8,680 45	\$2,639 00	.....	\$6,643 28	.....	\$467 00	\$2,808 64	135 00	\$1,432 50	\$3,880 64	\$34,502 36	\$31,281 06	\$3,221 30

*The deficit on hand July 1, 1910, plus the expenditures for the scholastic year 1910-11, will explain the balance carried forward June 30, 1911.

HORRY COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$411 77	\$411 77	\$104 48	\$51 83	\$156 36	\$568 13	\$40 00	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	130 00	130 00	70 00	.....	70 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	\$436 00	.....	436 00	79 27	.....	79 27	515 27	1 25	.....	\$1 00	.....
4	99 20	.....	99 20	.....	.....	.....	99 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	200 00	200 00	25 00	.....	25 00	225 00	.....	.....	5 95	.....
6	250 00	.....	250 00	.....	.....	.....	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	80 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	80 00	10 86	.....	.....	.....
8	97 50	12 00	109 50	.....	.....	.....	109 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	132 50	132 50	237 50	.....	237 50	370 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	.....	147 95	147 95	.....	.....	.....	147 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	300 00	248 75	548 75	25 00	.....	25 00	573 75	77 85	.....	.....	.....
12	.....	245 00	245 00	90 00	.....	90 00	335 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....
13	110 00	.....	110 00	.....	50 70	50 70	160 70	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	225 00	225 00	.....	.....	.....	225 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	110 00	.....	110 00	.....	.....	.....	110 00	.....	.....	5 00	.....
16	319 50	.....	319 50	82 00	.....	82 00	351 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	447 50	.....	447 50	.....	.....	.....	447 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	622 50	622 50	50 15	.....	50 15	672 65	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1,147 50	2,140 00	3,187 50	.....	.....	.....	3,187 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	380 00	380 00	.....	.....	.....	380 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	180 72	.....	180 72	.....	.....	.....	180 72	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	.....	70 00	70 00	.....	.....	.....	70 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	105 00	.....	105 00	.....	.....	.....	105 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	.....	154 00	154 00	.....	.....	.....	154 00	.....	.....	8 60	.....
25	125 00	.....	125 00	.....	.....	.....	125 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	274 95	274 95	50 00	.....	50 00	284 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	815 00	815 00	30 00	.....	30 00	845 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	66 00	129 50	195 50	.....	.....	.....	195 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	150 00	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	166 15	.....	166 15	.....	.....	.....	166 15	96 57	.....	.....	.....
31	.....	101 50	101 50	.....	20 00	20 00	121 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	150 75	150 75	78 00	.....	78 00	228 75	10 07	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	137 50	137 50	82 00	.....	82 00	219 50	7 28	.....	.....	.....
34	122 15	.....	122 15	.....	.....	.....	122 15	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	110 00	.....	110 00	.....	.....	.....	110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1							\$15 00		\$466 77	\$166 38	\$633 15
2									180 00	70 00	250 00
3									438 25	79 27	517 52
4									90 20		90 20
5									206 05	25 00	230 95
6									250 00		250 00
7									90 95		90 95
8									109 50		109 50
9									132 50	237 50	370 00
10									147 95		147 95
11									626 70	26 00	652 70
12									2,550 00	90 00	2,640 00
13					\$630 04				940 04	50 00	990 04
14									225 00		225 00
15									115 00		115 00
16									519 50	32 00	551 50
17									447 50		447 50
18					1,333 68				1,951 18	50 15	2,001 33
19									3,187 50		3,187 50
20									380 00		380 00
21									180 72		180 72
22									70 00		70 00
23									113 60		113 60
24									154 00		154 00
25									125 00		125 00
26					1,033 16				1,208 11	50 00	1,258 11
27									815 00	30 00	845 00
28									195 50		195 50
29									246 57		246 57
30									108 15		108 15
31									111 57	20 00	131 57
32									150 75	78 00	228 75
33									144 79	32 00	176 79
34	\$10 70								132 35		143 05

HOBBS COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

District No.	Repairs		Rent		Grounds and Buildings		Libraries		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
35									\$110 00		\$110 00
36									213 50		213 50
37									130 00		130 00
38									153 08		153 08
39					\$608 96				569 96		569 96
40									167 11		167 11
41									206 81		206 81
42									69 00	\$68 00	137 00
43									20 00		20 00
44									99 10	30 00	129 10
45	\$9 58								207 08		216 66
46									59 60		59 60
47									167 85	26 00	193 85
48									140 70		140 70
49	6 50								446 80		453 30
50	1 00								527 20	91 50	618 70
51									01 42		01 42
52									88 78		88 78
53					\$210 48				310 43		520 91
54									80 00		80 00
55									30 00		30 00
56					1,171 73				1,302 98		2,474 71
57	3 70								328 70	67 00	395 70
58									45 00	31 00	76 00
59									280 00		280 00
60									161 20	130 00	291 20
61									270 00	25 00	295 00
62									323 50		323 50
63									173 50		173 50
64									168 70		168 70
65									130 35		130 35
66									92 75		92 75
67									168 00		168 00
68							\$40 00		436 96		476 96
69					151 00				544 15	114 25	658 35
70	41 75								334 25		376 00

HOBBS COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District or	Repairs		Rent		Grounds and Buildings		Libraries		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
71									\$124 90		\$124 90
72									117 70	\$53 88	171 58
73									102 80		102 80
74	\$171 88								467 68	50 00	517 68
75									105 00		105 00
76					646 06				751 81	88 00	839 81
77	58 00								278 00	25 00	303 00
78					58 50				368 16		368 16
79									280 00		280 00
80					214 75				1,239 47		1,239 47
81									182 00		182 00
82									59 25		59 25
83									157 50		157 50
84									194 80		194 80
85									181 50		181 50
86									74 40		74 40
87									191 50		191 50
88					90 30				239 94	87 50	327 44
89									238 01		238 01
90									173 00		173 00
91									119 00		119 00
92									101 50		101 50
93					43 00				164 40	40 00	204 40
94					239 15				339 15		339 15
95									87 50		87 50
Total for County....	\$298 48				\$6,575 45		\$65 00		\$29,383 60	\$1,932 46	\$31,316 06

HOBBS COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Enrollment.									
	Public Schools.					Negro.				
	White.		Negro.		Grand Total	White.		Negro.		Grand Total
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country		In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	
	Boys	Girls	Total			Boys	Girls	Total		
1	2			3	80	42	38	80	68	148
2	1			1	57	27	30	57	25	82
3	1			1	57	29	28	57	18	75
4	1				57	30	27	57	12	69
5	1			1	43	30	13	43	10	53
6	1				46	22	24	46		46
7	1				51	22	29	51		51
8	1				79	33	46	79		79
9	2			2	46	25	21	46		46
10	1				43	15	28	43		43
11	1			1	112	62	50	112	88	200
12	2			1	112	66	46	112	9	121
13	1			1	49	29	20	49	42	91
14	1			1	39	16	23	39	28	67
15	1				88	16	72	88	21	109
16	1			1	73	31	42	73	10	83
17	1				75	51	24	75	21	96
18	1			1	62	28	34	62	35	97
19	1			1	240	135	105	240	100	340
20	1				80	40	40	80		80
21	1				60	25	35	60		60
22	1			1	21	14	7	21	14	35
23	1				57	19	38	57		57
24	1				28	14	14	28		28
25	1				36	11	25	36		36
26	2			1	55	37	18	55	20	75
27	1			1	84	46	38	84	7	91
28	1				78	41	37	78		78
29	1				50	25	25	50		50
30	1				56	21	35	56		56
31	1			1	44	25	19	44	6	50
32	1			1	33	14	19	33	14	47
33	1				61	30	31	61		61
34	1				55	26	29	55		55
35	2				26	14	12	26		26

HORRY COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.									
	White.					Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.			Grand Total
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls		Boys	Girls	Total	
1	17	23	40	.....	.....	.....	105
2	18	16	34	.....	.....	.....	89
3	14	30	34	.....	.....	.....	17
4	22	18	40	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	12	12	24	.....	.....	.....	15
6	19	14	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	29	22	51	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	19	21	40	.....	.....	.....	62
9	18	12	30	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	14	11	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	33	26	59	.....	.....	.....	11
12	23	30	53	.....	.....	.....	52
13	15	20	35	.....	.....	.....	40
14	12	13	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	22	9	31	.....	.....	.....	21
16	16	17	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	19	17	36	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	16	24	40	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	75	15	90	.....	.....	.....	10	16	26	93
20	60	80	140	140
21	32	35	67	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	17	11	28	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	5	10	15	.....	.....	.....	19
24	24	11	35	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	6	7	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	14	7	21	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	40	25	65	.....	.....	.....	25
28	23	25	48	.....	.....	.....	12
29	13	16	29	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	14	10	24	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	17	13	30	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	7	14	21	.....	.....	.....	14
33	13	13	26	.....	.....	.....	15
34	8	10	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	18	13	31	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	15	10	25	.....	.....	.....	.....

HORRY COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Average Attendance.									
	White.					Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.	
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls
71	18	4	22	.....	.....	12	7
72	13	11	24	.....	.....	.....	19
73	12	9	21	.....	.....	.....	.....
74	11	9	17	.....	.....	24	23
75	8	11	19	.....	.....	.....	47
76	20	12	42	.....	.....	18	15
77	10	4	14	.....	.....	15	16
78	17	11	28	.....	.....	.....	33
79	12	10	22	.....	.....	.....	31
80	31	19	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
81	13	12	30	.....	.....	.....	.....
82	14	11	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
83	8	8	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
84	15	10	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
85	18	12	30	.....	.....	.....	.....
86	10	8	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
87	17	21	38	.....	.....	.....	.....
88	16	17	33	.....	.....	21	23
89	30	23	43	.....	.....	8	6
90	30	25	55	.....	.....	.....	14
91	5	7	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
92	12	4	16	.....	.....	10	14
93	15	14	29	.....	.....	.....	24
94	13	11	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
95	10	16	26	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County..	87	140	227	1,486	1,843	2,829	70	96	166	489
									528	967
										1,183

HORRY COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Area	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.			Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers.						Total for Both Sexes				
		White		Negro	No.	Value With Grounds	White	Negro	Men			Women								
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	White	Negro	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade		Second Grade	Third Grade		
1	2	2	\$150 00	1	1	\$75 00	1	25 00	40 00	\$10 00	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
2	1	1	75 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	1	1	200 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	20 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	1	1	50 00	1	1	20 00	1	20 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	1	1	100 00	1	1	20 00	1	20 00	250 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	1	1	600 00	1	1	20 00	1	20 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
7	1	1	800 00	1	1	20 00	1	20 00	250 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	3	3	150 00	2	2	75 00	2	75 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	2	2	75 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	1	1	200 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	1	1	100 00	1	1	20 00	1	20 00	50 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
12	2	2	1,200 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	225 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	1	1	75 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	70 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	1	1	50 00	1	1	15 00	1	15 00	10 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	1	1	300 00	1	1	20 00	1	20 00	150 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	1	1	2,500 00	1	1	20 00	1	20 00	200 00	50 00	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
17	1	1	15,000 00	1	1	2,500 00	1	2,500 00	500 00	50 00	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
18	1	1	100 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	25 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
19	1	1	50 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	25 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
20	1	1	25 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	25 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
21	1	1	800 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
22	1	1	25 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	25 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23	1	1	25 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
24	1	1	800 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
25	1	1	25 00	1	1	25 00	1	25 00	100 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
26	2	2	1,700 00	1	1	50 00	1	50 00	40 00	10 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
27	1	1	50 00	1	1	30 00	1	30 00	40 00	10 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
28	1	1	40 00	1	1	30 00	1	30 00	150 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	1	1	1,000 00	1	1	30 00	1	30 00	20 00	10 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
30	1	1	50 00	1	1	30 00	1	30 00	45 00	10 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	1	1	150 00	1	1	60 00	1	60 00	200 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
32	1	1	1,000 00	1	1	40 00	1	40 00	125 00	10 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
33	1	1	500 00	1	1	50 00	1	50 00	15 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
34	1	1	60 00	1	1	50 00	1	50 00	15 00	5 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
35	2	2	75 00	1	1	75 00	1	75 00	20 00	5 00	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

HORRY COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Public School Buildings			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools			Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes		
	White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women						
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade			
71	1	\$75 00	1	\$30 00				\$30 00			1						1
72	1	150 00						75 00				1					1
73	1	25 00						5 00				1					1
74	1	200 00	1	25 00				95 00									1
75	1	150 00						75 00			1						1
76	1	1,500 00	1	60 00				200 00	10 00								1
77	1	50 00	1	40 00				40 00	5 00								1
78	1	250 00						75 00									1
79	1	400 00						150 00									1
80	2	8,000 00						400 00									2
81	1	75 00						25 00									1
82	1	50 00						25 00									1
83	1	100 00						25 00									1
84	1	250 00						50 00									1
85	1	75 00						10 00									1
86	1	50 00						10 00									1
87	2	250 00						40 00			2						2
88	1	150 00	1	40 00				25 00	10 00				1				1
89	1	1,000 00	1	50 00				150 00	10 00								1
90	1	1,000 00						150 00									1
91	1	75 00						10 00									1
92	1	150 00	1	25 00				25 00	5 00								1
93	1	75 00						10 00									1
94	1	800 00						100 00									1
95	1	75 00						25 00									1
Total for County.....	106	\$45,030 00	36	00				\$0,480 00	\$255 00	29	16	16	21	28	12		122

HORRY COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman		
	Negro							White		Negro		White	Negro			
	Men			Women				Town		Country					Town	Country
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes									
1	1		1			1	2		44		20		G. B. Skipper, Pt. Harrelson			
2	1						1		17		8		L. P. Robert, Conway.			
3						1	1		31		10		W. A. Spivey, Galivania.			
4			1				1		12				A. Bell, Bayboro.			
5									16		4		A. Lewis, Galivania's Ferry			
6									20				B. F. Harrelson, Nichols.			
7									8				D. F. McGowan, Green Sea.			
8									12				B. E. Patrick, Hammond.			
9					2		2		16		28		W. H. Stone, Little River.			
10									15				W. J. Edge, Hard.			
11		1					1		20		8		B. H. Stalvey, Stalvey.			
12		1					1		28		12		L. D. Harp, Burgum.			
13					1		1		14		8		S. S. Owens, Myrtle Beach.			
14									20				Willie Oliver, Conway			
15									12				W. F. Holt, Galivania's Ferry			
16					1		1		12		4		B. F. Holmes, Nichols.			
17									20				W. C. Hooks, Nichols.			
18							1						D. D. Harrelson, Loria.			
19							1	24		8			D. A. Spivey, Conway.			
20								34					Danie Causey, Nichols.			
21									20				B. M.			
22									20				J. R.			
23									8				J. E.			
24									12				F. H.			
25									18				H. T.			
26		1					1		12				R. T.			
27			1				1		32		8		C. H.			
28									16				S. J.			
29									24				O. E.			
30									16				E. J.			
31					1		1		12				Prince, Loria.			
32									12				A. B. Bell, Bayboro.			
33		1					1		16		4		G. F. Murrell, Conway.			
34		1					1		8		8		G. M. Fowler, Loria.			
35									8		4		P. C. Prince, Loria.			
									12				S. Fowler, Tabor, N. C.			
									20							

HOBBS COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—S. H. BROWN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.					Total for Both Sexes	Total Number of Weeks of Session.		Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro.						White		Negro			
	Men.		Women.		Town		Country	Town	Country	White		Negro
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade								
36							16					W. B. Shelley, Green Sea.
37							12					R. J. Beverly, Conway.
38							16					H. M. Summers, Loris.
39							4					J. J. Carter, Dalay.
40							20					J. J. Goff, Blanch.
41							20					John W. Carter, Dalay.
42	1					1	6				8	
43							4					
44							12					
45	1					1	24				6	
46							8					
47						1	16				4	
48							12					
49							44					
50	1					1	24				12	
51							12					
52							8					
53							12					
54							8					
55							4					
56							4				8	
57	1					1	24				8	
58							4					
59							16					
60	1					1	16				12	
61							16				4	
62							40					
63							12					
64							12					
65							8					
66							12					
67							12					
68							28				12	J. C. Gauger, Conway.
69	1					1	28					Harp Long, Conway.
70							20					L. M. Ludlow, Adrian.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men			Women			Town	County	Town	County				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade					Total for Both Sexes			
72		1					1				12			L. S. S. S. d
73											20			J. S. S. S. d
74	1						1				8			S. F. S. S. d
75							1				32			N. E. S. S. d
76		1					1				12			L. D. S. S. d
77							1				20			L. H. S. S. d
78											4			W. O. S. S. d
79											28			R. T. S. S. d
80											28			J. W. S. S. d
81											28			
82											8			
83											20			
84											20			
85											20			
86											10			
87	1										24			
88							1				30			
89		1					1				16			
90											18			
91											12			
92			1				1				36			
93											8			
94											12			
95											12			
Total for Co.	6	14	4		6		35	58	1,547	8	205			

L. S. S. S.
E. J. S. S. F. E. E. D. H. O.
N. N. D. W. O. R. T. J.
W. W.

wt.
C.
ny.

KERSHAW COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—I. J. MCKENZIE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Joint	46	\$8,298 90	\$3,383 00	\$13,384 96	\$711 23	.....	\$10,410 22	.....	.....	.....	\$625 00	\$187 50	\$2,233 20	\$39,214 51	\$82,707 46	\$4,447 05
Joint	45	13 28	61 81	238 00	18 12	.....	324 77	8	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	755 98	746 00	10 98
Joint	28	42 15	14 79	190 40	5 00	.....	536 00	5	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	1,050 23	1,060 00	23 28
Joint	27	11 69	20 30	108 10	4 32	.....	24 73	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	302 07	267 80	34 27
Joint	26	18 66	44 63	166 00	11 47	.....	101 50	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	441 76	425 96	15 81
Joint	25	96 21	33 68	158 70	2 98	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	291 42	290 65	7 77
Joint	24	71 56	34 72	135 00	10 29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	298 08	290 00	6 08
Joint	23	436 57	84 72	195 66	13 86	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	680 34	325 34	121 66
Joint	22	279 01	144 41	450 20	29 56	.....	400 23	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,457 96	1,385 30	355 34
Joint	21	279 01	90 90	320 80	17 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	677 86	567 90	179 96
Joint	20	96 98	11 58	113 10	2 96	.....	274 56	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	236 47	196 40	100 06
Joint	19	296 69	149 85	637 96	32 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,414 15	983 25	490 90
Joint	18	108 73	72 60	215 20	7 96	.....	384 46	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	778 96	688 82	90 13
Joint	17	70 79	147 76	674 60	28 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,386 86	1,112 15	42 54
Joint	16	33 33	295 56	565 80	6 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	491 06	230 90	240 15
Joint	15	336 11	74 25	256 86	25 51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	375 02	363 50	11 52
Joint	14	234 04	40 96	190 00	9 39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,131 83	2,102 50	79 83
Joint	13	533 08	170 85	740 70	36 66	.....	630 66	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,354 12	1,012 06	322 07
Joint	12	196 57	113 13	540 40	28 43	.....	425 54	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,080 53	987 53	93 00
Joint	11	196 57	113 13	540 40	28 43	.....	181 21	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,344 57	1,069 20	253 87
Joint	10	396 04	108 29	302 50	41 49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,444 57	1,069 20	253 87
Joint	9	396 04	108 29	302 50	41 49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,444 57	1,069 20	253 87
Joint	8	224 17	133 46	606 25	32 51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,444 57	1,069 20	253 87
Joint	7	224 17	133 46	606 25	32 51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,444 57	1,069 20	253 87
Joint	6	99 06	92 74	130 24	12 40	.....	67 43	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	671 46	173 96	129 88
Joint	5	99 06	92 74	130 24	12 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	671 46	173 96	129 88
Joint	4	776 90	54 81	203 50	12 80	.....	275 41	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,101 84	533 70	743 04
Joint	3	316 71	168 39	444 56	24 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,101 84	533 70	743 04
Joint	2	316 71	168 39	444 56	24 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,101 84	533 70	743 04
Joint	1	968 10	\$3,541 40	\$2,541 40	\$45 66	.....	\$5,630 46	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,905 30	\$9,581 09	\$1,923 45

KERSHAW COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—I. J. MCKENZIE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$2,895 00	\$4,127 09	\$7,022 09	\$930 00	\$1,339 50	\$1,669 50	\$8,681 59	\$50 00	.....	\$821 50	\$50 00
2	.....	1,942 50	1,942 50	250 00	250 00	500 00	2,442 50	27 18	.....	62 25	7 95
3	.....	600 00	600 00	.....	145 00	145 00	745 00	.....	.....	15 00	.....
4	597 40	507 40	507 40	.....	75 00	75 00	672 40	.....	.....	30 00	.....
5	113 00	160 00	273 00	.....	100 00	100 00	373 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	87 96	90 00	177 96	.....	.....	.....	177 96	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	360 00	360 00	.....	.....	.....	360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	120 00	430 00	600 00	.....	150 00	150 00	750 00	.....	.....	13 60	.....
9	67 50	921 50	989 00	.....	680 00	680 00	1,669 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	560 00	253 00	813 00	.....	95 00	95 00	908 00	.....	.....	21 53	.....
11	.....	820 00	820 00	75 00	75 00	150 00	970 00	.....	.....	2 05	.....
12	743 50	793 10	1,541 60	150 00	360 00	510 00	2,051 60	.....	.....	16 15	.....
13	.....	360 00	360 00	.....	.....	.....	360 00	.....	.....	3 50	.....
14	.....	260 00	260 00	.....	99 25	99 25	359 25	12 90	.....	6 80	.....
15	165 00	97 00	262 00	.....	260 00	260 00	522 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	577 50	360 00	737 50	63 50	90 00	153 50	891 50	6 00	.....	13 42	.....
17	250 00	750 00	1,000 00	.....	120 00	120 00	1,120 00	30 75	.....	23 40	.....
18	236 25	278 00	511 25	.....	357 00	357 00	868 25	.....	.....	6 41	.....
19	.....	532 85	532 85	.....	.....	.....	532 85	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	120 00	.....	120 00	.....	.....	.....	120 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	250 00	225 00	475 00	.....	120 00	120 00	595 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	490 00	560 00	1,050 00	.....	100 00	100 00	1,150 00	.....	.....	1 00	.....
23	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	125 00	125 00	325 00	.....	.....	9 35	.....
24	200 00	.....	200 00	.....	50 00	50 00	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	213 75	.....	213 75	.....	75 00	75 00	288 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	360 00	360 00	.....	45 00	45 00	414 00	.....	.....	1 90	.....
27	.....	295 00	295 00	.....	.....	.....	295 00	.....	.....	11 95	.....
28	.....	222 60	222 60	.....	40 00	40 00	262 60	64 20	.....	21 50	.....
29	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	50 00	50 00	1,050 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	500 00	.....	500 00	.....	40 00	40 00	540 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
46	.....	205 00	205 00	.....	.....	.....	205 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County....	\$5,896 85	\$15,263 64	\$24,160 49	\$318 50	\$4,883 75	\$5,702 25	\$20,862 74	\$191 08	.....	\$244 95	\$90 95

KERSHAW COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. J. MCKENZIE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	\$452 50	\$4 50					\$15 00		\$7,864 00	\$1,717 00	\$9,581 00
2	53 10						15 00		2,100 00	507 96	2,607 96
3	21 70				\$384 96				966 80	146 00	1,102 80
4									507 70	76 00	583 70
5	15 75								288 75	100 00	388 75
6	1 00								178 96		178 96
7					119 08				479 08		479 08
8	14 90								628 50	150 00	778 50
9	5 20						15 00		1,009 30	680 00	1,689 30
10	8 00								842 53	96 00	937 53
11							40 00		862 06	150 00	1,012 06
12	4 75						80 00		1,592 50	510 00	2,102 50
13									363 50		363 50
14	5 21						40 00		326 61	96 25	422 86
15					23 10				290 90		290 90
16									788 20	873 96	1,662 16
17	38 64		\$157 50			\$110 96			1,232 34	183 50	1,415 84
18	13 40								568 82	120 00	688 82
19		5 00					15 00		571 25	362 00	933 25
20									126 41		126 41
21	1 00								477 90	120 00	597 90
22					206 95				1,206 30	100 00	1,306 30
23									200 00	125 00	325 00
24							40 00		240 00	50 00	290 00
25									315 65	75 00	390 65
26									380 96	45 00	425 96
27					221 30		40 00		642 00		642 00
28	5 30								227 80	40 00	267 80
40									1,050 00	50 00	1,100 00
46									705 00	40 00	745 00
Total for County...	\$644 45	\$0 50	\$187 50		\$206 38	\$110 95	\$250 00		\$26,863 81	\$5,883 65	\$32,747 46

*School wagon.

Number of District.	Public Schools.				Enrollment.													
	White.		Negro.		White.					Negro.								
	Town.	Country.	Town.	Country.	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.					
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.		
1	3	.....	1	3	251	202	613	.....	.....	.....	513	157	318	375	109	98	202	677
2	4	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	61	.....	.....	108	.....	.....	.....	228	372	600	500
3	3	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	57	.....	.....	98	.....	.....	.....	37	60	97	97
4	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	24	21	45	45
5	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	.....	23	30	53	53
6	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	.....	97	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	4	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	45	.....	.....	90	.....	.....	.....	68	66	.....	.....
9	3	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	.....	71	.....	.....	.....	140	140	280	280
10	1	.....	.....	1	27	28	55	.....	.....	.....	55	.....	.....	.....	50	51	101	101
11	2	.....	.....	.....	46	.....	.....	85	.....	.....	.....	55	77	132	132
12	1	.....	.....	4	50	50	100	.....	.....	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	85	100	185	185
13	35	.....	.....	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	.....	.....	.....	35	.....	.....	63	.....	.....	.....	25	30	55	55
15	25	.....	.....	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	35	.....	.....	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	4	.....	.....	.....	60	.....	.....	123	.....	.....	.....	110	117	227	227
18	2	.....	.....	.....	36	.....	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	68	88	153	153
19	2	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	20	24	44	44
20	2	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	.....	81	.....	.....	.....	93	107	200	200
21	36	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1	66	70	136	.....	.....	.....	90	.....	.....	.....	25	30	55	55
23	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	135	.....	.....	.....	30	40	70	70
24	2	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	.....	35	.....	.....	.....	28	28	52	52
25	1	.....	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	56	.....	.....	.....	12	8	20	20
26	1	.....	.....	.....	26	.....	.....	51	.....	.....	.....	12	13	25	25
27	1	.....	.....	.....	26	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	14	16	30	30
28	22	.....	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	20	21	41	41
30	25	.....	.....	55	.....	.....	.....	15	19	34	34
46	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	70	.....	.....	.....	15	25	40	40
Total for Co...	7	45	1	46	439	454	894	946	890	1,782	2,686	157	219	376	1,324	1,471	2,765	3,130

KERSHAW COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—I. J. MCKENZIE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.									
	White.					Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.			Grand Total
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls		Boys	Girls	Total	
1	181	180	370	.....	.....	370	78	118	196	.....
2	73	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	72	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	54	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	54	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	22	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	26	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	18	24	42	.....	.....	53	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	55	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	37	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	55	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	37	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	41	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	19	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	41	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	37	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	56	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	47	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	43	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	36	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	59	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	56	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	39	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	26	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	39	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	37	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	27	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	44	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	60	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	60	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	513	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	521	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	600	.....	.....	.....	.....
39	318	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	600	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	318	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	600	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	318	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	600	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	318	.....	.....	.....	.....
46	600	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....	387	318	600	521	513	1,034	78	118	196	1,961

KERSHAW COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—I. J. MCKENZIE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of Districts	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes		
	Area	White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women					
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade		Third Grade	
1	26	4	\$30,000 00	4	\$4,000 00	.....	2	\$2,500 00	\$500 00	3	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	13
2	35	4	5,000 00	4	2,000 00	.....	.....	650 00	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	4
3	36	3	1,000 00	2	200 00	.....	.....	155 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	3
4	10	1	550 00	1	65 00	.....	.....	290 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
5	15	1	800 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	85 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
6	16	1	800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	130 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
7	20	2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
8	25	4	800 00	2	180 00	1	.....	35 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	4
9	49	5	850 00	6	300 00	.....	2	135 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	8
10	23	1	500 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	135 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	3
11	40	2	1,200 00	2	150 00	.....	.....	135 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	3
12	44	3	1,250 00	4	200 00	.....	2	350 00	50 00	1	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	4
13	12	1	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	85 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
14	15	1	650 00	1	55 00	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2
15	16	2	150 00	.....	.....	1	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
16	48	2	2,100 00	4	800 00	.....	.....	250 00	50 00	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	3
17	36	2	1,600 00	2	200 00	.....	.....	325 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	3
18	25	2	700 00	2	175 00	.....	1	215 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
19	36	3	1,500 00	2	200 00	.....	1	110 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2
20	15	1	800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
21	17	2	650 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	65 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2
22	16	1	1,500 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	230 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	3
23	16	1	200 00	2	100 00	.....	.....	45 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	3
24	16	1	625 00	1	50 00	.....	1	105 00	10 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
25	9	1	250 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	80 00	10 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
26	9	1	500 00	1	60 00	.....	.....	130 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
27	9	1	650 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	135 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
28	15	1	200 00	1	50 00	.....	1	70 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
40	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
46	8	1	600 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	140 00	10 00	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2
Total for County.....	30	663	\$64,525 00	47	\$3,635 00	2	10	\$5,925 00	\$1,340 00	13	5	.....	47	8	1	.....	74

KEESHAW COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—I. J. MCKENZIE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Men			Women			White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes	Town	County	Town	County		
1	1			4	1		5	96	132	82	60	3	L. Miller, Camden.
2		2		1	1	1	4		60		80	3	F. H. Arrants, Camden, R. 1.
3				1	1		2		32		24	3	D. W. Jays, Camden, R. 1.
4						1	1		32		12	2	H. P. Davis, Camsett.
5							1		29		16	2	W. V.
6									14				T. R.
7							2		26				R. R.
8				2	2		4	53	62		94	3	N. E.
9				1			1		64		62	3	J. J.
10							1				16	3	J. W.
11							2	28	52		24	3	J. W.
12	1				2	1	4	28	64		80	3	R. R.
13							1		16		16	3	M. T.
14					1		1		20		40	3	A. F.
15					3	1	4		38		20	3	J. O.
16					1		1		32		24	3	A. W.
17	1						1		44		56	3	O. R.
18							2		48			3	S.
19					3		3		18		12	3	
20				1			1		40		16	3	
21							1	29	80		24	3	
22						1	1		16		8	3	
23					1		1		30		16	3	
24						1	1		30		10	3	
25						1	1		24		12	3	
26							1		18		8	3	
27							1	23	24		12	3	
28							1				8	3	
40							1				3	3	
46							1		24		3	3	
Total for Co.	8	2		11	19	18	68	210	960	33	600		

LANCASTER COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—A. C. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills.	Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
										School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Barberville	1	...	829 70	867 50	96 48	...	\$150 98	1	...	...	...	...	\$300 00	...	\$108 68	\$90 00	\$13 68
Pleasant Valley	2	\$100 00	81 00	165 00	26 50	...	162 16	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	893 48	617 24	306 24
Belair	3	165 00	99 00	235 00	44 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	705 26	587 50	117 76
Oscola	4	36 08	90 20	205 00	19 08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	950 08	844 70	6 38
Van Wyck	5	512 41	157 00	217 50	47 50	...	294 00	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,298 41	683 05	594 46
Waxhaw	6	5 24	35 75	81 25	7 80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	142 50	...	1,415 04	415 00	...
Riverside	7	3 06	85 25	198 75	18 60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	175 00	...	300 65	257 82	42 83
Crittigsville	8	8 93	90 75	206 25	19 80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	175 00	...	730 73	730 73	...
Jacksonham	9	24 90	72 60	165 00	15 84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	360 00	...	1,413 98	1,413 98	...
New Bethel	10	88 04	87 00	212 50	17 50	...	158 92	3	...	\$100 00	...	...	...	...	1,413 98	1,413 98	...
Tabernacle	11	...	73 15	166 25	15 96	...	88 00	2	...	83 00	...	...	...	...	1,413 98	1,413 98	...
Tradenville	12	50 77	77 00	168 75	86 00	...	163 12	4	...	100 00	...	...	...	...	1,239 64	1,239 64	...
Cane Creek	13	45 56	33 15	75 00	7 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,239 64	1,239 64	...
Lancaster	14	...	735 00	1,265 25	46 50	...	5,396 35	5	\$400 00	...	...	...	...	...	8,043 10	8,043 10	...
Camp Creek	15	7 24	66 00	248 75	8 50	...	66 19	2	...	66 19	...	...	...	...	812 87	712 12	100 75
Gills Creek	16	9 55	42 90	97 50	9 36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	169 31	142 70	16 61
Dixie	17	96 23	58 00	163 75	14 00	...	146 98	4	...	...	...	...	100 00	...	680 96	576 50	104 46
Carnes	18	12 43	61 00	175 00	17 50	...	34 06	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	239 99	227 67	72 32
Union	19	...	48 00	106 25	14 00	...	88 97	3	...	88 97	...	...	...	...	845 99	833 78	82 21
Oak Hill	20	3 99	44 00	75 00	26 00	...	130 58	4	...	100 00	...	...	...	...	879 57	866 00	23 57
Belle Town	21	45 85	90 85	183 75	17 64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	828 09	826 00	2 09
Douglas	22	9 95	67 10	162 50	14 64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	244 19	241 25	2 94
St. Luke	23	379 08	90 00	185 00	24 50	...	241 84	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	910 87	431 90	428 47
Fork Hill	24	127 32	84 00	251 25	15 50	...	107 63	3	...	100 00	...	...	...	...	865 70	688 17	102 53
White Bluff	25	133 01	55 00	125 00	33 00	...	104 98	24	...	...	...	...	150 00	...	863 27	804 10	59 17
Taxahaw	26	10 00	61 00	138 75	12 00	...	130 02	4	...	100 00	...	...	...	...	325 01	325 01	...
Lower Camp Creek	27	20 04	48 95	111 25	11 57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	450 27	436 25	14 02
Jones X Roads	28	66 50	57 00	161 25	16 50	...	64 87	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	191 81	158 70	33 11
Pleasant Hill	30	33 18	46 10	102 50	9 84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	368 12	348 10	20 02
Caston	31	43 16	98 00	266 25	46 00	...	72 19	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	190 62	177 45	13 17
Pleasant Plain	32	722 94	82 50	187 50	18 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	525 60	478 70	46 90
Charleboro	34	39 40	62 15	146 25	13 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,010 94	136 94	136 94
															261 36	254 25	7 11

LANCASTER COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—A. C. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills.	Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
										High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Tank	35	\$22 13	\$36 85	\$33 75	\$8 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$250 00	.....	\$150 78	\$150 78	.....
Dry Creek	36	26 32	89 00	223 75	23 50	.....	123 18	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	990 75	945 65	\$46 10
Bruce	37	.....	27 50	62 25	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	95 75	98 25	47
Heath Springs	38	78 00	151 00	835 00	16 50	.....	666 55	5	\$600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,833 90	2,933 90	.....
Oakhurst	39	381 96	75 00	156 25	23 00	.....	266 50	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	902 79	765 00	187 79
Kershaw	40	274 00	191 00	443 75	17 50	.....	1,042 45	8	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,368 70	2,368 70	.....
Haile Gold Mine	41	170 35	43 35	96 25	9 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	319 19	83 00	236 19
Midway	42	.....	33 00	75 00	7 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	115 20	115 20	.....
Flat Creek	43	16	77 00	175 00	16 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	268 96	268 96	.....
Montgomery	44	118 44	25 85	53 75	5 64	.....	65 74	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	208 68	87 50	121 18
Crenshaw	45	4 26	26 00	125 25	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	273 58	273 50	.....
Russell Place	46	4 75	44 00	125 00	12 00	.....	211 52	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	397 27	397 27	.....
Bethel	47	5 39	11 00	25 00	2 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43 99	27 50	.....
Unity	48	.....	67 00	140 00	13 00	.....	119 97	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	.....	639 97	247 50	16 49
Antioch	49	53 05	81 00	167 50	18 00	.....	151 12	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	570 67	482 68	892 47
Oak Ridge	50	35 61	20 35	46 25	4 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105 65	105 00	87 99
Bloomington	51	4 22	27 50	62 25	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	107 07	80 00	27 07
Total for County	50	\$3,987 80	\$3,988 50	\$3,980 75	\$380 86	.....	\$10,242 83	.....	\$1,800 00	\$681 89	.....	.....	\$2,392 50	\$3,129 35	\$36,064 48	\$32,548 34	\$3,536 14

LANCASTER COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. C. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Repairs		Rent		Grounds and Buildings		Libraries		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
25	\$520 00	.....	.....	.....	\$75 78	\$75 00	\$150 78
26	\$30 50	125 15	\$45 65
27	32 78	62 50	95 28
28	2,833 90	100 00	2,933 90
29	\$125 00	.....	.....	600 00	165 00	765 00
30	2,368 70	.....	2,368 70
41	33 00	50 00	83 00
42	115 20	.....	115 20
43	218 85	50 00	268 85
44	87 50	87 50
45	200 00	78 50	278 50
46	45 30	.....	.....	.....	357 27	40 00	397 27
47	37 50	.....	37 50
48	25 00	.....	.....	.....	211 25	36 25	247 50
49	425 65	57 08	482 68
50	105 00	.....	105 00
51	80 00	.....	80 00
Total for County....	\$125 62	.....	.....	.....	\$5,179 98	\$180 00	\$3 28	.....	\$23,754 76	\$3,738 58	\$27,493 34

LANCASTER COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. C. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Public Schools.				Enrollment.									
	White.		Negro.		White.					Negro.				
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total.	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total.
					Boys	Girls	Total.	Boys	Girls	Total.	Boys	Girls	Total.	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	25
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	57
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	96
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	132
5	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	178
6	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	60
7	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	106
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	118
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	40
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	76
11	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	43
12	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	36
13	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	35
14	2	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	37
15	2	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	119
16	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	40
17	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	61
18	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	60
19	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	35
20	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	32
21	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	38
22	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	98
23	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	90
24	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	91
25	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	63
26	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	44
27	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	38
28	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	94
29	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	72
30	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	53
31	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	87
32	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	67
33	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	29
34	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	29

LANCASTER COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. O. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.											
	White.					Negro.						
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		Grand Total
	Boys.	Girls.	Total	Boys.	Girls.		Total	Boys.	Girls.	Total		
1	22	31	53	53	75	128	156	174	330	42	50	92
2	40	35	75	75	80	155	15	12	27	15	12	27
3	60	30	90	90	80	170	25	20	45	25	20	45
4	20	20	40	40	40	80	20	20	40	20	20	40
5	20	25	45	45	45	90	15	15	30	15	15	30
6	10	5	15	15	15	30	15	20	35	15	20	35
7	15	20	35	35	33	68	45	45	90	45	45	90
8	15	18	33	33	20	53	15	18	33	15	18	33
9	12	8	20	20	71	91	30	25	55	30	25	55
10	25	35	60	60	60	120	15	15	30	15	15	30
11	15	20	35	35	35	70	12	15	27	12	15	27
12	15	20	35	35	35	70	8	15	23	8	15	23
13	4	6	10	10	10	20	156	174	330	42	50	92
14	196	197	393	393	75	468	15	12	27	15	12	27
15	45	30	75	75	30	105	25	20	45	25	20	45
16	15	15	30	30	50	65	20	20	40	20	20	40
17	25	25	50	50	65	115	10	10	20	10	10	20
18	30	35	65	65	35	100	15	15	30	15	15	30
19	15	20	35	35	20	55	10	10	20	10	10	20
20	8	12	20	20	20	40	15	15	30	15	15	30
21	15	12	27	27	27	54	35	40	75	35	40	75
22	15	18	33	33	33	66	34	36	70	34	36	70
23	30	25	55	55	55	110	35	30	65	35	30	65
24	45	40	85	85	85	170	20	22	42	20	22	42
25	60	61	121	121	40	201	15	15	30	15	15	30
26	20	20	40	40	50	90	12	12	24	12	12	24
27	20	30	50	50	4	54	25	25	50	25	25	50
28	8	1	9	9	4	13	20	19	39	20	19	39
29	12	20	32	32	23	55	32	32	64	32	32	64
30	12	10	22	22	23	45	30	30	60	30	30	60
31	44	36	80	80	90	170	80	80	160	80	80	160
32	43	47	90	90	90	180	24	26	50	24	26	50
33	24	28	52	52	52	104	10	11	21	10	11	21
34												
Grand Total	196	197	393	393	75	468	156	174	330	42	50	92

LANCASTER COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. C. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
35	...	...	...	1	5	6	...	...	...	20	23	43
36	...	...	...	20	25	45	...	...	...	55	56	111
37	...	...	...	6	4	9	...	...	...	12	14	26
38	51	60	111	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	...	...	...	12	18	30	...	49	71	...	...	...
40	59	87	146	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	15	27
41	...	...	...	11	12	23	...	60	87	...	...	...
42	...	...	...	15	18	33	...	...	...	11	12	23
43	...	...	...	40	39	79	...	...	...	16	19	35
44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	18	38
45	...	...	...	14	13	27	...	...	...	24	25	49
46	...	...	...	20	22	42	...	...	...	23	49	77
47	...	...	...	10	6	16	...	...	...	18	20	38
48	...	...	...	24	12	36	...	...	...	...	...	...
49	...	...	...	45	40	85	...	...	...	24	28	52
50	...	...	...	20	18	38	...	...	...	20	20	40
51	...	...	...	18	15	33	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total for County.....	306	344	650	1,019	1,021	2,040	223	265	488	1,087	1,180	2,217
						2,600						2,705

LANCASTER COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. C. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Area	Public School Buildings				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes	
		White		Negro		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women				
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
1	9	1	\$250 00	1	\$75 00			\$25 00	10 00	1				1			
2	9	1	1,700 00	1	100 00			75 00	10 00								
3	11	1	1,200 00	1	100 00	1		100 00	15 00					1			
4	10	1	800 00	2	150 00			50 00	25 00					1			
5	14	1	500 00	2	150 00			75 00	50 00	1							
6	12	1	500 00	1	75 00			100 00	25 00					1			
7	10	2	450 00	1	75 00			50 00	15 00					2			
8	12	2	1,600 00	2	150 00			150 00	25 00					1			
9	9	1	600 00	2	175 00			50 00	25 00					1			
10	10	1	2,000 00	1	200 00			300 00	25 00	1							
11	9	1	1,000 00				1	200 00	5 00					1			
12	11	1	1,700 00	1	100 00			200 00	10 00					1			
13	9	1	900 00	1	100 00			25 00	10 00					1			
14	16	2	20,000 00	1	7,000 00			2,500 00	1,000 00	3				11			
15	10	2	2,500 00				2	150 00	25 00	1				1			
16	5	1	200 00	1	75 00			50 00	15 00					1			
17	10	1	1,800 00	1	150 00			150 00	15 00	1				1			
18	9	2	1,200 00	1	375 00			150 00	25 00	1				1			
19	9	1	1,200 00					100 00						1			
20	9	1	300 00	1	250 00			50 00	25 00					1			
21	10	1	500 00	1	100 00			75 00	20 00	1							
22	9	1	800 00	1	200 00			100 00	25 00					1			
23	10	1	1,000 00	1	250 00			200 00	25 00					1			
24	9	1	1,200 00	1	200 00			200 00	20 00					2			
25	10	2	2,500 00	1	250 00			200 00	25 00					1			
26	9	1	800 00	1	200 00			75 00	15 00					1			
27	10	1	1,000 00	1	150 00			100 00	20 00					1			
28	10	1	250 00	1	100 00			25 00	20 00								
29	11	1	500 00	1	250 00			100 00	25 00					1			
30	11	1	400 00	1	200 00			75 00	20 00					1			
31	10	1	1,000 00	1	250 00			100 00	20 00					1			
32	9	1	1,000 00	1	250 00			100 00	20 00								
33	12	1	2,000 00	1	250 00			150 00	20 00	1							
34	10	1	500 00	1	250 00			50 00	25 00								

LANCASTER COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. C. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.				Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.						Total for Both Sexes
		White.		Negro.		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women					
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade			
35	9	1	\$200 00	1	\$150 00			\$25 00	\$20 00	1				1			1	
36	18	1	2,000 00	2	200 00			200 00	50 00								1	
37	9	1	100 00	1	50 00			25 00	15 00								1	
38	10	1	4,500 00	1	200 00			884 00	100 00	1				6			7	
39	9	1	800 00	1	150 00			100 00	25 00	1							1	
40	9	1	12,000 00	1	1,000 00			800 00	440 00	1				6			7	
41	9	1		1	100 00		1	25 00	25 00								1	
42	10	1	300 00	1	150 00			25 00	15 00	1							1	
43	9	1	600 00	1	100 00		1	50 00	15 00	1							1	
44	9																1	
45	9	1	150 00	1	100 00			50 00	15 00	1				1			2	
46	9	1	800 00	1	100 00			100 00	15 00					1			1	
47	4	1	50 00					15 00						1			1	
48	9	1	200 00	1	50 00			25 00	15 00					1			1	
49	9	1	2,000 00	1	150 00			150 00	25 00	1				1			2	
50	9	1	200 00	1				50 00		1							1	
51	5	1	150 00					25 00						1			1	
Total for County.....	50	54	\$36,100 00	45	\$14,500 00	2	4	\$3,540 00	\$2,420 00	21	1			59	4		84	

Number & District	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Men			Women			White		Negro		White	Negro		
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Town	Country	Town	Country				
														Total for Both Sexes
1						1		10			12	2 1/2	H. D.	R. 1.
2						1		24			12	2	D. J.	R. 1.
3						1		52			24	2 1/2	J. T.	R. 1.
4						1		20			24	2 1/2	J. E.	R. 1.
5						1		32			10	2	J. E.	R. 1.
6						1		12			12	2	R. J.	R. 1.
7						1		52			40	2	J. J.	R. 1.
8						1		48			20	2	J. G.	R. 1.
9						1		12			12	2 1/2	D. G.	R. 1.
10						1		16			10	2	U. H.	R. 1.
11	1							50			10	2 1/2	H. T.	R. 1.
12								12			10	2	T. L.	R. 1.
13	2							52			32	2	A. J.	R. 1.
14								16			8	1 1/2	J. A.	R. 1.
15								32			12	2	J. E.	R. 1.
16								64			12	2 1/2	A. T.	R. 1.
17								30			10	2 1/2	J. D.	R. 1.
18								24			10	2 1/2	W. L.	R. 1.
19								20			10	2 1/2	A. B.	R. 1.
20								30			12	2	J. S.	R. 1.
21								30			12	2	J. W.	R. 1.
22								36			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
23								20			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
24								34			12	2	J. W.	R. 1.
25								18			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
26								24			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
27								32			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
28								12			10	2 1/2	J. W.	R. 1.
29								16			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
30								12			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
31								10			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
32								10			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
33								10			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.
34								10			10	2	J. W.	R. 1.

LANCASTER COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. C. ROWELL, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers								Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman		
	Men				Women				White		Negro		White	Negro			
	First Grade		Second Grade		Third Grade		First Grade		Second Grade		Third Grade					Town	Country
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade	Town	Country	Town	Country					
35	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	H. B. Perry, Lancaster, R. 2.			
36	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	B. A. Gainer, Lancaster, R. 2.			
37	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	W. M. Bruce, Heath Springs, R. 2.			
38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	G. F. Mobley, Heath Springs, R. 2.			
39	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	L. R. M. A. C.			
40	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
41	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	A. R. A. C.			
42	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
43	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
44	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
45	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
46	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
47	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
48	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
49	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
51	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	2 1/2	2 1/2	R. M. C.			
Total for Co.	7	5	6	7	5	5	30	30	140	1,036	64	546					

LAURENS COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—GEO. L. PITTS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Laboratory.	Building.				
Laurens	10	\$101 33	\$107 00	\$389 00	\$41 50	.....	\$229 12	2 1/2	\$100 00	.....	\$5 00	\$300 00	\$2,356 39	\$3,719 34	\$3,755 49	\$36 16
Laurens	11	2,336 16	563 00	1,970 00	45 00	.....	4,117 96	4	\$351 50	.....	5 00	.....	4,328 62	13,711 23	11,726 50	1,984 73
Ora	12	100 08	125 00	418 00	55 50	.....	281 41	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	12 21	999 20	824 60	174 60
Cross Hill	13	541 40	175 00	444 00	34 50	.....	618 23	4	500 00	.....	.....	.....	1,028 24	2,258 48	2,602 50	344 02
Waterloo	14	30 56	118 00	381 00	33 00	.....	357 11	3	245 00	.....	.....	300 00	1,004 50	2,406 70	2,502 86	96 16
Hurricane	15	90 56	75 00	242 00	25 00	.....	466 62	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	101 50	940 68	466 57	474 11
Mountville	16	338 03	143 00	408 00	55 00	.....	947 58	4 1/2	510 00	.....	.....	50 00	146 92	2,598 53	2,312 61	285 92
Laurens	1	91 82	128 00	473 00	81 00	.....	488 66	4	100 00	100 00	.....	.....	11 80	1,400 25	1,252 61	147 64
Laurens	2	205 19	162 00	270 00	31 00	.....	220 80	2	100 00	100 00	5 00	.....	.....	615 45	747 15	77 47
Laurens	3	512 55	116 00	293 00	38 50	.....	131 26	2	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	1,153 59	671 95	110 46
Laurens	4	654 72	276 00	718 00	67 00	.....	203 24	2	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	2,434 80	1,865 94	491 64
Laurens	5	390 25	78 00	246 00	30 50	.....	705 02	2	.....	.....	.....	125 00	3 56	833 23	570 00	1,068 56
Laurens	6	186 24	76 00	221 00	38 00	.....	162 91	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	251 50	888 74	890 00	262 32
Youngs	1	19 79	143 00	537 00	42 00	.....	.....	.....	100 00	100 00	.....	.....	260 00	1,324 13	1,493 33	109 20
Youngs	2	39 32	48 00	220 00	32 50	.....	211 92	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	299 21	305 00	5 79
Youngs	3	61 01	83 00	324 00	45 00	.....	160 63	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	676 14	645 30	130 84
Youngs	4	12 36	66 00	263 00	32 50	.....	107 62	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	2 50	545 48	420 75	134 73
Youngs	5	102 33	58 00	101 00	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	389 83	341 25	28 58
Dials	6	29 36	84 00	277 00	36 00	.....	162 78	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	510 21	673 57	83 36
Dials	1	35 12	84 00	185 00	20 00	.....	145 12	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	583 83	1,035 14	171 81
Dials	2	193 50	117 00	338 00	44 00	.....	106 70	2	200 00	.....	.....	.....	158 75	701 50	608 90	92 60
Dials	3	254 42	174 00	648 00	38 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	10 00	1,001 50	1,007 47	381 25
Dials	4	13 69	101 00	352 00	46 50	.....	322 14	2	390 00	.....	5 00	.....	5 00	1,946 22	1,607 89	341 25
Dials	5	246 25	81 00	132 00	32 50	.....	208 32	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,780 12	1,827 89	47 76
Dials	6	76 76	33 00	138 00	15 00	.....	65 46	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 19	513 00	443 50	60 40
Dials	7	44 38	95 00	401 00	11 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	193 28	1,849 78	92 85
Sullivan	8	3 00	55 00	238 00	17 50	.....	210 78	3	.....	100 00	.....	200 00	612 29	1,472 40	1,849 78	177 09
Sullivan	9	77 75	40 00	163 00	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	213 50	287 50	28 00
Sullivan	10	37 00	82 00	124 00	22 50	.....	88 39	2	83 00	83 00	.....	67 00	202 00	313 14	489 70	87 97
Sullivan	11	36 37	61 00	169 00	35 00	.....	112 99	4	100 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	443 08	491 07	50 91
Sullivan	12	89 62	107 00	261 00	48 00	.....	176 25	2 1/2	100 00	100 00	.....	.....	6 41	788 28	693 23	150 04
Sullivan	13	661 20	47 00	191 00	10 00	.....	356 94	3	.....	.....	.....	175 00	178 19	1,618 33	1,310 11	308 22
Waterloo	14	13 49	42 00	197 00	17 00	.....	162 12	8	100 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	631 61	947 46	15 84
Waterloo	15	49 79	40 00	138 00	12 00	.....	55 09	2	78 60	78 60	.....	.....	.....	871 43	372 76	1 27

LAURENS COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—GEO. L. PETER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 2-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Waterloo	2	\$1 00	\$71 00	\$238 00	\$20 00	.....	\$88 05	2	.....	\$83 00	.....	.....	\$7 67	\$609 41	\$499 35	\$10 00
Waterloo	4	94 61	32 00	77 00	7 50	.....	40 28	2	.....	43 92	.....	.....	.....	285 31	353 80	—68 57
Waterloo	5	73 48	37 00	238 00	11 00	.....	98 58	2	.....	100 00	\$125 00	.....	188 34	858 28	714 31	145 07
Waterloo	9	237 70	68 00	197 00	16 00	.....	209 82	2	.....	.....	85 00	.....	20 63	764 15	677 16	176 99
Waterloo	1	39 79	48 00	204 00	14 50	.....	151 18	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	557 47	554 80	2 67
Cross Hill	1	179 56	85 00	328 00	11 00	.....	100 44	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	661 00	673 13	—12 13
Cross Hill	2	146 34	89 00	146 00	25 50	.....	97 45	2	.....	89 15	.....	.....	1 17	694 01	465 00	130 01
Cross Hill	3	17 37	70 00	210 00	25 00	.....	70 58	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	287 62	302 37	—14 74
Cross Hill	4	289 79	55 00	300 00	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 22	733 62	370 00	363 62
Cross Hill	5	5 14	25 00	108 00	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	149 14	186 35	—37 21
Cross Hill	6	.....	49 00	220 00	8 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42 83	318 33	305 36	12 97
Hunter	1	29 33	50 00	279 00	15 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 50	376 39	381 71	—6 33
Hunter	2	162 15	44 00	165 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	387 65	280 00	107 65
Hunter	3	80 89	71 00	214 00	21 50	.....	107 00	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 76	497 15	563 93	—66 78
Hunter	4	—21 00	70 00	150 00	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	221 00	341 00	—130 00
Hunter	5	1,782 56	629 00	1,456 00	36 50	.....	2,789 81	3	\$683 50	.....	5 00	300 00	23 41	7,445 78	7,568 94	—148 18
Hunter	6	80 92	166 00	203 00	15 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 42	432 55	—12 13
Hunter	7	66 28	87 00	144 00	11 00	.....	166 13	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	205 98	280 00	—54 72
Hunter	8	—27 58	63 00	144 00	39 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 00	470 06	432 58	37 47
Jacks	1	1 46	48 00	107 00	13 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	257 98	285 00	—27 04
Jacks	2	184 02	62 00	134 00	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	412 08	330 00	82 02
Jacks	3	250 35	92 00	285 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	653 86	474 40	184 46
Jacks	4	321 16	29 00	197 00	13 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 50	460 16	125 00	335 16
Jacks	5	448 78	43 00	232 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	740 29	380 00	360 29
Jacks	6	2 00	33 00	157 00	19 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	211 00	215 00	—4 00
Scuffletown	1	9 66	83 00	212 00	37 50	.....	82 97	2	.....	79 71	.....	.....	.....	516 34	467 45	48 89
Scuffletown	2	93 48	53 00	283 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 00	679 46	442 00	237 46
Scuffletown	3	156 00	48 00	198 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 00	415 00	340 00	79 00
Scuffletown	4	40 38	107 00	270 00	48 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 50	467 38	399 00	68 38
Total for County	65	\$9,921 92	\$6,053 00	\$19,564 00	\$1,753 00	.....	\$15,588 38	.....	\$3,000 00	\$1,265 28	\$40 00	\$1,642 00	11,252 00	\$70,835 29	\$64,781 05	\$6,114 23

*Consolidated with Hunter, No 2. †For High School at Mountville. Outstanding deficits from 1909-10 paid from revenues of 1910-11, \$1,119.89.

LAURENS COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—GEO. L. PITTS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.					Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.		Total for Both Races.	White.	Negro.	
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.				Total.
Lauford	10	\$2,410 00	\$800 00	\$3,210 00	\$135 00	\$935 00	\$145 38	\$54 00	\$98 00
Laurens	11	5,638 85	8,048 85	\$3,515 00	915 00	8,963 85	164 00	360 00	24 60
Ora	12	665 00	665 00		135 00	800 00			
Cross Hill	13	810 00	2,575 00		27 50	2,602 50			
Waterloo	14	600 00	1,120 00	00 00	75 00	1,255 00			
Hurricane	15	321 00	321 00		55 00	376 00			
Mountville	16	720 00	1,985 00		100 00	2,035 00			
Laurens	1	1,100 00	1,100 00		120 00	1,220 00	83 71		
Laurens	2	600 00	600 00		75 00	735 00			
Laurens	3	375 00	375 00		81 25	456 25			
Laurens	4	474 45	474 45	75 00	75 00	624 45	93 56		
Laurens	5	836 00	1,185 99	60 00	60 00	1,305 99	19 36		
Laurens	6	320 00	320 00		75 00	395 00	36 40		
Youngs	1	645 00	1,030 00		75 00	1,105 00			
Youngs	2	245 00	245 00	40 00		285 00	71 67		
Youngs	3	457 00	457 00		40 00	497 00			
Youngs	4	325 00	325 00		75 00	400 00			
Youngs	5	281 25	281 25		60 00	341 25	20 75		
Youngs	6	293 85	593 85			593 85			
Dials	1	300 00	483 06		60 00	543 06	15 51		
Dials	2	483 06	483 06			483 06			
Dials	3	560 00	990 00		33 65	993 65			
Dials	4	400 00	400 00		90 00	590 00			
Dials	5	640 00	1,301 41		125 00	1,426 41			
Dials	6	669 69	669 69		100 00	769 69			
Dials	7	382 00	382 00			382 00			
Dials	8	120 15	120 15		25 00	145 15			
Sullivan	1	222 28	742 28	00 00	62 50	894 78	125 00	15 28	
Sullivan	2	225 00	225 00		62 50	287 50		30 00	
Sullivan	3	565 11	565 11			565 11			
Sullivan	4	375 15	375 15			375 15	7 35		
Sullivan	5	456 37	456 37		37 50	493 87			
Sullivan	6	536 20	536 20		37 50	613 40			
Sullivan	7	100 11	520 11		80 00	600 11			
Waterloo	1	420 00	420 00		75 00	535 50		10 00	
Waterloo	2	460 50	460 50		75 00	535 50			
Waterloo	3	285 25	285 25		75 00	360 25		12 50	

LAURENS COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—GEO. L. PITTS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of Districts	Repairs.		Haul.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
Lauford	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2,596 11	.....	\$25 00	.....	\$3,620 49	\$135 00	\$3,755 49
Laurens	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,125 00	.....	25 65	.....	10,713 50	1,013 00	11,726 50
Ora	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	689 60	125 00	814 60
Grove Hill	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,575 00	27 50	2,602 50
Total	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,721 11	.....	.....	.....	16,998 59	1,175 50	18,174 09

LAUREN'S COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—GEO. L. PITTS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
Waterloo	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$430 35	\$90 00	\$520 35
Waterloo	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	114 88	.....	.....	.....	808 88	50 00	\$858 88
Waterloo	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00	.....	.....	.....	654 81	60 00	\$714 81
Waterloo	6	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$15 00	.....	.....	518 04	50 12	\$568 16
Waterloo	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	57 00	.....	.....	.....	504 80	50 00	\$554 80
Cross Hill	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 80	119 50	\$620 30
Cross Hill	2	110 60	.....	\$15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	406 80	119 50	\$526 30
Cross Hill	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	227 87	75 00	\$302 87
Cross Hill	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	245 00	125 00	\$370 00
Cross Hill	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	135 00	51 85	\$186 85
Cross Hill	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	230 80	79 00	\$309 80
Hunter	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	45 40	.....	.....	.....	306 71	80 00	\$386 71
Hunter	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	.....	.....	200 00	80 00	\$280 00
Hunter	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	438 83	125 00	\$563 83
Hunter	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	801 00	40 00	\$841 00
Hunter	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,200 00	.....	.....	.....	6,968 96	600 00	\$7,568 96
Hunter	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	348 50	84 00	\$432 50
Hunter	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	60 00	\$260 00
Hunter	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	570 08	62 50	\$632 58
Jacks	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	246 00	40 00	\$286 00
Jacks	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 00	50 00	\$300 00
Jacks	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	411 90	62 50	\$474 40
Jacks	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	100 00	\$125 00
Jacks	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	180 00	190 00	\$370 00
Jacks	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	82 45	.....	.....	.....	166 00	90 00	\$256 00
Scuffletown	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	877 45	90 00	\$967 45
Scuffletown	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	382 00	80 00	\$462 00
Scuffletown	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	90 00	\$370 00
Scuffletown	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	319 00	80 00	\$399 00
Total for County...	65	\$617 75	.....	\$181 06	.....	\$10,811 35	.....	\$146 48	.....	\$68,891 48	\$6,329 57	\$75,221 05

LAURENS COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—GEO. L. PITTS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.				Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes
		White		Negro		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men		Women		Third Grade				
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade		Second Grade			
Lanford	10	13.0	1	\$3,000 00	1	\$100 00	1	1	\$270 00	\$50 00								
Laurens	11	7.0	2	60,000 00		2,000 00		1	2,000 00	550 00	2							
Ora	12	14.0	1	400 00	2	300 00			150 00	70 00								
Cross Hill	13	15.5	1	10,000 00	1	70 00			200 00	60 00	1							
Waterloo	14	14.0	1	1,500 00	1	75 00			240 00	70 00	1							
Hurricane	15	15.0	1	1,200 00	1	60 00			100 00	30 00								
Mountville	16	13.0	1	1,400 00	1	100 00			230 00	46 00	1							
Laurens	1	11.0	1	1,000 00	2	160 00			100 00	60 00								
Laurens	2	12.5	1	400 00	1	100 00			100 00	54 00								
Laurens	3	12.5	1	400 00	1	120 00			120 00	50 00	1							
Laurens	4	12.0	1	700 00	1	300 00			150 00	60 00								
Laurens	5	15.0	1	2,000 00	1	200 00			130 00	130 00	1							
Laurens	6	13.0	2	1,800 00	1	200 00		1	130 00	60 00								
Youngs	7	14.0	2	3,500 00	1	170 00			230 00	50 00								
Youngs	8	13.5	1	800 00	1	100 00			200 00	60 00	1							
Youngs	9	12.5	2	700 00	1	90 00			100 00	40 00								
Youngs	4	12.0	1	400 00	1	100 00			100 00	40 00								
Youngs	5	11.0	1	400 00	1	90 00			70 00	34 00								
Youngs	6	11.5	1	700 00	1	100 00			130 00	45 00								
Dials	1	12.5	1	1,400 00					200 00		1							
Dials	2	11.8	1	700 00	1	150 00			90 00	30 00								
Dials	3	12.5	1	900 00	1	200 00			95 00	40 00	1							
Dials	4	11.0	1	600 00	1	300 00			70 00	30 00								
Dials	5	12.7	1	3,000 00	1	90 00			100 00	40 00								
Dials	6	12.0	1	300 00	1	100 00			50 00	30 00	1							
Dials	7	11.5	1	400 00	1	90 00			75 00	35 00								
Dials	8	11.5	1	250 00	1	90 00			50 00	20 00								
Dials	9	10.0	1	250 00	1	90 00			50 00	20 00								
Sullivan	1	13.5	2	1,200 00	2	200 00			150 00	74 00	1							
Sullivan	2	11.0	1	400 00	1	90 00			50 00	30 00								
Sullivan	3	12.0	1	600 00	1	100 00			125 00	50 00								
Sullivan	4	11.0	1	900 00	1	100 00			100 00	70 00								
Sullivan	5	11.0	1	550 00	1	125 00			100 00	40 00								
Sullivan	6	13.0	1	800 00	1	125 00			130 00	60 00								
Sullivan	7	9.5	1	1,000 00	1	100 00			140 00	40 00	1							
Sullivan	8	10.4	1	800 00	1	125 00			90 00	30 00								
Waterloo	1	10.4	1	300 00	1	100 00			80 00	40 00								
Waterloo	2	11.0	1	300 00	1	100 00			80 00	40 00								

LAURENS COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—GEO. L. PITTS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.			Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.					
			White.		Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	Total for Both Sexes.	Men.			Women.		
			No.	Value With Grounds.							First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.	First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.
Waterloo	3	12.5	1	\$700 00	1	\$130 00			\$120 00	\$50 00	1					1
Waterloo	4	13.0	1	300 00	1	100 00			90 00	30 00				1		1
Waterloo	5	10.5	1	700 00	1	100 00			90 00	40 00				1		1
Waterloo	6	10.0	1	400 00	1	90 00			80 00	30 00						1
Waterloo	7	10.0	2	600 00	1	100 00			150 00	40 00	1					2
Cross Hill	1	11.7	1	400 00	1	100 00			100 00	40 00				1		1
Cross Hill	2	10.0	1	400 00	1	90 00			100 00	30 00				1		1
Cross Hill	3	11.0	1	600 00	1	90 00			90 00	40 00				1		1
Cross Hill	4	12.0	1	400 00	1	80 00			80 00	40 00				1		1
Cross Hill	5	12.0	1	250 00	1	90 00			90 00	40 00				1		1
Cross Hill	6	10.0	1	100 00	1	90 00			70 00	30 00				1		1
Cross Hill	7	10.0	1	200 00	1	90 00	1		60 00	30 00				1		1
Hunter	1	13.0	1	250 00	1	90 00			70 00	40 00				1		1
Hunter	2	12.0	1	200 00	1	70 00			40 00	20 00				1		1
Hunter	3	12.5	1	200 00	1	90 00			70 00	40 00				1		1
Hunter	4	11.8	1	400 00	1	70 00			90 00	30 00				1		1
Hunter	5	13.0	2	20,000 00	1	250 00	1		500 00	150 00	1			6		7
Hunter	6	11.0	1	200 00	1	90 00			100 00	60 00				1		1
Hunter	7	12.5	1	200 00	1	40 00			90 00	40 00				1		1
Hunter	8	11.0	1	250 00	1	60 00			100 00	60 00				1		1
Jacks	1	10.5	1	300 00	1	90 00			70 00	30 00				1		1
Jacks	2	11.8	1	200 00	1	90 00			70 00	30 00				1		1
Jacks	3	12.0	1	180 00	1	70 00			50 00	25 00				1		1
Jacks	4	11.0			1	60 00				30 00						
Jacks	5	10.5	1	170 00	1	40 00			60 00	30 00				1		1
Jacks	6	11.0	1	200 00	1	70 00			70 00	30 00				1		1
Scuffletown	1	13.0	1	150 00	1	90 00			60 00	40 00				1		1
Scuffletown	2	12.0	1	700 00	1	100 00			90 00	30 00				1		1
Scuffletown	3	13.0	1	200 00	1	90 00			90 00	40 00				1		1
Scuffletown	4	12.0	1	400 00	1	125 00			130 00	45 00				1		1
Total for County	65	778.9	73	\$123,570 00	67	\$9,270 00	3	2	\$90,525 00	\$3,195 00	17			107	5	129

	Number of District.	Number of Teachers.							Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
		Men.			Women.			Total for Both Sexes	White		Negro		White	Negro	
		First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	Country	Town	Country			
Lauford	10	1			1			1	32		32		2 1/4	1	A. W. Sims, Waterloo.
Laurens	11	1						1	32		32		2 1/4	1	
Ora	12	1						1	32		32		2 1/4	1	
Cross Hill	13		2					2	32		32		2 1/4	2	
Waterloo	14	1						1	32		32		2 1/4	2	
Hurricane	15		1					1	32		32		2 1/4	2	
Mountville	16		1					1	32		32		2 1/4	2	
Laurens	1				1			1					2 1/4	2	
Laurens	2		1					1					2 1/4	2	
Laurens	3												2 1/4	2	
Laurens	4	1											2 1/4	2	
Laurens	5	1											2 1/4	2	
Laurens	6												2 1/4	2	
Laurens	7												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	8												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	9												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	10												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	11												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	12												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	13												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	14												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	15												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	16												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	17												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	18												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	19												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	20												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	21												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	22												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	23												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	24												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	25												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	26												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	27												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	28												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	29												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	30												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	31												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	32												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	33												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	34												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	35												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	36												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	37												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	38												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	39												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	40												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	41												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	42												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	43												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	44												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	45												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	46												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	47												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	48												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	49												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	50												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	51												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	52												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	53												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	54												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	55												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	56												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	57												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	58												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	59												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	60												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	61												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	62												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	63												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	64												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	65												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	66												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	67												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	68												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	69												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	70												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	71												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	72												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	73												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	74												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	75												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	76												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	77												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	78												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	79												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	80												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	81												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	82												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	83												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	84												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	85												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	86												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	87												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	88												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	89												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	90												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	91												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	92												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	93												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	94												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	95												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	96												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	97												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	98												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	99												2 1/4	2	
Youngs	100												2 1/4	2	

LAURENS COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—GEO. L. PITTS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total for Both Sexes	Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name	Postoffice of Chairman		
	Negro.							White		Negro		White	Negro				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	Country	Town	Country						
Waterloo	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2 1/4	T. H. M.	
Waterloo	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	E. M. Andy	
Waterloo	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	J. D. L.	
Waterloo	2	2	W. B. L.	
Waterloo	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2 1/4	2 1/4	E. B. O.	
Cross Hill	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	O. B. H.	
Cross Hill	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	B. S. S.	
Cross Hill	2	2	C. M. T.	
Cross Hill	2	2	J. F. J.	
Cross Hill	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	J. L. L.	
Hunter	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	H. M. G.	
Hunter	2	2	R. L. C.	
Hunter	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	B. L. H.	
Hunter	1	..	..	..	..	..	8	72	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	J. A. J.	
Hunter	2	2 1/4	J. W. J.	Pitts, Clinton.
Hunter	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	R. H. J.	Pitts, Renno.
Jacks	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	P. M. S.	O. Ray, Renno.
Jacks	2	2 1/4	W. S. W.	Glenn, Clinton.
Jacks	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	L. L. W.	Lynn, Clinton.
Jacks	2	2	F. L. D.	Donndh, Clinton.
Jacks	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	W. M. M.	Myers, Clinton.
Jacks	2	2	R. H. H.	Holland, Clinton.
Jacks	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	F. W. L.	Little, Laurens.
Scuffletown
Scuffletown
Scuffletown
Scuffletown
Total for Co.	65	8	6	31	23	6	72	376	1,626	96	391	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

LEE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. T. MUNNERYLYN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Bishopville	1	\$243 32	\$555 00	\$1,134 72	\$35 00	.....	\$4,990 86	8	\$600 00	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	\$7,558 90	\$7,370 90	\$188 99
Cedar Creek	2	213 00	213 00	693 76	59 50	.....	520 05	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,665 64	1,470 25	195 39
Lucknow	3	15 50	75 00	151 68	22 00	.....	77 04	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	347 31	342 15	5 16
Schrocks Mill	4	3 38	213 00	78 72	25 00	.....	104 79	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	298 57	296 86	1 71
Ready Branch	5	21 07	112 00	255 36	23 00	.....	144 70	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	556 22	556 22	.....
Spring Hill	6	25 71	220 00	514 56	34 50	.....	288 84	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$50 50	1,124 11	1,093 22	110 89
Central Crossing	7	14 27	110 00	370 56	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 83	547 45	53 38
Carvers Creek	8	76 27	125 00	822 56	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	495 72	492 83	2 89
Medicetown	9	24 16	95 00	274 56	36 50	.....	97 34	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	585 67	582 65	3 02
Mt. Clio	10	61 73	150 00	429 40	88 00	.....	223 80	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	961 37	964 13	2 76
Harmony	11	137 17	150 00	429 40	13 00	.....	257 18	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	964 64	963 06	1 58
McDonalds	12	76 86	255 00	535 68	41 00	.....	1,206 80	4	440 00	.....	\$5 00	.....	.....	2,477 43	2,516 10	38 67
Leitchburg	13	.....	65 00	189 48	92 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	367 06	211 35	155 71
Shiloh	14	147 53	65 00	128 54	92 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 90	240 00	90
Lynch's	15	2 45	80 00	324 50	30 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	480 95	473 73	7 22
Cypress	16	10 46	180 00	376 22	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	968 18	969 32	208 86
Hebron	17	438 06	180 00	376 22	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	965 81	953 01	132 80
Ashtand	18	285 76	105 00	353 20	24 50	.....	375 80	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	668 06	322 15	375 93
Liberty Hill	19	6 14	73 00	184 32	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	169 24	160 50	8 74
Turkey Creek	20	35 15	85 00	197 76	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	314 91	342 86	2 95
Newson	21	8 45	73 00	101 76	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 00	230 21	237 50	7 29
Sylvan	22	57 90	171 00	368 25	37 50	.....	243 30	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	979 79	999 50	19 71
Herriot	23	118 92	171 00	368 25	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,063 31	890 80	172 51
Wisekey	24	56 43	269 00	568 82	60 00	.....	489 86	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,442 61	1,384 10	58 51
Rock Hill	25	4 55	124 00	244 24	28 50	.....	156 91	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	867 20	671 20	19 00
Beverdam	26	100 26	115 00	322 66	27 00	.....	201 88	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	766 70	624 15	142 55
Salem	27	56 70	60 00	232 56	12 00	.....	136 60	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	973 16	972 86	30
Payson	28	6 91	85 00	119 04	24 00	.....	99 70	3	.....	36 00	.....	\$450 00	.....	378 65	378 15	50
Atkins	29	128 86	137 00	526 08	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	824 94	697 25	127 69
St. Charles	30	45 18	122 00	163 20	33 00	.....	250 18	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	613 56	613 56	.....
General Fund	31	480 53	.....	44 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	614 22	173 00	441 22
Total for County	31	\$2,801 62	\$4,251 00	\$10,312 21	\$883 00	.....	\$10,223 86	.....	\$1,040 00	\$236 00	\$10 00	\$450 00	\$202 80	\$30,410 49	\$28,237 20	\$2,173 29

LEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. T. MUNNERY, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	1	\$2,112 80	\$2,900 00	\$4,012 80		\$472 50	\$472 50	\$6,485 80			\$754 08	
	2		1,072 00	1,072 00		190 00	100 00	1,233 00			20 75	
	3		240 00	240 00		68 75	68 75	308 75			5 60	
	4		286 85	286 85				286 85				
	5	230 57	241 65	472 22		75 00	75 00	506 22				
	6		782 00	782 00			225 00	1,007 00			18 25	
	7		370 00	370 00			173 75	543 75				
	8		247 00	247 00		87 50	87 50	334 50			7 30	
	9		341 83	341 83			130 00	471 83			46 75	
	10		482 05	482 05			34 00	506 05				
	11		313 50	313 50			146 00	459 50				
	12		420 90	420 90			150 00	570 90				
	13	800 00	1,480 00	2,280 00			200 00	2,480 00			3 35	
	14		180 00	180 00			30 00	210 00			1 35	
	15		200 00	200 00		40 00	40 00	240 00				
	16		387 50	387 50			31 25	418 75				
	17		505 77	505 77			130 00	635 77				
	18		680 00	680 00			90 00	770 00		\$53 41	30 00	
	19		250 00	250 00			62 50	312 50			9 65	
	20		120 50	120 50				120 50				
	21		232 25	232 25			31 25	313 50		29 35		
	22		150 00	150 00			67 50	217 50				
	23		743 00	743 00		37 50	80 00	810 50			4 00	
	24		720 00	720 00			160 00	880 00			10 80	
	25		1,225 00	1,225 00			140 00	1,365 00			4 85	
	26		535 00	535 00		75 00	25 00	635 00			11 70	
	27		451 00	451 00		75 00		526 00			9 75	
	28		800 00	800 00				800 00			11 10	
	29		300 00	300 00		58 00		358 00			6 30	
	30		420 00	420 00		60 00	160 00	600 00				
	31		427 95	427 95			72 00	499 95			50 00	
General Fund											54 00	
Total for County	31	\$2,152 87	\$13,645 76	\$21,798 63	\$616 75	\$2,990 75	\$3,507 50	\$25,305 13	\$61 70		\$1,039 53	

LEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. T. MUNNERY, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Repairs		Rent		Grounds and Buildings		Libraries		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	\$129 81				\$217 50				\$6,897 79	\$472 50	\$7,370 29
2									1,310 25	160 00	1,470 25
3	23 80			\$4 00					269 40	72 75	342 15
4									286 85		286 85
5									286 85		286 85
6									481 22	75 00	556 22
7	3 70								798 25	225 00	1,023 25
8	69 88								873 70	173 75	1,047 45
9									424 18	78 05	502 23
10	28 10								388 58	120 00	508 58
11	10 84	\$4 00					\$10 00		530 15	84 00	614 15
12	7 75				56 70				881 04	150 00	1,031 04
13					32 55		5 00		443 65	150 00	593 65
14									2,896 10	200 00	3,096 10
15									181 85	30 00	211 85
16									200 00	40 00	240 00
17	11 05				23 50		5 00		392 50	81 25	473 75
18									589 82	130 00	719 82
19									763 01	90 00	853 01
20	40 00								259 65	62 50	322 15
21									160 50		160 50
22									261 60	51 25	312 85
23	56 00						20 00		170 00	67 50	237 50
24									832 00	167 50	999 50
25									736 80	160 00	896 80
26	1 25						10 00		1,244 10	140 00	1,384 10
27	94 50								571 20	100 00	671 20
28	53 40								540 15	75 00	615 15
29	35 00				623 75				972 85		972 85
30	1 25								320 51	58 00	378 51
31	2 25		\$5 00						497 25	240 00	737 25
	33 00						119 00		541 50	72 00	613 50
									173 00		173 00
Total for County....	\$651 18	\$4 00	\$5 00	\$4 00	\$953 00	\$40 55	\$169 00		\$24,051 15	\$3,556 05	\$28,237 20

LEE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. T. MUNNERYLYN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.				Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers							
	White		Negro		White	Negro	White	Negro	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds								First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	
					Area.													
1	1	\$15,000 00	1	\$750 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$700 00	\$200 00	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10
2	5	1,000 00	.....	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
3	1	250 00	2	50 00	.....	1	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
4	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
5	2	450 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
6	1	1,000 00	3	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
7	1	300 00	2	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
8	1	250 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	38 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
9	1	550 00	2	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	172 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
10	3	500 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
11	2	1,200 00	2	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	346 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
12	2	700 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
13	1	3,000 00	2	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	100 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
14	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
15	1	800 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	151 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
16	1	1,000 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
17	2	1,500 00	1	128 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 00	56 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
18	1	800 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
19	1	.....	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
20	1	490 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	74 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
21	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
22	1	185 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
23	1	350 00	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
24	1	1,000 00	2	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
25	1	1,100 00	2	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
26	1	800 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
27	1	510 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	157 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
28	1	725 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	308 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
29	1	700 00	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	125 00	1 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
30	1	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
31	1	1,000 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Total for County.....	43	\$35,715 00	34	\$3,428 00	4	16	.....	.....	\$3,901 00	\$720 00	4	.....	.....	60	.....	.....	72

LEE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. T. MUNNICKLYN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

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Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total for Both Sexes	Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School.		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro.							White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men.			Women.				Town	Country	Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
1							4	36	120	24	12		T. E. Davis, Bishopville, S. O.	
2		1			1		2		34		8		J. F. Davis, Lucknow, S. O.	
3							1		24				G. G. M. Hall, Lucknow, S. O.	
4	1						1		43		12		J. J. D.	
5							1		32		36		L. S. P.	
6					2		2		33		24		L. W. R.	
7					1		1		33		12		L. B.	
8					1		1		32		12		S. B.	
9					1		1		43		12		R. F.	
10					2		2		56		36		A. D.	
11					1		1		32		12		W. E.	
12					1		1		32		12		T. N.	
13					1		1	32		32			D. L.	
14									32				P. A. Lamar, S. O.	
15		1					1		20		8		P. A. DuBois, S. O.	
16					1		1		28		16		W. J. Stuckey, Bishopville, S. O.	
17					1		1		54		16		C. L. Beasley, Hartsville, S. O.	
18									23				W. B. Gattin, Bishopville, S. O.	
19					1		1		20		12		Henry Waters, Hartsville, S. O.	
20									20				A. Z. Ratcliff, Bethune, S. O.	
21					1		1		24		12		B. C.	
22					1		1		20		8		E.	
23					1		1		26		24		L.	
24					2		2		32		24		T. M.	
25					2		2		149		32		Dr.	
26		1					1		24		12		H. Brown, Camden, S. O.	
27		1					1		28		10		J. F. Boykin, Camden, S. O.	
28									33				F. G. Peebles, Camden, S. O.	
29							1		24		8		S. W. Wilson, Mayesville, S. O.	
30					4		4		24		12		K. E. Wells, St. Charles, S. O.	
31					1		1		32		12			
Total for Co.	1	7		1	26		44	68	1,126	56	203			

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills.	Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
										High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Lexington	1	\$24 53	\$271 00	\$558 00	\$91 00										\$914 53	\$914 53	\$914 53
Oak Grove	2	76 11	45 00	147 60	28 00										299 71	240 88	\$58 83
Union	3	10 65	53 00	127 80	26 50										217 05	216 50	1 45
Charter Oak	4	9 21	39 00	174 60	14 00										236 81	235 40	1 41
Providence	5	2 55	22 00	45 00	18 50										88 05	87 50	55
Cherokee	6	6 32	83 00	138 60	19 00										196 92	157 45	39 47
Center	7	23 98	39 00	99 00	22 00		\$46 47		2		\$46 47			\$118 75	391 17	273 00	118 17
Hollow Creek	8	79 87	61 00	144 00	22 00										306 87	301 00	5 87
Pineville	9	7 59	40 00	88 20	23 00										158 70	158 70	28 03
Star	10	101 53	50 00	108 00	21 00										290 53	292 50	28 03
Centerville	11	36 07	47 00	109 80	15 50										208 37	208 37	567 78
Lexiedale (Gilbert)	12	8 03	52 00	179 80	13 50		216 05		2				\$300 00	683 05	1,446 33	878 55	1 84
Pond Branch	13	8 14	32 00	61 20	10 50								124 34	199 34	435 52	438 68	96 12
Sunmit	14	41 22	30 00	123 40	15 00										217 69	188 50	51 30
Leaville	15	12 37	286 00	705 60	27 00		947 60		6	\$650 00			300 00	12,800 00	15,693 30	15,615 00	53 36
Caney Branch	16	4 45	38 00	140 40	10 50		79 77		2		79 77				308 31	314 93	11 15
Bateburg	17	4 45	38 00	140 40	10 50		43 05		4		43 05				230 31	219 50	11 15
Hulon	18	44 30	384 00	810 00	27 00		1,715 27		4	517 00			200 00	600 00	3,403 27	3,403 27	31 40
Kerny Branch	19	50 18	45 00	119 40	23 50										1,037 10	1,036 70	38 60
Scouter Creek	20	5 51	40 00	280 80	10 00										338 98	380 35	13 40
Edmund	21	5 57	23 00	88 80	11 00										68 31	56 00	12 31
Liberty Hill	22	2 77	43 00	117 00	17 50		34 41		2		34 41				182 27	182 27	20
Round Hill	23	45 81	51 00	37 32	16 50										148 67	148 67	49 86
Relton	24	59 18	63 00	32 20	22 00										171 01	170 81	20
Black Creek	25	1 87	22 00	34 20	28 00		240 68		2		100 00				634 86	585 00	59 86
Woods Branch	26	5 13	39 00	81 00	11 50										67 07	67 07	10 198 23
Waterlee	27	16 94	24 00	31 00	10 50										136 63	136 63	57 64
New Brookland	28	229 14	482 00	693 00	113 00				3						132 44	1,498 89	10 198 23
Oak Dale	29	75 84	58 00	172 30	38 50										372 14	314 50	57 64
Long Branch	30	2 57	46 00	23 40	32 00										104 47	104 47	161 72
Half Way	31	147 87	46 00	201 60	33 50										428 47	286 75	66 55
Athens	32	40 97	91 00	291 00	40 50		158 38		2						622 45	555 90	66 55
Sharp's Hill	33	46 80	43 00	56 40	17 50		46 05		2		46 05				258 80	205 00	53 80

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.				Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.			
	White.		Negro.			White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.						Women.	Total.
1	\$250 00	\$584 53	\$834 53	\$90 00	\$914 53	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	182 50	182 50	52 00	234 50	.....	.....	\$6 38	.....	
3	.....	181 50	181 50	35 00	216 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	180 00	180 00	52 50	232 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	87 50	.....	87 50	.....	87 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	97 60	97 60	23 75	121 35	.....	.....	4 50	.....	
7	231 00	.....	231 00	39 50	270 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	.....	251 00	251 00	50 00	301 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	158 79	158 79	.....	158 79	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	237 50	.....	237 50	15 00	252 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	204 30	.....	204 30	4 07	208 37	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	158 75	.....	158 75	20 00	178 75	.....	.....	7 50	.....	
13	.....	110 00	110 00	.....	110 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	160 00	160 00	25 00	185 00	.....	.....	3 50	.....	
15	475 00	1,900 00	2,375 00	140 00	2,515 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	236 70	.....	236 70	25 00	261 70	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	200 00	200 00	15 00	215 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1,200 00	1,998 27	3,198 27	205 00	3,403 27	.....	.....	4 50	.....	
19	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	160 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	235 75	235 75	92 60	328 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	56 00	56 00	.....	56 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	.....	159 77	159 77	22 50	182 27	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	146 92	.....	146 92	23 50	170 42	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	560 00	170 81	730 81	25 00	755 81	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	67 07	67 07	.....	67 07	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	107 79	107 79	.....	107 79	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	125 45	.....	125 45	6 99	132 44	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	378 75	808 00	1,186 75	132 50	1,319 25	.....	.....	8 00	.....	
30	.....	202 00	202 00	104 00	306 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	.....	79 47	79 47	25 00	104 47	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	201 25	201 25	37 50	238 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	240 00	253 40	493 40	45 00	538 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	205 00	205 00	205 00	.....	205 00	.....	.....	.....	.....

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY, SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.					Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.		Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.						Total.
	36	\$250 00	\$562 00	\$250 00	\$30 00	\$105 00	\$340 00			\$18 80	
	37	403 00		965 00		75 00	1,070 00				
	38	290 00		280 00		106 00	385 00			18 00	
	39	418 50		418 50			523 50			11 50	
	40	135 00		135 00	18 50		288 50				
	42		200 00	200 00		25 00	225 00				
	44		290 00	280 00		75 00	355 00				
	45		276 35	276 35		71 00	347 35			10 00	
	46		200 00	200 00	100 00		300 00				
	47	241 60		241 00		50 00	291 60				
	48	368 92	110 74	479 66			470 66				
	49	284 40		284 40		12 00	296 40				
	50	344 70	132 00	476 70		75 00	551 70				
	51	363 90		363 90			363 90				
	52		306 55	306 55	97 10	25 00	331 55			9 60	
	53	270 00		270 00		46 00	367 10			6 65	
	54	474 20		474 20	30 00		520 20			5 75	
	55	225 00		225 00			235 00				
	56	200 00		200 00		3 50	203 50				
	57	183 15		183 15		30 00	213 15				
	58	330 50		330 50	45 78		376 28				
	59		300 00	300 00		50 00	350 00				
	60	192 70		192 70		50 00	242 70				
	61		136 60	136 60	5 10		141 70				
	62		205 00	205 00	65 00		270 00				
	63	150 00		150 00		30 00	180 00				
	64		160 00	160 00	6 50		166 50				
	65		227 60	227 60		20 00	247 60				
	66	444 20	700 00	1,144 20		91 10	1,235 30			8 02	
	67	272 00		272 00		5 00	277 00				
	68		240 00	240 00	97 50		337 50			10 00	
	69		303 60	303 60			303 60			6 00	
	70		128 00	128 00			128 00				

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	71	\$291 50	.....	\$291 50	.....	.....	\$291 50	\$211 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	72	192 50	.....	192 50	.....	.....	192 50	192 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	73	153 00	.....	153 00	\$15 00	.....	15 00	168 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	74	.....	122 50	122 50	.....	.....	122 50	122 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	75	315 10	.....	315 10	.....	.....	315 10	315 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
	76	232 15	.....	232 15	.....	.....	232 15	257 15	.....	.....	.....	.....
	77	.....	194 45	194 45	.....	.....	6 50	199 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
	78	141 00	.....	141 00	20 00	.....	20 00	161 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	79	190 65	.....	190 65	.....	.....	.....	190 65	.....	.....	.....	.....
	80	200 00	.....	200 00	25 00	.....	25 00	225 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	81	113 75	.....	113 75	.....	10 00	10 00	123 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
	82	200 50	.....	200 50	.....	.....	.....	200 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	83	259 50	.....	259 50	.....	25 00	25 00	284 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	84	184 10	.....	184 10	.....	.....	.....	184 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
	85	99 50	.....	99 50	.....	.....	.....	99 50	.....	.....	\$1 50	.....
	86	175 00	.....	175 00	.....	50 00	50 00	225 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	83	\$11,656 73	\$15,287 14	\$26,942 87	\$943 22	\$2,024 27	\$2,967 49	\$29,910 36	\$206 62	.....	\$149 70	.....
Total for County...												

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

District or Number	Repairs		Rent		Grounds and Buildings		Liberaries		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Negroes
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1									\$634 53	\$90 00	\$724 53
2									188 88	52 00	240 88
3									151 50	35 00	216 50
4	\$2 00								182 90	52 50	235 40
5									87 50		87 50
6	28 00		\$3 00						133 70	23 75	157 45
7	1 00		1 50						223 50	30 50	273 00
8									251 00	50 00	301 00
9									156 79		156 79
10									237 50	15 00	252 50
11									204 30	4 07	208 37
12	15 30				\$377 00				663 55	20 00	678 55
13	14 00				309 63				433 68		433 68
14									163 50	25 00	188 50
15					33,100 00				15,475 00	140 00	15,615 00
16	3 25								239 95	25 00	314 95
17									204 50	15 00	219 50
18									3,198 27	205 00	3,403 27
19	72 25				773 45				1,005 70		1,005 70
20	2 00								237 75	52 60	290 35
21									56 00		56 00
22									159 77	22 50	182 27
23	1 75								145 67		145 67
24									170 81		170 81
25									560 00	25 00	585 00
26									67 07		67 07
27	23 84								135 63		135 63
28									125 45	6 90	132 44
29	135 10		40 54						1,382 30	132 50	1,494 89
30	50								210 50	104 00	314 50
31									79 47	25 00	104 47
32	23 00								223 25	37 50	260 75
34	17 60								510 90	45 00	555 90
35									235 00		235 00

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
36	\$1 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$251 50	\$80 00	\$341 50
37	98 54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,077 34	105 00	1,182 34
38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	75 00	355 00
39	12 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	448 75	105 00	553 75
40	.....	.....	\$1 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	283 00	18 50	301 50
42	17 08	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 83	25 00	305 83
44	13 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	293 25	75 00	368 25
45	4 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	291 15	71 00	362 15
46	42 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	242 22	100 00	342 22
47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	241 60	50 00	291 60
48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	479 66	.....	479 66
49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	284 49	12 00	296 49
50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	476 70	75 00	551 70
51	21 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	385 00	.....	385 00
52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	316 15	25 00	341 15
53	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	318 27	97 10	415 37
54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	479 95	46 00	525 95
55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	225 00	30 00	255 00
56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	209 50	3 50	213 00
57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	183 15	30 00	213 15
58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	330 50	45 78	376 28
59	9 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	309 00	50 00	359 00
60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	192 70	50 00	242 70
61	1 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	136 60	5 10	141 70
62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	246 75	65 00	311 75
63	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$252 42	.....	.....	.....	402 43	30 00	432 43
64	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	190 00	6 50	196 50
65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	227 60	20 00	247 60
66	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,956 58	.....	.....	.....	6,288 80	91 10	6,379 90
67	14 01	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	296 01	5 00	291 01
68	2 00	.....	6 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	253 25	97 50	350 75
69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	.....	300 00
70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	128 00	.....	128 00

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of Districts	Repairs		Rent		Grounds and Buildings		Libraries		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
71	\$42 88								\$334 48	\$20 00	\$354 48
72									192 50	15 00	207 50
73	2 00								153 00		155 00
74									124 50		124 50
75	4 50								319 60		324 10
76									282 15	25 00	307 15
77									194 45	5 50	200 95
78									141 00	20 00	161 00
79									190 65		190 65
80									200 00	25 00	225 00
81									113 75	10 00	123 75
82									200 50		200 50
83									259 50	25 00	284 50
84			9 20						184 10		193 30
85									110 20		110 20
86	10 70								185 70	50 00	235 70
Total for County...	\$659 57		\$55 74		\$20,090 13		\$40 00		\$48,083 68	\$2,967 49	\$51,051 12

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public Schools.				Enrollment.														
	White.		Negro.		White.						Negro.								
	Town	Country.	Town	Country.	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.					
					Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total			
1	1		1		96	121	216				44	50	94						
2		1		1														34	84
3		1		1														30	30
4		1		1														17	13
5		1		1														30	50
6		1		1															
7		1		1														26	26
8		1		1														10	23
9		1		1														13	28
10		1		1														19	42
11		1		1														6	15
12		1		1	15	24	39				8	10	18					4	18
13		1		1															
14		1		1	10	11	21				8	17	25					25	25
15		1		1	64	150	214				88	128	216					216	216
16		1		1														35	35
17		1		1														17	35
18	2	1	1	1	157	167	324				65	89	154					21	40
19		1		1														14	31
20		2		1														17	35
21		1		1														19	40
22		1		1	27	18	45				8	4	12					17	31
23		1		1															12
24		1		1	32	31	63				11	8	19					19	19
25		1		1															
26		1		1															
27		1		1															
28		1		1															
29		1		1	139	136	275				21	39	60					10	10
30		1		1														5	6
31		1		1														21	32
32		1		1														15	16
33		1		1														21	36
34		1		1														27	36
35		1		1														22	50

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Cont.

District No.	Public Schools.						Enrollment.									
	White.			Negro.			White.					Negro.				
	Town.		Country	Town.		Country	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total.
71	28
72
73	45
74
75
76
77	21
78	18
79	8
80
81	26
82	41
83	36
84
85	25
86	186
Total for Co.	19	67	86	15	44	59	971	1,112	2,083	476	187	1,034	1,180	2,214	3,391	

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.													
Number of District.	White.						Negro.						
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total
1	68	96	163	17	11	28	45	45	90	10	14	24	90
2				12	12	24				10	13	23	24
3				22	15	37				10	13	23	28
4				10	12	22				13	20	33	33
5				8	6	14							
6				12	18	30				9	10	19	19
7				11	15	26				7	13	20	20
8				24	25	49				14	13	27	27
9				10	7	17							
10				20	17	37							
11	8	15	23	17	21	38	8	10	18	5	1	6	6
12		7	14							1	3	4	4
13	7	150	214										
14	64			21	17	38							
15				12	20	32	8	17	25				
16							53	74	127				
17										16	16	32	25
18	106	121	229							6	4	10	127
19							36	54	90				
20				10	12	22							
21				22	16	38				10	16	26	
22	11	8	19	6	7	13							
23													
24				11	6	17							
25				16	14	30							
26	14	16	30										
27				8	7	15							
28				14	15	29							
29				15	10	25							
30	86	89	175				16	30	46	5	5	10	10
31				15	20	35							
32				6	4	10				17	26	43	45
33				11	11	22				12	16	28	43
34				25	19	44				8	9	17	28
35				17	10	27				13	15	28	31

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.												
	White.						Negro.						
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total				
36	46	49	95	9	6	15	31	31	62	16	16	32	62
37				15	13	28				18	16	34	32
38				71	70	141					16	16	32
39				19	22	41					6	9	15
40				24	16	39					16	17	33
42				23	18	41					15	20	35
44													
45	13	21	34				80	73	153				153
46				8	10	18					12	12	24
47				20	15	35					38	34	72
48				40	44	84					12	15	27
49				37	26	63					12	9	21
50				24	24	48					28	59	87
51				23	34	57							
52	11	10	21				12	25	37				
53				11	13	24					30	66	96
54				32	20	52					38	50	88
55				20	9	29					20	25	45
56				24	25	49					4	6	10
57	14	13	27				9	13	22				
58				16	14	30					25	30	55
59				18	13	31					9	10	19
60	14	16	30				5	7	12				
61				17	12	29							
62				16	10	26					30	25	55
63				26	23	49					13	19	32
64				15	12	27					2	1	3
65				11	16	27					13	25	38
66	65	85	150				13	16	29				
67	23	20	43				12	14	26				
68				17	20	37					31	31	62
69	21	24	45										
70				8	6	14							

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.						
			White.		Negro.		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men.			Women.			
			No.	Value With Grounds.	No.	Value With Grounds.					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	
	1	.....	\$320 00	1	.....	.....	.....	\$475 00	.....	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	Total for Both Sexes
	2	.....	525 00	1	125 00	.....	.....	81 38	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	9
	3	.....	165 00	1	.....	.....	.....	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	4	.....	600 00	1	25 00	.....	.....	31 00	\$5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	6	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	7	.....	85 00	1	.....	.....	.....	22 75	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	8	.....	220 00	1	.....	.....	.....	22 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	10	.....	200 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	16 00	2 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	11	.....	120 00	1	.....	.....	.....	39 50	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
	14	.....	450 00	1	.....	.....	.....	61 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	15	.....	40,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,535 00	.....	2	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	8
	16	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	38 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	17	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	18	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	412 00	12 35	2	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	9
	19	.....	1,320 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	138 76	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	20	.....	.....	1	75 00	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	87 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	22	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	23	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	24	.....	310 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	29 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	25	.....	1,100 00	1	.....	.....	.....	195 00	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	28	.....	200 00	1	.....	.....	.....	87 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	29	.....	260 00	1	.....	.....	.....	12 00	.....	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	1
	30	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	31	.....	100 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
	32	.....	175 00	1	.....	.....	.....	31 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	34	.....	500 00	.....	650 00	.....	.....	197 00	2 00	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14 25	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.							
			White.		Negro.		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women				
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
71			1	\$500 00					\$76 00		1							1
72			1	110 00					27 25		1							1
73			1	315 00					22 45			1						1
74			1	135 00					16 00						1			1
75			1	210 00					150 00									1
76			1	525 00					108 50									1
77			1	625 00					28 00									1
78			1	350 00					27 00									1
79			1	220 00					13 00									1
80			1		1	\$50 00				1 30								1
81			1	85 00					10 00									1
82			1	100 00					5 50									1
83			1							1 00								1
84			1	300 00					10 00									1
85			1															1
86			1				1	250 00	28 00				1					1
Total for County.....			87	\$67,393 00	48	\$3,180 00			\$5,305 19	\$97 48	32	8	2	64	5	1		112

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total for Both Sexes	Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School.		Name and Postoffice of Chairman.
	Negro.							White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men.			Women.				Town	Country	Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
1	1			1			1	24	16	12	8	9	Jobe Smith, Gilbert.	
2				1			1		16		4	2	D. T. Hare, Summit.	
3				1			1		10		10	2	C. J. J.	
4				1			1					1	D. J. J.	
5					1	1	1		4		4	1	J. J. J.	
6					1		1		8		8	1	Eva	
7					1		1		16		16	1	D. J.	
8					1		1		20		20	1	W. J.	
9					1		1		10		10	1	Just	
10					1		1		20		20	1	A.	
11					1		1		16		16	1	Dr.	
12								16		4		1	Jero	
13												2	Levi	
14												1	E. J.	
15	1						1					2	A. N.	
16	1						1					1	Geo.	
17	1						1					1	D. W.	
18				1			1	45	20	24	4	1	M.	
19					1		1		16			1		
20					1		1		28		8	1		
21								15	20			1		
22									20			1		
23									20			1		
24			1				1	32	8	4		1		
25									6			1		
26									12		4	1		
27									12			1		
28												1		
29				1			1	20	20	20	6	1		
30				1			1		30		4	1		
31				1			1		12		8	1		
32									24		10	1		
33			1				1		24		12	1		
34					1		1		24		12	1		
35									24		12	1		

LEXINGTON COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SCHOOLS.—A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.							Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Men.			Women.				White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Grades	Town	Country	Town	Country			
28					1				20		12		2	L. L. Glenn, New Brookland.
29					1				20				2	D. J. Knott, Swansboro.
30					1				12				2	
31					1				16				2	
32					1				16				2	
33					1				16				2	
34					1				16				2	
35					1				16				2	
36					1				16				2	
37					1				16				2	
38					1				16				2	
39					1				16				2	
40					1				16				2	
41					1				16				2	
42					1				16				2	
43					1				16				2	
44					1				16				2	
45					1				16				2	
46					1				16				2	
47					1				16				2	
48					1				16				2	
49					1				16				2	
50					1				16				2	
51					1				16				2	
52					1				16				2	
53					1				16				2	
54					1				16				2	
55					1				16				2	
56					1				16				2	
57					1				16				2	
58					1				16				2	
59					1				16				2	
60					1				16				2	
61					1				16				2	
62					1				16				2	
63					1				16				2	
64					1				16				2	
65					1				16				2	
66					1				16				2	
67					1				16				2	
68					1				16				2	
69					1				16				2	
70					1				16				2	

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LEXINGTON COUNTY --TABLE 4.--BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.--A. D. MARTIN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.--Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers										Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro										White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	Town		Country	Town		Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		First Grade	Second Grade		Third Grade						
71				1			1				16		4	1	G. P. Craps, Leesville, R. 3.		
72											16			1	J. B. Roberts, Lexington.		
73		1					1				16			2	J. H. Lindler, Chapin.		
74											16			1	J. D. McCartha, Lexington, R. 5		
75										20				1	Geo. W. Fallaw, Edmund.		
76				1			1			16				1	W. J. J.		
77											16		4	1	J. J.		
78		1					1				16		4	1	Geo. A.		
79											16			1	R. J.		
80	1						1				20		4	1	D. J.		
81		1					1				12		4	1	J. J.		
82											12			1	D. J.		
83						1					20		4	1	J. J.		
84											20			1	Geo. A.		
85											12			1	D. J.		
86											20			1	J. J.		
					1		1				20		8	1	H. J.		
Total for Co.	9	6	4	20	16	4	53	386	1,194	164	313						

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MARION COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—W. C. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Nichols	25	\$24 79	\$123 00	\$280 00	\$44 00	.....	\$479 12	8	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	\$950 91	\$938 50	\$12 41
Temperance	27	18 24	109 00	362 50	21 00	.....	810 13	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	920 87	694 25	226 62
Pine Hill	28	181 78	221 00	412 50	18 50	.....	495 53	2	.....	100 00	\$15 40	.....	.....	1,444 71	655 00	789 71
Spring Branch	30	—123 70	88 00	412 50	12 50	.....	215 40	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	\$75 00	779 78	780 66	— 96
Zion	31	—12 94	112 00	462 50	11 00	.....	211 53	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	884 00	737 55	146 14
Millers	32	12 32	59 00	252 50	10 50	.....	108 60	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	537 92	494 50	43 42
Pleasant Hill	33	63 91	81 00	412 50	14 50	.....	258 60	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	930 51	638 87	291 64
Mullins	34	—404 26	872 00	1,282 50	33 50	.....	1,629 83	3	\$550 00	.....	.....	.....	597 87	3,980 94	4,037 76	—56 82
Todds	35	410 03	129 00	515 00	22 50	.....	549 93	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,626 46	1,015 00	611 46
Marion	36	—6 84	638 00	1,725 00	32 50	.....	4,425 80	4½	750 00	.....	.....	.....	4,497 89	12,062 35	12,062 35	.....
Cedar Grove	37	65 35	99 00	230 00	28 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 20	430 05	265 50	164 55
Midway	38	—1 18	83 00	197 00	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	296 82	313 50	—15 68
Gapway	39	—11 26	61 00	317 50	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	374 24	375 00	— 76
Baker	40	—25 14	54 00	240 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	283 86	245 00	38 86
Eureka	41	—10 60	60 00	267 50	20 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	837 40	310 00	27 40
Mars Bluff	42	32 71	11 00	125 00	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	.....	.....	10 00	185 71	169 10	16 61
Wahee	43	12 78	18 00	102 50	3 50	.....	95 72	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	307 50	158 25	149 25
Centenary	44	150 68	131 00	675 00	23 00	.....	130 60	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,110 28	1,131 70	—21 42
Eulonia	45	340 51	89 00	237 50	34 00	.....	156 94	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	857 95	690 00	237 95
Palmer	46	—4 59	93 00	365 00	23 00	.....	127 02	2½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	608 43	458 50	144 93
Nebo	47	148 22	67 00	265 00	15 00	.....	92 18	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	587 40	412 75	174 65
Baz	48	—72 14	38 00	125 00	10 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14 00	115 36	125 00	—9 64
Britton's Neck	49	145 50	69 00	875 00	18 50	.....	107 72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	715 72	442 93	272 79
Oakton	50	—76 71	54 00	300 00	23 50	.....	98 58	3	.....	90 00	.....	.....	40 00	529 37	520 00	9 37
Upper Woodberry	52	1 59	11 00	50 00	3 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	66 09	80 00	—13 91
Lower Woodberry	53	47 71	4 00	25 00	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	78 71	68 00	10 71
Olivet	54	200 51	130 00	562 50	27 00	.....	211 34	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,131 35	801 50	829 85
Tabernacle	55	17 47	19 00	175 00	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	219 47	170 00	49 47
Knottch	57	67 62	73 00	280 00	17 00	.....	316 00	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	753 62	725 00	28 62
Total for County....	29	\$1,132 86	\$3,096 00	\$11,012 00	\$525 00	.....	\$10,015 57	.....	\$1,300 00	\$765 00	\$15 40	.....	\$5,241 46	\$33,102 79	\$29,446 57	\$3,656 22

MARION COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. C. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	25	.....	\$643 50	\$643 50	\$100 00	\$165 00	\$265 00	\$908 50	.....	.....	\$30 00	.....
	27	\$338 75	285 50	624 25	70 00	.....	70 00	694 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
	28	175 00	430 00	605 00	50 00	.....	50 00	655 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	30	.....	563 16	563 16	.....	217 50	217 50	780 66	.....	.....	.....	.....
	31	212 85	389 60	602 45	.....	75 00	75 00	677 45	.....	.....	5 50	.....
	32	.....	362 35	362 35	76 00	.....	76 00	438 35	.....	.....	56 15	.....
	33	.....	548 87	548 87	90 00	.....	90 00	638 87	.....	.....	.....	.....
	34	1,640 00	1,872 76	3,512 76	270 00	255 00	525 00	4,087 76	.....	.....	.....	.....
	35	.....	840 00	840 00	.....	175 00	175 00	1,015 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	36	1,800 00	8,500 35	10,300 35	685 00	1,077 00	1,762 00	12,062 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
	37	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	90 00	90 00	250 00	.....	.....	8 30	\$7 20
	38	.....	251 00	251 00	62 50	.....	62 50	313 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	39	240 00	45 00	285 00	.....	90 00	90 00	375 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	40	.....	200 00	200 00	45 00	.....	45 00	245 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	41	.....	210 00	210 00	100 00	.....	100 00	310 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	42	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	.....	.....	160 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	43	.....	128 25	128 25	.....	30 00	30 00	158 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
	44	.....	719 85	719 85	136 50	187 50	274 00	938 85	.....	.....	5 50	.....
	45	.....	280 00	280 00	225 00	115 00	340 00	620 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	46	.....	375 00	375 00	.....	75 00	75 00	450 00	.....	.....	8 50	.....
	47	.....	352 75	352 75	.....	60 00	60 00	412 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
	48	.....	80 00	80 00	45 00	.....	45 00	125 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	49	.....	256 00	256 00	27 83	159 00	186 83	442 83	.....	.....	.....	.....
	50	.....	300 00	300 00	60 00	160 00	220 00	520 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	52	.....	80 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	53	.....	68 00	68 00	.....	.....	.....	68 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	54	.....	689 00	689 00	112 50	.....	112 50	801 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	57	.....	120 00	120 00	50 00	.....	50 00	170 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	55	.....	555 00	555 00	90 00	.....	90 00	645 00	.....	.....	80 00	.....
Total for County...	29	\$4,406 60	\$19,465 94	\$23,872 54	\$2,295 43	\$2,881 00	\$5,176 43	\$29,048 97	.....	.....	\$193 95	\$7 20

MARION COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. C. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$678 50	\$285 00	\$963 50
	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	624 25	70 00	694 25
	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	605 00	50 00	655 00
	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	568 16	217 50	785 66
	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	607 96	180 00	787 96
	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$55 00	.....	.....	418 50	76 00	494 50
	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	548 87	90 00	638 87
	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,512 76	525 00	4,087 76
	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	840 00	175 00	1,015 00
	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,300 35	1,762 00	12,062 35
	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	168 30	97 20	265 50
	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	251 00	62 50	313 50
	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 00	90 00	375 00
	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	45 00	245 00
	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	210 00	100 00	310 00
	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	169 10	.....	169 10
	42	\$9 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	128 25	30 00	158 25
	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	857 70	274 00	1,131 70
	44	132 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	340 00	620 00
	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	383 50	75 00	458 50
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	352 75	60 00	412 75
	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	45 00	125 00
	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	256 00	186 98	442 98
	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	220 00	520 00
	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	.....	80 00
	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	68 00	.....	68 00
	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	689 00	112 50	801 50
	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	50 00	170 00
	54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	635 00	90 00	725 00
	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	29	\$141 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$55 00	.....	.....	\$24,207 94	\$5,238 63	\$29,446 57

MARION COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—W. C. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.														
Number of District.	White.						Negro.							
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.				
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total		
													Grand Total	
25	14	9	23	18	9	27	47	24	11	35	7	6	13	35
27	31	23	54	37	31	68	63	68	31	19	50	23	19	42
28				11	9	20	79	20	13	33	12	10	22	49
30				39	33	72	72	72			20	31	51	51
31				39	31	70	70	70			33	30	63	63
32				23	18	41	41	41			14	16	30	30
33				26	37	63	63	63			21	29	50	50
34	117	163	280				280							140
35				41	33	74	74				34	25	59	140
36	220	203	423				423							169
37				14	13	27	27	27			16	12	28	28
38				5	5	10	10	10			31	17	48	48
39				28	23	51	51	51			22	15	37	37
40				14	11	25	25	25			23	16	39	39
41				12	10	22	22	22			15	23	38	38
42				16	12	28	28	28						43
43				11	7	18	18	18						
44				43	54	97	97	97			5	6	11	11
45				21	14	35	35	35			40	67	107	97
46				29	25	54	54	54			14	12	26	26
47				23	18	41	41	41			23	27	50	50
48				14	7	21	21	21			15	11	26	26
49				19	16	35	35	35			7	9	16	16
50				31	19	50	50	50			40	34	74	74
52				7	4	11	11	11			21	18	39	39
53				4	6	10	10	10						
54				53	45	98	98	98			39	32	71	71
55				15	15	30	30	30			12	9	21	21
57				23	22	45	45	45			20	18	38	38
Total for County.....	382	403	785	611	529	1,140	1,925	179	179	358	507	487	994	1,852

MARION COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—W. O. ROGERS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro							White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men			Women				Total for Both Sexes	Town		Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade		Town	Country	Town	Country		
25	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	20	13	18	2½	3	J. H. Taylor, Nichols, S. C.
27	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44	.....	12	2	2½	M. C. Johnson, Latta, S. C.
28	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	20	14	.....	2½	3	Ben B. Sellers, Sellers, S. C.
30	24	.....	14	3	3½	S. T. Galloway, Marion, S. C.
31	1	.....	24	24	8	8	2½	2½	K. M. Campbell, Zion, S. C.
32	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	10	3	3½	W. B. Smith, Mullins, S. C.
33	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	14	2½	3	J. C. Moody, Mullins, S. C.
34	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	20	.....	2	2½	O. H. McMillan, Mullins, S. C.
35	72	.....	24	2	3	J. H. Lambert, Marion, S. C.
36	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	.....	32	.....	.....	.....	Henry Mullins, Marion, S. C.
37	16	.....	10	3	3½	W. C. Baker, Marion, S. C.
38	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	9	3	2½	J. C. Brown, Sellers, S. C.
39	26	.....	13	3	3½	G. A. Williamson, Mullins, S. C.
40	1	.....	.....	24	.....	10	.....	3	M. T. Baker, Marion, S. C.
41	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	.....	12	2½	3	B. F. Dill, Marion, S. C.
42	16	.....	.....	2	.....	Jack Rogers, Marion, S. C.
43	20	.....	13	3	3½	H. D. Davis, Marion, S. C.
44	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56	.....	32	3	3	W. A. Brown, Centenary, S. C.
45	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	32	3½	3½	S. U. Davis, Eulonia, S. C.
46	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	12	2½	3	J. C. Davis, Centenary, S. C.
47	28	.....	14	3	3½	J. B. Richardson, Nebo, S. C.
48	8	.....	6	2½	3	R. O. Williams, Brittons Neck, S. C.
49	28	.....	9	2½	3	R. E. Foxworth, Brittons Neck, S. C.
50	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	.....	14	2½	3	W. H. Herring, Oakton, S. C.
52	8	.....	.....	3	.....	W. Hucks, Smith Mill, S. C.
53	12	.....	.....	3	.....	J. Williams, Gondola, S. C.
54	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	16	3½	3	E. G. Smith, Mullins, S. C.
55	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	.....	10	3	3½	O. K. Davis, Tabernacle, S. C.
57	24	.....	14	2½	3	G. W. Smith, Mullins, S. C.
29	3	16	4	6	7	2	38	132	672	87	326	.....	.....	Total for Co.

MARLBORO COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—A. L. EASTERLING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Brownsville	1	.....	\$114 00	\$456 75	\$15 00	.....	\$356 72	4	.....	\$100 00	.....	\$125 00	.....	\$1,042 47	\$1,115 02	—\$72 55
Drake	2	\$6 40	104 00	316 68	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$90 32	653 40	471 59	181 81
Oak Grove	3	9 25	77 00	158 00	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	255 25	84 00	171 25
Reed Bluff	4	35 15	112 00	368 37	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	525 52	397 66	127 86
Tatum	5	.....	166 00	507 50	21 00	.....	671 33	4	\$300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,665 83	1,818 29	—152 46
Dargan	6	54 68	188 00	481 11	18 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	692 29	690 58	1 71
Brightville	7	118 11	201 00	661 78	22 50	.....	511 45	4	.....	100 00	.....	350 00	2,905 78	4,870 62	5,033 21	—162 59
Pegues	8	364 88	112 00	497 85	13 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	987 73	332 50	655 23
Chlo	9	.....	234 00	659 75	32 50	.....	1,700 83	6	525 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,152 08	3,881 04	—228 96
Bennettsville	10	.....	402 00	1,861 51	39 00	.....	4,148 77	4	650 00	.....	.....	300 00	.....	7,401 28	7,401 28	.....
Boykin	11	.....	123 00	363 37	12 50	.....	350 90	2½	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	963 83	668 55	.....
McColl	12	14 06	320 00	874 98	40 00	.....	2,841 36	4	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,076 29	4,866 68	—790 39
Parnassus	13	.....	92 00	296 88	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	437 59	316 10	121 49
Lester	14	24 21	88 00	332 92	12 00	.....	325 54	2½	.....	100 00	\$5 00	.....	.....	883 41	808 45	76 96
Blenheim	15	19 95	97 00	550 47	13 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,045 92	1,104 85	—58 93
Pine Grove	16	334 95	146 00	259 84	18 50	.....	257 06	2	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	1,030 20	756 40	273 80
Loudon	17	343 81	74 00	239 54	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	840 11	341 50	—1 39
Willis	18	14 57	136 00	424 27	18 50	.....	192 53	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	898 46	904 30	84 16
Hebron	19	17 16	185 00	448 68	23 50	.....	205 62	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	956 19	943 53	12 66
Harmony	20	13 44	101 00	255 78	15 00	.....	86 46	2	.....	98 00	5 00	.....	.....	560 78	504 00	56 78
Dunbar	21	4 54	121 00	558 25	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	907 36	577 00	830 36
Irby	22	208 11	78 00	123 83	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	87 20	.....	.....	.....	305 93	283 80	22 13
Pee Dee	23	4 40	64 00	211 12	5 50	.....	62 98	2	.....	52 98	.....	.....	.....	384 00	332 20	51 80
Key	24	7 52	109 00	328 86	12 00	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	636 23	620 00	16 23
Ebenezer	25	186 37	91 00	278 11	22 00	.....	110 55	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	537 95	518 76	19 20
Salem	26	36 29	89 00	300 44	9 50	.....	301 08	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,130 84	630 55	500 29
Dyers Hill	27	430 82	66 00	887 78	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	135 00	.....	598 23	473 83	124 40
Kollock	28	.....	68 00	363 37	7 50	.....	367 90	2½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	900 31	523 62	376 69
Whites Creek	29	93 54	50 00	133 98	5 00	.....	193 26	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	612 82	223 00	389 82
Debora	30	130 58	68 00	205 08	9 50	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	292 53	360 21	—67 68
Smith	31	.....	115 00	353 22	11 00	.....	139 80	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	719 02	625 71	98 31
Dudley	32	.....	68 00	205 08	8 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 27	286 00	14 27
Beauty Spot	33	18 74	119 00	359 81	11 00	.....	336 89	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	800 04	912 18	149 86
Pineville	34	236 84	108 00	310 59	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 00	1,062 04	484 67	150 95
.....	.....	182 53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	635 62	.....	.....
Total for County...	34	\$2,965 40	\$4,201 00	\$14,128 80	\$547 50	.....	\$12,660 47	.....	\$1,975 00	\$1,033 13	\$25 00	\$910 00	\$3,026 10	\$41,452 40	\$38,679 06	\$2,773 25

MARLBORO COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. L. EASTERLING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$1,015 02	\$1,015 02	.....	\$100 00	.....	\$1,115 02	.....	.....	.....	\$20 75	.....
2	.....	250 00	250 00	.....	31 00	21 00	271 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	60 00	60 00	60 00	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	250 00	250 00	.....	95 00	.....	95 00	345 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	779 00	680 00	1,459 00	166 00	165 00	.....	165 00	1,624 00	\$138 19	.....	16 31	.....
6	466 60	131 25	597 85	.....	90 00	.....	90 00	687 85	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	640 00	680 00	1,320 00	.....	153 00	153 00	153 00	1,473 00	.....	.....	2 78	.....
8	.....	120 00	120 00	87 50	177 50	90 00	177 50	297 50	.....	.....	6 75	.....
9	1,200 00	1,951 79	3,151 79	.....	120 00	120 00	120 00	3,271 79	.....	.....	6 00	.....
10	2,500 00	4,200 00	6,700 00	200 00	401 28	201 28	401 28	7,101 28	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	412 55	169 50	582 05	.....	60 00	60 00	60 00	642 05	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	1,675 00	2,295 00	3,970 00	108 75	108 75	.....	108 75	4,078 75	100 00	.....	16 50	.....
13	.....	207 50	207 50	.....	66 30	66 30	66 30	273 80	.....	.....	197 40	.....
14	.....	650 00	650 00	.....	97 50	97 50	97 50	747 50	.....	.....	6 50	.....
15	.....	880 00	880 00	.....	155 00	155 00	155 00	1,035 00	.....	.....	20 65	.....
16	660 00	.....	660 00	70 00	70 00	.....	70 00	730 00	21 40	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	250 00	250 00	76 50	76 50	.....	76 50	326 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	640 00	640 00	155 00	155 00	.....	155 00	796 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	.....	752 78	752 78	.....	134 00	134 00	134 00	886 78	.....	.....	28 50	.....
20	.....	378 00	378 00	.....	90 00	90 00	90 00	468 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	360 00	360 00	.....	192 50	192 50	192 50	552 50	2 00	.....	10 75	.....
22	.....	220 80	220 80	.....	50 00	50 00	50 00	270 80	.....	.....	11 00	.....
23	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	106 00	106 00	106 00	306 00	24 20	.....	8 00	.....
24	.....	460 00	460 00	160 00	160 00	.....	160 00	620 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	400 00	400 00	.....	100 00	100 00	100 00	500 00	.....	.....	13 00	.....
26	.....	480 00	480 00	.....	120 00	.....	120 00	600 00	4 55	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	40 00	40 00	.....	195 00	195 00	195 00	235 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	.....	390 00	390 00	87 50	87 50	.....	87 50	477 50	.....	.....	10 70	.....
29	60 00	70 00	130 00	.....	76 00	76 00	76 00	206 00	.....	.....	8 00	.....
30	12 00	167 50	179 50	.....	110 00	110 00	110 00	289 50	4 00	.....	25 00	.....
31	.....	454 05	454 05	.....	120 00	120 00	120 00	574 05	10 55	.....	41 11	.....
32	.....	210 00	210 00	.....	44 00	44 00	44 00	254 00	.....	.....	5 00	.....
33	.....	740 00	740 00	.....	90 00	90 00	90 00	830 00	36 60	.....	30 98	.....
34	171 00	.....	171 00	188 50	188 50	.....	188 50	354 50	98 05	.....	1 00	.....
Total for County.....		\$8,576 15	\$19,683 19	\$28,269 34	\$1,503 75	\$2,519 53	\$4,023 33	\$32,292 67	\$429 54	\$7 75	\$476 61	\$4 00

MARLBORO COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—A. L. EASTERLING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,015 02	\$100 00	\$1,115 02
	2	\$58 95	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$120 89	.....	.....	329 70	141 89	471 59
	3	.....	.....	\$24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24 00	60 00	84 00
	4	10 00	.....	.....	.....	\$18 60	.....	.....	.....	294 91	102 75	397 66
	5	61 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,653 29	165 00	1,818 29
	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	600 58	90 00	690 58
	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$3,563 46	.....	.....	.....	4,890 21	163 00	5,053 21
	8	.....	.....	.....	\$35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	212 50	332 50
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	103 25	.....	.....	.....	3,261 04	120 00	3,381 04
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	.....	.....	.....	7,000 00	401 28	7,401 28
	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	598 55	60 00	658 55
	12	20 45	.....	.....	.....	256 50	218 58	.....	.....	4,544 35	322 83	4,866 68
	13	.....	\$85 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	214 00	102 10	316 10
	14	5 00	.....	.....	7 50	20 80	.....	.....	.....	701 45	105 00	806 45
	15	69 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	949 85	165 00	1,104 85
	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	686 40	70 00	756 40
	17	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 00	91 50	341 50
	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	9 30	.....	.....	.....	649 30	155 00	804 30
	19	22 25	.....	.....	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	803 53	140 00	943 53
	20	14 75	5 00	.....	10 00	1 25	.....	.....	.....	399 00	105 00	504 00
	21	3 75	.....	.....	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	376 50	200 50	577 00
	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 00	.....	.....	.....	283 80	50 00	333 80
	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	227 20	105 00	332 20
	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	460 00	160 00	620 00
	25	2 00	.....	.....	.....	3 75	.....	.....	.....	418 75	100 00	518 75
	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	26 00	.....	.....	.....	510 55	120 00	630 55
	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	288 83	.....	.....	.....	278 83	195 00	473 83
	28	35 42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	436 12	87 50	523 62
	29	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	148 00	75 00	223 00
	30	31 71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250 21	110 00	360 21
	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	505 71	120 00	625 71
	32	.....	.....	.....	8 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	230 00	56 00	286 00
	33	8 00	.....	.....	.....	6 62	.....	.....	.....	822 18	90 00	912 18
	34	86 12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	301 17	183 50	484 67
Total for County.....	34	\$394 35	\$40 80	\$24 00	\$89 50	\$4,555 36	\$339 47	\$25 00	.....	\$34,174 20	\$4,504 85	\$38,679 05

MARLBORO COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. L. EASTERLING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Enrollment.												
	Public Schools.					Negro.							
	White.		Negro.		Grand Total	White.		Negro.		Grand Total.			
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country		In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.				
					Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	1	.....	2	.....	40	44	84	.....	.....	45	70	115
2	1	.....	1	.....	24	19	43	.....	.....	18	27	45
3	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	42	62
4	1	.....	1	.....	.....	18	36	.....	.....	69	89	158
5	1	.....	.....	1	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	64	72	136
6	1	.....	1	.....	31	20	51	.....	.....	95	80	175
7	1	.....	2	.....	50	63	113	.....	.....	66	85	151
8	2	.....	2	.....	30	38	68	.....	.....	72	97	169
9	1	2	.....	1	.....	34	31	65	.....	.....	59	66	125
10	2	.....	1	.....	458	.....	.....	458	168	252	.....	.....	420
11	1	.....	1	.....	35	30	65	.....	.....	45	47	92
12	2	.....	1	1	325	.....	.....	325	.....	.....	85	100	185
13	1	.....	1	.....	25	22	47	.....	.....	44	65	109
14	1	.....	1	.....	23	23	46	.....	.....	63	84	147
15	1	.....	1	1	70	.....	.....	70	.....	.....	82	112	194
16	1	.....	1	.....	19	23	42	.....	.....	42	50	92
17	1	.....	1	.....	14	13	27	.....	.....	39	47	86
18	1	.....	1	.....	15	34	49	.....	.....	81	64	145
19	1	.....	2	.....	18	21	39	.....	.....	70	138	208
20	1	.....	1	.....	17	22	39	.....	.....	35	21	56
21	1	.....	2	.....	16	13	29	.....	.....	124	135	259
22	1	.....	1	.....	12	16	28	.....	.....	15	17	32
23	1	.....	1	.....	17	19	36	.....	.....	32	38	70
24	1	.....	1	.....	35	46	81	.....	.....	45	64	109
25	1	.....	1	.....	22	15	37	.....	.....	39	42	81
26	1	.....	1	.....	21	14	35	.....	.....	46	63	109
27	1	.....	2	.....	4	1	5	.....	.....	61	81	142
28	1	.....	1	.....	19	18	37	.....	.....	31	51	82
29	2	.....	1	.....	21	17	38	.....	.....	18	22	40
30	1	.....	1	.....	12	14	26	.....	.....	22	22	44
31	1	.....	1	.....	41	23	69	.....	.....	45	40	85
32	1	.....	1	.....	11	12	23	.....	.....	25	27	52
33	1	.....	1	.....	6	13	19	.....	.....	53	71	129
34	1	.....	2	.....	19	13	32	.....	.....	53	40	93
Total for Co...	7	33	1	40	1,064	649	660	1,309	1,708	2,069	3,777	4,197	

MARLBORO COUNTY.—TABLE 8.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—A. L. EASTERLING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.													
Number of District.	White.						Negro.						
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Grand Total
1	23	28	51	.....	.....	.....	22	40	62	62
2	14	9	23	.....	.....	.....	16	12	28	28
3	13	30	43	43
4	12	11	23	.....	.....	.....	38	58	96	96
5	27	25	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34	42	76	76
6	15	10	25	.....	.....	.....	27	32	59	59
7	18	21	39	.....	.....	.....	44	52	96	96
8	16	24	40	.....	.....	.....	42	58	100	100
9	48	45	93	21	20	41	.....	.....	.....	46	50	96	96
10	186	202	388	.....	.....	.....	120	182	302	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	23	18	41	.....	.....	.....	30	31	61	61
12	112	106	218	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	45	77	77
13	13	12	25	.....	.....	.....	32	55	87	87
14	13	12	25	.....	.....	.....	33	52	85	85
15	24	18	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	56	98	98
16	7	11	18	.....	.....	.....	33	41	74	74
17	8	9	17	.....	.....	.....	25	40	65	65
18	10	19	29	.....	.....	.....	72	50	122	122
19	8	14	22	.....	.....	.....	43	76	119	119
20	9	11	20	.....	.....	.....	31	17	48	48
21	8	10	18	.....	.....	.....	77	109	186	186
22	7	8	15	.....	.....	.....	12	13	25	25
23	9	10	19	.....	.....	.....	19	28	47	47
24	23	39	62	.....	.....	.....	33	45	78	78
25	9	7	16	.....	.....	.....	15	18	33	33
26	17	10	27	.....	.....	.....	27	29	56	56
27	2	1	3	.....	.....	.....	46	53	99	99
28	14	13	27	.....	.....	.....	19	29	48	48
29	15	11	26	.....	.....	.....	11	12	23	23
30	10	11	21	.....	.....	.....	19	20	39	39
31	18	12	30	.....	.....	.....	23	25	48	48
32	5	7	12	.....	.....	.....	18	20	38	38
33	5	8	13	.....	.....	.....	26	57	83	83
34	8	6	14	.....	.....	.....	36	20	56	56
Total for County.....	897	806	793	800	832	742	120	182	802	1,086	1,315	2,351	2,653

MARLBORO COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. L. EASTERLING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
		White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
1	15	1	\$1,000 00	1	\$150 00	1	\$100 00	\$20 00	2

MARLBORO COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—A. L. EASTERLING, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Number of Teachers						Total for Both Sexes	Total Number of Weeks of Session		Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman		
	Negro							White		Negro			White	Negro
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	Country	Town	Country			
1	1			1	3			28			20	3	2	A. S. Grant, Bennettsville. O. L. Langley, Carolina Spgs, N. C. Durant Turner, Bennettsville. J. L. McLaurin, Bennettsville. J. H. Moore, Bennettsville. H. C. Cottingham, Bennettsville. Wm. Guilan, Carolina Springs, N. C.
2	1			1				16			4	3	3	
3				1							8	2	3	
4	1						20				12	3	3	
5	1				1						12	3	3	
6							28				12	3	3	
7							32				12	4	3	
8					1		36				20	3	3	
9	1				1		36				26	3	3	
10	1						72				16	2	3	
11					1			23		36		1	3	
12	1						36				12	3	3	
13								17			9	2	3	
14								25			13	3	3	
15							32				13	2	3	
16			1								12	2	3	
17	1							32			15	2	3	
18	1							20			13	2	3	
19								32			15	3	3	
20								24			12	2	3	
21						1		30			12	2	3	
22					1			23			10	2	3	
23								30			14	3	3	
24	1							22			13	3	3	
25								32			16	2	3	
26	1							32			16	3	3	
27								4			23	3	3	
28	1				1			26			10	3	3	
29								16			11	2	3	
30								14			16	3	3	
31					1			21			9	2	3	
32								24			12	2	3	
33								16			22	3	3	
34	2										405			
Total for Co.	14	1	1	22	8	1	208	705	16	405				

NEWBERRY COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. S. WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
								High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Newberry	\$398 46	\$651 00	\$2,740 80	\$50 00	.....	\$8,884 24	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,135 99	\$14,305 49	\$14,312 49	—\$7 00
Mt. Bethel	159 80	71 00	357 60	21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	30 00	648 90	608 10	45 80
Maybinton	522 29	82 00	249 60	26 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	879 89	474 00	405 89
Long Lane	42 85	67 00	192 00	19 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	770 85	770 85	.....
McCollough	204 21	65 00	216 00	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$100 00	350 00	508 21	328 00	175 21
Cromer	45 94	68 00	225 60	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	359 54	390 00	— 46
Chinquapin	111 76	67 00	266 40	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	465 16	434 50	80 66
Reagin	170 56	68 00	336 40	19 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	638 96	546 00	92 96
Dead Fall	343 65	68 00	367 20	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	798 85	479 85	319 00
Utopia	712 68	78 00	388 80	25 00	.....	142 76	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,342 24	587 95	804 29
Hartford .....	.....	79 00	369 60	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	471 60	471 60	.....
Johnstone .....	.....	91 00	396 40	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	514 40	509 04	5 36
St. Lukes	237 11	89 00	453 60	34 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	813 71	632 45	181 26
Prosperity .....	.....	161 00	705 60	39 00	.....	601 72	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	208 25	2,135 57	2,084 85	50 72
Saluda	31 00	78 00	230 40	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	362 40	321 60	40 80
O'Neill	128 39	78 00	393 60	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	634 99	543 83	91 16
Monticello	49 12	78 00	225 60	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	392 72	308 15	84 57
Fairview	308 20	78 00	268 80	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	674 00	413 87	260 13
Swilton	93 88	66 00	220 80	27 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	407 68	346 75	60 93
Big Creek	134 09	81 00	261 60	30 00	.....	90 51	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	567 20	573 47	23 78
Central	122 28	68 00	189 60	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	401 88	280 45	121 43
St. Philips	98 44	68 00	244 80	21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21 70	453 94	332 28	121 66
Rutherford	453 01	78 00	369 60	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	30 00	955 61	828 65	126 96
Broad River	845 53	78 00	206 80	21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	648 88	358 40	289 98
New Hope	63 06	63 00	261 60	19 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	406 65	352 00	54 65
Pomaria	82 18	62 00	278 40	32 00	.....	54 39	½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	498 97	433 25	65 72
Garmany	486 27	82 00	448 80	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,041 07	491 23	549 84
Helena .....	.....	122 00	355 20	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	512 20	492 40	19 80
Mt. Pleasant	312 39	79 00	460 80	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	875 19	635 95	239 24
Little Mountain .....	.....	54 00	453 60	20 00	.....	237 39	2	.....	.....	.....	800 00	27 15	1,472 14	1,642 05	—169 91
Wheeland	173 08	48 00	196 80	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	433 88	282 00	151 88
Union	174 83	69 00	211 20	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	475 08	457 70	17 83
Jolly Street	87 87	52 00	163 20	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	319 07	302 35	16 72
St. Pauls	9 02	60 00	213 60	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39 65	348 27	334 95	13 32

NEWBERRY COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. S. WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Excelsior	35	\$269 39	\$49 00	\$220 80	\$21 00	.....	\$200 13	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$760 32	\$488 20	\$277 02
Mt. Pilgrim	36	106 76	68 00	306 60	42 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	526 36	479 25	47 11
Mudlic	37	4 98	60 00	336 00	17 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	417 98	405 00	12 98
Vaughnville	38	217 16	78 00	391 20	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	709 36	528 15	181 21
Chappells	39	367 28	143 00	396 00	32 00	.....	437 01	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,375 29	989 49	435 80
Old Town	40	17 37	73 00	338 40	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	450 77	380 00	70 77
Dominick	41	24 15	73 00	220 80	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	387 96	325 00	12 96
Independence	42	7 99	84 00	240 00	23 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	355 49	340 00	15 49
Bush River	43	100 41	73 00	297 60	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	493 01	369 00	124 01
Smvrna	44	13 92	78 00	285 60	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	400 52	399 60	92
Trinity	45	199 42	78 00	273 60	24 00	.....	114 21	2	.....	.....	.....	\$100 00	\$100 00	889 23	923 68	34 45
Burton	46	306 82	73 00	336 00	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	737 82	484 30	253 52
Tranwood	47	426 86	67 00	283 20	21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	798 06	393 65	404 41
Jalapa	48	237 52	72 00	340 80	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	672 32	452 45	219 87
Kinards	49	270 57	79 00	254 40	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	625 97	500 00	125 97
Tabernacle	50	9 30	69 00	194 40	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	294 70	294 70	.....
Trilby	51	4 76	69 00	216 00	21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310 76	310 00	76
Whitmire	52	46 10	139 00	432 00	32 00	.....	1,032 44	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,681 54	1,635 00	46 54
Mollohon	53	461 75	60 00	268 80	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	808 55	390 00	418 55
Beth Eden	54	50 68	78 00	242 40	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	394 08	354 09	39 99
Fork	55	111 68	60 00	213 60	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	403 28	320 41	82 87
Zion	56	116 21	58 00	220 80	19 00	.....	68 21	2	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	30 00	522 22	443 59	78 63
Belcast	57	50 00	40 00	151 20	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	256 20	162 00	94 20
Silver Street	58	49 10	63 00	199 20	19 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	412 34	412 84	.....
Pressley	59	1 89	50 00	218 40	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	286 29	285 75	54
Total for County...	59	\$10,063 51	\$4,961 00	\$19,855 20	\$1,392 50	.....	\$11,813 01	...	\$800 00	\$82 04	\$40 00	\$500 00	\$1,972 74	\$51,480 00	\$44,286 76	\$7,193 24

NEWBERRY COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. S. WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$2,185 00	\$7,910 00	\$10,095 00	\$360 00	\$1,462 50	\$1,822 50	\$11,917 50	\$762 40	.....	\$947 23	\$149 00
2	.....	280 00	280 00	210 00	.....	210 00	490 00	.....	.....	20 00	3 10
3	.....	324 00	324 00	.....	150 00	150 00	474 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	257 35	257 35	.....	60 00	60 00	317 35	53 50	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	245 00	245 00	80 00	.....	80 00	325 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	260 00	260 00	.....	100 00	100 00	360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	320 00	320 00	112 50	.....	112 50	432 50	.....	\$2 00	.....	.....
8	.....	320 00	320 00	62 50	125 00	187 50	507 50	4 00	.....	16 00	8 50
9	.....	320 00	320 00	.....	124 17	124 17	444 17	3 00	.....	6 85	.....
10	.....	355 30	355 30	.....	171 75	171 75	527 05	.....	.....	10 90	.....
11	.....	329 48	329 48	135 00	.....	135 00	464 48	.....	.....	7 12	.....
12	.....	350 00	350 00	125 50	.....	125 50	475 50	.....	.....	11 78	2 30
13	300 00	210 00	510 00	100 00	.....	100 00	610 00	5 80	.....	16 65	.....
14	950 00	840 00	1,790 00	150 00	70 00	220 00	2,010 00	.....	.....	74 85	.....
15	.....	261 60	261 60	.....	60 00	60 00	321 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	325 00	140 00	465 00	.....	75 00	75 00	540 00	.....	.....	3 83	.....
17	.....	238 00	238 00	.....	60 30	60 30	298 30	.....	.....	9 86	.....
18	.....	300 25	300 25	.....	37 50	37 50	337 75	76 12	.....	.....	.....
19	296 75	.....	296 75	.....	50 00	50 00	346 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	475 50	.....	475 50	90 00	.....	90 00	565 50	.....	.....	4 80	.....
21	.....	230 45	230 45	.....	50 00	50 00	280 45	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	75 00	75 00	315 00	4 50	.....	12 78	.....
23	.....	316 90	316 90	.....	100 00	100 00	416 90	.....	.....	22 00	6 95
24	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	60 00	60 00	340 00	.....	.....	18 40	.....
25	.....	252 00	252 00	.....	100 00	100 00	352 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	348 75	348 75	.....	75 00	75 00	423 75	.....	.....	9 50	.....
27	.....	320 00	320 00	131 25	.....	131 25	451 25	.....	.....	24 00	15 98
28	.....	200 95	200 95	126 50	30 00	156 50	357 45	.....	.....	12 00	6 85
29	.....	342 20	342 20	254 25	.....	254 25	596 45	.....	10 00	20 00	9 50
30	450 00	720 00	1,170 00	.....	40 00	40 00	1,210 00	.....	.....	104 90	.....
31	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	37 50	37 50	277 50	.....	.....	4 50	.....
32	.....	220 00	220 00	.....	70 00	70 00	290 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	228 00	228 00	.....	10 00	10 00	238 00	58 60	.....	.....	.....
34	.....	249 95	249 95	.....	35 00	35 00	284 95	10 00	.....	5 75	.....

NEWBERRY COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. S. WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
35	\$400 00	.....	\$400 00	.....	\$30 00	\$30 00	\$430 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	\$404 25	404 25	.....	75 00	479 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	280 00	280 00	.....	125 00	405 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	377 50	377 50	.....	145 00	522 50	.....	.....	.....	\$5 65	
39	768 15	768 15	.....	150 00	918 15	.....	.....	.....	15 84	
40	280 00	280 00	.....	.....	280 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	250 00	250 00	.....	75 00	325 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	280 00	280 00	.....	60 00	340 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	280 65	280 65	.....	80 00	360 65	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	306 00	306 00	.....	80 60	386 60	.....	.....	.....	8 85	
45	280 00	280 00	.....	108 00	388 00	.....	.....	.....	18 00	
46	360 00	360 00	.....	80 00	440 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
47	260 00	260 00	.....	125 00	385 00	.....	.....	.....	28 55	
48	320 00	320 00	100 00	.....	420 00	\$11 70	.....	.....	20 75	
49	400 00	400 00	100 00	.....	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
50	215 70	215 70	.....	75 00	290 70	.....	.....	.....	4 00	
51	250 00	250 00	.....	60 00	310 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
52	790 00	.....	765 00	1,555 00	.....	80 00	1,635 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
53	210 00	210 00	.....	180 00	390 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
54	245 00	245 00	.....	87 50	332 50	.....	.....	.....	21 59	
55	240 00	240 00	.....	52 20	292 20	.....	.....	.....	8 21	
56	320 00	320 00	.....	50 00	370 00	10 00	.....	.....	28 59	
57	162 00	162 00	.....	.....	162 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
58	233 00	233 00	.....	98 75	328 75	82 59	.....	.....	3 00	
59	225 75	225 75	.....	60 00	285 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County....		\$6,172 25	\$25,163 18	\$31,335 43	\$2,212 50	\$5,025 77	\$7,238 27	\$33,573 70	\$1,063 21	\$12 00	\$1,515 72	\$208 18

NEWBERRY COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. S. WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	\$512 48	\$23 88							\$12,317 11	\$1,995 38	\$14,312 49
2		50 00					\$40 00		340 00	263 10	603 10
3									324 00	150 00	474 00
4					\$400 00				710 85	60 00	770 85
5		3 00							245 00	88 00	333 00
6									260 00	100 00	360 00
7									320 00	114 50	434 50
8		10 00							340 00	206 00	546 00
9		25 83							329 85	150 00	479 85
10									366 20	171 75	537 95
11									336 60	135 00	471 60
12	19 46								381 24	127 80	509 04
13									532 45	100 00	632 45
14									1,864 85	220 00	2,084 85
15									261 60	60 00	321 60
16									468 88	75 00	543 88
17									247 85	60 80	308 65
18									376 37	37 50	413 87
19									296 75	50 00	346 75
20	3 17								488 47	90 00	578 47
21									280 45	50 00	330 45
22									257 28	75 00	332 28
23					342 80		40 00		721 70	106 95	828 65
24									298 40	60 00	358 40
25									252 00	100 00	352 00
26									358 25	75 00	433 25
27									344 00	147 23	491 23
28	116 10								329 05	163 35	492 40
29									362 20	273 75	635 95
30					327 15				1,602 05	40 00	1,642 05
31									244 50	37 50	282 00
32	167 70								387 70	70 00	457 70
33									292 35	10 00	302 35
34							40 00		299 95	35 00	334 95

NEWBERRY COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. S. WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	35	\$16 30				\$37 00				\$453 30	\$80 00	\$488 30
	36									404 25	75 00	479 25
	37									280 00	125 00	405 00
	38									388 15	145 00	528 15
	39									788 49	156 00	969 49
	40					100 00				380 00		380 00
	41									250 00	75 00	325 00
	42									280 00	60 00	340 00
	43									289 00	80 00	369 00
	44									319 00	80 60	399 60
	45					535 68				816 68	108 00	928 68
	46	15 75								404 30	80 00	484 30
	47	8 65								268 65	125 00	393 65
	48									352 45	100 00	452 45
	49									400 00	100 00	500 00
	50									219 70	75 00	294 70
	51									250 00	60 00	310 00
	52									1,555 00	80 00	1,635 00
	53									210 00	180 00	390 00
	54									268 59	87 50	354 09
	55	20 00								268 21	52 20	320 41
	56							\$40 00		393 59	50 00	443 59
	57									162 00		162 00
	58									318 59	93 75	412 34
	59									225 75	60 00	285 75
Total for County...	59	\$879 61	\$112 71			\$1,742 63		\$160 00		\$36,715 60	\$7,571 16	\$44,286 76

NEWBERRY COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. S. WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.																
Number of District.	White.						Negro.									
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.						
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Grand Total.			
35				19	13	32							25	32		
36				16	19	35							15	36		
37				5	3	8							25	58		
38				8	6	14							40	73		
39	14	13	27				52	41	93					93		
40				12	7	19										
41				7	6	13							13	32		
42				6	9	15							18	34		
43				8	6	14							17	33		
44				8	12	20							23	62		
45				7	15	22							19	37		
46				11	9	20							24	49		
47				4	3	7							23	51		
48				15	8	23							29	69		
49				12	10	22							26	58		
50				3	2	5							14	33		
51				5	7	12							31	54		
52	54	38	92				19	21	40					40		
53				3	1	4							21	43		
54				7	9	16							37	77		
55				9	7	16							14	37		
56				16	15	31							18	32		
57				8	7	15										
58	13	7	20				16	21	37							
59				6	7	13							18	39		
Total for County.....				415	492	907	511	494	1,005	387	477	864	1,104	1,251	2,355	3,219

NEWBERRY COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. S. WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.								
		White.		Negro.		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men.			Women.					
		No.	Value With Grounds.	No.	Value With Grounds.					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade			
1	8	\$50,000 00	1	\$5,000 00	1	.....	\$2,820 00	\$363 00	2	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	16
2	1	225 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	77 75	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
3	1	200 00	2	150 00	.....	.....	75 00	68 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
4	1	450 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	73 85	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
5	1	125 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	56 25	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
6	1	100 00	1	125 00	.....	.....	35 00	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
7	1	145 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	108 50	33 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
8	1	300 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	65 00	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
9	1	680 00	1	165 83	.....	.....	79 00	12 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
10	1	983 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	243 00	17 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
11	1	550 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	125 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
12	1	550 00	1	112 00	.....	.....	160 50	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
13	1	950 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	177 00	50 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
14	1	6,000 00	1	523 00	.....	.....	400 00	31 50	2	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
15	1	500 00	1	175 00	.....	.....	120 00	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
16	1	850 00	1	140 00	.....	.....	208 00	37 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
17	1	450 00	1	125 00	.....	.....	172 00	27 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
18	1	300 00	1	160 00	.....	.....	147 45	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
19	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	138 50	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
20	1	350 00	1	125 00	.....	.....	183 00	2 25	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
21	1	200 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	75 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
22	1	125 00	1	90 00	.....	.....	21 50	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
23	1	470 00	1	118 00	.....	.....	49 80	27 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
24	1	600 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	46 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
25	1	325 00	1	500 00	.....	.....	100 00	58 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
26	1	450 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	61 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
27	1	500 00	1	125 00	.....	.....	100 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
28	1	400 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	125 00	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
29	1	350 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	96 75	66 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
30	1	6,500 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	300 00	25 00	1	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	4
31	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	56 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
32	1	400 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	65 00	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
33	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
34	1	400 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	25 50	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1

NEWBERRY COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDING, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. ■ WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes		Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade					
1	1			4			5	144	28	26	1	2	S. J. Cromer, Newberry.
2	1			2			1		32	32	1	3	H. Maybin, Blairs.
3					1		1		30	28	2	3	C. M. Folk, Newberry.
4	1						1		28	28	2	3	W. T. Baker, Whitmire.
5							1		28	32	2	3	J. B. Cromer, Whitmire.
6	1			1			1		34	32	2	3	E. J. Stone, Newberry.
7				1			1		32	28	2	3	J. L. C. Davenport, Newberry.
8				1			1		28	34	2	3	R. S. Booser, Silver Street.
9							1		28	24	1½	3	I. P. Cannon, Newberry.
10	1						2	32	24	24	2	3	E. J. J.
11	1						1	24	26	10	1½	3	J. J.
12	1			1			1		26	12	2½	3	Dr.
13	1			1			1		24	10	2½	3	D. J.
14	1			1			1		24	12	2	3	P. J.
15				1			1		24	12	2	3	W. J.
16				1			1		28	10	2	3	M. J.
17				1			1		32	15	2	3	J. J.
18				1			1		22	8	2	3	J. A. Counts, Pomaria.
19				1			1		24	12	2	3	Benjamin Halfacre, Newberry.
20				1			1		24	16	2½	3	J. L. Keitt, Pomaria.
21				1			1		28	12	2	3	J. L. Crooka, Pomaria.
22				1			1		28	16	2	3	W. D. Bundrick, Pomaria.
23				1			1		24	16	2	3	W. S. Seybt, Pomaria.
24				1			1		32	20	1½	3	J. L. Mayer, Newberry.
25				1			1		32	13	1½	3	Welch Wilbur, Newberry.
26				1			1		28	24	2½	3	H. S. Graham, Blairs.
27	1						1		24	12	2	3	A. N. Boland, Little Mountain.
28	1						1		24	12	2	3	J. O. Metta, Sligha.
29							1		22	14	2	3	D. W. Bushardt, Newberry.
30							1		24	12	2½	3	W. B. Boinest, Sligha.
31							1		24	12	2	3	T. A. Epting, Pomaria.
32							1		24	12	2	3	
33							1		24	12	2	3	
34							1		24	12	2	3	

NEWBERY COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. S. WHEELER, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	County	Town	County			
35	1				1		1		32		12	2½	4	C. S. N.
36							1		32		12	2	3	L. L. H.
37					1				32		16	1½	4	P. L. H.
38					1				32		20	3	3	L. L. H.
39					1			36		24		1½	4	J. H. T.
40									32					M. M. M.
41					1		1		32		12	2	3	L. L. H.
42									32		12	1½	3	M. M. M.
43							2		32		16	2	3	L. J. T.
44					1				32		16	2	3	J. J. S.
45					1				32		17	2	3	D. H. D.
46									32		16	3	3	Dr. W.
47					1		1		32		20	2	3	Geo. J.
48	1								32		16	3	3	Dr. J.
49	1								32		16	1½	2½	J. C. J.
50									32		12	2	2½	W. J.
51					1		1		32		10	2	3	E. D.
52								36		16		3	3	Z. H.
53							1		24		24	2	3	Suber, Whitnair.
54					1				28		14	2	2½	Abrams, Whitnair.
55									24		9	2	3	J. C. Craps, Newberry.
56							1		32		8	2	2	S. R. Metts, Slighs.
57									16			2	2	Dr. E. O. Hentz, Pomaria.
58					1				24		15	1½	2½	Jno. A. Wallace, Kinards.
59							1		24		12	2	2	J. W. Suber, Silver Street.
60							1		32					W. H. Folk, Pomaria.
Total for Co	14	1		33	13	6	65	324	1,432	131	746			

OCOONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—W. C. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Townville	1	.....	\$43 00	\$159 25	\$15 00	.....	\$215 38	64	\$235 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$667 63	\$681 83	—\$13 70
Tokena	2	\$272 65	48 00	208 75	17 00	.....	57 26	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	608 66	886 45	217 21
Providence	3	.....	73 00	308 25	26 00	.....	171 44	4	.....	\$100 00	\$5 00	.....	\$5 00	686 69	669 50	17 19
Return	4	30 97	91 00	239 75	25 00	.....	124 90	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	611 62	543 44	68 18
Oakway	5	207 99	142 00	385 00	35 50	.....	281 44	4	280 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,311 93	1,410 55	—98 62
Fair Play	6	.....	106 00	250 25	35 00	.....	260 45	8	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	751 70	660 11	91 59
South Union	7	275 20	130 00	428 75	44 00	.....	290 40	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,168 35	1,115 15	53 20
Retreat	8	90 31	52 00	131 25	16 50	.....	.....	2	.....	76 72	.....	.....	.....	366 78	246 50	120 28
Block	9	48 70	23 00	94 50	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175 70	130 15	45 55
Tabor	10	446 68	53 00	133 00	19 00	.....	261 40	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	913 08	572 75	340 83
Hopewell	11	86 15	28 00	49 00	11 50	.....	93 78	2	.....	90 76	.....	.....	.....	359 19	240 25	118 94
Cleveland	12	99 50	33 00	50 75	14 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	197 25	100 00	97 25
Tugaloo	13	233 77	31 00	120 75	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	396 52	230 75	166 77
Unity	14	43 63	25 00	70 00	6 50	.....	19 18	2	.....	18 38	.....	.....	.....	182 69	45 00	137 69
Toxaway	15	191 29	29 00	145 25	9 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	374 54	250 80	123 74
Holly Springs	16	.....	38 00	113 75	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	159 25	81	158 94
Westminster	17	177 80	347 00	906 50	43 00	.....	8,086 64	5	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,070 94	4,740 20	330 74
Clearmont	18	56 87	58 00	218 75	16 00	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	349 62	428 40	—78 78
Richland	19	62 22	65 00	241 50	15 00	.....	299 22	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	782 94	800 71	—17 77
Bounly Land	20	98 55	60 00	141 75	21 00	.....	120 29	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	439 59	334 15	106 44
Coneross	21	.....	41 00	131 25	19 50	.....	.....	3	.....	97 66	5 00	.....	14 55	308 96	883 97	—75 01
Oak Grove	22	74 10	61 00	185 50	19 50	.....	105 00	8	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	545 10	457 40	87 70
Chauga	23	28 97	16 00	70 00	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	118 97	106 00	12 97
Zion	24	17 01	31 00	112 00	12 00	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	271 29	198 50	72 79
Neville	25	.....	39 00	73 50	15 50	.....	48 62	2	.....	50 66	.....	.....	.....	205 18	215 39	—10 21
Walhalla	26	121 79	223 00	973 00	22 50	.....	47 78	2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,415 10	8,540 38	—125 28
West Union	27	147 43	97 00	329 00	13 50	.....	1,574 81	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,111 85	1,140 05	—28 70
Speed's Creek	28	13 45	55 00	178 50	14 00	.....	424 42	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	260 95	258 65	2 80
Friendship	29	60 49	28 00	126 00	10 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	224 99	235 40	—60 41
Shiloh	30	135 81	71 00	278 25	33 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	518 06	324 95	193 11
Corinth	31	34 03	69 00	197 75	21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	321 78	315 55	6 23
Stone Church	32	.....	46 00	217 00	16 00	.....	118 44	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	497 44	453 67	43 77
Cherry	33	.....	28 00	91 00	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	131 50	102 52	28 98

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—W. C. HUGHS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Fairview	34	\$289 56	\$65 00	\$250 25	\$16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$620 81	\$347 50	\$273 31
Wolf Stake	35	51 20	65 00	213 50	24 00	.....	\$80 98	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	414 66	293 83	120 83
High Falls	36	95 63	65 00	209 80	27 50	.....	76 32	2	.....	35 38	.....	.....	.....	509 66	419 25	90 41
Norton	37	49 89	45 00	106 75	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	217 64	241 10	—23 46
Warsaw	38	93 35	23 00	47 25	8 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	172 10	81 85	90 25
Fall Branch.....	39	160 88	27 00	105 00	8 00	.....	25 14	2	.....	31 98	.....	.....	.....	358 00	331 87	26 13
McKinney's Creek..	40	66 67	11 00	49 00	3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	129 67	80 15	49 52
Jocassee	41	77 18	8 00	26 25	4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	115 43	76 70	38 73
Salem	42	827 94	86 00	379 50	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	817 44	729 15	88 29
Little River	43	.....	14 00	43 75	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	65 75	61 43	4 32
Cheohee	44	128 77	32 00	59 50	11 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	231 77	234 00	—2 23
Tamassee	45	9 59	32 00	101 50	17 50	.....	.....	2	.....	37 98	.....	.....	.....	198 57	216 40	—17 83
Flat Shoals	46	153 55	27 00	78 75	6 00	.....	22 14	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	287 44	101 95	185 49
Picket Post	47	200 16	45 00	133 00	14 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	392 66	233 16	159 50
Bear Pen	48	147 74	13 00	47 25	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	215 49	218 75	—3 26
Cherry Hill	49	.....	5 00	8 75	3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16 75	24 97	—8 22
Village Creek.....	50	84 96	15 00	59 50	7 00	.....	17 68	4	.....	17 28	.....	.....	.....	201 41	90 75	110 66
Bethlehem	51	70 54	20 00	66 50	6 00	.....	34 24	2	.....	25 54	.....	.....	.....	222 82	237 56	—14 74
Mill Creek.....	52	2 87	10 00	14 00	4 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31 37	40 00	—8 63
Whetstone	53	98 04	15 00	61 25	3 00	.....	40 50	3	.....	41 43	.....	.....	.....	259 22	140 25	118 97
Double Springs	54	40 29	23 00	77 00	11 00	.....	52 48	4	.....	59 92	.....	.....	.....	268 69	216 75	51 94
Belmont	55	101 27	22 00	36 75	10 50	.....	46 11	3	.....	42 78	.....	.....	.....	259 41	142 50	116 91
Mountain Grove.....	56	118 81	15 00	47 25	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	188 56	93 76	94 80
Rich Mountain	57	68 76	13 00	22 75	6 50	.....	11 31	3	.....	13 20	.....	.....	.....	135 52	76 00	59 52
Poplar Springs	58	85 83	19 00	45 50	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	158 33	114 00	44 33
Long Creek	59	135 81	38 00	101 50	10 50	.....	34 76	2	.....	31 82	.....	.....	.....	352 39	246 00	103 39
Brasstown	60	3 59	13 00	52 50	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 09	.....	75 09
Damascus	61	144 79	28 00	85 75	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	271 04	164 50	106 54
Pulaski	62	.....	7 00	24 50	3 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34 50	39 99	—5 49
Seneca	63	697 38	348 00	1,330 00	27 50	.....	4,613 06	5	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,520 94	6,528 21	992 73
Brewer	64	.....	36 00	154 00	10 50	.....	135 03	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	485 56	470 67	—35 11
Oconee Station	65	43 39	12 00	57 85	3 50	.....	15 28	2	.....	17 42	.....	.....	.....	149 44	150 78	—1 34
Fort George	66	73 22	19 00	73 50	10 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$18 00	194 22	138 00	56 22

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—W. C. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Union	67	\$80 39	\$29 00	\$82 25	\$12 50	.....	\$189 04	2	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	\$217 32	\$225 86	\$225 86
Reedy Fork	68	5 27	36 00	141 75	17 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	157 90	42 12	42 12
Ebenezer	69	17 01	82 00	353 50	22 00	.....	87 20	2	.....	89 92	.....	.....	.....	614 24	37 39	37 39
Newry	70	489 20	95 00	239 25	9 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	489 20	408 25	408 25
Earles	71	131 76	54 00	238 00	19 00	.....	70 78	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	335 83	177 71	177 71
Bear Swamp	72	.....	22 00	71 75	8 00	.....	66 72	4	.....	77 58	.....	.....	.....	234 27	11 78	11 78
Red Hill	73	.....	31 00	61 25	10 50	.....	78 76	2	.....	80 98	.....	.....	.....	147 78	114 71	114 71
Crawford	74	.....	33 00	47 25	13 00	.....	28 46	2	.....	30 89	.....	.....	.....	176 16	23 56	23 56
Madison	75	.....	61 00	260 75	19 00	.....	292 36	2	.....	100 00	\$10 00	.....	\$13 65	768 86	12 10	12 10
Smeltzer	76	106 03	11 00	42 00	4 50	.....	29 48	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	58 65	134 36	134 36
Zimmerman	77	60 48	22 00	78 75	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88 45	83 78	83 78
General Fund .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	136 00	502 65	866 65	866 65
Total for County...	77	\$7,565 18	\$3,977 00	\$13,203 90	\$1,103 00	.....	\$13,593 69	.....	\$1,995 00	\$1,997 68	\$20 00	.....	\$187 20	\$43,642 65	\$37,742 02	\$5,900 63

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.W. C. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$85 00	\$437 00	\$522 00	.....	\$35 00	\$35 00	\$557 00	.....	.....	\$24 83	.....
2	.....	270 65	270 65	.....	100 00	100 00	370 65	.....	.....	12 00	.....
3	360 15	180 00	540 15	.....	50 00	50 00	590 15	.....	.....	43 35	.....
4	200 00	111 20	311 20	.....	50 00	50 00	361 20	.....	.....	18 04	.....
5	680 00	642 20	1,322 20	.....	60 00	60 00	1,382 20	.....	.....	28 35	.....
6	818 75	203 75	522 50	.....	50 00	50 00	572 50	.....	6 25	23 45	.....
7	488 75	447 25	936 00	\$165 00	.....	105 00	1,101 00	.....	.....	14 15	.....
8	.....	234 00	234 00	.....	12 50	12 50	246 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	105 15	105 15	25 00	.....	25 00	130 15	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	437 50	105 00	542 50	10 35	.....	25 75	568 25	.....	.....	4 50	.....
11	.....	210 00	210 00	7 00	.....	15 40	232 40	.....	3 05	4 80	.....
12	.....	100 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	219 25	219 25	.....	.....	.....	219 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	45 00	45 00	.....	.....	.....	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	.....	200 80	200 80	.....	50 00	50 00	250 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1,395 00	2,205 00	3,600 00	165 00	.....	165 00	3,765 00	.....	.....	31	.....
18	350 15	.....	350 15	.....	62 50	62 50	412 65	.....	.....	15 75	.....
19	375 00	200 00	575 00	.....	50 00	50 00	625 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	240 00	240 00	.....	62 50	62 50	302 50	.....	.....	15 35	.....
21	209 25	.....	209 25	65 00	.....	65 00	274 25	.....	.....	76 32	.....
22	105 50	.....	195 50	87 50	.....	37 50	233 00	.....	16 40	8 00	.....
23	105 00	.....	105 00	.....	.....	.....	105 00	.....	.....	1 00	.....
24	.....	148 50	148 50	.....	50 00	50 00	198 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	192 50	192 50	.....	.....	.....	192 50	.....	9 60	13 29	.....
26	1,010 00	2,100 00	3,110 00	.....	225 00	225 00	3,335 00	.....	.....	145 00	.....
27	.....	403 75	403 75	.....	75 00	75 00	478 75	.....	100 90	28 30	.....
28	.....	183 65	183 65	.....	75 00	75 00	258 65	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	.....	182 50	182 50	.....	98 75	98 75	281 25	.....	.....	4 16	.....
30	.....	236 00	236 00	.....	87 50	87 50	323 50	.....	.....	1 45	.....
31	56 50	119 65	176 15	95 00	.....	95 00	271 15	.....	.....	6 10	.....
32	.....	270 00	270 00	62 50	.....	62 50	332 50	.....	63 55	53 87	.....
33	.....	77 52	77 52	.....	25 00	25 00	102 52	.....	.....	.....	.....

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. C. HUGHS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
34	\$250 00	.....	\$250 00	\$75 00	.....	\$75 00	\$325 00	.....	.....	\$7 50	.....
35	.....	.....	\$234 20	234 20	.....	.....	284 20	.....	.....	9 63	.....
36	160 00	210 00	370 00	.....	25 00	25 00	395 00	.....	.....	22 25	.....
37	.....	183 75	183 75	.....	56 00	56 00	239 75	.....	.....	1 35	.....
38	.....	61 25	61 25	.....	.....	.....	61 25	.....	\$19 60	1 00	.....
39	.....	133 46	133 46	.....	.....	.....	133 46	.....	.....	2 75	.....
40	.....	75 10	75 10	.....	.....	.....	75 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	.....	76 70	76 70	.....	.....	.....	76 70	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	237 00	348 00	585 00	.....	.....	.....	585 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	.....	61 43	61 43	.....	.....	.....	61 43	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	.....	120 00	120 00	.....	.....	.....	120 00	.....	113 35	65	.....
45	.....	206 50	206 50	.....	.....	.....	206 50	.....	.....	9 90	.....
46	.....	97 95	97 95	.....	.....	.....	97 95	.....	.....	4 00	.....
47	.....	233 16	233 16	.....	.....	.....	233 16	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	218 75	.....	218 75	.....	.....	.....	218 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
49	.....	24 97	24 97	.....	.....	.....	24 97	.....	.....	.....	.....
50	45 00	45 00	90 00	.....	.....	.....	90 00	.....	.....	75	.....
51	.....	136 50	136 50	.....	25 00	25 00	161 50	.....	76 06	.....	.....
52	.....	40 00	40 00	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
53	140 25	.....	140 25	.....	.....	.....	140 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
54	210 96	.....	210 96	.....	.....	.....	210 96	.....	.....	5 80	.....
55	.....	142 50	142 50	.....	.....	.....	142 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
56	.....	90 00	90 00	.....	.....	.....	90 00	.....	8 76	.....	.....
57	.....	75 00	75 00	.....	.....	.....	75 00	.....	.....	1 00	.....
58	.....	114 00	114 00	.....	.....	.....	114 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
59	240 00	.....	240 00	.....	.....	.....	240 00	.....	.....	6 00	.....
60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
61	.....	164 50	164 50	.....	.....	.....	164 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
62	.....	39 99	39 99	.....	.....	.....	39 99	.....	.....	.....	.....
63	1,040 00	2,364 83	3,404 83	880 01	.....	880 01	4,284 84	.....	326 20	514 42	.....
64	.....	245 00	245 00	50 00	.....	50 00	295 00	.....	.....	13 90	.....
65	.....	140 00	140 00	.....	.....	.....	140 00	.....	.....	1 50	.....
66	70 00	.....	70 00	.....	.....	.....	70 00	.....	.....	.....	.....

OCOONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. C. HUGHS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	67	\$338 75	\$118 45	\$185 20	\$13 62	\$18 50	\$32 12	\$217 32	.....	.....	.....	.....
	68	.....	60 00	60 00	97 99	.....	97 90	157 90	.....	.....	.....	.....
	69	248 50	240 00	488 50	.....	78 00	78 00	561 50	.....	.....	\$42 74	.....
	70	800 00	189 20	489 20	.....	.....	.....	489 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
	71	.....	219 75	219 75	.....	50 00	50 00	269 75	\$12 00	.....	.....	.....
	72	.....	210 00	210 00	.....	.....	.....	210 00	.....	.....	24 27	.....
	73	.....	140 00	140 00	.....	.....	.....	140 00	.....	.....	7 78	.....
	74	.....	176 16	176 16	.....	.....	.....	176 16	.....	.....	.....	.....
	75	.....	584 00	584 00	.....	75 00	75 00	659 00	29 00	.....	37 21	.....
	76	.....	56 00	56 00	.....	.....	.....	56 00	.....	.....	2 65	.....
	77	.....	88 45	88 45	.....	.....	.....	88 45	.....	.....	.....	.....
	.....	200 00	200 00	400 00	.....	.....	.....	400 00	.....	.....	102 65	.....
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	77	\$9,683 75	\$18,016 12	\$27,709 87	\$1,748 88	\$1,622 05	\$3,370 98	\$31,080 80	\$783 52	.....	\$1,332 21	.....

OCOONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. O. HUGHS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

District Number	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	\$646 33	\$35 00	\$681 33
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	286 45	100 00	386 45
3	\$21 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	619 50	50 00	669 50
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	164 20	.....	\$15 00	.....	498 44	50 00	548 44
5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,350 55	60 00	1,410 55
6	57 91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	610 11	50 00	660 11
7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	950 15	165 00	1,115 15
8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	234 00	12 50	246 50
9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105 15	25 00	130 15
10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	547 00	25 75	572 75
11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	217 85	22 40	240 25
12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	100 00
13	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	230 75	.....	230 75
14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	45 00	.....	45 00
15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 80	50 00	250 80
16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	81	.....	81
17	.....	.....	.....	.....	975 20	.....	.....	.....	4,575 20	165 00	4,740 20
18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	855 90	62 50	918 40
19	122 71	.....	.....	.....	53 00	.....	.....	.....	750 71	50 00	800 71
20	14 80	.....	.....	.....	2 00	.....	.....	.....	271 65	62 50	334 15
21	6 20	.....	.....	\$2 65	.....	.....	24 55	.....	316 32	67 65	383 97
22	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	419 30	37 50	457 40
23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	106 00	.....	106 00
24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	148 50	50 00	198 50
25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	215 39	.....	215 39
26	60 38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,315 38	225 00	3,540 38
27	9 25	.....	.....	.....	522 85	.....	.....	.....	1,065 06	75 00	1,140 06
28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	183 65	75 00	258 65
29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 65	98 75	285 40
30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	237 45	87 50	324 95
31	.....	.....	.....	.....	38 30	.....	.....	.....	220 55	95 00	315 55
32	.....	.....	.....	3 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	337 42	66 25	403 67
33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	77 52	25 00	102 52

OCOONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. O. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
34	\$15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$272 50	\$75 00	\$347 50
35	243 83	50 00	293 83
36	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	394 25	25 00	419 25
37	185 10	56 00	241 10
38	81 85	.....	81 85
39	\$195 68	.....	.....	.....	331 87	.....	331 87
40	5 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 15	.....	80 15
41	76 70	.....	76 70
42	125 00	.....	.....	.....	729 15	.....	729 15
43	61 43	.....	61 43
44	234 00	.....	234 00
45	216 40	.....	216 40
46	101 95	.....	101 95
47	233 16	.....	233 16
48	218 75	.....	218 75
49	24 97	.....	24 97
50	90 75	.....	90 75
51	212 56	25 00	237 56
52	40 00	.....	40 00
53	140 25	.....	140 25
54	216 75	.....	216 75
55	142 50	.....	142 50
56	98 76	.....	98 76
57	76 00	.....	76 00
58	114 00	.....	114 00
59	246 00	.....	246 00
60
61	164 50	.....	164 50
62	39 99	.....	39 99
63	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1,397 75	.....	.....	.....	5,648 20	880 01	6,528 21
64	6 80	.....	.....	.....	154 97	.....	.....	.....	420 67	50 00	470 67
65	9 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 78	.....	150 78
66	68 00	.....	.....	.....	138 00	.....	138 00

OCOONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—W. C. HUGHS, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$185 20	\$32 12	\$217 32
	68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60 00	97 90	157 90
	69	\$10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	641 24	73 00	614 24
	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	489 20	.....	489 20
	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 83	50 00	335 83
	72	.....	.....	.....	54 08	.....	.....	.....	.....	234 27	.....	234 27
	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	147 78	.....	147 78
	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	176 16	.....	176 16
	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	698 86	75 00	768 86
	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	58 65	.....	58 65
	77	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88 45	.....	88 45
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	502 65	.....	502 65
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	77	\$354 88	.....	.....	\$6 40	\$4,061 01	.....	\$88 20	.....	\$34,364 69	\$3,377 33	\$37,742 02

ÓCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—W. O. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Enrollment.																				
Public Schools.										Negro.										
Number of District.	White.				Negro.				In Town Schools.				In Country Schools.				Grand Total			
	White.		Negro.		Town.		Country		Boys		Girls		Total		Boys		Girls		Total	
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
67	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	16	28	28	.....	.....	.....	4	15	19	19
68	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	7	15	15	.....	.....	.....	35	31	66	66
69	.....	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	71	144	144	.....	.....	.....	15	43	58	58
70	1	.....	.....	.....	103	68	171	.....	.....	.....	.....	171	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
71	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	47	92	92	.....	.....	.....	23	21	44	44
72	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	16	41	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
73	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	16	35	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
74	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	14	27	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
75	1	.....	.....	1	53	57	110	.....	.....	.....	.....	110	.....	.....	.....	16	23	39	39
76	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	12	24	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
77	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	18	45	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for Co...	10	73	6	34	856	892	1,748	5,423	1,913	1,762	3,675	5,423	805	864	1,669	700	730	1,430	2,099	

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—W. C. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Average Attendance.									
	White.					Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.	
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls
34	16	22	38	10	12	22	22	22	10	12
35	21	23	44	14	18	27	27	27	14	18
36	25	27	52	6	8	14	14	14	6	8
37	7	8	15	10	10	20	20	20	10	10
38	12	6	18	8	8	16	16	16	8	8
39	13	11	24	13	13	26	26	26	13	13
40	5	8	13	10	10	20	20	20	10	10
41	5	5	10	68	68	136	136	136	68	68
42	26	42	68	23	23	46	46	46	23	23
43	11	12	23	19	19	38	38	38	19	19
44	10	9	19	32	32	64	64	64	32	32
45	13	19	32	12	12	24	24	24	12	12
46	6	6	12	43	43	86	86	86	43	43
47	22	21	43	17	17	34	34	34	17	17
48	10	7	17	5	5	10	10	10	5	5
49	2	3	5	25	25	50	50	50	25	25
50	10	15	25	17	17	34	34	34	17	17
51	8	9	17	6	6	12	12	12	6	6
52	4	2	6	27	27	54	54	54	27	27
53	11	16	27	28	28	56	56	56	28	28
54	15	13	28	6	6	12	12	12	6	6
55	3	3	6	19	19	38	38	38	19	19
56	8	11	19	9	9	18	18	18	9	9
57	5	4	9	17	17	34	34	34	17	17
58	7	10	17	23	23	46	46	46	23	23
59	9	14	23	15	15	30	30	30	15	15
60	7	8	15	23	23	46	46	46	23	23
61	14	9	23	7	7	14	14	14	7	7
62	4	3	7	31	31	62	62	62	31	31
63	138	154	292	15	15	30	30	30	15	15
64	16	16	31	17	17	34	34	34	17	17
65	10	7	17	25	25	50	50	50	25	25
66	14	11	25	11	11	22	22	22	11	11

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—W. C. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Area	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
		White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
1	1	\$2,200 00	1	\$200 00	\$400 00	\$57 50	1	

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—W. C. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

District & Number	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers.					
	White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women		
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds				First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade
													Total for Both Sexes
67	1	\$300 00	1	\$200 00	.....	\$100 00	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
68	1	300 00	1	200 00	.....	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
69	2	400 00	1	150 00	.....	75 00	.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
70	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
71	1	500 00	1	100 00	.....	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
72	1	500 00	.....	.....	.....	140 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
73	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
74	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
75	1	800 00	1	100 00	.....	175 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
76	1	800 00	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
77	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....	51	\$86,800 00	24	\$6,525 00	2	\$6,723 95	\$601 50	26	4	.....	62	19	5
													116

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—W. C. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers										Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro						Total for Both Sexes				White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men			Women			Third Grade	Second Grade	First Grade	Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade											
81	1						1				1	32					J. B. Ligon, Townville.
82											1		24				J. N. Grant, Townville.
83											1		24				J. A. Callahan, Seneca.
84											1		18				John F. Martin, Seneca.
85											1		32				H. J. Myers, Westminster.
86											1		30				B. J. Maret, Fair Play.
87											1		28				T. D. Maret, Westminster.
88	1										1		24				O. F. Meares, Westminster.
89													12				W. R. Craig, Westminster.
90	1										1		27				J. A. Knox, Westminster.
91													31				W. M. Barrett, Westminster.
92													16				O. J. Ramsey, Madison.
93													27				J. P. Powell, Madison.
94													6				J. M. Adams, Madison.
95											1		23				J. H. R.
96												26			24		B. R.
97	1										1						J. B.
98											1		24				J. R. N. O.
99											1		26				W. O.
100											1		20				J. H.
101	1										1		12				J. R. M.
102													12				W. J.
103											1		20				W. Z.
104											1		22				E. L.
105												72			32		E. C.
106											1	34			16		J. R.
107											1		15				J. W.
108											1		16				Edw.
109											1		20				J. T.
110	2										1		16				J. B.
111	1												12				V.
112											1		6				

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—W. C. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Position of Chairman	
	Negro.						White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men.			Women.			Town	Country	Town	Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade					Total for Both Sexes			
84	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20	1	18	1	1	C. H. R.	Cowan, Walhalla.
85	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	24	1	10	1	1	E. R. R.	Rutherford, Walhalla.
86	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	48	1	4	1	1	R. R. T.	Nicholson, Salem.
87	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	21	1	8	1	1	G. W. E.	James Burrell, Tennessee.
88	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	1	W. W.	W. J. Keown, Tennessee.
89	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	15	1	1	1	1	L. A.	L. A. King, Mt. Rest.
90	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	1	1	1	1	S. L.	J. T. Ramey, Mt. Rest.
91	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	1	1	1	1	A. L.	I. W. Henry, Mt. Rest.
92	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	24	24	1	1	1	Geo.	Simon Hunt, Mt. Rest.
93	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	L. R.	Clem Wilbanks, Walhalla.
94	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	1	1	1	1	D. O.	G. W. Cobb, Mt. Rest.
95	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	21	1	1	1	1	J. E.	E. L. Collins, Walhalla.
96	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	1	1	1	1	W. S.	Thos. Ramey, Mt. Rest.
97	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20	1	1	1	1	J. N.	J. C. Lee, Long Creek.
98	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	27	1	1	1	1	M. N.	Jacob Rothell, Battle Creek.
99	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	1	1	1	1	James Burrell, Tennessee.	D. F. Carter, Battle Creek.
100	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	16	1	1	1	1	W. J. Keown, Tennessee.	J. O. Lee, Madison.
101	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	L. A. King, Mt. Rest.	W. P. Nimmons, Seneca.
102	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	1	1	1	1	J. T. Ramey, Mt. Rest.	S. M. Hunnicutt, Walhalla.
103	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	22	1	1	1	1	I. W. Henry, Mt. Rest.	James Lee, Walhalla.
104	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	19	1	1	1	1	Simon Hunt, Mt. Rest.	S. H. Collins, Salem.
105	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	1	1	1	1	Clem Wilbanks, Walhalla.	
106	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	16	1	1	1	1	G. W. Cobb, Mt. Rest.	
107	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	28	1	1	1	1	E. L. Collins, Walhalla.	
108	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	16	1	1	1	1	Thos. Ramey, Mt. Rest.	
109	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	28	1	1	1	1	J. C. Lee, Long Creek.	
110	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	23	1	1	1	1	Jacob Rothell, Battle Creek.	
111	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	23	1	1	1	1	D. F. Carter, Battle Creek.	
112	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	28	1	1	1	1	J. O. Lee, Madison.	
113	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	28	1	1	1	1	W. P. Nimmons, Seneca.	
114	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	26	72	1	1	1	S. M. Hunnicutt, Walhalla.	
115	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	16	1	1	1	1	James Lee, Walhalla.	
116	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	1	1	1	1	S. H. Collins, Salem.	

OCONEE COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—W. C. HUGHES, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
		Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro		
		Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	Town		Country				
		First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
	67	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	12	.....	R. L. Ballinger, Westminster.
	68	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	14	.....	J. L. Grissop, Seneca.
	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	44	.....	.....	10	.....	J. A. Ivester, West Union.
	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	St. John Courtenay, Newry.
	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	8	.....	T. B. Ables, Westminster.
	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	J. W. Walker, Walhalla.
	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	M. G. Holland, Walhalla.
	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	W. J. McCrary, Fair Play.
	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	P. P. Sullivan, Madison.
	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	W. H. Lusk, Salem.
	77	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	S. J. Lyles, Madison.
Total for Co.	77	12	3	1	16	4	2	38	324	1,234	180	342	.....	.....

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 8-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Vance	1	\$158 85	\$78 00	\$330 00	\$16 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$583 35	\$463 00	\$120 35
South Poplar	2	411 07	161 00	544 00	39 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$7 50	1,162 57	813 51	849 06
Four Holes	3	147 60	89 00	344 00	17 00	.....	\$170 50	8	.....	\$100 00	\$10 00	.....	20 00	898 10	805 00	83 10
East Goodland	4	191 46	75 60	316 00	13 75	.....	74 66	4	.....	.....	.....	\$191 00	144 98	1,007 45	923 01	84 44
Ball Branch	*5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	443 90	370 00	73 90
Eutawville	6	55 00	477 00	800 00	153 00	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,490 00	1,337 50	152 50
North Holly Hill	7	10 00	87 00	232 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	349 00	341 17	7 83
Holly Hill	8	3 29	308 00	1,134 00	48 50	.....	64 42	7	\$336 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,439 21	2,406 29	33 92
South Goodly	11	1 19	110 00	444 00	22 50	.....	130 84	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	8 24	810 77	810 00	77
West Providence	12	.....	87 00	264 00	25 50	.....	150 63	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	627 13	627 13	.....
East Providence	13	39 61	102 00	268 00	21 00	.....	83 88	2	.....	84 14	.....	.....	1 00	599 63	535 75	13 88
East Cow Castle	14	112 60	79 00	262 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 00	484 60	446 00	38 60
West Cow Castle	15	139 78	40 00	172 00	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	367 78	330 00	37 78
East Branchville	16	65 46	101 00	260 00	35 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 00	464 93	405 50	59 46
South Branchville	17	136 02	52 00	2 18	28 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 00	436 52	308 50	228 03
Branchville	18	753 75	211 00	1,382 00	41 00	.....	1,201 12	4	383 00	.....	6 00	.....	46 86	4,083 73	3,440 44	593 29
South New Hope	19	114 90	51 00	286 00	11 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 50	466 90	362 80	104 10
North New Hope	20	237 63	121 00	600 00	20 50	.....	943 63	4	317 00	.....	5 00	.....	42 63	2,337 49	2,249 01	88 48
West Middle	21	124 50	107 00	228 00	22 00	.....	141 08	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	11 82	734 40	665 00	69 40
East Middle	*22	57 04	199 00	700 00	44 00	.....	221 14	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	7 72	885 00	885 00	.....
North Middle	23	59 62	92 00	128 00	25 00	.....	120 60	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	11 08	536 30	370 00	166 30
East Orange	24	457 76	212 00	914 00	50 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	350 00	451 05	2,435 31	2,394 62	40 69
South Orange	25	.....	151 00	414 00	47 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 00	623 50	608 75	14 75
City of Orangeburg	26	.....	639 00	2,912 00	62 50	.....	7,671 65	5	.....	100 00	.....	.....	187 96	11,623 41	11,603 10	20 31
West Orange	27	120 68	219 00	762 00	59 00	.....	816 44	4	.....	.....	.....	250 00	277 26	2,504 33	2,033 05	411 33
North Orange	28	61 09	168 00	422 00	30 00	.....	760 14	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	31 87	1,573 10	1,372 35	200 75
Joint Calhoun	29	74 27	32 00	122 00	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 50	237 77	102 30	135 47
North Elizabeth	32	117 43	115 00	338 00	26 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 00	597 93	552 85	45 08
East Elizabeth	33	814 01	49 00	210 00	9 50	.....	113 49	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 20	702 20	451 10	251 10
West Elizabeth	34	2 28	198 00	780 00	26 00	.....	653 71	6	337 00	.....	.....	.....	11 60	2,013 59	2,013 49	10
Rocky Grove	35	4 56	34 00	186 00	16 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	241 06	207 50	33 56
West Goodland	36	26 04	156 00	676 00	30 50	.....	1,448 70	6	447 00	.....	5 00	.....	15 28	2,804 52	2,792 23	12 29
South Goodland	37	191 46	75 50	216 00	13 75	.....	74 66	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 98	576 35	325 50	249 85
North Goodland	38	103 54	63 00	323 00	16 00	.....	83 72	2	.....	80 50	5 00	.....	6 04	684 90	631 99	102 51
North Hebron	39	7 62	36 00	128 00	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	181 12	160 62	11 50
South Hebron	40	117 23	73 00	270 00	13 50	.....	412 68	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	3 84	990 25	888 40	101 85
West Liberty	41	49 47	193 00	568 00	54 50	.....	420 33	7	264 00	.....	.....	.....	7 54	1,558 84	1,489 60	67 24
Dry Branch	42	46 43	36 00	68 00	4 00	.....	38 33	2	.....	33 96	.....	.....	.....	231 77	191 00	40 77
East Willow	43	211 30	96 00	308 00	20 00	.....	127 92	3	.....	100 00	.....	300 00	354 39	1,517 61	1,457 12	60 49

*See District No. 5 and District No. 23.

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
North Willow	44	\$96 79	\$80 00	\$272 00	\$12 50	.....	\$116 75	3	.....	\$100 00	.....	\$350 00	\$352 25	\$1,380 29	\$514 55	\$865 74
South Willow	45	28 12	57 00	156 00	16 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	252 62	181 15	71 47
West Union	46	.....	147 00	446 00	35 00	.....	481 51	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	4 89	1,214 40	1,210 55	8 85
East Union	47	170 77	183 00	462 00	48 00	.....	184 20	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 20	1,054 17	1,053 80	37
North Zion	48	148 65	126 00	504 00	38 00	.....	326 56	4	.....	100 00	\$5 00	.....	11 53	1,259 79	980 62	279 17
South Zion	49	42 29	64 00	304 00	19 50	.....	187 80	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	3 00	720 09	572 50	147 59
North Edisto	50	22 33	79 00	290 00	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 00	416 33	387 20	29 13
South Edisto	51	63 32	66 00	154 00	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 00	308 32	296 35	21 97
North Branchville ..	53	38 43	53 00	98 00	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 50	201 48	197 50	3 98
South Vance	54	80 87	180 00	292 00	34 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 50	541 87	445 87	96 00
East Liberty	55	24 07	44 00	243 00	11 00	.....	65 31	3	.....	67 44	.....	.....	54	460 36	391 80	68 56
Pine Forest	57	62 88	32 00	142 00	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	246 38	221 00	25 38
North Cow Castle..	58	648 29	71 00	376 00	27 00	.....	.....	3	.....	78 63	.....	.....	1 50	1,123 79	540 50	583 29
West Hebron	60	49 71	59 00	262 00	17 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 50	467 84	432 40	35 44
West Willow	61	39 35	74 00	366 00	22 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 50	504 85	403 50	101 35
Middle Elizabeth ..	64	98 64	145 00	430 00	42 50	.....	377 89	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	5 08	1,199 11	1,176 10	23 01
Bowman	65	4 31	183 00	614 00	30 00	.....	620 30	5	\$230 00	.....	.....	.....	21 20	1,702 81	1,700 65	2 16
Neeses	68	266 53	82 00	374 00	14 00	.....	326 43	7	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	21 08	1,094 09	1,086 10	7 99
Middle Goodland ..	69	17 07	28 00	166 00	8 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 00	220 57	189 50	31 07
Elloree	70	14 06	251 00	848 00	53 50	.....	1,110 45	5	391 00	.....	.....	.....	20 96	2,688 96	2,688 96	.....
Norway	71	.....	137 00	474 00	27 50	.....	740 41	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	15 86	1,494 80	1,494 80	.....
North Providence ..	72	.....	59 00	260 00	19 00	.....	135 44	4	230 00	.....	.....	175 00	36	703 80	703 80	.....
South Providence ..	73	261 64	90 00	320 00	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 00	1,048 64	1,028 15	20 49
St. George	74	236 04	123 00	320 00	27 50	.....	287 03	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	9 24	1,072 86	1,001 35	71 51
Cordova	75	211 49	68 00	172 00	19 50	.....	206 44	2	.....	.....	.....	300 00	301 70	1,279 13	465 30	813 83
Middle Willow	76	10 50	29 00	184 00	6 50	.....	35 22	3	.....	37 05	.....	.....	.....	302 27	272 41	29 86
North Vance	77	156 75	35 00	366 00	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 50	639 25	503 56	135 69
North Limestone ..	78	184 45	29 00	192 00	9 50	.....	57 99	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 33	474 77	473 25	1 52
Keitt Branch	79	58 04	53 00	190 00	13 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	314 04	266 65	47 39
Sawyerdale	80	14 38	41 00	86 00	19 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 50	162 38	140 35	22 03
West New Hope.....	81	61 34	42 00	212 00	11 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	326 84	321 15	5 69
Hauser	82	60 51	52 00	278 00	9 50	.....	71 43	3	.....	68 52	.....	.....	1 00	541 26	390 00	161 26
Joint Dorchester ..	83	84 00	10 00	66 00	5 50	.....	171 90	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	337 40	216 50	120 90
Goodwill	84	28 22	40 00	162 00	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	67 32	.....	.....	1 50	310 04	184 75	125 29
Reeds	86	61 57	68 00	216 00	14 00	.....	63 66	2	.....	66 94	.....	.....	1 26	491 43	407 55	83 88
Canaan	87	151 12	57 00	332 00	16 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	556 62	538 00	18 02
Sandy Run	88	61 75	28 00	204 00	9 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	302 75	187 50	115 25
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	131 00	181 00	131 00	.....
Total for County.	75	\$8,332 49	\$8,188 10	\$23,272 00	\$1,910 00	.....	\$21,980 69	.....	\$3,000 00	\$2,289 50	\$45 00	\$1,916 00	\$2,796 92	\$79,730 70	\$71,575 45	\$8,155 25

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$290 00	.....	\$180 00	.....	\$460 00	.....	.....	.....	\$8 00	.....
2	.....	565 10	.....	200 00	.....	765 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	\$505 00	245 00	.....	75 00	.....	325 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	275 00	.....	87 50	.....	362 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	245 00	.....	55 00	.....	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	342 50	712 50	\$70 00	62 50	.....	1,337 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	240 00	220 00	.....	.....	315 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	1,290 00	616 75	75 00	.....	.....	2,241 75	45 04	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	480 00	180 00	.....	150 00	.....	310 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	360 00	180 00	.....	80 00	.....	620 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	510 75	.....	75 00	.....	585 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	346 00	75 00	25 60	.....	446 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	.....	240 00	.....	90 00	.....	330 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	.....	355 50	.....	50 00	.....	405 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	.....	168 50	.....	.....	.....	208 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	810 00	1,800 00	300 00	200 00	.....	3,110 00	92 51	.....	.....	38 06	.....
19	.....	227 80	105 00	25 00	.....	357 80	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....
20	600 00	1,352 65	50 00	50 00	.....	2,052 65	96 06	.....	.....	10 00	.....
21	.....	500 00	90 00	75 00	.....	665 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	.....	700 00	185 00	.....	.....	885 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	.....	345 00	.....	.....	.....	370 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	455 00	500 00	.....	25 00	.....	1,382 50	64 95	.....	.....	50 00	.....
25	400 00	.....	88 75	427 50	.....	608 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1,800 00	8,075 00	400 00	525 00	.....	10,800 00	.....	.....	.....	808 10	.....
27	888 50	657 30	250 00	150 00	.....	1,896 80	.....	.....	.....	28 25	.....
28	555 96	604 96	.....	150 00	.....	1,310 90	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....
29	86 00	45 00	.....	12 25	.....	93 25	.....	.....	.....	9 06	.....
32	.....	400 00	140 00	.....	.....	540 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	351 10	.....	100 00	.....	.....	451 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	810 00	1,067 95	70 00	.....	.....	1,947 95	65 54	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	.....	177 50	30 00	.....	.....	207 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	900 00	1,727 23	150 00	.....	.....	2,777 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	.....	200 00	.....	120 00	.....	320 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	.....	423 25	62 50	.....	.....	485 75	.....	.....	.....	5 50	.....
39	.....	133 50	.....	88 75	.....	167 25	.....	.....	.....	4 50	.....
40	260 30	497 50	90 00	.....	.....	847 80	83 60	.....	.....	2 37	.....
41	600 00	620 80	.....	255 00	.....	1,475 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	.....	191 00	.....	.....	.....	191 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	.....	441 10	87 50	.....	.....	528 60	47 63	.....	.....	84 90	.....

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Name of District	Teachers' Salaries						Total for Both Races	Furniture and Apparatus		Fuel and Incidentals	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
44	.....	\$426 45	\$426 45	\$60 00	.....	\$60 00	\$486 45	\$7 75	.....	\$20 35	.....
45	.....	121 00	121 00	.....	\$25 00	25 00	146 00	32 15	.....	3 00	.....
46	.....	786 55	786 55	60 00	50 00	110 00	896 55	65 00	.....	.....	.....
47	.....	343 60	863 60	.....	180 00	180 00	1,043 60	10 20	.....	.....	.....
48	\$520 00	280 00	683 52	208 45	60 00	268 45	951 97	.....	.....	13 65	.....
49	403 52	372 50	872 50	60 00	120 00	180 00	552 50	5 50	.....	7 00	.....
50	.....	250 00	250 00	40 00	80 00	120 00	370 00	.....	.....	17 20	.....
51	.....	202 50	202 50	.....	75 00	75 00	277 50	.....	.....	1 50	.....
53	.....	167 50	167 50	.....	30 00	30 00	197 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
54	.....	270 00	270 00	.....	175 87	175 87	445 87	.....	.....	.....	.....
55	.....	270 00	270 00	.....	.....	117 50	387 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
57	168 50	.....	168 50	52 50	.....	52 50	221 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
58	.....	343 50	343 50	100 00	86 00	186 00	529 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
60	357 40	.....	857 40	75 00	.....	75 00	432 40	.....	.....	3 50	.....
61	.....	270 00	270 00	130 00	.....	130 00	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
64	455 00	596 25	1,051 25	237 50	97 50	335 00	1,148 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
65	520 00	880 90	1,400 90	.....	.....	237 50	1,638 40	.....	.....	5 00	.....
68	583 15	180 00	763 15	127 50	.....	127 50	890 65	.....	.....	.....	.....
69	120 00	.....	120 00	62 50	.....	62 50	182 50	.....	.....	7 00	.....
70	686 50	1,600 00	2,286 50	100 00	90 00	190 00	2,476 50	57 07	.....	.....	.....
71	408 80	960 00	1,368 80	.....	125 00	125 00	1,494 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
72	283 50	341 05	624 55	.....	73 25	73 25	697 80	6 00	.....	.....	.....
73	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	100 00	100 00	300 00	54 65	.....	6 20	.....
74	480 00	322 50	802 50	.....	100 00	100 00	902 50	68 25	.....	.....	.....
75	.....	397 30	397 30	.....	63 00	63 00	460 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
76	.....	217 91	217 91	.....	50 00	50 00	267 91	.....	.....	4 50	.....
77	.....	300 00	300 00	100 00	.....	200 00	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
78	.....	408 25	408 25	.....	65 00	65 00	473 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
79	.....	180 00	180 00	.....	62 50	62 50	242 50	12 35	.....	6 95	.....
80	.....	100 35	100 35	.....	40 00	40 00	140 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
81	.....	213 65	213 65	107 50	.....	107 50	321 15	.....	.....	.....	.....
82	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	100 00	100 00	380 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
83	.....	156 50	156 50	.....	60 00	60 00	216 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
84	.....	96 00	96 00	.....	75 00	75 00	171 00	13 75	.....	.....	.....
86	.....	281 00	281 00	.....	76 50	76 50	357 50	16 00	.....	12 80	.....
87	.....	367 50	367 50	75 00	68 75	143 75	511 25	7 00	.....	18 35	.....
88	.....	82 50	82 50	106 00	.....	106 00	187 50	.....	.....	131 00	.....
County Board Fund.		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....		\$16,371 72	\$38,111 89	\$54,483 61	\$4,842 20	\$5,526 87	\$10,369 07	\$819 40	.....	\$1,260 73	\$83 74

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of Pupils	Repairs		Rent		Grounds and Buildings		Libraries		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$288 00	\$190 00	\$478 00
2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	613 51	200 00	813 51
3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	700 00	75 00	775 00
4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	835 51	87 50	923 01
5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	245 00	125 00	370 00
6	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,065 00	282 50	1,347 50
7	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	296 17	75 00	371 17
8	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,060 29	345 00	2,405 29
11	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	600 00	150 00	750 00
12	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	547 13	80 00	627 13
13	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	510 75	75 00	585 75
14	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	846 00	100 00	946 00
15	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 00	90 00	330 00
16	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	855 50	50 00	905 50
17	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	168 50	40 00	208 50
18	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,921 10	510 34	3,431 44
19	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	232 80	130 00	362 80
20	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,149 01	100 00	2,249 01
21	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00	165 00	665 00
22	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	700 00	185 00	885 00
23	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	345 00	25 00	370 00
24	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,951 12	443 50	2,394 62
25	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	400 00	208 75	608 75
26	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,678 10	925 00	11,603 10
27	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,008 06	400 00	1,408 06
28	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,222 35	150 00	1,372 35
29	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 06	12 25	62 31
32	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	412 85	140 00	552 85
33	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	351 10	100 00	451 10
34	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,943 49	70 00	2,013 49
35	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	177 50	30 00	207 50
36	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,642 23	150 00	2,792 23
37	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	205 50	130 00	335 50
38	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	442 75	139 24	581 99
39	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	135 57	33 75	169 32
40	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	701 40	97 00	798 40
41	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,234 60	255 00	1,489 60
42	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	101 00	.....	101 00
43	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,360 62	67 50	1,428 12
44	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	454 55	60 00	514 55

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$250 00	.....	.....	.....	\$156 15	\$25 00	\$181 15
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,100 55	110 00	1,210 55
	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	873 80	180 00	1,053 80
	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$15 00	.....	712 17	268 45	980 62
	49	.....	.....	.....	\$7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	385 00	187 50	572 50
	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	267 20	120 00	387 20
	51	\$7 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	211 35	73 00	286 35
	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	167 50	30 00	197 50
	54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270 00	175 87	445 87
	55	4 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	274 30	117 50	391 80
	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	168 50	52 50	221 00
	58	.....	\$11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	343 50	197 00	540 50
	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	357 40	75 00	432 40
	61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	273 50	130 00	403 50
	64	27 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,078 60	97 50	1,176 10
	65	57 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,463 15	237 50	1,700 65
	68	155 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	953 60	127 50	1,086 10
	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	127 00	62 50	189 50
	70	155 39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,498 96	190 00	2,688 96
	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,369 80	125 00	1,494 80
	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	630 55	73 25	703 80
	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	668 30	.....	.....	.....	928 15	100 00	1,028 15
	74	30 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	901 35	100 00	1,001 35
	75	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	402 30	63 00	465 30
	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	222 41	50 00	272 41
	77	3 56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	303 56	200 00	503 56
	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	408 25	65 00	473 25
	79	4 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	204 15	62 50	266 65
	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 35	40 00	140 35
	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	213 65	107 50	321 15
	82	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	100 00	380 00
	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	156 50	60 00	216 50
	84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	109 75	75 00	184 75
	86	21 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	331 05	76 50	407 55
	87	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	394 85	143 75	538 60
	88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	82 50	106 00	187 50
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	131 00	.....	131 00
County Board Fund.	.....	\$1,009 91	\$30 34	\$30 00	\$23 50	\$3,310 15	.....	\$155 00	.....	\$61,068 80	\$10,506 65	\$71,575 45
Total for County...	75											

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.											
Number of District.	White.						Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.	
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Grand Total
1	6	9	15	6	12	18	33	34	67	63	67
2	...	...	...	25	21	46	...	...	...	16	169
3	...	...	...	16	15	31	...	...	...	10	31
4	...	...	...	10	4	14	...	...	...	25	23
5	...	...	...	49	42	91	...	...	...	156	55
6	...	...	...	10	9	19	...	...	...	32	333
7	...	...	...	17	18	35	...	...	...	92	62
8	72	57	129	14	17	31	...	...	...	28	204
11	...	...	...	16	19	25	...	...	...	15	68
12	...	...	...	15	22	37	...	...	...	16	40
13	...	...	...	15	20	35	...	...	...	28	48
14	...	...	...	8	11	19	...	...	...	22	61
15	...	...	...	16	17	33	...	...	...	32	47
16	...	...	...	8	12	20	...	...	...	25	96
17	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	95	170	23	53
18	50	55	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	170
19	...	...	...	3	3	6	...	...	...	29	64
20	40	47	87	...	...	...	30	32	62	21	110
21	...	...	...	19	13	32	...	...	...	49	100
22	...	...	...	20	22	42	...	...	...	55	115
23	...	...	...	10	9	19	...	...	...	11	24
24	...	...	...	27	33	60	...	...	...	80	190
25	15	18	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	138
26	327	347	674	...	...	...	286	294	580	...	580
27	...	...	...	15	19	34	...	...	...	89	134
28	25	22	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	62
29	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	8	38
32	...	...	...	9	8	17	...	...	...	30	64
33	...	...	...	8	8	16	...	...	...	18	44
34	60	64	124	...	...	...	50	50	100	...	100
35	...	...	...	5	8	13	...	...	...	14	36
36	66	81	147	...	...	...	42	43	85	...	85
37	...	...	...	17	12	29	...	...	...	21	46
38	...	...	...	13	19	37	...	...	...	20	45
39	...	...	...	9	5	14	...	...	...	18	34
40	17	49	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	54
41	...	...	...	21	36	57	...	...	...	57	130
43	...	...	...	24	22	46	...	...	...	25	39
44	...	...	...	43	36	79	...	...	...	23	42

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers							
	White		Negro		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women				
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	\$50 00	\$10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	110 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	1	\$1,350 00	.....	.....	.....	1	150 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
4	1	900 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	1	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
6	2	320 00	.....	.....	2	5	155 00	115 00	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	1	350 00	.....	85 00	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	3	4,125 00	.....	250 00	.....	.....	875 00	75 00	2	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	2	95 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	1	800 00	.....	25 00	.....	.....	25 00	10 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	1	350 00	.....	200 00	.....	.....	25 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	250 00	.....	60 00	.....	.....	25 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	1	675 00	.....	45 00	.....	.....	25 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	2	740 00	.....	95 00	.....	.....	35 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1	180 00	.....	65 00	.....	.....	15 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	8,000 00	.....	150 00	.....	.....	225 00	10 00	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1	3,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	125 00	5 00	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	2	330 00	.....	140 00	.....	.....	35 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1	85 00	.....	40 00	.....	1	10 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	2	1,700 00	.....	.....	.....	2	65 00	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	55 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	2	50,000 00	.....	2,500 00	.....	.....	5,000 00	400 00	.....	.....	.....	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	2	1,050 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	55 00	65 00	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	2	1,800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	20 00	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	55 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	1	155 00	.....	55 00	.....	.....	10 00	20 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	1	10,000 00	.....	.....	.....	1	500 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	1	325 00	.....	40 00	.....	.....	30 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	1	12,000 00	.....	75 00	.....	.....	400 00	10 00	1	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	1	200 00	.....	45 00	.....	.....	25 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	1	800 00	.....	35 00	.....	.....	40 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....
39	1	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	1	900 00	.....	175 00	.....	.....	25 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....
41	1	1,500 00	.....	45 00	.....	.....	150 00	10 00	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	1	1,650 00	.....	35 00	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Area	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers.								
			White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes		
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade		Third Grade	
44	1	\$1,550 00	1	\$35 00	.....	.....	\$75 00	\$10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	3
45	1	85 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	10 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
46	1	4,000 00	2	95 00	.....	.....	500 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
47	1	1,200 00	2	175 00	.....	.....	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
48	1	1,300 00	3	145 00	.....	.....	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
49	2	1,65 00	3	110 00	.....	.....	20 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
50	1	550 00	1	45 00	.....	.....	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
51	1	125 00	.....	.....	.....	1	30 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
53	1	130 00	.....	.....	.....	1	15 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
54	1	165 00	1	35 00	.....	.....	20 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
55	1	80 00	1	65 00	.....	.....	15 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
57	1	250 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	15 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
58	1	175 00	2	165 00	.....	.....	15 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
60	2	155 00	1	30 00	.....	.....	15 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
61	1	160 00	1	65 00	.....	.....	15 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
64	2	600 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	75 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
65	1	5,000 00	2	200 00	.....	.....	500 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
68	1	450 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	75 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
69	1	130 00	1	30 00	.....	.....	15 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
70	1	4,000 00	1	135 00	.....	.....	500 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
71	1	650 00	1	35 00	.....	.....	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
72	1	950 00	1	40 00	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
73	1	120 00	.....	.....	.....	1	15 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
74	1	1,200 00	1	55 00	.....	.....	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
75	1	1,350 00	1	30 00	.....	.....	105 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
76	1	140 00	.....	.....	.....	1	25 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
77	1	275 00	2	90 00	.....	.....	50 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
78	1	125 00	1	25 00	.....	.....	30 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
79	1	175 00	.....	.....	.....	1	20 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
80	1	155 00	.....	.....	.....	1	20 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
81	1	110 00	.....	.....	.....	1	25 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
82	1	180 00	1	40 00	.....	.....	15 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
83	1	165 00	.....	.....	.....	1	25 00	30 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	25 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
86	1	350 00	1	35 00	.....	.....	15 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
87	2	225 00	2	70 00	.....	.....	20 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
88	1	120 00	1	35 00	.....	.....	45 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Total for County.....			81	\$130,205 00	63	\$6,470 00	10	43	\$12,270 00	\$1,615 00	27	3	.....	116	12	1	159	

ORANGEBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—L. W. LIVINGSTON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number & District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro						White				White	Negro	
	Men			Women			Town		Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country		
1				1			1	28	52	24	16	J. Avinger, Vance, S. O.	
2				2			2		30		12	D. D. Evans, Parler, S. C.	
3					1		1		24		12	Gramblin, Orangeburg, S. O.	
4					1		1		24		10	F. H. M.	
5	2			1			3		24		52	L. S.	
6								20	32		12	T. S. L.	
7	2			1			3		32		16	M. L. J.	
8									32		24	Dr. C. P.	
11					1		1		32		16	T. C. P.	
12					1		1		32		16	J. S. E.	
13					1		1		32		12	S. H. T.	
14	1								24		13	W. T.	
15	1								20		14	H. C.	
16	1								40		22	W. C. J.	
17		1					1		28		12	W. W.	
18	1						1	32	30	20	10	I. J.	
19	1				1		2	32		7	6	J. E.	
20	1						1		48		24	John	
21	1				1		2		56		24	T. R.	
22	2						2		40		4	E. W.	
23									32		72	L. C.	
24									64	30	60	S. C.	
25	1						2	36				Kennedy, Orangeburg, S. O.	
26	1						2	64	64	16	4	Glaze, Orangeburg, S. O.	
27	2						4					L. C.	
28	1				1		2		32		16	Edgar L. Culler, Raymond, S. O.	
29	1						1	36	30	12	10	L. H. Beckwith, Jamison, S. O.	
30	1						1	36	30	12	10	F. W. Farnum, Orangeburg, S. O.	
31	1						1		32		16	A. J.	
32	1						1		32		16	J. D.	
33	1						1		28		16	H. S.	
34	1						1	36	30	12	10	C. G.	
35	1						1	36		12		J. B.	
36	1						1		30	12		Frank	
37									20		16	D. L.	
38									28		10	J. C.	
39								32	32		8	R. L.	
40									32		12	Pou, Livingston, S. O.	
41									32		16	Geo. Davis, Orangeburg, S. C.	
42									24		12	J. J. Judy, Nees, E. C.	
43									30		12	W. W. Fanning, Norway, S. O.	
44									30		12		

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 2-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Crowell	1	\$1 83	\$34 00	\$283 50	\$16 50	.....	\$359 22	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$725 06	\$627 75	\$97 30
Dayton	2	130 56	79 00	205 70	17 50	.....	229 98	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	662 74	339 00	323 74
Zion	3	81 65	97 00	256 70	14 50	.....	92 25	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	542 10	442 80	99 30
Flat Rock	4	124 41	91 00	153 00	12 50	.....	82 08	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	462 99	291 36	171 63
Ruhamah	5	121 15	42 00	103 70	13 00	.....	60 84	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	340 69	202 50	138 19
Symmes	6	49 19	71 00	178 50	13 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	312 19	276 47	36 72
Tabor	7	183 93	62 00	215 00	15 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	477 33	381 05	96 28
Calhoun	8	567 41	106 00	125 80	14 50	.....	272 63	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,086 34	661 80	424 54
Central	9	*898 70	183 00	426 70	21 50	.....	*2,202 26	10	\$700 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,432 16	3,422 17	1,009 99
Johnson	10	10 56	222 00	445 40	34 50	.....	460 54	1 1/2	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,279 00	1,191 08	87 92
Liberty	11	*712 71	211 00	549 10	20 00	.....	*2,561 25	7 1/2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,554 06	4,300 75	253 31
Reunion	12	103 17	46 00	122 40	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	282 57	171 40	111 17
Easley	13	*657 64	423 00	992 80	28 50	.....	*3,503 04	6	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,104 98	5,685 43	419 55
Mauldin	14	240 64	55 00	125 80	14 50	.....	351 59	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	787 53	686 09	121 44
Lenhardt	15	867 51	171 00	806 10	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	949 61	883 01	266 60
Farrs	16	109 01	80 00	178 50	17 00	.....	80 58	2	.....	80 58	.....	.....	.....	545 67	529 82	15 85
Dacusville	17	257 83	117 00	326 40	36 50	.....	261 11	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,098 84	1,021 90	76 94
Maynard	18	68 25	79 00	256 70	16 50	.....	73 89	2	.....	76 66	.....	.....	.....	570 00	370 29	199 71
Cedar Rock	19	80 14	77 00	241 40	22 50	.....	78 59	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	499 63	343 12	156 51
Bethlehem	20	63 06	59 00	168 10	14 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	294 16	226 33	67 78
Roanoke	21	96 59	95 00	243 10	22 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	457 19	401 25	55 94
Gates	22	.....	57 00	202 30	12 50	.....	47 43	2	.....	47 43	.....	.....	.....	366 66	366 66	.....
Long Branch	23	73 48	30 00	108 80	9 50	.....	47 77	2	.....	35 07	.....	.....	.....	297 62	216 20	81 42
Garvin	24	58 43	71 00	168 30	14 50	.....	77 20	2 1/2	.....	88 11	.....	.....	.....	477 54	442 15	35 39
Kings	25	55 73	30 00	64 60	8 00	.....	39 88	2 1/2	.....	43 09	.....	.....	.....	241 30	238 36	2 94
Palestine	26	63 75	23 00	62 90	5 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	160 15	107 00	53 15
Six-Mile	27	75 91	99 00	280 50	21 50	.....	53 64	2	.....	53 24	.....	.....	.....	598 79	557 10	36 69
Praters	28	74 90	76 00	137 70	23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	311 60	176 05	135 55
Wolf Creek	29	118 56	82 00	122 40	19 00	.....	115 56	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	457 52	398 40	59 12
Town Creek	30	141 20	127 00	217 60	17 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	502 80	370 50	132 30
Pickens	31	*494 10	211 00	595 00	26 00	.....	*2,265 34	15	525 00	.....	.....	.....	\$141 90	4,258 34	3,856 10	402 24
Glassy Mountain ..	32	134 74	61 00	129 20	20 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	345 44	290 20	55 24
Mica	33	115 40	53 00	158 10	19 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	350 50	209 00	141 50

*Inclusive of School Bond Fund.

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERL. TENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Olga	35	\$7 60	\$35 00	\$98 60	\$16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$300 00	.....	\$157 20	\$56 00	\$101 20
Oolenoy	36	40 62	65 00	139 40	19 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$900 00	1,464 52	1,461 90	2 62
Ambler	37	45 79	37 00	170 00	18 50	.....	\$74 08	4	.....	\$77 98	.....	.....	50 00	468 85	387 75	80 60
Hagood	38	54 30	47 00	129 20	17 00	.....	49 34	2	.....	49 34	.....	.....	.....	346 18	243 70	102 48
Twelve-Mile	39	171 30	50 00	212 50	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	449 80	388 10	111 70
Martin	40	108 08	47 00	113 90	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	279 93	215 80	64 68
Mile Creek	41	4 78	44 00	83 30	15 00	.....	53 59	3	.....	34 72	.....	.....	.....	285 39	229 60	5 79
Keowee	42	9 09	46 00	204 00	14 00	.....	43 67	2	.....	46 62	\$10 00	.....	20 00	384 38	384 68	— 30
Bethel	43	2 86	36 00	30 60	3 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51 99	28 00	23 99
Shady Grove	44	61 84	27 00	86 70	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	135 56	35 00	100 56
Antioch	45	2 67	31 00	40 80	8 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	138 14	102 75	35 39
Hampton	46	56 84	25 00	78 20	14 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	126 37	116 65	9 72
Holly Springs	47	15 35	24 00	73 10	9 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	163 94	161 00	2 94
Rock	48	192 11	52 00	90 10	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	136 45	180 95	5 50
Grove	49	88 22	8 00	144 50	19 50	.....	81 45	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	489 56	841 75	147 81
Rocky Bottom	50	1 85	14 00	17 00	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	115 22	.....	115 22
Eastatoe	51	58 14	15 00	62 90	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85 75	62 75	23 00
Cane Creek	52	125 87	9 00	23 80	5 50	.....	20 90	2	.....	20 86	.....	.....	.....	144 20	130 40	13 80
Laurel Fork	53	73 62	24 00	32 80	3 00	.....	14 45	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	184 62	184 62	.....
New Town	55	.....	.....	115 60	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	225 72	122 50	103 22
Montvale	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	137 50	412 50	550 00	.....	550 00
Walker-McElmoyle	A†	.....	.....	25 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 50	.....	25 50
Total for County...	54	\$7,459 91	\$4,024 00	\$10,184 70	\$811 50	.....	\$13,652 15	.....	\$2,225 00	\$857 70	\$10 00	\$437 50	\$1,524 40	\$41,186 86	\$34,195 54	\$6,991 32

†Joint Anderson County.

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$332 50	\$332 50	\$245 50	.....	\$245 50	\$578 00	.....	.....	\$26 85	.....
2	.....	277 50	277 50	50 00	.....	50 00	327 50	.....	.....	11 50	.....
3	.....	354 05	354 05	62 00	.....	62 00	416 05	.....	.....	26 75	.....
4	.....	242 81	242 81	.....	\$41 85	41 85	284 66	.....	.....	6 70	.....
5	.....	195 00	195 00	.....	.....	.....	195 00	.....	.....	7 50	.....
6	\$215 47	.....	215 47	60 00	.....	60 00	275 47	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	265 30	265 30	105 25	.....	105 25	370 55	.....	.....	10 50	.....
8	.....	546 25	546 25	.....	100 00	100 00	646 25	.....	.....	15 55	.....
9	1,000 00	1,865 94	2,865 94	112 50	.....	112 50	2,978 44	.....	.....	443 78	.....
10	600 00	445 05	1,045 05	.....	107 50	107 50	1,152 55	.....	\$4 25	24 68	.....
11	810 00	1,953 30	2,763 30	176 25	.....	176 25	2,939 55	.....	31 00	696 65	.....
12	135 65	.....	135 65	25 00	.....	25 00	160 65	.....	.....	5 75	.....
13	770 00	8,371 00	4,141 00	350 00	.....	350 00	4,491 00	.....	.....	1,194 43	.....
14	568 47	.....	568 47	.....	.....	.....	568 47	50 00	.....	9 91	.....
15	190 00	245 90	435 90	82 50	.....	82 50	518 40	.....	.....	10 30	.....
16	360 51	118 75	479 26	.....	50 00	50 00	529 26	.....	.....	56	.....
17	450 00	521 85	971 85	.....	25 00	25 00	996 85	.....	.....	25 05	.....
18	234 00	80 00	314 00	47 50	.....	47 50	361 50	.....	.....	8 79	.....
19	.....	271 25	271 25	62 50	.....	62 50	333 75	.....	.....	9 87	.....
20	.....	207 23	207 23	.....	.....	.....	207 23	.....	.....	19 15	.....
21	.....	296 00	296 00	.....	82 50	82 50	378 50	.....	.....	22 75	.....
22	240 00	81 38	321 38	.....	.....	.....	321 38	.....	.....	12 92	.....
23	.....	187 75	187 75	25 00	.....	25 00	212 75	.....	.....	8 45	.....
24	.....	421 60	421 60	.....	.....	.....	421 60	.....	.....	20 55	.....
25	.....	191 60	191 60	.....	.....	.....	191 60	.....	.....	3 01	.....
26	.....	107 00	107 00	.....	.....	.....	107 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	427 40	126 10	553 50	.....	.....	.....	553 50	.....	.....	3 60	.....
28	138 55	87 50	176 05	.....	.....	.....	176 05	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	292 30	.....	292 30	.....	96 85	96 85	389 15	.....	.....	7 00	.....
30	362 30	.....	362 30	.....	.....	.....	362 30	.....	.....	8 20	.....
31	900 00	1,985 00	2,885 00	130 00	20 00	150 00	2,985 00	.....	.....	431 10	.....
32	.....	225 25	225 25	56 25	.....	56 25	281 50	.....	.....	8 70	.....
33	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	9 00	.....
35	52 50	.....	52 50	.....	.....	.....	52 50	.....	.....	8 50	.....
											\$2 25

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
36	.....	\$177 50	.....	\$30 00	.....	\$177 50	.....	\$72 21	.....	\$15 54	.....
37	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	130 00	.....	.....	.....	1 00	.....
38	.....	182 40	.....	.....	.....	212 40	.....	.....	.....	13 00	.....
39	\$291 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	325 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
40	215 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	215 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	229 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	229 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
42	.....	294 68	.....	50 00	.....	344 68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	.....	28 00	.....	.....	.....	28 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	.....	35 00	.....	.....	.....	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	.....	102 75	.....	.....	.....	102 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
46	115 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	115 15	.....	.....	.....	1 50	.....
47	161 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	161 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	130 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	130 45	.....	.....	.....	50	.....
49	.....	194 75	.....	132 00	.....	326 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
51	.....	61 25	.....	.....	.....	61 25	.....	.....	.....	1 50	.....
52	.....	125 40	.....	.....	.....	125 40	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....
53	.....	183 62	.....	.....	.....	183 62	.....	.....	.....	1 00	.....
55	.....	112 50	.....	10 00	.....	122 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...		\$3,890 00	\$16,700 71	\$25,590 71	\$1,654 00	\$745 70	\$2,399 70	\$27,990 41	\$157 46	\$3,126 54	\$2 25

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	\$22 90								\$382 25	\$245 50	\$627 75
2									289 00	50 00	339 00
3									380 80	62 00	442 80
4									249 51	41 85	291 36
5									202 50		202 50
6									215 47	60 00	275 47
7									275 80	105 25	381 05
8									561 80	100 00	661 80
9									3,309 67	112 50	3,422 17
10	9 60								1,083 58	107 50	1,191 08
11	33 55				\$600 00				4,124 50	176 25	4,300 75
12	5 00								146 40	25 00	171 40
13									5,335 43	350 00	5,685 42
14	37 71								666 09		666 09
15						\$154 81			446 20	236 81	683 01
16									479 82	50 00	529 82
17									996 90	25 00	1,021 90
18									322 79	47 50	370 29
19									280 62	62 50	343 12
20									226 38		226 38
21									318 75	82 50	401 25
22	32 86								366 66		366 66
23									191 20	25 00	216 20
24									442 15		442 15
25	43 75								238 36		238 36
26									107 00		107 00
27									557 10		557 10
28									176 05		176 05
29									299 30	99 10	398 40
30									370 50		370 50
31					440 00				3,706 10	150 00	3,856 10
32									233 95	56 25	290 20
33									209 00		209 00

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	District or Building	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,284 40	.....	.....	.....	\$56 00	.....	\$56 00
	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	170 00	.....	.....	.....	1,461 90	.....	1,461 90
	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	357 75	\$30 00	387 75
	38	\$30 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	213 70	30 00	243 70
	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	304 35	33 75	338 10
	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	215 30	.....	215 30
	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	229 00	.....	229 00
	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	334 68	.....	334 68
	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$40 00	.....	28 00	50 00	78 00
	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35 00	.....	35 00
	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	102 75	.....	102 75
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	116 65	.....	116 65
	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	161 00	.....	161 00
	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	130 95	.....	130 95
	49	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	209 75	132 00	341 75
	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62 75	.....	62 75
	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	130 40	.....	130 40
	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	184 62	.....	184 62
	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	112 50	10 00	122 50
	A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...		\$230 17	.....	.....	.....	\$2,494 40	\$154 31	\$40 00	.....	\$81,639 28	\$2,556 26	\$84,195 54

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE A.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Enrollment.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
	Public Schools.						Negro.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
	White.		Negro.		Grand Total		White.		Negro.		Grand Total																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country	Total	Grand Total	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		In Country Schools.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
							Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Public Schools.						Enrollment.									
	White.			Negro.			White.					Negro.				
	Town.		Country	Town.		Country	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total.
							Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
35	1						17	22	39							39
36	2						41	47	88							88
37	1		1				29	29	58							58
38	1		1				31	22	53							53
39	1		1				32	28	60							60
40	1						45	41	86							86
41	1						32	27	59							59
42	1		1				34	27	61							61
43	1						6	8	14							14
44	1						15	17	32							32
45	1						16	11	27							27
46	1						21	17	38							38
47	1						31	23	54							54
48	1						19	11	30							30
49	1		1				32	23	55							55
50	1															
51	1						7	13	20							20
52	1						13	9	22							22
53	1						8	10	18							18
55	1		1				22	16	38							38
56	1						32	26	58							58
A							8	7	15							15
Total for Co..	8	54	22	6			1,621	1,536	3,157	226	263	489	487	509	996	1,485

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—B. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	.....	.....	.....	17	16	33	.....	.....	.....	25	26	51
2	.....	.....	.....	20	25	45	.....	.....	.....	14	10	24
3	.....	.....	.....	27	23	49	.....	.....	.....	24	26	50
4	.....	.....	.....	23	23	51	.....	.....	.....	6	8	14
5	.....	.....	.....	23	19	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	.....	.....	23	6	29	.....	.....	.....	21	20	41
7	.....	.....	.....	17	14	31	.....	.....	.....	22	23	45
8	14	16	30	.....	.....	.....	25	35	60	.....	.....	.....
9	63	40	103	.....	.....	.....	21	19	40	.....	.....	.....
10	73	97	170	.....	.....	.....	17	24	41	.....	.....	.....
11	74	65	139	.....	.....	.....	17	28	45	.....	.....	.....
12	.....	.....	.....	17	24	41	.....	.....	.....	13	10	23
13	172	177	349	.....	.....	.....	22	33	55	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	.....	.....	24	27	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	26	28	54	13	13	26	.....	.....	.....	23	22	45
16	.....	.....	.....	28	21	49	.....	.....	.....	14	16	30
17	.....	.....	.....	45	51	96	.....	.....	.....	9	11	20
18	.....	.....	.....	25	36	61	.....	.....	.....	13	10	23
19	.....	.....	.....	26	27	53	.....	.....	.....	13	19	32
20	.....	.....	.....	19	14	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	.....	.....	30	22	52	.....	.....	.....	22	23	45
22	.....	.....	.....	40	33	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	.....	.....	.....	11	14	25	.....	.....	.....	4	3	7
24	.....	.....	.....	14	12	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	.....	.....	6	16	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	.....	.....	15	10	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	.....	.....	85	75	160	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	.....	.....	.....	26	27	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	.....	.....	.....	21	20	41	.....	.....	.....	14	17	31
30	.....	.....	.....	33	53	86	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	95	115	210	.....	.....	.....	32	25	57	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	.....	.....	23	19	42	.....	.....	.....	7	9	16
33	.....	.....	.....	22	27	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers							
	White		Negro		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women				
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
1	1	\$500 00	1	\$200 00	.....	.....	\$50 00	\$20 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	1	400 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	50 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	1	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	2	500 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	100 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	1	200 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	40 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	1	200 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	50 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	1	300 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	40 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	1	11,000 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	1,000 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	1	1,000 00	1	25 00	.....	.....	200 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1	12,000 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	1,000 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	1	200 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	40 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	1	20,000 00	1	250 00	.....	.....	2,000 00	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	1	400 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	150 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	1	400 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	200 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	2	1,200 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	400 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	500 00	1	225 00	.....	.....	150 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	1	200 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	100 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	1	300 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	75 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	2	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1	200 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	190 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	1	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	1	10,000 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	1,000 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	1	400 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	150 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	1	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

PICKENS COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—R. T. HALLUM, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro						White		Negro		Country	White		Negro
	Men			Women			Town	Country	Town	Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
35									8					J. E. Singleton, Dacusville, S. C.
36									8					W. F. Hendricks, Pickens, S. C.
37							1		8					W. T. Day, Pickens, S. C.
38							1		8					E. P. B.
39							1		20					P. B.
40		1							18					S.
41									20					J. J.
42									22					J. J.
43		1					1		24					J. J.
44									4					Jas
45									4					A
46									16					N. W.
47									10					N. W.
48									16					R. W.
49									12					O.
49							1		24					W. D. Hendricks, Rock, S. C.
50														
51														Calhoun Bowie, Nimmons, S. C.
52									8					Wm. McKinney, Eastatoe, S. C.
53									18					Silas Hinckle, Jr., Galloway, N. C.
53									18					A. L. Edens, Pickens, S. C.
55							1		10					Samuel Wilson, Liberty, S. C.
56														W. H. Chastain, Pickens, S. C.
Total for Co.	7	12		1	8		26	273	944	110	100			

RICHLAND COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—S. M. CLARKSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 8-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
1	1	\$871 36	\$3,186 00	\$15,749 43	\$77 16	\$13,773 12	\$18,572 37	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$38,248 21	\$90,477 65	\$90,061 66	\$395 99
2	2	262 87	353 62	3,006 56	54 24	2,448 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	6,826 04	7,889 81	1,013 77
3	3	2,359 13	394 40	3,921 20	56 80	2,662 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,384 08	4,994 39	4,889 64
4	4	40 22	491 86	5,019 68	72 72	3,408 75	811 66	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,844 89	7,007 88	2,837 01
5	5	910 55	163 88	1,642 44	25 76	1,114 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,856 88	2,551 66	1,295 22
6	6	481 42	141 70	1,411 60	22 40	957 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,964 37	2,077 43	886 94
7	7	.....	92 56	912 48	15 37	616 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$5 00	.....	5 00	1,646 56	1,440 08	206 53
8	8	.....	163 92	1,647 96	25 84	1,118 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	5 00	2,966 22	2,226 50	739 72
9	9	684 36	274 72	2,789 60	42 40	1,894 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 00	.....	20 00	5,675 83	3,792 62	1,883 21
10	10	98 80	196 32	1,979 16	30 64	1,343 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	3,648 42	2,896 21	752 21
11	11	868 08	117 05	1,158 68	18 72	785 76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,448 29	1,298 90	1,151 39
12	12	2,051 60	508 74	5,141 12	74 48	3,491 25	2,456 32	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,718 51	8,317 09	5,401 42
13	13	1,436 13	371 90	3,783 20	56 80	2,568 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	12 05	8,238 83	5,014 87	3,218 96
14	14	.....	173 64	1,747 82	27 28	1,186 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,134 24	2,941 95	292 29
15	15	.....	230 34	2,325 92	35 68	1,578 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	18 00	4,193 69	4,599 62	405 93
16	16	8,011 84	382 78	3,904 64	56 56	2,651 25	4,214 13	2	\$390 00	.....	.....	\$600 00	.....	20,211 20	10,716 39	9,494 81
County Board Fund...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	340 38	340 38	340 38	.....
Total for County....	16	\$17,471 36	\$7,227 93	\$56,740 99	\$692 85	\$41,599 78	\$26,054 48	.....	\$390 00	.....	\$45 00	\$600 00	\$38,748 64	\$189,571 08	\$158,045 39	\$31,525 64

RICHLAND COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—S. M. CLARKSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	1	\$8,900 00	\$23,807 25	\$32,207 25	\$1,800 00	\$6,769 00	\$8,569 00	\$40,776 25	\$2,710 65	\$50 00	\$11,898 58	\$700 00
	2	985 00	1,220 00	2,205 00	525 00	225 00	750 00	2,965 00	408 35		401 57	5 00
	3	900 00	2,200 00	3,100 00	587 50	240 00	827 50	3,927 50	188 45	2 75	842 14	
	4	810 00	1,992 50	2,802 50		985 00	985 00	3,737 50			2,798 38	
	5		1,400 00	1,400 00	120 00	280 00	400 00	1,800 00			130 65	28 40
	6	510 00	425 00	935 00	150 00	270 00	420 00	1,355 00	320 00		649 73	
	7	948 75	263 00	1,206 75		162 50	162 50	1,369 25	16 44		84 84	
	8	995 00	510 00	1,505 00		162 50	162 50	1,667 50	221 80		81 20	
	9		2,448 50	2,448 50	80 00	320 00	400 00	2,843 50	85 09		498 74	
	10	522 50	1,376 25	1,898 75		250 00	250 00	2,148 75	56 65		18 81	
	11	342 50	662 50	1,005 00	175 00	68 75	243 75	1,248 75			26 80	
	12	1,575 00	3,810 00	5,385 00		1,548 75	1,548 75	6,933 75	87 05	4 00	768 19	89 10
	13	1,080 00	2,790 00	3,870 00		525 00	525 00	4,395 00	147 23		402 29	
	14	810 00	1,350 00	2,160 00	327 50	118 75	446 25	2,606 25	38 29		76 10	40 00
	15	905 00	1,845 00	2,750 00	300 00	275 00	575 00	3,325 00	10 13		191 75	9 00
	16	1,605 00	4,594 75	6,199 75	200 00		200 00	6,399 75	515 81		570 10	
County Board Fund.											840 88	
Total for County...	16	\$20,883 75	\$50,189 75	\$71,078 50	\$4,265 00	\$12,150 25	\$16,415 25	\$87,488 75	\$4,467 84	\$56 75	\$19,164 70	\$821 50

RICHLAND COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—S. M. CLARKSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	\$1,400 70	\$440 00			\$32,015 12		\$26 86		\$80,322 66	\$9,759 00	\$90,081 66
	2	11 00		\$20 00		4,048 89				7,069 81	770 00	7,839 81
	3	13 55		30 00		535 00				4,129 14	865 25	4,994 39
	4	477 05								6,072 88	985 00	7,007 88
	5	8 00		16 00		258 05	\$289 86			1,827 90	733 76	2,561 66
	6	3 50		10 00			56 00			1,591 43	496 00	2,077 43
	7	19 50								1,277 53	162 50	1,440 03
	8	6 00					300 00			1,764 00	462 50	2,226 50
	9	68 48		20 00			211 86	30 00	\$40 00	3,120 76	671 86	3,792 62
	10	1 00								2,646 21	250 00	2,896 21
	11	19 85		2 00		671 00				1,051 15	245 75	1,296 90
	12	6 00		189 00		250 00				6,586 24	1,730 85	8,317 09
	13	38 30		10 00				22 06		4,479 87	535 00	5,014 87
	14	71 31		15 00						2,340 70	501 25	2,841 95
	15	9 45		5 00		1,080 29		28 00		4,019 62	530 00	4,549 62
	16	249 73		12 00		2,760 00	200 00			10,295 39	421 00	10,716 39
County Board Fund.										340 38		340 38
Total for County....	16	\$2,398 87	\$440 00	\$329 00		\$41,566 35	\$1,057 22	\$175 41	\$40 00	\$138,886 67	\$19,159 72	\$158,045 39

RIOHLAND COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—S. M. CLARKSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Enrollment.																						
	Public Schools.																						
	White.				Negro.																		
	Town.		Country		Town.		Country																
White.									Negro.														
In Town Schools.				In Country Schools.				Grand Total				In Town Schools.				In Country Schools.				Grand Total.			
Boys		Girls		Total.		Boys		Girls		Total.		Boys		Girls		Total.		Boys		Girls		Total.	
1	8	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1,185	1,215	2,400	.....	33	23	56	.....	523	903	1,426	.....	282	315	597	1,426
2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	27	63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	279	368	647	647
3	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46	58	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	368	436	804	804
4	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41	31	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	101	124	225	225
5	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31	34	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	90	100	190	190
6	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	52	63	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	20	49	49
7	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	72	53	125	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	74	99	173	173
8	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	92	61	153	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	157	195	352	352
9	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	118	98	216	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	58	84	142	142
10	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	43	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	70	67	137	137
11	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	190	206	398	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	244	289	533	533
12	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	163	160	323	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	178	184	362	362
13	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	18	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	143	139	282	282
14	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	25	61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	136	224	360	360
15	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	316	301	617	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	68	90	90
16	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for Co..	8	41	2	57	1,185	1,215	2,400	1,271	1,203	2,474	4,874	523	903	1,426	2,231	2,712	4,943	6,309					

RICHLAND COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—S. M. CLARKSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers						
		White		Negro	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds	White	Negro	Men			Women			
		No.	Value With Grounds	First Grade						Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
1	4	8	\$230,000 00	2	\$25,000 00	3	.....	\$11,700 00	\$2,900 00	9	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	59
2	47	1	9,100 00	2	700 00	.....	2	1,037 00	400 00	1	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	4
3	33	2	6,300 00	3	900 00	.....	2	987 00	395 00	1	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	6
4	79	1	7,500 00	2	850 00	.....	5	1,545 00	400 00	1	.....	.....	3	.....	1	5
5	40	2	2,400 00	3	950 00	.....	1	500 00	300 00	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2	4
6	56	1	900 00	3	900 00	.....	.....	400 00	380 00	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2
7	60	5	1,550 00	1	200 00	.....	1	1,000 00	125 00	3	1	.....	1	.....	.....	5
8	64	3	3,450 00	1	400 00	.....	1	900 00	150 00	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	6
9	76	5	3,500 00	3	900 00	.....	2	925 00	300 00	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	7
10	66	6	3,620 00	2	700 00	.....	2	1,100 00	200 00	2	.....	.....	3	.....	1	8
11	48	3	1,650 00	4	1,100 00	.....	.....	600 00	300 00	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	3
12	20	3	3,800 00	.....	.....	1	2	1,100 00	400 00	2	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	11
13	12	2	7,000 00	2	600 00	.....	3	1,100 00	250 00	1	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	8
14	39	1	3,700 00	2	1,000 00	.....	1	500 00	250 00	1	.....	.....	2	.....	1	4
15	43	1	3,600 00	1	300 00	.....	3	454 00	175 00	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	5
16	20	3	30,070 00	.....	.....	.....	1	1,710 00	.....	2	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	13
Total for County.....		47	\$111,140 00	31	\$34,500 00	4	26	\$25,558 00	\$6,325 00	29	1	.....	112	7	1	150

RICHLAND COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—S. M. CLARKSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of Teachers										Total Number of Weeks of Session		Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
Number of District.	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	White		Negro		White	Negro	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		Town	Country	Town	Country	.....	.....
1	3	1	.....	10	1	.....	22	208	.....	72	.....	1	2½	J. H. Duke, Columbia, S. C.
2	3	1	.....	1	1	.....	5	.....	20	.....	100	2	3	J. C. Turner, Horrell, E. C.
3	3	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	5	.....	72	.....	120	3	3	J. C. Turner, Horrell, E. C.
4	.....	.....	.....	0	.....	.....	0	.....	36	.....	100	4½	3	D. S. Yates, Lykesland, S. C.
5	1	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	4	.....	64	.....	64	3	2½	J. B. Swygert, Columbia, S. C.
6	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	3	.....	56	.....	60	4	2½	
7	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2	.....	120	.....	32	2½	3	
8	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2	.....	72	.....	28	2	3	
9	1	.....	.....	4	1	.....	5	.....	160	.....	80	2½	3	
10	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	4	.....	144	.....	48	2	2½	
11	2	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	5	.....	64	.....	60	3	2½	
12	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	8	.....	144	.....	64	1	2	
13	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	5	.....	72	.....	100	3	3	
14	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	3	.....	36	.....	72	2	3	
15	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	3	.....	36	.....	80	3	2½	
16	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	144	.....	28	1	1	
Total for Co.	17	2	.....	66	3	.....	86	268	1,296	72	1,006	.....	.....

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Saluda	1	\$1 95	\$145 00	\$383 76	\$44 50	.....	\$1,528 65	9¼	\$440 00	.....	\$10 00	.....	\$2,970 53	\$5,524 39	\$5,496 55	\$27 84
Butler	2	.....	70 00	147 42	26 50	.....	84 80	2	.....	\$84 80	.....	.....	.....	413 52	413 68	— 16
Ridge Spring	3	.....	180 00	415 35	46 00	.....	1,587 90	5	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,729 25	2,697 50	81 75
Union	4	15 59	71 00	189 54	27 00	.....	94 26	2	.....	94 26	.....	.....	.....	491 64	467 50	24 14
Higgins	5	9 00	107 00	148 59	31 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	295 09	295 50	59 59
Corinth	6	.....	68 00	142 74	31 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	242 24	241 10	1 14
Holley	7	137 67	45 00	100 62	15 50	.....	86 40	3	.....	86 40	.....	.....	.....	471 59	373 00	98 59
Eulala	8	.....	52 00	115 83	14 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	181 83	173 38	8 00
Fairfax	9	1 79	69 00	205 92	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	301 71	301 71	.....
Cleveland	10	.....	71 00	239 85	24 00	.....	113 20	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	548 05	547 15	90 90
Indian Creek	11	02	45 00	102 96	17 50	.....	77 85	2½	.....	77 85	.....	.....	.....	321 18	272 40	48 78
Pleasant Grove	12	.....	79 00	184 86	40 00	.....	120 48	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	524 84	511 04	13 80
Centennial	13	142 46	85 00	188 37	25 00	.....	120 18	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	661 01	661 00	01 01
Zoar	14	.....	78 00	164 97	29 00	.....	90 20	2	275 00	.....	.....	.....	495 60	1,132 77	1,132 77	.....
Hickory Grove	15	.....	56 00	87 75	13 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	157 25	157 25	.....
Bethany	16	9 80	60 00	115 83	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 63	192 75	7 88
Ward	17	25 44	153 00	312 39	45 00	.....	830 12	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,465 95	1,463 47	7 48
Monetta	18	17 84	50 00	54 99	15 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	138 33	138 33	.....
Sardis	19	.....	48 00	132 21	19 00	.....	114 57	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	413 78	403 75	10 03
Trinity	20	.....	28 00	43 29	10 00	.....	73 92	3	.....	73 92	.....	.....	.....	229 13	200 00	29 13
Merchants	21	.....	55 00	108 81	26 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	83 24	.....	.....	.....	273 05	274 02	— 97
Oak Grove	22	1 09	104 00	245 70	31 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	381 79	381 79	.....
Fruit Hill	23	.....	59 00	107 64	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 64	186 60	04 04
Sexton	24	102 71	30 00	112 32	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	251 03	250 00	1 03
Fairview	25	.....	47 00	124 02	17 00	.....	58 26	2	.....	58 26	.....	.....	.....	304 54	304 54	.....
Watson	26	93	65 00	162 63	27 00	.....	84 20	2	.....	84 20	.....	.....	.....	423 96	423 96	.....
Bethlehem	27	63 15	81 00	142 74	22 50	.....	74 06	2	.....	74 06	.....	.....	.....	308 39	308 35	1 44
Tillman	28	66 31	83 00	93 60	14 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	355 03	355 00	59 03
Norris	29	46 15	46 00	221 13	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	329 28	329 28	.....
Cool Spring	30	135 35	63 00	133 38	21 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	72 46	.....	.....	.....	425 69	424 70	99 99
Good Hope	31	6 15	44 00	140 40	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	77 48	.....	.....	.....	288 08	288 00	08 08
Cedar Grove	32	25	12 00	38 61	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	58 86	58 86	.....
Eva	33	105 26	23 00	99 45	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	242 21	197 00	45 21

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. A. CAHSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Batesburg	†34	.....	\$50 00	\$141 57	\$15 50	.....	\$91 78	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$298 85	\$298 00	\$0 85
Celestia	35	\$4 98	41 00	93 60	18 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	158 09	150 00	8 09
Clyde	36	124 36	35 00	66 69	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	238 55	148 00	90 55
Emory	37	.....	60 00	154 44	26 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$86 12	\$20 00	.....	\$28 42	370 48	342 12	28 36
Richland	38	.....	26 00	70 20	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	52 80	.....	.....	.....	159 00	159 00	.....
Pine Grove	39	.....	44 00	81 90	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	141 90	141 90	.....
Hope	40	.....	74 00	142 74	40 50	.....	98 58	2	.....	98 58	15 00	.....	.....	469 40	332 50	136 90
Willow Branch	41	.....	36 00	70 20	17 50	.....	64 77	3	.....	64 77	.....	.....	.....	278 62	265 20	13 42
Enterprise	42	25 38	54 00	179 01	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	276 35	276 00	35
Sumpter	43	62 45	14 00	79 56	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	29 46	.....	.....	.....	191 47	175 00	16 47
Plum Branch	44	14 78	61 00	176 67	21 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	273 95	273 95	.....
Mt. Enon	45	.....	70 00	132 21	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	227 21	212 00	15 21
Providence	46	185 31	109 00	395 46	37 00	.....	351 17	5½	.....	100 00	20 00	.....	.....	1,197 94	1,197 94	.....
Suddath	47	.....	36 00	120 51	16 00	.....	58 58	2	.....	58 58	.....	.....	.....	239 67	239 00	67
Total for County...	47	\$1,324 51	\$2,987 00	\$7,112 43	\$1,040 00	.....	\$5,808 93	.....	\$1,215 00	\$1,857 24	\$65 00	.....	\$3,499 55	\$24,844 86	\$24,117 59	\$727 07

*Joint Aiken County. †Joint Lexington County.

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	\$843 75	\$1,535 00	\$2,378 75	\$150 00	.....	\$150 00	\$2,528 75	\$8 83	.....	*\$2,839 52	.....
2	.....	285 00	285 00	50 00	.....	50 00	335 00	3 50	.....	.....	18
3	1,000 00	1,575 00	2,575 00	122 50	.....	122 50	2,697 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	356 45	.....	356 45	.....	48 75	48 75	406 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	243 50	243 50	.....	52 00	52 00	296 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	180 20	.....	180 20	60 00	.....	60 00	240 20	.....	.....	.....	90
7	323 00	.....	323 00	.....	.....	.....	323 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....
8	.....	133 83	133 83	.....	.....	.....	133 83	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	250 81	250 81	40 00	40 00	40 00	290 81	10 90	.....	.....	.....
10	300 00	140 00	440 00	56 00	56 00	56 00	496 00	.....	.....	40 00	.....
11	.....	228 30	228 30	42 00	42 00	42 00	270 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	272 50	180 00	452 50	40 00	.....	40 00	492 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	532 00	.....	532 00	54 00	75 00	129 00	661 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	533 26	533 26	1,066 52	.....	43 75	43 75	1,110 27	.....	\$7 50	.....	.....
15	.....	140 00	140 00	.....	17 25	17 25	157 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	.....	142 75	142 75	36 00	36 00	36 00	178 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	291 65	307 50	599 15	55 00	45 00	100 00	789 15	.....	.....	29 00	.....
18	70 00	40 00	110 00	.....	28 33	28 33	138 33	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	100 00	248 75	348 75	55 00	.....	55 00	403 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	198 15	198 15	75 00	.....	75 00	273 15	.....	.....	.....	87
22	256 79	.....	256 79	62 50	62 50	125 00	381 79	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	.....	136 60	136 60	.....	50 00	50 00	186 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	.....	190 00	190 00	60 00	.....	60 00	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	204 54	40 00	244 54	60 00	.....	60 00	304 54	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	345 00	345 00	75 00	.....	75 00	420 00	3 96	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	191 95	191 95	.....	115 00	115 00	306 95	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	.....	246 00	246 00	50 00	50 00	50 00	296 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	.....	229 28	229 28	.....	.....	100 00	329 28	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	123 00	246 50	369 50	50 00	50 00	50 00	419 50	.....	.....	5 20	.....
31	.....	238 00	238 00	50 00	.....	50 00	288 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	58 86	58 86	.....	.....	.....	58 86	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	139 50	139 50	50 00	.....	50 00	189 50	7 50	.....	.....	.....

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	34	\$208 00	.....	\$208 00	\$90 00	.....	\$90 00	\$298 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	35	.....	\$120 00	120 00	30 00	.....	30 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	36	.....	140 00	140 00	8 00	.....	8 00	148 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	37	.....	257 12	257 12	.....	\$55 00	55 00	312 12	.....	.....	.....	.....
	38	.....	143 70	143 70	15 00	.....	15 00	158 70	.....	.....	\$0 30	.....
	39	.....	141 90	141 90	.....	.....	.....	141 90	.....	.....	.....	.....
	40	.....	285 00	285 00	32 50	.....	32 50	317 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	41	.....	240 00	240 00	20 00	.....	20 00	260 00	.....	.....	6 20	.....
	42	.....	216 00	216 00	60 00	.....	60 00	276 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	43	.....	150 00	150 00	.....	25 00	25 00	175 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	44	.....	175 00	175 00	90 00	.....	90 00	265 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	45	.....	142 00	142 00	.....	70 00	70 00	212 00	.....	.....	†	.....
	46	495 00	315 00	810 00	167 50	.....	167 50	977 50	.....	.....	190 44	.....
	47	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	50 00	50 00	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
		\$6,090 14	\$11,059 26	\$17,149 40	\$1,632 00	\$1,011 58	\$2,643 58	\$19,792 98	\$84 69	\$7 50	\$3,161 61	.....
	Total for County....	47										

*Includes (a) interest on bonds, \$250.00; (b) borrowed money, \$2,600.00. †Interest on bonds.

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	\$42 55	\$11 90					\$15 00		\$5,334 65	\$161 90	\$5,496 55
2	75 00								863 68	50 00	413 68
3									2,575 00	122 50	2,697 50
4						\$62 30			856 45	111 05	467 50
5									248 50	52 00	295 50
6									181 10	60 00	241 10
7									873 00		873 00
8									173 83		173 83
9	40 00								261 71	40 00	301 71
10		\$11 15							480 00	67 15	547 15
11	2 10								230 40	42 00	272 40
12	18 54								471 04	40 00	511 04
13									532 00	129 00	661 00
14						15 00			1,066 52	66 25	1,132 77
15									140 00	17 25	157 25
16		14 00							142 75	50 00	192 75
17			\$640 82						1,358 47	100 00	1,458 47
18									110 00	28 33	138 33
19									348 75	55 00	403 75
20									200 00		200 00
21									199 02	75 00	274 02
22									256 79	125 00	381 79
23									186 60	50 00	186 60
24									190 00	60 00	250 00
25									244 54	60 00	304 54
26									348 96	75 00	423 96
27									191 95	115 00	306 95
28									246 00	50 00	296 00
29									229 28	100 00	329 28
30									374 70	50 00	424 70
31									288 00	50 00	288 00
32									58 86		58 86
33									147 00	50 00	197 00

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$208 00	\$90 00	\$298 00
	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120 00	30 00	150 00
	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	140 00	8 00	148 00
	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$30 00	.....	287 12	55 00	342 12
	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	144 00	15 00	159 00
	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	141 90	.....	141 90
	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	300 00	32 50	332 50
	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	245 20	20 00	265 20
	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	216 00	60 00	276 00
	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	25 00	175 00
	44	\$8 95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	183 85	90 00	273 85
	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	142 00	70 00	212 00
	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$39 00	.....	80 00	.....	1,080 44	167 50	1,197 94
	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	239 00	50 00	289 00
Total for County...	47	\$187 14	\$37 05	\$640 32	.....	\$39 00	\$77 30	\$90 00	.....	\$21,352 16	\$2,765 43	\$24,117 59

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. A. OARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Enrollment.											
	Public Schools.				White.				Negro.			
	White.		Negro.		In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.	
	Town.	Country.	Town.	Country.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Grand Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Grand Total.
1	1		1		106	117	223	2				153
2		1		1					28			46
3	1		1		66	48	114	1				254
4		1		1					33			88
5		1		1					11			137
6		1		1					23			63
7		1		1					45			63
8		2		2					60			
9		1		1				1	62			79
10		1		1					56			40
11		1		1				1	24			33
12		1		1					49			50
13		1		1					26			114
14		1		1					55			90
15		1		1					14			30
16		1		1					30			48
17	1		1		39	48	88					154
18	1		1		15	13	28					16
19		1		1					60			71
20		1		1					17			50
21		1		1					22			136
22		1		1					35			63
23		1		1					31			38
24		1		1					37			35
25		1		1					29			96
26		1		1					15			98
27		1		1					9			25
28		1		1					13			38
29		1		1					27			41
30		1		1					19			39
31		1		1					18			
32		1		1					19			50
33		1		1								

SALUDA COUNTY.--TABLE 2.--SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.--J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.--Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand Total.
1	77	96	173	17	18	35	49	55	104	12	22	104
2	45	35	80	15	13	28	61	82	143	20	38	84
3				7	10	17				45	50	58
4				18	18	36				16	20	95
5				33	34	67						36
6				45	22	67						
7				46	39	85				34	29	
8				40	35	75				12	14	63
9				19	20	39				13	10	26
10				32	37	69				16	19	23
11				29	11	40				28	43	35
12				39	23	61				43	40	71
13				12	18	25				8	12	83
14				20	17	37				17	20	20
15												37
16												124
17	31	26	57				58	66	124			14
18	11	8	19				4	10	14			60
19				31	34	65				37	23	
20				10	11	21						
21				17	16	33				18	20	38
22				22	11	33				47	50	97
23				17	12	29				23	26	49
24				28	24	52				18	14	32
25				18	22	40				16	11	27
26				16	15	31				26	23	49
27				10	8	18				25	31	66
28				5	10	15				5	7	12
29				10	12	22				27	32	59
30				19	20	39				18	14	32
31				7	15	22				9	17	26
32				12	9	21						
33				14	10	24				20	15	35

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
34	11	9	20	15	6	20	22	17	39	14	19	33
35	9	8	17	.....	.....	.....	11	10	21
36	20	17	37	.....	.....	.....	19	36	55
37	11	6	17	.....	.....	.....	7	5	12
38	25	18	43	.....	.....	.....	3	6	9
39	6	6	12	.....	.....	.....	25	48	73
40	16	7	23	.....	.....	.....	5	7	12
41	20	18	38	.....	.....	.....	29	44	73
42	11	16	27	.....	.....	.....	20	23	43
43	10	17	27	.....	.....	.....	40	42	82
44	5	4	9	.....	.....	.....	30	44	74
45	27	31	58	.....	.....	.....	60	57	117
46	9	10	19	.....	.....	.....	15	22	37
47
Total for County.....	175	184	359	792	701	1,493	194	230	424	841	963	1,804
												2,228

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.										
			White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes				
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade		Third Grade			
1	1	16.0	1	\$7,500 00	1	\$230 00	.....	.....	\$384 25	\$25 00	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	1	15.0	1	250 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	50 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	2	16.0	1	5,000 00	1	1,000 00	.....	.....	850 00	50 00	1	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	1	9.5	1	450 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	175 00	20 00	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	1	15.0	1	250 00	2	75 00	.....	.....	30 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	1	12.0	1	500 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	75 00	20 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	1	12.0	1	450 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	2	12.0	1	600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	125 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	1	11.0	1	200 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	40 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	1	14.0	1	1,500 00	1	200 00	.....	.....	175 00	20 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1	10.0	1	250 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	75 00	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	1	12.0	1	1,235 00	1	120 00	.....	.....	115 50	20 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	1	14.0	1	500 00	1	85 00	.....	.....	75 00	15 85	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	9.5	1	1,500 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	250 00	25 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	1	9.5	1	60 00	1	50 00	.....	.....	10 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	1	9.0	1	200 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	60 00	17 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1	10.0	1	5,000 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	500 00	25 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	5.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	9.5	1	540 00	1	125 00	.....	.....	98 75	15 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1	9.5	1	140 00	1	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	1	11.0	1	300 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	50 00	17 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1	27.0	1	225 00	2	65 00	.....	.....	135 00	14 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	1	9.5	1	200 00	1	67 50	.....	.....	47 50	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	1	9.0	1	150 00	.....	85 00	.....	1	40 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1	10.0	1	675 00	1	175 00	.....	.....	65 00	15 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1	10.5	1	300 00	1	200 00	.....	1	130 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	1	12.0	1	110 00	1	85 00	.....	.....	35 00	12 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1	12.0	1	50 00	1	40 00	.....	.....	12 50	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1	15.0	1	75 00	1	500 00	.....	.....	20 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	1	10.0	1	550 00	1	75 00	.....	.....	125 00	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	1	9.0	1	450 00	1	150 00	.....	.....	27 50	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	1	9.0	1	100 00	1	.....	.....	.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	1	9.0	1	150 00	1	65 00	.....	.....	30 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers											
			White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women								
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade					
34	4.5	1	\$140 00	1	56 00	1	1	\$20 00	\$11 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
35	10.5	1	96 00	1				10 00													1
36	9.5	1	600 00	1	40 00			120 00	8 00												1
37	11.0	1	200 00	1	60 00			18 00	10 00												1
38	10.0	1	250 00	1	30 00			65 00	7 50												1
39	12.0	1	400 00	1	136 00			60 00	15 00												1
40	11.0	1	300 00	1	35 00			30 00	7 50												1
41	9.3	1	290 00	1	170 00			60 00	15 00												1
42	9.0	1	75 00	1	35 00			10 00	7 50												1
43	9.0	1	100 00	1	200 00			50 00	50 00												1
44	9.3	1	150 00	1	60 00			25 00	10 00												1
45	9.0	1	1,500 00	1	125 00			290 00	10 00												1
46	16.0	1	300 00	1	40 00			75 00	7 50												1
47	9.0	1		1																	1
Total for County.....			46	\$33,860 00	46	\$5,303 50	4	\$4,187 00	\$680 35	17			51								68

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.								Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro.								White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men.				Women.				Town	Country	Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Total for Both Sexes							
1	1							1	26	24	16	10	.....	.....	W. Ahle, Saluda, S. C.
2		1						1	26	26	13	8	.....	.....	E. W. F. Ahle, Saluda, S. C.
3								1					.....	.....	C. M. M. L., C.
4								2		21		12	.....	.....	W. C. C., C.
5		1						1		16		12	.....	.....	C. J. E. Ed., C.
6										16			.....	.....	Ed., C.
7										8			.....	.....	J. T. Ed., C.
8										20			.....	.....	J. F. J., C.
9								1		16		12	.....	.....	J. W. M., C.
10								1		24		12	.....	.....	J. M. M., C.
11								1		24		8	.....	.....	H. O. H., C.
12		1						1		24		12	.....	.....	J. L. H., C.
13		1						1		32		8	.....	.....	W. H. H., C.
14								1		16		4	.....	.....	R. C. H., C.
15								1		16		8	.....	.....	L. F. L., C.
16								1		24			.....	.....	J. A. L., C.
17								1	24	.....	12		.....	.....	P. L. L., C.
18								1	12	.....	8		.....	.....	W. B. W., C.
19								1		20		12	.....	.....	J. W. J., C.
20								1		20			.....	.....	A. D. A., C.
21		1								20		8	.....	.....	S. G. S., C.
22		1						1		20		8	.....	.....	O. L. O., C.
23								1		16		12	.....	.....	W. P. W., C.
24								1		20		8	.....	.....	M. F. M., C.
25								1		16		12	.....	.....	J. T. J., C.
26								2		28		12	.....	.....	W. J. W., C.
27								1		24		8	.....	.....	P. B. P., C.
28								1		24		12	.....	.....	Leopard, Dyon, S. C.
29		1						1		24		12	.....	.....	Edwards, Saluda, S. C.
30								1		24		8	.....	.....
31		1						1		24		12	.....	.....
32								1		24		8	.....	.....
33		1						1		20		12	.....	.....

SALUDA COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. A. CARSON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.							Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro.							White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men.			Women.			Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country			
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
34	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	32	12	8	12	1	1	W. A. Crouch, Batesburg, S. C.
35	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	4	12	1	1	W. P. Johnston, Celestia, S. C.
36	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	B. P. Joe, S. C.
37	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	J. D. H. S. O.
38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	W. P. Ed. S. C.
39	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	Ed. S. C.
40	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	A. T. Davis, Lump, S. C.
41	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	Giles Chapman, Chappella, S. C.
42	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	S. P. Shealey, Batesburg, S. C.
43	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	J. M. Edwards, Saluda, S. C.
44	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	
45	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	
46	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	
47	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	1	
Total for Co.	1	23	23	2	13	13	44	140	885	60	246			

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Beech Springs.....	1	\$448 97	\$415 18	\$1,897 48	\$57 48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	\$2,834 11	\$2,389 53	\$444 58
Fairforest	2	.....	160 90	735 34	22 28	.....	\$1,195 73	6	\$625 00	.....	.....	\$150 00	150 00	3,039 25	3,138 51	—94 26
Fairview	3	28 25	117 02	534 79	16 21	.....	159 24	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	855 51	1,120 25	—264 74
Campton	4	1,005 88	115 82	527 07	15 97	.....	545 57	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,309 81	1,246 79	963 02
Motlow	5	1,131 71	135 02	617 07	18 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	400 00	2,622 50	2,124 09	498 41
.....	6	.....	20 25	92 56	2 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	115 61	231 64	—116 08
Oakland	7	187 26	60 20	275 11	8 33	.....	108 58	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	589 48	568 53	20 93
.....	8	226 57	101 88	465 37	14 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	807 87	815 56	—7 69
.....	9	9 87	73 14	334 25	10 12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	427 38	315 00	111 48
.....	10	50 62	42 76	195 41	5 92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	294 71	227 90	66 81
.....	11	115 75	100 13	457 66	13 86	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 00	727 40	610 45	116 95
.....	12	257 98	105 77	483 37	14 64	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	861 76	302 35	559 41
.....	13	420 47	101 26	462 80	14 02	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	998 55	568 21	432 34
Arrowood	14	.....	18 00	82 28	2 49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	102 77	328 67	—223 90
Piedmont	15	6 89	140 08	640 20	19 39	.....	698 06	6	550 00	.....	.....	.....	300 00	2,354 62	2,334 00	20 62
Cross Anchor	16	61 77	32 06	146 55	4 44	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	244 82	354 75	—109 93
.....	17	116 61	193 52	884 46	26 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,771 39	2,477 70	293 69
Enoree	18	.....	190 71	871 61	26 40	.....	233 90	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,437 50	1,486 15	951 35
Roebuck	19	1,114 88	87 20	398 52	12 07	.....	194 54	3	.....	\$100 00	10 00	.....	.....	1,147 01	1,032 19	114 82
Stone Station	20	115 74	88 88	406 23	12 31	.....	115 62	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	738 78	703 65	35 13
Pauline	21	879 63	43 32	197 98	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,126 93	808 84	233 09
.....	22	575 00	100 13	457 65	13 86	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	350 00	1,796 64	1,717 46	79 18
Moore	23	61 60	46 69	213 41	6 47	.....	208 89	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	632 06	535 75	96 31
Berry	24	108 04	49 51	226 26	6 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	390 66	346 18	44 48
Fairmont	25	108 78	108 52	473 09	14 33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	699 72	648 74	50 98
.....	26	.....	219 96	1,005 30	30 45	.....	2,374 25	6	400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,029 96	4,035 40	—5 44
Inman	27	.....	114 77	524 51	15 89	.....	205 82	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	860 99	1,016 54	—155 55
Disputanta	28	.....	97 89	447 37	13 55	.....	550 94	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,178 19	1,440 85	—262 66
Zion Hill	29	68 44	41 07	187 69	5 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	234 45	231 41	—46 98
Friendship	30	.....	22 51	102 86	3 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	128 47	170 21	—47 74
Center Point	31	82 56	112 51	514 23	15 58	.....	860 33	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,585 21	1,471 61	113 60
Gramling	32	128 61	57 95	264 82	8 02	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	459 40	377 05	82 35
.....	33	2,576 42	335 85	1,534 95	46 50	.....	4,418 17	6	600 00	.....	.....	.....	10 00	9,526 89	6,550 73	2,976 16
Woodruff	34	.....	1,870 55	8,548 94	258 98	.....	26,214 70	4	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	36,893 17	36,759 36	133 81
Spartanburg	35	.....	67 50	308 53	9 34	.....	32 61	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	417 98	414 39	3 59
Mountain View .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Shoaly	36	.....	\$36 57	\$167 12	\$5 06	.....	\$98 28	3	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	\$407 03	\$469 67	—\$62 64
Valley Falls	37	\$73 99	120 96	552 78	16 75	.....	536 66	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,300 54	1,150 30	150 24
Clifton	38	3 60	284 10	1,298 41	39 33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$575 00	2,200 44	2,160 00	40 44
Glendale	39	3 02	199 71	912 75	27 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,143 13	1,132 85	10 28
Pacolet Mills	40	.....	231 22	1,056 72	32 02	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,265 00	2,534 96	2,565 00	19 96
Switzer	41	275 24	62 45	235 39	8 65	.....	252 71	3	.....	100 00	\$10 00	\$200 00	319 25	1,513 69	1,130 10	383 59
Reidville	42	494 00	129 30	591 35	17 91	.....	.....	.....	\$400 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,232 74	933 32	299 42
Whitney	43	.....	146 27	683 49	20 25	.....	357 33	3	.....	.....	10 00	.....	30 00	1,632 34	2,609 58	—977 24
Landrum	44	1 00	87 77	401 09	12 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	262 99	765 00	765 00	.....
New Prospect	45	1,273 26	182 76	606 79	18 38	.....	1,158 32	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,189 51	2,513 72	675 79
Pacolet Station	46	29 32	60 20	275 11	8 33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	372 96	368 18	4 78
Wellford	47	30 52	159 77	730 20	22 12	.....	790 63	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,733 24	1,675 64	57 60
Campobello	48	605 30	130 51	596 49	18 07	.....	298 14	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,738 51	1,172 93	565 58
Cowpens	49	54 55	110 83	506 50	15 34	.....	599 96	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,287 18	1,373 06	—85 88
Cavins	50	2,359 97	354 40	1,619 91	49 06	.....	829 67	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,212 91	2,662 54	2,550 37
Gowansville	51	74 99	83 26	380 53	11 53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	550 31	543 91	6 40
Lenoir	52	11 12	12 38	56 57	1 72	.....	196 23	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	278 08	426 89	—148 81
Boiling Springs	53	317 58	35 44	161 98	4 91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	519 91	243 76	276 15
Victor	54	987 15	137 83	629 52	19 08	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,773 98	1,009 00	764 98
Liberty	55	37 69	29 25	153 70	4 05	.....	31 98	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	236 67	189 96	46 72
Carlisle	56	368 81	97 32	444 80	13 48	.....	209 19	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,193 60	803 90	389 70
Antioch	57	.....	52 32	239 12	7 24	.....	100 53	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	499 21	463 59	35 82
.....	58	114 83	93 39	426 80	12 93	.....	171 40	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	819 35	466 25	353 10
Tucapau	59	1,658 93	245 83	1,123 58	34 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	80 00	3,102 38	2,159 41	942 97
.....	60	50 83	126 02	575 92	17 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	450 00	1,220 21	1,200 00	20 21
Cherokee	61	90 54	123 76	565 64	17 13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	797 07	916 06	—118 99
.....	62	127 57	105 77	483 87	14 64	.....	131 70	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	863 05	888 06	24 99
Poplar Springs	63	104 82	56 26	257 11	7 79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	425 98	390 66	35 32
Cashville	64	.....	74 26	339 39	10 28	.....	134 43	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	558 36	830 21	—271 85
Mt. Olive	65	147 75	89 96	182 54	5 53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	375 77	.....	375 77
West Springs	66	14 06	115 32	527 08	15 97	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	672 42	591 26	81 16
Rich	67	174 90	23 06	105 42	3 20	.....	25 26	2 1/2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	331 84	35 95	295 89
.....	68	.....	81 01	370 24	11 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	402 47	705 00	—242 53
.....	69	234 72	92 83	424 23	12 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	764 63	620 01	134 62
Saxon Mills	70	.....	232 91	1,064 44	32 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	878 49	2,203 08	2,064 89	123 19

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Walnut Grove	71	.....	\$33 76	\$154 26	\$4 68	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	10 00	.....	\$30 00	\$232 70	\$302 27	—\$69 57
Thomson	72	\$1,138 70	51 20	233 97	7 09	.....	\$274 32	3	.....	.....	.....	\$300 00	300 00	2,305 28	1,792 65	512 63
Henson	73	.....	29 25	138 70	4 06	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	167 00	207 26	—40 26
Arkwright	74	195 78	93 95	429 37	13 01	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	732 11	510 53	222 08
Duncan	75	242 35	93 39	426 80	12 94	.....	609 71	3	.....	.....	5 00	.....	10 00	1,400 19	1,281 56	118 34
Swain	76	693 86	115 32	527 08	15 97	.....	84 96	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,437 19	1,030 60	406 50
Cedar Springs	77	300 74	68 07	311 10	9 43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	689 34	601 07	—1 73
Holly Springs	78	323 14	95 64	437 08	13 24	.....	92 56	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	961 66	757 48	204 18
Greer	79	11 55	122 08	557 93	16 90	.....	519 84	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,223 30	1,220 65	7 05
Fernwood	80	.....	83 26	380 53	11 53	.....	347 55	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	822 87	855 64	—32 77
Brooklyn	81	333 88	59 07	269 96	8 18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	671 09	459 02	212 07
Glenn Springs	82	44 13	101 26	462 80	14 02	.....	445 15	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,087 36	1,640 33	—531 97
Mary-Louise	83	96 03	37 69	172 26	5 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	511 20	555 23	—41 08
Drayton	84	83	92 26	421 66	12 77	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	527 52	469 75	57 77
Nesbitt	85	1 29	54 57	249 39	7 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	312 80	386 00	—23 20
Tyger River	86	.....	43 88	200 55	6 07	.....	84 09	3	.....	\$85 51	.....	.....	.....	420 10	420 55	— 45
Hobbyville	87	.....	18 57	84 85	2 57	.....	106 84	3	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	311 83	368 97	—57 14
.....	88	.....	79 32	362 53	10 98	.....	280 32	*6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	713 15	1,470 72	—757 57
.....	89	152 68	92 26	421 66	12 77	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	679 37	690 50	—11 13
Lanham	90	.....	74 26	339 39	10 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	423 93	485 82	—61 89
Bethesda	91	.....	25 88	118 27	3 58	.....	122 58	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	870 81	1,168 21	—297 90
.....	92	.....	13 51	61 71	1 87	.....	100 94	4	.....	97 95	.....	.....	.....	275 98	293 65	—17 67
Chesnee	93	.....	55 13	251 96	7 63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	314 72	631 38	—317 26
Green Pond	94	.....	129 93	593 93	18 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	741 86	209 44	532 42
.....	95	.....	107 45	491 09	14 87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	419 27	1,032 68	443 26	584 42
Total for County....	95	\$23,197 48	\$11,459 00	\$52,370 92	\$1,596 49	.....	\$47,142 29	.....	\$2,575 00	\$783 46	\$95 00	\$1,700 00	\$8,050 00	148,959 64	134,550 84	\$14,408 79

*Two mills for high school at Cross Anchor. †Line School.

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$1,654 75	\$1,654 75	\$206 00	\$431 25	\$636 25	\$2,291 00	.....	.....	\$30 70	\$12 00
2	\$765 00	1,619 80	2,384 80	200 00	80 00	280 00	2,664 80	.....	.....	173 09	17 45
3	430 00	314 00	744 00	148 75	.....	148 75	892 75	\$100 00	.....	7 33	.....
4	.....	922 80	922 80	190 00	.....	190 00	1,112 80	44 85	.....	47 59	.....
5	.....	852 75	852 75	.....	167 50	167 50	1,020 25	39 00	.....	4 00	3 55
6	.....	122 50	122 50	.....	.....	.....	122 50	.....	.....	52 87	.....
7	.....	400 00	400 00	.....	150 00	150 00	550 00	.....	.....	18 55	.....
8	240 00	315 00	555 00	.....	160 00	160 00	715 00	16 50	.....	23 61	6 85
9	140 00	75 00	215 00	.....	87 50	87 50	302 50	.....	.....	13 40	.....
10	104 65	117 25	221 90	.....	.....	.....	221 90	.....	.....	6 00	.....
11	170 00	360 00	530 00	.....	.....	.....	530 00	.....	.....	22 35	.....
12	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	90 00	90 00	290 00	.....	.....	12 35	.....
13	.....	408 35	408 35	.....	109 50	109 50	512 85	.....	.....	51 36	2 00
14	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	15 00	15 00	295 00	.....	.....	5 25	4 00
15	1,305 00	810 00	2,115 00	112 50	101 25	213 75	2,328 75	.....	.....	5 25	.....
16	.....	316 75	316 75	.....	.....	.....	316 75	9 75	.....	20 00	.....
17	.....	2,270 00	2,270 00	75 00	75 00	150 00	2,420 00	48 00	.....	9 70	.....
18	.....	710 00	710 00	.....	387 50	387 50	1,097 50	11 00	.....	28 06	.....
19	146 00	290 00	436 00	.....	150 00	150 00	586 00	192 28	.....	106 05	.....
20	.....	607 50	607 50	.....	79 50	79 50	687 00	.....	.....	16 65	.....
21	.....	271 00	271 00	.....	195 25	195 25	466 25	.....	.....	8 32	.....
22	.....	370 00	370 00	.....	100 00	100 00	470 00	.....	.....	22 50	.....
23	.....	375 00	375 00	.....	122 50	122 50	497 50	.....	.....	38 25	.....
24	.....	250 00	250 00	.....	78 31	78 31	328 31	.....	.....	25	.....
25	.....	480 00	480 00	122 50	.....	122 50	602 50	.....	.....	14 40	.....
26	1,000 00	1,920 00	2,920 00	.....	135 00	135 00	3,055 00	.....	41 25	705 98	.....
27	.....	600 00	600 00	.....	235 00	235 00	835 00	.....	.....	25 80	.....
28	.....	945 00	945 00	.....	182 50	182 50	1,127 50	184 50	.....	68 33	65
29	.....	278 00	278 00	.....	.....	.....	278 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	.....	160 00	160 00	.....	.....	.....	160 00	.....	.....	6 00	.....
31	640 00	720 00	1,360 00	.....	.....	.....	1,360 00	.....	.....	2 00	.....
32	.....	210 00	210 00	.....	137 50	137 50	347 50	.....	.....	23 20	.....
33	810 00	3,105 00	3,915 00	.....	330 00	330 00	4,245 00	61 32	.....	1,543 29	.....
34	6,500 00	20,435 20	26,935 20	1,000 00	2,325 00	3,325 00	30,760 20	358 95	.....	1,038 45	140 00
35	232 35	.....	232 35	.....	.....	.....	232 35	.....	.....	.....	.....

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Name of District	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
36	.....	\$200 00	\$200 00	\$392 50	.....	\$392 50	\$200 00	.....	.....	\$14 05	.....	\$23 15
37	\$275 00	340 00	615 00	.....	.....	.....	1,007 50	.....	.....	46 05	.....	.....
38	.....	2,010 00	2,010 00	.....	\$150 00	150 00	2,160 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
39	.....	819 00	819 00	.....	227 25	227 25	1,046 25	.....	.....	76 60	.....	.....
40	1,215 00	1,850 00	2,565 00	.....	.....	.....	2,565 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	.....	405 00	405 00	90 00	.....	90 00	495 00	.....	.....	17 55	.....	.....
42	.....	595 00	595 00	240 00	75 00	815 00	910 00	.....	.....	15 62	.....	2 05
43	600 00	1,160 00	1,760 00	90 00	82 75	122 75	1,882 75	\$84 01	.....	92 28	.....	11 00
44	.....	765 00	765 00	.....	.....	.....	765 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	800 00	1,200 00	2,000 00	.....	120 00	120 00	2,120 00	.....	.....	274 43	.....	.....
46	305 75	.....	305 75	.....	52 50	52 50	358 25	.....	.....	9 98	.....	.....
47	525 00	560 00	1,085 00	228 75	166 25	390 00	1,475 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 50
48	.....	640 00	640 00	.....	325 00	325 00	965 00	32 86	.....	.....	.....	.....
49	603 30	705 26	1,308 56	.....	.....	.....	1,308 56	.....	.....	62 57	.....	.....
50	720 00	1,090 00	1,800 00	887 50	98 75	436 25	2,236 25	.....	.....	23 69	.....	.....
51	.....	342 00	342 00	.....	60 00	60 00	402 00	.....	.....	373 29	.....	.....
52	300 00	126 89	426 89	.....	.....	.....	426 89	.....	.....	1 25	.....	.....
53	.....	210 00	210 00	.....	.....	.....	210 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
54	.....	849 70	849 70	.....	110 50	110 50	960 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
55	.....	175 00	175 00	.....	.....	.....	175 00	8 00	.....	30 55	.....	.....
56	525 00	.....	525 00	.....	212 50	212 50	737 50	.....	.....	6 95	.....	.....
57	250 00	91 40	341 40	.....	.....	.....	341 40	80 04	.....	24 10	.....	.....
58	.....	300 00	300 00	.....	150 25	150 25	450 25	.....	.....	11 55	.....	.....
59	240 00	1,437 50	1,677 50	.....	206 00	206 00	1,882 50	.....	.....	16 00	.....	.....
60	.....	1,200 00	1,200 00	.....	.....	.....	1,200 00	.....	.....	81 66	.....	4 00
61	360 00	335 00	695 00	.....	217 50	217 50	913 00	.....	.....	3 56	.....	.....
62	450 00	175 00	625 00	160 00	50 00	210 00	835 00	.....	.....	3 06	.....	.....
63	270 00	90 00	360 00	.....	.....	.....	360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
64	400 00	116 24	516 24	.....	100 00	100 00	616 24	157 92	.....	18 00	.....	.....
65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
66	275 00	62 50	337 50	.....	90 00	90 00	427 50	48 75	.....	29 30	.....	.....
67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35 95	.....	.....
68	300 00	120 00	420 00	.....	180 00	130 00	550 00	.....	.....	21 65	.....	.....
69	.....	520 00	520 00	97 50	.....	97 50	617 50	.....	.....	7 00	.....	.....
70	.....	2,084 89	2,084 89	.....	.....	.....	2,084 89	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.					Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.		
		White.		Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.						Total.
71	.....	\$210 00	.....	\$127 50	.....	\$210 00	.....	\$22 15	.....	\$5 00	.....
72	.....	240 00	.....	.....	.....	367 50	.....	.....	.....	80 40	.....
73	\$150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	17 70	.....
74	.....	340 00	.....	.....	\$152 50	492 50	.....	.....	.....	10 15	.....
75	607 50	360 00	.....	.....	100 00	1,067 50	.....	.....	.....	194 36	.....
76	540 00	.....	.....	.....	292 50	832 50	.....	170 75	\$11 19	9 80	.....
77	.....	410 00	.....	.....	150 00	560 00	.....	63 52	.....	32 15	\$7 00
78	250 00	467 80	.....	.....	.....	717 80	.....	.....	.....	37 68	.....
79	332 00	778 66	.....	60 00	50 00	1,220 66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
80	.....	450 00	.....	.....	160 00	610 00	.....	3 00	3 80	39 08	.....
81	.....	205 00	.....	.....	25 00	230 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
82	472 50	455 00	.....	50 00	125 00	1,102 50	.....	249 93	.....	267 23	.....
83	.....	245 75	.....	.....	.....	245 75	.....	.....	.....	9 48	.....
84	200 00	269 75	.....	.....	.....	469 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
85	.....	253 50	.....	77 50	.....	336 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
86	190 00	.....	.....	49 00	.....	290 00	.....	101 40	.....	.....	.....
87	.....	235 00	.....	.....	.....	235 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
88	438 69	430 00	.....	.....	197 00	1,165 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
89	183 75	421 25	.....	.....	57 00	662 00	.....	.....	.....	1 50	.....
90	.....	400 00	.....	.....	.....	400 00	.....	.....	.....	22 05	.....
91	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	1 50	.....
92	280 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	.....	.....	.....	5 50	.....
93	300 00	300 00	.....	.....	.....	600 00	.....	.....	.....	31 98	.....
94	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39 20	.....
95	.....	285 00	.....	.....	118 25	403 25	.....	.....	.....	45 01	.....
Total for County....		\$24,891 49	\$69,837 73	\$94,729 22	\$4,040 00	\$10,425 56	\$109,194 78	\$2,088 48	\$101 04	\$6,250 83	\$238 20	

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	\$19 50	\$16 33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,724 95	\$664 53	\$2,389 53
	2	256 27	.....	—\$13 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,514 16	306 55	3,133 51
	3	120 17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	971 50	148 75	1,120 25
	4	31 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,046 79	200 00	1,246 79
	5	.....	1 00	.....	.....	\$956 29	.....	100 00	.....	1,052 04	172 05	2,124 09
	6	.....	.....	—56 27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175 37	.....	231 64
	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	418 55	150 00	568 55
	8	53 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	648 71	106 85	815 56
	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	228 40	87 50	315 90
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	227 90	.....	227 90
	11	8 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	610 45	.....	610 45
	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	212 35	90 00	302 35
	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	454 71	111 50	566 21
	14	.....	.....	—22 42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 25	19 00	326 67
	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,120 25	213 75	2,334 00
	16	8 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	364 75	.....	354 75
	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,327 70	150 00	2,477 70
	18	168 81	144 08	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	917 87	568 28	1,486 15
	19	138 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	882 18	150 00	1,032 18
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	624 15	79 50	703 65
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	419 27	.....	.....	.....	688 59	195 25	883 84
	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,224 96	.....	.....	.....	1,617 46	100 00	1,717 46
	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	413 25	122 50	535 75
	24	17 62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	267 87	78 31	346 18
	25	81 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	526 24	122 50	648 74
	26	.....	169 46	—63 71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,625 98	345 71	4,035 40
	27	35 22	.....	—121 02	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	660 52	235 00	1,016 54
	28	59 87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,257 70	183 15	1,440 85
	29	.....	.....	—3 41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	278 00	.....	281 41
	30	.....	.....	—10 21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	106 00	.....	176 21
	31	100 61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,471 61	.....	1,471 61
	32	1 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	239 55	137 50	377 05
	33	681 12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,220 73	330 00	6,550 73
	34	250 00	45 63	—2,439 81	54 00	1,672 77	.....	.....	.....	30,255 37	4,064 63	34,759 86
	35	.....	.....	—182 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	232 35	.....	414 39

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
36	.....	.....	—\$255 62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$214 06	.....	\$469 67
37	\$58 46	\$15 16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	719 50	\$490 80	1,150 30
38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,010 00	150 00	2,160 00
39	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	895 60	287 25	1,182 85
40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,565 00	.....	2,565 00
41	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$567 55	.....	\$50 00	.....	1,040 10	90 00	1,130 10
42	5 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	616 27	817 05	933 32
43	.....	.....	—489 54	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	1,886 29	133 75	2,009 58
44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	765 00	.....	765 00
45	119 23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,393 72	120 00	2,513 72
46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	315 68	52 50	368 18
47	196 14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,281 14	394 50	1,675 64
48	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	\$102 50	.....	.....	735 43	437 50	1,172 93
49	40 81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,373 06	.....	1,373 06
50	53 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,226 29	436 25	2,662 54
51	140 66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	483 91	60 00	543 91
52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	426 89	.....	426 89
53	33 76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	243 76	.....	243 76
54	18 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	898 50	110 50	1,009 00
55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	189 95	.....	189 95
56	42 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	591 40	212 50	803 90
57	.....	.....	—30 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	432 99	.....	463 39
58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	316 00	150 25	466 25
59	.....	.....	.....	.....	141 25	.....	50 00	.....	1,950 41	209 00	2,159 41
60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,200 00	.....	1,200 00
61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	698 56	217 50	916 06
62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	628 08	210 00	838 08
63	30 66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	390 66	.....	390 66
64	10 00	.....	—28 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	702 16	100 00	802 16
65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
66	85 71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	501 26	90 00	591 26
67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35 95	.....	35 95
68	.....	.....	—138 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	441 66	180 00	621 66
69	.....	.....	—6 51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	527 00	97 50	624 50
70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,084 89	.....	2,084 89

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	71	.....	.....	—\$77 27	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	\$225 00	.....	\$302 27
	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$1,372 60	.....	.....	.....	1,665 15	127 50	1,792 65
	73	.....	.....	—39 56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	167 70	.....	207 26
	74	.....	\$7 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	350 15	159 90	510 05
	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,181 85	100 00	1,281 85
	76	\$6 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	727 00	303 69	1,030 69
	77	28 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	534 07	157 00	691 07
	78	2 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	757 48	.....	757 48
	79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,110 65	110 00	1,220 65
	80	112 50	.....	—87 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	604 58	163 80	855 64
	81	74 02	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$155 00	.....	.....	279 02	180 00	459 02
	82	29 67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,474 33	175 00	1,649 33
	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 00	.....	.....	.....	555 23	.....	555 23
	84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	469 75	.....	469 75
	85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	258 50	77 50	336 00
	86	8 09	.....	—51 06	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	299 49	40 00	368 97
	87	.....	.....	—133 97	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	235 00	.....	235 00
	88	213 72	.....	—91 31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,182 41	197 00	1,470 72
	89	27 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	633 50	57 00	690 50
	90	.....	.....	—63 77	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	422 05	.....	483 82
	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	966 71	.....	.....	.....	1,168 21	.....	1,168 21
	92	8 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	238 65	.....	238 65
	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	631 98	.....	631 98
	94	.....	.....	.....	.....	170 24	.....	.....	.....	209 44	.....	209 44
	95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	830 01	118 25	443 26
Total for County.....	95	\$3,336 41	\$339 10	—\$1,423 86	\$84 00	\$7,791 64	\$257 50	\$380 00	.....	\$119,005 44	\$15,545 40	\$134,550 84

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Enrollment.									
	Public Schools.					Negro.				
	White.		Negro.		Grand Total	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country		Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	
1	2	5	.....	5	497	.....	.....	154	161	315
2	1	.....	1	.....	150	79	83	.....	.....	162
3	.....	2	.....	1	103	.....	.....	46	46	91
4	.....	2	.....	1	107	.....	.....	54	59	113
5	.....	3	.....	1	200	.....	.....	39	35	74
6	.....	1	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	1	.....	1	71	.....	.....	40	41	81
8	.....	3	.....	1	148	.....	.....	35	36	71
9	.....	2	.....	1	83	.....	.....	9	11	20
10	.....	2	.....	.....	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	.....	3	.....	.....	221	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	.....	1	.....	1	51	.....	.....	30	28	56
13	.....	1	.....	1	194	.....	.....	37	45	82
14	.....	1	.....	1	73	.....	.....	11	12	23
15	1	.....	.....	1	115	.....	.....	82	69	151
16	.....	2	.....	.....	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1	3	.....	1	304	20	19	28	21	49
18	1	.....	.....	2	69	.....	.....	113	118	231
19	.....	3	.....	2	107	.....	.....	59	65	124
20	.....	2	.....	1	111	.....	.....	22	28	50
21	.....	1	.....	1	42	.....	.....	18	22	40
22	1	.....	.....	.....	57	48	66	.....	.....	113
23	.....	1	.....	1	33	.....	.....	35	43	78
24	1	.....	.....	1	60	.....	.....	33	28	59
25	.....	3	.....	1	115	.....	.....	48	50	98
26	1	.....	.....	.....	322	56	75	.....	.....	131
27	.....	1	.....	2	98	.....	.....	64	48	112
28	.....	1	.....	1	110	.....	.....	44	49	93
29	.....	2	.....	.....	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	.....	1	.....	.....	89	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	.....	1	.....	.....	180	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	1	.....	1	45	.....	.....	32	34	66
33	2	.....	.....	.....	443	84	100	.....	.....	184
34	4	.....	2	.....	2,040	552	801	.....	.....	1,853
35	.....	1	.....	.....	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 8.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Enrollment.									
	Public Schools.					Negro.				
	White.		Negro.		Grand Total	White.		Negro.		Grand Total
	Town.	Country	Town.	Country		In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	
						Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Total
36	1	2	1	2	57	33	24	57	57	57
37	3	1	1	1	122	59	63	122	122	122
38	1	1	1	1	449	230	219	449	449	449
39	1	1	1	1	167	86	81	167	167	167
40	1	1	1	1	370	173	197	370	370	370
41	1	1	1	1	67	36	31	67	67	67
42	1	1	1	1	49	101	87	188	49	49
43	1	1	1	1	176	101	75	176	176	176
44	1	1	1	1	238	121	117	238	238	238
45	1	1	1	1	70	64	79	143	70	70
46	1	1	1	1	78	41	37	78	78	78
47	1	1	1	1	203	96	107	203	203	203
48	1	1	1	1	219	131	88	219	219	219
49	2	1	1	1	100	11	11	22	100	100
50	1	1	1	1	78	39	39	78	78	78
51	1	1	1	1	123	65	58	123	123	123
52	1	1	1	1	38	23	15	38	38	38
53	1	1	1	1	86	49	37	86	86	86
54	1	1	1	1	109	60	40	109	109	109
55	1	1	1	1	53	32	21	53	53	53
56	1	1	1	1	351	168	141	351	351	351
57	1	1	1	1	224	112	112	224	224	224
58	2	1	1	1	138	69	69	138	138	138
59	1	1	1	1	102	52	50	102	102	102
60	1	1	1	1	123	50	64	123	123	123
61	1	1	1	1	97	53	44	97	97	97
62	1	1	1	1	80	40	31	80	80	80
63	1	1	1	1	19	9	10	19	19	19
64	1	1	1	1	62	34	28	62	62	62
65	2	1	1	1	95	46	49	95	95	95
66	2	1	1	1	414	229	185	414	414	414
67	1	1	1	1	57	33	24	57	57	57
68	1	1	1	1	122	59	63	122	122	122
69	1	1	1	1	449	230	219	449	449	449
70	1	1	1	1	167	86	81	167	167	167
	1	1	1	1	370	173	197	370	370	370
	1	1	1	1	67	36	31	67	67	67
	1	1	1	1	49	101	87	188	49	49
	1	1	1	1	176	101	75	176	176	176
	1	1	1	1	238	121	117	238	238	238
	1	1	1	1	70	64	79	143	70	70
	1	1	1	1	78	41	37	78	78	78
	1	1	1	1	203	96	107	203	203	203
	1	1	1	1	219	131	88	219	219	219
	2	1	1	1	100	11	11	22	100	100
	1	1	1	1	78	39	39	78	78	78
	1	1	1	1	123	65	58	123	123	123
	1	1	1	1	38	23	15	38	38	38
	1	1	1	1	86	49	37	86	86	86
	1	1	1	1	109	60	40	109	109	109
	1	1	1	1	53	32	21	53	53	53
	1	1	1	1	351	168	141	351	351	351
	1	1	1	1	224	112	112	224	224	224
	2	1	1	1	138	69	69	138	138	138
	1	1	1	1	102	52	50	102	102	102
	1	1	1	1	123	50	64	123	123	123
	1	1	1	1	97	53	44	97	97	97
	1	1	1	1	80	40	31	80	80	80
	1	1	1	1	19	9	10	19	19	19
	1	1	1	1	62	34	28	62	62	62
	2	1	1	1	95	46	49	95	95	95
	2	1	1	1	414	229	185	414	414	414

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Average Attendance.											
	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
71	.....	.....	.....	23	21	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
72	.....	.....	.....	8	15	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
73	.....	.....	.....	9	9	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
75	28	27	55	.....	.....	.....	28	16	44	.....	.....	.....
76	28	21	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	8	24
77	.....	.....	.....	21	24	45	.....	.....	.....	37	36	73
78	.....	.....	.....	13	13	26	.....	.....	.....	14	23	37
79	.....	.....	.....	57	52	109	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
80	18	15	33	.....	.....	.....	23	25	48	.....	.....	.....
81	.....	.....	.....	12	14	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
82	.....	.....	.....	15	16	31	.....	.....	.....	27	34	61
83	.....	.....	.....	32	26	58	.....	.....	.....	22	15	37
84	.....	.....	.....	40	25	65	.....	.....	.....	41	40	81
85	47	54	101	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
86	.....	.....	.....	29	21	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
87	.....	.....	.....	14	10	24	.....	.....	.....	13	16	29
88	.....	.....	.....	7	18	25	.....	.....	.....	18	20	38
89	.....	.....	.....	23	26	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
90	.....	.....	.....	37	38	75	.....	.....	.....	37	35	72
91	.....	.....	.....	26	33	59	.....	.....	.....	15	20	35
92	.....	.....	.....	20	23	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
93	.....	.....	.....	17	12	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
94	.....	.....	.....	34	38	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	.....	.....	.....	23	19	42	.....	.....	.....	25	41	66
Total for County.....	2,130	2,346	4,476	1,836	1,761	3,597	763	1,094	1,857	1,247	1,436	2,683
												4,540

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers								
		White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women					
		No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
1															5	Total for Both Sexes	
2																	5
3															4		
4															1		
5															1		
6															4		
7															1		
8															1		
9															1		
10															1		
11															1		
12															1		
13															1		
14															1		
15															1		
16															1		
17															1		
18															1		
19															1		
20															1		
21															3		
22															2		
23															4		
24															2		
25															1		
26															1		
27															5		
28															2		
29															1		
30															2		
31															1		
32															1		
33															1		
34															7		
35															1		

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.								
		White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men.			Women.					
		No.	Value With Grounds.	No.					Value With Grounds.	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
36												1			1		Both Sexes
37												1			1		
38												6			1		
39												1					
40										2		3					
41												2					
42										1		1			1		
43												2					
44												2					
45										1		4					
46										1							
47										1							
48												2					
49										1		2			1		
50										1		3					
51												1				1	
52										1		1					
53												1					
54												1					
55												1					
56										1							
57											1				1		
58																	
59										1					1		
60												6			1		
61										1		1				2	
62										1					1		
63										1							
64										1		1					
65																	
66										1		1					
67																	
68										1		1					
69															1		
70												4					

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
			White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men.			Women.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
			No.	Value With Grounds.	No.					Value With Grounds.	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
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SPURTTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro.						White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men.			Women.			Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town				Country
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
1	1			1			2	45	60	20	70		Peyton Ballenger, Wellford, R. F. D.	
2	1			1			1	36	60		17		Geo. B. Fry, Fairforest.	
3	1						1		50		24		A. S. No. 2.	
4	1						1		50		24		J. J. No. 2.	
5	1						1		73		22		J. H. No. 2.	
6									14				Robt. No. 2.	
7							1		32		20		W. C. No. 2.	
8							1		30		20		Jos. F. D.	
9							1		26		14		Thos. R. F. D.	
10									26				E. H. No. 2.	
11									49				Rolan No. 2.	
12				1			1		20		14		J. W. Parria, Cherokee, R. No. 2.	
13					1		1		20		15		Lawrence Weaver, Chesnee.	
14									16		4		Charlie Williams, Cherokee, R. No. 2.	
15	1						1	36			18		Dr. W. B. Patton, Cross Anchor, F. D.	
16									34				J. E. No. 2.	
17	1						1	36	60	12	12		J. L. No. 2.	
18					1		2	32			41		D. W. No. 2.	
19				1			1		44		24		George No. 2.	
20					1		1		46		12		M. A. No. 2.	
21				1			1		30		23		H. H. No. 2.	
22						1	1	32		16			Richar No. 2.	
23					1		1		30		20		J. W. No. 2.	
24					1		1	20			12		Dr. W. No. 2.	
25							1		04		16		C. H. No. 2.	
26	1							32		19			C. O. No. 2.	
27							1		24		32		J. S. No. 2.	
28							1		30		24		C. C. No. 2.	
29									33				R. L. No. 2.	
30									19				P. W. No. 2.	
31									32				Enoch No. 2.	
32						1	1		22		18		C. H. No. 2.	
33							2	72		24			Dr. S. No. 2.	
34								144		72			Prof. No. 2.	
35									22				J. B. Newberry, Cowpens.	

SPARTANBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Number of Teachers							Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro							White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men			Women				Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town				Country
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade									
36			2			1	3	16					42	Geo. I.	1
37							3	49					20	W. B.	2
38							1				24			J. E.	1
39							1							A. H.	1
40							1							V. M.	1
41							1				14			J. P.	1
42							2	28						E. R.	1
43							2				16			W. O.	1
44							1							M. D.	1
45							1				16			Chapman, Whitney.	1
46							1	14						B. T. Boone, Landrum.	1
47							2							W. C. Alverson, Inman. R. No. 2.	1
48							2				32			R. C.	1
49							2							A. B.	1
50							2				27			J. M.	1
51							2	35						S. B.	1
52							1				12			M. P.	1
53							1							Mason, Moore, R. F. D.	1
54							1	21						Gibson, Campobello, R. F. D.	1
55							1	24						S. D. Gibson, Campobello, R. No. 1.	1
56							1	30						Q. W. Easler, Spartanburg, R. No. 1.	1
57							1	28						J. O. Bishop, Inman, R. No. 1.	1
58							1	30						A. J. Donnan, Campobello, R. No. 1.	1
59							1	24						E. L. Archer, Spartanburg, R. No. 1.	1
60							1	30						A. Williams, Cherokee, R. No. 2.	1
61							1	129						A. S. Lanford, Woodruff, R. No. 2.	1
62							2							J. H. Brockman, Greer, R. F. D.	1
63							2	45						J. J. Jordan, Tusculum.	1
64							2	24						A. B. Pearson, Woodruff, R. No. 1.	1
65							1	18						J. A. McMillan, Cherokee.	1
66							1	32						J. F. Cantrell, Cherokee, R. No. 2.	1
67							1							A. V. Cox, Moore, R. No. 1.	1
68							1	23						C. H. Moore, R. No. 1.	1
69							1							R. O.	1
70							1	12						J. M.	1
							1	52						W. W.	1
							1							J. L.	1
							1							N. B.	1
							1							R. No. 3.	1

SPARTANBURG COUNTY—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. H. BRANNON, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town				Country
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
71	1						1			16				W. A. No. 2.
72										34		20		I. S. No. 2.
73										12				W. P. R. No. 3.
74				1		1	1		34		24			R. L. R. No. 2.
75									36			16		Elijah R. No. 4.
76				1	1		1			38		42		W. F. Walker, Cedar Springs.
77				1			1			40		23		W. L. Edwards, Inman, R. No. 3.
78														O. R. Lanford, Greer.
79	1			1			2		10		8			J. D. J. No. 1.
80				1		1	2			30		25		W. O. R. No. 1.
81				1			1			17		4		J. H. R. No. 4.
82				1			1			27		23		J. M. R. No. 1.
83				1			1			26				inga.
84									16					A. L. L. F. D
85										30		12		No. 1.
86										16		8		No. 2.
87										20				J. W. R. No. 2.
88							1			32		26		G. A. R. No. 2.
89						1	1			65		9		J. M. O'Shields, Pauline, R. No. 2.
90										48				James Brown, Trough.
91										16				Geo. H. Johnson, Woodruff, R. No. 3.
92										28				T. B. Brown, White Stone, R. No. 2.
93										24				James Cooksey, Spartanburg, R. 1
94														A. S. Johnson, Chesnee.
95						1	1			38		17		J. W. Rodgers, Switzer, R. No. 1.
Total for Co.	14	8	2	35	11	13	78		1,120	2,153	323	1,008		

SUMTER COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. H. HAYNSWORTH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 8-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Sumter	1	\$203 93	\$503 78	\$1,522 64	\$52 17	.....	\$1,743 31	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$6 48	\$4,082 31	\$3,629 75	\$402 56
Concord	2	718 96	414 14	1,523 86	69 49	.....	816 19	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 48	3,549 12	2,973 10	576 02
Privatcer	3	1,621 97	499 07	1,522 74	92 31	.....	1,024 86	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 48	4,767 43	3,883 28	884 15
Manchester	4	871 63	131 78	284 53	35 80	.....	458 12	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 30	1,783 16	848 00	985 16
Middleton	5	728 76	261 83	870 07	45 13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 71	1,909 50	1,750 97	158 53
Stateburg	6	84 67	157 40	597 29	36 33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	253 90	1,129 59	1,075 10	54 49
Providence	7	181 90	147 73	456 77	20 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 96	809 31	731 60	77 71
Rafting Creek	8	393 17	442 38	1,587 90	100 77	.....	367 09	1	\$238 00	.....	.....	.....	616 71	3,010 28	3,070 25	59 97
Providence	9	706 24	174 24	978 82	23 02	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 17	1,896 49	1,654 20	282 29
Stateburg	10	257 79	194 31	891 82	47 82	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	162 47	1,038 63	1,010 67	27 96
Stateburg	11	1,727 91	196 46	956 09	45 50	.....	233 51	2	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 65	465 00	461 35
Shiloh	12	938 58	80 71	500 27	19 61	.....	185 50	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 13	1,726 80	1,016 90	709 90
Shiloh	13	296 52	177 32	913 57	35 21	.....	427 91	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 89	1,854 42	1,665 32	189 10
Shiloh	14	105 25	99 41	543 78	18 36	.....	221 85	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 32	990 97	1,002 40	11 43
Mayesville	15	1,351 15	143 53	891 82	36 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 80	2,427 14	1,472 09	955 06
Sumter	16	131 37	186 76	739 55	28 20	.....	571 48	2	.....	.....	.....	\$250 00	218 40	2,120 76	1,848 20	272 56
Sumter	17	677 51	1,240 00	4,567 96	62 46	.....	7,858 68	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,987 95	19,039 54	19,002 50	37 04
Mayesville	18	2,637 76	177 23	1,174 60	19 82	.....	1,289 10	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	60 00	5,308 51	4,693 44	615 07
Providence	19	192 66	147 73	597 29	23 62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 50	963 80	885 62	78 18
Shiloh	20	329 99	35 37	304 53	6 64	.....	59 79	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 30	737 62	675 00	62 62
Middleton	21	359 07	57 88	326 34	18 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 39	773 88	637 18	136 20
County Board Fund.	.....	36 50	.....	506 34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$136 00	.....	.....	168 36	847 20	378 07	469 13
Total for County...	21	\$8,140 53	\$5,469 06	\$22,258 58	\$338 76	.....	\$15,207 99	.....	\$588 00	\$136 00	.....	\$250 00	\$7,525 69	\$60,709 61	\$54,368 64	\$6,340 97

SUMTER COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. HERBERT HAYNSWORTH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.		
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.						
1	.....	\$2,481 50	\$2,481 50	\$247 50	\$752 00	\$999 50	\$3,481 00	\$2 00	.....	\$4 25	\$70 05	.....	\$1 00
2	.....	2,300 00	2,300 00	260 00	380 00	640 00	2,940 00	4 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	\$500 00	1,935 00	2,435 00	60 00	833 00	893 00	3,328 00	195 66	.....	.....	303 95	.....	20 00
4	.....	308 00	308 00	.....	477 50	477 50	785 50	.....	.....	.....	30 00	.....	.....
5	607 50	720 00	1,327 50	.....	324 00	324 00	1,651 50	14 00	.....	21 25	47 85	.....	.....
6	.....	720 00	720 00	100 00	150 00	250 00	970 00	.....	.....	.....	66 70	.....	6 00
7	.....	565 00	565 00	.....	160 00	160 00	725 00	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....
8	720 00	1,620 00	2,340 00	320 00	160 00	480 00	2,820 00	32 90	.....	10 13	126 40	.....	7 50
9	.....	1,312 50	1,312 50	.....	280 00	280 00	1,592 50	21 10	.....	.....	26 00	.....	.....
10	675 00	.....	675 00	.....	288 00	288 00	963 00	.....	.....	.....	47 67	.....	.....
11	.....	405 00	405 00	45 00	15 00	60 00	465 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	560 00	320 00	880 00	106 00	.....	106 00	986 00	25 00	.....	.....	5 90	.....	.....
13	.....	1,082 75	1,082 75	244 00	.....	434 00	1,536 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	520 00	320 00	840 00	.....	160 00	160 00	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	2 40	.....	.....
15	.....	930 00	930 00	180 00	300 00	480 00	1,410 00	34 74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	600 00	1,010 00	1,610 00	.....	195 00	195 00	1,805 00	9 40	.....	.....	26 45	.....	.....
17	4,400 00	10,260 00	14,660 00	1,282 50	3,080 00	4,342 50	19,002 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	765 00	900 00	1,665 00	.....	300 00	300 00	1,965 00	181 58	.....	.....	104 35	.....	.....
19	.....	700 00	700 00	.....	140 00	140 00	840 00	.....	.....	.....	34 72	.....	.....
20	.....	525 00	525 00	.....	.....	.....	525 00	.....	.....	.....	5 80	.....	.....
21	.....	450 00	450 00	.....	150 00	150 00	600 00	.....	.....	.....	378 07	.....	.....
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County....	21	\$9,347 50	\$28,864 75	\$38,212 25	\$2,845 00	\$8,334 50	\$11,179 50	\$49,391 75	\$520 63	\$35 63	\$1,281 31	.....	\$34 50

SUMTER COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. HERBERT HAYNSWORTH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	\$36 91	\$7 29	.....	\$32 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2,590 46	\$1,039 29	\$3,629 75
	2	4 90	14 20	.....	.....	\$4 50	.....	.....	.....	2,313 66	659 45	2,973 10
	3	30 67	.....	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,965 28	918 00	3,883 28
	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$12 50	.....	.....	388 00	510 00	848 00
	5	.....	4 37	.....	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,389 35	361 62	1,750 97
	6	8 40	.....	.....	24 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	795 10	280 00	1,075 10
	7	1 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	571 60	160 00	731 60
	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73 32	.....	.....	2,499 30	570 95	3,070 25
	9	14 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,374 20	230 00	1,604 20
	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	722 67	288 00	1,010 67
	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	405 00	60 00	465 00
	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	910 90	106 00	1,016 90
	13	128 57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,211 32	454 00	1,665 32
	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	842 40	160 00	1,002 40
	15	27 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	992 09	480 00	1,472 09
	16	7 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,653 20	195 00	1,848 20
	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,660 00	4,842 50	*19,002 50
	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,442 51	.....	.....	.....	4,393 44	300 80	4,693 44
	19	10 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	745 62	140 00	885 62
	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	675 00	.....	675 00
	21	4 38	.....	\$27 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	487 18	150 00	637 18
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	378 07	.....	378 07
Total for County...	21	\$275 63	\$25 86	\$27 00	\$93 50	\$2,597 01	\$85 82	.....	.....	\$42,913 83	\$11,454 81	\$54,368 64

*This total, which includes only teachers' salaries, is based on the report o. the City Superintendent, and is \$5,968.50 in excess of the total reported by the County Superintendent.

SUNTER COUNTY.--TABLE 3.--SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.--J. HERBERT HAYNSWORTH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Enrollment.
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SUMTER COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. H. HAYNSWORTH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.											
Number of District.	White.						Negro.				
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Grand Total.
1	.....	.....	.....	37	44	81	.....	.....	.....	151	229
2	.....	.....	.....	44	32	76	.....	.....	.....	167	209
3	.....	.....	.....	65	73	138	.....	.....	.....	139	212
4	.....	.....	.....	4	4	8	.....	.....	.....	60	85
5	.....	.....	.....	23	17	40	.....	.....	.....	112	159
6	.....	.....	.....	7	3	10	.....	.....	.....	58	67
7	.....	.....	.....	8	3	11	.....	.....	.....	49	60
8	.....	.....	.....	24	29	53	.....	.....	.....	145	173
9	.....	.....	.....	28	30	64	.....	.....	.....	92	112
10	.....	.....	.....	10	6	16	.....	.....	.....	82	107
11	.....	.....	.....	15	14	29	.....	.....	.....	55	65
12	.....	.....	.....	8	13	21	.....	.....	.....	31	31
13	.....	.....	.....	57	49	106	.....	.....	.....	68	62
14	.....	.....	.....	19	16	34	.....	.....	.....	30	35
15	.....	.....	.....	15	11	26	.....	.....	.....	124	222
16	.....	.....	.....	20	23	43	.....	.....	.....	48	74
17	330	320	650	.....	.....	.....	307	468	775	.....	.....
18	34	19	53	.....	.....	.....	205	275	480	.....	.....
19	.....	.....	.....	14	10	24	.....	.....	.....	90	108
20	.....	.....	.....	16	14	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	.....	.....	9	7	16	.....	.....	.....	44	57
Total for County.....	379	356	735	423	408	826	512	743	1,255	1,589	2,067
											3,036
											4,891

SUMTER COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. HERBERT HAYNSWORTH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.						
			White.		Negro.	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women			
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade
1	6	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	6	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	7	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	2	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	1	.....	.....	4	\$2,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	2	.....	.....	2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	4	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	1	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	2	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	5	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	.....	.....	2	650 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	2	.....	.....	3	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	2	.....	.....	2	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	3	.....	.....	2	90,000 00	.....	.....	.....	\$5,000 00	\$1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	.....	.....	2	9,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	2	.....	.....	4	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1	.....	.....	.....	450 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....	54	\$104,600 00	73	\$10,000 00	1	.....	.....	\$5,000 00	\$1,000 00	15	.....	.....	76	.....	.....	91

*The most complete data obtainable from the County Superintendent's report.

SUMTER COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. HERBERT HAYNSWORTH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.						Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School.		Name and Postoffice of Chairman		
	Negro.						White		Negro		White	Negro			
	Men.			Women.			Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town				Country	
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade									
1										108			152	1.5	E. F. Miller, Sumter, S. C.
2										192			128	2	W. Mahoney, Sumter, R. F. D. 1.
3										196			125	2	G. E. Rodge, Tindal, S. C., No. 1.
4										64			66	1.0	T. E. Brohun, Wedgefield, S. C.
5										70			64	1.1	T. E. Aycock, Wedgefield, S. C.
6										70			44	1.1	A. L. Saunders, Sumter, No. 3.
7										60			32	2.5	W. L. Raffield, Sumter, No. 4.
8									27	81			66	1.5	H. A. Reames, Rembert, S. C.
9										96			60	1.0	J. M. F.
10										36			48	1.6	C. A.
11										24			32	2	R. M.
12										32			16	2.5	W. W.
13										145			60	1.5	J. C. 1
14										32			32	2.5	E. T.
15										64			72	1	E. W.
16										87			32	2.5	B. K. Brown, Oswego, S. C.
17									106		72		1	1	C. M. Hurst, Sumter, S. C.
18									36		20		1	1	M. Mayes, Mayesville, S. C.
19										56			82	2.5	J. R. Kiven, Providence, S. C.
20										28				1.5	T. J. Weaver, Lynchburg, S. C.
21										36			60	1.5	M. S. Ryan, Wedgefield, S. C.
Total for Co.	10	10	5	32	30	5	92	171	1,567		92		1,161		

*The most complete data obtainable from the County Superintendent's report.

UNION COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—T. R. GORE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 2-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.			Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Building.					
Jonesville	1	\$124 14	\$187 00	\$1,178 85	\$47 00		\$1,573 00						1,481 99	\$1,413 45	\$68 54
Carlisle	2	1,135 68	166 00	967 85	40 00		247 00						1,864 28	3,859 86	\$204 43
Santuck	3	872 50	85 00	921 90	35 50		671 00						1,161 20	1,253 00	\$96 80
Pinckney	4	299 20	272 00	1,266 32	125 50					\$100 00			1,734 02	2,530 56	153 17
Union	5	601 55	222 00	1,021 06	81 00								1,585 61	1,648 15	1,037 46
Santuck	6	114 54	180 00	898 43	72 00								273 97	1,288 00	7 37
Fish Dam	7	813 64	165 00	607 56	67 50								1,153 70	1,146 50	7 20
Bogartville	8	104 68	85 00	444 64	50 00								724 27	722 50	1 77
Gothen Hill	9	443 71	168 00	553 67	73 50								338 88	1,068 00	172 88
Cross Keys	10	160 12	174 00	280 07	65 00		715 00		\$650				1,018 19	1,745 00	\$68 19
Jonesville	11	954 23	871 00	5,335 60	80 00		7,450 00		600				1,416 00	15,330 00	1,065 60
Rocky Creek	12	67 65	214 00	194 37	44 50		2,164 00		600				1,642 17	3,816 50	23 67
Glitt	13	142 93	83 00	765 47	27 50		464 00						483 90	1,474 50	9 40
Lockhart	14	562 96	55 00	265 89	19 00								925 85	303 93	531 92
Cedar Hill	15	53 60	198 00	255 10	23 50								305 00	905 00	123 50
West Springs	16	282 25	53 00	250 15	15 50		998 00						248 90	1,175 50	78 40
Kelly	17	364 88	44 00	122 46	16 50		199 00			\$300 00			341 34	749 00	291 44
Sedalia	18	93 70	112 00	365 00	64 50		290 00			\$50 00			476 30	1,308 86	171 54
Oakland	19	135 23	109 00	426 47	38 00		313 00			\$50 00			371 09	1,356 19	15 50
Buffalo	20	7 83	57 00	369 41	24 00		53 00						541 24	533 75	7 49
Putman	21	53	276 00	600 00	24 50								921 78		921 78
	22		57 00	688 68	29 00					125 00			849 88	478 50	871 88
Total for County	22	\$6,968 94	\$3,770 00	\$18,537 45	\$1,074 50		\$34,536 00		\$1,750	1,225 00			1,876 86	\$43,923 38	\$6,438 68

UNION COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—T. H. GORE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	1	.....	\$680 00	\$680 00	\$90 00	\$110 00	\$200 00	\$880 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2	\$930 40	585 00	1,515 40	235 00	.....	235 00	1,750 40	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....
	3	720 00	815 00	1,035 00	120 00	100 00	220 00	1,255 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	4	.....	2,200 00	2,200 00	.....	325 00	325 00	2,525 00	.....	15 05	.....	.....
	5	120 00	795 90	915 90	190 00	440 00	630 00	1,545 90	.....	.....	.....	.....
	6	120 00	770 00	890 00	50 00	225 00	275 00	1,165 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	7	.....	296 00	296 00	165 00	618 00	783 00	1,079 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....
	8	.....	555 00	555 00	167 50	.....	167 50	722 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	9	.....	744 00	744 00	.....	307 50	307 50	1,051 50	4 50	.....	.....	.....
	10	660 00	885 00	1,545 00	70 00	130 00	200 00	1,745 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	11	4,500 00	8,525 00	13,025 00	600 00	1,200 00	1,800 00	14,825 00	200 00	.....	300 00	.....
	12	780 00	2,735 00	3,515 00	215 00	60 00	275 00	3,790 00	.....	.....	28 50	.....
	13	.....	1,246 50	1,246 50	210 00	.....	210 00	1,456 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	14	.....	240 00	240 00	100 00	.....	100 00	340 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	15	.....	780 00	780 00	125 00	.....	125 00	905 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	16	315 00	245 00	560 00	205 00	.....	205 00	765 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	17	458 65	286 25	744 90	.....	.....	.....	744 90	.....	.....	.....	.....
	18	312 50	500 00	812 50	.....	62 50	62 50	875 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	19	420 00	240 00	660 00	70 00	120 00	190 00	850 00	867 53	.....	9 10	.....
	20	.....	382 00	382 00	100 00	21 00	121 00	503 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	22	99 00	279 00	378 00	99 00	.....	99 00	477 00	.....	.....	1 50	.....
Total for County...	22	\$9,435 55	\$23,284 65	\$32,720 20	\$2,811 50	\$3,719 00	\$6,530 50	\$39,250 70	\$732 08	.....	\$349 10	.....

UNION COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—T. H. GORE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	1	\$533 45								\$1,213 45	\$200 00	\$1,413 45
	2	1,244 45				\$535 00				8,424 85	235 00	3,650 85
	3									1,035 00	220 00	1,255 00
	4	80		\$20 00				\$20 00		2,255 85	325 00	2,580 85
	5	2 25								918 15	630 00	1,548 15
	6	91 60						10 00		991 60	275 00	1,266 60
	7	4 50		36 00		2 00				863 50	783 00	1,646 50
	8									555 00	167 50	722 50
	9	10 00								758 50	307 50	1,066 00
	10									1,545 00	200 00	1,745 00
	11							5 00		13,530 00	1,800 00	15,330 00
	12									3,543 50	275 00	3,818 50
	13	18 00								1,284 50	210 00	1,494 50
	14	13 93						40 00		283 93	100 00	383 93
	15									780 00	125 00	905 00
	16	410 50								970 50	205 00	1,175 50
	17							5 00		749 90		749 90
	18	428 66								1,241 16	62 50	1,303 66
	19	129 56								1,166 19	190 00	1,356 19
	20	20 75						10 00		412 75	121 00	533 75
	21											
	22											
										379 50	99 00	478 50
Total for County...	92	\$2,908 45		\$56 00		\$537 00		\$90 00		\$37,392 83	\$6,530 50	\$43,923 33

UNION COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—T. H. GORE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District	Public Schools.						Enrollment.												
	White.			Negro.			White.					Negro.							
	Town	Country.	Town	Country.	Town	Country.	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			
							Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
1	1	2	.....	.....	2	.....	27	24	51	44	83	77	77	.....	.....	110	123	233
2	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	21	22	43	.....	.....	.....	51	111	194	.....	.....	194
3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	.....	165	261	426
4	.....	9	.....	.....	4	4	.....	.....	.....	162	138	300	300	.....	.....	179	208	387
5	.....	5	.....	.....	6	6	.....	.....	.....	43	49	92	92	.....	.....	129	139	268
6	.....	7	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	73	57	130	130	.....	.....	63	95	158
7	.....	2	.....	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....	12	10	22	22	.....	.....	184	226	410
8	.....	4	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	64	52	116	116	.....	.....	18	86	96
9	.....	3	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	16	29	45	45	.....	.....	103	120	223
10	.....	3	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	74	79	153	153	.....	.....	80	85	165
11	6	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	997	1,062	2,059	.....	.....	.....	2,059	797	1,614	.....	.....	1,614
12	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	119	141	260	.....	.....	.....	260	111	213	.....	.....	213
13	.....	4	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	88	83	174	174	.....	.....	79	74	153
14	.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	24	17	41	41	.....	.....	36	40	76
15	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	112	135	247	.....	.....	.....	247	.....	.....	75	64	139
16	.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	34	25	59	59	.....	.....	73	84	157
17	.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	45	42	87	87	.....	.....	84	24	58
18	.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	80	64	144	144	.....	.....	44	41	85
19	.....	1	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	88	26	64	64	.....	.....	69	77	146
20	.....	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	13	13	26	26	.....	.....	54	61	115
21	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	111	89	200	.....	.....	.....	200	44	85	.....	.....	85
22	.....	2	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	57	53	110	110	.....	.....	47	41	88
Total for Co...	12	47	4	42	42	42	1,887	1,473	2,860	867	773	1,640	4,500	943	1,063	1,542	1,700	3,332	5,388

UNION COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—T. H. GORE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Area.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers								
			White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women					
			No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
1	3	\$300 00	2	\$200 00	.....	\$150 00	\$50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	1	5,500 00	1	100 00	.....	229 50	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	1	700 00	1	100 00	.....	93 50	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	7	1,400 00	6	600 00	.....	300 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	5	500 00	6	300 00	.....	100 00	80 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	7	700 00	3	150 00	.....	350 00	60 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	2	300 00	6	300 00	.....	50 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	2	200 00	2	100 00	.....	25 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	4	400 00	3	150 00	.....	200 00	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	3	1,700 00	2	100 00	.....	600 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	6	75,000 00	2	5,000 00	.....	3,000 00	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	1	12,500 00	1	400 00	.....	841 50	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	4	500 00	3	300 00	.....	200 00	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	1	200 00	1	100 00	.....	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	1	1,200 00	1	100 00	.....	300 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	1	1,500 00	1	200 00	.....	300 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1	600 00	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1	1,800 00	1	150 00	.....	200 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1	1,500 00	2	300 00	.....	250 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1	100 00	1	100 00	.....	50 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	1	4,000 00	1	250 00	.....	300 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1	300 00	1	150 00	.....	50 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....			55	\$110,900 00	47	\$9,150 00	\$7,889 50	\$2,180 00	18	.....	.....	.....	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	93

UNION COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—T. H. GORE, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman	
	Negro						White		Negro		White	Negro		
	Men			Women			Town	Country	Town	Country				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								Total for Both Sexes
1	1							36	40		24	2	3	W. H. Page, Jonesville, S. O.
2	1							36		8		1	4	M. C.
3	1							32	18		12	1	3	J. J. V.
4									140		40	3	3	R. E.
5	1								196		84	3	3	J. K. E.
6	1								32		18	1 1/4	3	M. B.
7	1								16		120	1	2	T. C.
8	1								48		8	1	1	C. C.
9									96		36	1	2	W. C.
10	1							216				2	3	B. O.
11	1							36		36		1	3	Thomson, Union, S. O.
12	1									12		1	1	W. E.
13									48			1	3	Ellerbe, Jonesville, S. O.
14	1								32		24	2	3	F. M. Bishop, Jonesville, S. O.
15	1							24			12	2	3	J. O. Bishop, Jonesville, S. O.
16											30	1	3	S. S. Gallman, Pacolet, S. O.
17											12	1 1/4	3	Wm. Anderson, Lockhart, S. O.
18									24			1 1/4		Howard Williams, Union, S. O.
19									32			1 1/4	4	J. Boyd Lancaster, West Sps., S. O.
20	1								32		10	4	4	H. C. Little, Kelton, S. O.
21									32		24	3	2	J. E. Minter, Sedalia, S. O.
22	1							36	24		12	2	2	Orus T. Belue, Union, S. O.
23										12		1 1/4	3	W. R. Todd, Buffalo, S. O.
24									40		16	2	3	J. M. Whitehead, West Springs, S. O.
Total for Co.	15			42			57	416	1,012	68	508			

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Hope	1	.....	\$228 00	\$500 44	\$76 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$804 94	\$856 72	—\$151 78
Laws	2	\$89 48	157 00	280 00	42 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	568 48	472 85	96 63
Penn	3	480 07	220 00	709 80	70 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,460 37	1,457 75	2 62
Suttons	4	300 57	122 00	265 20	44 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	731 77	583 50	148 27
Anderson	5	.....	111 00	377 80	44 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	532 30	645 00	—112 70
Sunter	6	86 14	161 00	353 60	38 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	639 24	633 50	5 74
Mouzon	6A	212 23	181 00	736 40	78 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,247 63	1,176 80	70 83
Kling	7	136 94	212 00	1,004 00	72 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,424 94	1,451 04	—26 10
Turkey	8	.....	50 00	108 30	11 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	164 80	162 00	2 80
Mingo	9	3 00	181 00	423 60	53 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	602 60	725 00	—62 40
Indian	11	161 65	134 00	550 40	34 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	880 55	803 25	77 30
Johnson	12	176 84	253 00	781 60	91 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,302 44	1,238 60	63 84
Lee	13	61 82	130 00	196 78	36 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$300 00	.....	724 10	724 10	.....
Lake	14	56 76	81 00	227 20	17 00	.....	\$97 73	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	577 42	607 00	—29 58
Lake City	15	17 17	292 00	720 00	43 00	.....	1,557 98	3	\$440 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,070 15	3,110 15	—40 00
Kingstree	16	22 73	167 00	748 80	43 50	.....	3,536 15	6	525 00	.....	.....	.....	\$1,500 00	6,543 18	6,464 15	79 03
Scranton	17	207 66	79 00	272 00	14 50	.....	855 17	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,523 33	1,517 18	11 15
Union	18	10 35	37 00	68 80	10 00	.....	67 30	4	.....	67 30	.....	.....	.....	260 75	253 50	7 25
Hebron	19	160 09	66 00	200 00	21 50	.....	76 72	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	524 81	213 50	.....
High Hill	20	29 93	54 00	150 40	14 50	.....	66 46	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	385 75	385 75	.....
Cameron	21	54 92	60 00	212 80	16 50	.....	74 75	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	573 72	559 50	14 22
Greenville	22	.....	292 00	893 92	62 50	.....	640 90	2	440 00	100 00	.....	.....	599 00	2,088 32	2,124 32	—36 00
Johnsonville	23	.....	97 00	180 64	24 00	.....	832 78	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	800 00	2,414 42	3,012 04	—598 52
Wilson	24	58 53	144 00	312 00	50 00	.....	613 20	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,227 73	1,191 30	36 43
Oades	25	200 20	88 00	203 20	18 00	.....	261 56	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	970 96	801 10	169 86
Prospect	26	.....	127 00	168 40	48 50	.....	268 50	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	697 40	715 00	—17 60
Heyward	27	.....	160 00	95 33	88 50	.....	485 18	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	800 00	1,229 01	1,186 60	42 41
Cedar Swamp	28	.....	94 00	268 25	34 00	.....	235 54	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	80 00	511 89	519 55	—7 66
Pergamos	29	14 98	70 00	225 60	17 50	.....	116 23	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	544 84	552 30	—7 46
Cooper	30	322 44	94 00	350 00	41 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	807 44	502 50	304 94
Rough Branch	31	.....	124 00	216 00	42 50	.....	191 93	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	693 43	500 60	192 83
Salters	32	429 23	96 00	390 00	25 00	.....	576 54	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,516 87	1,150 69	366 18
Fowler	33	88 00	88 00	185 60	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	327 60	321 42	6 18
Lanes	34	549 57	162 00	501 00	43 00	.....	655 30	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,909 77	1,474 23	435 49

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Gaskins	35	\$187 80	\$63 00	\$206 20	\$20 50	.....	\$135 78	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$40 00	\$713 87	\$372 70	\$340 67
Earle	36	110 17	66 00	168 00	24 50	.....	293 40	4	.....	\$100 00	.....	.....	.....	752 07	739 98	12 09
NeSmith	37	63 50	43 00	240 00	14 50	.....	47 52	4	.....	47 52	.....	.....	.....	456 04	313 00	143 04
Cantley	38	108 00	60 00	252 80	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	440 80	394 00	46 80
..... ..	39	.....	24 00	160 00	9 00	.....	91 00	4	.....	70 00	.....	.....	.....	354 00	339 50	14 50
Eaddy	40	55 00	41 00	147 20	16 00	.....	241 92	2	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	601 12	563 60	37 52
Trio	41	.....	32 00	96 00	12 50	.....	243 26	4	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....	488 76	262 00	226 76
Co. Board Fund.....	.....	309 89	.....	968 56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,278 45	751 50	527 96
Total for County...	41	\$4,745 35	\$4,891 00	\$14,652 22	\$1,494 50	.....	\$12,349 73	.....	\$1,405 00	\$1,525 76	.....	\$400 00	\$3,474 00	\$44,937 56	\$42,319 52	\$2,618 04

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. C. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
1	.....	\$708 75	\$708 75	\$50 00	\$150 00	\$200 00	\$908 75	\$4 97	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	280 00	280 00	.....	180 00	180 00	460 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	880 00	880 00	.....	525 00	525 00	1,405 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	426 00	426 00	.....	150 00	150 00	576 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	\$108 00	412 00	515 00	125 00	.....	125 00	640 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	508 50	508 50	.....	125 00	125 00	633 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
64	.....	768 20	768 20	110 00	270 00	380 00	1,148 20	6 75	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	676 25	676 25	348 56	261 44	610 00	1,286 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	.....	140 00	140 00	22 00	.....	22 00	162 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	.....	560 00	560 00	82 50	82 50	165 00	725 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	.....	523 25	523 25	120 00	120 00	240 00	768 25	20 00	\$20 00	.....	.....
12	264 00	499 20	763 20	150 00	230 00	380 00	1,143 20	10 00	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	25 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	.....	457 00	457 00	.....	150 00	150 00	607 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	1,240 00	1,795 15	3,035 15	75 00	.....	75 00	3,110 15	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	1,200 00	4,301 00	5,501 00	315 00	324 35	639 35	6,140 35	170 80	.....	.....	.....
17	775 00	578 85	1,353 85	.....	30 00	30 00	1,383 85	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	200 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	.....	168 00	168 00	.....	40 00	40 00	208 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	320 00	320 00	52 50	.....	52 50	372 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	490 00	490 00	.....	60 00	60 00	550 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1,000 00	691 32	1,691 32	96 00	325 00	421 00	2,112 32	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	640 00	2,122 55	2,762 55	.....	.....	.....	2,762 55	227 34	.....	.....	.....
24	120 00	190 00	310 00	.....	50 00	50 00	360 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	738 80	738 80	52 50	.....	52 50	791 10	10 00	.....	.....	.....
26	240 00	400 00	640 00	70 00	.....	70 00	710 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	937 50	937 50	137 50	20 00	157 50	1,095 00	33 00	.....	.....	.....
28	.....	650 00	650 00	137 50	.....	137 50	787 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	.....	469 00	469 00	.....	50 00	50 00	519 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	.....	280 00	280 00	222 50	.....	222 50	502 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	.....	500 00	500 00	.....	24 00	24 00	524 00	6 60	.....	.....	.....
32	.....	800 00	800 00	.....	206 25	806 25	1,106 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	210 00	210 00	105 00	.....	105 00	315 00	6 42	.....	.....	.....
34	520 00	310 00	830 00	.....	250 00	250 00	1,080 00	.....	.....	\$4 50	.....

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Name of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	35	.....	\$236 25	\$236 25	\$60 00	\$72 00	\$132 00	\$368 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
	36	.....	481 00	481 00	.....	30 00	30 00	511 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	37	.....	240 00	240 00	70 00	.....	70 00	310 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	38	.....	295 00	295 00	65 00	26 00	91 00	386 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	39	.....	210 00	210 00	25 00	.....	25 00	235 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	40	.....	427 50	427 50	60 00	60 00	120 00	547 50	\$16 10	.....	.....	.....
	41	.....	175 00	175 00	75 00	.....	75 00	250 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County.....	41	\$6,102 00	\$25,110 87	\$31,212 87	\$2,026 56	\$3,936 54	\$6,563 10	\$37,775 97	\$511 98	\$20 00	\$4 50	.....

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	.....	.....	\$39 00	\$4 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$752 72	\$204 00	\$956 72
2	\$6 85	.....	.....	.....	\$6 00	.....	.....	.....	292 85	180 00	472 85
3	\$7 75	.....	.....	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	917 75	640 00	1,457 75
4	.....	.....	.....	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	426 00	157 50	583 50
5	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	520 00	125 00	645 00
6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	508 50	125 00	633 50
64	21 65	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	.....	.....	796 60	380 00	1,176 60
7	.....	.....	.....	.....	164 79	.....	.....	.....	841 04	610 00	1,451 04
8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	140 00	22 00	162 00
9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	560 00	165 00	725 00
11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	548 25	260 00	808 25
12	.....	.....	.....	.....	85 40	.....	.....	.....	858 60	380 00	1,238 60
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	689 10	.....	.....	.....	689 10	25 00	724 10
14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	457 00	150 00	607 00
15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,086 15	75 00	8,110 15
16	.....	.....	.....	.....	153 00	.....	.....	.....	6,824 80	639 35	6,464 15
17	.....	.....	.....	.....	188 88	.....	.....	.....	1,487 18	90 00	1,517 18
18	53 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	253 50	.....	253 50
19	5 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	173 50	40 00	213 50
20	6 85	\$6 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	826 85	58 90	885 75
21	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	499 50	60 00	559 50
22	.....	.....	.....	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,601 32	438 00	2,124 32
23	.....	.....	.....	.....	23 05	.....	.....	.....	8,012 94	.....	8,012 94
24	.....	.....	.....	.....	826 80	.....	\$5 00	.....	1,141 80	50 00	1,191 80
25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	748 60	52 50	801 10
26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	645 00	70 00	715 00
27	.....	.....	.....	.....	53 60	.....	.....	.....	1,029 10	157 50	1,186 60
28	.....	.....	.....	.....	32 05	.....	.....	.....	682 05	137 50	819 55
29	.....	.....	.....	.....	38 80	.....	.....	.....	502 30	50 00	552 30
30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 00	222 50	502 50
31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	566 60	24 00	590 60
32	.....	28 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	800 00	350 69	1,150 69
33	.....	.....	.....	16 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	216 42	105 00	321 42
34	.....	.....	.....	.....	389 78	.....	.....	.....	1,224 28	250 00	1,474 28

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
	35	\$4 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$240 70	\$132 00	\$372 70
	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$228 98	.....	.....	.....	709 98	80 00	789 98
	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 00	.....	.....	.....	243 00	70 00	313 00
	38	8 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	303 00	91 00	394 00
	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	104 50	.....	.....	.....	314 50	25 00	339 50
	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	443 60	120 00	563 60
	41	.....	.....	12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	187 00	75 00	262 00
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	751 50	.....	.....	.....	751 50	.....	751 50
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County....	41	\$159 05	\$34 84	\$51 00	\$54 50	\$3,697 68	.....	\$10 00	.....	\$35,647 08	\$6,672 44	\$42,319 52

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Enrollment.											
		Public Schools.						Negro.					
		White.			Negro.			White.			Negro.		
		Town.	Country	Town.	Country	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	Total.	In Town Schools.	In Country Schools.	Grand Total.
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	35	...	1	...	2	...	26	...	...	...	...	66	144
	36	...	1	...	1	...	61	...	...	...	...	11	21
	37	...	1	...	2	...	20	...	...	...	...	40	111
	38	...	2	...	1	...	71	...	...	...	...	62	125
	39	...	1	...	1	...	72	...	...	...	...	15	27
	40	...	2	...	2	...	47	...	...	...	...	42	72
	41	...	1	...	1	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	51
Total for Co...	41	7	81	7	82	516	513	1,029	1,267	1,301	255	2,323	5,057
													5,522

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1	35	40	75	.....	.....	.....	40	70	110
2	11	5	16	.....	.....	.....	45	55	100
3	24	28	52	.....	.....	.....	125	150	275
4	14	23	42	.....	.....	.....	18	25	43
5	23	22	45	.....	.....	.....	19	25	44
6	35	53	88	.....	.....	.....	15	27	42
7	42	38	80	.....	.....	.....	70	100	170
8	25	22	47	.....	.....	.....	150	185	335
9	4	6	10	.....	.....	.....	18	18	36
10	27	30	57	.....	.....	.....	40	50	90
11	33	30	63	.....	.....	.....	70	85	155
12	60	70	130	.....	.....	.....	60	60	120
13	7	10	17
14	15	18	33	.....	.....	.....	23	25	48
15	112	125	237	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	47	.....	.....	47
16	94	110	204	.....	.....	237	20	27	47	.....	.....	96
17	33	39	72	7	6	13	40	56	96	.....	.....	13
18	11	14	25	4	9	13	.....	.....	14
19	11	20	31	.....	.....	.....	6	8	14
20	14	19	33	.....	.....	.....	6	12	18
21	27	21	48	.....	.....	.....	8	10	18
22	53	44	97	.....	.....	97	.....	.....	.....	16	13	29
23	35	52	87	40	65	105
24	50	55	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	15	14	29	45	55	100	.....	.....	.....	15	27	42
26	8	11	19	.....	.....	.....
27	27	25	53	.....	.....	.....	8	8	16
28	37	35	72	.....	.....	.....	75	80	155
29	43	43	86	.....	.....	.....	40	52	92
30	17	18	35	.....	.....	.....	15	17	32
31	60	57	117
32	16	11	27	.....	.....	.....	16	20	36
33	12	15	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	80	140
34	20	17	37	4	3	7	.....	.....	.....	30	40	70
	37	.....	.....	.....	65	84	149

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.														
White.							Negro.							
Number of District.	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			Grand Total	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			Grand Total
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
35	.....	.....	.....	6	6	12	12	.....	.....	.....	32	32	64
36	.....	.....	.....	19	13	32	32	.....	.....	.....	6	7	13
37	.....	.....	.....	5	6	11	11	.....	.....	.....	35	25	60
38	.....	.....	.....	20	15	35	35	.....	.....	.....	30	32	62
39	.....	.....	.....	24	20	44	44	.....	.....	.....	27	29	56
40	.....	.....	.....	15	12	27	27	.....	.....	.....	20	26	46
41	14	8	22	.....	.....	.....	22	16	13	29	.....	.....	29
Total for County.....	353	372	725	746	790	1,536	2,261	123	168	291	1,290	1,589	2,879	
													3,170	

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.							
	White.		Negro.		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes	
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
1	7	4	\$450 00	\$12 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
2	\$200 00	.....	.....	.....	3	125 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
3	350 00	2	\$150 00	2	5	275 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
4	450 00	.....	.....	.....	2	250 00	6 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
5	300 00	.....	.....	2	2	100 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
6	800 00	1	100 00	.....	1	160 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
7	1,000 00	2	150 00	.....	4	350 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
8	600 00	4	800 00	.....	3	200 00	175 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
9	250 00	.....	.....	.....	1	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
10	350 00	.....	.....	2	2	75 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
11	600 00	.....	.....	.....	4	225 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
12	1,400 00	3	300 00	1	4	275 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
13	1,600 00	.....	.....	.....	1	100 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
14	800 00	.....	.....	.....	1	280 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	15,000 00	1	300 00	.....	.....	1,500 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	27,000 00	1	800 00	.....	.....	3,000 00	125 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	5,500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	700 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	500 00	.....	.....	.....	1	125 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	250 00	.....	.....	.....	1	100 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	600 00	.....	.....	.....	1	185 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	600 00	.....	.....	.....	1	220 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	9,500 00	2	300 00	.....	2	1,000 00	45 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	2,500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	900 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	4,500 00	.....	.....	.....	1	1,400 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	1	200 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1,800 00	.....	.....	.....	1	700 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	2,000 00	2	200 00	.....	1	775 00	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1,500 00	1	100 00	.....	.....	550 00	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	1,200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	200 00	1	100 00	.....	2	80 00	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	1,200 00	.....	.....	.....	1	175 00	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	600 00	2	200 00	.....	1	350 00	35 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	50 00	.....	.....	.....	1	10 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	850 00	1	100 00	.....	2	175 00	15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.							
	White.		Negro.		White	Negro	White	Negro	Men.			Women.			Total for Both Sexes	
	No.	Value With Grounds.	No.	Value With Grounds.					First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade		
35	1	\$400 00	.....	.....	2	\$15 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1
36	1	1,700 00	.....	.....	1	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1
37	1	125 00	.....	.....	1	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
38	2	250 00	.....	.....	2	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
39	2	250 00	.....	.....	1	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
40	1	175 00	.....	.....	2	10 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
41	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Total for County.....	72	\$37,950 00	23	\$3,600 00	14	66	\$16,125 00	\$788 00	12	.....	1	81	18	16	128	

WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. G. McCULLOUGH, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers										Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro										White		Negro		White	Negro	
	Men		Women			Total for Both Sexes	Town	Country	Town	Country							
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade						Third Grade						
35	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	2	.....	21	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	W. H. Gaskins, Lake City.
36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	26	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	G. W. Camlin, Trio.
37	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	24	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	B. L. Nesmith, Nesmith.
38	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	2	.....	16	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	W. G. Cantley, Zeb.
39	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	12	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	A. W. Graham, Trio.
40	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	.....	26	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	C. K. Eaddy, Oades.
41	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	20	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	J. W. Locklear, Trio.
41	14	8	13	16	2	39	92	224	1,314	90	849	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for Co.																	

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From 3-Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts from Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Oak Ridge	1	\$1,130 51	\$61 71	\$397 80	\$17 19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$5 00	\$300 00	.....	\$1,912 21	\$1,702 70	\$209 51
Bethany	2	464 09	218 13	869 04	89 65	.....	\$451 38	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,082 29	1,429 07	663 22
Bethel	3	108 25	154 26	593 64	54 88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	911 03	907 18	3 85
South Fort Mill ..	4	9 90	59 51	195 84	15 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280 47	275 00	4 87
Catawba	5	853 25	619 24	2,058 36	140 86	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	3,681 71	3,682 03	— 32
Bethesda	6	92 66	106 91	348 84	30 16	.....	266 83	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	845 50	831 35	14 15
Belmont	7	265 63	130 34	395 76	28 70	.....	773 79	*	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$35 00	1,594 22	1,323 55	270 67
York	8	331 52	438 66	1,142 40	439 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,087 42	1,946 45	140 97
Wilkinson	9	221 14	84 53	338 64	31 24	.....	211 59	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	887 14	642 99	244 15
Blairsville	10	1 67	186 45	573 24	75 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	837 01	836 26	75
Yorkville	11	6 61	353 41	1,205 40	54 60	.....	2,084 20	4	\$525 00	.....	.....	.....	670 19	4,939 41	4,900 00	39 41
Rock Hill	12	.....	1,356 60	4,047 36	75 92	.....	9,283 08	4	.....	.....	.....	300 00	300 00	15,362 91	15,343 67	19 24
McConnelleville ..	13	.....	210 65	726 24	54 91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	991 80	974 83	16 97
Ogden	14	77 46	219 96	840 48	56 66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,194 56	886 55	308 01
Bullock Creek	15	150 19	155 76	687 48	49 60	.....	817 85	3	.....	.....	.....	350 00	350 00	2,060 88	2,041 92	18 96
Olive	16	114 52	43 22	165 24	19 63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	342 61	297 25	45 36
Piedmont	17	206 09	61 62	167 28	25 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	550 14	250 00	300 14
Broad River	18	281 76	90 92	214 20	36 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	623 13	491 76	131 87
Beersheba	19	235 49	86 29	306 00	25 52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	653 30	473 75	179 55
Sharon	20	.....	123 27	379 44	27 21	.....	399 99	2½	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,229 91	1,232 41	2 50
Filbert	21	.....	118 53	338 64	29 93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	487 10	468 40	23 70
Bowling Green	22	423 16	113 10	558 70	56 56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,151 52	841 58	309 64
Point	23	220 78	94 77	430 44	28 35	.....	176 52	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	960 86	887 25	73 61
Dixie	24	46 13	74 78	261 12	30 77	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	412 80	240 56	172 25
Clark's Fork	25	110 56	58 97	208 00	16 13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	393 66	270 00	123 66
Riverside	26	752 22	45 50	144 62	8 69	.....	146 24	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,097 17	527 05	570 12
Concord	27	70	21 21	155 04	9 10	.....	93 70	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	279 75	251 00	28 75
Fort Mill	28	285 89	339 96	858 84	32 47	.....	882 39	2	500 00	.....	.....	.....	10,300 00	13,199 55	13,100 00	99 55
Bethesda Graded ..	29	251 48	95 71	447 36	22 15	.....	107 98	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	924 66	799 03	124 73
Forest Hill	30	23 28	74 61	291 70	25 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	415 28	344 35	70 93
Allison's Creek ..	31	91 40	82 99	459 00	28 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	661 43	524 95	136 48
Ebenezer	32	273 46	153 07	279 44	88 47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	844 44	756 68	87 76
Delphos	33	134 62	121 94	306 00	84 14	.....	178 75	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	770 45	552 72	217 73

*Belmont, number mills extra levy, 19-10.

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 1.—RECEIPTS.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Name of District.	Number of District.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts From Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.	Number Mills, Extra Levy.	Receipts From State Appropriation.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of District.	Total Expenditures of District.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.
									High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Building.				
Turkey Creek	34	\$602 91	\$47 54	\$226 44	\$21 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$898 58	\$898 00	\$505 59
Tirzah	35	88 50	82 77	373 99	27 66	.....	\$197 32	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	770 24	604 62	166 62
Newport	36	5 62	109 00	210 12	42 76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	367 50	363 80	3 70
Clover	37	9,919 64	244 02	583 44	50 22	.....	715 48	2	\$500 00	.....	.....	\$300 00	\$1,580 00	13,892 80	13,874 00	18 80
Hopewell	38	176 77	97 52	357 00	43 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	675 04	493 90	181 14
Gold Hill	39	.....	126 00	412 08	31 68	.....	612 40	3	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	.....	1,192 25	1,167 97	24 28
Hickory Grove	40	.....	87 16	385 56	24 75	.....	342 29	3	300 00	.....	.....	.....	186 00	1,332 80	1,354 10	-21 30
Santiago	41	39 21	42 61	228 74	12 82	.....	.....	2	.....	\$83 08	.....	.....	.....	406 41	299 65	106 76
Latta	42	93 90	88 26	326 92	39 22	.....	150 00	2	.....	.....	10 00	.....	.....	708 30	518 22	190 08
Eastview	43	.....	93 00	387 15	36 48	.....	108 86	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	625 49	645 12	-19 63
Smyrna	44	.....	56 77	306 26	21 65	.....	90 87	2	.....	.....	.....	350 00	375 51	1,191 06	1,184 08	6 98
Friendship	45	.....	.....	289 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	312 00	801 84	797 02	4 82
County Board Fund.	.....	203 61	.....	220 62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	37 49	461 72	318 76	142 96
Total for County...	48	\$18,391 62	\$7,231 32	\$24,889 74	\$1,771 91	.....	\$17,526 54	.....	\$2,125 00	\$83 08	\$85 00	\$1,800 00	14,146 19	\$88,000 85	\$82,043 32	\$5,957 08

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
	White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
Number of District.											
1	.....	\$361 05	\$361 05	.....	\$95 00	\$95 00	\$456 05	.....	.....	.....	\$5 80
2	\$437 60	890 60	1,328 20	.....	65 50	65 50	1,393 70	.....	.....	\$23 37	12 00
3	.....	762 68	762 68	.....	104 50	104 50	867 10	.....	.....	40 00	.....
4	.....	195 00	195 00	.....	50 00	50 00	245 00	.....	.....	25 75	4 85
5	725 00	1,559 75	2,284 75	\$182 00	1,010 75	1,192 75	3,477 50	.....	.....	180 26	32 55
6	70 00	633 85	703 85	90 00	.....	90 00	793 85	.....	.....	37 50	.....
7	118 75	815 05	933 80	140 00	188 75	328 75	1,262 55	.....	.....	20 00	41 00
8	410 00	1,081 80	1,441 80	90 00	324 00	414 00	1,855 30	.....	\$30 00	.....	.....
9	286 50	180 00	466 50	100 00	70 00	170 00	636 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	.....	639 61	639 61	.....	145 00	145 00	784 61	.....	.....	6 49	.....
11	1,650 00	2,520 00	4,170 00	291 50	280 00	571 50	4,741 50	.....	.....	30 00	21 05
12	3,982 50	7,600 00	11,582 50	990 00	.....	990 00	12,572 50	.....	.....	100 00	58 50
13	429 00	270 80	699 80	213 45	60 65	274 10	978 90	.....	93	1,458 41	.....
14	.....	645 00	645 00	.....	198 00	198 10	843 00	.....	10 00	5 35	.....
15	520 00	280 00	800 00	80 00	230 00	310 00	1,110 00	.....	.....	12 70	.....
16	75 00	125 75	200 75	.....	80 00	80 00	280 75	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	130 00	.....	130 00	50 00	.....	50 00	180 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	.....	221 25	221 25	30 00	40 00	70 00	291 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	.....	374 55	374 55	.....	90 00	90 00	464 55	.....	4 00	200 51	.....
20	640 00	532 41	1,172 41	.....	60 00	60 00	1,232 41	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	135 00	272 50	407 50	.....	34 00	34 00	441 50	.....	.....	16 90	5 00
22	370 00	235 93	605 93	115 00	70 00	185 00	790 93	.....	4 45	.....	.....
23	330 00	430 00	760 00	.....	110 50	110 50	870 50	.....	.....	.....	12 70
24	.....	113 75	113 75	84 00	.....	84 00	197 75	.....	5 50	.....	.....
25	.....	150 00	150 00	74 00	40 00	114 00	264 00	.....	6 00	.....	2 05
26	100 00	360 00	460 00	40 00	20 00	60 00	520 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	.....	213 00	213 00	.....	38 00	38 00	251 00	.....	.....	5 00	.....
28	900 00	2,007 00	2,970 00	.....	125 00	125 00	3,095 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	.....	619 00	619 00	90 00	.....	90 00	709 00	.....	9 96	.....	8 70
30	.....	225 00	225 00	.....	90 00	90 00	315 00	.....	.....	.....	9 00
31	.....	385 00	385 00	.....	104 00	104 00	489 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	460 00	.....	460 00	180 00	.....	180 00	640 00	.....	.....	26 95	.....
33	100 50	342 00	442 50	54 00	36 00	90 00	532 50	.....	.....	62 97	.....

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Teachers' Salaries.						Total for Both Races.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.	
		White.			Negro.				White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.					
	34	.....	\$280 00	\$280 00	\$75 00	.....	\$355 00	.....	.....	\$3 02	\$85 00
	35	.....	489 12	489 12	67 80	.....	556 92	.....	.....	39 10	8 60
	36	.....	276 00	276 00	.....	\$79 00	356 00	.....	.....	8 80	.....
	37	\$680 00	1,355 00	2,035 00	80 00	.....	2,115 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
	38	.....	268 90	268 90	.....	225 00	493 90	.....	.....	.....	.....
	39	80 00	1,023 57	1,103 57	.....	.....	1,103 57	.....	.....	42 24	12 16
	40	600 00	640 00	1,240 00	.....	75 00	1,315 00	.....	.....	10 00	.....
	41	234 00	.....	234 00	22 50	22 50	279 00	.....	.....	14 30	6 36
	42	.....	240 00	240 00	110 00	82 00	432 00	.....	.....	76 22	.....
	43	439 29	.....	439 29	90 00	51 00	580 29	.....	.....	7 00	10 65
	44	.....	188 75	188 75	.....	40 00	228 75	.....	.....	84 20	.....
	45	.....	325 00	325 00	.....	64 00	379 00	.....	.....	10 30	6 60
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	251 15	.....
County Board Fund.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for County...	48	\$13,908 14	\$30,141 17	\$44,044 31	\$3,339 25	\$4,388 15	\$7,727 40	\$51,771 71	\$186 02	\$70 84	\$2,775 19	
											\$298 16	

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
1	\$1,235 85	.....	\$5 00	.....	\$1,601 90	\$100 80	\$170 70
2	1,351 57	77 50	1,429 07
3	802 68	104 50	907 18
4	220 75	54 85	275 60
5	\$31 72	10 00	.....	2,425 01	1,257 02	3,682 03
6	741 35	90 00	831 35
7	953 80	369 75	1,323 55
8	1,502 45	444 00	1,946 45
9	472 99	170 00	642 99
10	669 61	166 65	836 26
11	4,270 00	630 00	4,900 00
12	1,812 76	.....	.....	.....	14,353 67	990 00	15,343 67
13	699 80	275 08	974 88
14	678 55	208 00	886 55
15	919 22	.....	.....	.....	1,731 92	310 00	2,041 92
16	16 50	.....	.....	.....	217 25	80 00	297 25
17	70 00	.....	.....	130 00	120 00	250 00
18	421 76	70 00	491 76
19	379 75	94 00	473 75
20	1,172 41	60 00	1,232 41
21	424 40	39 00	463 40
22	\$46 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	652 43	189 45	841 88
23	764 06	123 20	887 26
24	151 06	89 50	240 55
25	150 00	120 00	270 00
26	465 00	62 05	527 05
27	213 00	38 00	251 00
28	10,000 00	.....	.....	.....	12,975 00	125 00	13,100 00
29	691 27	108 66	799 93
30	254 35	90 00	344 35
31	411 95	113 00	524 95
32	53 71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	576 68	180 00	756 68
33	402 72	90 00	553 72

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 2.—EXPENDITURES.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Repairs.		Rent.		Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
County Board Fund.	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$288 00	\$110 00	\$398 00
	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	528 22	76 40	604 62
	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	284 80	79 00	363 80
	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$11,759 00	.....	.....	.....	13,794 00	80 60	13,874 00
	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	268 90	225 00	493 90
	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,155 81	12 16	1,167 97
	40	\$29 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$10 00	.....	1,279 10	75 00	1,354 10
	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	248 30	51 35	299 65
	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....	326 22	192 00	518 22
	43	.....	\$47 18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	446 29	198 83	645 12
	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	921 13	.....	.....	.....	1,144 08	40 00	1,184 08
	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	401 12	.....	.....	.....	736 42	60 60	797 02
Total for County...		\$129 31	\$47 18	.....	.....	\$26,565 58	\$101 72	\$102 61	.....	\$78,803 02	\$8,240 30	\$82,043 32

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.		Enrollment.															
		Public Schools.				White.						Negro.					
		White.		Negro.		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
		Town.	Country	Town.	Country	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Grand Total
34	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	51	91
35	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47	50	97
36	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	57	38	95
37	1	.....	.....	1	.....	110	95	205	.....	.....	.....	35	35	70	.....	.....	70
38	.....	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46	69	115
39	.....	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31	47	78
40	1	.....	.....	1	.....	68	58	126	.....	.....	.....	35	87	72	.....	.....	72
41	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	37	64
42	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75	68	143
43	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	134	131	265
44	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	42	82
45	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	58	52	110
46	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88	87	175
47	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	40	72
48	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	35	63
Total for Co...	48	9	80	9	84	1,061	1,072	2,153	1,531	1,514	3,045	664	893	1,557	2,793	3,002	5,795
																	7,352

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Average Attendance.												
Number of District.	White.						Negro.					
	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Grand Total
1	5	7	12	.....	.....	.....	52	60	112
2	77	74	151	.....	.....	.....	68	65	133
3	48	26	74	.....	.....	.....	48	40	88
4	10	18	28	.....	.....	.....	27	20	47
5	96	106	202	.....	.....	.....	249	295	544
6	31	34	65	.....	.....	.....	23	32	55
7	30	29	59	.....	.....	.....	90	76	156
8	79	60	139	.....	.....	.....	62	60	122
9	28	27	55	.....	.....	.....	30	41	71
10	45	42	87	.....	.....	.....	38	37	75
11	148	136	284	.....	.....	.....	80	148	228	.....	.....	228
12	426	430	856	.....	.....	.....	252	296	547	.....	.....	547
13	31	25	56	.....	.....	.....	113	101	214
14	36	32	68	.....	.....	.....	68	74	142
15	30	20	50	.....	.....	.....	92	67	159
16	7	7	14	.....	.....	.....	16	17	33
17	14	17	31	.....	.....	.....	12	14	26
18	17	12	29	.....	.....	.....	30	20	50
19	34	30	64	.....	.....	.....	14	16	30
20	36	30	66	.....	.....	.....	32	30	62	.....	.....	62
21	32	30	62	.....	.....	.....	16	20	36
22	33	45	78	.....	.....	.....	40	50	90
23	32	46	78	.....	.....	.....	41	41	82
24	17	16	33	.....	.....	.....	20	25	45
25	14	10	24	.....	.....	.....	18	20	38
26	20	15	35	.....	.....	.....	17	28	45
27	4	11	15	.....	.....	.....	16	14	30
28	110	108	218	.....	.....	.....	40	60	100	.....	.....	100
29	17	26	42	.....	.....	.....	35	45	80
30	16	15	31	.....	.....	.....	22	25	47
31	20	18	38	.....	.....	.....	40	42	82
32	15	10	25	.....	.....	.....	50	48	98
33	26	23	54	.....	.....	.....	30	30	60

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

	Number of District.	Average Attendance.												
		White.						Negro.						
		In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.		In Country Schools.		Grand Total		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys		Girls	Total
34	6	6	12	.....	.....	.....	23	30	53	53	
35	30	24	54	.....	.....	.....	30	28	58	58	
36	16	18	34	.....	.....	.....	37	24	61	61	
37	96	75	170	.....	.....	.....	25	20	45	.....	.....	.....	.....
38	15	18	33	.....	.....	.....	30	32	62	62	
39	62	51	113	.....	.....	.....	18	28	46	46	
40	46	40	86	.....	.....	86	25	25	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
41	18	18	36	.....	.....	.....	17	20	37	37	
42	7	8	15	.....	.....	.....	50	45	95	95	
43	14	15	29	.....	.....	.....	75	72	147	147	
44	16	25	41	.....	.....	.....	25	26	51	51	
45	22	15	37	.....	.....	.....	20	35	55	55	
46	11	14	25	.....	.....	.....	40	42	82	82	
47	18	12	30	.....	.....	.....	18	20	38	38	
48	9	15	24	.....	.....	.....	16	17	32	32	
Total for County.....		861	819	1,680	1,108	1,074	2,182	454	578	1,032	1,770	1,842	3,612	4,644

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Number of District.	Public School Buildings.			Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of all School Equipment		Number of Teachers							
	White		Negro	White	Negro	White	Negro	Men			Women		Total for Both Sexes		
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.					Value With Grounds	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade		Second Grade	Third Grade
1	1	\$1,350 00	3	\$300 00	1	1	\$50 00	\$75 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	5	2,000 00	2	75 00	1	1	225 00	50 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	6
3	2	950 00	2	105 50	2		208 50	45 00				4			4
4	1	250 00	1	55 00			35 00	25 00				1			1
5	7	1,825 00	10	950 00	2	2	391 00	195 00	2	1		7			10
6	2	1,800 00	1	305 00			100 00	20 00				3			3
7	3	1,500 00	5	400 00			300 00	100 00	1			2			3
8	4	1,125 00	3	300 00			150 00	40 00		1		3			4
9	2	850 00	2	200 00			198 00	30 00	1			1		1	2
10	4	1,100 00	3	190 00			200 50	25 00				3			4
11	1	20,000 00	1	1,400 00		1	1,000 00	150 00	2			7			9
12	4	20,000 00	4	2,000 00			1,000 00	550 00	3			19			22
13	2	1,725 00	4	700 00			156 00	60 00	1			1		1	2
14	3	735 00	3	300 00			262 50	50 00				3			4
15	1	1,858 50	4	300 00			181 00	45 00	1			1			2
16	1	300 00	1	75 00			50 00	15 00				1			1
17	1	300 00	1	75 00			40 00	10 00		1		1			1
18	1	310 00	1	100 00			90 00	15 00				1			1
19	2	400 00	1	50 00			60 00	10 00				2			2
20	1	1,800 00	1	70 00			175 00	20 00	1			2			3
21	2	600 00	1	90 00			100 00	15 00				2			3
22	3	810 00	3	300 00			90 00	40 00	1			1		1	3
23	3	160 00	2	115 00			267 25	45 00	1			2			3
24	1	300 00	1	110 00			70 00	20 00				1			1
25	1	200 00	1	50 00		1	40 00	15 00				1			1
26	2	600 00	1	40 00			90 00	15 00	1			1			2
27	1	150 00	1	100 00			50 00	15 00				1			1
28	1	10,500 00	1	500 00			1,500 00	100 00	1			7			8
29	1	1,000 00	1	170 00			187 50	25 00				2			3
30	1	300 00	2	150 00			50 00	30 00				1			1
31	2	550 00	2	100 00			75 00	20 00				2			2
32	1	600 00	1	150 00			75 00	25 00	1			1			1
33	1	425 00	1	100 00			85 70	20 00				2			3

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

District Number	Public School Buildings.		Private Buildings Used for Pub- lic Schools.		Value of all School Equipment.		Number of Teachers.													
	White.		Negro.	White		Negro	White													
	No.	Value With Grounds	No.	Value With Grounds	White	Negro	Men			Women										
							First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade								
84	1	\$150 00	1	\$75 00			\$25 00				1				1					
85	1	350 00	1	175 00			173 75													
86	1	800 00	1	100 00			100 00													
87	1	10,400 00	1	150 00			100 00					1								
88	1	150 00	2	150 00			50 00													
89	2	1,600 00	1	75 00		1	275 00													
40	1	1,600 00	1	100 00			150 00					1								
41	1	200 00	1	75 00			30 00					1								
42	1	300 00	1	100 00		1	100 00													
43	1	1,000 00	3	250 00			100 00					1								
44	1	1,265 00	1	75 00			50 00													
45	1	1,000 00	1	200 00			75 00													
46	1	275 00	3	250 00			70 00													
47	1	300 00	1	75 00			75 00					1								
48	1	225 00	1	75 00			60 00													
48	84	\$95,488 50	90	\$11,850 50	5	5	\$8,987 70	\$2,215 00	23	4		107	5							189
Total for County.....																				

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers						Total Number of Weeks of Session				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman		
	Negro						White				White	Negro			
	Men			Women			Total for Both Sexes		Towns						
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade									
1														J. H.	He.
2														J. W.	
3														J. W.	
4														Joseph	
5														W. S.	
6														A. H.	
7														J. B.	
8														W. B.	
9														W. S.	
10														W. S.	
11														J. A.	Hickory Grove
12														Maloney, Sharon.	
13														Carroll, Yorkville.	
14														Chietybury, Rock Hill.	
15														C. K. Ashe, McConnellsville	
16														J. F. Ashe, Rock Hill.	
17														W. H. Dunlap, Sharon.	
18														J. E. McAlilly, Sharon.	
19														H. C. Gourley, Sharon.	
20														J. H. Quinn, Yorkville, R. 1	
21														E. D. Darwin, Smyrna.	R.
22														E. A. Burns, Smyrna	
23														J. S.	
24														A. J.	
25														T. J.	
26														J. M.	
27														R. R.	
28														Jeff D	
29														W. H.	
30														Jones, Fort Mill.		Grove.
31														Martin, Yorkville, R. 8.	
32														Grier, Fort Mill.	
33														R. C. Caveny, Rock Hill.	
														J. D. B. Currence, Yorkville.	
														E. M. Williams, Yorkville.	
														E. B. Neely, Old Point.	
														J. J. Cameron, Yorkville.	

YORK COUNTY.—TABLE 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—J. W. QUINN, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.—Con.

Number of District.	Number of Teachers.								Total Number of Weeks of Session.				Greatest Distance Any Pupil Walks to School		Name and Postoffice of Chairman
	Negro.								White				White	Negro	
	Men.				Women.				White		Negro				
	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade	Town	Country	Town	Country			
34	1									30		30			W. K.
35		1								23		23			J. B.
36						1				20		20			J. A.
37		1							35		16				J. A.
38						2				26					J. W. P.
39										60					W. H.
40						1			33		12				J. &
41	1									16					W. L.
42		1								24					R. E.
43		1				1				28					R. M.
44										8					R. M.
45						1				24					J. J.
46						1				30					Q. W.
47		1				1				25					R. B.
48										20					J. M.
Total for Co.	12	14	6	2	38	84	96		326	1,768	344	1,307			no. Hartness, Yorkville. Brice, Yorkville.

CHAPTER VII.

Statistical Summaries--State.

SUMMARY 1.—RECEIPTS.

County.	Number of Districts.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts from Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts from Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.
Abbeville	56	\$6,880 22	\$5,191 27	\$17,641 06	\$1,145 54	.....	\$10,816 53
Aiken	67	41,831 52	6,176 19	32,866 33	1,506 49	\$23,635 31	3,459 82
Anderson	64	1,149 57	10,456 00	42,902 11	1,909 50	.....	31,738 88
Barnberg	24	10,120 82	2,965 00	8,960 54	613 50	.....	14,339 63
Barnwell	50	9,229 84	4,733 00	18,185 00	1,078 50	6,090 00	15,455 50
Beaufort	11	6,871 89	3,549 00	11,368 89	849 00	3,695 57	.....
Berkeley	26	.....	3,319 40	14,490 61	654 83	.....	922 18
Calhoun	22	3,139 06	2,795 00	6,453 00	650 86	.....	6,431 04
Charleston	15	43,339 40	7,900 77	68,215 30	143 48	28,429 05	48,971 85
Cherokee	32	1,631 80	3,935 53	14,849 46	989 58	.....	11,146 82
Chester	23	31,044 74	4,608 68	20,306 68	1,191 52	.....	10,698 07
Chesterfield	53	8,868 53	3,377 00	10,289 57	307 00	.....	8,130 76
Clarendon	30	4,837 78	4,963 36	11,447 54	1,029 72	.....	11,995 75
Colleton	50	2,587 43	4,569 53	12,871 06	1,208 75	.....	4,607 82
Darlington	33	2,052 42	5,875 00	17,196 00	1,190 00	.....	14,122 00
Dillon	26	649 03	2,935 54	9,489 00	479 50	.....	16,221 53
Dorchester	25	2,388 23	2,433 23	9,527 56	621 27	.....	7,237 07
Edgefield	35	1,968 16	4,638 40	11,241 40	1,685 00	.....	4,907 68
Fairfield	32	9,424 01	4,013 02	15,254 68	1,229 26	1,437 78	7,627 72
Florence	43	13,879 33	4,742 00	18,430 30	900 00	19,528 96	21,205 89
Georgetown	38	2,768 43	3,187 66	11,955 49	737 36	8,856 61	4,882 77
Greenville	105	6,791 13	9,579 36	40,218 10	1,488 38	.....	19,638 12
Greenwood	48	512 56	4,558 00	20,768 87	1,325 00	.....	14,447 01
Hampton	21	6,921 88	2,862 90	13,736 81	691 75	.....	5,270 88
Horry	95	2,852 85	4,908 00	8,690 45	2,639 00	.....	6,643 28
Kershaw	30	3,298 90	3,353 60	13,394 86	711 23	.....	10,410 22
Lancaster	50	3,967 80	3,988 50	8,980 75	880 86	.....	10,242 83
Laurens	65	9,991 92	6,033 00	19,564 00	1,753 00	.....	15,593 83
Lee	31	2,801 62	4,251 00	10,312 21	883 00	.....	10,223 86
Lexington	33	3,301 61	5,630 00	14,668 22	2,185 50	.....	4,843 47
Marion	29	1,132 36	3,096 00	11,012 00	525 00	.....	10,015 57
Marlboro	34	2,965 40	4,301 00	14,128 80	547 50	.....	12,650 47

SUMMARY 1.—RECEIPTS.—Con.

County.	Number of Districts.	Balance Brought Forward July 1, 1910.	Receipts From Poll Tax.	Receipts From Mill Tax.	Receipts From Dog Tax.	Receipts from Dispensary.	Receipts From Special Tax.
Newberry	59	\$10,063 51	\$4,961 00	\$19,855 20	\$1,892 50	.....	\$11,813 01
Oconee	77	7,565 18	3,977 00	13,203 90	1,103 00	.....	13,593 69
Orangeburg	75	8,332 49	3,188 10	29,272 00	1,910 00	.....	21,080 69
Pickens	54	7,459 91	4,024 00	10,184 70	811 50	.....	13,652 15
Richland	16	17,471 36	7,227 93	56,740 99	692 85	\$41,599 78	26,054 48
Saluda	47	1,324 51	2,987 00	7,112 43	1,040 00	.....	5,803 93
Spartanburg	95	23,197 48	11,459 00	52,370 92	1,586 49	.....	47,142 29
Sumter	21	8,440 53	5,469 06	22,258 58	833 76	.....	15,207 99
Union	22	6,963 94	3,770 00	18,537 45	1,074 50	.....	14,526 00
Williamsburg	41	4,745 85	4,891 00	14,652 22	1,494 50	.....	12,349 73
York	48	18,391 62	7,231 32	24,889 74	1,771 91	.....	17,526 54
State	1901	370,850 27	\$213,171 35	\$828,499 38	\$47,861 39	\$133,273 06	\$574,450 87

SUMMARY 1.—RECEIPTS.—Con.

County.	Number of Districts.	Receipts From State Appropriations.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of County.	Total Expenditures of County.	Balance Forward June 30, 1911.
		High School.	Term Extension.	Libraries.	Buildings.				
Abbeville	56	\$1,770 00	\$519 26	\$30 00	\$300 00	\$185 00	\$46,479 48	\$39,152 37	\$7,327 11
Alken	67	675 00	.....	.....	110 00	1,244 60	111,505 26	69,799 84	41,705 42
Anderson	64	3,000 00	1,489 36	70 00	1,885 00	11,935 51	106,535 98	98,432 00	8,103 98
Barnberg	24	1,810 00	642 90	.....	.....	332 25	39,802 66	29,419 94	10,382 72
Barwell	50	2,675 00	68 27	20 00	300 00	12,530 16	70,365 27	59,617 96	10,747 31
Beaufort	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,253 75	28,588 10	33,172 50	4,584 40
Berkeley	26	109 00	.....	.....	400 00	1,200 00	21,095 52	19,078 42	2,017 10
Calhoun	22	857 00	1,045 44	.....	.....	631 63	22,003 08	19,401 52	2,601 56
Charleston	15	360 00	.....	30 00	100 00	14,272 99	211,762 84	166,188 33	45,574 51
Cherokee	32	1,055 00	435 00	35 00	.....	1,694 12	35,822 31	30,998 21	4,824 10
Chester	23	710 00	100 00	30 00	600 00	751 53	70,181 22	41,725 63	28,405 59
Chesterfield	53	920 00	516 79	.....	.....	2,480 86	35,390 51	27,617 67	7,772 84
Clarendon	30	1,100 00	1,489 40	.....	.....	.....	36,363 55	31,158 43	5,205 12
Colleton	50	1,108 00	200 00	.....	1,200 00	2,663 86	31,016 50	34,885 11	3,868 61
Darlington	33	1,681 00	798 00	.....	.....	8,336 99	51,201 41	53,057 71	856 30
Dillon	26	2,303 00	1,165 88	10 00	.....	5,050 00	38,305 43	36,247 06	2,058 37
Dorchester	25	1,110 00	757 60	23 00	.....	474 35	24,624 36	25,835 90	1,211 54
Edgefield	35	1,000 00	970 44	55 00	800 00	5,057 45	32,343 53	30,065 87	2,277 66
Fairfield	32	1,100 00	.....	.....	.....	1,246 00	41,232 47	33,608 15	8,624 32
Florence	43	1,350 00	.....	5 00	2,332 65	8,326 08	91,300 26	72,130 15	19,170 11
Georgetown	38	625 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	33,013 32	32,309 64	703 68
Greenville	105	2,305 00	187 27	235 00	.....	874 64	31,377 00	76,050 64	5,328 36
Greenwood	48	600 00	549 94	20 00	1,200 00	905 00	44,971 38	43,632 84	1,338 54
Hampton	21	1,140 00	200 00	.....	465 00	7,120 75	38,309 92	31,077 27	7,232 65
Horry	95	467 00	2,808 64	135 00	1,482 50	8,880 64	34,502 36	31,281 06	3,221 30
Kershaw	30	.....	625 00	70 00	187 50	2,233 20	39,214 51	32,767 46	6,447 05
Lancaster	50	1,600 00	881 89	.....	2,392 50	3,199 35	36,084 48	32,548 94	3,536 14
Laurens	65	3,000 00	1,965 88	40 00	1,642 00	11,252 60	70,835 28	64,721 06	6,114 23
Lee	31	1,040 00	236 00	10 00	450 00	202 80	30,410 49	28,237 20	2,173 29
Lexington	33	1,662 00	893 29	10 00	924 34	29,787 12	64,507 55	51,001 12	13,506 43
Marion	29	1,300 00	765 00	15 40	.....	5,241 46	33,102 79	29,446 57	3,656 22
Marlboro	34	1,975 00	1,033 13	25 00	910 00	3,026 10	41,452 40	38,679 05	2,773 35

SUMMARY 1.—RECEIPTS.—Con.

County.	Receipts From State Appropriations.				Receipts From Other Sources.	Total Revenue of County.	Total Expenditures of County.	Balance Carried Forward June 30, 1911.	
	Number of Districts.	High School	Term Extension.	Libraries.					Buildings.
Newberry	59	800 00	82 04	\$40 00	\$500 00	\$1,972 74	\$51,480 00	\$44,286 76	\$7,193 24
Oconee	77	1,996 00	1,997 68	20 00	.....	187 20	43,642 65	37,742 02	5,900 63
Orangeburg	75	3,000 00	2,289 50	45 00	1,016 00	2,706 92	70,730 70	71,575 45	8,135 25
Pickens	54	2,225 00	857 70	10 00	437 50	1,524 40	41,186 86	34,195 54	6,991 32
Richland	16	390 00	.....	45 00	600 00	38,748 64	189,571 03	158,045 39	31,525 64
Saluda	47	1,215 00	1,857 20	65 00	.....	3,489 55	24,844 66	24,117 59	727 07
Spartanburg	95	2,575 00	783 46	95 00	1,700 00	8,050 00	148,950 64	134,550 84	14,408 70
Sumter	21	588 00	136 00	.....	250 00	7,525 69	60,700 61	54,308 64	6,340 97
Union	22	1,730 00	.....	15 00	1,225 00	2,514 97	50,876 86	43,923 33	6,453 53
Williamsburg	41	1,405 00	1,525 76	.....	400 00	3,474 00	44,937 56	42,319 52	2,618 04
York	48	2,125 00	83 03	35 00	1,800 00	14,146 19	88,000 35	82,043 32	5,957 03
State	1901	\$58,927 00	\$29,806 20	\$1,300 40	\$27,109 99	\$232,341 14	\$2517,001 09	\$2168,513 41	\$348,577 68

SUMMARY 2--EXPENDITURES

County.	Teachers' Salaries.						
	White.			Negro.			Total for Both Races.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
Abbeville	\$8,998 43	\$20,103 01	\$29,096 44	\$1,718 50	\$5,424 25	\$7,142 75	\$36,239 19
Aiken	12,970 25	38,002 00	45,972 25	3,552 35	9,868 00	13,420 35	59,392 60
Anderson	18,538 62	50,116 68	68,655 30	2,781 83	8,162 68	10,944 51	79,599 81
Bamberg	6,684 95	15,222 38	21,907 33	1,331 00	1,594 13	2,915 13	24,822 48
Barnwell	11,008 98	28,547 91	34,556 89	2,968 75	3,964 71	6,933 46	41,490 35
Beaufort	3,487 00	9,998 00	13,485 00	2,975 00	6,233 10	9,208 10	22,693 10
Berkeley	2,874 11	9,398 91	12,273 02	1,458 29	3,190 68	4,648 97	16,921 99
Calhoun	6,087 74	8,729 58	14,767 32	1,170 00	1,811 50	2,981 50	17,743 82
Charleston	14,950 00	53,353 53	68,303 53	6,690 00	30,062 59	36,752 59	105,056 12
Cherokee	5,786 85	18,147 68	23,934 53	1,662 52	2,085 71	3,698 23	27,632 76
Chester	10,208 89	21,508 84	31,717 23	1,690 75	4,082 50	5,773 25	37,490 48
Chesterfield	7,712 74	13,984 61	21,697 35	738 97	1,463 50	2,197 47	23,894 82
Clarendon	6,113 75	15,430 08	22,543 83	2,278 25	4,004 50	6,282 75	28,826 58
Colleton	9,915 46	16,190 63	25,106 09	2,135 65	1,699 26	3,831 91	28,941 00
Darlington	13,138 50	26,499 69	39,638 19	1,568 73	7,235 68	8,799 41	48,437 60
Dillon	10,886 50	12,856 00	23,742 50	1,875 00	1,996 50	3,871 50	27,614 00
Dorchester	6,611 10	12,063 82	18,674 92	1,064 25	2,814 00	3,878 25	22,553 17
Edgefield	4,093 21	17,146 51	21,239 72	1,412 67	3,363 92	4,776 59	26,016 31
Fairfield	4,543 00	18,155 00	22,698 00	1,348 00	3,135 00	4,483 00	27,181 00
Florence	9,896 85	38,943 49	43,840 34	2,527 00	4,632 25	7,159 25	50,999 59
Georgetown	3,054 00	15,116 95	18,170 95	2,220 60	4,948 00	7,168 60	25,339 55
Greenville	15,982 69	44,051 16	59,983 85	3,145 13	7,098 45	10,243 58	70,227 43
Greenwood	7,809 57	23,568 39	31,377 96	3,469 30	8,805 29	7,274 59	38,652 55
Hampton	4,938 15	13,786 03	18,724 18	1,256 00	3,464 00	4,719 00	23,443 18
Horry	11,277 44	10,738 83	22,016 27	1,779 53	172 93	1,952 46	23,969 73
Kershaw	8,896 85	15,263 64	24,160 49	818 50	4,883 75	5,702 25	29,862 74
Lancaster	8,365 76	14,690 07	23,055 83	1,636 40	1,985 13	3,621 53	26,677 38
Laurens	10,846 85	33,985 16	44,832 01	980 00	5,226 57	6,206 57	50,538 58
Lee	3,152 87	18,645 76	21,798 63	616 75	2,800 75	3,507 50	25,306 13
Lexington	11,555 78	15,287 14	26,842 87	943 22	2,024 27	2,967 49	29,810 36
Marion	4,406 60	19,465 94	23,872 54	2,295 43	2,881 00	5,176 43	29,048 97
Marlboro	8,576 15	19,698 19	28,260 34	1,503 75	2,519 59	4,023 33	32,292 67

SUMMARY 2.—EXPENDITURES.—Con.

County.	Teachers' Salaries.						
	White.			Negro.			Total for Both Races.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
Newberry	\$6,172 25	\$25,163 18	\$31,335 43	\$2,212 50	\$5,025 77	\$7,238 27	\$38,573 70
Oconee	9,613 75	18,016 12	27,709 87	1,748 88	1,622 05	3,370 93	31,080 80
Orangeburg	16,371 72	38,111 89	54,483 61	4,842 20	5,526 87	10,369 07	64,852 68
Pickens	8,890 00	16,700 71	25,590 71	1,654 00	745 70	2,399 70	27,990 41
Richland	20,883 75	50,189 75	71,073 50	4,265 00	12,150 25	16,415 25	87,488 75
Saluda	6,090 14	11,059 26	17,149 40	1,632 00	1,011 58	2,643 58	19,792 98
Spartanburg	24,891 49	60,887 73	85,779 22	4,040 00	10,425 53	14,465 53	100,194 78
Sumter	9,347 50	28,864 75	38,212 25	2,845 00	8,334 50	11,179 50	49,391 75
Union	9,435 55	23,284 65	32,720 20	2,811 50	3,719 00	6,530 50	39,250 70
Williamsburg	6,102 00	25,110 87	31,212 87	2,626 56	3,936 54	6,563 10	37,776 97
York	13,903 14	30,141 17	44,044 31	3,239 25	4,388 15	7,727 40	51,771 71
State	\$404,545 88	\$1,010,170 19	\$1,414,716 07	\$95,618 01	\$205,550 19	\$301,168 20	\$1,715,884 27

SUMMARY 2.—EXPENDITURES.—Con.

County.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.		Repairs.		Rent.	
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
Abbeville	\$46 57	.....	\$672 61	\$94 72	\$1,551 53	\$55 10	.....	\$5 00
Aiken	396 31	\$25 75	2,648 44	149 84	116 72	16 43	\$508 98	142 00
Anderson	887 68	.....	6,717 52	27 65	600 54	.....	37 50	80 00
Bamberg	89 57	.....	1,376 14	17 25	68 16	21 00	.....	.....
Barnwell	1,266 92	.....	8,028 20	284 23	1,818 78	282 48	53 50	.....
Beaufort	254 67	.....	1,130 77	454 20	823 57	290 17	.....	232 25
Berkeley	353 39	.....	90 00	.....	353 58	43 31	66 00	196 16
Calhoun	143 34	10 50	1,139 60	15 00	284 26	.....	.....	55 00
Charleston	1,418 24	1,263 56	8,365 54	8,292 77	1,340 57	1,220 25	108 00	16 00
Cherokee	78 20	.....	2,746 26	70	447 86	34 58	.....	8 00
Chester	279 04	.....	2,666 47	8 00	210 53	21 75	18 00	.....
Chesterfield	398 76	.....	421 05	45 00	1,031 45	.....	.....	.....
Charendon	188 59	.....	1,359 11	.....	20 50	8 00	82 50	55 00
Colleton	942 97	.....	1,268 19	1 25	230 32	.....	.....	2 00
Darlington	727 43	40 57	2,480 40	47 42	15 00	127 88	40 00	5 00
Dillon	394 95	39 58	408 57	57 37	887 60	98 20	.....	5 00
Dorchester	374 38	17 20	1,408 31	49 83	125 42	5 00	251 00	9 00
Edgefield	327 63	.....	300 40	.....	135 42	76 80	21 00	.....
Fairfield	1,242 11	26 41	2,026 29	306 03	190 66	.....	.....	10 00
Florence	1,955 41	.....	6,157 17	1,441 54	889 80	25 75	.....	30 00
Georgetown	1,019 03	.....	2,659 41	755 55	606 31	87 65	225 50	138 25
Greenville	188 10	52 50	2,092 02	438 85	1,146 83	115 89	.....	5 75
Greenwood	87 81	.....	1,259 74	.....	913 66	.....	.....	.....
Hampton	269 94	.....	2,955 04	.....	224 80	18 00	.....	20 00
Horry	361 35	.....	22 05	.....	298 48	.....	.....	.....
Kershaw	191 08	.....	544 96	60 95	644 45	9 50	187 50	.....
Lancaster	296 40	12 03	98 70	.....	125 62	.....	.....	.....
Laurens	1,118 17	.....	1,284 66	96 00	517 75	.....	181 06	.....
Lee	81 76	.....	1,089 58	.....	581 18	4 00	5 00	4 00
Lexington	206 62	.....	149 70	.....	659 57	.....	65 74	.....
Marion .....	.....	.....	183 95	7 20	141 45	.....	.....	.....
Marlboro	429 54	7 75	476 61	4 00	394 35	40 80	24 00	89 50

SUMMARY 2.—EXPENDITURES.—Con.

County.	Furniture and Apparatus.		Fuel and Incidentals.		Repairs.		Rent.	
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
Newberry	\$1,082 21	\$12 00	\$1,515 72	\$208 18	\$379 61	\$112 71	.....	.....
Oconee	783 52	.....	1,382 21	.....	854 88	.....	.....	\$6 40
Orangeburg	819 40	.....	1,280 73	83 74	1,009 91	30 34	\$30 00	23 50
Pickens	157 46	.....	3,126 54	2 25	230 17	.....	.....	.....
Richland	4,467 34	56 75	19,164 70	821 50	2,393 37	440 00	45 00	329 00
Saluda	84 69	7 50	3,161 61	.....	187 14	37 05	640 32	.....
Spartanburg	2,088 43	101 04	6,250 83	283 20	3,336 41	399 10	4,428 86	84 00
Sumter	520 63	35 63	1,281 31	34 50	275 63	25 86	27 00	93 50
Union	732 08	.....	349 10	.....	2,908 45	.....	56 00	.....
Williamsburg	511 98	20 00	4 50	.....	159 05	34 84	51 00	54 50
York	186 02	70 84	2,775 19	293 16	129 31	47 18	.....	.....
State	\$27,393 72	\$1,799 61	\$ 105,605 90	\$9,333 88	\$23,190 65	\$3,729 12	\$7,148 46	\$1,648 81

SUMMARY 2.—EXPENDITURES.—Con.

County.	Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
Abbeville	\$77 50	\$275 15	\$135 00	.....	\$31,579 65	\$7,572 72	\$39,152 37
Aiken	5,533 84	824 93	45 00	.....	55,220 54	14,579 80	69,799 34
Anderson	10,109 78	68 45	353 07	.....	87,361 89	11,070 61	98,432 50
Bamberg	2,745 74	239 60	40 00	.....	26,226 94	8,193 00	34,419 94
Barnwell	6,333 50	.....	60 00	.....	52,117 79	7,500 17	59,617 96
Beaufort	7,304 80	488 97	.....	.....	22,498 81	10,673 69	33,172 50
Berkeley	896 24	157 75	.....	.....	14,032 23	5,046 19	19,078 42
Calhoun	.....	.....	25 00	.....	16,330 52	3,062 00	19,401 52
Charleston	17,915 65	25,221 63	683 50	\$291 50	98,130 03	68,058 30	166,188 33
Cherokee	14 85	.....	35 00	.....	27,256 70	3,741 51	30,998 21
Chester	799 36	82 00	.....	.....	35,890 63	5,835 00	41,725 63
Chesterfield	1,642 85	178 74	10 00	.....	25,196 46	2,421 21	27,617 67
Clarendon	668 15	.....	.....	.....	24,812 68	6,345 75	31,158 43
Colleton	3,425 88	53 50	10 00	.....	30,993 45	3,891 66	34,885 11
Darlington	.....	126 41	10 00	.....	42,911 02	9,146 69	52,057 71
Dillon	7,196 25	44 54	.....	.....	32,130 87	4,116 19	36,247 06
Dorchester	958 59	14 00	70 00	.....	21,862 62	3,973 28	25,835 90
Edgefield	2,933 39	77 90	177 52	.....	25,135 08	4,980 79	30,065 87
Fairfield	705 65	.....	20 00	.....	27,782 71	4,825 44	32,608 15
Florence	9,221 79	1,359 90	99 20	.....	62,113 71	10,016 44	72,130 15
Georgetown	1,248 22	190 17	40 00	.....	23,969 42	8,340 22	32,309 64
Greenville	1,453 27	.....	330 00	.....	65,194 07	10,856 57	76,050 64
Greenwood	2,654 08	.....	65 00	.....	36,358 25	7,274 59	43,632 84
Hampton	4,146 31	.....	.....	.....	26,320 27	4,757 00	31,077 27
Horry	6,575 45	.....	55 00	.....	20,328 60	1,952 46	22,281 06
Kershaw	905 38	110 95	250 00	.....	26,883 81	5,883 65	32,767 46
Lancaster	5,179 98	160 00	3 23	.....	28,754 76	3,793 58	32,548 34
Laurens	10,811 35	25 00	146 48	.....	58,391 48	6,329 57	64,721 05
Lee	956 00	40 55	169 00	.....	24,631 15	3,556 05	28,237 20
Lexington	20,069 13	.....	40 00	.....	48,033 63	2,967 49	51,001 12
Marion	.....	55 00	.....	.....	24,207 94	5,238 63	29,446 57
Marlboro	4,555 36	339 47	25 00	.....	34,174 20	4,504 85	38,679 05

SUMMARY 2.—EXPENDITURES.—Con.

County.	Grounds and Buildings.		Libraries.		Total Expenditures.		Grand Total for Both Races.
	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.	
Newberry	\$1,742 63	.....	\$160 00	.....	\$36,715 60	\$7,571 16	\$44,286 76
Oconee	4,051 01	.....	83 20	.....	34,364 69	8,377 33	37,742 02
Orangeburg	3,310 15	.....	156 00	.....	61,068 80	10,506 65	71,575 45
Pickens	2,494 40	\$154 31	40 00	.....	31,639 28	2,536 26	34,196 54
Richland	41,566 35	1,057 22	175 41	\$40 00	138,885 67	19,159 72	158,045 39
Saluda	39 00	77 30	90 00	.....	21,352 16	2,785 43	24,117 59
Spartanburg	7,791 64	257 50	380 00	.....	119,005 44	15,545 40	134,550 84
Sumter	2,597 01	85 82	.....	.....	42,913 83	11,454 81	54,368 64
Union	537 00	.....	90 00	.....	37,392 83	6,530 50	43,923 33
Williamsburg	3,607 68	.....	10 00	.....	35,647 08	6,672 44	42,319 52
York	26,565 58	101 72	102 61	.....	73,808 02	8,240 30	82,048 32
State	\$231,440 79	\$31,318 48	\$4,183 22	\$331 50	\$1,818,678 81	\$349,834 60	\$2,168,513 41

SUMMARY 2.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.

County.	Public Schools.				Enrollment.													
	White.		Negro.		White.					Negro.								
	Town.	Country.	Town.	Country.	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.				
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.		
Abbeville	12	55	10	70	669	727	1,396	866	811	1,677	8,073	683	755	1,388	2,303	2,434	4,737	6,125
Aiken	18	71	8	81	991	1,020	2,011	1,138	1,072	2,210	4,221	546	829	1,375	2,033	2,574	4,607	5,982
Anderson	13	83	7	66	2,282	2,197	4,479	2,984	2,694	5,678	10,157	657	875	1,532	2,360	2,583	4,943	6,475
Bamberg	7	22	3	28	389	392	781	276	264	540	1,301	242	328	570	1,152	1,541	2,693	3,268
Barnwell	14	50	14	61	619	605	1,224	597	632	1,229	2,453	781	1,049	1,830	1,633	2,010	3,643	5,473
Beaufort	4	23	1	42	198	185	383	120	145	265	648	220	312	532	1,786	1,991	3,777	4,809
Berkeley	6	43	2	56	103	172	275	579	763	1,342	1,617	76	90	165	1,154	2,178	3,332	3,497
Calhoun	3	18	4	26	193	149	342	340	320	660	1,002	338	537	875	986	1,248	2,234	3,109
Charleston	7	23	5	46	1,765	2,026	3,791	217	208	425	4,216	1,301	1,324	2,625	2,156	2,506	4,692	7,287
Cherokee	3	54	2	30	500	738	1,328	1,400	1,221	2,630	3,958	252	272	524	683	746	1,429	1,953
Chester	9	48	5	49	516	524	1,040	685	615	1,300	2,340	478	603	1,081	1,659	1,811	3,470	4,551
Chesterfield	6	51	6	29	508	474	977	1,267	1,365	2,632	3,609	125	100	225	655	687	1,342	1,567
Clarendon	7	41	6	63	393	375	768	679	625	1,304	2,072	449	529	978	2,185	2,489	4,674	5,652
Colleton	5	94	1	65	379	369	748	1,348	1,243	2,591	3,389	57	87	144	1,329	1,749	3,078	3,222
Darlington	5	28	3	27	706	583	1,290	1,064	926	1,990	3,279	704	906	1,610	1,471	1,751	3,222	4,832
Dillon	9	19	6	20	725	734	1,459	626	643	1,269	2,728	542	582	1,124	729	746	1,475	2,599
Dorchester	6	37	4	35	355	378	734	545	570	1,115	1,849	248	308	556	957	1,024	1,981	2,537
Edgefield	8	46	1	75	349	460	809	566	678	1,244	2,063	110	200	310	2,047	2,625	4,672	4,982
Fairfield	3	47	2	64	242	318	560	708	889	1,597	2,157	275	351	626	1,868	3,219	5,067	5,713
Florence	2	56	2	47	488	530	1,018	1,531	1,358	2,889	3,907	256	375	631	1,602	1,787	3,389	4,020
Georgetown	2	41	2	43	265	286	550	467	553	1,020	1,570	331	394	725	1,101	1,368	2,469	3,194
Greenville	7	124	5	53	1,319	1,408	2,727	3,520	4,528	8,048	10,775	680	965	1,645	1,245	1,418	2,663	4,908
Greenwood	12	43	8	56	813	853	1,666	847	725	1,572	3,238	744	922	1,666	2,754	3,223	5,977	7,643
Hampton	7	60	5	66	325	322	647	898	851	1,749	2,396	108	157	265	1,459	1,816	3,275	3,540
Horry	2	106	2	82	133	169	302	2,520	2,251	4,771	5,073	87	117	204	648	784	1,432	1,686
Kershaw	7	45	1	46	429	455	884	946	836	1,782	2,666	157	218	375	1,284	1,471	2,753	3,130
Lancaster	4	51	3	49	475	492	967	1,349	1,381	2,730	3,697	274	340	614	1,367	1,526	2,893	3,507
Laurens	11	61	3	66	833	894	1,727	1,307	1,393	2,700	4,517	238	272	510	2,879	2,575	4,954	5,464
Lee	2	43	3	39	204	227	431	749	926	1,675	2,106	189	234	443	1,201	1,620	2,821	3,264
Lexington	19	67	15	44	971	1,113	2,084	1,620	1,421	3,041	5,125	476	651	1,127	1,034	1,180	2,214	3,341
Marion	5	31	4	27	452	471	923	867	760	1,627	2,550	227	223	450	710	700	1,410	1,860
Marlboro	7	33	1	40	535	529	1,064	649	660	1,309	2,873	168	252	420	1,708	2,069	3,777	4,197

SUMMARY 3.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—Con.

County.	Public Schools.				Enrollment.													
	White.		Negro.		White.					Negro.								
	Town.	Country.	Town.	Country.	In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.			In Town Schools.			In Country Schools.				
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.		
Newberry	11	51	8	50	544	653	1,197	865	769	1,634	2,831	545	656	1,201	2,015	2,220	4,235	5,482
Oconee	10	73	6	34	356	892	1,248	1,913	1,762	3,675	5,423	305	364	669	700	730	1,430	2,099
Orangeburg	18	74	10	97	1,308	1,364	2,672	1,380	1,245	2,575	5,247	956	1,092	2,048	3,244	3,971	7,215	9,263
Pickens	8	54	6	22	804	904	1,608	1,621	1,536	3,157	4,765	226	263	489	487	503	996	1,485
Richland	8	41	2	57	1,185	1,215	2,400	1,271	1,208	2,474	4,874	523	903	1,426	2,231	2,712	4,943	6,309
Saluda	5	38	5	36	241	241	482	1,155	1,008	2,163	2,645	301	335	636	1,189	1,300	2,489	3,125
Spartanburg	37	108	15	66	3,579	3,587	7,166	3,248	2,974	6,222	13,388	1,309	1,657	2,966	2,139	2,337	4,476	7,442
Sumter	5	52	3	71	479	438	912	734	651	1,385	2,297	762	1,055	1,817	2,705	3,255	5,960	7,777
Union	12	47	4	42	1,387	1,473	2,860	967	773	1,640	4,500	943	1,063	2,006	1,542	1,790	3,332	5,388
Williamsburg	7	81	7	82	516	513	1,029	1,267	1,301	2,568	3,597	210	255	465	2,323	2,734	5,057	5,522
York	9	80	9	84	1,081	1,072	2,153	1,531	1,514	3,045	5,193	664	893	1,557	2,793	3,002	5,795	7,352
State	359	2,313	219	2,182	31,170	32,421	63,591	49,176	48,063	97,239	160,830	18,712	23,713	42,425	69,006	82,009	151,015	193,440

SUMMARY 8.—SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.—Con.

County.	Average Attendance.										Population of County.					
	White.					Negro.					White.	Negro.				
	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools			Grand Total	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools				Grand Total			
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.		Total.		
Abbeville	501	558	1,059	526	555	1,081	2,140	878	440	818	1,360	1,513	2,873	3,691	12,282	22,522
Aiken	605	641	1,246	590	623	1,213	2,459	344	575	919	1,179	1,609	2,788	3,707	18,997	22,852
Anderson	1,541	1,549	3,090	1,568	1,575	3,143	6,233	876	609	985	1,350	1,562	2,912	3,897	43,232	26,836
Barnberg	270	317	587	161	168	329	916	117	193	310	615	840	1,455	1,765	5,670	12,874
Barnwell	443	461	904	385	415	800	1,704	576	779	1,355	1,173	1,536	2,709	4,064	9,561	24,648
Beaufort	144	152	296	90	109	199	495	192	269	461	1,509	1,686	3,194	3,655	8,964	26,391
Berkeley	86	156	242	483	677	1,160	1,402	67	83	150	983	1,968	2,951	3,101	5,256	18,231
Calhoun	155	124	279	218	222	440	719	216	823	539	570	756	1,326	1,865	3,895	12,739
Charleston	1,486	1,903	3,389	1,62	152	314	3,703	1,219	1,163	2,382	1,207	1,379	2,586	4,968	32,548	56,046
Cherokee	469	623	1,092	984	826	1,760	2,852	184	198	382	486	543	1,038	1,420	17,669	8,510
Chester	378	411	789	404	387	791	1,590	843	452	796	983	1,181	2,164	2,959	10,284	19,141
Chesterfield	234	254	488	309	294	603	1,091	70	50	120	126	124	250	870	15,788	10,563
Clarendon	273	286	559	397	415	812	1,871	276	331	607	1,314	1,586	2,899	3,506	8,794	23,394
Colleton	234	218	452	743	741	1,484	1,936	34	56	90	923	1,289	2,212	2,302	13,094	22,296
Darlington	500	454	954	598	579	1,177	2,131	295	394	689	802	1,081	1,833	2,522	14,741	21,286
Dillon	508	525	1,033	474	482	956	1,989	418	450	868	500	803	1,003	1,871	10,999	11,616
Dorchester	317	337	654	391	408	799	1,453	206	367	573	749	800	1,549	2,122	6,908	10,983
Edgefield	260	327	587	408	483	891	1,478	98	182	280	1,698	2,210	3,908	4,188	8,165	20,116
Fairfield	163	238	401	416	757	1,173	1,574	206	284	490	1,402	2,507	3,909	4,399	7,065	22,377
Florence	392	399	791	940	919	1,859	2,650	165	256	421	1,069	1,278	2,347	2,768	15,329	20,342
Georgetown	221	252	473	396	474	870	1,843	319	377	696	677	871	1,548	2,244	6,158	16,112
Greenville	920	1,133	2,053	2,230	2,924	5,163	7,216	525	635	1,160	780	913	1,693	2,853	47,515	20,862
Greenwood	532	627	1,209	568	485	1,053	2,262	426	549	975	1,612	1,871	3,483	4,458	12,523	21,302
Hampton	203	206	409	460	465	924	1,343	60	86	146	726	927	1,656	1,901	9,006	16,120
Horry	87	140	227	1,486	1,343	2,829	3,056	70	96	166	439	528	967	1,133	20,325	6,670
Kershaw	287	313	600	521	513	1,034	1,634	78	118	196	794	971	1,765	1,961	10,448	16,446
Lancaster	306	344	650	1,019	1,021	2,040	2,690	223	265	488	1,087	1,180	2,217	2,705	18,524	13,126
Laurens	700	786	1,486	1,032	1,013	2,045	3,531	169	222	391	1,496	1,575	3,070	3,461	18,796	22,754
Lee	143	175	318	560	712	1,272	1,590	102	157	259	874	1,230	2,104	2,863	8,066	17,252
Lexington	604	773	1,377	1,082	995	2,077	3,454	346	425	771	655	807	1,462	2,233	20,402	11,638
Marion	382	408	785	611	529	1,140	1,925	179	179	358	507	487	994	1,352	9,387	11,209
Marlboro	397	396	793	380	382	742	1,535	120	182	302	1,036	1,315	2,351	2,653	12,259	18,930

SUMMARY 2.--SCHOOLS, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.--Con.

County.	Average Attendance.											Population of County.				
	White.					Negro.					White.	Negro.				
	In Town Schools.		In Country Schools			In Town Schools.		In Country Schools								
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.				
Newberry	415	492	907	511	494	1,005	1,912	387	477	864	1,104	1,251	2,355	3,219	12,545	22,041
Oconee	482	609	1,091	969	958	1,924	3,015	208	215	418	402	441	843	1,261	20,489	6,848
Orangeburg	915	1,018	1,933	857	856	1,713	3,646	648	707	1,355	2,130	2,608	4,738	6,088	19,098	36,736
Pickens	517	538	1,055	972	965	1,937	2,991	134	164	298	314	326	640	938	19,992	5,480
Richland	873	947	1,820	810	791	1,601	3,421	420	750	1,170	1,309	1,716	3,025	4,195	25,609	29,534
Saluda	175	184	359	792	701	1,493	1,852	194	230	424	841	983	1,804	2,228	9,754	11,189
Spartanburg	2,180	2,346	4,476	1,836	1,761	3,597	8,073	763	1,094	1,857	1,247	1,436	2,683	4,540	57,048	26,417
Sumter	379	356	735	423	408	826	1,561	512	743	1,255	1,569	2,067	3,636	4,891	10,246	28,226
Union	929	1,173	2,102	631	570	1,201	3,303	669	694	1,363	1,288	1,489	2,777	4,140	14,459	15,472
Williamsburg	353	372	725	746	790	1,536	2,261	123	168	291	1,290	1,589	2,879	3,170	14,411	23,215
York	861	819	1,680	1,108	1,074	2,182	3,802	454	573	1,032	1,770	1,842	3,612	4,644	22,331	25,387
State	21,820	24,335	46,155	30,192	31,006	61,198	197,352	12,904	16,565	29,469	43,906	54,302	98,207	127,676	679,162	886,238

SUMMARY 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.

County.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of All School Equipment.	
	White.		Negro.		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	No.	Value With Grounds.	No.	Value With Grounds.				
Abbeville	64	\$78,175 00	33	\$4,350 00	4	47	\$7,490 25	\$380 45
Aiken	69	98,435 00	31	8,895 00	16	57	5,794 00	783 00
Anderson	100	147,307 50	73	15,763 50	10	1	18,181 88	1,156 25
Bamberg	24	45,380 00	13	2,435 00	5	18	5,056 65	247 50
Barnwell	64	60,356 55	74	8,879 75	3	2	5,868 50	436 90
Beaufort	15	29,205 00	6	1,050 00	6	61	2,615 00	1,525 00
Berkeley	50	.....	36	.....	1	19	.....	.....
Calhoun	18	25,825 00	12	1,300 00	4	18	3,105 95	188 00
Charleston	25	264,537 00	42	115,623 50	5	9	26,729 90	19,803 45
Cherokee	57	69,646 00	30	5,185 00	1	2	7,270 00	1,813 00
Chester	48	72,125 00	30	7,305 00	9	24	5,968 00	807 00
Chesterfield	55	70,255 00	28	4,355 00	.....	4	6,684 55	695 00
Clarendon	45	12,722 00	69	14,125 00	6	.....	4,295 00	690 00
Colleton	95	29,380 00	82	4,065 00	.....	14	3,730 00	760 00
Darlington	36	116,600 00	23	11,700 00	.....	20	.....	.....
Dillon	29	39,000 00	25	5,625 00	1	2	6,070 00	760 00
Dorchester	44	20,025 00	41	1,725 00	3	24	6,240 00	925 00
Edgefield	54	16,400 00	76	6,670 00	.....	.....	3,600 00	1,575 00
Fairfield	43	.....	29	.....	2	37	.....	.....
Florence	59	162,100 00	38	15,275 00	.....	8	11,665 00	1,855 00
Georgetown	44	47,600 00	82	7,475 00	.....	.....	4,415 00	780 00
Greenville	112	111,581 00	25	18,126 00	19	34	6,980 00	987 50
Greenwood	55	65,465 00	64	9,960 00	.....	.....	12,823 00	1,558 00
Hampton	64	23,100 00	69	3,900 00	2	2	1,700 00	.....
Horry	106	45,030 00	36	2,635 00	.....	.....	6,490 00	255 00
Kershaw	51	54,525 00	47	8,635 00	2	10	0,925 00	1,340 00
Lancaster	54	88,100 00	48	14,500 00	2	4	8,549 00	2,420 00
Laurens	73	132,570 00	67	9,270 00	3	2	9,525 00	3,198 00
Lee	43	35,715 00	34	3,423 00	4	16	3,901 00	720 00
Lexington	87	57,393 00	48	3,180 00	.....	.....	5,305 19	97 43
Marion	39	83,550 00	31	12,700 00	.....	1	5,750 00	2,010 00
Marlboro	35	141,775 00	21	7,935 00	4	20	3,024 00	480 00

SUMMARY 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—Con.

County.	Public School Buildings.				Private Buildings Used for Public Schools.		Value of All School Equipment.	
	White.		Negro.		White.	Negro.	White.	Negro.
	No.	Value With Grounds.	No.	Value With Grounds.				
Newberry	60	\$91,153 00	53	\$11,413 38	2	1	\$8,640 36	\$1,557 75
Oconee	81	86,800 00	84	6,525 00	2	4	6,723 95	601 50
Orangeburg	81	130,205 00	63	6,470 00	10	43	12,270 00	1,615 00
Pickens	57	70,055 00	24	3,430 00	4	4	9,200 00	455 00
Richland	47	111,140 00	31	34,500 00	4	26	25,553 00	6,325 00
Saluda	46	88,860 00	46	5,303 50	.....	4	4,187 00	630 35
Spartanburg .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sumter	54	104,600 00	73	10,000 00	1	.....	5,000 00	1,000 00
Union	55	110,900 00	47	9,150 00	.....	.....	7,889 50	2,180 00
Williamsburg	72	87,950 00	23	8,600 00	14	66	16,125 00	788 00
York	84	95,488 50	90	11,850 50	5	5	8,987 70	2,215 00
State	2,399	\$3,109,023 55	1,777	\$438,713 08	154	609	\$315,318 38	\$65,414 13

SUMMARY 4.—BUILDINGS, TEACHERS, SESSION.—Con.

County.	Number of Teachers.														Total Number of Weeks of Session.			
	White.							Negro.										
	Men.			Women.				Men.			Women.							
	First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.	First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.	Total for Both Sexes	First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.	First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.	Total for Both Sexes	Town.	County.	Town.	County.
Newberry	10	1	.....	70	5	.....	86	14	1	.....	33	13	5	66	224	1,432	131	746
Oconee	26	4	.....	62	19	6	116	12	3	1	16	4	2	38	324	1,234	180	342
Orangeburg	27	3	.....	116	12	1	159	34	6	.....	45	32	.....	117	493	1,754	139	1,179
Pickens	20	7	.....	45	19	1	92	7	12	.....	1	8	.....	28	272	944	110	190
Richland	29	1	.....	112	7	1	150	17	2	.....	66	8	.....	88	288	1,236	72	1,096
Saluda	17	.....	.....	51	.....	.....	68	1	23	.....	2	18	.....	44	140	835	60	346
Spartanburg	37	3	1	139	16	6	202	14	3	2	35	11	13	78	1,120	2,183	323	1,069
Sumter	15	.....	.....	76	.....	.....	91	10	10	5	32	30	5	92	171	1,587	92	1,161
Union	18	.....	.....	75	.....	.....	93	15	.....	.....	42	.....	.....	57	416	1,012	68	508
Williamsburg	12	.....	1	81	18	16	128	14	8	13	16	2	39	92	224	1,314	90	849
York	23	4	.....	107	5	.....	139	12	14	6	2	23	34	96	316	1,762	244	1,207
State	696	107	29	2,868	475	81	4,256	426	239	97	848	728	364	2,752	11,075	51,301	4,468	29,617

SUMMARY 5.—AVERAGES, SALARIES, SESSION, PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES.

County.	Average Salary Paid Teachers.				Average Number of Weeks of Session.				Average Expenditure Per Pupil According to Enrollment.			
	White.		Negro.		White.		Negro.		White.	Negro.	For Both Races.	
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Town.	Country.	Town.	Country.				
Abbeville	\$473 34	\$242 20	\$90 44	\$76 40	38	22	24	15	14	\$10 27	\$1 23	\$4 25
Aiken	589 55	290 92	154 45	131 57	32	27	28	30	19	13 08	2 45	6 74
Anderson	561 77	304 05	120 94	127 54	32	24	25	27	17	8 67	1 71	5 92
Bamberg	668 49	330 92	88 73	75 43	34	26	28	16	18	20 15	1 98	6 44
Barnwell	500 41	818 22	102 37	72 09	33	26	28	18	15	21 24	1 37	7 52
Beaufort	697 40	357 07	165 26	117 60	35	31	32	30	16	84 72	2 47	7 29
Berkeley	221 08	233 31	121 52	66 47	23	23	23	18	15	8 67	1 44	3 73
Calhoun	548 88	323 31	97 50	86 26	34	26	27	18	13	16 30	1 98	4 71
Charleston	1,495 00	433 77	743 33	300 62	37	33	34	34	25	23 27	9 33	14 44
Cherokee	385 79	259 25	103 90	107 14	36	18	19	36	13	6 88	1 91	5 26
Chester	638 05	325 89	130 57	83 32	34	29	30	20	16	15 33	1 28	6 06
Chesterfield	350 57	233 07	73 80	86 08	27	18	19	10	7	6 98	1 54	5 43
Clarendon	555 80	260 80	108 48	71 50	30	24	25	17	14	10 97	1 12	4 03
Colleton	450 70	150 40	66 20	42 48	28	18	19	12	9	9 31	1 21	5 32
Darlington	821 15	427 44	223 39	195 56	35	30	30	23	16	13 08	1 89	6 41
Dillon	725 76	279 48	234 37	95 07	35	21	26	21	12	11 73	1 58	6 80
Dorchester	486 50	268 08	76 01	90 77	32	22	24	21	11	11 82	1 56	5 89
Edgefield	584 60	252 15	70 63	60 70	29	20	21	24	10	12 24	98	4 27
Fairfield	649 00	307 71	84 25	59 15	36	28	29	32	13	12 88	84	4 14
Florence	706 91	353 57	97 19	165 44	36	27	27	34	15	15 82	2 49	9 00
Georgetown	763 50	274 85	222 06	103 09	36	23	23	26	14	15 27	2 61	6 78
Greenville	274 70	256 11	112 32	136 50	29	19	20	26	12	6 05	2 52	5 04
Greenwood	557 82	204 60	182 59	70 46	31	25	26	22	15	11 22	95	4 01
Hampton	493 82	179 04	57 04	66 62	27	19	20	14	13	10 98	1 34	5 23
Horry	360 92	176 04	74 15	15 72	29	15	15	8	8	5 78	1 19	4 66
Kershaw	494 27	272 56	163 70	101 74	31	22	23	32	14	10 08	1 87	5 65
Lancaster	398 33	233 17	90 91	47 26	35	20	21	21	11	7 77	1 08	4 51
Laurens	606 64	303 44	75 38	88 58	34	27	28	32	18	12 92	1 15	6 48
Lee	788 22	310 76	77 09	80 30	34	26	26	19	10	11 67	1 09	5 24
Lexington	275 13	218 88	49 32	50 50	19	18	18	11	7	9 37	88	6 03
Marion	881 32	319 11	99 80	192 06	26	22	22	22	12	9 49	2 81	6 67
Marlboro	612 86	339 53	100 25	81 27	30	21	23	16	12	14 40	1 07	5 88

SUMMARY 6.—AVERAGES, SALARIES, SESSION, PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES.—Con.

County.	Average Salary Paid Teachers.				Average Number of Weeks of Session.					Average Expenditure Per Pupil According to Enrollment.		
	White.		Negro.		White.		Negro.			White.	Negro.	For Both Races.
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Town.	Country.	Town.	Country.				
Newberry	\$561 11	\$335 50	\$147 50	\$98 54	29	28	16	15	\$12 97	\$1 39	\$5 35	
Oconee	323 12	209 49	109 30	73 73	32	17	30	10	6 33	1 61	5 02	
Orangeburg	545 00	295 00	121 00	71 00	27	24	14	12	11 63	1 13	4 93	
Pickens	329 27	256 92	87 05	82 85	34	18	17	9	6 85	1 72	5 47	
Richland	696 00	418 00	224 00	176 00	36	30	36	19	28 90	3 00	14 05	
Saluda	358 25	216 88	68 00	55 58	28	22	12	10	8 07	89	4 18	
Spartanburg	607 11	438 77	212 62	176 70	31	21	22	16	8 57	2 09	6 46	
Sumter	623 06	378 48	113 80	124 39	34	31	31	16	18 64	1 47	5 39	
Union	524 19	310 47	187 43	88 54	35	22	17	12	8 30	1 22	4 46	
Williamsburg	469 38	218 36	75 04	69 06	32	16	13	10	9 91	1 20	4 68	
York	514 93	269 12	104 35	68 56	35	22	27	14	14 19	1 12	6 53	
State	\$562 13	\$290 02	\$132 73	\$98 38	32	23	22	13	\$12 62	\$1 71	\$5 96	

SUMMARY 6.—SCHOOL DISTRICTS.—LOCAL TAX STATISTICS.

Name of County.	Number of Districts.	Number Levying Special Tax.	Number Voting or Increasing Levy During Year.	Number Decreasing or Repealing Levy During the Year.
Abbeville	56	10	2	.....
Aiken	67	.....	2	1
Anderson	64	38	7	.....
Bamberg	24	21	1	.....
Barnwell	50	35	6	.....
Beaufort	11	.....	.....	.....
Berkeley	26	8	8	.....
Calhoun	22	13	3	.....
Charleston	15	2	.....	.....
Cherokee	32	16	1	.....
Chester	23	12	.....	1
Chesterfield	52	42	12	.....
Clarendon	30	24	5	.....
Colleton	50	13	1	.....
Darlington	33	25	1	.....
Dillon	26	21	5	.....
Dorchester	25	18	6	.....
Edgefield	35	16	3	.....
Fairfield	32	18	1	.....
Florence	43	21	9	.....
Georgetown	38	4	.....	.....
Greenville	105	14	4	.....
Greenwood	48	13	.....	.....
Hampton	21	10	2	.....
Horry	95	54	19	.....
Kershaw	30	22	9	.....
Lancaster	50	28	10	.....
Laurens	65	45	5	.....
Lee	31	19	.....	.....
Lexington	33	24	3	.....
Marion	29	23	3	.....
Marlboro	34	22	7	.....
Newberry	59	11	5	.....
Oconee	77	45	7	.....
Orangeburg	75	46	12	.....
Pickens	54	25	7	.....
Richland	16	4	.....	.....
Saluda	47	28	12	.....
Spartanburg	95	46	10	.....
Sumter	21	13	13	.....
Union	22	6	.....	.....
Williamsburg	41	36	11	.....
York	48	24	11	.....
State	1901	927	223	2

SUMMARY 7.—COUNTY TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

WHITE.—Report of County Teachers' Examination October 7, 1910.

County.	Number of Applicants.			No. Failed to Pass.			Number of Certificates Issued.								
							1st Grade.			2d Grade.			3d Grade.		
	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T
Abbeville	2	11	13	.....	1	1	1	7	8	1	8	4	.....	.....	.....
Aiken	1	7	8	.....	1	1	1	5	6	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Anderson	4	27	31	1	11	12	1	8	4	2	8	10	.....	5	5
Bamberg	1	3	4	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Barnwell .....	.....	10	10	.....	3	3	.....	5	5	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....
Beaufort .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Berkeley .....	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Calhoun .....	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charleston .....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Cherokee	2	6	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	2	2	4	.....	1	1
Chester	1	7	8	.....	.....	.....	1	3	4	.....	4	4	.....	.....	.....
Chesterfield	2	9	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	6	2	2	4	.....	1	1
Clarendon	1	9	10	.....	1	1	1	1	2	.....	3	3	.....	4	4
Colleton	3	9	12	2	4	6	.....	2	2	1	3	4	.....	.....	.....
Darlington .....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Dillon .....	.....	6	6	.....	3	3	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dorchester	1	8	9	.....	.....	.....	1	3	4	.....	2	2	.....	3	3
Edgefield .....	.....	7	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	5	5	.....	1	1
Fairfield	1	7	8	.....	1	1	1	6	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florence .....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....
Georgetown	1	6	6	1	2	3	.....	1	1	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....
Greenville	15	28	43	3	17	20	.....	1	1	6	4	10	6	6	12
Greenwood	2	2	4	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....
Hampton	4	2	6	.....	.....	.....	4	2	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Horry	6	8	14	3	1	4	.....	.....	.....	2	4	6	1	3	4
Kershaw	3	12	15	.....	.....	.....	2	9	11	1	2	3	.....	1	1
Lancaster	1	1	2	1	.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laurens	2	13	15	.....	3	3	1	4	5	.....	3	3	1	3	4
Lee .....	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	2	2	.....	2	2
Lexington	3	10	13	4	3	7	1	2	3	2	3	5	1	2	3
Marion	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....
Marlboro .....	.....	3	3	.....	2	2	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newberry	1	7	8	.....	3	3	.....	1	1	1	3	4	.....	.....	.....
Oconee	2	21	23	.....	4	4	1	2	3	.....	5	5	1	10	11
Orangeburg	1	11	12	.....	.....	.....	1	6	7	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....
Pickens	7	22	29	1	4	5	2	2	4	4	14	18	.....	2	2
Richland	3	5	8	.....	2	2	1	.....	1	2	2	4	.....	1	1
Saluda	3	9	12	.....	.....	.....	2	6	8	1	3	4	.....	.....	.....
Spartanburg	19	13	32	2	3	5	3	6	14	3	4	12	1	.....	1
Sumter .....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union .....	.....	2	2	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Williamsburg .....	.....	6	6	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	1	1
York	2	27	29	.....	.....	.....	1	24	25	1	3	4	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	100	354	454	13	74	92	34	123	162	37	104	141	11	43	59

SUMMARY 7.—COUNTY TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.—Con.

NEGRO.—Report of County Teachers' Examination October 7, 1910.

County.	Number of Applicants.			No. Failed to Pass.			Number of Certificates Issued.								
							1st Grade.			2d Grade.			3d Grade.		
	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T
Abbeville		8	8							8	8				
Aiken	5	28	23	4	22	26	1		1					6	6
Anderson	4	8	7	1	2	3				2	1	3	1		1
Bamberg	2	1	3		1	1	1		1				1		1
Barnwell	3	12	15	2	6	8					4	4	1	2	8
Beaufort		3	8		1	1								2	2
Berkeley	1	1	2										1	1	2
Calhoun	1		1	1		1									
Charleston															
Cherokee	2	1	8	1	1	2							1		1
Chester	3	9	12	1	3	4					1	1	2	5	7
Chesterfield															
Clarendon	1	6	7		4	4							1	2	3
Colleton		5	5		5	5									
Darlington	1	1	2		1	1				1		1			
Dillon	4	5	9		2	2	1	1	2	2	3	5			
Dorchester	3	3	6	1	2	3				2		2		1	1
Edgefield	1	14	15		4	4				1	6	7		4	4
Fairfield	4	12	16				1		1	3	12	15			
Florence	1	7	8		4	4				1	1	2		2	2
Georgetown		10	10					4	4		6	6			
Greenville	1	3	4		2	2					1	1	1		1
Greenwood															
Hampton		4	4					1	1		3	3			
Horry	3		3							2		2	1		1
Kershaw	1	10	11		6	6				1	1	2		3	3
Lancaster	2	3	5	2	3	5									
Laurens		11	11		5	5					1	1		5	5
Lee		4	4		2	2					2	2			
Lexington	2	2	4		1	1							2	1	3
Marion	3	13	16	2	3	5				1	4	5		6	6
Marlboro	3	4	7	3	2	5								2	2
Newberry		19	19		7	7					1	1		11	11
Oconee	2	3	5	1	2	3							1	1	2
Orangeburg	3	7	10	1	1	2		1	1	2	4	6		1	1
Pickens		1	1								1	1			
Richland	1	1	2		1	1							1		1
Saluda	5	10	15		1	1		1	1	5	5	10		3	3
Spartanburg	3	19	22		7	7		3	3		3	3	3	6	9
Sumter	6	32	38	2	10	12	2		2	2	14	16		8	8
Union		3	3		1	1					1	1		1	1
Williamsburg	3	7	15	5	4	9				1		1	2	3	5
York	5	32	37	2	10	12				2	6	8	1	16	17
Total.....	84	312	396	29	126	155	6	11	17	28	84	112	20	92	112

SUMMARY 7.—COUNTY TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.—Con.

WHITE.—Report of County Teachers' Examination May 5, 1911.

County.	Number of Applicants.			No. Failed to Pass.			Number of Certificates Issued.								
							1st Grade.			2d Grade.			3d Grade.		
	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T
Abbeville	1	7	8	.....	.....	.....	1	5	6	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....
Aiken .....	.....	7	7	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	4	4
Anderson	3	29	32	1	10	11	1	7	8	1	9	10	.....	8	8
Bamberg	1	5	6	1	4	5	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barnwell	5	89	44	4	8	12	.....	4	4	1	13	14	.....	14	14
Beaufort .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Berkeley	1	1	2	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Calhoun .....	.....	3	3	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charleston	9	14	23	5	.....	5	4	13	17	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Cherokee	8	23	31	1	6	7	.....	7	7	4	9	13	3	1	4
Chester	1	6	7	1	3	4	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....	1	1
Chesterfield	2	1	3	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	.....	1	1
Clarendon .....	.....	7	7	.....	7	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colleton	1	10	11	1	8	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Darlington .....	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	.....	1	1	.....	1	1
Dillon .....	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	2	2	.....	2	2
Dorchester	1	11	12	.....	8	8	1	2	3	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Edgefield	1	16	17	.....	2	2	1	6	7	.....	8	8	.....	.....	.....
Fairfield .....	.....	8	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	8	.....	.....	.....
Florence .....	.....	7	7	.....	1	1	.....	2	2	.....	2	2	.....	2	2
Georgetown .....	.....	8	8	.....	2	2	.....	5	5	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Greenville	30	66	96	15	45	60	.....	.....	.....	7	8	10	8	18	26
Greenwood	1	9	10	.....	.....	.....	1	4	5	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....
Hampton .....	.....	8	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	6	.....	1	1	.....	1	1
Horry	13	12	25	5	4	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	4	8	4	12
Kershaw	4	9	13	1	7	8	2	1	3	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....
Lancaster	1	4	5	.....	3	3	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laurens	1	9	10	1	5	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	2	2
Lee .....	.....	7	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	3	3	.....	2	2
Lexington	14	17	31	10	10	20	.....	1	1	1	2	3	3	4	7
Marion	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Marlboro	1	3	4	.....	1	1	.....	2	2	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Newberry	3	1	4	1	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....
Oconee	8	19	27	4	10	14	.....	1	1	3	4	7	1	4	5
Orangeburg	5	39	44	2	5	7	4	14	18	.....	15	15	.....	4	4
Pickens	11	35	46	4	8	12	.....	9	9	8	14	17	3	5	8
Richland	5	15	20	1	11	12	1	.....	1	2	.....	2	1	4	5
Saluda	3	3	6	1	1	2	1	2	3	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Spartanburg	35	47	82	11	22	33	11	9	20	9	12	21	4	4	8
Sumter .....	.....	3	3	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union .....	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Williamsburg .....	.....	8	8	.....	8	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
York	10	62	72	3	8	11	1	11	12	3	26	29	3	17	20
Total.....	180	595	775	75	213	288	31	124	155	39	155	194	35	99	134

SUMMARY 7.—COUNTY TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.—Con.

NEGRO.—Report of County Teachers' Examination May 5, 1911.

County.	Number of Applicants.			No. Failed to Pass.			Number of Certificates Issued.								
							1st Grade.			2d Grade.			3d Grade.		
	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T
Abbeville															
Aiken	8	83	36	2	30	32							1	3	4
Anderson	1	3	4	1	3	4									
Bamberg		3	3		3	3									
Barnwell	6	14	20		4	4				4	8	12	2	2	4
Beaufort	1	4	5	1	3	4								1	1
Berkeley		2	2		2	2									
Calhoun															
Charleston	2	5	7		1	1				2	2	4		2	2
Cherokee	4	1	5							1	1	2	3		3
Chester	25	30	55	20	23	43				1		1	4	7	11
Chesterfield	4	2	6	2	1	3							2	1	3
Clarendon	2	6	8	2	6	8									
Colleton	1		1	1		1									
Darlington		4	4		4	4									
Dillon															
Dorchester	3	1	4	1	1	2				1		1	1		1
Edgefield	7	22	29	2	5	7				2	5	7	2	13	15
Fairfield		3	3										3	3	6
Florence		11	11		8	8					1	1		2	2
Georgetown	3	3	6	2	1	3	1		1					2	2
Greenville	3	14	17		6	6							3	3	11
Greenwood	1	1	2	1	1	2									
Hampton	1	4	5		1	1				1	3	4			
Horry															
Kershaw	7	17	24	5	2	7				1	4	5	1	11	12
Lancaster	6	9	15	5	9	14	1		1						
Laurens	1	3	4	1	3	4									
Lee	1	2	3							1	1	2		1	1
Lexington		2	2											2	2
Marion		1	1		1	1									
Marlboro	1		1											1	1
Newberry		1	1								1	1			
Oconee	2	1	3	1		1							1	1	2
Orangeburg	10	10	20	4	4	8	1	1	2	3	3	6	2	2	4
Pickens	1		1							1		1			
Richland		3	3		1	1								2	2
Saluda	1	12	13	1	12	13									
Spartanburg	10	34	44	6	15	21					5	5	4	14	18
Sumter		5	5		2	2					1	1		2	2
Union		13	13		12	12								1	1
Williamsburg	5	9	14	4	7	11							1	2	3
York	4	65	69	2	55	57							2	10	12
Total.....	116	353	469	64	226	290	3	1	4	18	35	53	32	93	125

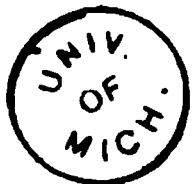
SUMMARY 7.—COUNTY TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.—Con.

Upon the requests of the County Superintendents in those counties the State Board authorized special teachers' examinations during the month of January, 1911, in Aiken, Calhoun, Clarendon, Colleton, Florence, Greenville, Hampton, Kershaw, Lancaster, Laurens, Lee, Marlboro and Oconee Counties, with the following results:

	Number of Applicants.			No. Failed to Pass.			Number of Certificates Issued.								
							1st Grade.			2d Grade.			3d Grade.		
	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T	M	W	T
White	4	23	27	1	3	4	2	10	12	1	9	10	.....	1	1
Negro	4	10	14	1	4	5	.....	.....	.....	1	3	4	2	3	5

TOTALS FOR THE YEAR.

White	284	972	1256	94	290	384	67	262	329	77	268	345	46	148	194
Negro	204	675	879	94	356	450	9	12	21	47	122	169	54	188	242
Both races	488	1647	2135	188	646	834	76	274	350	124	390	514	100	336	436



SUMMARY 9.—DISBURSEMENTS ON ACCOUNT OF STATE AIDED HIGH SCHOOLS.

Appropriation, \$60,000.00.

Name of County.	Number of Schools.	Amount.
Abbeville	5	\$1,770 00
Aiken	1	675 00
Anderson	10	3,000 00
Bamberg	4	1,810 00
Barnwell	5	2,675 00
Berkeley	1	218 00
Calhoun	2	857 00
Charleston	1	360 00
Cherokee	2	1,055 00
Chester	2	710 00
Chesterfield	2	920 00
Clarendon	2	1,100 00
Colleton	3	1,108 00
Darlington	4	1,630 00
Dillon	5	2,305 00
Dorchester	2	1,110 00
Edgefield	2	1,000 00
Fairfield	2	1,100 00
Florence	4	1,350 00
Georgetown	1	625 00
Greenville	7	2,805 00
Greenwood	1	600 00
Hampton	3	1,140 00
Horry	1	467 00
Lancaster	3	1,600 00
Laurens	8	3,000 00
Lee	2	1,040 00
Lexington	4	1,662 00
Marion	2	1,300 00
Marlboro	4	1,975 00
Newberry	2	800 00
Oconee	5	1,995 00
Orangeburg	9	3,000 00
Pickens	4	2,225 00
Richland	1	390 00
Saluda	3	1,215 00
Spartanburg	5	2,575 00
Sumter	2	588 00
Union	3	1,400 00
Williamsburg	3	1,372 00
York	5	2,125 00
High School Inspector, traveling expenses.....	..	450 00
Total.....	..	\$59,102 00

**SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT RECEIVED AID BASED ON SPECIAL TAX SCHOLASTIC
YEAR 1910-11.**

Appropriation, \$50,000.00.

Name of Co.	Name of District.	No. of District.	Date of Payment.	Amount.
Abbeville	Lone Forest	26	4/ 5	\$80 11
Abbeville	Central	34	4/ 5	62 15
Anderson	Pendleton	2	3/28	100 00
Anderson	Rock Mills	5	3/28	100 00
Anderson	Williamston	8	3/28	100 00
Anderson	Corner	13	3/28	100 00
Anderson	Concrete	19	4/18	100 00
Anderson	Calhoun	29	3/28	89 88
Anderson	Three-and-Twenty	32	6/30	100 00
Anderson	Long Branch	33	3/28	100 00
Anderson	Cleveland	36	4/18	100 00
Anderson	Oak Grove	39	3/28	100 00
Anderson	Good Hope	43	3/28	100 00
Anderson	Bethel	55	3/28	100 00
Anderson	Beaverdam	56	3/28	100 00
Anderson	Neal's Creek	60	4/18	100 00
Anderson	Grove	65	6/30	100 00
Calhoun		5	3/28	100 00
Calhoun		18	5/ 2	64 04
Calhoun		19	3/28	100 00
Chesterfield	Lewis	47	4/ 5	30 68
Darlington	Darlington	2	4/25	100 00
Dillon	Manning	18	5/29	100 00
Edgefield	Prescott	33	3/28	70 44
Edgefield	Bacon	34	3/28	100 00
Greenville	Gowansville (Joint)	14-D	3/28	87 27
Hampton	Garnett	2	4/18	100 00
Hampton	Furman	21	3/28	100 00
Kershaw	(Joint)	46	4/18	100 00
Lancaster	New Bethel	10	4/18	100 00
Lancaster	Tabernacle	11	5/15	83 00
Lancaster	Primus	24	4/25	100 00
Lancaster	Taxahaw	27	5/15	100 00
Lancaster	Antioch	49	5/15	100 00
Laurens	Sullivans	6	4/ 5	100 00
Lee	Egypt	29	3/28	36 00
Lexington	Ridge Road	16	3/28	79 77
Marion	Temperance	27	3/28	100 00
Marion	Pine Hill	28	3/28	100 00
Marion	Spring Branch	30	3/28	100 00
Marion	Zion	31	3/28	100 00
Marion	Millers	32	3/28	100 00
Marion	Pleasant Hill	33	4/ 5	100 00
Marion	Wahee	43	3/28	75 00
Marion	Oakton	50	4/ 5	90 00
Marlboro	Brightsville	7	3/28	100 00
Marlboro	Irby	22	3/28	87 20
Newberry	Silver Street	58	6/28	82 04
Oconee	West Union	27	6/28	100 00
Orangeburg	West Hebron	60	3/28	78 63
Pickens	Johnston	10	6/ 8	100 00
Pickens	Dacusville	17	3 28	100 00
Pickens	Gates	22	3/28	47 43
Saluda	Cool Spring	30	3/28	72 46
Saluda	Richland	38	4/18	52 80
Saluda	Sumter	43	4/ 5	29 46
Spartanburg	Stone	19	3/28	100 00
Spartanburg	Shoaly	36	3/28	100 00
Spartanburg	Carlisle	57	4/ 5	100 00
Spartanburg	Tyger River	57	3/28	100 00
Williamsburg	Lake	14	3/28	97 73
Williamsburg	Union	18	3/28	67 30
Williamsburg	High Hill	20	3/28	68 46
Williamsburg	Cameron	21	3/28	74 75
Williamsburg	Greeleyville	22	3/28	100 00
Williamsburg	Cades	25	3/28	100 00
Williamsburg	Heyward	27	3/28	100 00
Williamsburg	Rough Branch	31	3/28	100 00
Williamsburg	Earle	36	3/28	100 00
Williamsburg	Nesmith	37	3/28	47 52
Williamsburg		39	3/28	70 00
Williamsburg		40	3/28	100 00
Williamsburg	Trio	41	3/28	100 00
York	Santiago	41	4/ 5	83 03
Total.....				\$6,606 58

**SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT RECEIVED AID BASED ON SPECIAL TAX SCHOLASTIC
YEAR 1911-12.**

• Appropriation, \$60,000.00.—(Continued.)

Anderson County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 1, 1911.	Pendleton	2	\$100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	St. Paul	4	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Rock Mills	5	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Anderson	17	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Concrete	19	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Long Branch	33	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Oak Grove	39	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Ebenezer	45	94 90
Dec. 1, 1911.	Piercetown	54	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Bethel	55	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Central	58	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Neal's Creek	60	100 00
Total.....			\$1,194 90

Bamberg County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 8, 1911.	Three-Mile	4	\$100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Hutto	6	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Salem	9	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	St. Johns	10	83 20
Nov. 8, 1911.	Cuffie Creek	17	54 84
Nov. 8, 1911.	Clear Pond	19	94 54
Total.....			\$532 00

Calhoun County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 8, 1911.	4	\$100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	5	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	6	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	7	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	10	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	11	89 67
Nov. 8, 1911.	12	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	13	78 42
Nov. 8, 1911.	14	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	15	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	17	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	18	72 22
Nov. 8, 1911.	19	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	20	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	3	85 28
Total.....			1,425 89

Cherokee County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 22, 1911.	Rock Springs	7	\$66 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Ross Grove	31	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	Gowdysville	22	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	Beaver Dam	26	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	Ashworth	23	97 08
Total.....			\$463 00

Chesterfield County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 1, 1911.	Pat's Branch	7	\$91 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Shiloh	11	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Stafford	13	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	White Oak	15	44 68
Dec. 1, 1911.	Palmetto	16	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Bay Springs	21	80 20
Dec. 1, 1911.	Wamble Hill	22	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Parker	26	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Mt. Croghan	28	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Snow Hill	31	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Marburg	41	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Lewis	47	28 29
Dec. 1, 1911.	Cat Pond	48	34 28
Dec. 1, 1911.	Onsley	49	100 00
Total.....		..	\$1,187 45

Clarendon County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 8, 1911.	Santee	5	\$100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Brewington	11	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Black River	14	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	New Zion	15	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Pudding Swamp	16	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Sandy Grove	17	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Pine Grove	20	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Douglass	21	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	McFadden	24	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Davis Station	26	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Trinity	27	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Sardinia	28	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Clarendon	29	100 00
Total.....		..	\$1,300 00

Colleton County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 1, 1911.	Rice Patch	6	\$100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Red Bank	47	100 00
Total.....		..	\$200 00

Dorchester County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 9, 1911.	Reevesville	2	\$100 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Koger Township	3	100 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Grover	4	100 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Pine Grove (George Township).....	7	100 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Harleyville	9	100 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Ridgeville	12	100 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Dorchester Special	15	58 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Stallville	16	91 50
Nov. 9, 1911.	White Pond	17	82 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Carn Township	19	83 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Pregnall	20	100 00
Nov. 9, 1911.	Indian Fields	21	78 75
Nov. 9, 1911.	Sand Ridge	23	56 73
Nov. 9, 1911.	Koger Township	24	85 00
Total.....		..	\$1,230 00

Edgefield County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 22, 1911.	Red Hill	3	\$100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Flat Rock	4	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Collins	5	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	White Town	7	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Clark's Hill	19	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Wards	20	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Moss	22	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Edgefield	25	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Parksville	26	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Prescott	33	65 28
Nov. 22, 1911.	Bacon	34	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Long Cane	35	100 00
Total.....			\$1,165 28

Greenville County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 22, 1911.	Double Springs	11D	\$93 46

Greenwood County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 1, 1911.	McCord	5	\$83 05
Dec. 1, 1911.	Troy	27	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Lyon	30	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Phoenix	37	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Fellowship	39	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Hibler	45	78 75
Dec. 1, 1911.	Leath	48	100 00
Total.....			\$661 80

Hampton County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 10, 1911.	Miley	1	\$100 00
Nov. 10, 1911.	Garnett	2	100 00
Nov. 10, 1911.	Tuten	3	100 00
Nov. 10, 1911.	Early Branch	4	100 00
Nov. 10, 1911.	Varnville	16	100 00
Nov. 10, 1911.	Rice	17	100 00
Nov. 10, 1911.	Estill	18	100 00
Nov. 10, 1911.	Furman	21	100 00
Total.....			\$800 00

Horry County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 7, 1911.	Rehoboth	8	\$96 88
Nov. 7, 1911.	Athens	6	69 42
Nov. 7, 1911.	Green Sea	7	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Socastee	11	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Withers	13	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Centenary	14	79 72
Nov. 7, 1911.	Shaw Branch	15	28 45
Nov. 7, 1911.	Wannamaker	17	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Loris	16	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Alma	20	94 48
Nov. 7, 1911.	White Oak	21	44 80
Nov. 7, 1911.	Cedar Grove	24	89 75
Nov. 7, 1911.	Gurley	25	63 61
Nov. 7, 1911.	Cool Spring	26	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Zion	27	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Powell	29	63 46
Nov. 7, 1911.	Princeville	30	47 64
Nov. 7, 1911.	Finkle	33	81 80
Nov. 7, 1911.	Grassy Bay	36	54 67
Nov. 7, 1911.	Hickory Hill	38	42 37
Nov. 7, 1911.	Huler Island	43	34 04
Nov. 7, 1911.	Tilley Swamp	45	86 92
Nov. 7, 1911.	Red Hill	47	45 72
Nov. 7, 1911.	Red Bluff	49	41 88
Nov. 7, 1911.	Floyds	50	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Bransville	51	25 20
Nov. 7, 1911.	Allen	53	58 52
Nov. 7, 1911.	Sanford	56	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	High Point	59	55 84
Nov. 7, 1911.	Muster Shed	60	84 19
Nov. 7, 1911.	Wampee	61	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Savannah Bluff	62	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Rehoboth	63	50 23
Nov. 7, 1911.	Camp Swamp	66	34 75
Nov. 7, 1911.	Homewood	68	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Maple	69	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Poplar	70	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Leon	72	26 29
Nov. 7, 1911.	Four-Mile	74	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Virgo	75	21 63
Nov. 7, 1911.	Toddville	76	89 82
Nov. 7, 1911.	Strawfield	77	54 34
Nov. 7, 1911.	Bucks Port	79	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Spring Branch	80	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Salem	81	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Watts	85	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Seven-Mile	89	53 77
Nov. 7, 1911.	Pleasant Hill	91	21 04
Nov. 7, 1911.	Vaught	92	59 40
Nov. 7, 1911.	Oak Grove	94	28 98
Nov. 7, 1911.	Carolina	97	87 35
Total.....		..	\$3,617 46

Kershaw County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 1, 1911.	6	\$100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	7	81 88
Dec. 1, 1911.	12	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	13	100 00
Dec. 2, 1911.	15	91 00
Dec. 2, 1911.	18	100 00
Dec. 2, 1911.	21	89 00
Dec. 2, 1911.	27	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	1	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	17	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	22	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	24	92 55
Dec. 14, 1911.	26	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	28	28 00
Total.....		..	\$1,230 43

Lancaster County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 22, 1911.	Barberville	1	\$65 58
Nov. 22, 1911.	Pleasant Valley	2	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Belair	3	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Riverside	7	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Craigsville	8	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	New Bethel	10	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Tabernacle	11	87 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Camp Creek	15	69 11
Nov. 22, 1911.	Union	19	99 42
Nov. 22, 1911.	Oak Hill	20	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Fork Hill	25	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Taxahaw	27	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Dry Creek	36	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Oakhurst	39	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Midway	42	55 62
Nov. 22, 1911.	Flat Creek	43	60 18
Nov. 22, 1911.	Antioch	49	100 00
Total.....			\$1,536 91

Laurens County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 7, 1911.	Cross Hill	1	\$100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Dials	1	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Dials	2	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Dials	6	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Dials	7	65 46
Nov. 7, 1911.	Hunter	8	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Hunter	8	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Laurens	2	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Sullivans	3	88 39
Nov. 7, 1911.	Sullivans	4	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Sullivans	5	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Waterloo	1	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Waterloo	2	55 69
Nov. 7, 1911.	Waterloo	3	88 65
Nov. 7, 1911.	Waterloo	4	40 28
Nov. 7, 1911.	Waterloo	7	72 82
Nov. 7, 1911.	Youngs	1	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Youngs	2	100 00
Nov. 7, 1911.	Youngs	3	88 99
Total.....			\$1,089 68

Lee County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 22, 1911.	Cedar Creek	2	\$100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Schrock's Mill	4	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Ready Branch	5	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Mt. Clio	10	88 48
Nov. 22, 1911.	Harmony	11	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Hebron	18	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Wisacky	25	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Rock Hill	26	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Ionia	28	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Egypt	29	89 70
Nov. 22, 1911.	St. Charles	31	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	Sylvan	23	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	Beaverdam	27	100 00
Total.....			\$1,273 18

Lexington County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 22, 1911.	Center	7	\$49 71
Nov. 22, 1911.	Pond Branch	13	42 16
Nov. 22, 1911.	Liberty Hill	23	36 21
Nov. 22, 1911.	Pelion	25	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Black Creek	26	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Athens	34	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Calvary	42	60 50
Nov. 22, 1911.	Pine Ridge	48	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Piney Woods	50	77 82
Nov. 22, 1911.	Ballentine	52	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Cedar Grove	63	58 64
Nov. 22, 1911.	Old Field	71	65 42
Nov. 22, 1911.	Macedon	75	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Gaston	76	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Boiling Springs	79	85 29
Nov. 22, 1911.	St. Johns (Special)	83	59 84
Nov. 22, 1911.	Camp Branch	84	29 19
Nov. 22, 1911.	Bull Swamp	85	45 24
Total.....			\$1,254 52

Marion County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 22, 1911.	Spring Branch	30	\$100 0
Nov. 22, 1911.	Millers	32	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Gapway	39	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Mars Bluff	42	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Wahee	43	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Palmer	46	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Bay	48	50 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Oakton	50	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Scotch	57	100 00
Total.....			\$850 00

Marlboro County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 16, 1911.	Brownsville	1	\$100 00
Nov. 16, 1911.	Boykin	11	100 00
Nov. 16, 1911.	Lester	14	100 00
Nov. 16, 1911.	Willis	18	100 00
Nov. 16, 1911.	Hebron	19	100 00
Nov. 16, 1911.	Irby	22	80 26
Nov. 16, 1911.	Pee Dee	23	57 65
Nov. 16, 1911.	Key	24	100 00
Nov. 16, 1911.	Ebenzer	25	100 00
Nov. 16, 1911.	Debora	30	70 63
Nov. 16, 1911.	Smith	31	100 00
Nov. 16, 1911.	Beauty Spot	33	100 00
Total.....			\$1,108 54

Oconee County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 22, 1911.	Providence	3	\$100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Hopewell	11	93 78
Nov. 22, 1911.	Clearmont	18	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Richland	19	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Oak Grove	22	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Neville	25	47 78
Nov. 22, 1911.	Stone Church	32	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Wolf Stake	35	60 96
Nov. 22, 1911.	High Falls	36A	34 58
Nov. 22, 1911.	High Falls	36B	41 74
Nov. 22, 1911.	Fall Branch	39	25 14
Nov. 22, 1911.	Tamassee	45	37 98
Nov. 22, 1911.	Whetstone	53	40 50
Nov. 22, 1911.	Double Springs	54	52 48
Nov. 22, 1911.	Rich Mountain	57	11 31
Nov. 22, 1911.	Brewer	64	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Oconee Station	65	15 33
Nov. 22, 1911.	Red Hill	73	78 76
Nov. 22, 1911.	Crawford	74	28 46
Nov. 22, 1911.	Madison	75	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Smeltzer	76	20 48
Dec. 14, 1911.	Zion	24	48 62
Dec. 14, 1911.	Ebenezer	69	100 00
Total.....			\$1,446 96

Orangeburg County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 6, 1911.	Four Holes	3	\$99 87
Dec. 6, 1911.	East Goodland	4	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Eutaw	6	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Goodby	11	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	West Providence	12	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	East Providence	13	90 68
Dec. 6, 1911.	North New Hope	20	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	West Middle	21	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	East Middle	22	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	North Middle	23	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	East Orangeburg	24	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	City	26	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	West Orange	27	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	North Orange	28	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	South Goodland	37	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	North Goodland	38	75 28
Dec. 6, 1911.	South Hebron	40	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	East Willow	43	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	North Willow	44	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Cope	46	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	East Union	47	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	North Zion	48	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	South Zion	49	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	East Liberty	55	60 66
Dec. 6, 1911.	West Hebron	60	76 35
Dec. 6, 1911.	Woodford	64	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Neeses	68	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Norway	71	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	St. George	74	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Cordova	75	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Middle Willow	76	35 91
Dec. 6, 1911.	Limestone	78	59 13
Dec. 6, 1911.	Houser	82	76 53
Dec. 6, 1911.	Reeds	86	78 73
Total.....			\$3,153 19

Pickens County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 22, 1911.	Croswell	1	\$100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Zion	3	88 09
Nov. 22, 1911.	Flat Rock	4	82 35
Nov. 22, 1911.	Johnston	10	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Reunion	12	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Mauldin	14	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Farrs	16	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Dacusville	17	100 00
Nov. 22, 1911.	Maynard	18	62 91
Nov. 22, 1911.	Cedar Rock	19	94 76
Nov. 22, 1911.	Bethlehem	20	63 99
Nov. 22, 1911.	Gates	22	47 17
Nov. 22, 1911.	Long Branch	23	40 77
Nov. 22, 1911.	Garvin	24	63 44
Nov. 22, 1911.	Kings	25	89 88
Nov. 22, 1911.	Six-Mile	27	63 28
Nov. 22, 1911.	Glassy Mountain	32	61 96
Nov. 22, 1911.	Ambler	37	74 06
Nov. 22, 1911.	Hagood	38	49 34
Nov. 22, 1911.	Mile Creek	41	57 35
Nov. 22, 1911.	Keowee	42	48 67
Nov. 22, 1911.	Cane Creek	52	18 53
Nov. 22, 1911.	Laurel Fork	53	14 67
Nov. 22, 1911.	Montvale	56	53 57
Total.....			\$1,620 41

Saluda County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Nov. 8, 1911.	Butler	2	\$83 88
Nov. 8, 1911.	Union	4	04 68
Nov. 8, 1911.	Corinth	6	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Holly	7	88 77
Nov. 8, 1911.	Cleveland	10	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Indian Creek	11	77 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Pleasant Grove	12	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Centennial	13	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Zoar	14	90 68
Nov. 8, 1911.	Wards	17	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Sardis	19	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Trinity	20	67 74
Nov. 8, 1911.	Merchant	21	84 30
Nov. 8, 1911.	Fruit Hill	23	80 12
Nov. 8, 1911.	Fairview	25	58 60
Nov. 8, 1911.	Watson	26	85 74
Nov. 8, 1911.	Tillman	28	74 34
Nov. 8, 1911.	Norris	29	86 62
Nov. 8, 1911.	Cool Spring	30	73 62
Nov. 8, 1911.	Good Hope	31	78 04
Nov. 8, 1911.	Emory	37	90 10
Nov. 8, 1911.	Richland	38	46 90
Nov. 8, 1911.	Pine Grove	39	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Hope	40	98 94
Nov. 8, 1911.	Willow Branch	41	69 69
Nov. 8, 1911.	Sumter	43	42 14
Nov. 8, 1911.	Providence	46	100 00
Nov. 8, 1911.	Suddath	47	59 42
Dec. 14, 1911.	Ridge Spring	3	100 00
Total.....		..	\$2,431 32

Spartanburg County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 6, 1911.	Fairview	3	\$100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Hall	6	72 12
Dec. 6, 1911.	Pauline	20	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	White Stone	25	97 10
Dec. 6, 1911.	Center Point	30	86 62
Dec. 6, 1911.	Victor	55	33 75
Dec. 6, 1911.	Peru	63	92 34
Dec. 6, 1911.	Rich Hill	68	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Nesbitt	86	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Hobbysville	88	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Lanham	91	100 00
Dec. 6, 1911.	Bethesda	92	100 00
Total.....		..	\$1,081 28

Union County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 1, 1911.	Rocky Creek	13	\$100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Cedar Hill	16	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	West Springs	17	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Oakland	20	100 00
Dec. 14, 1911.	Putman	22	100 00
Total.....		..	\$500 00

Williamsburg County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 1, 1911.	Turkey	8	\$59 75
Dec. 1, 1911.	Lake	14	81 45
Dec. 1, 1911.	Cades	25	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Heyward	27	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Cedar Swamp	28	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Pergamos	29	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Earle	36	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	.. ..	40	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Spring Branch	43	48 55
Dec. 1, 1911.	Wee Nee	46	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Belser's Cross Roads	47	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Retreat	48	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	.. ..	49	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Mulberry	50	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Turkey Creek	51	76 43
Total.....		..	1,365 18

York County.

Date Paid.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.
Dec. 1, 1911.	Bethesda	6	\$100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	McConnellsville	13	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Bullock's Creek	15	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Filbert	21	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Concord	27	88 05
Dec. 1, 1911.	Newport	36	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Gold Hill	39	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Santiago	41	76 96
Dec. 1, 1911.	Eastview	43	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Smyrna	44	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Friendship	45	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Catawba Junction	46	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Sutton Springs	47	85 85
Dec. 1, 1911.	Miller	48	100 00
Dec. 1, 1911.	Cotton Belt	49	100 00
Total.....		..	\$1,450 86
Grand Total.....		..	\$42,501 12

SUMMARY 8.—SCHOOL BUILDINGS APPROVED BY THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

County.	Date.	Name of School.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount of State Appropriation.	Total Cost of Building.
Abbeville	8/ 1	McCormick	McCormick	13	\$300 00	\$10,000 00
Aiken	7/29	Kitching Mill (Consolidated) .....	.....	5-56	300 00	3,000 00
Aiken	8/ 1	Good Hope	Pine Forest	43	55 00	500 00
Anderson	7/29	Welcome	Beaverdam	56	300 00	1,200 00
Anderson	6/12	Central	Central	58	85 00	840 00
Anderson	3/10	Neal's Creek	Neal's Creek	60	300 00	1,200 00
Anderson	7/29	Airy Springs (Consolidated)	Airy Springs	64	350 00	1,500 00
Anderson	3/10	Grove	Grove	65	300 00	1,200 00
Barnwell	3/10	Elko Graded	Elko	28	300 00	4,550 00
Beaufort	6/13	Port Royal Graded..	Port Royal	9	800 00	6,000 00
Berkeley	5/ 6	Bethera	Bethera	3	100 00	450 00
Berkeley	5/15	Pinopolis Graded ...	Pinopolis	12	300 00	1,600 00
Calhoun	5/ 2	St. Matthews Graded	St. Matthews	8	300 00	15,000 00
Cherokee	6/13	Macedonia (Consolidated)	Macedonia	14	100 00	300 00
Clarendon	5/15	Haley	Mt. Zion	10	300 00	1,200 00
Clarendon	7/ 3	Middle Grove (Consolidated)	Black River	14	350 00	1,500 00
Clarendon	7/27	Home Branch (Consolidated)	Sammy Swamp	13	250 00	800 00
Clarendon	7/ 3	Morris	Clarendon	29	237 50	950 00
Darlington	8/ 1	Darlington	Darlington City	2	300 00	1,500 00
Dillon	7/27	Page's Mill (Consolidated)	Page's Mill	14	350 00	6,000 00
Dorchester	5/24	White Pond	Indian Fields	17	250 00	1,000 00
Edgefield	3/10	Colliers	Colliers	5	200 00	1,000 00
Edgefield	3/27	Bethlehem	Clark's Hill	19	300 00	1,200 00
Florence	3/10	Palmetto	Palmetto	2	150 00	700 00
Florence	3/10	Ebenezer	Ebenezer	13	300 00	4,500 00
Georgetown	8/10	Carver's Bay Graded (Consolidated)	Carver's Bay	23	350 00	2,500 00
Greenwood	4/ 1	Union	Callison	31	300 00	1,500 00
Hampton	8/10	Early Branch (Consolidated)	Early Branch	4	350 00	1,300 00
Hampton	4/ 1	Pinelevel	Gillisonville	8	165 00	560 00
Hampton	7/27	Hampton High	Hampton	15	300 00	10,000 00
Hampton	7/31	Varnville	Varnville	16	300 00	8,800 00
Hampton	5/22	Luray	Rice	17	300 00	1,500 00
Hampton	8/10	Estill	Estill	18	300 00	10,000 00
Horry	7/27	Whittamore (col.)...	Burroughs	19	300 00	2,500 00
Horry	7/27	Cedar Grove	Cedar Grove	24	200 00	800 00
Horry	7/31	Princeville	Princeville	30	177 83	800 00
Horry	7/27	Poplar	Poplar	70	112 50	800 00
Horry	7/31	Mt. Herman	Mt. Herman	73	110 35	700 00
Kershaw	7/27	Malvern Hill	Number One	1	235 00	940 00
Kershaw	8/10	Westville (Consolidated)	Number Eight	8	350 00	1,300 00
Kershaw	7/27	Brannon	Number Fifteen	15	130 00	529 00
Kershaw	7/29	DeKalb	Number Nineteen	19	300 00	1,500 00
Lancaster	4/ 1	Pleasant Valley	Pleasant Valley	2	300 00	1,250 00
Lancaster	7/ 5	Van Wyck	Van Wyck	5	150 00	1,100 00
Lancaster*	8/24	Sims	Camp Creek	15	30 48	1,000 00
Lancaster	8/ 1	Pleasant Plain	Pleasant Plain	33	300 00	1,550 00
Lancaster	4/18	Unity	Unity	48	300 00	1,700 00
Laurens	8/10	Rocky Mound	Waterloo No. 1.....	1	125 00	500 00
Laurens	7/ 3	Pine Bluff	Cross Hill	2	175 00	700 00
Laurens	7/ 6	Palmetto	Hunter	2	200 00	700 00
Laurens	7/ 3	Hurricane	Hurricane	15	300 00	1,200 00
Lee	7/ 3	Ashland	Ashland	19	150 00	600 00
Lexington	8/ 1	Center	Center	7	70 00	280 00
Lexington	3/27	Pond Branch	Pond Branch	13	124 34	497 36
Lexington	7/29	New Brookland	New Brookland	29	800 00	10,720 98

*Appropriation exhausted with this payment.

SUMMARY 2.—SCHOOL BUILDINGS APPROVED BY STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.—Con.

County.	Date.	Name of School.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount of State Appropriation.	Total Cost of Building.
Lexington	5/18	Cedar Grove	Cedar Grove			\$800 00
Marlboro	7/27	Brownsville	Brownsville			3,100 00
Marlboro	7/27	Key	Key			3,100 00
Marlboro	4/18	Dyer's Hill	Dyer's Hill			640 00
Oconee	5/18	Bethlehem (Consolidated)	Bethlehem			355 00
Orangeburg	7/27	Putawville	Eutawville			1,372 00
Orangeburg	7/27	McAlhany	South Branchville			1,250 00
Orangeburg	8/12	Pine Grove	West Orange			1,000 00
Orangeburg	8/10	South Goodland (Consolidated)	South Goodland			1,325 00
Orangeburg	5/17	North Willow (Consolidated)	North Willow			1,800 00
Orangeburg	5/20	Cordova	Cordova			1,407 00
Pickens	4/ 4	Oolenoy	Oolenoy			1,373 00
Pickens	5/12	Mountvale	Mountvale			600 00
Richland	5/15	Palmetto	Palmetto			1,300 00
Spartanburg	7/27	Oakland Avenue	Spartanburg City			40,000 00
Spartanburg	5/ 2	Switzer	Switzer			800 00
Spartanburg	7/27	Turner	Mary Louise			500 00
Spartanburg	6/ 2	Lanham	Lanham			1,200 00
Union	5/15	Mt. Tabor	Pinkney			400 00
Union	5/20	Cross Keys	Cross Keys			2,500 00
Union	8/10	Kelly (Consolidated)	Kelly			1,500 00
Union	4/18	Putman	Putman			500 00
Union	4/18	West Springs	West Springs			1,200 00
Williamsburg	5/22	New Zion	Lee			1,000 00
York	5/25	Oakridge	Oakridge			1,350 00
York	3/10	Highland Park	Rock Hill			2,000 00
York	7/27	Mill	Catawba Junction			1,200 00

Eighty-two buildings in thirty-two counties.—State appropriation \$20,000.00. Total value of new buildings \$208,314.34.

PUBLIC SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

Appropriation, \$5,000.00.

This fund is paid out by the State Superintendent of Education in \$5.00 and \$10.00 amounts. Checks are mailed to the County Superintendents to be deposited with the County Treasurer, and warrants to cover all library claims are issued by the County Superintendent for the benefit of the respective schools.

To December 20, payments for libraries aggregated \$1,195.00. The State Board of Education also appropriated \$3,000.00 of the unexpended library balance to be awarded in prizes by the South Carolina School Improvement Association. Checks covering these awards were mailed to County Superintendents on December 19.

**PRIZES AWARDED FOR SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AS REPORTED BY THE PRESIDENT OF
THE SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.**

County.	Name of School.	Number of District.	Amount.
Barnwell	Elko	28	\$100 00
Chesterfield	Pageland	43	100 00
Clarendon	Paxville	19	100 00
Florence	Ebenezer	13	100 00
York	Sharon	20	100 00
Greenwood	Union	31	100 00
Laurens	Hurricane	15	100 00
Orangeburg	North Willow	44	100 00
Colleton	Hendersonville	22	100 00
Lancaster	Unity	48	100 00
Anderson	Neal's Creek	30	50 00
Anderson	Hopewell	7	50 00
Anderson	Lebanon	27	50 00
Anderson	Welcome	56	50 00
Anderson	Cedar Grove	30	50 00
Anderson	Viola	8	50 00
Anderson	Airy Springs	64	50 00
Bamberg	White Point	4	50 00
Berkeley	Pinopolis	12	50 00
Cherokee	McKown Mountain	20	50 00
Clarendon	Deep Creek	10	50 00
Dillon	Kintire	6	50 00
Dillon	Hamer	7	50 00
Dorchester	Pine Hill	25	50 00
Dorchester	White Pond	17	50 00
Edgefield	Bethlehem	19	50 00
Edgefield	Harmony	34	50 00
Greenville	Mountain View	11-H	50 00
Greenville	Hillside	8-A	50 00
Horry	Withers	13	50 00
Horry	Simpson	39	50 00
Horry	Aynor	26	50 00
Horry	Oak Grove	94	50 00
Horry	Loris	18	50 00
Kershaw	Malvern Hill	1	50 00
Lancaster	Pleasant Valley	2	50 00
Lee	Ionia	28	50 00
Lexington	Cedar Grove	63	50 00
Orangeburg	New South Goodland	36	50 00
Orangeburg	Cordova	75	50 00
Pickens	Mount Vale	56	50 00
Richland	Palmetto Mill	16	50 00
Spartanburg	Motlow Creek	5	50 00
Union	West Springs	17	50 00
Williamsburg	Spring Bank	43	50 00
Williamsburg	Trio	41	50 00
York	Friendship	45	50 00
York	Catawba Junction	46	50 00
York	Oak Ridge	1	50 00
York	Smyrna	44	50 00
Totals.....		..	\$3,000 00

SUMMARY 10.—DISTRICTS WITH OUTSTANDING BONDS.

County.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.	Tax for Bonds.	Date of Issue.
Abbeville	Willington	11	\$1,500 00	2	1909
Abbeville	Abbeville	22	15,000 00	3	1892
Abbeville	Abbeville	22	20,000 00	3	1909
Aiken	Schultz High School.....	1(66)	10,000 00	2	1910
Aiken	Salley	47	4,000 00	2	1909
Aiken	North Augusta	66	10,000 00	2	1908
Anderson	College	20	8,000 00	2	1905
Anderson	Cedar Grove	30	2,500 00	2	1910
Anderson	Starr	37	6,000 00	3½	1909
Anderson	Iva	44	10,000 00	2½	1909
Anderson	Zion	53	.....	2	1909
Bamberg	Bamberg	14	6,000 00	3	1908
Bamberg	Denmark	21	15,000 00	2½	1908
Barnwell	Elko	28	6,000 00	3	1910
Barnwell	Williston	29	12,000 00	2½	1910
Barnwell	Fairfax	44	5,000 00	2½	1908
Barnwell	Barnwell	45	5,000 00	1	.....
Beaufort .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Berkeley	Pinopolis	12	600 00	.....	.....
Calhoun .....	.....	8	15,000 00	2	1910
Calhoun .....	.....	14	7,500 00	2½	1909
Calhoun .....	.....	17	800 00	1½	1911
Charleston .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cherokee	Gaffney	10	25,000 00	1	.....
Chester	Court House	1	.....	.....	.....
Chester	Lowryville	22	.....	.....	.....
Chesterfield	Jefferson	9	7,000 00	4	1905
Chesterfield	Chesterfield	18	8,000 00	3	1907
Chesterfield	Pageland	48	8,500 00	5	1910
Clarendon	Pinewood	1	15,000 00	3	1906
Clarendon	Manning	9	49,000 00	4½	1907
Clarendon	Summerton	22	18,000 00	5	1908
Colleton .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Darlington	Lamar	6	6,000 00	3½	1909
Darlington	High Hill	12	1,000 00	3	1907
Darlington	Hartsville	32	20,000 00	3	1907
Dillon	Dillon	8	8,000 00	2	1901
Dillon	Latta	20	14,000 00	3	1905
Dillon	Fork	26	3,000 00	3	1906
Dorchester	St. George	5	8,000 00	5	1907
Dorchester	St. George	5	7,000 00	5	1908
Dorchester	St. George	5	6,000 00	5	1909
Edgefield .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fairfield .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florence	Florence	1	35,000 00	.....	.....
Florence	Timmons ville	16	20,500 00	4	1909
Florence	Hannah	18	1,500 00	4	1910
Florence	Hyman	19	2,400 00	4	1909
Florence	Olanta	21	4,521 50	4	1909
Georgetown	Winyah School	5	35,000 00	1½	.....
Georgetown	Georgetown .....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgetown	Rosemary	8A	5,000 00	6	.....
Greenville	Fountain Inn	8B	.....	.....	.....
Greenville	Simpsonville	5D	.....	.....	.....
Greenville	Greer	9H	.....	.....	.....
Greenville	Greenville	17	.....	.....	.....
Greenwood	Ninety-Six	13	12,000 00	1	1908
Greenwood	Greenwood	18	18,000 00	1	1908
Greenwood	Greenwood	18	7,000 00	1	1902
Greenwood	Greenwood	18	15,000 00	1	1908
Hampton	Brunson	14	10,000 00	2	.....
Horry .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kershaw	Camden	1	18,000 00	3	1908
Kershaw	Kershaw (Joint)	40	12,000 00	3	1905
Lancaster	Kershaw	10	10,000 00	3	1905
Lancaster	Lancaster	15	15,000 00	1½	1902
Laurens	Hunter	5	12,500 00	3	1910
Laurens	Lanford	10	2,200 00	2	1910
Laurens	Laurens	11	49,000 00	3	1907
Laurens	Cross Hill	13	26,000 00	1	1905

SUMMARY 10.—DISTRICT WITH OUTSTANDING BONDS.—Con.

County.	Name of District.	Number of District.	Amount.	Tax for Bonds.	Date of Issue.
Lee	Bishopville	1	11,000 00	2	1903-4
Lexington ...	New Brookland	29	10,190 98	.....	1909
Marion	Mullins	34	15,000 00	3	.....
Marion	Marion	36	12,000 00	4	.....
Marlboro	Brownsville	1	2,500 00	4	1910
Marlboro	Tatum	5	8,000 00	4	1907
Marlboro	Clio	9	10,000 00	4	1902
Marlboro	Bennettsville	10	35,000 00	2½	1910
Marlboro	McColl	12	20,000 00	2½	1911
Marlboro	Key	24	2,500 00	.....	1910
Newberry	Newberry	1	40,000 00	4	1909
Newberry	Prosperity	14	5,000 00	2½	1904
Newberry	Little Mountain	30	5,000 00	4½	1908
Newberry	Whitmire	52	6,000 00	2	1905
Oconee	Westminster	17	10,000 00	1	1900
Oconee	Westminster	17	5,000 00	1	1909
Oconee	Seneca	63	15,425 00	2	1908
Orangeburg ..	Holly Hill	8	4,000 00	4	1908
Orangeburg ..	Branchville	18	8,000 00	2	1904
Orangeburg ..	City	26	30,000 00	1	1891
Orangeburg ..	North	34	8,000 00	2	1909
Orangeburg ..	Springfield	36	8,000 00	2	1905
Orangeburg ..	Bowman	65	5,000 00	2	1906
Orangeburg ..	Elloree	70	8,500 00	2	1905
Pickens	Central	9	10,000 00	4	1909
Pickens	Liberty	11	10,000 00	2½	1907
Pickens	Easley	13	17,000 00	3	1904
Pickens	Pickens	31	7,000 00	5	1904
Richland .....	.....	12	20,000 00	2	1909
Richland .....	.....	16	10,000 00	2	1911
Saluda	Saluda	1	5,000 00	.....	1908
Saluda	Providence	46	800 00	.....	1908
Spartanburg ..	Inman	28	8,000 00	.....	1907
Spartanburg ..	Woodruff	33	20,000 00	.....	1889
Spartanburg ..	Spartanburg	34	72,000 00	.....	1897
Spartanburg ..	Landrum	45	4,000 00	.....	1901
Spartanburg ..	Cowpens	50	.....	.....	1906
Spartanburg ..	Duncan	75	2,000 00	.....	1904
Spartanburg ..	Greer	79	10,000 00	3	1904
Sumter	Rafting Creek	8	3,500 00	1	.....
Sumter	Sumter	17	48,000 00	.....	.....
Sumter	Mayesville	18	7,000 00	2½	.....
Union	Union (Special)	11	30,000 00	3	1909
Union	Jonesville	12	10,000 00	2½	1903-8
Williamsburg ..	Lake City	15	12,000 00	4	.....
Williamsburg ..	Kingstree	16	10,000 00	2	.....
Williamsburg ..	Greeleyville	22	10,500 00	3	.....
York	Yorkville	11	12,500 00	.....	1902
York	Sharon	20	5,000 00	.....	1911
York	Fort Mill	28	10,000 00	.....	1911
York	Clover	37	10,000 00	.....	1910
Totals.....		115	\$1,316,987 48	.....	.....

Note.—Many cities and towns have issued municipal bonds whose proceeds have been used for school purposes. Some of the amounts contained in this report are of this kind, but many issues of this nature were omitted in the reports from the several counties.

The data concerning bonds are difficult to secure, because permanent records are seldom kept.

SUMMARY 11.—RECAPITULATION.

Public Schools—White: Town, 359; country, 2,312; State, 2,672. Negro: Town, 219; country, 2,182; State, 2,401.
 Public Schoolhouses—White, 2,399; negro, 1,777. Total, 4,176.
 Private Buildings Used for Public Schools—White, 154; negro, 609. Total, 763.
 Value of Schoolhouses and Grounds—White, \$3,109,022.55; negro, \$428,712.68. Total, \$3,537,735.23.
 Value of School Equipment—White, \$315,318.88; negro, \$35,414.12. Total, \$350,733.00.
 Buildings receiving State aid during the year, 82.
 White Teachers—Men, 831; women, 2,424. Total, 3,255.
 Negro Teachers—Men, 812; women, 1,940. Total, 2,752.
 White Enrollment—
 Town: Boys, 31,170; girls, 32,421. Total, 63,591.
 Country: Boys, 42,176; girls, 48,063. Total, 90,239.
 State: Boys, 90,846; girls, 90,484. Total, 181,330.
 Negro Enrollment—

50.
70.

total, \$2,102,512.41.

Average Expenditures Per Pupil—White, \$12.03; negro, \$1.71; both races, \$5.96.
 Average Weeks Session—
 White: Town, 23; country, 22; State, 24.
 Negro: Town, 22; country, 18; State, 14.
 Number of districts in State, 1,901.
 Number of districts levying special tax, 927.
 Number of districts not levying special tax, 974.
 Number of districts voting or increasing levy during the year, 222.
 Districts with outstanding school bonds, 116.
 Amount of outstanding school bonds, \$1,816,987.48.
 Certificates Issued During the Year—
 White: Men, 190; women, 678. Total, 868.
 Negro: Men, 110; women, 322. Total, 432.
 Institutions of Higher Education—White, 30; negro, 11. Total, 41.
 Accredited Colleges—White, 20; negro, 2. Total, 22.
 Number of High Schools accepted for State aid, 228.
 Number of other High Schools, 39.
 Number of four-year High Schools, 38.
 Number of High Schools making fourteen units, 21.
 Enrollment in High Schools, 2,540.
 Total college enrollment reported, 2,627.

CHAPTER VIII.

Reports of State Institutions.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

OF THE

University of South Carolina

TO THE

General Assembly

FOR THE

Scholastic Year Ending June 30, 1911

REPORT.

University of South Carolina,
Columbia, S. C., Nov. 15, 1911.

*Hon. J. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education, Co-
lumbia, S. C.*

Dear Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of the University of South Carolina for the scholastic year ending June 30, 1911. The number of students enrolled was 416, as follows:

Graduate Students..	29
Literary Students..	126
Scientific Students..	65
Special Students..	50
Civil Engineering Students	29
Teacher Students..	73
Law Students..	48
	<hr/>
	420
Counted twice..	4
	<hr/>
Total..	416

For the present session, 1911-12, there have been already enrolled 421. The health of the students has been good and the order excellent.

The faculty have been united in every way, and have shown themselves efficient both as teachers and as publicists, desiring to advance the interest of all the people of the commonwealth.

A comparative statement of the students of the University since 1907 is as follows:

1908..	278
1909..	298
1910..	340
1911..	415
1912 (Nov. 15, 1911)..	421

HOW MEN EARN AND LEARN.

During the past session there were many students at the University of South Carolina who worked their way in whole or in part. These young men number about one out of every ten; at times the ratio has been one in seven. In this are not counted those who have received aid from the Alumni Loan Fund or have held scholarships.

These men are among the best students at the University, and are held in esteem by their fellows. The position a young man holds in the student body depends entirely upon his personal worth.

For two years the University has been making special efforts to help young men who have to work; the first step towards an organized bureau of student self-help, under the direction of Dr. E. L. Green, has been taken. The last session's report to the Trustees at their meeting in June showed that nearly \$4,000 had been earned by forty students. If all who were working could have been listed, both the amount and the number would have been much larger. Law students, for instance, had no mention. Money earned in vacation was also not counted. Columbia offers many opportunities to the man who has to make his way; the business men of Columbia have helped most gladly and effectively.

ALUMNI LOAN FUND.

Since the inception of the Alumni Loan Fund of the University of South Carolina in 1905, about \$6,300 has been contributed by the general body of the Alumni. To this should be added about \$1,600 contributed by the class of 1885. Nearly \$11,000 has been loaned to students, and some 115 separate students have received aid from the fund. Not more than \$100 is loaned to any one student in any one year. The amount borrowed is loaned to the student without interest during the time that he is in college, though interest is charged at the rate of 6 per cent. from the time of graduation and leaving college until the loan is repaid. Of the amount loaned to students rather more than \$5,000 has been returned.

The trustees of the Alumni Loan Fund are August Kohn, Edwin G. Seibels, Lewis W. Parker, Francis H. Weston and McIver Williamson.

The above figures speak volumes both as to the loyalty of the alumni and as to the promptness with which students have refunded the sums advanced. There are at present many worthy young men, full of promise, who are having a hard struggle to maintain themselves in the University. Some in their brave fight are actually cooking their own meals, so as to save every penny and thus be enabled to remain in college. Yet these same men will some day reveal power in public affairs, so great is their ability.

FLINN HALL.

A marked feature of the University at the present time is the intensifying of the moral and religious forces in the life of the student body. Through the efforts of the students themselves the Y. M. C. A. now possesses a large and convenient building known as Flinn Hall. It has been so named in honor of Dr. J. William Flinn, who was for seventeen years a professor in the University. Through his care and foresight during the years quite a nice sum was collected, with a view to securing—such was the original plan—a permanent home for the Y. M. C. A. However, in the spring of 1909 the Board of Trustees decided to set apart the present building for the use of the Association, and the money which had been collected by Dr. Flinn was applied towards furnishing it. The building contains tastefully furnished parlors, reading rooms, writing and committee rooms, guest room, office, and, indeed, everything pertaining to the social and religious life of the University. The privileges of Flinn Hall are open to all members of the University without charge.

A PERMANENT Y. M. C. A. SECRETARY.

Mr. W. P. Mills, an alumnus of the University, and former Rhodes scholar at Oxford, England, is in charge of the moral and religious life of the students of the University, devoting his whole time and energy to this one task. The students give their enthusiastic support to his work in their own behalf, and Flinn Hall is really the center of gravity of college life.

During the summer Mr. Mills compiled a Students' Handbook of the University, which was issued at the opening of the college and distributed among the students with the compliments of the Y. M. C. A., and contained all information as to the customs and activities of the college, as well as thoughtful advice to the new

students. The object of this little volume was to extend to all students a warm welcome to the University; to give to the new men suggestions and information as to the campus life; and to urge all to take as large a share as possible in whatever promotes the upbuilding of Carolina.

Dr. W. D. Weatherford held a series of religious meetings last spring, with a view to deepening the spiritual life of the young men. These were largely attended, and productive of lasting good.

NEEDS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

A new dormitory is a crying need of the University. It has been sixty-three years since a dormitory was erected on the Campus. At that time (1848) the number of students in the institution was 221. Nearly twice this number will be enrolled the present session. Every inch of available space has been used for dormitory purposes. Sometimes four men have had to be put in rooms intended for only two students. Many young men will be debarred the privilege of attending the University unless more sleeping rooms are provided for them. Rooms for at least one hundred (100) men should be provided at the earliest possible moment.

CENTRAL HEATING PLANT.

A central heating plant was erected two years ago, and is now equipped with boiler and everything ready to turn on steam. But the steam conduit from the central heating plant has not as yet been run to a single building on the Campus. The power house and the equipment have, therefore, been absolutely useless. In order to make the heating plant of any service whatever to the University, it is necessary to lay down the steam conduit. The completion of this power house will economize the cost of fuel, lessen risks of fire and add to the comfort and neatness of all the buildings on the Campus.

EXTENSION LECTURES FOR COMMUNITIES THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Until very recently Universities throughout the country required people to come to them for the benefits they offered, but more and more the Universities are going to the people. The University of South Carolina desires to do its share as a part of

the public school system of the State, in advancing the interests of its schools and in furthering the intellectual growth of its people. To that end, and in response to the widespread demand for the advantages of higher education outside of the colleges, the following general lectures are offered.

The purpose of the University Extension Work is to promote the fullest intellectual life of all the citizens of the commonwealth, and to reinforce moral causes that have to do with the welfare of our State. The University seeks to broaden the horizon of those who have not had the advantages of a college education, and to afford an opportunity for those who have attended college to keep in touch with academic thought along their favorite lines.

While the professors of the University ask no compensation in seeking to promote by such lectures the educational and cultural interests of the communities, it is expected that the communities will bear the traveling expenses. Schools, organizations, communities and individuals interested are requested to address the particular professors whose lectures are desired.

PROFESSOR L. T. BAKER:—

1. The Theatre as a Religious and Educational Agency.
2. The Education of Women: Past and Present.
3. Old and New Conceptions of Physical Education.
4. Education for Citizenship in Ancient and Modern States.
5. Schools of the Nineteenth Century in South Carolina.
6. The University and the State.

PROFESSOR FRANCIS W. BRADLEY:—

1. German Student Life.
2. The German Peasant.

PROFESSOR A. C. CARSON:—

1. Wave Motion.
2. The Solar Spectrum.
3. Electricity and Magnetism.

PROFESSOR L. P. CHAMBERLAYNE:—

1. Buried cities of Crete. (Illustrated.)
2. A Visit to Greece. (Illustrated.)

PROFESSOR F. HORTON COLCOCK:—

1. Why and How the Federal Government Should Build Roads.
2. The Economic Reasons for Expert Supervision in Road Building.
3. Astronomy: Man's Nearest Touch with the Wonders of the Divine Creator. (Illustrated.)
4. The Aesthetics of Mathematics.
5. Mathematics: The Ease of its Mastery .When Taught Right Early.

PROFESSOR HENRY C. DAVIS:—

1. English, a Living Language.
2. Beowulf, The Early English Epic.
3. Provincialisms and Present Tendencies in South Carolina Speech.
4. Mark Twain: The Man and the Humorist.
5. Edgar Allan Poe: The Poet.
6. Edgar Allan Poe: The Master of the Short Story.
7. Making the Sentence Structure Tell the Truth. (For High School Classes.)

PROFESSOR ELBERT D. EASTERLING:—

1. The Picture Side of Mathematics. (For Teachers' Meetings.)
2. Are the Planets Inhabited?
3. The Consolidation of Rural Schools.

PROFESSOR EDWIN L. GREEN:—

1. Helen of Troy. (Illustrated.)
2. Pompeii. (Illustrated.)

PROFESSOR W. H. HAND:—

1. Education as an Investment.
2. Getting a Correct Vision of Life.
3. Industrial Education: Its Importance and Its Place.
4. The Value of a High School to a Community.

MR. W. P. MILLS:—

1. Student Life at Oxford. (Illustrated.)
2. Palestine. (Illustrated.)
3. The Problem of the South. (Illustrated.)*

*This lecture treats of the social and economic conditions of the Negro in the South, and our duty in view of the facts.

DR. J. E. MILLS:—

1. Applied Chemistry in Our Homes and Industries.

PROFESSOR GEO. McCUTCHEN:—

1. Co-operation Among Farmers.
2. The Petroleum Industry—a Study in the Problem of Monopoly.
3. Robert Owen, Social Reformer.

PRESIDENT S. C. MITCHELL:—

1. The Prophet of the Nineteenth Century.
2. The Foremost Figure in the French Revolution.
3. Martin Luther.
4. The First Martyr of Intellectual Liberty.
5. The Moral Mission of America.
6. Rome. (Illustrated.)

PROFESSOR A. C. MOORE:—

1. The Typhoid Fly.
2. The Mosquito as a Carrier of Disease.
3. Bacteria as Friends and Foes.
4. Plant Breeding.
5. The Trees of South Carolina.

PROFESSOR JOSIAH MORSE:—

1. Education and Citizenship.
2. Psychology in Crime and Court. (Illustrated by Experiments.)

PROFESSOR E. M. RUCKER:—

1. The Two Greatest Events in History.
2. The Lawyer: His Part in Our Life.

PROFESSOR REED SMITH:—

1. Realism and Romance: The Twin Interests of Fiction. (A Study in the Novel.)
2. Tone Color in Words: The Soul of Speech.
3. The Four Lost Years: A Plea for a Liberal Arts Education.
4. Popular Etymology.

PROFESSOR W. K. TATE:—

1. The Master Teacher and His Method.
2. Rural School Conditions and Tendencies in South Carolina. (Illustrated.)
3. Some Rural Schools in Ontario, Minnesota and Iowa. (Illustrated.)
4. Nature Study and Agriculture in Rural Schools. (Illustrated.)

PROFESSOR MAYVILLE W. TWITCHELL:—

1. Picturesque America. (Illustrated.)
2. Volcanoes and Earthquakes. (Illustrated.)
3. Glaciers and the Ice Age. (Illustrated.)
4. Gold and Diamonds. (Illustrated.)
5. Animals of the Past. (Illustrated.)

PROFESSOR PATTERSON WARDLAW:—

1. The New Life of the School.
2. The Reasonable Man.
3. Sunday-School Teaching in the Light of Child-Study.
4. The Simplifications of English Spelling.
5. The Reorganization of Grammar Teaching.

***PROFESSOR GEORGE A. WAUCHOPE:—**

1. William Shakespeare in Stratford and London (Illustrated.)
2. Wordsworth and the English Lake Country. ((Illustrated.)
3. The World's Most Famous Pictures. (Illustrated.)
4. South Carolina Literature and Its Makers.
5. The Story of the Making of Our English Bible.
6. Alfred Tennyson, Poet-Spokesman of Victorian England.
7. The Education that is Worth While.

*To Teachers' Associations, Literary Clubs, or other groups desiring a series of monthly lectures, Dr. Wauchope offers also three courses of five lectures each on South Carolina Literature, Robert Browning, and the Development of the Short Story in the South.

EXTENSION WORK AWAY FROM THE UNIVERSITY.

1. A course of lectures on the Pedagogy of the Sunday School is being given by Prof. Patterson Wardlaw at the Columbia Theological Seminary.

2. A course in Physical Culture is being given by Prof. J. Bruce Coleman at the Olympia Mill Young Men's Christian Association.

3. A course of lectures is to be given at the Olympia Mill Y. M. C. A., in which ten of the professors of the University will take part.

4. Prof. William H. Hand, in his capacity as State inspector of high schools, visits the various high schools of the State, and advises in regard to the best methods of carrying on the work.

5. Prof. W. K. Tate, as State inspector of rural schools, traverses the State and assists in the improvement of rural school conditions.

6. • Prof. M. Goode Homes, as special agent of the bureau of public roads, United States Department of Agriculture, is acting in the capacity of Consulting Highway Engineer, and giving advice in regard to the proper location and construction of roads throughout the State.

7. Prof. M. W. Twitchell, as State Geologist, visits the various mines and quarries of the State and gives advice in regard to the development of mineral properties, water supply problems, etc.

CORRESPONDENCE COURSE IN ENGLISH.

By Prof. Henry C. Davis.

A correspondence course in English which varies in character from year to year, intended primarily for the teachers of South Carolina. The plan of the course is practical and helpful. The fee for the year is \$5.00. Applicants should address Prof. Henry C. Davis, University of South Carolina, Columbia, S. C.

NIGHT CLASSES.

Course 1. Elementary Spanish—By Prof. O. L. Keith, Monday nights.

Course 2. Elementary German—By Prof. F. W. Bradley, Wednesday nights.

Course 3. Architectural Design—By Mr. J. Carroll Johnson, Friday nights, (with extra drawing work outside the hour.)

LATIN FOR TEACHERS.

By Dr. E. L. Green.

This is a course in Latin intended primarily for teachers. The class has been formed and is reading Cicero's orations against Cataline, making use of the exercise and composition book adopted by the State Board of Education.

THE TEACHING OF ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

By Dr. Edward S. Joynes.

A course of lectures on the teaching of English Grammar, with special reference to the characteristics of the English language. This course is designed especially for teachers, or persons preparing to teach, but is open to all, without charge.

POPULAR LECTURES.

Thursday Night in the Chapel.

- Lecture 1. Nov. 9th—"Psychology in Crime and Court," by Prof. Josiah Morse. (Illustrated by Experiments.)
- Lecture 2. Nov. 16th—"Some Rural Schools of Ontario, Minnesota and Iowa," by Prof. W. K. Tate. (Illustrated.)
- Lecture 3. Nov. 30th—"German Student Life," by Prof. Francis W. Bradley. (Illustrated.)
- Lecture 4. Dec. 14th—"Nelson vs. Napoleon," by Pres. S. C. Mitchell. (Illustrated.)
- Lecture 5. Jan. 25th—"Palestine," by Mr. W. P. Mills, Executive Secretary of Flinn Hall. (Illustrated.)
- Lecture 6. Feb. 29th—"Forms of Humor and Nonsense," by Prof. Henry C. Davis.
- Lecture 7. Mar. 7th—"The Creation of New Plants," by Prof. A. C. Moore. (Illustrated.)
- Lecture 8. Mar. 21st—"Applied Chemistry in our Homes and Industries," by Prof. J. E. Mills.
- Lecture 9. Apr. 4th—"Roman Architecture," by Prof. L. P. Chamberlayne. (Illustrated.)
- Lecture 10. Apr. 11th—"Aviation," by Prof. A. C. Carson. (Illustrated.)

COURSE II. THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SHORT STORY IN THE SOUTH.

By Dr. G. A. Wauchope.

Saturday, 12-1, Room 14, Davis College.

- Lecture 1. The Short Story and Literary Conditions before 1835.
- Lecture 2. Edgar Allan Poe's Contribution to the Short Story.
- Lecture 3. The Southern Humorists from 1835 to 1860:
Longstreet, Baldwin, Thompson, Hooper, Harris.
- Lecture 4. The Short Story in South Carolina before 1860:
Simms, King, Nott, Gilman.
- Lecture 5. The Period of Transition—1860-1870:
Harland, Cooke, Reid, Bagby.
- Lecture 6. The Southern Literary Renaissance: Stories of
"Cracker" Life:
Johnston, Edwards, Harben, Crim.
- Lecture 7. Stories of Creole Life:
Cable, King, Chopin, Harrison.
- Lecture 8. Negro Dialect Stories:
Harris, Page, Bonner, Edwards, Boyle, Stuart.
- Lecture 9. The Mountaineer Story:
Craddock, Bonner, Fox, McClelland, Harris, Harbin.
- Lecture 10. Other Stories of Southern Life and Character:
Page, Burnett, Harrison, Eggleston, Rives, Baylor, Allen, Smith, Elliott, Stuart, Peck, Seawell, Magruder, McCants, Daniel, Waring.

BULLETINS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

As a further part of its work in University extension, the following Bulletins have been issued by the University during the present year, any of which may be had without charge on application:

- 1. Bulletins—No. 22, July, 1910: Part I, High School Reports.
No. 22, July, 1910: Part II, School of Law: Announcement, 1910-11, and Address of Hon. R. Withers Memminger.
No. 23, October, 1910: Part I, The Graduate School.
No. 23, October, 1910: Part II, Opportunity and Duty.

No. 24, January, 1911: Part I, Report of High School Inspector, 1909-1910.

No. 24, January, 1911: Part II, A Statement of the Rural School Problem in South Carolina.

No. 24, January, 1911: Part III, Some Legislative and Educational Needs of the Mill Villages.

No. 25, April, 1911: Part I, Catalog, 1910-1911.

No. 25, April, 1911: Part II, How the Sunday School Can Assist in Village Welfare Work.

No. 26, July, 1911: Founders' Day.

No. 27, October, 1911: Participle and Infinitive in —Ing.

II. University Extension Courses.

III. Directory of University of South Carolina, 1910-1911.

IV. Normal Scholarships for Men.

FACULTY AND OFFICERS.

The following is a list of the professors and officers, with salaries as fixed for the session 1911-12:

President S. C. Mitchell.....	\$3,500	and house, no light or fuel
Dean A. C. Moore.....	2,500	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. W. B. Burney.....	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. F. H. Colcock.....	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. Patterson Wardlaw	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. G. A. Wauchope.....	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. Yates Snowden	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. M. W. Twitchell	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. L. T. Baker.....	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. A. C. Carson.....	2,000	and \$300 commutation
Prof. Q. L. Keith.....	2,000	and \$300 commutation
Prof. L. P. Chamberlayne.....	2,000	and \$300 commutation
Prof. E. L. Green.....	2,000	
Prof. Geo. McCutchen	2,000	
Prof. Josiah Morse	2,000	
Prof. J. P. Thomas, Jr.....	1,700	
Prof. J. N. Frierson.....	1,700	
Prof. E. M. Rucker.....	1,700	
Prof. H. C. Davis.....	1,500	
Prof. Reed Smith	1,500	
Prof. E. D. Easterling.....	1,500	
Prof. M. G. Homes.....	1,500	
Prof. J. B. Coleman.....	1,200	
Inst. F. W. Bradley.....	1,000	
Inst. R. F. Bradley, Jr.....	600	
Inst. A. V. Parrott.....	550	
Dr. F. A. Coward, Lecturer.....	300	
Dr. J. E. Mills, Lecturer.....	300	
Mr. W. P. Mills, Y. M. C. A. Secretary	1,000	
Miss M. H. Rion, Librarian.....	975	
Miss E. D. English, Asst. Librarian..	600	
J. D. Brandenburg, Asst. Librarian...	270	
Miss E. C. Bauer, Cataloguer.....	200	
Miss S. F. Fickling, Treasurer.....	1,200	
Miss J. Heyward, Stenographer.....	480	
Jas. G. Driver, Physical Director....	1,200	
M. C. Dyches, Superintendent Grounds and Buildings	900	
Mrs. A. Madden, Matron Infirmary...	600	
Night Watchman	600	
Miss E. T. Swaffield, Prac. School....	90	
Miss A. J. Selby, Prac. School.....	90	
Miss E. C. Thomas, Prac. School.....	90	
W. W. Wharton, Bell-ringer.....	75	
S. P. Schneider, Mail Clerk.....	75	
Prof. W. H. Hand.....	100	and house
Prof. W. K. Tate.....		\$300 commutation
Total.....	\$55,595	\$1,200

Salaries of professors and officers for last session, as follows:

President S. C. Mitchell.....	\$3,500	and house, no light or fuel
Dean A. C. Moore.....	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. W. B. Burney.....	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. F. H. Colcock.....	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. Patterson Wardlaw	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. G. A. Wauchope.....	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. Yates Snowden	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. M. W. Twitchell	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. L. T. Baker	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. G. B. Moore.....	2,000	and house, no light or fuel
Prof. A. C. Carson	2,000	and \$300 commutation
Prof. O. L. Keith	2,000	and \$300 commutation
Prof. L. P. Chamberlayne.....	2,000	and \$300 commutation
Prof. E. L. Green	2,000	
Prof. J. P. Thomas, Jr.....	1,700	
Prof. J. N. Frierson	1,700	
Prof. E. M. Rucker	1,700	
Prof. Geo. McCutchen	1,500	
Prof. H. C. Davis	1,500	
Prof. Reed Smith	1,500	
Prof. E. D. Easterling	1,200	
Prof. M. G. Homes.....	1,200	
Inst. J. B. Coleman	800	
Inst. F. G. Potts.....	800	
Inst. Park Powell	800	
Inst. A. V. Parrott.....	400	
Dr. F. A. Coward, Lecturer.....	300	
Miss M. H. Rion, Librarian.....	975	
Miss C. H. Porcher, Asst. Librarian..	720	
Miss E. D. English, Cataloguer.....	350	
Miss S. F. Flickling, Treasurer.....	1,000	
Miss Julie Heyward, Stenographer...	480	
Mr. F. E. Schofield, Physical Director	1,200	
Mr. M. C. Dyches, Superintendent		
Grounds and Buildings.....	720	
Mrs. A. Madden, Matron Infirmary...	600	
W. W. Horsford, Night Watchman...	600	
Miss E. T. Swaffield, Prac. School....	90	
Miss A. J. Selby, Prac. School.....	90	
Miss E. C. Thomas, Prac. School.....	90	
W. B. Marion, Mail Clerk.....	75	
A. E. Rawl, Bell-ringer.....	75	
Prof. W. H. Hand	100	and house
Prof. W. K. Tate.....		\$300 commutation
Total.....	\$51,765	\$1,200

The University receives from the General Education Board \$3,000 on account of salary and traveling expenses of a professor of Secondary Education. Mr. W. H. Hand receives \$1,900 of this sum on account of his salary, the University paying the additional \$100.

Prof. W. K. Tate's salary of \$3,500 is paid jointly by the Southern Education Board and the Peabody Board.

The Treasurer's report, giving an itemized statement of the receipts and disbursements for the scholastic year ending June 30, 1911, is hereto attached.

Respectfully submitted,

S. C. MITCHELL, President.

**UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA REPORT OF THE
TREASURER FOR THE SCHOLASTIC YEAR,
JULY 1, 1910, to JUNE 30, 1911.**

Receipts.

Balance of appropriation for 1910	\$43,461 64
Part of appropriation for 1911	49,801 28
Fees:	
Tuition	\$5,291 50
Term	5,079 50
Diploma	141 00
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	10,512 00
Light and janitor service (students)	1,934 00
Lights (professors)	294 00
Infirmary board	269 55
Miscellaneous receipts	51 58
General Education Board	3,000 00
Southern Education and Peabody Boards	3,950 00
Balance from last scholastic year	7,316 10
	<hr/>
Total receipts	\$120,590 15

Expenditures.

Salaries:

S. C. Mitchell, President	\$3,500 00
A. C. Moore, Dean of the University and Professor of Biology	2,416 64
W. B. Burney, Professor of Chemistry	2,000 00
Patterson Wardlaw, Dean Department of Education..	2,000 00
F. H. Colcock, Dean Dept. of Mathematics	2,000 00
G. A. Wauchope, Professor of English	2,000 00
G. B. Moore, Professor of Philosophy	2,000 00
Yates Snowden, Professor of History	2,000 00
M. W. Twitchell, Professor of Geology and Miner- alogy	2,000 00
L. T. Baker, Professor of Pedagogy	2,000 00
A. C. Carson, Professor of Physics	2,000 00
O. L. Keith, Professor of Modern Languages	2,000 00
W. H. Hand, Professor of Pedagogy	2,000 00
W. K. Tate, Professor of Elementary Rural Schools..	3,374 96
E. L. Green, Professor of Ancient Languages	1,916 72

L. P. Chamberlayne, Professor of Ancient Languages.	1,666 74
C. W. Bain, Professor of Ancient Languages (three months)	500 00
John P. Thomas, Jr., Professor of Law	1,700 00
J. N. Frierson, Professor of Law	1,700 00
E. M. Rucker, Professor of Law	1,700 00
George McCutchen, Professor of Economics	1,749 96
H. C. Davis, Associate Professor of English	1,500 00
Reed Smith, Associate Professor of English	1,250 00
E. D. Easterling, Associate Professor of Mathematics.	1,150 00
M. G. Homes, Associate Professor of Civil Engineering	1,350 00
J. B. Coleman, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics . .	920 00
F. G. Potts, Instructor in Modern Languages	800 00
Park Powell, Instructor in Modern Languages	800 00
A. V. Parrott, Assistant in Chemistry	490 00
F. A. Coward, Lecturer in Bacteriology	250 00
W. P. Mills, Y. M. C. A. Secretary	400 00
M. H. Rion, Librarian	975 00
C. H. Porcher, Assistant Librarian (six months) . . .	360 00
J. D. Brandenburg, Assistant Librarian (six months).	360 00
Miss E. D. English, Cataloguer	422 00
Miss S. F. Fickling, Treasurer	1,100 00
Miss Julie Heyward, Stenographer	400 00
F. E. Schofield, Physical Director	1,200 00
M. C. Dyches, Superintendent of Grounds and Buildings	900 00
Mrs. A. Madden, Matron of Infirmary	600 00
Three Practice School Teachers (nine months) . . .	270 00
J. W. Bauer, Lecturer in Meteorology	25 00
Night Watchman	475 00
Bell Ringer	75 00
Mail Clerk	75 00
Total Salaries	\$58,372 02

Wages.

Six Dormitory Janitors (nine months)	\$1,368 00
One Campus Janitor (nine months)	247 00
One Campus Janitor (nine months)	323 00
One Campus Janitor (nine months)	228 00

One Campus Janitor (nine months)	190 00
One Infirmary Janitor (nine months)	190 00
Extra Infirmary Servant	133 00
One Janitor Davis College	262 00
One Janitor LeConte College	262 00
One Janitor Flinn Hall	262 00
Extra Help	49 90

Total Wages	\$3,514 90
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Infirmary.

Physicians' Fees	\$312 00
Drugs	224 09
Board and Laundry	398 90
Extra Nurse	32 00

Total Infirmary	\$966 99
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Fuel and Lights.

Coal, Freight and Drayage included	\$3,402 59
Wood	41 00
Gas	44 70

Total Fuel and Lights	\$3,488 29
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Printing.

Bulletins	\$781 95
Catalogue	472 25
Diplomas	61 95
Library Cards	10 50
Check Book	10 00
Office Forms, Scholarship Blanks, Reports and Stationery	241 15

Total Printing	\$1,577 80
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Miscellaneous.

Founders' Day Address	\$100 00
Founders' Day Reception	28 97
Trees for Campus	53 00
Office Supplies and Stationery	163 45

Lantern Slides	40 60
Rent of Piano for Flinn Hall	30 00
Incidentals for Flinn Hall	27 90
Furnishing Guest Room, Flinn Hall	97 68
Marburg Address	19 50
Premium on Treasurer's Bond	30 00
City Directory	5 00
Writer Press	170 00
State Flag	5 50
Bird's-Eye View of Campus	5 00
Floral Offering	5 00
Curtain for Chapel	6 75
Engrossing Diplomas	14 00
Ribbon for Diplomas	5 20
Commencement Sermon	25 00
Music for Commencement	15 00
Rent of Palms for Commencement	5 00
Ice	17 00
Telephones	250 50
Telegrams	18 64
Student Assistants	115 00
Freight and Drayage	159 20
Express	17 65
Sanitation	145 50
Disinfectants	77 25
Expenses of Professors on Educational Trips	341 50
Incidentals, Brooms, Brushes, etc.	138 52
Moving Prof. G. B. Moore from Flinn Hall	38 55
Drinking Fountain	200 00
Chairs for Steward's Hall	7 50
Music for Chapel	50 00
Stones for Marking Property Lines	5 00
Dues to National Association State Universities	10 00
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Total Miscellaneous	\$2,444 36

Repairs.

Gymnasium	\$266 72
A. C. Moore Residence	125 48
G. B. Moore Residence	17 00
Wauchope Residence	123 70

Twitchell Residence	5 00
Burney Residence	6 00
Hand Residence	10 50
Wardlaw Barn	52 74
President's House	8 50
LeConte College	160 73
Rutledge College	36 40
Flinn Hall	42 16
Library, Lights	65 00
Roofs	32 40
Flooring in Dean's Office	36 66
Fences	15 00
Range at Steward's Hall	14 37
Steam Heat at Gymnasium	114 25
Steam Heat at Infirmary	137 73
Plumbing at Steward's Hall	82 50
Plumbing at Infirmary	20 70
Sundry Small Repairs	39 20
Electric Wiring and Supplies	316 62
Hauling	157 05
Blacksmith	12 40
Moving Apparatus from Old to New Science Building (moved twice)	500 00
Lumber, Brick, Sand, Glass, etc.	1,074 38
Labor of Regular Hands During Vacation, Scouring, Whitewashing and Cleaning Dormitories, etc	1,091 57
Total Repairs	\$4,564 76

Advertising.

By State Newspapers	\$435 91
Panoramic View of Campus for High Schools	20 40
Student Canvasser	180 00
Southern School News	13 00
High School Meet	35 75
By College Magazines:	
Clemson College	\$8 00
Gamecock	50 00
Confederate Home	3 00
Carolinian	20 00
Columbia College	11 00

Converse College	6 00	
College of Charleston	7 50	
Garnet and Black	20 00	
Citadel	15 00	
	<hr/>	140 50
Total Advertising		<hr/> \$825 56

Library.

Books	\$457 71
S. C. Books and Papers	76 23
Binding Newspapers and Magazines	23 50
Subscription to Newspapers	23 80
Magazines	237 05
Library of Congress Cards	36 05
Library dues	8 00
Student Assistants	114 25
	<hr/>
Total Library	\$976 59

Departments.

Mathematics	\$178 70
Education	90 84
Law	266 00
Modern Languages	146 84
Physics	639 97
Geology	196 56
Ancient Languages	109 53
Biology	123 04
History	12 60
Bacteriology	171 35
Gymnasium	65 62
Chemistry	139 02
	<hr/>
Total Departments	\$2,140 07

Postage	\$286 00
Expenses of Trustees Attending Board Meetings	154 65
Rent of Professors' Houses	1,348 20
Correspondence Course	31 45

Insurance	297 00
Traveling Expenses of Prof. W. H. Hand (General Education Board)	949 98
Traveling Expenses of Prof. W. K. Tate (Southern Education and Peabody Boards)	1,187 99
Normal Scholarships	4,300 00

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

Repairs to Old Science Hall (Gymnasium).

To T. P. Jeffords	\$108 00	
H. A. Moak	758 64	
Columbia Lumber and Mfg. Co.	580 96	
Henderson-Suydam Hardware Co.	15 45	
Lorick & Lowrance	34 10	
Weston & Brooker	745 00	
Perry-Mann Electric Co.	366 00	
Architects' Commissions	122 50	
	<hr/>	\$2,730 65

Bathing Facilities.

To Guimarin & Co.	\$1,050 00	
Guimarin & Co.	57 29	
McClamroch Marble and Tile Co.	1,086 22	
	<hr/>	\$2,193 51

Equipment for Science Building

To American Seating Co.	\$405 00	
B.-C. Electric Co.	429 00	
Guimarin & Co.	1,414 52	
Columbia Lumber Co.	272 00	
City of Columbia Water Connection..	2 95	
Architects' Commissions	169 80	
	<hr/>	\$2,693 27

Heating Plant.

To Blue Ridge Construction Co.	\$1,343 42	
Guimarin & Co.	3,290 00	
Manufacturer's Record Pub. Co., Adv..	18 00	
Architects' Commissions.	250 00	
	<hr/>	\$4,901 42

Infirmary Equipment.

To T. B. Aughtry & Co., range	\$58 00	
I. H. P. Dyches, for making dresser ..	68 73	
Shandon Mattress Co., mattresses .. .	28 50	
Sylvan Bros., clock	10 00	
J. M. VanMetre, furniture	285 40	
M. R. Tucker, sheets, pillow cases, etc.	16 25	
Jones Carpet Store, carpet	188 47	
Guimarin & Co., tubs for Laundry ..	88 00	
Lorick & Bro., Laundry supplies .. .	40 85	
I. H. P. Dyches, wardrobes	75 00	
Blankets, crockery, etc.	140 80	
	<hr/>	\$1,000 00

Porch for Bain Residence.

To Cola. Lumber and Mfg. Co., lumber..	\$93 50	
G. A. Guignard, brick	28 00	
DeLay & Co., tin roof	12 00	
M. C. Dyches, labor	151 50	
Architects' Commissions	15 00	
	<hr/>	\$300 00

Repairs to Old Property.

To M. C. Dyches, partitions, doors, locks, painting and turning old Class Rooms into Dormitories	\$230 00	
Perry-Mann Elec. Co., wiring Dormi- tories.. . . .	111 00	
M. C. Dyches, renovating and turning into Dormitories rooms in Flinn Hall Annex	95 00	
Repairs to doors, locks, windows, lights, etc., in old Dormitories	64 00	
	<hr/>	\$500 00

Science Building.

To Architects' Commissions	\$554 93	
Contractor	11,320 00	
	<hr/>	\$11,874 93

General Summary.

Salaries	\$58,372 02
Wages	3,514 90
Infirmary	966 99
Fuel and Lights	3,488 29
Printing	1,577 80
Miscellaneous	2,444 36
Repairs	4,564 76
Advertising	825 56
Library	976 59
Departments	2,140 07
Postage	286 00
Trustees, expenses	154 65
Rent of Professors' Houses	1,348 20
Correspondence Course	31 45
Insurance	297 00
Expenses Professor of Secondary Education	949 98
Expenses Professor of Elementary Education	1,187 99
Normal Scholarships	4,300 00

Special Appropriations.

Repairs to Old Science Hall (Gymnasium)	2,730 65
Bathing Facilities	2,193 51
Equipment for Science Building (LaConte College) .	2,693 27
Heating Plant	4,901 42
Infirmary Equipment	1,000 00
Porch for Bain Residence	300 00
Repairs to Old Dormitories	500 00
Science Building	11,874 93

Total Expenditures	\$113,620 39
Balance on hand, June 30, 1911	6,969 76

\$120,590 15

Respectfully submitted,
S. F. FICKLING,
Treasurer.

AS TO STUDENTS.

In accordance with an Act of the General Assembly, a classified list of paying and non-paying students is given below :

STUDENTS PAYING TUITION.

Able, G. C.	Orangeburg
Adams, H. W.	Richland
Alexander, Jr., G. G.	Kershaw
Arrowsmith, P. H.	Williamsburg
Aycock, Jr., A. E.	Sumter
Barksdale, C. D.	Greenwood
Barron, S. E.	York
Barr, C. G.	Georgetown
Bennett, W. K.	Richland
Black, C. E.	Bamberg
Blackburn, J. C.	Richland
Boling, C. M.	Richland
Boling, J.	Richland
Bouchier, T. W.	Richland
Bowman, W. H.	Sumter
Boyle, E. B.	Sumter
Bradley, E. U.	Greenwood
Bradley, Jr., R. F.	Greenwood
Brohun, M. S.	Sumter
Brohun, W. L.	Sumter
Brown, E. T.	Birmingham, Ala.
Brown, R. E.	Beaufort
Buie, L. A.	Georgetown
Burch, M. B.	Florence
Clinkscates, R. C.	Anderson
Clyburn, F.	Kershaw
Coggeshall, R. D.	Darlington
Cordes, W. J.	Charleston
Cottingham, B. A.	Dillon
Covington, J. F.	Marlboro
Cox, W. B.	Chester
DesPortes, Jr., U. G.	Fairfield
Dick, H. N.	Sumter
Dudley, J. S.	Richland
Eaves, Jr., G. G.	York
Edmonds, Martha W.	Richland
Edwards, Jr., Geo. H.	Darlington
Ehrlich, A.	Richland
Elkins, J. H.	Richland
Ellzey, C. C.	Bamberg

Evans, R. W...	Marlboro
Etheredge, R. H...	Saluda
Fitzmaurice, B...	Richland
FitzSimons, Jr., C...	Richland
Fouche, A. T...	Laurens
Gage, A. C...	Richland
Gage, I. M...	Richland
Gaston, Jr., D. W...	Aiken
Girardeau, E. H...	Richland
Goggans, H. G...	Newberry
Graham, Jr., J. J. M...	Williamsburg
Graydon, Wm. M...	Abbeville
Green, A. I...	Sumter
Gregory, H. J...	Lancaster
Guerard, Jr., E. P...	Dorchester
Hahn, H. H...	Aiken
Hamer, J. D...	Spartanburg
Hanahan, M. L...	Charleston
Hanna, R. E...	Chesterfield
Harper, W. H...	Williamsburg
Hervey, V. W...	Florence
Heyward, Jr., D. C...	Charleston
Heyward, R. M...	Richland
Hoey, J. S...	Long Branch, N. J.
Hughes, Jr., D...	Charleston
Hutson, L. A...	Orangeburg
Hydrick, J. H...	Orangeburg
Jackson, O. W...	Dillon
Jennings, L. K...	Spartanburg
Johnstone, Jr., Alan...	Newberry
Johnson, M. M...	Kershaw
Keenan, Jr., R. C...	Richland
Kennedy, N...	Laurens
Kirkland, L. A...	Camden
Kirkland, W. L...	Camden
Kollock, C...	Darlington
Lathan, S. D...	Newberry
Lawton, E. H...	Darlington
Lee, J. D...	Sumter
Lunney, J. W...	Darlington
Lyles, P. E...	Richland

McGowan, W. B...	Laurens
McGowan, W. C...	Charleston
McIntyre, D. B...	Marion
McLeod, F. A...	Lee
McKissick, E. S...	Greenwood
McNair, P. K...	Aiken
McReynolds, W. B...	Wyoconda, Mo.
Marshall, G. W...	Richland
Mauney, W. K...	King's Mt., N. C.
Maxwell, D. G...	Richland
Metts, Jr., W. A...	Richland
Miller, Gordon...	Charleston
Miller, H. L...	Abbeville
Moise, F. M...	Sumter
Monash, I...	Charleston
Monckton, R. E...	Richland
Monckton, W. H...	Richland
Montgomery, T. E...	Richland
Mullins, E. W...	Marion
Murray, C. E...	Richland
Murray, J. H...	Berkeley
Murray, Jos...	Dorchester
Newman, G. T...	Richland
Norwood, Jr., G. A...	Greenville
Nott, Jr., T. E...	Spartanburg
Officer, W. H...	Horry
Page, C...	Horry
Pearcy, H. W...	Orangeburg
Perkins, D. G...	Darlington
Purdy, Jr., R. O...	Sumter
Rainsford, B. T...	Edgefield
Ransom, P. C...	Richland
Reeves, H. S...	Charleston
Richardson, A...	Spartanburg
Rodgers, F. J...	Williamsburg
Rogers, A. B...	Florence
Rosenburg, A. H...	Abbeville
Ross, J. M...	Williamsburg
Ross, T. M...	Chester
Sheppard, J. O...	Edgefield
Shuler, M. A...	Orangeburg

Sligh, C. E.	Darlington
Smith, C. C.	Newberry
Smith, J. J. P.	Charleston
Speed, Jr., P. B.	Abbeville
Stokes, W. W.	Darlington
Stuch, O. L.	Richland
Thomas, H. B.	Richland
Turner, D. E.	Cherokee
Vandiver, B. A.	Anderson
Waring, E. S.	Richland
Waring, Jr., G. W.	Richland
Watts, J.	Laurens
Weinberg, B. A.	Clarendon
Weinberg, L. S.	Clarendon
White, J. H.	Spartanburg
White, S. A.	Savannah, Ga.
Whitescarver, W. F.	Richland
Whitner, W. C.	Chester
Wideman, Jr., J. W.	Abbeville
Williams, A. H.	Williamsburg
Williams, Jr., B. B.	Orangeburg
Williams, E. L.	Richland
Wise, J. P.	Newberry
Woodrow, F. W. McM.	Richland
Yon, B. T.	Lexington

STUDENTS WHOSE FEES ARE REMITTED ON CERTIFICATE OF INABILITY TO PAY.

Alexander, I. B.	Kershaw
Alford, T. B.	Dillon
Arthur, C. D.	Union
Arthur, J. N.	Orangeburg
Arthur, W. W.	Richland
Ballough, L. W.	Sumter
Banks, J. M.	Richland
Beard, Jr., H. H.	Richland
Bellinger, R. P.	Bamberg
Bethune, B. A.	Kershaw
Blake, T. S.	Greenwood
Brandenburg, J. D.	Richland
Brinson, H. W.	Greenwood

Brockinton, D. A...	Williamsburg
Brown, J. D...	Williamsburg
Brown, P. C...	Florence
Carothers, E...	York
Carns, E. N...	Lancaster
Carroll, B. C...	Richland
Chase, Jr., E. B...	Richland
Chitty, C. M...	Bamberg
Chitty, F. C...	Bamberg
Christopher, G. G...	Pickens
Cloyd, G. E...	Richland
Congdon, G. R...	Georgetown
Cook, W. H...	Kershaw
Covington, C. W...	Marlboro
Craig, W. N...	Chester
Crosland, H. R...	Saluda
Crout, G. E...	Lexington
Crout, J. O...	Lexington
Culp, C. K...	York
DeShields, J. B...	Laurens
Dickson, Jr., T...	Richland
Dorroh, D. T...	Laurens
Edwards, J. B...	Marion
Elliott, J. E...	Lancaster
English, J. M...	Richland
Fairey, P. K...	Calhoun
Ferguson, W. H...	Chester
Fellers, W. A...	Laurens
Finklea, G. W...	Richland
Fort, J. C...	Cherokee
Fuller, Jr., L. S...	Laurens
Gaines, J. A...	Edgefield
Garland, H. H...	Clarendon
Gilland, Jr., T. McD...	Williamsburg
Godbold, E. W...	Marion
Goodale, T...	Cheraw
Goodwin, R. F...	Laurens
Green, Jr., J. M...	Richland
Greenfield, Jr., A. M...	Beaufort
Gue, A. P...	Norway
Haltiwanger, J. I...	Richland

Harmon, B. A...	Lexington
Harth, W. H...	Richland
Harvin, E. D...	Richland
Hazard, Jr., J. I...	Georgetown
Herin, J. S...	Edgefield
Hill, J. J...	Darlington
Hoffman, W. V...	Richland
Howell, V. R...	Colleton
Hunter, Jr. T., J...	Edgefield
James, J. T...	Greenville
Jenkins, Jr., R. M...	Lee
Jeter, E. R...	Richland
Jones, A. M...	Richland
Kelly, N. P...	Richland
Koon, C. H...	Richland
LaBorde, J. B...	Richland
LaBorde, P. F...	Richland
Lanford, M. L...	Spartanburg
Layton, J. L...	Richland
Layton, T. B...	Richland
Lee, H. H...	Orangeburg
Lenoir, S. I...	Sumter
Lewis, A. V...	Edgefield
Lide, T. E...	Darlington
McCown, M. R...	Florence
McCrady, E...	Charleston
McIntosh, J. M...	Charleston
McTeer, G. M...	Beaufort
Mace, J. A...	Marion
Macfarlan, R. A...	Darlington
Mack, J. M...	Saluda
Marshall, T. B...	Richland
Marshall, W. L...	Sumter
Martin, A. T...	Spartanburg
Mellichamp, L. R...	Edgefield
Mills, J. D...	Laurens
Miller, R. H...	Richland
Mitchell, E. K...	Richland
Mobley, M. R...	Richland
Moore, Jr., J. O...	York
Moorhead, P. G...	Cherokee

Morris, A. R...	Bamberg
Motley, P. B...	Richland
Motte, Jr., E. S...	Richland
Murphy, W. P...	Colleton
Nelson, C. S. ...	Greenville
Odom, D...	Marlboro
Ott, Jr., J. P...	Richland
Owens, R. S. ...	Laurens
Patterson, F... ..	Anderson
Perkins, L. D...	Darlington
Perrin, Jr., J. L...	Abbeville
Perry, W. L... ..	Richland
Pittmon, Wm... ..	Richland
Poole, J. E... ..	Greenville
Porter, J. C.	Pickens
Pruitt, L. Y... ..	Anderson
Privett, L. W.	Darlington
Rawl, J. B... ..	Richland
Rector, V. J... ..	Spartanburg
Reed, R. L.	Barnwell
Riley, L. L.	Orangeburg
Robinson, G. F...	Richland
Robbs, M. R... ..	Cherokee
Roper, C. P... ..	Edgefield
Roper, E. M... ..	Edgefield
Sadler, J. M... ..	Richland
Sandifer, R. E.	York
Sawyer, B. M.	Saluda
Schiffley, W. A.	Orangeburg
Scott, R. L.	Greenville
Seyle, H. C... ..	Greenville
Shaw, H. W... ..	Lee
Simons, C. E... ..	Saluda
Simpson, R. F... ..	Laurens
Sloan, E. R.	Richland
Smith, B. T... ..	Orangeburg
Smith, E. D... ..	Richland
Smith, P. A.	Lexington
Stevenson, T. F... ..	Horry
Stevenson, W. O... ..	Abbeville
Stewart, C. C.	Greenville

Stork, J. W.	Richland
Stork, M. L.	Richland
Sullivan, C. E.	Kershaw
Swygert, R. M.	Lexington
Thain, N. F.	Richland
Townsend, J. I.	Greenwood
Tuten, J. A.	Hampton
Varn, F. O.	Orangeburg
vonLehe, J. C.	Colleton
Watkins, C. W.	Edgefield
Watson, J. E.	Richland
Watson, W. H.	Marion
Webster, C.	Dillon
Weller, L. R.	Richland
Weston, C. T.	Richland
Wherry, Jr., A. H.	Chester
Wilkinson, J. W.	York
Wilkes, H.	Chester
Wilkes, J. W.	Chester
Willis, A. D.	Richland
Wilson, R. E.	Lee
Wilson, W. M.	Lee
Wingard, J. F.	Lexington
Wolling, M. R.	Georgetown
Woodruff, P. E.	Spartanburg
Wright, M. A.	Edgefield
Wyche, C. G.	Newberry
Yarborough, D. G.	Fairfield

SPECIAL SCHOLARSHIP MEN.

Brandenburg, S. L.	Calhoun
Bradham, F.	Clarendon
Brooks, H. C.	Fairfield
Brooks, J. F.	Spartanburg
Boyd, B. T.	Richland
Carpenter, E. H.	Charleston
Clayton, C. W.	Bamberg
Coats, J. P.	Laurens
Crowther, G. A.	Abbeville
Davenport, B.	Greenwood
Davis, C. S.	Orangeburg

DeTreville, Jas.	Colleton
Dickson, H. L.	York
Farris, T. N.	York
Forrest, G. E.	Saluda
Hagood, L. K.	Lee
Hanna, E. H.	Hampton
Hemingway, F. R.	Williamsburg
Heustess, D. C.	Marlboro
Jenkins, J. L.	Cherokee
Johnston, W. H.	York
Knight, J. A.	Chesterfield
Lewis, L.	Horry
McDaniel, O. K.	Florence
McMillan, T. S.	Barnwell
McMurray, W. H.	Lancaster
Mann, A. C.	Pickens
Moore, T. M.	York
O'Neal, J. B.	Darlington
Paul, A. M.	Beaufort
Rector, V. J.	Spartanburg
Robbins, W. J.	Georgetown
Schneider, S. P.	Lexington
Scott, W. H.	Fairfield
Simons, C. M.	Saluda
Simpson, F. W.	Greenville
Smith, H. C.	Dillon
Wade, R. W.	Chester
Waldrop, J. B.	Spartanburg
Watson, H.	Marion
Weathers, J. C.	Dorchester
Wilbanks, J. W.	Union
Wright, P. L.	Edgefield

TEACHERS AND MEMBERS OF PROFESSORS' FAMILIES.

Bailey, Walter, Teacher	Richland
Blackburn, C., Teacher	Richland
Blackburn, M. E., Teacher	Richland
Boykin, N. L., Teacher	Richland
Brennen, F. C., Teacher	Richland
Brooker, P. E., Teacher	Richland
Brunson, M. L., Teacher	Sumter

Colcock, S. J., Professor's Son	Richland
Dunn, J. W., Teacher	Richland
Haltiwanger, Olive, Teacher.. . . .	Richland
Hamilton, Z. P., Teacher	Richland
Hanna, C. B., Teacher	Richland
Kitchen, M. J., Teacher	Richland
Lever, H. E., Teacher	Richland
McMaster, W. D., Teacher	Fairfield
Marion, R. N., Teacher	Houlka, Miss.
Meares, D., Teacher	Fairfield
Mitchell, J. B., Professor's Son	Richland
Moore, S. R., Teacher	Richland
Moore, Maude, Teacher	Lancaster
Neil, N., Teacher	Fairfield
Parker, R., Teacher.. . . .	Richland
Perry, F. L., Teacher	Richland
Pooser, E. M., Teacher.. . . .	Richland
Powell, Parke, Teacher	Richland
Reamey, L., Teacher	Richland
Robinson, A. E., Teacher	Richland
Simkins, R. V., Teacher	Edgefield
Squier, M. G., Teacher	Richland
Sullivan, S. P., Teacher	Richland
Walker, R. W., Teacher	Fairfield
Wise, H. A., Teacher	Richland

GRADUATES OF S. C. COLLEGES.

Cain, Jas. R... .. .	Berkeley
Cogburn, L. E... .. .	Edgefield
Dantzler, J. S.	Orangeburg
Ellis, E. D... .. .	Charleston
Hutchinson, W. S... .. .	York
Pilgram, C. M.	Spartanburg

ACADEMIC SCHOLARSHIPS.

Bowman, P. K... .. .	Sumter
Bradley, Jr., R. F.	Greenwood
Furse, T. M... .. .	Orangeburg
Hart, A. G.	Laurens
Hazard, Jr., J. I.	Georgetown
Heyward, J. B.	Colleton
Officer, H. G... .. .	Georgetown
Owen, Jr., S. E... .. .	Calhoun

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF VISITORS

OF

THE CITADEL

The Military College of South Carolina

FOR THE

Academic Year

1910-1911

Report of Chairman of the Board of Visitors of The Citadel.

November 1st, 1911.

*Hon. J. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education,
Columbia, S. C.*

Dear Sir: I have the honor to submit as follows the annual report of the Board of Visitors of The Citadel, The Military College of South Carolina, for the year ending June 30th, 1911.

The total number of students enrolled for the year was 256, distributed among the classes as follows:

First Class, graduated June 28th, 1911, thirty-two members.

Second Class, thirty-nine members.

Third Class, seventy members.

Fourth Class, one hundred and fifteen members.

Of the total number, sixty-eight were Beneficiary Cadets supported in whole by the State, six were City Scholarship Cadets supported by the City of Charleston, and one hundred and eighty-two were Pay Cadets.

The following table shows the Cadets holding State and City Scholarships, with the date of graduation:

ABBEVILLE.		BARNWELL.	
G. C. McCelvey . . .	Graduated	R. O. Free.	'12
J. D. McDill	'13	I. Ussery.	'14
AIKEN.		BEAUFORT.	
B. T. Cripps. . . .	Graduated	M. H. Varn.	'12
J. Weeks.	'13	A. G. Black.	Dropped
ANDERSON.		BERKELEY.	
H. G. Acker.	Graduated	H. F. Porcher. . . .	Graduated
J. C. Pickens.	Graduated	N. J. Smith.	'14
W. Prior.	'14		
BAMBERG.		CALHOUN.	
C. O. Kirsch.	'12	J. C. Fair.	'12

CHARLESTON.

B. R. Legge. Graduated
 H. E. Losse. '13
 C. F. Myers. '14
 W. H. Flint. '14

CHEROKEE.

A. F. Littlejohn. '12

*CHESTER.

A. H. Macaulay. '14
 J. W. Anderson. '14

CHESTERFIELD.

J. K. Shannon. . . Graduated

CLARENDON.

G. W. Green. Graduated

COLLETON.

J. F. Risher. Graduated
 A. C. Hiers. '12

DARLINGTON.

D. S. DuBose. '13
 S. A. Woods. '14

DILLON.

C. D. Guess. Dropped

DORCHESTER.

N. Minus. '14

EDGEFIELD.

L. B. Scott. Hon. Dis.

FAIRFIELD.

H. K. Pickett. . . . Graduated
 D. F. Clarke. '13

FLORENCE.

L. A. Mims. '13

GEORGETOWN.

W. R. Buie. Graduated

GREENVILLE.

C. H. Fowler. . . . Graduated
 G. A. King. '14
 F. Y. Moore. '14

GREENWOOD.

W. I. West. Dropped

HAMPTON.

S. F. Miller. '14

HORRY.

B. D. Altman. '13

KERSHAW.

W. I. Kirkland. . . . Dropped

LANCASTER.

J. R. Harris. '13

LAURENS.

B. A. Sullivan. . . Graduated
 O. L. Long. '14

LEE.

J. A. Baker. Dropped

LEXINGTON.

J. E. Leitzsey. '13

MARION.

C. P. Gilchrist. '13

*Vacancy from Chester County, when it occurs, will go to Richland County.

NEWBERRY.

J. A. Lester.Graduated
V. H. Wheeler. '14

OCONEE.

H. E. Sheldon. '13

ORANGEBURG.

S. A. Porter.Graduated
L. W. Davis. '13

PICKENS.

P. Robinson. '12

RICHLAND.

C. T. Smith.Graduated
P. S. Hopkins.Dropped

SALUDA.

A. W. Lynch. '14

SPARTANBURG.

T. Richardson.Dropped
W. S. Carrington '14
H. H. Gregory. '14

SUMTER.

C. F. Yates.Graduated
A. E. Merrimon. '12

UNION.

J. M. Arthur. '13

WILLIAMSBURG.

A. B. Hemingway.Dropped
H. T. Bridgman. '14

YORK.

S. R. Moore. '14
W. T. Barron. '14

CADETS HOLDING CHARLESTON CITY SCHOLARSHIPS, 1910-1911.

E. F. WitsellGraduated
R. E. DavisGraduated
L. Simons '12
K. I. Buse '14
T. F. McGarey '14
L. W. Whaley '14

During the past summer the twenty-six vacancies in the State scholarships were filled by competitive examination, as follows:

STATE BENEFICIARY SCHOLARSHIPS.

Abbeville.T. P. Cheatham
Aiken.T. B. Jackson
Anderson.G. W. Clement
Anderson.K. D. Ransom
CharlestonR. D. Schroder
Chesterfield.I. B. Armfield
ClarendonH. Tindal
Dillon.W. L. Smith

Edgefield .. .	B. F. Gaines
Florence .. .	C. S. Lawrence
Georgetown .. .	H. J. Bailey
Greenville .. .	R. F. Boyd
Greenwood .. .	R. C. Hilton
Greenwood .. .	R. H. Tarrant
Kershaw .. .	W. C. Wallace
Laurens .. .	R. W. Hudgens
Lee .. .	H. G. Muldrow
Newberry .. .	R. D. Porter
Orangeburg .. .	J. H. Verdery
Orangeburg .. .	P. K. Shuler
Richland .. .	E. J. Fraylick
Richland .. .	Not filled
Spartanburg .. .	G. W. Wilkes
Spartanburg .. .	T. O. Cannon
Sumter .. .	C. G. Hammond
Williamsburg .. .	R. J. Kirk

During the past summer the two vacancies in the Charleston City scholarships were filled by competitive examination as follows:

CHARLESTON CITY SCHOLARSHIPS.

A. E. Nimitz.

G. W. Walker.

Eighty-nine per cent. of the entire enrollment were Cadets from South Carolina, but the following States were represented: Alabama, 2; Bahama Islands, 1; Florida, 5; Georgia, 6; North Carolina, 6; New Jersey, 1; New York, 4; Tennessee, 1, and Virginia, 1. Total, 27.

In the corps of the present year, fifteen new Cadets have matriculated from other States: Alabama, 2; Georgia, 3; Kentucky, 1; Louisiana, 1; North Carolina, 4; New Jersey, 1; New York, 1; Tennessee, 1, and China, 1. Total, 15.

The percentage of South Carolina Cadets in the present corps is 89.

CHANGES IN THE FACULTY.

The Board of Visitors, during the summer, elected Mr. D. W. Berky, of the University of Pennsylvania, as assistant Professor of Physics.

BOARD OF VISITORS.

Col. C. S. Gadsden, Chairman, Charleston, S. C. (term expires 1916).

Col. J. J. Lucas, Society Hill, S. C. (term expires 1912).

Col. W. W. Lewis, Yorkville, S. C. (term expires 1916).

Maj. E. M. Blythe, Greenville, S. C. (term expires 1912).

Orlando Sheppard, Esq., Edgefield, S. C. (term expires 1914).

EX-OFFICIO.

His Excellency, Coleman L. Blease, Governor, Columbia, S. C.
Gen. W. W. Moore, Adjutant and Inspector-General, Columbia, S. C.

Hon. J. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education, Columbia, S. C.

Hon. W. J. Johnson, Chairman Military Committee, Senate, Ridgeway, S. C.

Hon. W. W. Dixon, Chairman Military Committee, House of Representatives, Winnsboro, S. C.

FACULTY.

Col. O. J. Bond, Superintendent.

First Lieutenant W. St. J. Jervay, Tenth Infantry, U. S. A.,
Commandant of Cadets.

Maj. St. James Cummings, Professor of History and English Literature.

Maj. R. G. Thomas, Professor of Mathematics and Engineering.

Capt. John W. Moore, Professor of Political Science.

Capt. Louis Knox, Professor of Chemistry.

Capt. L. S. LeTellier, Professor of Drawing.

Capt. L. F. Hildebrandt, Professor of French and Spanish.

Capt. A. L. Hodges, Professor of Physics.

Capt. C. A. Graeser, Professor of French and German.

First Lieutenant C. L. Hair, Assistant Professor of Mathematics.

First Lieutenant S. J. Williams, Assistant Professor of English.

First Lieutenant D. W. Berky, Assistant Professor of Physics.

Capt. Henry E. Raines, Quartermaster.

Dr. R. S. Cathcart, Surgeon.

Miss Inez B. Parry, Librarian.

Mrs. J. P. Chapman, Matron of Mess Hall.

Miss F. J. Gasque, Matron of Hospital.

Chief Musician E. S. Ensey, First Band, Artillery Corps, Band Instructor.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

The standard of scholarship continues to be maintained, and the requirements for admission are as strict as the condition of our common and high school system seems to warrant. While admission at The Citadel is not based upon a system of units, it has been found from an inspection of the certificates submitted by the Freshmen of this year, that the average number of units offered would be about 10. The difficulty which has been experienced at The Citadel with candidates for admission is that they are not thoroughly prepared in the elementary branches. A considerable number of candidates every year show a lack of proficiency in Arithmetic, Elementary Algebra, English Grammar and Composition, History of the United States, and Descriptive Geography. Students coming from some of the best high schools, and who have advanced much beyond these requirements, are frequently as deficient as others in these essential branches. This lack of preparation will largely account for the great number of deficiencies which occur in our Freshman class. Last year out of 115 Cadets in this class, only 53 made the required average at the end of the year. The casualties in the higher classes were not so large, there being only one in the First Class; five in the Second Class, three of which were for deficiency; but there was a large number in the Third Class, 28.

The following tables show in brief the course of studies at the college, with the number of hours of class-room work in the various departments. It should be noted that for three years the studies required are the same for all Cadets. In the senior year, ten hours per week are allowed in elective work in any one of four courses, Engineering, English, Chemistry and Physics.

FIRST YEAR—FOURTH CLASS.

Mathematics, five hours a week, nine months. Stone-Millis Higher Algebra; Well's Plane and Solid Geometry.

Physics, four hours a week, nine months. Wentworth & Hill's Elements of Physics; laboratory work.

English, four hours a week, nine months. Hitchcock's Composition and Rhetoric; English Classics.

History, two hours a week, nine months. Wolfson's Ancient History.

French, three hours a week, nine months. Fraiser and Squair's French Grammar; Reader.

Military Science, one hour a week, nine months. Infantry Drill Regulations, U. S. Army.

Total hours a week, 19.

SECOND YEAR—THIRD CLASS.

Mathematics, five hours a week, nine months. Crockett's Plane and Spherical Trigonometry; Davie's Surveying, with Field Practice; Theory of Equations.

Chemistry, four hours a week, nine months. McPherson & Henderson's Exercises in Chemistry; Elementary Study of Chemistry by the same authors.

English, four hours a week, four and one-half months. Select English Classics; Creighton's Logic.

History, four hours a week, four and one-half months. Harding's Medièval and Modern History; Andrew's England.

French, three hours a week, nine months. Fraiser and Squair's Grammar completed; French Texts.

Drawing, three hours a week, nine months. Anthony's Mechanical Drawing; Topographical Drawing.

Military Science, one hour a week, nine months. Guard Manual, U. S. Army; Firing Regulations for Small Arms.

Total hours a week, 20.

THIRD YEAR—SECOND CLASS.

Mathematics, five hours a week, nine months. Smith and Gale's Plane and Solid Analytic Geometry; Taylor's Differential and Integral Calculus; Lectures on History and Philosophy of Mathematics.

Physics, four hours a week, nine months. Duff's Physics; Weber's Problems in Electricity. Laboratory work.

English, four hours a week, six months. Arden Edition of Shakespeare; Johnson's English and American Literature; Lectures; Winchester's Literary Criticism; Essays.

History, four hours a week, three months. Hart's Formation of the Union; Wilson's Division and Reunion.

German, three hours a week, nine months. Vos' Essentials of German; Reader.

Drawing, three hours a week, nine months. Anthony's Machine Drawing and Design.

Military Science, one hour a week, nine months. Field Service Regulations. Map Reading and Sketching. Infantry Drill Regulations.

Total hours a week, 20.

FOURTH YEAR—FIRST CLASS.

Engineering (elective), ten hours a week, nine months. Integral Calculus; Analytic Mechanics; Hydromechanics; Mechanics of Materials; Roofs and Bridges; Elements of Sanitary Engineering; Drawing; Use of Surveying Instruments; Lectures on Roads and Pavements.

English (elective), nine hours a week, nine months. Extensive reading of Classic English Prose at the rate of 2,000 pages a month, minimum; Analysis by Cadets; Lectures on Literary Forms; Original Orations; Shakespeare's Dramas, with Lectures on Dramatic Poetry; Literary Study of the English Bible, with examination of the Biblical Literary Form, and extensive reading of the Modern Reader's Bible; and Fullerton's and Alden's Intellectual Philosophy. Lectures on Teaching and Study.

Physics (elective), ten hours a week, nine months. Electricity and Magnetism; Electrical Measurements; Laboratory work.

Chemistry (elective), ten hours a week, nine months. Treadwell's Analytical Chemistry; Alex Smith's General Inorganic Chemistry. Dennis & Whittlesey's Qualitative Analysis; Moses and Parson's Mineralogy.

Political Science, three hours a week, nine months. Lauchlin's Political Economy; State and Federal Constitutions; Davis's International Law. Cooley's Constitutional Law.

German (elective), three hours a week, nine months. Vos' Grammar, completed; Pope's German Composition; German Texts.

Spanish (elective), three hours a week, nine months. Hill's and Ford's Spanish Grammar; Reader; Spanish Texts.

Military Science, two hours a week, nine months. Beach's

Military Engineering; Dudley's Abridgment of Military Law; Practice of Court's Martial. Drill Regulations.

Geology, two hours a week, nine months. Morton's Geology.

Bookkeeping and Commercial Law, two hours a week, nine months.

Total hours a week, 21.

NUMBER OF HOURS IN FOUR YEARS' REQUIRED COURSE.

Mathematics	540
Sciences	504
English	312
History	192
Modern Languages	432
Military Science	180
Drawing	240
Elective (Engineering, English, Chemistry, or Physics) . .	360
Political Science	144
Drill, Inspections, Guard Mountings, etc.	1,376
Total	4,280

MILITARY INSPECTION BY THE WAR DEPARTMENT, U. S. A.

It gives me pleasure to report that the high military reputation of the institution has been maintained. As a result of the inspection by the U. S. War Department, the report of which is appended, The Citadel again takes rank in the class of distinguished institutions, one of whose graduates receives a commission in the U. S. Army. Cadet Captain G. D. Murphey, who graduated in June, was recommended for a commission and has been accepted by the U. S. Army.

REPORT OF AN INSPECTION OF THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT OF THE CITADEL.

At Charleston, Charleston County, South Carolina, made April 10, 1911, by Captain B. T. Simmons, General Staff.

1. Is this institution essentially a military school, or is the military instruction merely a single feature of the course? Essentially military.

2. What degree of importance is attached to the military instruction by the faculty? Great.

3. Is any change in the War Department classification desirable? No.

4. If not already classified, what classification should be made? Now Class A.

5. Is the officer on duty at the college cordially supported by the faculty in the matter of military instruction and discipline? Give explicitly your reasons for arriving at this conclusion. Yes. (Statement of Lieutenant Jervey and my own observation.)

6. Are the students required to be continuously in uniform, and do they lead, as far as the surrounding conditions can reasonably be expected to permit, a military life? In other words, are the conditions such as to impress them constantly with a sense of being under military discipline? Yes.

7. To what extent is a military spirit developed and nurtured? Great.

8. With what degree of zeal is military duty performed? Very good.

9. What was the general appearance of the Cadets at inspection? Excellent.

10. Have the requirements of par. 27, G. O. 231, W. D., 1909, as to time allowed the military department been fully complied with? Yes.

11. Have the requirements of par. 28, G. O. 231, W. D., 1909, as to the course of instruction been complied with? Yes.

12. Is the efficiency in infantry instruction and training sufficiently advanced to warrant devoting time to instruction in artillery or other branches? Yes, but not recommended.

13. Is the military instruction of such extent and thoroughness as to qualify the average graduate for a commission as a lieutenant of volunteers? Yes.

14. Personally interview the students of the graduating class reported as having shown special aptitude for military service, and state your opinion as to their qualifications so far as you can ascertain the same from suitable questions in the course of conversation with them. Endeavor to form a general idea as to their fondness for military life, the extent of their military and historical reading, and their general intelligence, neatness and good manners. Do not report them individually, but give your impression of these selected Cadets as a whole. They are intelligent, neat and

well mannered. They have good command, and impressed me very favorably.

15. Is the military professor eligible for this detail? (Pars. 14 and 16, G. O. 231, W. D., 1909.) Yes.

16. Is he satisfactory to the college authorities? Yes.

17. Is the retired non-commissioned officer on duty at this institution satisfactory? None.

18. Do the conditions warrant the continuance of the detail of an officer as professor of military science and tactics at this institution? Yes.

GENERAL REMARKS.

I inspected 184 Cadets organized into a battalion of five companies and a band. The music of the band is very good. The Cadets are well set up and neat and present a military appearance. All that were questioned were found to be well instructed in the nomenclature of the rifle. There were two rusty rifles at inspection. One Cadet stated that he had used sand in cleaning his rifle.

The Cadets were in camp on the State Rifle Range near Charleston, and were having field exercises and their annual target practice. The tents were well pitched and ditched and the ground in the vicinity of the tents well policed. All refuse is burned or hauled away. The messing arrangements in camp were very good.

The members of the guard understand and properly performed guard duty.

Company drills in close order, squad drills by the corporals, battalion close order drills (the senior Cadet captain commanding), guard mounting, escort of the color and battalion parade, marching and alignment, were excellent.

Company and battalion drills in extended order, very good. The battalion under the senior Cadet Captain made an attack which was well executed and showed a knowledge of the use of cover.

Outpost duty is fairly well understood. The battalion made a short march with an advance guard properly formed.

Three Cadets sent and received messages with flags quickly and correctly.

Standing gun drill with 3.2" rifles, good. The barracks, which were not occupied at the time of inspection, are well arranged and in good condition, and the hospital was in excellent condition.

The Cadets have had practical instruction in intrenching. The military instructor has given 24 hours theoretical instruction in field engineering and 25 hours in military law to the members of the first class.

The members of the faculty and Cadets of the first class sit as members of courts-martial for the trial of Cadets, following the procedure prescribed in the manual for courts-martial.

There is daily guard mounting and guard duty throughout the school year. Guard, morning and sick reports are submitted daily.

B. T. SIMMONS.

Captain General Staff Corps Inspector.

The annual encampment of the Corps of Cadets was held at the Range of the National Guard, a few miles above the City of Charleston, from April 1st to 15th, and was one of the most successful in the amount of military work and instruction given which has ever been held. The time was devoted exclusively to military work, consisting of guard duty in camp, field maneuvers, practice marches, military engineering, and target shooting. In the latter considerable exercise was given all the Cadets in rifle shooting at 100, 200 and 600 yards, and a picked squad of 24 were afterwards given a special competitive shoot for a medal offered by Mayor R. Goodwin Rhett, of the City of Charleston. This medal was won by Lieut. J. F. Risher, of the First Class. The practice of target shooting is considered so important a part of the military education of the Cadets that this feature of the encampments will be made permanent.

The Commencement Exercises were held in the City of Charleston, the Baccalaureate Sermon being delivered by Rev. T. M. Hunter, of Baton Rouge, La., an alumnus of The Citadel in the class of 1890, and the annual address by Dr. James P. Kinard, of Winthrop College, a Citadel graduate of the class of 1886. On this occasion a ring was presented by Dr. John O. Willson, President of Lander College, to Cadet Captain T. S. Sinkler, Jr., who was adjudged by vote of his classmates to be the "manliest, purest and most courteous member of his class." Announcement was also made that a medal would be offered annually by the Class of 1890 to that student of the corps who will show the greatest proficiency in Athletics, and a Mathematical medal would also be presented by Mr. W. C. Heath, of Monroe, N. C., of the Class

of 1886, to be awarded annually to the member of the Fourth Class showing the greatest proficiency in Mathematics.

The "Star of the West" medal for the best drilled Cadet was awarded to Cadet Sergeant Thomas Richardson; and the "Marksman's" medal for the best record in shooting to Cadet Corporal J. C. Hutson.

Diplomas were awarded by Col. J. J. Lucas, Acting Chairman, to 31 Cadets of the Senior Class.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

The Superintendent's annual report of receipts and expenditures submitted herewith shows the institution to be in a healthy financial condition.

The gratifying increase in the amount received from Pay Cadets will be noted. The State appropriates annually \$30,000 for maintenance and for the support of 68 Beneficiary Cadets. Last year the receipts from the Pay Cadets amounted to \$40,851.67. The rapid growth of the school has been in the attendance of Pay Cadets, and it is not expected that it will be necessary to call upon the Legislature for any increased annual appropriation.

During the spring and summer the special appropriation of \$50,000 made by the Legislature in its session in February was expended for the construction of the Meeting Street extension, which completes the equipment of The Citadel so far as buildings are concerned. In this new building are class rooms, armories, gymnasium, officers' quarters, society halls, Y. M. C. A. halls, band room and astronomical observatory. The appropriation made by the Legislature was to be paid from the State Treasury in two installments, \$25,000 in 1911 and \$25,000 in 1912. As the construction of this addition was urgent, the Board of Visitors made arrangements with the Carolina Savings Bank in Charleston to discount their notes for \$25,000, so that the construction of this building could be completed in due time and turned over to the authorities, and it is now serving the purpose for which it was designed.

It is estimated that the value of the building and equipment at the Citadel is in excess of \$300,000, and the Board, at its meeting in June, considered it imperative that the insurance should be increased to at least 40 per cent. of the value of the plant. New insurance for a period of five years, beginning October 1st, has

been taken out on the buildings and property for \$150,000. The premiums amounting to \$2,277.78 have been paid from the funds of the institution and the Legislature will be asked to refund this amount.

The new session opened with an enrollment of 233 Cadets, and I am assured by the Superintendent that all departments of the institution are now working effectively and harmoniously.

The Board asks for the usual appropriation of \$30,000 for maintenance, \$25,000 second installment for Meeting Street extension, and \$2,277.78 for insurance.

Respectfully,

C. S. GADSDEN,

Chairman of Board of Visitors, The Citadel.

Table showing the salaries of the members of the Academic Board:

Superintendent	\$2,500
Commandant of Cadets (no salary paid by the Board of Visitors).	
Two professors at \$1,800	3,600
Six professors at \$1,500	9,000
Two assistant professors at \$1,000	2,000
One assistant professor at \$900	900
Quartermaster	1,500
Surgeon	600
Librarian	600
Adjutant	200
Total	\$20,900

Below is given an account of the expenditure of the special appropriation of \$50,000 for the Meeting Street extension:

Simons & Mayrant, Building Contractors	\$40,456 32
Evans, Admirall & Co., extension of heating plant	3,375 00
Observatory	1,881 36
Architects	2,230 44
Discount	850 83
Tiling, electric fixtures, advertising, furniture for class rooms and Y. M. C. A. halls	1,206 05
Total	\$50,000 00

SUPERINTENDENT'S ANNUAL REPORT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES, THE CITADEL, July 1st, 1910, TO JUNE 30, 1911.

RECEIPTS.			EXPENDITURES.		
Balance cash July 1, 1910			Paid as per vouchers audited Dec., 1910....		\$9,657.75
Board of Visitors, Beneficiary Fund	\$30,000.00		Paid as per vouchers audited Dec., 1910....		8,176.72
Board of Visitors, Pay Fund	39,351.67		Paid as per vouchers audited Dec., 1910....		5,799.75
City Fund	1,500.00		Paid as per vouchers audited Dec., 1910....		15,779.11
Quartermaster Sales	1,715.89		Paid as per vouchers audited Dec., 1910....		15,940.90
Interest	232.08		Paid as per vouchers audited June, 1911....		7,108.07
Special Appropriation, Fourth Story	25,496.17				
Special Appropriation, New Building	22,721.47		Paid as per vouchers audited June, 1911....		5,728.96
Reimbursement, Loss by Fire	226.29		Paid as per vouchers audited June, 1911....		7,657.07
Library	21.10		Paid as per vouchers audited June, 1911....		7,245.85
		\$121,314.07	Paid as per vouchers audited June, 1911....		13,200.51
			Paid as per vouchers audited June, 1911....		17,390.93
			Paid as per vouchers herewith		11,729.13
			Balance cash June 30, 1911		\$125,414.25
		\$127,170.05			1,755.30
					\$127,170.05
RECAPITULATION.					
Physical Laboratory			Physical Laboratory		\$1,084.63
Clothing			Clothing		15,354.44
Miscellaneous Cadet Expenses			Miscellaneous Cadet Expenses		3,823.90
Miscellaneous Academic Expenses			Miscellaneous Academic Expenses		5,448.46
Property			Property		2,492.98
Repairs			Repairs		6,498.21
Salaries			Salaries		19,328.31
Subsistence			Subsistence		15,614.43
Laundry			Laundry		1,098.88
Heating and Lighting			Heating and Lighting		5,377.99
Chemical Laboratory			Chemical Laboratory		325.72
Library			Library		320.57
Special Appropriation, Fourth Story			Special Appropriation, Fourth Story		25,444.76
Special Appropriation, New Building			Special Appropriation, New Building		28,221.47
Balance			Balance		\$125,414.25
					1,755.30
					\$127,170.05

Examined above account and found correct, Charleston, July 12th, 1911.

(Signed) J. E. SMITH.

REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

OF THE

WINTHROP

Normal and Industrial College

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

TO THE

General Assembly

1911

REPORT

Winthrop Normal and Industrial College,
Rock Hill, S. C., Nov. 24, 1911.

Hon. J. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education.

Dear Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of Winthrop Normal and Industrial College for the scholastic year, July 1, 1910, to July 1, 1911, as required by law.

Winthrop College made much progress during the past year in character of work done, in material equipment, in college spirit and standards, in reputation, and in relating itself more closely to the life of the people served by it. The organization was more satisfactorily adjusted to the larger enrollment, advanced entrance requirements and higher and stronger courses of study put into operation, and features specially bearing upon the home life of the people in both town and country, such as household economics, practice in housekeeping, elementary agriculture and school gardening, strengthened and emphasized. The organization and meeting at Winthrop of the York County Rural and Home Institute for the wives and daughters of the farmers, of the York County Boys' Corn Clubs, of the County Teachers' Association, the gathering together there of some 1,200 school children of York County for academic exercises and athletic contests, the special work of Miss Russell for the rural schools, and the conduct of an experimental rural school at the college have all brought the college and the people closer together and have resulted in benefit to the homes and schools of the people and to Winthrop College. During the past summer a Summer School of four weeks' session, a Rural Life Conference, and a Conference of the County Superintendents of Education were held at Winthrop and a household economics train was run by the college for the benefit of the women of the State in connection with Clemson's agricultural train.

An evidence of the growing reputation of the college and its increasing usefulness is the ever increasing demand for its graduates. The demand is greater every year and it comes from other States as well as from South Carolina. The Superintendent of City Schools of a leading city in North Carolina, in a recent letter asking for recommendation of Winthrop graduates for his primary and grammar grades and high school, adds, "Our experience with Winthrop girls has been good without an exception. We want some more." The Superintendent of Schools of a good

town in South Carolina, in writing for help in securing a teacher, adds, "It might be of interest to you to know that I have nine grade teachers this year and seven of these are Winthrop graduates. Next year I am to have ten grade teachers and I feel sure that nine of them will be Winthrop graduates. . . . All of this information is given to show you how we appreciate the good work Winthrop is doing; also to show the confidence we have in her graduates as teachers."

The College ran smoothly in every department the past year. The students were earnest, conscientious, and diligent in their work, and there was no serious case of discipline.

ENROLLMENT.

The total number of students admitted last year to the College classes during the whole session was 703—486 old and 217 new. The enrollment in the Training School and Kindergarten was 206, making the total number in all departments cared for by the College, 909.

Every county in the State was represented in the enrollment in college classes as follows:

Abbeville	9	Greenwood	28
Aiken	27	Hampton	10
Anderson	40	Horry	6
Bamberg	6	Kershaw	11
Barnwell	12	Lancaster	19
Beaufort	2	Laurens	26
Berkeley	3	Lee	20
Calhoun	7	Lexington	18
Charleston	18	Marlboro	11
Cherokee	7	Marion	5
Chester	29	Newberry	22
Chesterfield	4	Oconee	14
Clarendon	9	Orangeburg	36
Colleton	9	Pickens	12
Darlington	26	Richland	14
Dillon	3	Saluda	7
Dorchester	3	Sumter	15
Edgefield	9	Spartanburg	16
Fairfield	13	Union	8
Florence	14	Williamsburg	9
Georgetown	5	York	97
Greenville	27		

Enrollment in Industrial Studies:

Stenography and typewriting	26
Dressmaking, sewing and millinery	390
Drawing and designing	168
Cooking	354
Elementary agriculture	202
Manual training	346

Enrollment by Classes:

Senior	97
Junior	142
Sophomore	201
Freshman	132
Sub-Collegiate	72
Special	59
	— 703
Enrollment in Training School (children)	160
Enrollment in Kindergarten (children)	46
	—
Total	909

Number of Students in Normal Department 639

Number of Students in the Literary Department 5

The average age of the students at the beginning of the session was 18 years, 5 months and 9 days, over three years above the age requirement for admission, which is fifteen.

Of the new students admitted, 172 were from accredited schools. Of all the students enrolled, 360 were graduates of graded and high schools and 57 had taught school.

All of the members of the Senior Class were normal students and all of them had had training in industrial studies.

The regular work of this session was begun in most of the studies without the loss of a day, except the first, which was used for assembling in the chapel, for registration, and for directions, especially to new students. The students were practically all classified by correspondence, and an alphabetical list of the whole student body, giving the class of each student, was printed before the College opened. Examinations for making up conditions, for passing to higher classes, and for passing on foreign languages chosen were held several days before the opening day. The students assembled in the chapel at 10 a. m. on September 20th

for opening exercises, and all students were busy next day with some regular college work.

We have enrolled for this session up to this time 743 students—501 old and 242 new—making the largest enrollment in the history of the College and making Winthrop one of the largest colleges in the South. The enrollment in the Training School and Kindergarten thus far this session is 212, making 955 pupils gathered together at the College every day and cared for by the College.

There were 1,354 applicants for admission to the College last summer, but of this number many were not prepared for college work.

The percentage of old students returning to College has been very large this year. Out of a possible 582 old students who could have returned, 523 applied for re-admission.

Eight graduates of colleges, including the Memminger Normal School, are at Winthrop this session for professional work and post graduate work.

The number of students in the Normal Department receiving professional training for teaching is 673 out of the 743 enrolled.

Every county in the State is represented in the enrollment this year, as last.

Of all the students enrolled, 408 are graduates of high schools and colleges and 66 have taught school.

Two hundred and fourteen of the new students admitted this year are from accredited schools and colleges.

The average age of the students this session, including the Sub-Freshmen, is 18 years, 7 months and 17 days—over two months higher than at this time last year.

From answers to the question concerning the occupation of fathers, it is interesting to note that we have in the College this year the daughters of

259 Farmers.	11 Insurance men.
63 Merchants.	13 Railroad men.
17 Ministers.	15 Lawyers.
24 Physicians.	7 School superintendents,
22 United States, State,	teachers and college pro-
county and municipal	fessors.
officers and officials.	3 Manufacturers.
15 Traveling men.	2 Cotton buyers.

10 Contractors.	3 Druggists.
7 Presidents or other officers in mills and factories.	2 Laundrymen.
3 Bookkeepers	5 Mechanics.
1 Bank president.	1 Singer.
4 Grocers.	2 Boatmen.
1 Liveryman.	1 Jeweler.
4 Dentists.	1 Plumber.
3 Brokers.	1 Undertaker.
2 Politicians.	9 Engineers.
10 Clerks	2 Cashiers.
2 Office men.	1 Manager of a mine.
1 Surveyor.	1 Miner.
1 Tobacco warehouseman.	1 Cattle inspector.
3 Proprietors of hotels or restaurants.	1 Horse trader.
1 Printer.	1 Electrician.
1 Editor.	2 Express agents.
4 Lumbermen.	1 Manager bottling works.
2 Carpenters.	1 Manager County Dispensary.
1 Photographer.	1 Manager Music House.
	1 Horticulturist.

The students not answering this question have widowed mothers or no parents living.

HEALTH.

The resident physician of the College, who is also sanitary officer, reports that "the College plant in all its branches has been inspected and found in a fine sanitary condition." The health of the student body is usually good, but it has been better this fall than usual.

Every precaution was taken last summer to insure a thoroughly good sanitary condition of the College plant before the teachers and students returned. At the request of the President of the College the State Health Officer, Dr. Haynes, went to the College a few days before the opening and made a sanitary inspection of the College premises, including the dairy. He expressed himself as much pleased with the sanitary condition of everything. The College drinking water was examined by the State Board of Health before College opened and pronounced good, and it is examined regularly through the session. The meal to be used for the dining room is sent to the State Commissioner of Agriculture

for examination. The dining room, kitchen, store room and infirmary are all carefully screened against flies.

The health of the College community is carefully looked after by the resident physician and trained nurse. The attendance of the students upon all their school duties is remarkably regular and very few are compelled to drop out of school on account of sickness.

The students, upon entrance, are given a physical examination by the resident physician and Director of Physical Training. All students needing it are vaccinated at the beginning of the session. Hereafter we shall carry out the State law by requiring a certificate of successful vaccination from every applicant. This should make us safe against a smallpox epidemic or a smallpox panic.

The College physician makes a regular sanitary inspection of the whole College plant and files with the President of the College a report of these inspections every month.

In the inspection of the dairy the form of blank adopted by the United States government is used, and the cows, stables, milk house, milkers, and milking and handling milk are all graded. Out of a possible hundred the last report of the inspector gave the dairy 94, with the note, "Sanitary conditions are excellent".

All students who are physically able are required to take the physical training work provided for in the course of study and to exercise in the open air and sunshine every day when the weather permits. The girls play tennis, basket ball, hockey, baseball, roll ten pins, and take long walks in the woods at intervals in walking clubs. Our many students in elementary agriculture get much good exercise in working their garden plots. We have inaugurated "organized play" for the Training School to teach our students how to carry it on with their pupils when they become teachers, and our students seem to get much pleasure themselves in using the see-saws, swings, traveling rings, etc.

The Infirmary has proved a great blessing to the College, but it is now found to be too small for the enlarged institution. It was built to care for the students of one dormitory. We now have three large dormitories and the number of students is more than twice as large as when the Infirmary was built. It is imperative that the Infirmary be enlarged without further delay, in order that we may be able to look after the health of the students properly and be prepared to handle satisfactorily any epidemic that

might visit the College. It can be made large enough for the needs of Greater Winthrop and provided with much needed modern equipment for \$12,000.00. The State Normal School of North Carolina has abandoned recently is old, out-grown Infirmary and built at a cost of \$45,000.00, a large modern hospital with every convenience for the care of the sick and with ample room to handle any epidemic.

SCHOLARSHIP AND ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

This examination was held on last July 7th at every county court house in the State in accordance with the law. It served as an entrance examination to the sub-collegiate class, as it has done for the past two years under our advanced entrance requirements, as well as a competitive examination for the award of scholarships. We believe the State is now ready, however, for this examination to be of a more advanced character and to be held for admission to our present Freshman class with its advanced entrance requirements.

There were thirty-two vacant scholarships to be awarded upon the competitive examination. All of them, with one exception, were awarded in the counties to which they belonged. No applicant in Berkeley County passed the examination, and the vacant scholarship for that county was awarded as a scholarship from the State at large to Miss Inez Lomborg, of Beaufort County, who made the highest average on the scholarship examination of all the applicants in the State outside of the regular State scholarship students. No applicant was eligible financially for a scholarship unless pronounced so by the committee of the Board appointed to pass upon this matter.

Miss Hannah Plowden and Miss Katie Gunter, awarded scholarships in Winthrop by the last Legislature for making the greatest amount of corn on an acre of ground and the greatest number of cans of tomatoes, respectively, in a State contest with other young women, have been admitted to the College, although Miss Gunter could not enter any of the college classes and the Legislature did not appropriate any money for the scholarships. Miss Hannah Plowden entered the Freshman class upon examination. Winthrop College has no sources of revenue other than the fees of the students and the appropriations of the Legislature and it is necessary, therefore, for us to ask the Legislature

for money for the support of the two extra scholarships created by it for the College.

Two additional scholarships have been provided for in Winthrop College since the last session of the Legislature—one by Mrs. W. H. Beall, of Sumter County, and named by her the Sumter County Farmers' Union Scholarship, and another by the Greenville Chapter of the U. D. C. These scholarships were awarded upon the competitive examination held last July 7.

These scholarships, in addition to others maintained at Winthrop by individuals and organizations in the State, evidence a gratifying esteem for the College by the people and faith in its work.

The provision in the new scholarship Act passed at the last session of the Legislature making ineligible for a scholarship all applicants who have attended any college or university is proving a hardship to some poor deserving girls. It rules out some of the finest and most worthy young women in the State—those who are willing to come to college and work their way through in the dining room and kitchen. After a girl has worked at Winthrop as a dining room scholarship student she is forever debarred, under the provisions of the new Act, from applying for a State scholarship. A girl who hopes to secure a State scholarship at some time dare not exert herself to enter college without such scholarship, for by doing so she forever debar herself from securing such a scholarship. The enterprising, determined, ambitious, forceful girl who overcomes difficulties, makes a little money, and comes to college for one year in the absence of a vacant scholarship in her county is the very kind who will make the most valuable teacher, and yet she is ruled out by the new scholarship law from any chance of ever receiving any State scholarship aid in completing her education at college. The new law puts a premium on mediocrity and discourages independent, ambitious effort to enter college on the part of any girl who ever expects to secure a State scholarship to help her through college.

OFFICERS AND TEACHERS.

There are now 84 officers and teachers in the College.

Every teacher should realize that he owes it to himself, to his profession, and to the institution engaging his services, to keep abreast of the times in his profession—that money invested in a better preparation for one's professional duties is capital well

invested. Our teachers do realize this and also that more than work in the class room is due from a teacher to his students and his college. Many of our teachers taught and studied in summer schools during the past summer, and some went abroad for travel and study. President Johnson organized and conducted the Winthrop College Summer School; Dr. Kinard, Prof. Hodge, Miss Macfeat, Miss Grant, Miss Dunn and Miss Campbell taught in the Winthrop Summer School; Prof. Thomson taught in the Winthrop Summer School and also in the Piedmont Summer School at Davidson, N. C.; Prof. Tate taught in the Winthrop Summer School, and afterwards continued his work as State Supervisor of rural schools; Miss Withers taught in the Summer School of the South at Knoxville, Tennessee; Mrs. Hetty S. Browne conducted the Rural School for observation during the Winthrop Summer School and afterwards studied at the University of Chicago; Miss Maude M. Isles taught in the Winthrop Summer School and afterwards inspected the summer exhibitions of four of the leading schools in New York City (New York University, Teachers College, School of Applied Design, Miss Seegmiller's classes); Miss Dacus served as Librarian and teacher of Library Methods at the Winthrop Summer School and afterwards studied the methods used in some of the Washington, D. C., libraries; Miss Porter studied French in Paris and attended the extension courses offered by the University of Oxford, England, lectures on German history, literature, and philosophy, social economics, etc.; Miss Whittemore inspected household economics work in Great Britain; Miss Wysor went abroad; Miss Alice Jones went abroad; Miss Martin visited the libraries, museums and social settlements in Paris and London and afterwards took a course in German literature and German economics at the University Extension School, Oxford, England; Mrs. Birdsall studied at Teachers College; Miss Spencer and Miss Hughes did some work at Chautauqua; Miss Moudy and Miss South attended the summer session of the University of California and the annual meeting of the National Education Association; Miss Clark studied at Teachers College; Miss Morrison collected available material in the Rocky Mountains for a herbarium; Miss Russell attended the Summer School of the University of West Virginia; Miss Coleman taught in the Winthrop Summer School and afterwards studied playground organization and management in Washington, D. C.; Misses Schutt, Jenkins and Pawnee Jones took a correspondence

course in theory and harmony of music; Miss Dickson took a correspondence course from the University of Chicago; Prof. Fertig taught in the Winthrop Summer School and afterwards studied at Columbia University.

Believing that an institution supported by a State should render service to that State in helping to build up its vital interests, the school and the home, Winthrop is always seeking opportunities to render this service to South Carolina. Miss Hyde, matron of our Practice Home, accompanied and assisted by members of last year's graduating class, went over the State last summer in charge of the Winthrop College demonstration train sent out in connection with Clemson's agricultural train. This train traveled 2,063 miles, visiting 47 different points and reaching every county in the State except Williamsburg. The Winthrop part of the train consisted of two coaches—one for exhibiting improved household implements and equipment, and the other fitted up with a stove and kitchen furnishings for lectures with demonstrations on cooking. Home sanitation and home making were also the subjects of lectures to the women. It is estimated that about 11,000 women heard these lectures. Miss Hyde gave household economic lectures and demonstrations at the Barnwell County Fair on last October 27th.

Miss Leggett, the new head of our Department of Domestic Science, conducted a cooking school at the Aiken County Fair on November 16th and 17th.

Prof. Niven lectured on elementary agriculture and school gardening at the Winthrop Summer School and afterwards during the summer at farmers' institutes.

Miss Russell, County Supervisor of Rural Schools, assisted by Prof. Niven, arranged for a meeting at Winthrop College, on October 20th and 21st, of the York County School Improvement Association, the York County School Trustees' Association, the York County Boys' Corn Club, and the Rural and Home Institute for both boys and girls. Prizes contributed by the people of the county, amounting to almost \$400.00, were awarded for the best yield of corn, the best pair of chickens, the best bread, the best butter, the best aprons, the best sofa pillow tops, doll clothes, etc. By means of classes at work in Manual Training, Domestic Science, and Domestic Art and an exhibit of school furniture, apparatus for teaching, photographs of buildings and play grounds, the teachers and children from the country were

shown some of the improved methods of teaching and some improved school equipment. Among those who addressed the meetings were State Superintendent of Education J. E. Swearingen and County Superintendent of Education O. J. Kern, of Winnebago County, Ill. A picnic dinner was served by Winthrop College to those attending the meetings on October 21.

Miss Russell is taking members of the Senior Class to the rural schools about Winthrop College this fall for observation and to give lessons on manual training, cooking, etc.

As a result of this work of Winthrop teachers quite a demand for extension work in household economics has arisen throughout the State. We hope the Legislature may provide the means for Winthrop to carry on more effectively and generally this work for the betterment of the schools and homes of the rural districts.

As a means of developing this work, and in order to secure the co-operation of the United States Department of Agriculture in it, a proposition made by a representative of the United States Department of Agriculture to have Miss Cromer, who is in charge of the Girls' Canning Club Work of South Carolina, located at Winthrop and connected with it and to work under Winthrop's direction, has been accepted.

SUMMER SCHOOL.

The Winthrop College Summer School held last summer, June 21-July 19, was well attended. The Registrar reports an enrollment of 382. Of these, 91 held degrees from some college and 196 held first grade teachers' certificates. There were present 73 primary teachers, 77 teachers of intermediate grades, 51 teachers and principals of high schools, 95 teachers of rural schools, and 23 County Superintendents of Education.

We provided in the Summer School for the teaching of not only the usual branches of a summer school, mathematics, English, Latin, history, science, writing, drawing, music, primary methods and pedagogy, but also of such other subjects as elementary agriculture, cooking, sewing, manual training, physical training, library methods, kindergarten, boy problems, Sunday school pedagogy and story telling. We had some of the strongest lecturers in the country, with national reputation, for the Summer School, including Dr. DeGarmo, Dr. Corson, Dr.

Snyder and others. Dr. Joynes, of our own Board, lectured on the characteristics of the English language.

Two very important conferences were held at the College during the Summer School, one of the County Superintendents of Education of the State, and one on Rural Life Problems. Some of the leading men of the United States took part in the Rural Life Conference, including Dr. Stiles, Prof. Duggar, of Alabama; Mr. Bradford Knapp, of the Farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work, United States Department of Agriculture; Mr. H. E. Stockbridge, editor Southern Ruralist, and Dr. A. P. Bourland, of Washington, D. C. State Superintendent of Education J. E. Swearingen took part in both conferences.

We made special provision to meet the needs of rural teachers, believing that they of all teachers are best served by a summer school which has been well called the Rural Teachers' Normal School.

Every one attending the Summer School seemed pleased with the work of the instructors and with the board and entertainment given them. The County Superintendents of Education and the whole body of students adopted resolutions of thanks for all that was done for them. We feel sure that the attendance will be very much greater next summer as a result of the work of the Summer School last summer.

We hope and believe that with some help from the Legislature we may be able to make the Winthrop College Summer School the equal of any in efficiency and opportunities offered and thus enable all of our teachers, rural and urban, to get the special summer work desired by them at home without having to leave the State for it.

FARM AND GROUNDS.

A sanitary slaughter house with cement floor has been built on the farm. In accordance with the recommendations of Mr. B. H. Rawl, Chief of the Dairy Division, U. S. Department of Agriculture, we are improving our dairy herd by selling those cows which do not give a proper yield of milk for the feed given them as determined by the Babcock tester, and buying thoroughly good cows in their stead. We have added about twenty first-class cows to the dairy herd this past summer in this way. These new cows have a record of giving from 7,000 to 9,000 pounds of milk a year, and the milk tests from 6 per cent. to 8 per cent. butter fat.

Instead of buying all our beef cattle at one time and thus having to feed many of them at a loss after they have become fat, we adopted the plan this year of having them delivered to the College at different times. We feel sure that, in this way, the cost of our beef will be reduced. More ensilage has been raised and stored in the silos than ever before.

It is becoming more imperative each year that we should have more farm land for the College.

We feel the need of steady labor on the farm. If we could secure fifteen or twenty convicts for the farm, the labor question would be settled satisfactorily and money could be saved to the College and the State in the management of the farm. Clemson College is given some thirty convicts by the State and there is no good reason why Winthrop should be denied fifteen.

During the summer our President visited some of the large poultry farms of New Jersey, where 25,000 eggs are hatched at one time. From his observation and investigation we feel sure that poultry raising could be carried on successfully on the farm, provided faithful and expert management could be secured. It is an industry which we should carry on at Winthrop to furnish chickens and eggs for the boarding department and also to give our students some training in it for domestic purposes.

In a letter received from Mr. Harlan P. Kelsey this fall relative to plans for the improvement of our grounds, which he says he cannot make until we acquire more land, he writes, "With the increasing size of your College and the great need for development of such an institution in that section, you will always be short of land. I would urge my previous suggestion that every effort be put into securing more land."

TRAINING SCHOOL AND INDUSTRIAL ARTS AND SCIENCE BUILDINGS.

The plans for these buildings were perfected by the architects and accepted by the Building Committee the latter part of September and notices to building contractors that the contracts would be awarded at noon, October 24, 1911, were inserted in newspapers in this and other States over two weeks before the time for the award.

The Building Committee met on October 24th and opened the bids at noon of that day. There were eight bids for the construction of the Industrial Arts and Science Building. The lowest bid was made by J. T. Hunt & Co., of Greensboro, N. C., and the

contract for construction was awarded to him. The award of the heating contract was postponed for consideration of the advisability, if not necessity, of heating all buildings from the central power plant, as originally planned by the Board. The original cost of doing this, it being necessary to enlarge the power house, buy new boilers, and put down a large conduit pipe to do it, would be greater than heating the buildings separately, but the difference in cost of annual maintenance in favor of the central power plant would soon pay for the difference in cost of installment. If the original plan of the Board to heat all buildings from a central power plant is carried out, we shall have to ask the Legislature for an appropriation to enlarge the power house, add new boilers, and lay a large conduit pipe.

The general contractor has already begun work on the Industrial Arts and Science building and has made good headway on the foundations. The building has been located under the general advice of our landscape architect and is placed at about the only location suitable for it.

The contract for the construction of the Training School was awarded to the lowest bidder, Mr. J. A. Jones, of Charlotte, N. C.

The contractors for both buildings have filed properly signed contracts and given bond in the Maryland Casualty Company for the faithful carrying out of their contracts. Mr. Jones has given a bond for \$50,000.00 and Mr. Hunt for \$25,000.00.

The Training School is the very heart of the professional and practical training for which a normal school exists and it was primarily to strengthen and perfect the normal work of the College that we labored to secure such a school, but we have always had in mind another most useful purpose to which it could be put.

The higher grades of the Training School could easily be made to serve as a preparatory school without extra cost to the College in the interests of both the College and the State. It is thought that by using these grades for this purpose the cost to the College of maintaining the Training School could be reduced. The dormitory already on the High School grounds could be used as a beginning to accommodate students from a distance.

With such an arrangement for preparing girls for college, many of the earnest, strong, mature young women, mainly from the country, who are now unable to enter college for lack of preparation, and who are unable to prepare to enter because of a lack of

school facilities in their communities, could be given a chance for a college training, and the College proper would be relieved of all students not thoroughly prepared for real college work. By such an arrangement the standard of admission to the College could be raised without hardship to any one, still better material for college work secured, the efficiency of that work increased, and the whole people of the State better served.

The President of the Carnegie Foundation, a strong advocate of high standards for colleges, approves of such a college preparatory school as we have in mind, as we have shown in former reports.

DONATION BY PEABODY BOARD.

The Board has been notified by the General Agent of the Peabody Board that that Board, at a meeting held November 1, voted to donate to Winthrop College \$90,000.00.

In order to be equipped to take proper care of the girls of South Carolina, Winthrop College needs, in addition to those improvements already mentioned as being needed, the following:

A large Gymnasium, with swimming pool, running track and bowling alley. The small Gymnasium in the main building has been outgrown and the room taken up by it will be needed for the regular academic work of the College. There is nothing more important in the education of women than their physical training. An education without health does not amount to much.

The Auditorium to be enlarged. For the last two years we have been compelled to send the Freshman and Sub-Freshman classes home to make room in the Auditorium for our commencement visitors. The students fill the main floor of the Auditorium and overflow into the gallery.

Larger quarters for the Music Department.

Larger quarters for the Art Department.

A Propagation House and Greenhouse for teaching elementary agriculture.

A Young Women's Christian Association Hall and Students' Building. ●

More land for the farm.

More land for the campus.

An air cleaning equipment for cleaning all the buildings by suction, thus insuring a thoroughly good, sanitary condition of the College premises at all times.

Larger Power House and Laundry.

Two deep wells. The water supply is already inadequate.

Three large transformers. These are needed to carry the extra electric load required for power and lights for the enlarged plant.

A large organ for the Auditorium.

The money generously given Winthrop College by the Peabody Board will supply only a few of these needs.

We believe that the first building to be erected with some of the Peabody appropriation, after the completion of the Training School and Industrial Arts and Science Buildings, is a large gymnasium to properly care for the physical well-being of the students.

PRACTICE HOME.

An exhibit of the work of the Practice Home and the industrial departments of Winthrop College, including the Department of Elementary Agriculture, at Mobile, Alabama, last February, during the annual meeting of the Department of Superintendence of the N. E. A., made by request of a representative of that department, attracted a great deal of attention. Our "Practice Home" appeals strongly to the good sense of men and women alike.

We believe that the housekeeper should be able to reduce the expense of maintaining the home, not only by a sensible economy, but also by the value of the products of the garden, the poultry yard, the orchard, the apiary, and the dairy, sold to outsiders and used in the home, and it is our purpose to stress this feature of housekeeping during the coming year more than heretofore and find out to what extent the average home may be self-supporting.

We have been slow in making improvements at the Practice Home, because we do not wish to put too much money in it, and because, further, we do not wish to make the equipment and furnishings too costly and beyond the average home of the State. If we did this, we would impair its usefulness as a practice home. We do not wish our students to get the idea that they can keep house properly only with all the costly modern conveniences. These conveniences would save trouble, but they are not found in eight out of ten of the homes of the State and cannot be placed there. We wish to teach our girls how to keep house properly in the average home and how to make the most of the average conveniences. We also wish to acquaint them with the conveniences and furnishings which the average home ought to have and may secure at a reasonable cost.

THREE TERMS INSTEAD OF TWO IN THE SESSION.

The Board has decided, upon the recommendation of the Faculty, to divide the session of nine months into three terms of twelve weeks each and to provide for a fourth term in the summer, as is so generally done by the leading normal schools of the country. The following reasons are given by the Faculty for this recommendation:

(1). By this means the work of the various departments can be grouped better than is now done. For instance, a study now running for two periods a week for the entire year can be completed in a term of twelve weeks by allowing to that study five periods per week, and similarly a three-period study can be completed in two terms. Each term can then be made a unit and credit given for a term's work. This will give flexibility to the course.

(2.) It will decrease the lost motion in passing from one term to another. In working under the two-term plan, the month of January is almost given up to preparation for examination and the examination itself. By this change the first examination will come just before Christmas. If a shorter examination period is given, say an hour and a half, and less relative value given to the examination, it will do much to relieve the strain and worry now so common on the part of the student.

(3). It will simplify the schedule, a matter of no small importance in handling a large body of students.

(4). It will help solve the problem of the work of the Seniors in the Training School.

(5). It will allow parents and guardians to make three payments a year instead of two, thus calling for a smaller sum at the time of each payment.

It is suggested that the summer term be six weeks in length, just half of a winter term. By this arrangement students who have conditions will have the opportunity of doing half a term's work in the summer to help make up the conditions. Teachers in the field will be enabled to attend the fall or the spring term, and, by taking the summer term also, can soon complete a course in which they may be given a certificate.

The adoption of this recommendation of the Faculty is a big step toward arranging short courses in the interest of the rural school teachers, a work we have very much at heart.

COURSES OF STUDY.

In a masterly address before the Southern Educational Association last winter one of the leading normal school men of the country voiced the prevailing opinion as to the function of the normal school of that most progressive section of the country, the Middle West. The following excerpts will give the gist of that opinion:

"The best normal schools have their students devote about two-thirds of the time to academic subjects and about one-third of their time to pedagogic subjects. Mere 'training' in the forms and doctrines of pedagogics and in supervised practice, produces, as a rule, only superficiality, unless intermixed with organized academic studies.

"The prospective teacher while preparing to be a teacher deserves every mental stimulus which can be made available, such as history and literature and other studies, from the college viewpoint.

"The old regime made the division into education for culture and education for utility. Now, we see that the classics and abstract mathematics were always utilitarian as much as they were cultural, provided the one studying them intended to do something in the world. We see, too, that the science laboratory, the garden, the gymnasium, the play ground, agriculture, sewing, scientific cooking and geography of commerce are as much for culture as they are for utility and as much for culture as any studies, provided only that the mind is properly guided while it is being exercised in and upon these basic elements in human activities."

It is gratifying to know that Winthrop escaped the domination of the narrow normal school ideal prevailing in some quarters and has been growing and developing since its beginning in a direction now very generally considered the right direction. Leaders of thought everywhere now recognize the value of practical subjects not only as bread and butter subjects, but also as culture subjects. Winthrop stands for a harmonious blending of academic, normal, and industrial education—an education that means the preparation of an individual for the duties of life and for service.

The new courses of study adopted by the Board for last session have been put in operation so far as possible. Students entering college under the old courses of study must be given the oppor-

tunity of continuing under those courses, and hence during the past year we have been carrying on the new courses of study in the Freshman year and the old courses in all classes above the Freshman.

It will be necessary to continue for the coming session the arrangement of last year relative to the admission of students from a nine-grade accredited school to a sub-collegiate class and from a ten-grade accredited school to the Freshman class. The list of accredited schools of Winthrop College is being thoroughly revised for next session in the light of the information furnished by the State High School Inspector.

YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

The Young Women's Christian Association of Winthrop is one of the strongest and best organized college associations in the South, and it is doing a vital social and religious work for the students, and for that reason is a most helpful factor in the right management of the institution. It has enrolled this session, already, 500 members out of an enrollment in the College of 743.

In response to the invitation of the Association the Student Volunteer Convention of the South Carolina Union was held at Winthrop College last February. The sessions of the Convention were generally attended by our students and the good derived from it by the student body was marked.

No money appropriated by the Board is accomplishing more good for the College, in our opinion, than the \$400.00 given to aid the Association in its work for the best interests of the College—the students' social and spiritual interests. The students deeply appreciate this help extended by the Board.

LIBRARY.

There seems to be an increase each year in the usefulness of the library as the students learn better and better how to make use of it. The librarian teaches the new students when they first enter college how to use the library in order that they may get the greatest amount of help from it during their college course. She teaches the seniors how to manage a small library and to make it most helpful in connection with any school they may be called on to teach. She also looks after the students who seem to have no taste for reading and tries to impress upon them the

vital importance of good reading and the place that it holds in their general culture and education.

The floor space for book stacks and the shelf space for books are both practically exhausted and to shelve additional volumes it will soon be necessary to add a second story to the present stack room and to enlarge it by building on to it according to the original plans.

There are now 13,568 volumes in the library, not including pamphlets and some 7,000 government publications. This is an increase of some 1,238 volumes since our last report.

Our government publications are properly arranged for use and reference on the shelves, according to their several numbers, and have been used more than usual this past year by the students. The classes in junior history have found the usually dry Congressional Records particularly helpful in their research work.

The following circulation of books during the past year will give an idea of the use to which the library is put by the students:

Fiction	8,254
Biography	525
Philosophy	123
Religion	195
Sociology	574
Philology	17
Science	218
Useful Arts	262
Fine Arts	192
Literature	1,466
History	831
<hr/>	
Total	12,676

COUNTY SUPERVISION OF RURAL SCHOOLS.

There is no more vitally important educational problem in the State than that of the improvement of the rural schools and none that should receive more of the time and attention of an institution whose chief business is the preparation of teachers for the public schools and which serves a people eighty per cent. of whom live in the rural districts. We rejoice that Winthrop College has a leading part in Miss Russell's admirable work for the rural schools of York County, for which she is working to

show what may be done for the rural schools of every county. If the rural schools could all secure and retain professionally trained teachers, they might need little expert supervision, but it is well known that it is impossible for them to do this anywhere in this country, except in a few favored States. For this reason expert supervision is necessary for the rural schools to accomplish anything of much value for the people.

Miss Russell, under the supervision and with the co-operation of Prof. W. K. Tate, is working out the problem of county supervision of rural schools with judgment, tact, and a good prospect of success. If she can work out a plan of county supervision of rural schools for York County that can be duplicated with slight modifications to suit local conditions in other counties of the State, she will be doing one of the most important pieces of constructive educational work for South Carolina imaginable. Winthrop College stands ready to lend Miss Russell all the aid possible in her fundamental and far-reaching undertaking.

The lectures of Prof. Tate and Miss Russell to the Winthrop seniors the last part of the past session on rural school problems gave them an accurate understanding of rural school conditions and plans for their improvement.

EXPERIMENTAL RURAL SCHOOL.

We have wanted for some years to have an experimental rural school at Winthrop College. Last winter Dr. A. P. Bourland, representing the Peabody Board, came to Winthrop College and, explaining that he had \$600.00 for the purpose, proposed to establish an experimental rural school there under the supervision of Winthrop College, Prof. Tate, and himself. This proposition of Dr. Bourland was accepted and the experimental rural school was opened in an unoccupied house in the northwest corner of the College Campus with Mrs. Hetty S. Browne, a Winthrop graduate with long and successful experience, as a teacher in charge. The school was opened in March and was continued through the Summer School last summer as an observation school for the rural school teachers of the Summer School and is progressing admirably this session. Dr. A. P. Bourland strongly commends its work. We have arranged with a near-by rural school district to transport the children of that district to the Experimental Rural School, thus providing conditions more nearly like those of the regular rural school and demonstrating to that part of the

State the desirability and practicability of transportation of school children.

STUDENT SELF-GOVERNMENT.

There is hardly a more earnest, purposeful body of students anywhere than that at Winthrop. It has been the object in the conduct of the College to develop self-control, to strengthen character, while at the same time developing strong minds and healthy bodies. To this end self-government has been fostered so far as conditions would allow, believing that self-government develops self-control and character. The students have responded to the greater freedom allowed them and to the confidence reposed in them with loyalty and a fine spirit of earnestness. There has been no trouble or friction of any kind in the government of the College during the past year.

The student self-government in the dormitories and community life of the Campus and in matters affecting the comfort, health, honor, and reputation of the student body, granted the students last spring in response to a petition signed by the whole student body, is working out admirably. The order was good at Winthrop before this session, but it seems to be almost perfect now under student self-government. Our students have shown themselves ready for the self-government given them, which is now in force in many colleges for men and women in all parts of this country. We have been conservative in this matter and do not intend to go faster than college sentiment and conditions will warrant. It is pretty generally true that the least governed are the best governed.

The object of student self-government as stated in the constitution adopted by the students is to promote self-control, self-reliance, and strong character among the students and to prompt them to right action from a high sense of honor. The constitution also declares that it shall be the constant aim of the Student Government Association to firmly establish sound, wholesome customs among the students demanded by high ideals and right aims.

The strongest and best girls have been elected by the girls themselves as members of the Executive Board of the Student Government Association to carry out the constitution and by-laws adopted by the students, showing the determination of the students to have the spirit and letter of the law enforced as fixed by themselves.

ALUMNAE ASSOCIATION.

The chapters of Winthrop Daughters continue to be formed all over the State. The latest chapter was organized recently in Newberry, with Miss Elizabeth Dominick as president. It is hoped that in time there will be one of these chapters in each community in the State. Such chapters under the direction of the general Alumnae Association can be of great service to the College and to the cause of woman's education in the State. With last year's graduates and certificate students, there are now 1,022 full graduates of the College and 268 certificate students. In addition to these graduates and certificate students, some 2,500 young women have attended the College one or more years who were unable to remain for a diploma or a certificate.

The Alumnae were much interested in the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the establishment of the Winthrop Training School for Teachers, which occurred November 15th, but the Alumnae Committee appointed to arrange for the celebration finally decided to postpone it until next Commencement, when they thought they might be able to arrange more elaborate commemorative exercises and secure a greater attendance of former graduates and students.

The Alumnae are becoming more active in their organized work for the College. A large and enthusiastic meeting of former graduates and students was held at Columbia during the last annual meeting of the State Teachers' Association last spring in the old Winthrop Training School building, where the school was conducted for eight years before being moved to Rock Hill, the first year being held in the chapel of the Columbia Theological Seminary. Every class was represented at the meeting.

The Alumnae Association is raising money together with the other societies of the College, the Y. W. C. A., the three literary societies, the Daughters of the Confederacy, and the Rural School Improvement Association, to erect a students' building. Our Trustee, Mr. W. J. Roddey, is Trustee of this Students' Building Fund.

A new Alumnae Bulletin bringing the facts about graduates and certificate students up to date has been printed.

INSURANCE.

The three years' insurance on all the College property expired last August 31. We re-insured it for three years with money

appropriated by the Legislature at its last session at the rate of \$1.25 per hundred, making an annual rate of $41 \frac{2}{3}$ one hundredths of one per cent., the lowest rate ever secured by us. In accordance with the law one-fifth of the insurance was placed with the State Sinking Fund Commission. The property is now insured for three years for amounts as follows:

Building—	Value.	Building.	Insurance.
No. 1 Main Building	\$140,000	No. 1....	\$100,000
No. 2 North Dormitory	38,000	No. 2....	24,000
No. 3 Johnson Hall	66,000	No. 3....	45,000
No. 4 South Dormitory	60,000	No. 4....	29,500
No. 5 Library	45,000	No. 5....	25,000
No. 6 Dining Hall and Kitchen	42,000	No. 6....	30,000
No. 7 Power House	3,000	No. 7....	2,000
No. 8 President's Dwelling	4,000	No. 8....	2,325
No. 9 Servant's House	150	No. 9....	100
No. 10 Infirmary	4,000	No. 10....	3,000
No. 11 Smith Shop	200	No. 11....	100
No. 12 Pump House	150	No. 12....	100
No. 13 Green House	1,600	No. 13....	1,200
No. 14 Cherry House	1,600	No. 14....	1,200
No. 15 Dairy Building	750	No. 15....	500
No. 16 Engine Building	150	No. 16....	100
No. 17 Barn and Silos	3,500	No. 17....	2,500
No. 18 New Barn	1,200	No. 18....	800
No. 19 Cattle Shed	250	No. 19....	100
No. 20 Dairymen's House and Shed	175	No. 20....	130
No. 21 Dwelling on Main Road.	1,200	No. 21....	800
No. 22 Tenant Dwelling No. 1..	136	No. 22....	100
No. 23 Tenant Dwelling No. 2..	300	No. 23....	150
No. 24 Tenant Dwelling No. 3..	200	No. 24....	150
No. 25 Tenant Dwelling No. 4..	200	No. 25....	150
No. 26 Crib	75	No. 26....	50
No. 27 Machine Shop	75	No. 27....	50
No. 28 Stables	150	No. 28....	100

WATER SUPPLY.

It seems that the growth of the College and the building of negro houses above and around the old wells will require the

sinking of two or more deep wells on the Campus in the near future. The water supply is already scant for the growing needs of the College and it is only a question of time, and a short time at that, when we shall have to abandon the old wells as unsanitary. We feel compelled to ask for money at this time to enlarge the College waterworks plant to enable us to secure the amount of water imperatively needed for College uses.

BULLETINS.

The Bulletins of the College are issued mainly with a view of being of help to the teachers of the public schools—elementary, intermediate, and secondary, and also to the homes of the people. They have attracted much attention and are extending the College's usefulness and reputation. During the past year we have published the following bulletins:

Suggestions for Rural Schools.

Winthrop Corn Cooking School.

Manual Training.

Directions and Formulas for Spraying.

Summer School Bulletin.

Physical Training.

Register of Alumnae.

The Annual Catalogue.

A Bulletin on the Rural Life Conference held at Winthrop last summer is now in the hands of the printer.

There has been quite a demand for all of these publications.

LIST OF STUDENTS FOR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

In compliance with the law requiring all State colleges to report to the General Assembly annually the names of all students, with postoffice address of each and whether such students are pay, beneficiary, or scholarship, we have prepared the list and submit it herewith. There are 139 pay students, 124 State scholarship students, 1 extra legislative scholarship, 31 dining room scholarship students, 5 service scholarship students, 8 students holding special scholarships given by individuals and organizations, and 434 with free tuition.

TRUSTEES' TERMS OF OFFICE EXPIRE.

The terms of office of the following members of the Board of Trustees expire at this session of the Legislature:

Dr. E. S. Joynes, Columbia.

Dr. T. A. Crawford, Rock Hill.

W. J. Roddey, Esq., Rock Hill.

These gentlemen have served the State as Trustees of Winthrop since its establishment faithfully and well.

FINANCES.

The financial report of the Treasurer of the Board for the scholastic year, July 1, 1910, to July 1, 1911, with the report of the Finance Committee of the Board is appended to this report.

The balance of the State appropriation for the support of the

The balance left over from the State appropriation for the support of the College is drawn out of the State Treasury as needed; and, together with the balance reported in the College Treasury July 1, 1911, \$6,851.93, and the receipts from the students at the beginning of this session is used for running the College, \$27,003.99, not including the appropriation for permanent improvements and special purposes, undrawn at the date of the financial report, July 1, 1911, is not included in the receipts of the College in this report.

In the total receipts of the College we have included the money paid by students and teachers for board and the scholarship fund, which, however, do not go to the general support of the institution, but to the running of the boarding department. These amounts are not usually reported in the financial statements of other colleges.

An itemized statement of the receipts and disbursements of the College has been filed with the State Superintendent of Education, as required by law. The Treasurer of the Board gives a bond, which is deposited with the State Treasurer.

Upon investigation we find that normal schools in different parts of the country are supported by a fixed mill tax. This seems to be an excellent arrangement and we hope that eventually we may come to it in South Carolina.

ESTIMATES FOR NEXT SESSION.

A careful estimate of expenses based upon the experience of last session, and a thorough consideration of the needs of the College, with its present enlarged scope and work unimpaired, to care for an increased attendance, shows that we shall need the following amounts for running expenses, equipment, repairs, etc., for the coming year:

SUMMARY OF ESTIMATES.

Ordinary Expenses.

Salaries of officers, teachers and employees now fixed for this session as follows:

D. B. Johnson	\$3,500 00
J. W. Thomson	2,000 00
James P. Kinard	2,000 00
E. C. Coker	2,000 00
T. O. Mabry	2,000 00
C. Edward Johnson	2,000 00
F. A. Hodge	2,000 00
A. O. Bauer	2,000 00
Jas. W. Fertig	1,500 00
Miss Alice E. Jones	1,200 00
Miss Alice M. Moudy	1,200 00
Miss Sarah A. Spencer	1,200 00
Miss Maud M. Isles	1,200 00
Mrs. B. W. Birdsall	1,200 00
Miss Eva R. Hughes	1,200 00
Miss A. L. Leggett	1,200 00
Miss Mary F. Wickliffe	1,200 00
Miss Grace L. Morrison	1,200 00
Dr. Lois Boyd	1,200 00
Miss Mary C. Coleman	1,200 00
Miss Leila A. Russell	1,200 00
L. A. Niven	1,500 00
Miss Mary G. Pope	800 00
Miss Fannie Watkins	800 00
Miss Nettie Wysor	800 00
Miss Mary F. Dickson	800 00
Miss Jane B. E. Brown	700 00

Miss Amelia E. Mellichamp	700 00
Miss Christine South	700 00
Miss Fannie Evans	800 00
Miss Annie V. Dunn	800 00
Miss Sara Gilman	700 00
Miss Marcia Clark	700 00
Miss Mary L. Porter	800 00
Miss Stella Palmer	700 00
Miss Ellen H. Forsythe	600 00
Miss Fannie Beckmann	700 00
Miss Florence E. Bennett	800 00
Miss Elsa Jennings	800 00
Miss Louise Siddall	700 00
Miss Pawnee Jones	800 00
Miss E. C. Schutt	800 00
Miss Sadie Jenkins	700 00
Miss Ermine Wilfong	700 00
Miss Nancy G. Campbell	700 00
Miss Amy L. Ward	600 00
Miss Mary W. Higgins	600 00
Miss Bess Kibler	600 00
Miss Ernestine Purdom	600 00
Miss Sara Withers	1,200 00
Miss Sarah I. Grant	800 00
Miss A. Winton Parks	800 00
Miss Leila M. Cobb	800 00
Miss Minnie Macfeat	1,200 00
Miss S. R. Marcum	1,000 00
Miss Mamie E. Gunter	1,000 00
Mrs. Lily Richards	800 00
Mrs. Lily Shumate	600 00
Mrs. Ellen F. Norwood	600 00
W. Harry Wylie	1,200 00
E. R. Rivers	1,620 00
W. T. Clawson	900 00
Mrs. E. V. J. Cobb	1,200 00
Miss Mary B. Ordway	600 00
Miss Julia Crosland	360 00
Miss Carrie Hyde	700 00
Miss Minnie Parker	360 00
Miss Anna E. Cordes	360 00

Mrs. Annie W. Funkhouser	360 00
Miss Ida J. Dacus	1,100 00
Miss Mary Martin	420 00
Miss Emily N. Smith	600 00
Miss Florence L. Boyd	600 00
Mrs. Julia A. Sims	600 00
Miss Edith McCarrell	360 00
Mrs Jennie V. Carroll	360 00
Miss Mary A. Ervin	360 00
Miss Caroline P. Means	1,000 00
Mrs. Hetty S. Browne	675 00
J. M. Whisenant	840 00
	<hr/> \$77,775 00

Salaries last year as per financial report, \$71,860.00.

The following itemized statement of salaries last year will show by comparison what new or increased salaries are being paid during the present session.

Salaries of officers, teachers, and employees for last session as follows:

D. B. Johnson	\$3,500 00
J. W. Thomson	2,000 00
J. P. Kinard	2,000 00
E. C. Coker	2,000 00
T. O. Mabry	2,000 00
C. E. Johnson	2,000 00
A. O. Bauer	2,000 00
L. A. Robinson	1,500 00
F. A. Hodge	2,000 00
Miss Alice E. Jones	1,200 00
Miss Alice M. Moudy	1,200 00
Miss Maude Isles	1,200 00
Mrs. B. W. Birdsall	1,200 00
Miss Eva R. Hughes	1,200 00
Miss Margaret Whittemore	1,200 00
Miss Mary C. Coleman	1,200 00
Miss Mary F. Wickliffe	1,200 00
Miss Grace L. Morrison	1,200 00
Miss Sara A. Spencer	1,200 00
Miss Mary G. Pope	700 00
Miss Fannie Watkins	700 00

Miss Nettie Wysor	700 00
Miss Mary F. Dickson	700 00
Miss Fannie Evans	700 00
Miss Annie V. Dunn	700 00
Miss Lora B. Able	700 00
Miss Mary L. Porter	700 00
Miss Delgracia B. Gay	700 00
Miss Christine South	600 00
Miss Amelia Mellichamp	600 00
Miss Jane B. E. Brown	600 00
Miss Fannie Beckmann	600 00
Miss Marcia A. Clark	600 00
Miss Florence Bennett	700 00
Miss Ellen Forsythe	500 00
Miss Bertha Gould	800 00
Miss Pawnee Jones	700 00
Miss E. C. Schutt	700 00
Miss Sadie Jenkins	600 00
Miss Ermine Wilfong	600 00
Miss Kate M. Laxton	600 00
Miss E. Myrtle Bauman.. . . .	600 00
Miss Katherine Kirkpatrick	600 00
Miss Nancy G. Campbell	600 00
Miss Olga Schauweker	600 00
Miss Gertrude Brueser	600 00
Miss Sara Withers	1,200 00
Miss Leila M. Cobb	700 00
Miss Sarah I. Grant	700 00
Miss Minnie Macfeat.. . . .	1,200 00
Miss A. Winton Parks	700 00
R. B. Cunningham	1,620 00
L. A. Niven	1,200 00
Mrs. Lily Richards	800 00
Mrs. Lily Shumate	600 00
Mrs. E. F. P. Norwood	600 00
Dr. Lois Boyd	1,200 00
Miss S. R. Marcum	1,000 00
E. R. Rivers	1,620 00
Mrs. E. V. J. Cobb	1,000 00
Miss Mary B. Ordway	600 00
Miss Minnie Parker	270 00

Miss Carrie Hyde	700 00	
Mrs. A. W. Funkhouser	270 00	
Miss Anna Cordes	270 00	
Miss Ida J. Dacus	1,100 00	
Miss Emily N. Smith	600 00	
Miss Florence L. Boyd	600 00	
Mrs. Julia A. Sims	550 00	
Miss L. V. Turpin	270 00	
Miss Mary Martin	420 00	
Miss Mattie Nash	360 00	
Mr. Jno. R. Poag.	840 00	
Mrs. J. S. Atkinson	270 00	
Mr. W. T. Clawson	900 00	
Mr. W. H. Wylie.. . . .	1,200 00	
	<hr/>	\$71,860 00
Religious services and lectures, including Y. W. C. A. Secretary		\$966 00
(Actual cost last year—see financial report).		
Labor (carpenter and helpers, night watchman, janitors, maids, power house hands)		6,284 63
(Actual cost last year—see financial report).		
Carpenters, janitors, maids, night watchman	\$4,161 47	
Power house and sewer beds	2,123 16	
	<hr/>	\$6,284 63
Care and improvement of grounds		\$2,200 00
(Last year—see financial report).		
Labor, seeds, fertilizer, plants, etc..	\$2,122 75	
Electric power for lighting, pumping, and laundry, and for repairs and improvements on electric equipment..		4,641 35
(Actual cost last year—see financial report).		
Electric lighting and power	\$3,000 00	
Electric machinery, lines and equipment	1,641 35	
	<hr/>	\$4,641 35

Fuel	6,562 60
(Actual cost last year.)	
Current repairs and improvements to buildings, machinery, plumbing, heat- ing plant, and to all other college property and ordinary replenishing of equipment and furnishings	10,000 00
(Actual cost last year was greater— see financial report.)	
Repairs and improvements to Col- lege buildings and machinery ..	\$7,487 23
Repairs and improvements to farm and dairy	2,315 35
Furnishings and equipment, includ- ing pianos, manual training, fur- nishings, laundry machinery, etc.	8,548 32
	<hr/>
	\$18,350 90
Library books, periodicals and binding.	2,000 00
(Actual cost last year was \$2,047 46.)	
Advertising scholarship examination, etc.	648 45
(Actual cost last year—see financial report.)	
Postage, stationery and printing (in- cluding catalogue and bulletins)	2,760 90
(Actual cost last year—see financial report.)	
Trustees' and President's expenses	571 88
(Actual cost last year—see financial report.)	
Miscellaneous (unclassified accounts) ..	1,153 29
(Actual cost last year—see financial report.)	
Care of sewer beds and sanitation	219 55
(Actual cost last year—see financial report.)	
Drugs and supplies for Infirmary	658 50
(Actual cost last year—see financial report.)	

Salary increases, according to plan adopted by Board	1,000 00
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Total ordinary expenses	\$117,442 15
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This amount may be reduced by the following receipts of the College (estimated on last year—see financial report).

Tuition	\$5,425 00
Music	13,130 00
Elocution and Art	200 00
Infirmary fees	3,281 25
Matriculation fees	3,385 00

\$25,421 25

Reduced by refund of fees to withdraw- ing students (refunded last year) ..	292 39
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\$25,128 86

Amount needed for ordinary expenses..	\$92,313 29
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Special Expenses.

Enlarging Infirmary—\$6,000 00 in 1913	
6,000 00 in 1912	\$6,000 00
Enlarging Auditorium—\$7,500 00 in 1913	
7,500 00 in 1912	7,500 00
Special scholarships awarded by the Legislature (Miss Gunter and Miss Plowden)	208 00
Summer session specially for rural teachers.. . . .	1,000 00
Professor of Elementary Agriculture and Nature Study.. . . .	500 00
Three additional critic teachers to care for larger enrollment in Normal Department (four months)	960 00
Extension work in household economics, home and rural school sanitation, especially in mill and rural districts	1,700 00
Three large transformers	1,080 00
Enlarging waterworks plant	3,695 00
Enlarging power house and heating plant.. . . .	7,375 00

Appropriation required \$122,331 29

This estimate, which is less than that of last year notwithstanding the fact that our enrollment is 743, forty greater than

last year, provides for the additional teaching and executive force and the additional expenditures required to care for one of the largest educational institutions in the South and the only one supported by South Carolina for young women; also for work by Winthrop for all the rural school teachers of the State in a Summer School, for county supervision of rural schools, for the conduct of an experimental rural school, and for extension work in household economics in the interests of the women and the homes of the State.

Our estimate does not include the scholarship fund as a resource of the College, because that fund is paid not to the College, but to the students individually, to help them defray their expenses, according to the Act approved February 25, 1904. The College acts as agent for the students in drawing the money from the State Treasury.

We ask for \$122,331.29 to train the young women of the State as teachers for the public schools, as bread-winners in other ways, and as home-makers, and also to enable the College to serve the rural school teachers already teaching, and to work for the betterment of the homes of the people upon which rests in the last analysis the welfare of the State. The economy that must be practiced in doing all of this work with the appropriation asked for is seen when it is known that it is only about one-third of the amount required to run institutions of about the same size as Winthrop. South Carolina could well afford to appropriate as much money for the higher education of her young women as she wisely does for the higher education of her young men, but as a matter of fact she appropriates far less, although the young women out-number the young men of the State, and a far greater proportion of them are prepared for college annually as the records of the high schools will show.

We do not believe that any institution similar to Winthrop is run more economically or can show greater or better results for the money expended by the State.

For every dollar appropriated by the State on the Winthrop plant we have raised another dollar from other sources and the Winthrop plant is worth more than twice as much to the State today as the State has spent on it.

Respectfully submitted,

COLE L. BLEASE,

Governor and Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

**STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF WINTHROP
NORMAL AND INDUSTRIAL COLLEGE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.
JULY 1, 1910, TO JULY 1, 1911.**

RECEIPTS.

From balance on hand July 1, 1910.....	\$ 14,314.24	
From State appropriation, 1910.....	34,331.31	
From State appropriation, 1911.....	62,098.45	
From Scholarship appropriation.....	} on board 11,160.00 on fees.. 1,240.00	
From Students' and Teachers' board.....		44,438.50
From Students' Tuition.....		5,425.00
From Students' Text-book fees.....		2,688.00
From Students' and Teachers' Infirmary fees.....		2,661.25
From Students' Matriculation fees.....		2,765.00
From Students' Music Tuition.....		13,130.00
From Students' Elocution and Art Tuition.....		200.00
From Diplomas and Certificates.....		204.50
From Transient Board.....		457.30
From Lost and Damaged Text-books.....		18.07
From Students' Back Accounts.....		86.17
From Kindergarten fees.....		178.00
From Farm and Dairy Products sold.....		1,680.60
From Peabody Board for Rural Schools.. . . .		1,000.00
From Peabody Board for Rural Schools.....		600.00
From Miscellaneous Sources.....		568.00
Special State Appropriations, 1910-1911:		
Dining Hall and Kitchen.....	\$12,000.00	
Cold Storage.....	705.19	
	<hr/>	12,705.19
		<hr/>
		\$211,949.58

DISBURSEMENTS.

For Groceries and Supplies.....	\$ 26,718.79
For Refund of Board to Students.....	714.77
For Labor—Dining Hall and Kitchen	3,314.96
For Labor—Laundry	4,170.55
For Labor—Dormitories, Infirmary, Library and Practice Home.....	1,025.58
For Labor—Farm and Dairy.....	4,063.30
For Dairy Herd.....	1,304.70
For Feed and Supplies for Farm and Dairy.....	6,167.45
For Beef Cattle and Hogs.....	4,241.89
For Laundry Supplies.....	1,050.87
For Drugs and Supplies for Infirmary.....	658.50
For Salaries of Teachers and Officers.....	71,141.04
For Trustees' and President's expenses.....	571.88
For Postage, Stationery and Printing.....	2,760.90
For Library Books, Periodicals and Supplies.....	2,047.46
For Repairs and Improvements on Buildings and Machinery	7,487.23

For Furniture and Equipment.....	8,548.32	
For Advertising	548.45	
For Sewerage and Sanitation.....	219.55	
For Fuel	5,718.80	
For Electric Power and Equipment.....	4,641.35	
For Chapel Services and Lectures.....	566.00	
For Text-books, Apparatus and Supplies for Class Room	3,014.07	
For Kindergarten and Practice School Supplies, etc.	348.80	
For Refund of Fees to Students.....	292.39	
For Improvements on Farm and Dairy.....	2,315.35	
For Labor, Carpenter, Janitors, Watchman, Mald, etc.	4,161.47	
For Labor, Power House and Sewer Beds.....	2,123.16	
For Care and Improvement of College Grounds....	2,122.75	
For Unclassified Accounts.....	1,153.29	
For Trustees' Appropriation to Y. W. C. A.....	400.00	
For Trustees' Appropriation to Star Course.....	150.00	
For Household Economics and Institute Work....	479.33	
For Elementary Rural School Supervision.....	1,358.04	
For Land Purchase	15,350.00	
For Litigation High School Case.....	800.00	
For Interest on Funds for Dining Hall.....	566.47	
For Winthrop Training School.....	75.00	
Special State Appropriations, 1910-1911:		
Dining Hall and Kitchen.....	\$12,000.00	
Cold Storage.....	705.19	
	<hr/>	12,705.19
July 1, 1911, balance on hand.....	6,851.93	
	<hr/>	\$211,949.58

The above report is for the scholastic year, July 1, 1910, to July 1, 1911, as required by law.

The balance of the State appropriation for the support of the College, \$27,003.99, not including appropriations for permanent improvements and special purposes, undrawn at the date of the financial report, July 1, 1911, is not included in the receipts of the College in this report.

The balance left over from the State appropriation for the support of the College is drawn out of the State Treasury as needed, and, together with the balance reported in the College Treasury, July 1, 1911, \$6,851.93, and the receipts from the students at the beginning of this session is used for running the College up to the next appropriation by the Legislature, some time in February, and will be accounted for in the next annual report.

In the total receipts of the College we have included the money paid by students and teachers for board and the scholarship fund, which, however, do not go to the general support of the institution, but to the boarding department. These amounts are not usually reported in the financial statements of other colleges.

An itemized statement of the receipts and disbursements of the College has been filed with the State Superintendent of Education and of expenditures with the Comptroller-General, as required by law.

Respectfully submitted,

D. B. JOHNSON,
President and Treasurer.

Rock Hill, S. C., November 24, 1911.

To the Board of Trustees of Winthrop Normal and Industrial College of South Carolina.

Gentlemen: Your Finance Committee report that they have examined the books and vouchers of the Treasurer of the College up to Nov. 1, 1911, and find the same correct and the books kept in first-class manner.

D. W. McLAURIN,
J. E. BRAZEALE,
WILIE JONES,
Finance Committee.

Winthrop College Roll

Winthrop College, Rock Hill, S. C., Nov. 24, 1911.

Hon. J. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education.

Dear Sir: In pursuance of the Act approved February 24, 1906, I submit herewith the names of all students enrolled at Winthrop College, showing whether they are pay, beneficiary, or scholarship students. There are in the College this year 139 pay students, 124 State scholarship students, 31 dining room scholarship students, 5 service scholarship students, 1 extra legislative scholarship student, 8 students holding special scholarships given by individuals and organizations, and 434 students with free tuition.

Respectfully,
D. B. JOHNSON,
President Winthrop College.

STUDENTS AT WINTHROP COLLEGE, SESSION 1911-1912.

Abbott, Annie Myrtle, Spartanburg, S. C.; pay.
Able, Carrie Lou, Leesville, S. C.; pay.
Able, Gwendolyne E., Springfield, S. C.; free.
Adair, Lena Belle, Clinton, S. C.; free.
Adams, Bennie Lee, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
Albergotti, Susie L., Orangeburg, S. C.; scholarship.
Allen, Pearl Coker, Darlington, S. C.; free.
Allgood, Vivian, Liberty, S. C.; free.
Alverson, Lucile, Simpsonville, S. C.; free.
Anderson, Christine, Richland, S. C.; free.
Anderson, Grace, Statesville, N. C.; pay.
Anderson, Harriet, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
Anderson, Ina McC., Statesville, N. C.; pay.
Anderson, Lydia Alta, Edisto Island, S. C.; scholarship.
Anderson, Marie, Timmons ville, S. C.; pay.
Anderson, Pauline, Richland, S. C.; free.
Anderson, Ruth, Lowryville, S. C.; free.
Antley, Liller May, Cameron, S. C.; free.
Armstrong, Jessie C., Barnwell, S. C.; scholarship.

Ashe, Mabel Reid, Yorkville, S. C.; free.
 Atkins, Tulley, Pendleton, S. C.; scholarship.
 Attaway, Mary Herbert, Williamston, S. C.; free.
 Austin, Edith, Clinton, S. C.; free.
 Avery, May Belle, Columbia, S. C.; free.
 Bailey, Laura W., Greenville, S. C.; free.
 Bailey, M. Elizabeth, Florence, S. C.; scholarship.
 Baker, Nell, Batesville, S. C.; free.
 Baker, Ruby, Pickens, S. C.; pay.
 Barnhill, Louise, Conway, S. C.; pay.
 Barr, Lillie Shumate, Greenville, S. C.; free.
 Barr, Marjorie McIver, Greenville, S. C.; pay.
 Barratt, Clifford, Breezewood, S. C.; scholarship.
 Barratt, Mary, Breezewood, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Barron, Annis E., Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Barron, Maude, Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Barton, Bertha C., Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Barton, Blonde E., Denmark, S. C.; pay.
 Bean, Mary Cecile, Clinton, S. C.; free.
 Beaty, Emma McNeil, Georgetown, S. C.; free.
 Becker, Doris, Columbia, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Beckham, Genevieve C., Rock Hill, S. C.; scholarship.
 Bell, Sadie L., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Bennett, Wilhelmina, Lodge, S. C.; free.
 Bentz, Lucile, Greenville, S. C.; pay.
 Berry, Ruth E., Seneca, S. C.; free.
 Best, Lila, Allendale, S. C.; free.
 Best, Sadie, Allendale, S. C.; free.
 Bigby, Edith M., Williamston, S. C.; scholarship.
 Black, Alma, Bamberg, S. C.; pay.
 Black, Grace Elder, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Black, Sarah Lee, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Black, Sophie Springs, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Blackmon, Jessie Lee, Lancaster, S. C.; free.
 Boineau, Ernestine, Allendale, S. C.; free.
 Boland, Gertrude M., Little Mountain, S. C.; free.
 Bonneau, Grace, Beaufort, S. C.; scholarship.
 Bostick, Caroline E., Beaufort, S. C.; scholarship.
 Bounds, Elizabeth, Washington, Ga.; pay.
 Bourne, Sadie, Georgetown, S. C.; pay.
 Bowers, Estelle L., Newberry, S. C.; free.

Bowers, Lucy J., Heath Spring, S. C.; free.
 Bowman, Mary E., Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Bowman, Minnie, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Boyd, Corinne, Spartanburg, S. C.; scholarship.
 Boyd, Julia Moore, Fort Mill, S. C.; free.
 Bradford, Mary A., Chester, S. C.; free.
 Bradham, M. Maude, Manning, S. C.; free.
 Bradham, Pamela L., Manning, S. C.; free.
 Bradley, Anna, Bishopville, S. C.; pay.
 Bramlett, Cora P., Travelers Rest, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Bridges, Gladys, Blacksburg, S. C.; free.
 Brockington, Ada Belle, Kingstree, S. C.; free.
 Brown, Annie, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Brown, Annie Belle, Liberty, S. C.; free.
 Brown, Anna Louise, Sumter, S. C.; pay.
 Brown, Claudia L., Centenary, S. C.; free.
 Brown, Elizabeth B., Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Brown, Ella Ruth, Laurens, S. C.; free.
 Brown, Harriet E., Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Brown, Irene V., Pendleton, S. C.; scholarship.
 Brown, Mary Florence, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Brown, Mary Louise, Marion, S. C.; pay.
 Brown, Nan Clark, Marion, S. C.; pay.
 Browne, Mable, Manning, S. C.; scholarship.
 Broyles, Mary Eliza, Anderson, S. C.; pay.
 Brunson, Hattie, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Bryan, Agnes, Sumter, S. C.; scholarship.
 Bryan, Irene A., Sumter, S. C.; scholarship.
 Bryant, Leila, Orangeburg, S. C.; pay.
 Buckner, Mercedes, Fairfax, S. C.; scholarship.
 Burdine, Rosamond, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Burley, Lois I., Winnsboro, S. C.; free.
 Burress, Bertha, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Burton, Eppie I., Monetta, S. C.; pay.
 Bush, Nanna, Hopkins, S. C.; scholarship.
 Butler, Mary Legare, Greenville, S. C.; free.
 Buyck, Dell Deline, St. Matthews, S. C.; pay.
 Byers, Josaye, Sharon, S. C.; free.
 Byers, Ollie Grey, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Byrum, Josephine, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Calhoun, Gussie D., Greenwood, S. C.; free.

- Calhoun, Olive, Barnwell, S. C.; free.
 Calvert, Sarah Ellen, Abbeville, S. C.; free.
 Cannon, Mertie N., Simpsonville, S. C.; free.
 Carothers, Annie Lynn, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Carothers, Eva Jane, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Carothers, Florine E., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Carpenter, Louise, Chester, S. C.; free.
 Carraway, Ruth, Rome, S. C.; scholarship.
 Carroll, Virginia, Chester, S. C.; free.
 Carson, Louise, Sumter, S. C.; free.
 Cartwright, Mary, Yorkville, S. C.; free.
 Castles, Nancy, Winnsboro, S. C.; free.
 Causey, Sallie E., Pinopolis, S. C.; scholarship.
 Chandler, Ellen Virginia, Sumter, S. C.; free.
 Chandler, Teresa, Sumter, S. C.; pay.
 Chapman, Alma, Johnsonville, S. C.; free.
 Chappell, Katharine Y., Lykesland, S. C.; free.
 Cheyne, Margaret D., Sumter, S. C.; pay.
 Cheyne, Rosa I., Sumter, S. C.; pay.
 Childs, Clara Annie, Sumter, S. C. (Federation of Woman's Clubs scholarship).
 Clardy, Pearle, Laurens, S. C.; free.
 Clarke, B. Pearle, Lexington, S. C.; free.
 Clarke, Isabel, Winnsboro, S. C.; free.
 Clarke, J. Ruth, Lexington, S. C.; scholarship.
 Clarke, Saidee, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Clayton, Edith I., Shelton, S. C.; free.
 Cloud, Mary Evelyn, Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Cochran, Myra Louise, Calhoun, S. C.; free.
 Coker, Helen, Society Hill, S. C.; free.
 Coker, Margaret, Society Hill, S. C.; free.
 Cole, Edith I., Turbeville, S. C.; pay.
 Coleman, Carrie, Shelton, S. C.; scholarship.
 Coleman, Eulalie M., Bamberg, S. C.; scholarship.
 Coleman, Isabel, Shelton, S. C.; scholarship.
 Coleman, Louise, Earle, S. C.; pay.
 Coleman, Margaret, Shelton, S. C.; free.
 Coleman, Mary, Shelton, S. C.; free.
 Collier, M. Pearl, Aiken, S. C.; scholarship.
 Coltharp, May, Fort Mill, S. C.; free.
 Colvin, Mayme, Chester, S. C.; scholarship.

Connelly, Elizabeth, Chester, S. C.; free.
 Connor, Kathryne, Greenwood, S. C.; pay.
 Cook, Eulalie B., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Cooper, Emma Lenora, Laurens, S. C.; free.
 Cooper, Margaret Emma, Cades, S. C.; free.
 Corbett, Ethel, Paxville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Cornwell, Alline, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Courtney, Ella May, Kitching's Mill, S. C.; free.
 Cox, Eccie, Vox, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Craig, Mary A., Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Crawford, Mary Hope, Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Creighton, Alma E., North Augusta, S. C.; free.
 Creighton, Martha, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Cross, M. Ella, Chester, S. C.; free.
 Crouch, Lois, Saluda, S. C.; free.
 Crouch, Mary Edna, Batesburg, S. C.; free.
 Crouch, Ruth, Saluda, S. C.; free.
 Culp, Jennie S., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Culp, Loretto, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Cummings, Ella May, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Cunningham, M. Aurelia, Greer, S. C.; free.
 Curlee, Agnes T., Winnsboro, S. C.; free.
 Cuttino, Caroline, Hampton, S. C.; free.
 Cuttino, Innis, Sumter, S. C.; pay.
 Cuttino, Julia A., Manning, S. C.; free.
 Daniels, Ernestine, Spartanburg, S. C.; free.
 Davis, Lucile, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Deal, Frances I., Charleston, S. C.; scholarship.
 Dibble, Mary Lou, Orangeburg, S. C.; pay.
 Dick, Dora, Oswego, S. C.; free.
 Dick, Gertrude, Oswego, S. C.; scholarship.
 Dick, Susie D., Sumter, S. C.; pay.
 Dill, Jennie Mae, Taylors, S. C.; free.
 Dixon, Olive S., Bishopville, S. C.; free.
 Doar, Lula M., Georgetown, S. C.; pay.
 Dominick, Julia Mae, Newberry, S. C.; free.
 Dorrill, Ruth E., Johnsonville, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Douglas, Amelia Myrtle, Chesterfield, S. C.; pay.
 Dowling, Fannye, Darlington, S. C.; pay.
 Drake, Minnie, Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Dublin, Eloise, Pendleton, S. C.; dining room scholarship.

DuBose, E. Amelia, Darlington, S. C.; scholarship.
 DuBose, Elizabeth, Camden, S. C.; free.
 DuBose, Ruth, Lamar, S. C.; pay.
 Ducworth, M. Lucile, Williamston, S. C.; free.
 Dukes, Lois, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Dukes, Olive N., Rowesville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Dulin, George Belle, Bowling Green, S. C.; free.
 Dunlap, Cara N., Honea Path, S. C.; free.
 Dunn, Bertha, Donalds, S. C.; pay.
 Dunn, Marguerite, Charleston, S. C.; free.
 Dunovant, Mamie, Edgefield, S. C.; free.
 DuPre, Augusta, Walhalla, S. C.; free.
 Durant, Ruby R., Bishopville, S. C.; free.
 Eaddy, Amy Louise, Rhems, S. C.; scholarship.
 Eaddy, Iva E., Rhems, S. C.; scholarship.
 Eady, Ruth, Savage, S. C.; pay.
 Early, Katherine, Greenwood, S. C.; free.
 Easterlin, Edith, Walterboro, S. C.; scholarship.
 Easterling, Julien, Bamberg, S. C.; free.
 Edwards, Eleanor, North, S. C.; free.
 Edwards, E. Madge, Ridge Spring, S. C.; scholarship.
 Edwards, Grace, Hamer, S. C.; free.
 Edwards, Katherine, Hodges, S. C.; free.
 Edwards, Lucie, Ridge Spring, S. C.; pay.
 Edwards, Madge, Mullins, S. C.; free.
 Edwards, Margaret, Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Edwards, Mary, Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Edwards, Sara W., Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Edwards, Susie C., Batesburg, S. C.; pay.
 Edwins, Blanche, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Edwins, Olive Pansy, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Ellerbe, Mary S., Hagood, S. C.; pay.
 Ellis, Lillie, Hampton, S. C.; pay.
 Ellis, Mary S., Charleston, S. C.; pay.
 Elmore, Merle Lena, Pacolet, S. C.; free.
 Emerson, Louise, Hodges, S. C.; free.
 Ergle, Essie I., Graniteville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Ervin, Eliza C., Darlington, S. C.; scholarship.
 Ervin, Lois, Landrum, S. C.; scholarship.
 Etheredge, Edna, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Evans, Agnes, Clio, S. C.; free.

Evans, Mabel Leigh, Dillon, S. C.; free.
 Evans, Margaret D., Cheraw, S. C.; scholarship.
 Evans, Nan, Cheraw, S. C.; free.
 Fant, Wilhelmina, Anderson, S. C.; scholarship.
 Fennell, Alma, Hampton, S. C.; free.
 Ferguson, Viola W., Bascomville, S. C.; free.
 Fewell, Isabelle, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Fewell, Lula, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Fewell, Ray, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Fickling, Tweedie, North, S. C.; free.
 Fishburne, Ulmer, Walterboro, S. C.; scholarship.
 Fitts, Enice E., Brunson, S. C.; free.
 Fletcher, Mary T., McColl, S. C.; pay.
 Folk, Annie A., Pomaria, S. C.; free.
 Folk, Julia L., Brunson, S. C.; pay.
 Ford, Mary Hume, Georgetown, S. C.; scholarship.
 Ford, May, McColl, S. C.; scholarship.
 Forsyth, Helen L., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Forsythe, Nathalie, Brevard, N. C.; pay.
 Foster, Alta Daisy, Westminster, S. C.; scholarship.
 Foster, Annie G., Greenville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Fraser, Edith L., Walterboro, S. C.; service scholarship.
 Fraser, Evelyn, Sumter, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Frew, Catharine, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Frew, Evelyn, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Frew, Margaret, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Frew, Mary, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Fripp, Flossie, Furman, S. C.; free.
 Funchess, Alma, Rowesville, S. C.; free.
 Funchess, Belle, Rowesville, S. C.; free.
 Furse, Marguerite, Springfield, S. C.; free.
 Gaillard, Julia P., Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Galphin, Annie Louise, Vance, S. C.; free.
 Gandy, Ernest L., Society Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Gandy, May L., Society Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Gandy, Olive, Society Hill, S. C.; free.
 Gandy, Ora E., Society Hill, S. C.; free.
 Gantt, Annie, Winnsboro, S. C. (Ellen Graham Scholarship).
 Garison, A. Caroline, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Garison, Bessie, Rock Hill, S. C.; scholarship.
 Garison, Tinnie R., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.

- Garlington, Catherine O., Newberry, S. C.; free.
 Garner, May, Timmons ville, S. C.; free.
 Garrett, Edmonia, Laurens, S. C.; free.
 Gassaway, Annie E. C., Honea Path, S. C.; free.
 Gassaway, Emma Elvira, Honea Path, S. C.; free.
 Gassaway, Emma Headden, Honea Path, S. C.; free.
 Gassaway, Lola, Honea Path, S. C.; free.
 Gentry, Annie Mae, Florence, S. C.; scholarship.
 Gibson, Nina B., Newberry, S. C.; pay.
 Gilmore, Desir, Holley Hill, S. C.; free.
 Glaze, Emily, Orangeburg, S. C.; pay.
 Goggans, Ruby, Newberry, S. C.; free.
 Goodwin, Marguerite C., Travelers Rest, S. C.; free.
 Googe, Hattie, Fairfax, S. C.; pay.
 Gordon, Mary H., Kingstree, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Gore, Annie Janette, Jonesville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Graham, Sarah Mae, Hodges, S. O.; free.
 Gray, Clifton C., Varnville, S. C.; pay.
 Greene, Frances, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Gregg, Alice H., Mars Bluff, S. C.; free.
 Gregory, Marie, Florence, S. C.; free.
 Griffin, Annie Louise, Mayesville, S. C. (Sumter County Rural School Scholarship).
 Guess, Katherine E., Latta, S. C.; free.
 Gunter, Ola, Seivern, S. C.; free.
 Gunter, Orissa, Seivern, S. C.; free.
 Gunter, Rosa Lucile, Greenville, S. C. (Greenville Chapter U. D. C. Scholarship).
 Hall, Greta, Iva, S. C.; free.
 Hallman, Bettie, Springfield, S. C.; free.
 Hand, Lillian, Yorkville, S. C.; free.
 Hanks, Harriet P., Andrews, S. C.; pay.
 Harden, Hall, Chester, S. C.; free.
 Harley, Sarah Lewis, Williston, S. C.; free.
 Harms, Anna E., Newberry, S. C.; free.
 Harrall, Charlotte H., Cheraw, S. C.; free.
 Harrelson, Ietta Mae, Mullins, S. C.; scholarship.
 Harris, Bessie, McColl, S. C.; free.
 Harris, Floride S., Anderson, S. C.; pay.
 Harrison, Hannah M., Walhalla, S. C.; free.
 Harrison, Janie E., Walhalla, S. C.; free.

Hart, Priscilla, Estill, S. C.; free.
 Hartzell, Doris, Cheraw, S. C.; scholarship.
 Havird, Corrie L., Newberry, S. C.; pay.
 Hay, Nelleen, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Heape, Lizzie F., Branchville, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Heath, Nancy J., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Hemingway, Florence Julia, Rome, S. C.; free.
 Henderson, Katherine, Aiken, S. C.; pay.
 Herbert, Harriet B., Charleston, S. C.; scholarship.
 Heriot, Sarah Jane, Providence, S. C.; free.
 Hester, Lois M., Liberty, S. C.; free.
 Hicks, Frances L., Saluda View, S. C.; free.
 Hiers, Beulah, Hampton, S. C.; free.
 Hiers, Ruth, Allendale, S. C.; free.
 Higgins, Docia, Blackstock, S. C.; free.
 Hill, Alice, Wisacky, S. C.; free.
 Hill, Bessie, Cross Hill, S. C.; free.
 Hill, Mary E., Abbeville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Hines, Kate C., Lancaster, S. C.; pay.
 Hoffman, Ethel V., Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Hollingsworth, Idalia, Cross Hill, S. C.; free.
 Holtzclaw, Lillian E., Greer, S. C.; free.
 Hope, Cornelia R., Mullins, S. C.; free.
 Hough, Nannie, Camden, S. C.; free.
 Howard, Mary G., Savannah, Ga.; pay.
 Howze, Bettie C., Bascomville, S. C.; free.
 Huey, Mary, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Huggin, Ellen, Gaffney, S. C.; scholarship.
 Huggins, Eadimae, Venters, S. C.; free.
 Huggins, Eunice, Venters, S. C.; scholarship.
 Hughes, Annie L., Greenville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Hughes, Mary A., Edgefield, S. C.; free.
 Hughey, Mary H., Greenwood, S. C.; scholarship.
 Hughson, Eleanor B., Sumter, S. C.; free.
 Hunter, Ella McBee, Greenville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Hunter, Lola A., Trenton, S. C.; free.
 Hunter, Maybelle, Liberty, S. C.; free.
 Hutchison, Katie J., Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Hutto, Myrtle E., Springfield, S. C.; pay.
 Inabinet, Mary E. O., Orangeburg, S. C.; scholarship.
 Inabinet, Mary Louise, Springfield, S. C.; free.

Jacobs, Mary Ella, Johnston, S. C.; scholarship.
 Jaeger, Mary, Florence, S. C.; free.
 James, Rebecca C., Chester, S. C.; free.
 James, Sarah, Bishopville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Jeans, Winnie, Gray Court, S. C.; free.
 Jefferies, Millie E., Pacolet, S. C.; pay.
 Jeffords, Lucile, Florence, S. C.; scholarship.
 Jenkinson, Martha H., Kingstree, S. C.; pay.
 Jennings, Miriam L., Campobello, S. C.; free.
 Jennings, Virginia P., Greenwood, S. C.; scholarship.
 Johnson, Carrie Jerome, Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Johnson, Mabel Chloe, Clinton, S. C.; free.
 Johnson, Meta A., Aiken, S. C.; free.
 Johnson, Susie C., Aiken, S. C.; free.
 Jones, Bessie O., Greenwood, S. C.; free.
 Jones, Callie E., Liberty Hill, S. C.; free.
 Jones, Daisy Lee, Chester, S. C.; free.
 Jones, Emily E., Columbia, S. C.; free.
 Jones, Ethel, North, S. C.; pay.
 Jones, Eva, Columbia, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Jones, Gretchen Alice, Abbeville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Jordan, Claudia, Winnsboro, S. C.; free.
 Jordan, Lillie Belle, Fort Lawn, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Jordan, Ludie, Union, S. C.; free.
 Jordan, Ora A., Fort Lawn, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Josey, Kathryn E., Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Justus, Minnie Lee, Woodford, S. C.; free.
 Kaufman, Lola, Walhalla, S. C.; free.
 Keel, Eunice, Allendale, S. C.; free.
 Keith, Inez, Pickens, S. C.; free.
 Kendrick, Annie Budd, Gaffney, S. C.; free.
 Kerr, Jennie Lee, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Kibler, Lillian, Newberry, S. C.; scholarship.
 Kirk, Eudora D., Charleston, S. C.; free.
 Kirven, Mary E., Darlington, S. C.; pay.
 Kittles, Stella F., Brighton, S. C.; scholarship.
 Knight, Alma, Fairfax, S. C.; pay.
 Knight, Olive, Honea Path, S. C.; free.
 Langford, Annie Lee, Prosperity, S. C.; free.
 Langston, Florrie Cornelia, Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Lawton, Eula. Garnett, S. C.; scholarship.

- Lay, Sallie Martin, Pendleton, S. C.; free.
 Leaman, Gertrude, Cross Hill, S. C.; free.
 Lee, Mary V., Summerville, S. C.; pay.
 Leland, Sue Annie, Studley, Va.; pay.
 Lemmon, Lucile, Elliott, S. C.; free.
 Lesesne, Franke, Silver, S. C.; scholarship.
 Lewis, Alma, Galivant's Ferry, S. C.; scholarship.
 Lewis, Anna R., Yorkville, S. C.; pay.
 Lewis, Nina, Conway, S. C.; free.
 Lide, Louise, Marion, S. C.; free.
 Lindsay, Annie Katherine, Chester, S. C.; free.
 Lindsey, Susie S., Chester, S. C.; free.
 Lofton, Frances H., McClellanville, S. C.; pay.
 Lomberg, Inez Helena, Beaufort, S. C.; scholarship.
 Long, Eunice O., Prosperity, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Long, Ruth, Gilbert, S. C.; free.
 Lowman, Louise Clare, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Lowry, Sarah E., Chester, S. C.; scholarship.
 Lupo, Alma, Rockton, S. C.; scholarship.
 Macaulay, Catherine, Chester, S. C.; free.
 Macfarlan, Eliza V., Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Macfarlan, Louise J., Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Major, Patti, Pickens, S. C.; free.
 Marion, Margaret D., Chester, S. C.; free.
 Marshall, Annie Brooks, Greenwood, S. C.; free.
 Marshall, Frances W., Greenville, S. C.; pay.
 Marshall, Jessie M., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Martin, Alice, Simpsonville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Martin, Beryl, Easley, S. C.; scholarship.
 Martin, Elizabeth B., Strother, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Martin, Ella May, Cross Hill, S. C.; scholarship.
 Martin, Fannie Belle, Central, S. C.; free.
 Martin, Katherine M., Salley, S. C.; free.
 Martin, Lily, Lesslie, S. C.; free.
 Martin, Mary Helen, Fountain Inn, S. C.; scholarship.
 Martin, Nannie A., Ninety-Six, S. C.; free.
 Martin, Ruby V., Pendleton, S. C.; free.
 Massey, Frances E., Lancaster, S. C. (Grace White Springs Scholarship).
 Massey, Mary C., Lancaster, S. C. (Grace White Springs Scholarship)

- Matheny, Mattie**, Holly Hill, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
Mauldin, M. Elizabeth, Easley, S. C.; free.
Mayes, Katherine DeW., Newberry, S. C.; free.
Mayfield, Virginia F., Leeds, S. C.; scholarship.
Mellette, Frances J., Sumter, S. C.; free.
Mellette, Mary Louise, Sumter, S. C.; free.
Mellette, Sarah Ann, Sumter, S. C.; free.
Melton, Lucile S., Orangeburg, S. C.; scholarship.
Mendenhall, Mary H., Greenville, S. C. (Federation of Women's Clubs' Scholarship).
Milhous, S. Gladys, Denmark, S. C.; free.
Miller, Annie B., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
Miller, Annie Roddey, Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
Milling, Frances May, Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
Mitchell, Lola Marie, Honea Path, S. C.; pay.
Moore, Bennie, McColl, S. C.; free.
Moore, Beulah, Conway, S. C.; scholarship.
Moore, Katherine, Barnwell, S. C.; pay.
Moore, Hattie Meek, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
Moore, Norma E., Walhalla, S. C.; free.
Muller, Hattie G., Islandton, S. C.; free.
Murr, Margaret T., Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
Murray, Esther A., Columbia, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
Murray, Geneva L., Aiken, S. C.; free.
Murray, Ida L., St. George, S. C.; free.
Murray, Ozella E., St. George, S. C.; free.
Myers, Catharine H., Cordesville, S. C.; free.
Myers, Sadie, Cameron, S. C.; free.
MacAlister, Ida Mae, Central, S. C.; free.
McCants, Mattie Lou, Anderson, S. C.; free.
McCollough, Edwina, Shelton, S. C.; free.
McCown, Lera, Anderson, S. C.; free.
McCown, Sallie Belle, Darlington, S. C.; free.
McCown, Wallie, Anderson, S. C.; free.
McCrackin, Mattie P., Hopkins, S. C.; scholarship.
McCullough, Jessie, Fort Lawn, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
McCullough, Vivian, Darlington, S. C.; free.
McDermon, Rowena, Florence, S. C.; scholarship.
McDill, Helen E., Chester, S. C.; free.
MacDowell, Grace, Charlotte, N. C.; pay.
McElrath, Elizabeth, Inman, S. C., free.

McHugh, Fay, Greenville, S. C.; pay.
 McIntosh, Florence, Workman, S. C.; pay.
 McKenzie, Bessie A., Lake City, S. C.; pay.
 McLaurin, Annie Inez, Latta, S. C.; free.
 McLaurin, Maybelle, Latta, S. C.; scholarship.
 McLendon, Annie Mae, Florence, S. C.; free.
 McLurkin, Ruth, Chester, S. C.; free.
 McManus, Kate, Lancaster, S. C.; pay.
 McMurray, Esther W., Fort Mill, S. C.; free.
 McMurray, Hattie J., Lancaster, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 McNab, Amelia, Barnwell, S. C.; pay.
 McNab, Elizabeth, Barnwell, S. C.; pay.
 McNair, Marie, Aiken, S. C.; pay.
 Nail, Jessie, Blackstock, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Neal, Georgia V., Prosperity, S. C.; scholarship.
 Neely, Annie Mae, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Neely, Sudie, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Nettles, Emma L., Hartsville, S. C.; free.
 Newton, Nellie H., Central, S. C.; free.
 Nichols, Annis E., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Nichols, Rose, Newberry, S. C.; free.
 Odom, Alice Lee, Bennettsville, S. C.; free.
 Odom, Ronnie C., Bennettsville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Oliver, Eunice, Swansea, S. C.; free.
 Oliver, Margaret E., Swansea, S. C.; free.
 Owens, Susie D., Clinton, S. C.; pay.
 Owens, Virginia A., Clinton, S. C.; pay.
 Padget, Ruth E., Ridge Spring, S. C.; pay.
 Palmer, Etha, Union, S. C.; scholarship.
 Palmer, Harriott A., Charleston, S. C.; scholarship.
 Parker, Lucy Hill, Graniteville, S. C.; pay.
 Parks, Clara R., Woodruff, S. C.; free.
 Parrott, Lena Rivers, Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Patrick, Gracie, Bowman, S. C.; free.
 Percy, Maude Lee, Newsoms, Va.; pay.
 Pearson, Annie V., Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Pegram, Bessie L., Yorkville, S. C.; pay.
 Pegues, Alice M., Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Pegues, Nell, Tatum, S. C.; pay.
 Pennell, Nannie P., Belton, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Perryclear, Georgia, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.

Phelps, Helen F., Camden, S. C.; scholarship.
 Philpot, Marie E., Laurens, S. C.; pay.
 Phillips, Daisy E., Fountain Inn, S. C., scholarship.
 Pinson, Ruth E., Greenwood, S. C.; free.
 Pitts, Adele, Sumter, S. C.; free.
 Platt, Dorothy, Aiken, S. C.; pay.
 Plexico, Blanche E., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Plexico, Julia, Rock Hill, S. C.; scholarship.
 Plowden, Hannah, Lone Star, S. C.; extra legislative scholarship.
 Plowden, Harriet E., Manning, S. C.; free.
 Plunkett, Lucy, Graniteville, S. C.; free.
 Poag, Elfreida, Lancaster, S. C.; free.
 Poag, Essie May, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Polier, Sarah Belle, Aiken, S. C.; scholarship.
 Polk, Mattie Rich, Islandton, S. C.; free.
 Poole, Lottie, Greenville, S. C.; pay.
 Porter, Constance, Lancaster, S. C.; free.
 Porter, Julia, Springfield, S. C.; free.
 Porter, Robbie B., Lancaster, S. C.; scholarship.
 Powell, Susie C., Bennettsville, S. C.; free.
 Pyatt, Charlotte, Georgetown, S. C.; free.
 Pyatt, May, Georgetown, S. C.; free.
 Quinn, Elliott M., Clover, S. C.; free.
 Rabb, Annie B., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Rabb, Kathryn, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Rabb, Susie Belle, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Rambo, Nellie, Ninety-Six, S. C.; pay.
 Rambo, Virginia, Ninety-Six, S. C.; pay.
 Randall, Nannie J., King's Creek, S. C.; scholarship.
 Randle, Carita, Sumter, S. C.; free.
 Randle, Genevieve, Sumter, S. C.; scholarship.
 Rankin, Anna B., Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Rast, Ruth, Cameron, S. C.; free.
 Ratterree, Willie Mai, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Ravenel, Elizabeth, Savannah, Ga.; pay.
 Rawl, Estelle, Leesville, S. C.; free.
 Ray, Annie, Newberry, S. C.; scholarship.
 Ray, Nellie R., Blackville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Reagin, Grace Burton, Prosperity, S. C.; pay.
 Reaves, Carrie DuRant, Alcolu, S. C.; pay.

Reed, Emmie B., Lancaster, S. C.; free.
 Reeves, Minnie E., Allendale, S. C.; free.
 Reid, Florence M., Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Reid, Mary Helen, Richburg, S. C.; free.
 Rembert, Esther G., Rembert, S. C.; pay.
 Richards, Sadie E., Liberty Hill, S. C.; free.
 Richardson, Martha, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Riddle, Flowe, Bowling Green, S. C.; free.
 Rigdon, Laura, Pickens, S. C.; scholarship.
 Riggs, Pearl Rhett, Summerville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Riley, Frances, Anderson, S. C.; scholarship.
 Riley, Marion, Denmark, S. C.; free.
 Riley, Ruth, Bamberg, S. C.; scholarship.
 Riser, Annie Rose, Leesville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Rivers, Alice Prioleau, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Rivers, Janie S., Charleston, S. C.; pay.
 Rivers, Leora, Eastover, S. C.; free.
 Rivers, Mary Love, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Robbins, Margaret, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Roberts, Emmie Sams, Ninety-Six, S. C.; free.
 Robertson, Ida E., Spartanburg, S. C.; scholarship.
 Robertson, Myrtle J., Spartanburg, S. C.; scholarship.
 Robinson, Katherine E., Easley, S. C.; free.
 Roddey, Cammie L., Roddey, S. C.; free.
 Roddey, Carrie C., Roddey, S. C.; free.
 Rogers, Annie, Society Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Rogers, Edith, Bennettsville, S. C.; free.
 Rogers, Katie C., Bennettsville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Rogers, Margarie, Mullins, S. C.; service scholarship.
 Rogers, Meta, Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Rogers, Nora, Hamer, S. C.; pay.
 Royall, Esther, Mt. Pleasant, S. C.; scholarship.
 Rudd, Sara G., Clinton, S. C.; free.
 Rudisill, Sara J., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Russell, Minnie, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Russell, Nellie M., Charlotte, N. C.; free.
 Russell, Nina, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Sadler, Carrie, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Salley, Gretchen, Salley, S. C.; free.
 Salter, Helen C., Trenton, S. C.; free.
 Salters, Lillian C., Salters Depot, S. C.; free.

Sams, Emmie C., Gaffney, S. C.; pay.
 Sams, Emmie R., Jonesville, S. C.; free.
 Sanders, Reba A., Orangeburg, S. C.; free.
 Sandifer, Tattie, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Schorb, Anna Cherry, Yorkville, S. C.; free.
 Seale, Maggie May, Sumter, S. C.; pay.
 Sellers, Etta Sue, Latta, S. C.; scholarship.
 Setzer, Fannie Lee, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Shands, Evie, Clinton, S. C.; free.
 Shaw, Lucile P., Fountain Inn, S. C.; pay.
 Shealy, Eunice Lucile, Prosperity, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Shealy, Lily Floy, Chapin, S. C.; scholarship.
 Shealy, Nelle, Little Mountain, S. C.; free.
 Shirley, Annie, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Shirley, Lillian, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Shuler, Ruth, St. George, S. C.; free.
 Simpson, Kate, Blaney, S. C.; scholarship.
 Simpson, Maurie, Gray Court, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Simrill, Mary D., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Skelton, Claudine, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Skinner, Gladys, Bishopville, S. C.; free.
 Smarr, Mae, Sharon, S. C.; free.
 Smith, Clyde, Seneca, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Smith, Cora, Mullins, S. C.; free.
 Smith, Ethel, Cowpens, S. C.; pay.
 Smith, Isabel McLeod, Norfolk, Va.; pay.
 Smith, Lila Mae, Springfield, S. C.; free.
 Smith, Maggie Myrtle, Fort Mill, S. C.; free.
 Smith, Mary Inez, Fort Mill, S. C.; free.
 Smith, May, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Smith, Nannie Means, Spartanburg, S. C.; scholarship.
 Smith, Nell, Spartanburg, S. C.; scholarship.
 Smith, O. Bertha, Cowpens, S. C.; free.
 Smith, Septima C., Hopkins, S. C.; free.
 Smoak, Carrie, Langley, S. C.; free.
 Smyer, Lois, Chester, S. C.; free.
 Snelgrove, Lillian, Anderson, S. C.; service scholarship.
 Snipes, Willie Maude, Marion, S. C.; free.
 Sompayrac, Margaret E., Society Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Southerland, Susie, Orangeburg, S. C.; free.

Sowell, Bessie Mae, Lancaster, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Sowell, Mary Louise, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Speights, Agnes, Greenville, S. C.; pay.
 Spencer, Geneva L., Rembert, S. C.; pay.
 Stanley, Minnie L., Loris, S. C.; free.
 Stem, Jessie M., Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Stem, Lillian, Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Stevenson, Annie E., Winnsboro, S. C.; free.
 Stevenson, Gertrude, Winnsboro, S. C.; free.
 Stevenson, Esther, Richburg, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Stewart, Blanche, Fountain Inn, S. C.; free.
 Stewart, Sadelle, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Stewart, Willie, Fountain Inn, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Stickney, L. Frances, Charleston, S. C.; scholarship.
 Still, Edna Louise, Ninety-Six, S. C.; free.
 Still, Valeria D., Blackville, S. C.; free.
 Stokes, Mary E., Chester, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Stone, Tecoa E., Williamston, S. C.; free.
 Strait, Isabel Wylie, Rock Hill, S. C.; scholarship.
 Stribling, Alice, Westminster, S. C.; pay.
 Stribling, Elizabeth, Walhalla, S. C.; pay.
 Stribling, Grace A., Westminster, S. C.; scholarship.
 Strother, Gertrude B., Johnston, S. C.; service scholarship.
 Suber, Annie Laurie, Strother, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Sullivan, Eliza May, Mountville, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Sullivan, Kathleen L., Laurens, S. C.; free.
 Surasky, Esther, Aiken, S. C.; scholarship.
 Swann, Bessie Lorena, Kingstree, S. C.; free.
 Swann, Mary, Bennettsville, S. C.; free.
 Swetenburg, Lillian, Abbeville, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Syfan, Mary E., Abbeville, S. C.; free.
 Taylor, Grace Virginia, Camden, S. C.; free.
 Taylor, Susie W., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Taylor, Virginia Dare, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Tennent, Ellen, Lowndesville, S. C.; free.
 Therrell, Lula, Fort Mill, S. C.; free.
 Thomas, Cornelia Lee, Columbia, S. C.; pay.
 Thomas, Annie, Lamar, S. C.; free.
 Thomasson, Leona, Rock Hill, S. C.; scholarship.
 Thomasson, Ruth, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Thompson, Lila, Conway, S. C.; pay.

Tillman, Sallie May, Trenton, S. C.; pay.
 Timmons, Flora, Lynchburg, S. C.; free.
 Titman, Grace R., Lowryville, S. C.; free.
 Tolbert, Alice Cary, Greenwood, S. C.; free.
 Tolbert, Emmie Marguerite, Laurens, S. C.; scholarship.
 Tolbert, Helen Lucile, Greenwood, S. C.; pay.
 Townes, Elizabeth, Clemson College, S. C.; free.
 Townsend, Lela K., Ninety-Six, S. C.; free.
 Trantham, Nan, Camden, S. C. (U. D. C. Scholarship).
 Trott, Mary, Mt. Pleasant, S. C.; scholarship.
 Truesdale, Madeline B., Kershaw, S. C.; free.
 Turner, E. Estelle, Spartanburg, S. C.; pay.
 Turner, Oneida A., Hopkins, S. C.; scholarship.
 Van Wyck, Elizabeth, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Varn, Daisy B., Beaufort, S. C.; scholarship.
 Varn, Sallie Rich, Islandton, S. C.; scholarship.
 Vaughn, Hattie Bessie, Greer, S. C.; free.
 Vroman, Nora Lee, Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 Waldrep, Erin McLeod, Enoree, S. C.; free.
 Waldrep, Sammie E., Enoree, S. C.; free.
 Walker, Alice C., Georgetown, S. C.; free.
 Walker, Ruth Holmes, Summerville, S. C.; pay.
 Wallace, Clara, Camden, S. C.; free.
 Wallace, Mary Ethel, Silver Street, S. C.; free.
 Walsh, Mary E., Chesterfield, S. C.; pay.
 Wannamaker, Ruth, St. Matthews, S. C.; scholarship.
 Watkins, Lois V., Belton, S. C.; free.
 Watkins, Ruth, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Watson, Lily, Greenwood, S. C.; free.
 Watson, Sarah McKella, Columbia, S. C.; scholarship.
 Weinberg, Helena, Wedgefield, S. C.; pay.
 Welborn, Mary H., Williamston, S. C.; pay.
 Weston, E. Blyth, Charleston, S. C.; scholarship.
 Weston, Mildred, Charleston, S. C.; service scholarship.
 Whetsell, Sara C., St. George, S. C.; free.
 White, Flora E., Rock Hill, S. C.; free.
 White, J. Sumter, Chester, S. C.; free.
 White, Pauline, Greenwood, S. C.; scholarship.
 Whitlock, Ruth, Kitching's Mill, S. C.; pay.
 Whitner, Anna B., Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Whitten, Grace E., Batesburg, S. C.; free.

Wicker, M. Ernestine, Newberry, S. C.; pay.
 Wicker, Rebecca P., Newberry, S. C.; pay.
 Wiggins, Mary Elizabeth, Eutawville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Wilkes, Ella O., Orangeburg, S. C.; pay.
 Wilkes, Imogen J., Laurens, S. C.; free.
 Williams, Annie May, Spartanburg, S. C.; pay.
 Williams, Eva Mae, Abbeville, S. C.; scholarship.
 Williams, Lena, North Augusta, S. C.; pay.
 Williams, Lillian P., Gaines, S. C.; free.
 Williams, Ruby E., North Augusta, S. C.; pay.
 Williamson, Sada Carolyn, Florence, S. C.; pay.
 Williford, Leath, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Williford, Ruby, Anderson, S. C.; free.
 Wilson, Annie Augusta, Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Wilson, Annie Caroline, Lancaster, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Wilson, Euzelia, Honea Path, S. C.; free.
 Wilson, Janie, Manning, S. C.; pay.
 Wilson, Mary B., Rock Hill, S. C.; pay.
 Winn, Ethel B., Laurens, S. C.; free.
 Wise, E. Christine, Saluda, S. C.; scholarship.
 Wise, Ella, St. Matthews, S. C.; pay.
 Wofford, Azile May, Madden, S. C.; free.
 Wofford, Kate, Madden, S. C.; free.
 Woodruff, Emma C., Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Woods, Clara, Fountain Inn, S. C.; free.
 Woods, Helen, Darlington, S. C.; free.
 Woods, Lula, Fountain Inn, S. C.; pay.
 Yarborough, Dorian, Columbia, S. C.; free.
 Yarborough, Joanna, Lowryville, S. C.; dining room scholarship.
 Yarborough, Kate, Lowryville, S. C.; free.
 Young, F. Gertrude, Pomaria, S. C.; free.
 Young, F. Eileene, Mountville, S. C.; free.
 Young, Margaret B., Mountville, S. C.; free.
 Young, Theodora, Union, S. C.; free.

**SPECIAL OUTSIDE STUDENTS IN MUSIC WHO PAY THE REGULAR
 FEE FOR SUCH COURSES.**

Cork, Julia B., Rock Hill, S. C.

SIXTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

South Carolina Institution

FOR THE

Education of the Deaf
and the Blind

Cedar Spring, S. C.

1911.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS.

COL. T. J. MOORE, Chairman.

HON J. E. SWEARINGEN, *Ex-officio*.

DR. G. W. HEINITSH.

DR. J. F. CLEVELAND.

COL. J. D. CAPPELMANN.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

South Carolina Institution for the Education of the Deaf and the Blind.

Cedar Spring, S. C., Dec. 11, 1911.

To Hon. Jno. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education, Columbia, S. C.:

In behalf of the Board of Commissioners of the South Carolina Institution for the Education of the Deaf and the Blind, I herewith transmit the Sixty-third Annual Report of said institution.

The accompanying report of the Superintendent gives in detail the number of pupils enrolled; the several progressive steps taken during the year tending to the general improvement and forward progress of the school; the financial status, and statement of appropriations necessary for 1912.

Vouchers covering itemized statement of the expenditure of the funds appropriated for this institution have been carefully audited by the auditing committee of our Board and found to be correct.

In this day of apparent extravagant expenditure of public moneys, it gives us pleasure to be able to present to you and through you to the law-making body and to the taxpayers of South Carolina the noteworthy fact that this school stands second to none in the United States for its economical expenditures. Its per capita expense is the lowest of any school of its kind and its work and equipment compares favorably with the best. This state of affairs is the result of the long experience and capable supervision of the Superintendent, who is so ably seconded in his work by his young, energetic, and forceful Principal.

The report shows that the following appropriations will be necessary for the proper conduct of the school for 1912:

For Support.. . . .	\$30,000.00
For Repairs.. . . .	500.00
For Improving Grounds.. . . .	4,500.00
For Scholarships, under Act of Feb. 15, 1910....	600.00

The amount asked for support is same as for 1911; for repairs is amount usually allowed; for scholarships is amount of appropriation under Act as per date above stated; the amount for improving grounds is based on accurate and expert survey with the necessary plans and estimates, and as stated by the Superintendent, "the grading, macadamizing, and draining of the driveways approaching and surrounding the buildings" is the first step necessary in the proper improvement of the grounds.

T. J. MOORE,
Chairman Board of Commissioners.

OFFICERS AND TEACHERS OF THE INSTITUTION.

Superintendent,
N. F. WALKER, LL. D.

Matron,
MRS. V. E. WALKER.

Physician,
GEO. W. HEINITSH, M. D.

Principal,
W. L. WALKER, A. B.

Teachers of the Deaf,
Miss T. E. Gaillard. Mrs. M. M. Thackston.
Miss M. L. Cotton. Mrs. G. D. Coleman.
Miss A. E. Dunn. Miss A. Bowman.
Miss C. Feland.

Teachers of the Blind,
Miss S. B. Bledsoe.
Miss H. L. Livermore, to Jan 1st.
Miss S. F. Warren, Jan. 1 to June 30.
Miss V. R. Finley.

Music Teachers,
W. W. Donald. Miss N. Curran.

Teacher of Drawing and Painting,
Mrs. G. D. Coleman.

Teacher of Physical Culture and Gymnastics,
Miss H. L. Livermore, to Jan. 1st.
Miss S. F. Warren, Jan. 1st to June 30th.

Instructor Industrial Department for Blind Girls,
Miss N. Curran.

Teacher of Typewriting and Office Stenographer,
Miss L. Wharton.

Instructor Industrial Department for Deaf Girls.
Miss Eula Edwards.

Master of Shoe Shop,
A. B. Locklier.

Foreman of Printing Office,
J. M. Frierson.

Master of Shop for Blind Boys,
H. W. Estes,

Foreman of Wood Shop,
W. K. Barnett.

DEPARTMENT FOR COLORED PUPILS.

Teachers of the Deaf,
J. M. Frierson, Miss R. Gordon,

Teachers of the Blind,
H. W. Estes, Miss C. E. Caldwell.

Matron,
Mrs. M. Mills.

Steward and Boys' Supervisor,
Geo. W. Mills.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the Board of Commissioners of the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and the Blind.

Gentlemen: The following report of this institution for scholastic year 1910-11 is respectfully submitted.

During the year 204 pupils were enrolled—124 deaf, 79 blind, and 1 blind-deaf; 151 white and 53 colored.

No death occurred during the year from sickness and I am thankful to be able to say as I did in my report of 1909-10: "The hospital for girls was not opened at all during the year and that for the boys only once." On the 31st of October Clyde Rogers, one of our brightest and most trustworthy deaf boys, left the premises without permission, early in the morning, and was found about 11 o'clock near the track of the Southern Railway, a short distance beyond Fair Forest Station, unconscious. He was promptly brought to the Spartanburg hospital, where he had the attention of the surgeons of the Southern Railway Co., and of our own physician. He never regained consciousness, but died on the 8th of November. As soon as he was missed from the premises every effort was made to locate and protect him even to the extent of notifying train dispatchers of the railroads. He did not go in the direction of his home, but in the opposite direction.

The work in our literary, music, industrial, physical culture, art, and domestic departments has been carried forward with satisfactory results; especially has this been done in matter of the industrial training for our blind girls. In this department we have added during the year raffia work, basketry, rug weaving, and machine sewing. In the line of physical culture we have added to our equipment a considerable amount of playground apparatus. The installation of this playground apparatus has resulted in the betterment of the physical condition of those children who took no delight in the gymnasium work proper.

The discipline of the school has been carried forward without special friction of any kind. In fact, the management of the school takes pride in this matter and its results.

After careful study, much research, correspondence, investigation, and consultation our Principal has outlined a course of study which we feel sure will add much to the efficiency and forward progress of our school work.

Acting under resolutions of your Board, the memorial tablet to the founder of the school, Rev. N. P. Walker, having been placed in the auditorium, was unveiled with suitable exercises on the 28th of June.

By your direction a careful and complete survey of our grounds has been made and a topographical map with plans and specifications for grading and planting has been prepared. With these maps, plans, and specifications in hand we are prepared to enter upon a systematic improvement of our grounds which will greatly enhance their attractiveness, and then, as stated in last annual report, "We can have a very attractive home environment for the deaf and the blind school children of the State." The first step in the improvement of our grounds will necessarily be the grading, macadamizing and draining of the driveways approaching and surrounding the buildings. This initial step will cost \$4,500.

The following list gives names of pupils enrolled and Counties from which they come:

BLIND—MALES.

H. Weathersbee.. . . .	Aiken
J. Sanders.. . . .	Aiken
A. Baughman.. . . .	Aiken
D. Jones.. . . .	Abbeville
T. Williams.. . . .	Anderson
P. Hutchinson.. . . .	Anderson
W. Gilbert.. . . .	Cherokee
B. Moore.. . . .	Cherokee
J. Davis.. . . .	Cherokee
B. Norman.. . . .	Cherokee
E. Dodd.. . . .	Colleton
J. L. Shaw.. . . .	Edgefield
W. Brown.. . . .	Florence
J. T. McDonald.. . . .	Fairfield
J. H. Street.. . . .	Greenville
L. R. Gregorie.. . . .	Hampton

T. A. Willis..	Laurens
C. R. Davis..	Lee
C. Butt..	Oconee
J. P. McCarey..	Oconee
J. Fellers..	Richland
M. Derrick..	Richland
E. E. Cantrell..	Spartanburg
M. Jenkins..	Spartanburg
J. McCreight..	Union
S. Norton..	Williamsburg
M. Wylie..	York

BLIND—FEMALES.

W. Branyon..	Anderson
A. Zander..	Charleston
M. Spigener..	Colleton
L. Jaques..	Dorchester
M. Parrott..	Florence
T. Catoe..	Kershaw
M. Hammond..	Edgefield
A. Hammond..	Edgefield
R. Turner..	Greenville
N. Foster..	Greenville
K. Goodwin..	Lexington
G. Gibson..	Marlboro
A. Dantzler..	Orangeburg
A. B. Cannon..	Newberry
L. A. Metts..	Newberry
S. Banks..	Newberry
M. Kelly..	Oconee
L. Stoddard..	Oconee
M. Bledsoe..	Saluda
F. Cockeril..	Sumter
A. Phillips..	Spartanburg
I. T. Adair..	Spartanburg
M. M. Plemmons..	Spartanburg
M. S. Pack..	Spartanburg
O. Atkins..	Spartanburg
L. Johnson..	Spartanburg
T. Lee..	Union

M. Fowler.. . . .	Union
E. Wylie.. . . .	York
A. Wylie.. . . .	York
L. Wylie.. . . .	York

DEAF—BLIND.

Dewey Cantrell.. . . .	Spartanburg
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DEAF—MALES.

C. W. Bailey.. . . .	Aiken
E. P. Clerc.. . . .	Aiken
J. M. Fant.. . . .	Anderson
L. J. Fant.. . . .	Anderson
B. Buchanan.. . . .	Anderson
C. Ayer.. . . .	Bamberg
T. Haselden.. . . .	Berkeley
F. Dobbins.. . . .	Cherokee
M. Strickland.. . . .	Colleton
P. Strickland.. . . .	Colleton
J. A. Barnes.. . . .	Colleton
L. King.. . . .	Darlington
L. Salter.. . . .	Edgefield
C. Rogers.. . . .	Florence
W. Huggins.. . . .	Florence
S. O. Horne.. . . .	Greenwood
L. Duncan.. . . .	Greenville
C. Faust.. . . .	Hampton
P. M. Brant.. . . .	Hampton
B. Cartin.. . . .	Lexington
C. J. Sox.. . . .	Lexington
L. Sox.. . . .	Lexington
L. E. Waits.. . . .	Lexington
Geo. Hayes.. . . .	Lexington
O. Snipes.. . . .	Lancaster
H. Dozier.. . . .	Marion
B. Martin.. . . .	Marion
C. Taylor.. . . .	Orangeburg
U. Laird.. . . .	Orangeburg
S. T. Clarkson.. . . .	Richland
C. B. Lyles.. . . .	Richland

A. H. Hartin..	Richland
H. Jones..	Richland
O. Edwards..	Saluda
J. Boatwright..	Saluda
J. N. Brown..	Sumter
J. C. Pridmore..	Spartanburg
A. D. Surratt..	Spartanburg
V. Milwood..	Spartanburg
C. Ramsey..	Spartanburg
H. Fowler..	Union
J. B. James..	Union
W. Vanderford..	Union
C. Parrott..	York
S. Curry..	York
D. W. Smoak..	York
F. Smoak..	York
W. Rockholt..	York

DEAF—FEMALES.

O. Ayres..	Abbeville
L. O'Dell..	Abbeville
W. Fant..	Anderson
C. Buffkin..	Bamberg
B. Staley..	Bamberg
E. Overstreet..	Beaufort
M. Ingraham..	Chesterfield
A. McDonald..	Chesterfield
J. Dobbins..	Cherokee
F. S. Bagnal..	Clarendon
A. S. Yarley..	Dorchester
L. Rape..	Fairfield
S. Hoy..	Fairfield
M. Price..	Florence
E. Hewitt..	Florence
N. L. Morrell..	Florence
E. Lawrence..	Greenville
D. Johnson..	Greenville
N. Riggs..	Greenville
J. Curry..	Greenville
C. L. Horne..	Greenwood

R. Richardson.. . . .	Horry
L. M. King.. . . .	Kershaw
C. Davis.. . . .	Kershaw
B. Reynolds.. . . .	Lexington
B. Thompson.. . . .	Lexington
C. M. Campbell.. . . .	Marion
B. Bridges.. . . .	Marion
W. Perritt.. . . .	Marion
C. Bowyer.. . . .	Marlboro
A. Arrowood.. . . .	Newberry
R. S. Sauls.. . . .	Orangeburg
E. T. Clarkson.. . . .	Richland
W. Edwards.. . . .	Saluda
S. Boatwright.. . . .	Saluda
B. R. Clark.. . . .	Spartanburg
A. Bearden.. . . .	Spartanburg
O. Neal.. . . .	Spartanburg
M. Smith.. . . .	Sumter
O. Kelly.. . . .	Union
D. Hays.. . . .	Williamsburg
J. Smoak.. . . .	York
M. C. Parrott.. . . .	York
M. Youngblood.. . . .	York

DEPARTMENT FOR COLORED PUPILS.

BLIND—MALES.

P. Merritt.. . . .	Aiken
J. Taggart.. . . .	Anderson
W. Jackson.. . . .	Anderson
P. Freeman.. . . .	Edgefield
C. Rosemond.. . . .	Greenville
F. Blassingame.. . . .	Greenville
D. Favor.. . . .	Kershaw
W. Rembert.. . . .	Sumter
M. Richburg.. . . .	Sumter
A. McFaddin.. . . .	Sumter
E. Hoge.. . . .	Spartanburg
E. Stripling.. . . .	Spartanburg

R. Jones.. ..Spartanburg
 S. Johnson.. ..Union
 C. Seley.. ..York

BLIND—FEMALES.

H. Anderson.. ..Abbeville
 A. Williams.. ..Anderson
 S. Grant.. ..Anderson
 G. Garrett.. ..Laurens
 L. Charles.. ..Lee
 C. Bonaparte.. ..Pickens
 H. Smith.. ..Spartanburg
 M. Coleman.. ..Spartanburg

DEAF—MALES.

J. Smith.. ..Abbeville
 P. Miller.. ..Barnwell
 R. Jones.. ..Bamberg
 P. Bonner.. ..Cherokee
 L. Jones.. ..Clarendon
 T. Chiles.. ..Greenville
 H. Wells.. ..Greenville
 O. Page.. ..Horry
 F. Sanders.. ..Lexington
 J. Irwin.. ..Newberry
 W. Mason.. ..Newberry
 J. Allgood.. ..Pickens
 J. Anderson.. ..Richland
 A. Robinson.. ..Richland
 W. Harris.. ..York
 A. Lowry.. ..York

DEAF—FEMALES.

S. Moss.. ..Anderson
 L. Hazel.. ..Aiken
 M. Rice.. ..Bamberg
 L. Wideman.. ..Greenwood
 C. Spigener.. ..Marion
 M. Stephens.. ..Marlboro

V. Rice.. . . .	Newberry
B. Abney.. . . .	Newberry
A. T. Smith.. . . .	Richland
M. Quarles.. . . .	Spartanburg
R. Moore.. . . .	Union
L. Lowry.. . . .	York
L. Johnson.. . . .	York
L. Washington.. . . .	York

The current expenses for support from July 1, 1910, to December 31, 1910, amount to \$12,662.17, and from January 1, 1911, to June 30, 1911, to \$16,059.19, making a total of \$28,721.36 for scholastic year ending June 30, 1911, as shown by the following statement:

RECEIPTS.

From Appropriations for Support.. . . .	\$28,489.66
From other sources.. . . .	231.70
	<hr/>
	\$28,721.36

EXPENDITURES.

Salaries.. . . .	\$10,249.83
Groceries and Provisions.. . . .	6,993.88
Wages.. . . .	4,304.27
Furniture and Household Goods.. . . .	1,874.18
Wood and Coal.. . . .	1,153.74
Lights, Fixtures and Power.. . . .	708.52
Feed of Stock.. . . .	695.61
Laundry.. . . .	574.54
Improvements and Repairs.. . . .	506.87
Books, Stationery, etc.. . . .	346.45
Traveling Expenses.. . . .	339.67
Shops.. . . .	171.12
Medical Attention and Medicines.. . . .	152.18
Clothing.. . . .	138.02
Express, Telegrams and Freight.. . . .	124.28
Postage.. . . .	81.66
Grounds.. . . .	79.23
Telephone Service.. . . .	60.00
Tools, Blacksmithing, Etc.. . . .	46.88
Commercial Fertilizers.. . . .	44.64

Harness, Etc..	24.52	
Miscellaneous.. . . .	51.27	
		————— \$28,721.86

The financial statement for support, as given above, is for the scholastic year beginning July 1, 1910, and ending June 30, 1911, and does not, therefore, give the financial status of the school for the entire fiscal year, but only to June 30, 1911.

Received for Repairs and Grounds—Appropriation

1910.. . . . \$1,000.00

Paid for Repainting and calsomining inside

buildings, survey, plans, etc., of grounds....\$1,000.00

Received for Printing Press, Plumbing, Play Grounds

and Tablet—Appropriation 1910.. . . . \$1,800.00

Paid for Printing Press and Fixtures.. . . \$ 604.45

Paid for Plumbing.. . . . 700.88

Paid for Play Grounds and Fixtures.. . . 290.92

Paid for Tablet and Freight.. . . . 203.75

—————\$1,800.00

Received for Scholarships, Etc.—Appropriation 1910...\$600.00

Paid for Improvement of Library and of the In-

dustrial Department.. . . . \$600.00

Received for Insurance—Appropriation 1911.. . . \$1,446.98

Paid for Three years' Insurance on Buildings

and Furniture.. . . . \$1,446.98

Received for Repairs and Grounds—Appropriation

1911.. . . . \$1,000.00

Paid for Painting Buildings, Motors, Pump

Line, Etc.. . . . \$1,000.00

Received for Scholarships, Etc.—Appropriation 1911...\$600.00

Paid for Scholarship, D. S. Jones.. . . . \$150.00

Paid for Improvement of Library and of the In-

dustrial Department.. . . . 187.97

Balance on hand.. . . . 262.03

—————\$600.00

The last Legislature made the following appropriations for this school:

For Support.. . . . \$30,000.00

For Repairs and Grounds.. . . . 1,000.00

For Insurance.. . . . 1,446.98

For Scholarships.. . . . 600.00

The appropriation for insurance has been expended in placing policies for three years on our buildings and furniture to amount of \$67,386.50. The appropriation for repairs and grounds has been expended in the usual repairs inside and outside the buildings, on the grounds and in repairs on pump line and station, etc.

A portion of the appropriation for scholarships has been set aside for enabling Mr. Demos Jones to matriculate in the South Carolina University. The balance will, under the Act, be expended in the improvement of the Library and the industrial department of the school. Mr. Jones, from our schoolrooms, passed into the University with entrance examination marks most gratifying to this school.

The following appropriations will be required for the proper maintenance of the school for 1912, and for the special purposes as enumerated, viz:

For Support.. . . .	\$30,000.00
For Repairs.. . . .	500.00
For Improving Grounds.. . . .	4,500.00
For Scholarships.. . . .	600.00

The Legislature, during the session of 1911, passed a resolution to visit as a body our school on the 19th of January, 1912. We feel sure that this visit will result in much good to the school in the way of having this distinguished body of lawmakers and representative citizens of the State see what is being done here for the deaf and the blind school children by the State. It will be the first time in the sixty-three years of the history of the school that it has had the honor of such an official visit. The Deaf Alumni asked permission to hold a reunion here at the time of our public closing exercises in June. We advised against this plan, but suggested that we would be pleased to present their request to your Board to permit them to hold the reunion here in August. This arrangement was endorsed by your Board, and a very pleasant, profitable and successful meeting was held here from the 15th to the 17th of August, and was attended by almost one hundred of the former pupils of the school.

By your permission our Principal visited, during the spring, a number of the larger schools for the deaf and the blind in the East and Middle West. This insight into the work of other

schools has, we feel sure, been of much benefit to our school, and especially helpful in the outlining of our new course of study.

The Superintendent and Principal attended the Triennial Convention of Teachers of the Deaf at Delavan, Wis., in July. There they met over three hundred teachers from the different States. Numerous subjects bearing on the work done, and to be done in the future, in our special line of educational work were presented and discussed. A considerable exhibit from the Industrial Departments of the schools was made. The work done in our school in this line compares favorably with that done in the best of the schools. Our Principal, at this Convention, was honored by being made Chairman of the Southern Local Committee.

By order of your Board a complete medical examination of all our pupils was made at the opening of the present school term by our physician, Dr. G. W. Heinitsh, assisted by Dr. L. J. Blake. Hereafter all new pupils will, likewise, be examined on admission. An itemized record of each child's condition is on file in the office. These files show our pupils to be free from serious organic trouble.

Respectfully submitted,

N. F. WALKER,
Superintendent.

December 8, 1911.

TERMS OF ADMISSION.

1st. Persons desiring to procure the admission of pupils should apply by letter, or otherwise, to the Superintendent of the Institution for instructions as to the manner of procedure, and no pupil should be sent to the institution until such instructions shall have been fully complied with.

2nd. All are required to come provided with an adequate supply of good, comfortable clothing, embracing suitable articles for both summer and winter wear, in such quantity as to admit of the necessary changes for washing and repairing; the whole to be neatly packed in a good trunk, with good lock and key.

3rd. Each article of clothing should be distinctly marked with the owner's name, in order to prevent confusion or loss, and must be sent in good order and condition, not only upon the first entrance of the pupil, but also at each subsequent return from home after the vacation.

4th. A small amount of money will be required to be deposited with the Superintendent for the benefit of the pupil, should need require.

5th. Pay pupils charged \$150 for session of nine months.

6th. Except in cases of sickness, all pupils are expected to remain at the institution from the commencement to the close of each session, at which time parents or friends should be prepared to take them home to spend the vacation.

7th. The scholastic session commences on the first Wednesday in October and closes on the last Wednesday in June.

8th. No person of imbecile or unsound mind, or confirmed immoral character, or incapacitated by physical infirmity for useful instruction, will knowingly be received into the institution; and in case any pupil shall, after trial, prove incompetent for useful instruction, or wilfully and persistently disobedient to the regulations of the institution, such pupil will thereupon be discharged.

LOCATION.

The South Carolina Institution for the Education of the Deaf and the Blind is located at Cedar Spring, Spartanburg County, four miles south of Spartanburg and one mile west of Cedar Spring Station, on the Spartanburg and Columbia Railroad, and occupies a healthful and pleasant site.

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

OF THE

CLEMSON

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

TO THE

General Assembly of South Carolina

1911

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

*Hon. J. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education,
Columbia, S. C.*

Dear Sir: In submitting to you, and through your hands, to the representatives of the State of South Carolina, as required by law, this, the twenty-second Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Clemson Agricultural College, we wish to state that the health of the institution has been good, discipline of the College has been strong and sufficient, proper good feeling exists between the student body and the faculty, and we feel sure that the College is continuing upon its career of usefulness.

Very truly and respectfully,

ALAN JOHNSTONE,

President, Board of Trustees.

Clemson College, S. C., November 1, 1911.

The Twenty-Second Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Clemson Agricultural College of South Carolina.

Clemson College, S. C.,
November 1, 1911.

To the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina.

Gentlemen: In obedience to law, we herewith submit the report of the President and other officers as the Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Clemson Agricultural College, for the year beginning July 1, 1910, and ending June 30, 1911. Accompanying this is a report of the Board of Visitors, who last May made a thorough examination of the College.

The books and accounts of the Treasurer were audited by Col. D. H. Wise and Mr. J. B. Haltiwanger, and their report is included herewith. This brings the audit of the College accounts up to July 1, 1911, and represents an additional precaution to insure both honesty and accuracy, since twice each year the Finance Committee of the Board checks up carefully all expenditures to see that they have been made in accordance with the spirit of the itemized appropriations made by the Board.

We are glad to be able to state without reserve that each and every department of the College is doing splendid work. The President's report gives full information in regard to every phase of the work of the College, and we commend it to your careful consideration. His report confirms our impression that the officers of the College are loyal and enthusiastic, and that harmony, necessary to efficiency, prevails in the organization.

We regret to have to announce the retirement of Prof. W. R. Perkins, the Director of the Agricultural Department, and Prof. D. N. Barrow, the Superintendent of the Division of Extension Work and Farmers' Institutes. Prof. Perkins leaves to accept a lucrative position with a large agricultural syndicate in Mississippi, and Prof. Barrow was forced by family considerations to move to Texas. The good work performed by both of these gentlemen while connected with the College is the best evidence of the deserved appreciation in which they are held by the President and the Board.

We desire in this report to emphasize the fact that the Board of Trustees feels abundantly satisfied in their selection of the new President. It was a fact well known to every member of the Board that he was a man possessed of unusual ability and splendid equipment for the position of Director of the Engineering Department. The only hesitation which was felt by the Board in electing him to this new position, was the fear of leaving the position, which would be vacated by his elevation to the Presidency, without his strong guiding hand. We are pleased to say in this connection that Prof. Earle, elected to that position, has measured up fully to our expectations, while the President has taken charge of the College, exhibiting the same energy, faithfulness and splendid judgment in guiding the College and its affairs that he had displayed in the other position, which he had so acceptably filled for so many years.

It is a great satisfaction to the Board of Trustees to be able to state that the affairs of the College are in splendid shape, with every Department doing good work, and harmoniously moving forward, which results reflect, not only the consecrated service of the President, but also his good judgment and self-poise in dealing with the general affairs of the College.

The Board realizes fully the responsibility of making the Agricultural work of the College paramount, and it might be wise in this connection to call attention to the three phases that this work naturally assumes.

The Experiment Station is engaged in discovering new facts regarding the growth and improvement of plants and Agricultural methods. The Agricultural Department proper is engaged in the instruction of students and operating the College Farm, while the Extension Division carries the work of the College and the truths discovered by our Experiment Station directly to the homes of our people. These three interests co-operate and mutually supplement each other so that there results a symmetrical structure built upon these three important foundation stones.

At the time of writing this report, there is considerable likelihood of the fertilizer tax receipts falling off from the figure of last year. While some have thought that the College received more money than it needs from this tax, any diminution would be speedily apparent in a necessary curtailment of that Public Service which the College is just now in a position to render to

the best advantage, and which at present amounts to \$99,000 annually. For the sake of these interests, we should deplore a reduction of our principal source of income.

Trusting that this our report may receive your careful consideration,

Very respectfully submitted,

ALAN JOHNSTONE,
President, Board of Trustees.

Board of Visitors.

Hon. Samuel G. Stoney.....	1st District
Dr. T. B. Whatley.....	2nd District
Hon. W. N. Graydon (Chairman)	3rd District
Hon. J. O. Wingo	4th District
Hon. J. Harry Foster.....	5th District
Hon. A. J. A. Perritt.....	6th District
Hon. A. F. Lever	7th District

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF VISITORS.

Clemson College, S. C.

May 4, 1911.

*To the Board of Trustees, the Clemson Agricultural College,
Clemson College, S. C.*

Dear Sirs: The Board of Visitors, Clemson Agricultural College, met on May 3rd, 1911, for the purpose of overlooking the affairs of the College, and of reporting to the Board of Trustees our findings and conclusions in regard to the work of the College.

We were treated with great courtesy by the President and every officer of the College with whom we came in contact.

We are pleased that since our last report, the Board of Trustees have seen fit to elect Mr. W. M. Riggs President of the College. We hope and believe that he is the right man in the right place, and we confidently look forward to better work than ever, under his guidance.

We are pleased to note that the Board has seen fit to adopt several of the recommendations made by us at our last meeting, and that the activities of the College are constantly enlarging, by getting in closer touch with the agricultural life of the State. While the total income of the College, owing to the heavy sales of the fertilizers, has increased considerably over last year, almost the whole of the increase has gone directly back to the farmers, in the shape of larger appropriations for public work, that is, work by the College directly affecting the agricultural welfare of the State. We are glad to see that work has begun on the new Dairy, and that plans have been drawn for the new Dairy Barn. These buildings will add greatly to the equipment of the

College, and will be an object lesson to the farmers of the State who wish to go into the dairy business.

The Experiment Station, run in connection with the College, is well managed, and is an object lesson to the farmers of the State, in showing how land may be built up with the proper rotation of crops, almost without cost, so far as fertilizers are concerned.

We desire to call attention to the small per cent. of students who pay tuition. This might have been excused a good many years ago when our State was in great financial straits, but we are satisfied that the privilege of attending this College without the payment of tuition is being abused. With the great prosperity everywhere existing, and the large prices that cotton has been bringing in this State, very few students, it seems to us, ought to have to ask for free tuition. We recommend that the Board of Trustees address itself to the devising of some means by which people who are able to pay tuition should be made to do so. A mere certificate will never have the effect of making people pay tuition, because some men, regardless of what they are worth, imagine they are not able to pay tuition. We think that a copy of the tax returns of both parents, where their children are seeking free tuition, should be required from the Auditor of the County, and in addition, sworn statements of the worth of each parent, setting forth the property in detail owned by them, before granting a free scholarship, or excusing them from paying tuition.

We are pleased to report that the Boarding Department is now self-sustaining. We congratulate the management of that Department upon the fact of it being now self-supporting. The Board of Visitors had the pleasure of dining with the cadets during our stay, and found that the fare was abundant, well cooked and well served. It is wonderful, the cheapness with which this Department is conducted, and shows what can be done by intelligent and systematic management. Students can live here as cheaply as at home, and get an abundance of substantial and well cooked food. We found that the health of the students was excellent, and showed that they were not suffering from the lack of abundance of good food.

We were also pleased to note that the grounds have been improved since our last visit, by the putting down of a number of cement walks over the grounds. We think that the money to do this has been well spent, as we regard the grounds as a very

valuable asset of the College. We think further improvements along this line will be of material benefit to the institution.

We would also like to call the attention of the Board to the importance of an up-to-date gymnasium and plunge bath, either in some building already constructed, or in a building especially put up for that purpose. We think this would add very much to the health and pleasure of the students, and should the Board find that this improvement can be made, we think it would be money well expended.

We learned with much interest of the plans to enlarge the dormitory accommodations, and hope that the improvement will be completed in time for the next session.

We cannot too strongly recommend the good work that is being done in the State along agricultural lines. South Carolina has made wonderful strides in the past few years in Agriculture, and we note with pleasure that Clemson College is doing her full share in pushing forward this great work.

We were shown over the land recently purchased by the Trustees, and were delighted with its beauty and adaptability to agricultural pursuits. We congratulate the Board upon securing the services of Prof. Perkins, and feel sure that his work will tell in the near future.

We have found much to commend in the management of the College, and very little to criticize, and feel sure that in the years to come, South Carolina will be prouder than ever of her Agricultural College.

Wishing the Board of Trustees continued success in the patriotic service which they have so generously performed, we are,

Yours very truly,

(Signed): WM. N. GRAYDON,
Chairman, Board of Visitors.

Report of the President of the College.

Clemson College, S. C.
Sept. 15th, 1911.

*Hon. Alan Johnstone, President of the Board of Trustees, the
Clemson Agricultural College.*

Dear Sir: I have the honor to submit herewith the President's Annual Report covering the eighteenth session of the Clemson Agricultural College. This is intended as the basis for your twenty-second Annual Report to the Legislature.

The report covers the fiscal year from July 1st, 1910, to June 30th, 1911.

In my endeavor to give you a comprehensive view of the College and its workings, I have drawn upon the reports submitted to me by the Directors of Departments, upon my personal observation, and upon my intimate knowledge of the spirit and policy of the institution, gathered during fifteen years of service as a member of its faculty.

In order to do full justice, I have deemed it wise to consider not only what has been accomplished, but in some cases to speak of plans now in process of fulfillment.

I have arranged the report, which is lengthy because of the magnitude of the interests dealt with, into four main divisions:

(1) *The College Work*; (2) *The Public Service*; (3) *The S. C. Experiment Station*; (4) *The Outlook*.

PART I.—THE COLLEGE WORK.

General Conditions:

Commencement day, June 13th, 1911, closed a most successful session. The enrollment of 703 was the largest in the history of the College. The graduating class was likewise the largest on record. Eighty-seven young men received their diplomas—forty-four in the Agricultural and forty-three in all the other courses.

Not only was the graduating class almost equally divided between the Agricultural and Engineering students, but the entire student body showed about the same division. And so the hope of its founder to establish an Agricultural *and* Mechanical College was this year for the first time exactly and fully realized.

Taken as a whole, the College has made very substantial progress. This is particularly true in our efforts to get the College before the people. Our Extension Work has contributed a full share to the desired end. In addition, "The Catechism," the Trustees' Annual Report, the State Fair Exhibit, the visit of Dr. Knapp's Demonstration Agents, the Inspection of the College by the Legislative Committee, by the Ways and Means Committee of the House and the Finance Committee of the Senate, and by the Board of Visitors—all of these agencies and opportunities have made for a better understanding of the magnitude, work and spirit of the College, and given information where formerly prejudice, based on misinformation, had perhaps warped even honest judgment.

The College plant is now rounding into shape. During the year under consideration, and including the past summer, the College has added \$60,000 worth of buildings to its plant. This includes three residences, a \$20,000 dairy building, a \$15,000 dairy barn, an additional story to Barracks No. 1, costing about \$20,000, and piazzas to Barracks No. 2, costing approximately \$8,000. Additional shop and laboratory equipment to the amount of \$16,293.10 has been added, and the purchase of 248.6 acres of land authorized by the Legislature, and costing nearly \$17,000 has been consummated. This land is of the greatest importance, and necessity, on account of the prospective increase along live stock lines. Referring to this land purchase, the Board of Visitors had the following to say:

"We were shown over the land recently purchased by the Trustees and were delighted by its beauty and adaptability to Agricultural purposes."

With the completion of the Dairy Building and Dairy Barn, the Agricultural Department will be in splendid shape. By utilizing the abandoned Experiment Station Barn for a farm machinery building, that important phase of the Agricultural instruction will be provided for.

At the March meeting of the Board, the writer, who for a little over a year had been serving as Acting President, was unanimously elected President.

My relations to the Board of Trustees during my administration as Acting President and as President have been most cordial. As individuals, and without exception, they have been considerate, helpful, and encouraging, and as a Board, I have

found them deeply interested in the welfare and progress of the College, and very willing to accept meritorious suggestions looking to its growth and development.

It is my hope to build up an organization upon a basis of justice, mutual esteem, reasonable consideration, and proper procedure. This is a work that will require time, tact and patience, and I trust that the President of the College may continue to have in this important work the sympathy and active help of every member of the Board. The success of such a policy will depend largely upon the individual attitude of the Trustees towards it. Loyal support of the President of the College, so long as he proceeds along proper lines and in accordance with the By-laws, will bring about results of which every officer and friend of the College may be proud.

I conceive that the Board desires for the College a concentrated presidential government, and have provided for this in the By-laws. I have proceeded upon this theory, realizing that I must assume full responsibility for results as well.

Investigations:

The Legislative Committee, appointed to investigate the condition of the State educational institutions, visited the College in December, 1910, and was shown every reasonable courtesy and attention, and given a full opportunity to see the College in its every detail. The Committee consisted of Messrs. Rogers, McMahon and Vander Horst. Their published report was submitted to the General Assembly last winter, and I need not comment upon it here.

An inspection of the College in behalf of the State Board of Health was made by Dr. Hines of Seneca, and his report has likewise been submitted to the General Assembly. The suggestions contained in this report were wise and helpful, and several of them, notably their recommendations for a new Dairy Barn and Dairy, have been carried out.

The Board of Visitors inspected the College in May, and their report, incorporated herewith, is a most satisfactory, helpful and encouraging deliverance.

The Military Inspection of the College was made by Capt. B. T. Simmons of the General Staff, U. S. A. His report will be referred to later in discussing the Military Department. It is, in the main, quite complimentary.

Acting upon your instructions, I invited the Ways and Means Committee of the House, and the Finance Committee of the Senate to come to the College. Fifteen members of the former and five of the latter came during the spring, and we did everything possible, considering their brief stay, to familiarize them with the College and give them, if no more, a bird's eye view of its accomplishments and a knowledge of its aims. We hope that the information received will be of benefit to the College, and, therefore, to the State.

In addition to these examinations, we had the pleasure of entertaining a Conference of the Rural Ministers of the adjoining counties here on February 13th and 14th, the State Farm Demonstration Agents of the Piedmont Section on February 28th and March 1st, and the State Farmers' Institute on August 31st and September 1st. We appreciate very much the following resolution passed at the meeting of the Farm Demonstration Agents:

"We wish to assure President Riggs and the faculty of the College that we are heartily in sympathy with the work of the institution and we pledge our hearty co-operation with her and her forces in the up-building and development of the Agricultural resources of the State."

We feel that this pledge, coming from a body of workers who have done such loyal and efficient service for South Carolina along Agricultural lines, and who have been trained under such a leader as Dr. Knapp, means much for that development that can only come through the heartiest co-operation and sympathy of the College and all other agencies working for the Agricultural uplift of the State.

Faculty and Officers:

On the whole, the work of the faculty has been loyal, enthusiastic and efficient. A spirit of optimism has prevailed in every Department. Here and there perhaps we have a weak link, which at the proper time must be strengthened or removed. It would be strange if this were not true at Clemson as in every other large organization.

At present, Clemson has in its employ fifty-five teachers, including the President, eight Experiment Station officers, twelve connected with Public State Work, eight miscellaneous, and fourteen salaried employees, making a total of 97 in all.

Clemson has suffered in the past on account of frequent changes, particularly in the faculty of the Agricultural Department, be-

cause, for one thing, our salary scale is below that of other similar institutions. Regarding salaries, the Legislative Committee of 1910 had the following to say:

“Your Committee, however, would suggest that at an early date, the salaries of the Professors should be raised, as they are now on a lower scale than in any other institution, except the salaries for women at Winthrop, which also ought at an early date to be raised.”

Enrollment and Classification:

The total enrollment for the session was 703, distributed by classes as follows:

Seniors	87
Juniors	109
Sophomores	153
Freshmen	243
Short Course, Special and Irregular.....	31
Preparatory	80
<hr/>	
Total	703

Of this number, 688 were from South Carolina, and of this total, 131 were Agricultural scholarship students, and 27 were Textile scholarship students. Of the total enrollment in the College classes, 49.1 per cent. were in the Agricultural Courses. This is probably the largest per cent. of students taking full four-year Agricultural Courses in any Agricultural and Mechanical College in the United States.

The total enrollment of the College since its beginning has been 9,961 students, and the total number of graduates, 766, distributed as follows:

In the Agricultural Courses	295
In the Mechanical-Electrical Engineering Course.....	281
In the Civil Engineering Course	97
In the Chemistry and Geology Course.....	10
In the Course of Textile Industry	83
<hr/>	
Total	766
Total enrollment for 18 sessions.....	9,961

The Cost Per Student:

It might be interesting to include at this point a statement showing the income and expenditures since the establishment of

the College. Derived therefrom is the cost per student to the State of South Carolina.

In 22 years, the College has received by Legislative appropriation from the State, but \$95,000. For sixteen years it has not asked for or received one dollar by appropriation. The farmers of South Carolina have paid to the College in round numbers 2.2 million dollars as privilege tax money. Over one million of this is represented in the College plant; it has cost four hundred and seventy-eight thousand dollars to do the analysis and other public work; and with the remaining eight hundred thousand dollars, supplemented with the federal appropriations, and the interest on the Clemson Bequest, nearly 10,000 students have been enrolled and received instruction. For the first twenty-one years of Clemson's history, it cost *South Carolina* on an average, \$80.56 per student per session.

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND THE COST PER STUDENT FOR THE PERIOD OF NEARLY 22 YEARS.

Nov., 1889, to June 30, 1911.

(Taken from Trustees' Annual Reports to Legislature.)

TOTAL RECEIVED FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. From sale of property in Columbia, etc.....	\$ 25,782.27
2. From direct appropriation by Legislature.....	95,000.00
3. From inspection tax on fertilizers.....	2,193,442.95
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Total received from State.....	\$2,314,225.22

EXPENDED.

1. Value of inventoried visible assets (not including donations from Thos. G. Clemson)	\$1,033,432.30
2. Expended for Public Work and to comply with enactments of General Assembly, as follows:	
(a) Fert. Inspec. and Analysis....	\$251,670.96
(b) Ext. Work and Farmers' Inst's ..	26,288.19
(c) Vet. Inspec. & Tick Eradica't'n ..	41,055.09
(d) Entomological Inspection ...	9,979.84
(e) Coast Experiment Station....	40,180.97
(f) Agr. and Text. Scholars'ps, etc ..	97,131.22

(g) Pop. Bulletins & Fair Exh'bt	8,481.37	
(h) Co-operative Expt'l Work ..	3,582.95	
		<hr/>
		478,370.59
3. Operating expenses of College—18 sessions..		802,422.33
		<hr/>
Total expenditure of State Funds.....	\$ 2,314,225.22	
Total enrollment for 18 sessions.....	9,961	

Cost Per Student Per Session to South Carolina:

(\$802,422.33 divided by 9,961).....\$80.56

INCOME FROM ALL SOURCES AVAILABLE FOR OPERATING COLLEGE.

1. Amount of Fertilizer Tax (see 3 above).....	\$ 802,422.33
2. Federal funds (Morrill, Nelson and Landscript) ..	403,254.00
3. Interest on Clemson Bequest.....	74,949.64
4. Tuition	36,476.41
	<hr/>
Total	\$1,317,102.38

Cost Per Student Per Session to All Sources.....\$132.32

During the past session, 1910-1911, the operating expenses of the College were \$154,548.10. Of this amount, \$46,304.97 came from the Federal Government, the Clemson Bequest, etc. This would give the *operating expense* of the College as paid from the Fertilizer Tax, \$108,243.13. Using this as a basis, and dividing by the number of students enrolled, (703), we have the cost to South Carolina per student at Clemson during the past session, in round numbers, \$154.00. This is a very low figure for a College giving the kind of education which is furnished at Clemson, and including the operation of costly laboratories and the opportunity to follow one of many, rather than one of few, courses. I doubt if the above figures can be equalled at any technological college which offers equal opportunities for selection of work, and in which the laboratory materials are furnished by the State instead of being paid for by the students, as is customary at many Colleges.

The parent is concerned not so much with what he pays to Clemson's support in the way of fertilizer tax, as in the actual cost to him of keeping his boy at Clemson for a session. At many institutions where the cost to the State is little more than it is at Clemson, the cost to the parent is from three to five times as great. At Clemson, a student is boarded for \$6.50 per month. His laundry, light, heat, water, etc., cost him \$2.00 per month

additional, making a total for living expenses of \$8.50 per month. The medical fee is \$5.00, and the incidental and other fees \$8.00 for the session. His uniforms—three coats, two pairs of trousers and a cap—cost less than \$30.00. His books and other necessary equipment cost approximately \$25.00. The total is less than \$150.00 for the entire session.

Legislation:

During the last session of the General Assembly, the following bills bearing upon the interests of the College were passed:

(a) An Act to require the analyzation of fertilizers without requiring the purchaser to give the name of the manufacturer, or the per cent. of ingredients contained. (This Act is in no sense embarrassing to us, because it merely legalizes what was for many years the practice of the Fertilizer Department.)

(b) An Act to authorize and empower the Board of Trustees to establish two or more Experiment Stations.

(c) An Act to make the scholarship requirements uniform in all State institutions. (This Act puts the power of recommending appointees in the hands of the faculty instead of in the hands of the County Board of Education, and is in every way a desirable improvement.)

(d) An Act to give scholarships to Jerry Moore and Archie Odom.

Finances:

The Treasurer's report, which is appended, gives detailed information in regard to the finances of the College.

The following is a condensed statement of receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year, June 30, 1910, to July 1st, 1911:

RECEIPTS.

From tag tax on fertilizers (refunds deducted)	\$264,374.08
Interest on Clemson Bequest	3,512.36
Tuition from cadets	3,200.00
Landscript Fund (U. S.)	5,754.00
Morrill and Nelson Funds (U. S.)	22,500.00
Sales, interests, rents, etc.	11,338.61
Total Income	\$310,679.05

EXPENDITURES.

For Public Work (partly required by State Laws) ..	\$ 81,598.09
For operating College (salaries, materials, etc.)	149,759.77

For additional shop and laboratory equipment.....	16,293.10
Buildings and permanent improvements.....	42,791.36
Real estate.....	16,825.50
Deficit on Cadet Subsistence fund (for session '09-'10)	4,788.33

Total Expenditures	\$312,056.15
Balance brought from '09-'10.....	\$53,974.20
Balance—overdraft—1910-'11	1,377.10

Reserve carried forward July 1, 1911.....\$ 52,597.10

The above reserve is necessary to help carry the College from July 1st until the receipts from the sale of fertilizer tag tax begin to come in.

THE STUDENT INTERESTS.

The Commissary Department:

The Commissary Department, which has to do with the feeding, clothing, and care of the students, represents a business of over \$83,000. For the expenditure of this Department, the President and Secretary-Treasurer are responsible. The contract for uniforms is let by the Finance Committee, upon sealed bids submitted at a specified time.

The present method of purchasing commissary supplies is as follows:

A list of the material needed, representing about three months' supply, is sent out to firms that care to compete, with the request for written bids. These bids are opened upon a certain date, the samples inspected, and the business given to the most favorable bidders. The Steward of the mess-hall participates in the buying only as a judge of quality. The entire transaction in connection with these purchases is in writing. All firms are warned against sending a personal representative to solicit any of this business, and the bid of any firm violating this condition is thrown out of the competition.

Daily reports are required, showing both the quantity and quality of meals served in the mess-hall, and careful monthly statements and inventories are compiled.

For the four years prior to the session covered by this report, there has been an annual deficit of approximately \$5,000, which had to be paid out of the college funds. Under our new system,

whereby a close check is kept upon all use of materials and all expenditures, the session just closed showed a credit balance of receipts over expenditures of \$5,313.06. This balance will be kept to the credit of the cadets and used in their behalf. The experience gained this session will enable us to come out more nearly even next session. We have no desire to show a balance.

The Commissary Department is operated on a strictly business basis, paying for everything received from the farm, dairy and gardens, at regular market prices, and paying the salaries of all its officers.

The Legislative Committee of 1910 predicted that at the low charge for board, it would be impossible to come out even, if all legitimate charges were included. However, the results disprove the prophecy of the Committee, and certainly all legitimate expenses, salaries, etc., were included. In their report, the Committee state that the charge for board is \$6.00. This is incorrect—the charge is and has been for many years \$6.50.

The general testimony of the cadets is that the fare during the past session was better in variety and amount than heretofore. Regarding this feature of our work, the Board of Visitors made the following comment:

“We are pleased to report that the Boarding Department is now self-sustaining. We congratulate the management of that department upon the fact of it now being self-supporting. The Board of Visitors had the pleasure of dining with the cadets during our stay, and found that the fare was abundant, well cooked and well served. It is wonderful, the cheapness with which this department is conducted, and shows what can be done by intelligent and systematic management. Students can live here as cheaply as at home, and get an abundance of substantial and well-cooked food. We found that the health of the students was excellent, and showed that they were not suffering from the lack of abundance of good food.”

Important improvements have been made in the dining hall during the summer, and the laundry has been equipped with additional machinery. A better location and larger building for the laundry is needed in the near future.

The heating, lighting, water and power are furnished from the Central Power Station, half the cost of operating being charged against the Cadet Commissary Department.

Class Co-operative Committees:

The Class Co-operative Committees, inaugurated last session, continue to be of great assistance to the President, and a safeguard against internal troubles. I have continued my occasional chapel talks to the boys, and have found prompt and sympathetic response to every appeal to their college loyalty, good sense and good breeding. I have sought to draw a sharp distinction between boyish pranks and crimes, and have sought by personal work to prevent, so as not to have to punish.

I have sought, too, to reach the parents and elicit their help and sympathy in the boys' behalf, and especially to reduce that great number who grow discouraged and fall by the educational wayside. While work of this nature increases greatly the correspondence of the President's office, it is work that ought to be done, and I am striving to do it.

Health of Students:

I regret to have to report to you that on February 12th, Cadet W. R. Chavis of Marlboro County died of pneumonia, following a severe attack of grippe and measles. This is the first death that we have had in the corps of cadets in the past five years.

In spite of our poor hospital facilities, Dr. Redfern, our competent Surgeon, maintains his fine record for efficient service. At the opening of the session, every cadet who needed it was vaccinated, and as a result, we have had little fever and no panic, in spite of repeated rumors of smallpox in the vicinity. The health of the student body has been good, except for colds and coughs which have been quite prevalent since Christmas. Our annual visitation of measles and mumps has been less severe than usual. In his report, Dr. Redfern calls attention to the urgent need of better hospital facilities, and this need is emphasized in the report of the State Board of Health. This is a matter to which we should give attention as soon as possible.

Expenses:

Every effort has been made to remove from the students temptations to spend money. Civilian clothes are absolutely barred at all dances, society celebrations, etc. Permits to leave college are held down to the fewest possible number, only a good

reason, such as a written dental or medical appointment, being accepted in most cases. I have refused to be guided by requests from parents unless the reasons given appeal to my judgment as sufficient to justify the loss of time from college duties. In almost all cases, I have found parents grateful for protection along this line.

The Religious Life:

The religious life of the students continues to be a cause for congratulation. The Y. M. C. A. has enrolled over 300 members, and an equal number belong to the Bible Study Classes. We are now opening chapel service with song, and have introduced the custom of offering thanks in the mess-hall.

The annual appropriation of \$3,000 made by the Board for carrying on the religious work of the college is expended as follows:

Five hundred dollars is paid on to the salary of the four resident ministers, representing the Baptist, Episcopal, Methodist and Presbyterian denominations; \$500 is used to bring to Clemson ministers of other Protestant denominations not represented by the resident ministers, and \$500 is paid to the salary of the resident Y. M. C. A. Secretary, who lives in barracks and works with the students.

The student honor system, which is intended to prevent unfair methods on examinations, is still working well, and will, I trust, soon be extended to every moral question.

It is my purpose to inaugurate next year the student advisor system that is in use at some of the larger universities and colleges of the country. The essentials of this system are that every new student is assigned to some member of the faculty, who acts as his personal advisor in all matters pertaining to his college and personal welfare. The faculty member selected should preferably be one of his teachers. Such a system has great possibilities for good, because the average boy comes to college without a definite idea of what he expects to do, and needs advice in his choice of course. He needs also personal encouragement and sympathy—particularly at the beginning of his college life.

Recreation:

I feel keenly the lack of proper facilities for student recreation and rest. We have plenty of work, but opportunities for

reasonable recreation and amusement are very limited. It needs to be fully understood and appreciated that play is just as necessary to a successful college course as is work. With pleasant surroundings, with something to make him happy, a boy does better work in his classes, and disciplinary troubles disappear. No one not continually in touch with college boy life can appreciate at its true worth the great good derived from baseball and football. These sports are conducted, not as many think for the benefit of the few who participate, but for the recreation of the hundreds who every afternoon go out into the fresh air, and yell and laugh and dismiss work from their minds. The intercollegiate contest is merely a necessary incident in the conduct of college sport. It is the entertainment furnished every afternoon for 120 days during the fall and spring months that justifies the existence of athletics in every properly organized college. Many a boy, through his interest in these sports, continues in college and goes on to graduation, who would otherwise, out of very homesickness and restlessness, get into disciplinary trouble, or give up his education and go home. I want the Board to realize the importance of this field which has been neglected, and help to give our boys more opportunities for pleasure.

Within a few years, we should have a splendid gymnasium with swimming pool, bowling alleys, provisions for dancing, roller skating, and every other possible device to attract a boy to play when his work for the day is over. Play should not encroach upon study, nor should study encroach upon play. In the successful and well-rounded college, each must have a legitimate and important—though not equally important—place.

THE DEPARTMENTS.

Academic Department:

This department embraces the subjects of Mathematics, English, History and Physics, which subjects are required of all students in college, regardless of their course. The subject of bookkeeping is taught in the Division of Mathematics.

The work of this department should become more and more important, as the idea gains ground that even in technical education, general culture and literary ability are important if not indispensable assets. Ability to write and speak the Eng-

lish language correctly cannot be discounted in any college course worthy of the name. To this work, more time and importance must be eventually attached.

No changes have taken place in the faculty of the department during the year covered by this report.

The Chemical Department:

The work of the fertilizer analysis performed by this department will be considered later under the head of State Work. The work of instruction has been up to the usual high standard of excellence.

The resignation of Col. M. B. Hardin, who for nearly twenty years has served the college and the people of South Carolina with fidelity and zeal, became effective September 1st, and Dr. R. N. Brackett was made Acting Director. At the close of a successful session he was elected Director. Dr. Brackett has been connected with the department as second in rank ever since its organization in 1891. His long service, his scholarly and technical preparation, his ability and experience as a teacher, and his intimate knowledge of the fertilizer work, and his familiarity with the methods and ideals of his distinguished predecessor give him at the very outset assurance of success.

Prof. D. H. Henry, who for some years past has filled the position of third in rank in the department, was promoted to the position of Associate Professor of Chemistry.

The following changes in the faculty and officers of the department took place:

Mr. G. F. Lipscomb of Alabama was elected Assistant Professor of Chemistry, to succeed Mr. R. A. Hall, resigned.

Dr. D. J. McAdam, Jr., of Pennsylvania was elected Assistant Professor of Chemistry, to succeed Prof. Henry, promoted.

Mr. H. J. Smith of Mississippi was elected Assistant Professor of Chemistry, to succeed Dr. McAdam, resigned September 15th.

Mr. C. W. Rice of South Carolina, a Clemson graduate of the class of 1908, was elected Assistant Chemist in the State Work, to succeed Mr. L. O. Watson, resigned.

Mr. J. E. Toomer of North Carolina was appointed Assistant Chemist to fill the place of Mr. J. H. Mitchell, who was away on a year's leave of absence.

The Engineering Department:

The work of the Engineering Department has been efficient and up-to-date. The department faculty of fifteen members is a splendid body of men devoted to the interests they represent, and efficient in the performance of duty. During the session, Prof. S. B. Earle, Professor of Mechanical Engineering, was made Acting Director to take the place of Former Director W. M. Riggs, who was serving as Acting President, and after March, as President. Prof. Earle filled the position in a very satisfactory manner, and at the close of the session was elected Director.

The following are the only changes in the faculty of this department:

Mr. J. F. Allison of Maryland was elected as Instructor in Forge and Foundry Work, to succeed Mr. Z. R. Lewis, resigned.

Mr. G. H. Folk of South Carolina, a Clemson graduate of the class of 1907, was elected as Instructor in Wood Work, to succeed Mr. J. C. Littlejohn, who for a while assisted in the Electrical and Mechanical Engineering Division, and afterwards accepted the position of Assistant to the President.

To the Engineering Department is entrusted the heat, light and water interests of the college. Prof. Lee, head of the division of Drawing and Designing, is architect for the college, and has supervision of the erection of all important buildings.

Prof. Lee is the author of a bulletin on school buildings, which, through the agency of the State Department of Education, has been made of great service to the people of the State.

The Military Department:

The Military Department under our commandant, Capt. M. B. Stokes, is efficient in producing those results for which the military system exists at Clemson—namely, to require in barracks order and quiet during study hours, to train young men in elementary military duties, and above all, to inculcate qualities of manliness, honor, courage, courtesy and obedience.

Of the total enrollment of 703, 679 performed active military duty. The cadets were organized into two battalions of six companies each. This increase in the number of companies from eight to twelve has been a distinct improvement, particularly in effect on the discipline in barracks.

The encampment of the cadets at the State Fair in Columbia was in every way creditable to the college, and was enjoyed and appreciated by the cadets.

On April 12th, Capt. B. T. Simmons of the General Staff, made an inspection of the corps, and I quote the following complimentary sentences from his report:

"The rifles were in excellent condition." "The clothing was neat and well fitting." "Setting up exercises, manual of arms and company drills in extended order, fair. Battalion and company drills in close and extended order and guard mounting good." "The quarters, mess-hall and store rooms were in good condition." "The office of the Military Instructor is well equipped, and all records are complete and well arranged."

As stated in a previous report, I have long felt that we rely too much upon the Military Department to accomplish everything in the way of discipline—that we have neglected to appeal to the sentiment and reason of our boys, and to enlist their help in our efforts to train them. I have made the experiment of discussing with the student body any matter that needs correction. I have always found an instant and sympathetic response, and full recognition by the students of their responsibility for the tone and standing of the college.

I have organized in each class a committee of five elected by the class, and to be known as Co-operative Student Committees, and through whom the President can work to correct those conditions which the military arm alone cannot reach.

For the current session, the Military Department has been greatly strengthened by the addition of an assistant to the Commandant. The increase in number of dormitory rooms and students made this addition necessary, and the college was fortunate in obtaining Capt. S. L. Duckett, a Citadel graduate, who fills the position in a very acceptable manner.

Mr. J. M. Gasque, Secretary to the Commandant, resigned in April, and was succeeded by Mr. J. H. Hilton.

In closing these comments on the Military Department, I repeat the compliment of Capt. Stokes which I have paid him in every report to you. He is enthusiastic and conscientious, kindly in his attitude towards the cadets, a satisfactory officer, and one with whom it is a pleasure to be associated. I regret that his detail at the college lasts but one year longer.

The Textile Department:

The Textile Department during several years past shows a steady increase in attendance. Twenty-seven students were enrolled during the past session.

In September, Mr. D. E. Earle, Assistant Professor of Carding and Spinning, resigned to accept a position with the Government, and his position was filled by the election of Mr. Fred Taylor of England.

Considerable addition has been made to all the Divisions of the Department by generous donations from the manufacturers of cotton mill machinery. These donations aggregate about \$9,000, and include four looms from the Draper Co., a drawing frame, card, doubler and lap winder from the Saco-Pettee Co., a sliver-lapper, ribbon-lapper, and comber from the Whiting Machine Works; a copper dye kettle from the Butterworth Co., and in addition, small miscellaneous attachments. These gifts are not duplications or replacements of present equipment, but represent the most recent improvements in cotton mill machinery. The greatest present need of the department is a slasher, which will probably have to be bought in the near future at a cost of about \$1,000.

The department is getting into splendid shape to do effective work, and I look confidently to see it realize a success which, at first, manufacturing conditions in the South did not warrant. The Director and his two assistants have, at considerable personal sacrifice, assisted with the evening school of the Y. M. C. A., organized in connection with the Monaghan Mills of Greenville.

The Agricultural Department:

The Agricultural Department has continued to receive the special attention of the Board, and liberal appropriations for extending and improving its work. The great need of the department for more class room space has been relieved by the new dairy building and the removal of the Veterinary Division from the Agricultural Hall to the Veterinary Hospital.

Changes in the curricula of the Agricultural Courses have resulted in improvement, and the instructional work has been more satisfactory. The equipping of the department has proceeded along practical and economical lines, and a more harmonious spirit than heretofore has been apparent.

During the year, the Animal Industry interests of the college and Experiment Station were combined, as were also the Entomological interests, Prof. Archibald Smith being placed at the head of the Animal Husbandry combination, and Prof. Conradi at the head of the combined Entomological forces. The wisdom of these combinations has been made manifest in the good work accomplished during the past half session.

Quite a number of changes in the faculty of the department occurred during the session. I believe that in almost every case a strengthening of the teaching force resulted.

Mr. H. C. Thompson of Maryland was elected as Associate Professor of Horticulture, to succeed Prof. Mooring, who was not re-elected at the end of his first year of service.

Prof. J. G. Hall of Missouri was elected Associate Professor of Botany, to succeed Prof. Knight, who likewise was not re-elected.

Mr. A. B. Massey of Virginia was elected Instructor in Bacteriology, to fill a new position created at the July meeting of the Board previous.

Dr. G. C. Crampton of Alabama was elected as Assistant in Entomology, to succeed Mr. W. A. Thomas, transferred to the Experiment Station.

Mr. Archibald Smith of Canada was elected first as an Assistant in Animal Industry in the Extension Division, to succeed Mr. Jackson, resigned, and was afterwards made Associate Professor of Animal Husbandry and Dairying, and put at the head of the combined Animal Industry forces.

For the next session, the Board has added to the faculty of the department the following officers:

An Assistant in Entomology, and an Assistant in Horticulture, whose special work will be along Extension lines; a Second Assistant to the State Veterinarian, and an Assistant in Agronomy and Farm Machinery.

The position left vacant by the resignation of Prof. Nourse of the Animal Husbandry Division has not yet been filled.

Under the guidance of the new Director of the Department, Prof. W. R. Perkins, the department made substantial and satisfactory progress, and it is deeply to be regretted that the announcement of his resignation, to take effect in the near future, has been received. Prof. Perkins leaves to enter the service of one of the large syndicates planting cotton on an

extensive scale in Mississippi, at a salary entirely beyond our reach. This is a species of competition which will, I fear, in the near future, become a serious matter to the agricultural colleges of the country.

At this point I should note also the resignation of Prof. Barrow, who for the past two years has been Superintendent of our Division of Extension Work and Farmers' Institutes. Under his supervision, much good work has been accomplished, and his many friends in the State, as well as at the college, will regret his leaving. Family reasons necessitated Prof. Barrow's making his home in Texas.

The resignation of Prof. Perkins and other officers of the department emphasizes the need of increasing the salaries of our department and division chiefs to a point where we can compete with other colleges and commercial enterprises. The department will never make the progress that we desire, and which the people of the State will demand, until we have a greater fixity of tenure. I have already referred to the opinion of the Legislative Committee on this subject.

While not agreeing entirely with the correctness of their opinion as applied to our faculty, as a whole it certainly does apply with considerable force to the principal teachers and officers in our Agricultural Department.

The Farm:

The conditions upon the farm have been greatly improved during the past year. New fences have been built, new territory brought under cultivation, and a general improvement made in the appearance of the barns and out-buildings. Despite the extremes of the season, a splendid crop of corn was harvested on the two large hundred-acre bottoms.

At the end of the year, Mr. J. P. Lewis, who for many years has been foreman of the farm, resigned that position, and is now in charge of the convicts and work on the roads and campus. Mr. L. B. Brandon, a Clemson graduate of several years back, and a thoroughly practical farmer, has been made foreman of the farm. The improvements begun during the last year of Mr. Lewis' administration will be continued, and extended until the Clemson farm will represent the very best practice and the very best appearance of any farm in South Carolina. Nothing short

of that is the ambition of the Trustees and the college administration.

The Accounting Department:

Under the supervision of Dr. P. H. E. Sloan, Secretary-Treasurer, our financial administration has commanded the respect and confidence of the citizenship of the State. Connected with the college from its beginning, his reputation for honor and honesty has been to the college an asset of incalculable value. In his twenty-two years of service no auditing committee or other supervisory power has found anything to criticise. In April, Mr. W. C. Tucker, who for several years past had been our very efficient bookkeeper, resigned to accept the presidency of the Carolina Audit and System Company. Mr. Tucker has given the college splendid service, and to his originality are due many novel features of our present excellent system of bookkeeping.

Upon Mr. Tucker's retirement, Mr. S. W. Evans, Assistant Bookkeeper, was, upon my recommendation, promoted to the position of Bookkeeper, and Mr. F. L. Carroll took the position of assistant. Our method of bookkeeping provides for keeping an account, not only against each division of the college, but against each separate item of appropriation in the division. This greatly multiplies the work, but puts a careful check upon all expenditures. No monies can be expended except upon a specific item of appropriation made by your Board. I attach to this report the annual financial statement of the Secretary-Treasurer, and also a report of the audit of the books of the Treasurer made by Col. D. H. Wise of Aiken, and Mr. J. B. Haltiwanger of Greenwood.

The Preparatory Class:

The Preparatory Class is open only to those country boys who are unable to get preparation at home for entrance to the Freshman Class. Admission to this class is denied boys who come from towns or from those country communities where reasonable school facilities are available.

The teaching in this class devolves upon a head-master and an assistant, who have no work in the college classes.

On September 1st, Assistant D. T. Kinard resigned, and his place was filled by the election of Mr. B. J. Wells, a school

teacher of long experience and excellent qualifications for the work.

The Library:

We have made a good start toward developing a first-class Library, especially along technological and scientific lines. Already we have 16,488 bound volumes, and over 9,000 pamphlets. The Library force consists of a Librarian and an Assistant, and every effort is made to encourage students to learn to use the Library for technical as well as literary work.

During the past summer the space devoted to the Library has been more than doubled.

Public Utilities:

Under this heading are included the work of construction and repairs, the heat, light and water and sewerage system, the college printery, and campus and roads. These represent as it were the municipal features of the college.

The Construction and Repair Division supervises the erection of buildings, and makes all repairs and additions.

The Heat, Light and Water Division maintains the lighting and power circuits, furnish the necessary steam heat for barracks and the college buildings in which classes are held, pumps and distributes the water supply, amounting to nearly 100,000 gallons daily, and supervises the proper workings of the sewerage system, with its accompanying sanitary installations. Water and light are furnished to the members of the faculty and officers of the college, and charged for on a regular meter system.

The College Printery is well equipped with a linotype, printing press and other equipment. It publishes the college catalogue, the Treasurer's annual reports, the Fertilizer Bulletins, Popular Bulletins, etc.

The work on the campus and roads has really just begun in earnest. In regard to this feature, the Board of Visitors have the following to say in their report:

"We were also pleased to note that the grounds have been improved since our last visit, by the putting down of a number of cement walks over the grounds. We think that the money to do this has been well spent, as we regard the grounds as a very valuable asset to the college. We think further improvements

along this line would be of material benefit to the institution."

Acting upon this suggestion, we have perfected an organization for carrying on this work on a more extensive scale than heretofore. The introduction of the Work-Boy course, thereby furnishing labor for the farm, has freed about fifteen convicts for the work, and a well thought out plan of improvement is under way. Mr. J. P. Lewis, heretofore foreman of the farm, has been put in charge of this work, and in the course of the next few years we hope to make the naturally beautiful campus at Clemson a model for the improvement of public grounds. Hitherto, the work on the campus has been done at odd times when labor and mule power could be spared from the farm, and this accounts in part for the slight progress that has been made.

PART II. CLEMSON'S PUBLIC SERVICE.

General Statement:

The duty of the college is but half performed if its work stops with the education of its students. It has the additional duty of carrying the college to the people. Without study, few realize the magnitude of Clemson's public service, or how large a part of the fertilizer tax is thus consumed. These activities include the following lines:

Agricultural and Textile Scholarships.. . . .	\$16,299.68
Fertilizer Inspection and Analysis.. . . .	30,384.17
Extension Work and Farmers' Institutes.. . . .	11,124.70
Cattle Tick Eradication.. . . .	8,808.41
Veterinary Inspection.. . . .	2,676.64
Branch Experiment Stations.. . . .	5,712.47
Co-operative Experimental Work.. . . .	3,582.95
Entomological and Nursery Inspection.. . . .	1,458.43
State Fair Exhibit.. . . .	731.54
Manufacture of State Flags.. . . .	374.10
Miscellaneous.. . . .	445.00
Total.. . . .	<hr/> \$81,598.09

The Board of Visitors say in their report of May 4, 1911:

"We are pleased to note that the Board has seen fit to adopt several of the recommendations made by us at our last meeting, and that the activities of the college are constantly enlarging by

getting in closer touch with the agricultural life of the State. While the total income of the college, owing to the heavy sales of the fertilizers, has increased considerably over last year, almost the whole of the increase has gone directly back to the farmers in the shape of larger appropriations for public work—that is, work by the college directly affecting the agricultural welfare of the State.”

Agricultural and Textile Scholarships:

The total number of scholarship students was 158, divided as follows:

In the Agricultural Courses.....	131
In the Textile Courses.....	27
	—
Total	158

The law has been construed to prevent scholarship students taking any but the Agricultural and Textile Courses, and this is wise, in view of the fact that no financial stimulus seems necessary to fill the Engineering Department with students of the very strongest type. The uniform scholarship law enacted at the last session of the General Assembly puts into the hands of the faculty the power of making the recommendations as to the award of the scholarships to the State Board of Education. Heretofore, this power resided in the hands of the County Board of Education. Believing that as a pedagogical proposition, the boy who comes from the farm is better qualified to pursue successfully an Agricultural Course, the faculty expect, other things being at all equal, to give the preference to the country boy. To offset in part the advantage which superior school facilities give to the town boy, an examination on practical agricultural affairs will be included along with the other school branches. Also, questions to determine the number of years the applicant has lived on a farm will be included.

As a result of these methods, it was found, when the names of the winners were announced by the State Superintendent of Education, that out of 57 four-year Agricultural scholarships awarded, 42 had gone to boys from rural homes.

The new law is unquestionably a great improvement over the old one. The expenditure on scholarships was \$16,299.68, no

part of which is paid by State appropriations. The entire amount comes out of the current funds of the college.

I believe it is unnecessary, and perhaps would be unwise, to increase at the present time the number of four-year scholarships at Clemson. The college is full—*half* the students are *now* taking the Agricultural courses, and unless the total capacity of the college were increased by additional dormitory capacity, etc., an increase in the number of scholarships, *unless open to all courses*, Engineering as well as Agricultural, would congest the Agricultural Department, making the work less efficient, and tend to reduce the number of students in other departments that are now well equipped and doing good work. If scholarships are added, they should be for one session, rather than for four years, and confined to Agricultural study.

Fertilizer Inspection and Analysis:

For the purpose of inspection, the State is divided into twelve districts, each district presided over by an inspector with instructions to visit frequently railroad stations, cross-roads and other points of distribution. They are instructed to be vigilant to see that all fertilizers are branded as the law requires, and to exercise the greatest care in drawing samples. A Chief Inspector, Mr. W. B. West, supervises the work of the district inspectors. The sale of fertilizers was the largest in the history of the department, the total receipts (representing 1,048,806 tons of fertilizer and cotton seed meal) was approximately \$265,000. In all, 1,157 different brands of fertilizers were sold in the State, 2,087 official samples were collected, and 119 farmers' samples.

The fertilizer samples are analyzed by the Chemical Department. During the year ending July 1st, 1,605 samples were analyzed as compared with 1,188 of the previous year; 205 samples fell below the commercial value as shown by the guarantee; 102 of them being below the 3 per cent. limit prescribed by law. Two hundred and thirty-five (235) of the samples were below the guarantee in one or more constituents, but this deficiency was made up in full by an excess of other valuable ingredients. Of the 1,406 samples of mixed fertilizers, phosphoric acid and cotton seed meal, 1,224 were of the grade claimed for them by their makers, 154 were of higher grade than claimed, and only 28 of a lower grade than claimed. This

is an even better showing than for the year before, and shows that the rigidity of the inspection and analysis is bringing results by giving to our farmers protection in their purchases of fertilizers, and to honest manufacturers an incentive to keep their standards up to a high degree of excellence.

The analytical work of the Chemical Department has been characterized by the usual care and accuracy for which it has become proverbial. Mr. H. M. Stackhouse, the Secretary of the Board of Control, is vigilant and efficient in having sampled all goods offered for sale in the State.

A complete report of the Secretary and of the Chief Chemist is attached to, and made a part of, this report.

The cost of the work of Inspection and Analysis for the year was \$30,384.17.

Work of the Extension Division:

The increase in the work of this division is probably the most notable feature of the year's work.

- Through the weekly press bulletins sent to every newspaper in South Carolina, brief and timely knowledge in simple form has been disseminated. The correspondence courses have met with reasonable success, and have been of special value to the school teachers, anxious to equip themselves to introduce the study of Elementary Agriculture into their schools.

The Live Stock Demonstration Train covered practically the entire State. It travelled 1,000 miles, made 22 stops, and reached approximately 22,000 people. The train was composed of seven cars, carried five lecturers, and nearly \$2,000 worth of live stock, and in addition to that subject, gave instruction in corn judging, soil fertility and domestic science. Two coaches were devoted to the Domestic Science work, conducted by Winthrop College under the immediate supervision of Miss Hyde.

The thanks of the college are due the Southern, the Seaboard Air Line and the Atlantic Coast Line Railroads, who furnished the rolling stock and operated the train over their lines free of cost to the colleges.

Seventy-six Farmers' Institutes were held during the winter and summer months. The attendance at these institutes, holding morning and evening sessions, was approximately 27,000. Ten "movable school" sessions had a total attendance of 2,000, and

nine institutes held in connection with picnics, reached 2,500 more. Fourteen lecturers were used in this work, the other divisions of the Agricultural Department and the Experiment Station contributing liberally of their forces to this work. The Round-up Institute at the college in August held nine sessions, the average daily attendance being about 200. In addition to the regular institute work, our lecturers have assisted at three five-day teachers' institutes, and acted as judges at numerous County Fairs, as well as at the State Fair in Columbia.

Just before his death, Dr. Knapp proposed a co-operative arrangement for carrying on the Boys' Corn Club work. This arrangement has been perfected, and our Mr. C. B. Haddon placed in charge of the work, with his headquarters at the college.

Substantial increases in appropriation have been made to this division for the next session. The force has been added to, and it is the hope of the Trustees to make the benefits of Clemson College reach every farm home in South Carolina.

State Veterinary Inspection and Cattle Tick Eradication:

Dr. M. R. Powers, head of the Veterinary Division of the Agricultural Department, is also State Veterinarian, charged with the enforcement of the State Veterinary and Quarantine Laws. With his assistant, Dr. Feeley, Dr. Powers has done valuable work in controlling contagious outbreaks, as well as in protecting our people in the purchase of live stock.

A recent Act of the General Assembly requires all shipments of cattle coming into South Carolina for work, dairy, feeding or breeding purposes, to be free from disease, and accompanied by a health certificate issued by some authorized State or Federal Veterinarian. It is fortunate that South Carolina, too, has adopted measures for the protection of her live stock, as it will necessarily follow that States without protection will become the dumping ground for diseased live stock that cannot be sold in other States.

The extent of animal importation in the State is shown by the following figures taken from the State Veterinarian's report:

For comparison, the figures for the previous year are given, and serve to emphasize the awakening interest of our people along live stock lines.

	1909-10	1910-11
Horses and mules..	23,990	27,811
Cattle for dairy and breeding purposes, (tested)..	126	119
Cattle for feeding..	2,113	6,786
Hogs for breeding..	249	2,469
Sheep and goats..		94

The report of the State Veterinarian gives full information as to contagious outbreaks reported and investigated. The following items are of general interest:

The test for tuberculosis was applied to 367 dairy cows in the State, and only sixteen of this number were found affected with the disease.

The method of protecting hogs against cholera by the injection of serum, this work being carried on in conjunction with the United States Bureau of Agriculture, is declared by the State Veterinarian as satisfactory. Provision has been made to continue and enlarge this important protective work.

The State Veterinarian answers hundreds of letters, giving advice as to treatment of non-contagious diseases. This correspondence, together with the filling in of health certificates, the recording of quarantined premises, and the correspondence connected with the work of cattle tick eradication, makes the duties of the State Veterinarian heavy and exacting. It gives me pleasure to testify to the admirable manner in which this work is performed.

Cattle Tick Eradication:

Encouraging though slow progress, due to the lack of active co-operation by cattle owners, and inadequate laws, has characterized this important work which is being carried on in conjunction with the United States Bureau of Animal Industry. The work has been in progress since July 1, 1907, and four Counties, Oconee, Pickens, Greenville and Anderson, have been released from federal quarantine. It is expected that by Dec. 1, 1911, Spartanburg, Laurens, Union, Cherokee, Greenwood, and a portion of Abbeville and York Counties, will be added to tick-free territory.

"The release of this territory will place nearly 7,000 square miles of South Carolina above the federal quarantine line, and

open up the best cattle markets in the world to twelve Counties in the State."

\$8,804.41, considerably more than required by law, has been expended by your Board in the full realization that the cattle tick curse stands in the way of substantial growth of an important industry in South Carolina. In this work have been engaged not only a State Veterinarian, Dr. Powers, and his assistant, but four men paid by the federal government, and ten inspectors paid by the college out of its current funds.

State Entomological Work:

The importance of insect control is becoming every year more fully realized. During the past session, Prof. A. F. Conradi, Station Entomologist, was made State Entomologist, and with the assistance of Messrs. W. A. Thomas, W. P. Gee, and J. A. Dew, has carried on in a most efficient manner the work required by law, and in addition, important original investigations.

A full account of the work is given in the report of the State Entomologist, under the following heads:

Inspection and Certification of S. C. Nurseries.

Nursery Quarantine Work.

Boll Weevil Quarantine.

General Insect Control.

The Problem Before Us.

I recommend this interesting report to your consideration. The cost of the above work for the past year was \$1,458.43.

Branch Experiment Stations:

The Coast Station, "Drainland," near Summerville, consisting of about 300 acres, donated by the Southern Railroad, has been an object lesson of what can be accomplished by draining in the coastal region of our State. One hundred acres have been drained and cleared, and last year produced as fine crops as were to be found in South Carolina. The foreman of the Station, Mr. Garrison, under the direction of the Experiment Station experts, has done a splendid piece of work, and there can be no doubt but that the result of our experiments at Drainland will in the near future lead to the drainage of large areas of our coastal plain. Capital will be available for this work, since a practical demonstration is at hand to show the profitable results of such an investment. In this way, our Coast Station

will, through its influence, eventually add millions to the wealth of South Carolina by increasing immensely its productive area.

Having shown that drainage and proper fertilization will result in splendid crops, it is now our purpose, as soon as practicable, to withdraw the convicts from this Station, and without discontinuing our experiments on a few acres, demonstrate that the farm is not only successful but profitable.

Referring to the experiments that are being conducted at the Station, I might say that in addition to ordinary field crop experiments, our Horticulturist and Animal Husbandryman are beginning there a series of important side lines. It is our purpose, in co-operation with the federal government, to devote a tract of land, which is grown up in native pines, to forestry experiments.

I feel that the work at Drainland is one of the very best illustrations of how the college can be made to serve the people of the State.

The plans for the establishment of a similar branch Experiment Station in the Pee Dee Section are now being worked out, and after this station has been completed, it is hoped to establish one in the Sand Hill Section, provided the income of the college permits of so doing. Branch Stations are necessarily expensive adjuncts, because development and experimental work always come high.

Co-operative Experimental Work:

A new line of public service has been inaugurated by the Experiment Station in the Co-operative Experimental Work with farmers. By this means, experiments which are conducted at the parent Experiment Station here are repeated on nearly 150 farms scattered throughout the State. In this way, instead of a single answer every season, the Experiment Station is able to obtain numerous answers to the same question which must be asked of nature. Not only is the work of the Experiment Station forwarded, but the farmer learns by experiments of his own soil what is most needful and suitable.

If in time we come to the desired condition of having an Agricultural advisor in every County, connecting the college to the farmers, this and similar lines of work can be made of untold value to our people.

State Fair Exhibit:

The college made at the State Fair a full exhibit, illustrating both its work of instruction and its public service. But its best exhibit was its corps of cadets, who added no little to the success of the occasion, and who by their excellent conduct and splendid bearing, made many admirers and friends for the college. We regard the exhibit and encampment at the State Fair as a patriotic service which the college should render to aid so deserving an enterprise as the State Fair. While the cost to the college of making the exhibit is considerable, we feel that it was money well spent.

Manufacture of State Flags:

Two years ago, the General Assembly passed a law requiring the various schools and public buildings to float the State Flag, and required the Textile Department of this college to manufacture them. A suitable equipment has been installed to comply with the law, and a suitable design produced which has the approval of the Secretary of the State Historical Commission. The flags are being manufactured and sold at cost.

Mill Village Extension Work:

During the session assistance has been given by the Textile faculty to the Y. M. C. A. Monaghan Mill Night School in Greenville. It may be wise in time to greatly extend this form of extension work, because one-fifth of our white population live in the mill villages, and so far, there has been no extensive organized agency for giving assistance in technical or welfare lines. Here and there a mill corporation has on its own initiative taken steps to help its own operatives, but I believe that the college should in time reach out and give that sort of technical help in properly organized night schools that would be a real benefit, and turn the attention of ambitious mill boys to our Textile Course here.

PART III. THE SOUTH CAROLINA EXPERIMENT STATION.

The report of the college work would be incomplete without reference to the work done by the South Carolina Experiment Station. I do not believe that any department of the college deserves more praise for the progress made last year. Prof.

Harper and his able colleagues have been diligent, and have substantial results to show for their labors. The Experiment Station farm is in splendid condition.

At my request, Prof. Harper has prepared a brief report covering the work of the Experiment Station, and I commend this to you as one of the most interesting features of this report. As illustrative of what has been accomplished, I might mention a few of their results.

It has been found that potash is not needed for the staple crops in the Piedmont Section; that a 2-year rotation, cotton with a winter cover crop, followed by corn with peas, is almost as effective in building up land as a three or four-year rotation; that the best cover crops are rye and vetch; that for the Piedmont Section, the best grass for terrace banks is Texas Blue Grass; that acid phosphate gives better results than floats; that male asparagus plants produce 50 per cent. more marketable shoots than do female plants; that rot in sweet potatoes is due to various bacteria and fungus causes, which by proper care can be prevented; that cotton anthracnose can be eradicated by proper methods of seed selection and treatment, etc., etc.

A list of the experiments now under way is given in Prof. Harper's report, to which I invite your attention.

The Station officers answer thousands of letters from farmers asking for information, and assist the Extension Division in issuing popular bulletins, and aid at Farmers' Institutes.

Important co-operative work is being conducted with the National Department of Agriculture. This work includes the testing of forage crops and leguminous crops in the different sections of the State; a working out of the life history of some of the most injurious cotton and corn insects; developing varieties of cotton which will resist the cotton wilt disease; and in making a plant disease survey of the State.

The cost of the Experiment Station is borne entirely by the federal government, for which reason the expenditures are not included along with those of the other departments of the college. Last year the resources of the Station amounted to \$37,046.07, and the expenditures were \$32,844.50.

PART IV. THE OUTLOOK.

At the time of writing the report, Clemson College has entered upon its nineteenth session, with an enrollment of 827 students, which is 124 more than the enrollment for the preceding session.

If proof were needed of the growth of the college in the estimation of the people, it may be had in the fact that no sooner had the dormitory capacity been increased to accommodate 100 more students, than the additional capacity was immediately met.

This session sees the inauguration of a Work-Boy Course, which, organized primarily to furnish the farm with skilled labor, has the additional merit of giving to mature young men without cost, an opportunity to gain in two years what is equivalent to a one-year course in Agriculture. It was the original intention to take into this course only twenty men, but after receiving 225 inquiries in regard to it, it was decided to increase the number to thirty. The plan is to have the students work one week, and be students the next, and it has been our policy during their week of study to treat them just as every other student is treated, requiring drill and compliance with all military regulations, and the wearing of the uniform. In this way, we have avoided making a caste of these young men, with the consequent failure or difficulty which has attended Work-Boy Courses elsewhere. While the inauguration of the course has taken considerable patience, and the solving of some new problems, I am prepared to say that it is thus far satisfactory. Experience only can determine its eventual success. It is candidly an experiment, from which we hope for good results.

A One-Year Agricultural Course:

Since I realized that there were 225 young men in South Carolina interested in the Work-Boy Course, I have been persuaded that we must depart somewhat from the beaten track of the four-year degree courses if we are to meet a real demand of our people for practical agricultural education—an education that will take a young man who is already a farmer, and make of him a better farmer—an education that, above all, will of very necessity return him to the land, because it will not prepare him for anything else. The Work-Boy Course was sought, not only because it was a self-supporting proposition, but as much because it was a practical one-year course in Agriculture.

It is not the fault of the college that graduates from four-year courses do not return to the farm, *but it is a fact* that as a rule they do not. The college has no power to force them back—it is not in a sense to blame because they do not go back, but instead, and on account of their excellent equipment, go into high salaried government and college positions. Many of them become preachers and teachers of scientific Agriculture, and do more good for the cause than if each operated a farm of his own. But we must provide also for the young man who has not the time or means to take a four-year course, and without doing violence to existing courses or standards, go about to provide for these a practical education in farming that *will* return men to South Carolina farms. In other words, we must teach the simple art of farming. Every year we must dot South Carolina with a brood of young farmers, better equipped than when they come to Clemson College, and who are returning to build up better farms, to be leaders in their several communities, and thus by service to bind the college to the people.

Good farming is based upon a few simple principles. To teach these would be the purpose of the course. To do the work properly, it might be necessary to have special teachers for the purpose—teachers who are good farmers as well as scientists, and who know in just what proportion and to what extent a young farmer has need of the various sciences that underlie successful agriculture.

We should put into such a course, Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry, Dairying, Farm Mechanics, Blacksmithing, simple Bookkeeping, Agricultural Arithmetic and Grammar, and then I would add a brief but sufficient course in Parliamentary Practice and Public Speaking, to the end that these young men might have at the outset an advantage that would make them leaders in their community life, and leaders in the political and agricultural organizations of their several Counties.

Financial:

It may be interesting to give a summary of the appropriations which were made at the July Board meeting:

PROSPECTIVE INCOME.

Morrill & Nelson Landscript Funds, (U. S.).....	\$ 30,754.00
Interest on Clemson Bequest.....	3,512.36
Estimated tuition	3,500.00
Estimated interest on deposits.....	2,500.00
Estimated miscellaneous receipts.....	10,733.64
Estimated tag tax (1910-11 figure).....	265,000.00
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Total	\$316,000.00
Balance brought forward, July 1, 1911, over out- standing appropriations	52,597.10
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	\$368,597.10

SUMMARIZED APPROPRIATIONS 1911-1912.

For public State work.....	\$ 99,006.00*
For additions to dormitories.....	31,014.50
For dairy building and dairy barn.....	14,993.75
For dwellings and permanent improvements to buildings	11,210.72
Live stock, class room, shop and laboratory equipment	25,361.40
For operating expenses of the college.....	154,914.99
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Total	\$336,501.36

*ANALYSIS OF THE PUBLIC STATE WORK.

Fertilizer inspection and analysis.....	\$40,360.00
Beneficiary scholarships	17,500.00
Extension Work and Farmers' Institutes....	15,500.00
Coast Experiment Station.....	2,700.00
Veterinary Inspection.....	4,756.00
Cattle Tick Eradication.....	9,415.00
Hog Cholera Prevention.....	1,500.00
Entomological and Nursery Inspection.....	1,250.00
Co-operative Exp'tal work with farmers....	4,275.00
Textile Extension Work.....	150.00
Miscellaneous	1,600.00
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Total	\$99,006.00

It is worthy of note that when the tag tax was approximately \$227,000 ('09-'10), we expended for Public State Work about \$65,000. With a prospective increase to \$265,000 from this source, the appropriation for the same and added lines of Public Work amount to \$99,000. In other words, with a prospective increase of \$38,000 in the fertilizer tax, we have increased the appropriations for Public Service by \$34,000. This, it seems to me, should be taken as a conclusive evidence of our policy to spend any added income in a service which returns benefits directly to the farmer, in addition to the educational advantages afforded by the college.

Needs of the College:

The 1910 Legislative Committee made the following wise comment:

"Notwithstanding the opinion that Clemson College has more funds than it needs, and that there is a consequent tendency to extravagance, the Committee found that there is need of many additional houses for Professors, and that many of the houses built have been necessarily cheaper than is desirable for permanent service—also a dairy building, library, Y. M. C. A. building, adequate hospital, and better quarters for the unmarried officers and instructors, are actual needs, so that Clemson presents the aspect of being far from a completed institution."

As stated elsewhere in the report, the college property is now valued at approximately one and a quarter million dollars, but it is true that the college has yet important needs that must be met if its plant is to be properly rounded out. One of the greatest needs is an up-to-date gymnasium, in which systematic and scientific training will be given to each and every student. A better hospital is a necessity, because the present structure is too small and unsuitable. The present arrangement of the Library will serve for some years to come, but eventually a separate building of fire-proof construction should be provided. Additional live stock buildings will be necessary to complete the Animal Husbandry division. A splendid start has been made in the new dairy barn and the new dairy building. The rapid growth of the faculty and the lack of any other provision devolves upon the College the necessity of providing residences for its officers. This in itself means an expenditure of from six to eight thousand dollars a year to build even the kind of houses that the Legislative Committee was inclined justly to criticise.

But all of these material needs can be met in the course of the next ten years, even if the income of the college grows no larger than its present figure. If it should increase, it will give us the looked-for opportunity to greatly extend the Public Service of the college, which now uses up nearly \$100,000 from the fertilizer tax. Until the college is serving every need of her people, we will hope to see the tax increase, and the citizenship of the State may rest assured that your Board will return it to them in helpful service. A \$50,000 increase over the present figure would provide for an Agricultural expert in every County, would speedily complete the two branch Experiment Stations that we have planned, would enable us to furnish the rural schools with charts and materials to assist in teaching Elementary Agriculture to the children, would speedily eliminate that menace to the cattle industry, the Texas fever tick, would control or rid the State of hog cholera, and increase our veterinary force to meet the many calls for assistance. These and many other things could and would be done if we only had the money. Even if the tax should not greatly increase, we can at least maintain our present lines of service, and look forward to that time when with our buildings completed, we can project a still larger proportion of our funds into the channels of Public Service.

The college has just reached that point in its development when it can give the largest and best service, and needs most a sympathetic attitude on the part of our people that will enable them to see clearly its aims and justly estimate its accomplishments. In an atmosphere of appreciation and helpfulness, the college hopes to work out a destiny as alluring as was ever presented to an institution consecrated to the agricultural interests of a great State.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. RIGGS,
President.

P. S.—I present herewith, as required by law, a list of students who pay tuition, those who do not, and those who enjoy scholarships.

I present also a report of the Inspection and Analysis of Fertilizers, the reports of the State Veterinarian, State Entomologist, the Secretary-Treasurer of the college, the South Carolina Experiment Station, and the report of the Board of Auditors, and commend all of these to your careful consideration.

CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.

Free Tultion.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Abbeville County:		
Anderson, G. M., Antreville.	Haskell, L. C., Jr., Abbeville.
Anderson, J. P., Antreville.	Latimer, D. L., Lowndesville.
Bowman, W. L., Jr., Lowndesville.	Pennell, B. F., Level Land.
Britt, S. L., McCormick.	Hardin, D. T., Lowndesville.
Britt, W. B., McCormick.
Britt, J. W., McCormick.
Boyd, A. R., Mt. Carmel.
Cox, R. E., Jr., Abbeville.
Deason, B. H., McCormick.
Grant, F., Mt. Carmel.
Hanvey, E., Troy.
Jackson, A. H., Abbeville.
Kennedy, D. M., McCormick.
Lomax, J. R., Lowndesville.
Magill, J. A., Abbeville
Morrah, S. P., Jr., Troy.
McCord, G. L., Abbeville.
Todd, J. R., Due West.
Wakefield, J. B., Antreville.
Aiken County:		
Hammond, G. B., Kathwood.	Brodie, J. E. Earle.
Head, N. O., Aiken.	Hutson, L. D., Aiken.
McCreary, E. A., Aiken.	Hutson, H. M., Aiken.
Wilson, T. B., Beech Island.	Weeks, T. W., White Pond.
.....	Woodward, J. T., Aiken.

*The College authorities have no discretion in the matter of giving free tuition, but must in every case recognize the certificate of the County Auditor as authority for so doing.

CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tultion.*	Pay Tultion.	Scholarship.
Anderson County:		
Anderson, J. W., Anderson.	Fant, G. C. Anderson.	Fant, A. P., Anderson.
Aull, J. A. Pendleton.	Fant, R. W., Anderson.	Hall, C. M., Anderson.
Beard, J. E., Honea Path.	Sitton, E. N., Autun.	Pennell, F. B., Belton.
Boggs, D., Anderson.	Pennell, R. E., Belton.
Cromer, B. A., Anderson.	Smith, G. W., Townville.
Douthit, J. B., Jr., Pendleton.	Webb, J. N., Anderson.
Dunlap, C. K., Belton.
Hamlin, E. E., Anderson.
Harris, B. B. Pendleton.
Hunter, M. C., Belton.
Martin, S. J., Anderson.
Major, S. M., Anderson.
Masters, C. W., Anderson.
Martin, R. F., Williamston.
Maynard, R. W., Anderson.
McGowan, F. O., Anderson.
McGee, H. S., Honea Path.
Redden, W. E., Honea Path.
Redden, J. E., Honea Path.
Shirley, G. C., Anderson.
Simpson, J. A., Jr., Honea Path.
Smith, J. M., Starr.
Smith, M. R., Anderson.
Smith, H. L., Anderson.
Watkins, R. N., Belton
Witherspoon, J. K., Roberts.

*The College authorities have no discretion in the matter of giving free tultion, but must in every case recognize the certificate of the County Auditor as authority for so doing.

CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tultion.*	Pay Tultion.	Scholarship.
Bamberg County:		
Gillam, C. R., Bamberg.	Hill, D. B., Bamberg.	Folk, C. S., Jr. Denmark.
Hightower, G. E., Denmark.	Mayfield, W. D., Denmark.	McMillan, G. F., Jr., Ehrhardt.
Hutto, F. B., Lees.	.....	Riley, J. A., Denmark.
Johnson, W. F., Bamberg.	.....	.....
Metts, L. I., Denmark.	.....	.....
Rice, W. H., Denmark.	.....	.....
Rowell, R. C., Bamberg.		
Stokes, W. E., Bamberg.		
Barnwell County:		
All, F. H., Allendale.	Blount, E. E., Appleton.	Armstrong, G. M. Barnwell.
Farmer, W. C., Allendale.	Owens, B. F., Dunbarton.	Boyleston, H. G., Elko.
Free, L. R., Blackville.	Smith, J. R., Williston.	Lazar, J. T., Allendale.
Green, S. L., Dunbarton.	.....	Youmans, C. P., Fairfax.
Lawton, M. S., Allendale.	.....	.....
Smith, J. G., Williston.	.....	.....
Tobin, L. P., Barnwell.	.....	.....
Walker, R. H., Jr., Appleton.	.....	.....
Woodward, H. M., Barnwell.	.....	.....
Garner, G. D., Eatonton, Ga.	.....
Beaufort County:		
.....	.....	Stickley, J. P., Port Royal.
Berkeley County:		
Clarke, W. L., Midland Park.	.....	Causey, R. G., Jr., Pinopolis.
Jenkins, J. E., Pinopolis.	.....	Eagerton, H. C., St. Stephens.
Wyndham, L. T., Cordesville.	.....	Harvey, W. H., Jr., Pinopolis.
	.....	Myers, P. E., Jr., Cordesville.

*The College authorities have no discretion in the matter of giving free tultion, but must in every case recognize the certificate of the County Auditor as authority for so doing.

CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Calhoun County:		
Dantzler, M. A., Cameron.	Banks, D. K., St. Matthews.	Bates, J. A., St. Matthews.
Furtick, E. R., Sandy Run.	Banks, W. D., St. Matthews.	Rast, F. M., Jr., Cameron.
Furtick, G. C., Sandy Run.	Pearlstine, L. C., St. Matthews.	.....
Golson, J. R., St. Matthews.	Wannamaker, L. B., St. Matthews.	.....
Kaigley, H. O., Gaston.	.....	.....
Wannamaker, G. W., Jr., St. Matthews.	.....	.....
Charleston County:		
Bacot, B. R., Charleston.	Barnwell, J. W., Charleston.	Auld, I. D., Mt. Pleasant.
Bissell, P. L., Charleston.	Fitzsimmons, J. C., Charleston.	Bouson, F. W., Charleston.
Blanchard, E. S., Moultrieville.	Middleton, G. A., Charleston.	Campsen, G. E., Charleston.
Buckley, E. D., Moultrieville.	Mappus, J. H., Charleston.	Frampton, W. H., Charleston.
Brown, J., Charleston.	Schroeder, F. F., Charleston.	Hannahan, J. H., Charleston.
Davis, H. S., Charleston.	Schroeder, J. N., Charleston.	Tupper, S. Y., Charleston.
Evans, A. B., Charleston.	Stello, L. H., Charleston.	Walker, S. M., Charleston.
Haight, A. B., Charleston.	Stanford, A. G., Charleston.	Jenkins, E. S., Longs' Island.
Hale, P. S., Mt. Pleasant.	Stender, H. R., Charleston.	Zerbst, B. H., Jr., Charleston.
Hale, H. V., Mt. Pleasant.	.....	.....
Hanckle, W. H., Charleston.	.....	.....
Harleston, R. H., Charleston.	.....	.....
Jervey, F. J., Charleston.	.....	.....
Kangeter, J. H., Charleston.	.....	.....
Leland, J. G., McClellanville.	.....	.....
McDonald, F. H., Charleston.	.....	.....
Mitchell, J. E. M., Edisto Island.	.....	.....
Pinckney, E. S., Charleston.	.....	.....
Rivers, H. F., Charleston.	.....	.....
Robertson, F. H., Charleston.
Sessions, M. F., Charleston.
Williams, L. E., Charleston.

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**CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.**

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Cherokee County:		
Brown, B. W., Gaffney.	.....	Caldwell, R. D., Blacksburg.
Byars, G. W., Wilkinsville.	.....	Foster, W. W., Pacolet.
Hardin, L. H., Blacksburg.	.....	Patrick, C. S., Gaffney.
Harris, G. D., Gaffney.	.....	.....
LeMasters, G., Jr., Gaffney.	.....	.....
Ross, F. L., Gaffney.	.....	.....
Wilkins, E. H., Wilkinsville.	.....	.....
Chester County:		
Anderson, L. N., Chester.	Alexander, R. A., Chester.	Connelly, W. R., Chester.
Bigham, I. L., Chester.	.....	Pressley, E. H., Chester.
Brawley, W. F., Chester.	.....	Thomas, J. L., Chester.
Hall, R. R., Chester.	.....	Wright, V. B., Leeds.
Hardin, F. L., Chester.	.....	.....
Hardin, T. B., Chester.	.....	.....
Morrison, W. E., Chester.	.....	.....
McLure, L. C., Chester.	.....	.....
Chesterfield County:		
Laney, M. A., Cheraw.	.....	Evans, T. S., Jr., Cheraw.
Newman, W. W., McBee.	.....	Knight, B. T., Cheraw.
White, D. L., Jefferson.	.....	Thompson, J. M., Cheraw.
Pegues, J. K., McFarland, N. C.	.....	.....
Clarendon County:		
Aycock, R. J., Davis Station.	Felder, L. W., Summerton.	Capers, E., Jr., Summerton.
Evans, E. M., New Zion.	Gentry, T. C., Summerton.	Ridgill, R. H., Manning.
Hodge, E. D., Jr., Alcolu.	Mims, C., Pine Wood.	Sprott, W. T. P., Foreston.
Mims, J. W., Jr., Paxville.	Sprott, J. R., Manning.	Witherspoon, J. T., Mayesville.
Smith, M. A., Turbeville.	Thomas, H. M., Manning.
.....	Turbeville, W. N., Turbeville.

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**CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.**

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Colleton County:		
Anderson, H. W., Walterboro.	Peeples, J. A., Meggett.	Hyrne, B. G., Jr., Walterboro.
Barnwell, F. H., Adams Run.	Jones, C. R., Lodge.
Connor, S. M., Walterboro.	Risher, T. R., Jr., Round.
Hubster, E., Jr., Walterboro.	Risher, F. W., Smoaks.
Koger, L. H., Jr., Walterboro.
Ponds, H. B., Islandton.
Darlington County:		
Blackwell, J. W., Darlington.	Haynesworth, M. S., Darlington.	Dunlap, J. E., Hartsville.
Byrd, E. M., Society Hill.	Sompayrac, E. A., Society Hill.	Freeman, R. W., Lamar.
Byrd, W. M., Darlington.	Hill, J. R., Florence.
DeWitt, M. M., Darlington.	Yates, L. F., Darlington.
DeWitt, J. C., Darlington.
Gandy, A. P., Dovesville.
Gandy, H. L., Dovesville.
Gandy, J. A., Society Hill.
Gandy, S. A., Society Hill.
Howle, A. J., Society Hill.
Josey, E. P., Lamar.
LaMotte, W. R., Darlington.
McIver, W. C., Darlington.
Nettles, H. J., Jr., Hartsville.
Privette, W. H., Darlington.
Rogers, C. B., Darlington.
Rogers, F. E., Darlington.
Segars, E. H., Hartsville.
Sumner, E. J., Society Hill.
Wadsworth, W. C., Hartsville.

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CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Dillon County:		
Bethea, P., Dillon.	Berry, R., Dillon.	Evans, A. J., Jr., Dillon.
Bethea, H., Sellers.	Cottingham, J. E., Dillon.	.....
Roberts, S. L., Latta.	Sherwood, R. L., Dillon.	.....
Dorchester County:		
McAlhany, T. D., St. George.	.....	Dukes, O. O., St. George.
Thornhill, E. J., Summerville.	.....	Flizer, J. R., Orangeburg.
Thornhill, T. W., Summerville.	.....	.....
Edgefield County:		
Covar, A. B., Jr., Edgefield.	Hollingsworth, J. H., Edgefield.	Adams, H. A., Meriweather.
Covar, A., Edgefield.	.....	Hardy, G. L., Johnston.
Lanham, B. T., Edgefield.	.....	Salter, F. P., Trenton.
McDonald, J. W., Parksville.	.....	.....
Mims, J. T., Edgefield.	.....	.....
Merritt, J. A., Ridge Spring.	.....	.....
Pearce, J. H., Johnston.	.....	.....
Sheppard, G. J., McCormick.	.....	.....
Sturkey, W. N., Plum Branch.	.....	.....
Watkins, C. W., Johnston.		
Florence County:		
Brown, S. K., Hyman.	Haynesworth, W. M., Florence.	Epps, M. H., Timmons ville.
Fleming, G. W., Timmons ville.	.....	Johnston, F., Florence.
Green, E. B., Timmons ville.	.....	Keith, J. B., Timmons ville.
Jeffords, S. E., Jr., Timmons ville.	.....	McBride, J. N., Florence.
Johnson, J. W., Florence.	.....	.....
Kilgore, P. R., Florence.
Kelly, I. F., Cowards.
Ward, C. W., Timmons ville.
Ward, A. H., Timmons ville.		

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**CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.**

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Fairfield County:		
Cathcart, T. M., Winnsboro.	.....	Boulware, M. B., Winnsboro.
Cooper, H. P., Blythewood.	.....	Cassells, G. T., Cassells.
Hagood, M. A., Blythewood.	.....	Cooper, M. L., Blythewood.
Hoffman, G. P., Blythewood.	.....	Reeves, W. A., Longtown.
Lumpkin, R. E., Blackstock.	.....	.....
Park, A. D., Winnsboro.	.....	.....
Georgetown County:		
Lachicotte, A. S., Waverly Mills.	Lachicotte, A. H., Waverly Mills.	Lachicotte, G. E., Waverly Mills.
Lachicotte, W. F., Georgetown.	Ward, J., Georgetown.	Beaty, H. C., Georgetown.
Ward, A. R., Georgetown.	.....	.....
Greenville County:		
Bedell, A. S., Greenville.	Barr, G. D., Greenville.	Goodwin, J. A., Travelers Rest.
Berry, M. D., Greenville.	Ernst, R. E., Greenville.	McCreary, C. F., Greenville.
Chapman, R. C., Pelzer.	Harrison, S. E., Jr., Simpsonville.	Perry, T., Greenville.
Cothran, R. D., Toney Creek.	Perry, W. G., Greenville.	Reid, T. R., Campobello.
Cothran, J. N., Toney Creek.	Robinson, R., Greers.	Dew, J. A., Simpsonville.
David, L. St. J., Greenville.	Williams, F. M., Greenville.	Carpenter, P. M., Marietta.
Gilmer, F. V., Greenville.	Wood, W. D., Greers.	.....
Holroyd, C. E., Greenville.	.....	.....
James, B. M., Greenville.	.....	.....
Mauldin, B. O., Greenville.	.....	.....
Rabb, S. W., Greenville.	.....	.....
Rochester, J. L., Greenville.	.....	.....
Rochester, W. H., Greenville.
Sloan, D. M., Greenville.
Stevens, R. G., Greenville.
Williams, T. D., Matthews, N. C.

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CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tultion.*	Pay Tultion.	Scholarship.
Greenwood County:		
Davis, R. F., Troy.	Hodges, F., Greenwood.
Davis, E. I., Troy.	Selgler, W. O., Troy.
Emerson, C. R., Hodges.	Seal, J. L., Greenwood.
Graham, N. E., Hodges.
Haddon, T. C., Hodges.
Johnson, F. P., Kirksey.
Kennerly, H. S., Greenwood.
Marshall, S. P., Greenwood.
Mayes, E. D., Greenwood.
Milling, J. C., Greenwood.
McCord, O. P., Hodges.
Nichols, H. H., Greenwood.
Sanders, M. F., Greenwood.
Tolbert, L. M., Greenwood.
Williams, B. M., Gaines.
Hampton County:		
Ginn, W. N., Varnville.	Tyson, E. W., Tillman.	Hires, J. L., Hampton.
Kittles, E. G., Brighton.	Lawton, J. G., Garnett.
Lawton, J. K., Brighton.	Ulmer, R. F., Brunson.
Miley, J., Brunson.
Miley, H. G., Brunson.
Rentz, W. H., Varnville.
Horry County:		
.....	Altman, L. B., Gallivants.
.....	Goldfinch, A. K., Conway.
.....	Small, A. G., Gallivants.

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CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Kershaw County:		
Bowers, W. E., Kershaw.	Halle, E. W., Liberty Hill.	Ancrum, J. N., Camden.
Jones, L. B., Kershaw.	.....	Gettys, B. W., Lugoff.
Jones, J. E., Kershaw.	.....	Mickle, W. W., Camden.
Nelson, W. R., Camden.	.....	.....
Truesdale, B. J. Kershaw.	.....	.....
Lancaster County:		
Adams, F., Lancaster.	Jones, I. B., Lancaster.	Elliott, L. R., Lancaster.
Blackmon, L. R., Kershaw.	.....	King, C. J., Lancaster.
.....	.....	Hall, E. E., Fort Mill.
Laurens County:		
Barksdale, J. C., Laurens.	Harris, J. G., Owings.	Crawford, J. T., Ware Shoals.
Burdett, T. D., Langford Station.	Harris, T. G., Owings.	Freeman, H. A., Honea Path.
Crawford, J. R., Clinton.	Mitchell, C. F., Mountville.	Graw, W. R., Gray Court.
Simmons, J. W., Gray Court.	Riehey, G. C., Laurens.	Yeargin, B. F., Laurens.
Simmons, C. A., Ware Shoals.	.....	.....
Stokes, C. E., Mountville.	.....	.....
Thornton, G. C., Mountville.	.....	.....
Lee County:		
Bell, T. E., Hartsville.	McClure, D. L., Bishopville.	McLeod, W. G., Wisacky.
Heriot, H. A., Providence.	.....	Perrin, J. W., Bishopville.
McElveen, R. E., Lynchburg.	.....	.....
Wilson, J. M., Bishopville.	.....	.....
Lexington County:		
Barre, J. A., Lexington.	.....	Frick, G. E., Chapin.
Barr, D. D., Lexington.	.....	Kyser, W. T., Lexington.
Brodie, L. R., Batesburg.	Lindler, L. S., Gilbert.
Caughman, W. W., Lexington.	Wessinger, J. H. S., Lexington.

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CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Lexington Co.—Con.		
Clark, J. R., Chapin.	.....	.....
Drehr, J. M., Irmo.	.....	.....
Eleazer, J. M., Irmo.	.....	.....
Eleazer, G. W., Chapin.	.....	.....
Hartley, J. E., Batesburg.	.....	.....
Hook, B. O., Gilbert.	.....	.....
Jones, W. S., Batesburg.	.....	.....
Kaminer, J. E., Lexington.	.....	.....
Lever, B. R., Chapin.	.....	.....
Lindler, H. O., Gilbert.	.....	.....
Lindler, L. S., Gilbert.	.....	.....
Lindler, J. R. W., Gilbert.	.....	.....
Miller, S. A., Jr., Columbia.	.....	.....
Sollee, L. F., Batesburg.	.....	.....
Stoudemire, C. E., Chapin.	.....	.....
Taylor, G. B., Gilbert.	.....	.....
Marlboro County:		
Barrington, A. H., McColl.	Breeden, P. L., Jr., Bennettsville.	Covington, H. S., Bennettsville.
Chavis, W., Bennettsville.	Fletcher, J. E., McColl.	Covington, D. H., Bennettsville.
Covington, P. M., Bennettsville.	Hamer, M. L., Tatum.	Hearsey, G. J., Blenhelm.
Mitchell, W. E., Bennettsville.	McLaurin, E. B., McColl.	Stanton, C. H., Clio.
Rogers, H. G., Bennettsville.	Rogers, F. B., Blenhelm.	.....
Marion County:		
Altman, F. K., Marion.	.....	Rowell, N. K., Centenary.
Altman, R. U., Marion.	Wall, M. W., Eulonia.
Alford, T. L., Marion.	Wiggins, W. M., Mullins.
Baker, C. W., Marion.

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**CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.**

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Marion County.—Con.		
Foxworth, G. D., Marion.	.....	.....
Martin, J. M., Marion.	.....	.....
McIntyre, D., Jr., Marion.	.....	.....
Richardson, O. J., Brittons Neck.	.....	.....
Roberts, S. R., Jr., Marion.	.....	.....
Rogers, R. A., Marion.	.....	.....
Newberry County:		
Hairston, G. W., Whitmire.	Berley, J. A., Pomaria.	Bowles, S. P., Newberry.
Jacobs, O., Newberry.	Jones, B. M., Newberry.	Folk, B. P., Pomaria.
Vance, R. B., Newberry.	Singley, J. A., Slighs.	Henderson, W. N., Blairs.
.....	Smith, J. M., Newberry.	Herbert, W. W., Newberry.
Oconee County:		
Brodie, O. B., Clemson College.	Davis, W. R., Jr., Seneca.	Harrison, L. C., Walhalla.
Brown, R., Westminster.	Stribling, J. N., Walhalla.	Knox, J. S., Westminster.
Bruce, C. A., Townville.	Verner, J. D., Jr. Walhalla.	Bruce, E. P., Townville.
Dickson, M., Westminster.	.....	.....
Goodman, W. S., Clemson College.	.....	.....
Harrison, J. W., Walhalla.	.....	.....
Jenkins, A. C., Westminster.	.....	.....
Kelley, T. B., Tamassee.	.....	.....
Kelley, W. H., Clemson College.	.....	.....
Lewis, A. P., Clemson College.	.....	.....
Redfern, T. C., Clemson College.	.....	.....
Provost, E. T., Clemson College.	.....	.....
Todd, J. N., Seneca.	.....	.....
Schiletter, W. A., Clemson College.	.....	.....
Schiletter, A. E., Clemson College.
Shiver, R. C., Clemson College.
Whitten, F. W., Pendleton.

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CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Orangeburg County:		
Axom, B. B., North.	Gilmore, J. L., Holly Hill.	Culler, J. C., Raymond.
Blume, B. J., Neeses.	Norris, J. E., Vance.	Galphin, R. W., Vance.
Boone, L. D., Rowesville.	Salley, A. M., Orangeburg.	Hayden, C. J., Cope.
Bryant, V. F., Orangeburg.	Scoville, W. N., Orangeburg.	Hayden, J. H., Cope.
Bryant, W. D., Orangeburg.	.....	Lathrop, F. H., Orangeburg.
Bunch, X. O., Holly Hill.	.....	.....
Carson, H. G., Holly Hill.	.....	.....
Chaplin, H. L., Neeses.	.....	.....
Collier, H. H., Orangeburg.	.....	.....
Dantzler, F. C., Holly Hill.	.....	.....
Edwins, A. L., Orangeburg.	.....	.....
Felder, C. J., Jr., Branchville.	.....	.....
Felder, T. C., Branchville.	.....	.....
Glover, E., Orangeburg.	.....	.....
Jennings, H. C., Cope.	.....	.....
Kennedy, R. G., Orangeburg.	.....	.....
Neese, C. E., Neese.	.....	.....
Pearson, J. F., Orangeburg.	.....	.....
Varn, F. O., Branchville.	.....	.....
Varn, J. D., Branchville.
Wolfe, R. S., Orangeburg.
Wolfe, L. F., Orangeburg.
Zeigler, J. T., Cope.		

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CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Pickens County:		
Boggs, J. K., Liberty.	Hall, J. D., Central.	Chapman, A. D., Liberty.
Brown, A. J., Liberty.	Garrett, W. C., Pickens.
Cochran, J. T., Calhoun.	Gilstrap, L. C., Pickens.
Crenshaw, L. F., Marletta.
Davis, J. B., Central.
Doyle, O. M., Calhoun.
Field, B. G., Pickens.
Hendricks, M., Calhoun.
Hunter, M. W., Liberty.
Lawrence, W. B., Calhoun.
Merck, W. O., Calhoun.
Smith, W. W., Calhoun.
.....
Richland County:		
Caughman, K. G., Columbia.	Daniel, W. H., Columbia.	Davis, T. F., Jr., Killian.
Coles, M., Columbia.	Hamrick, G. A., Columbia.	Jenkins, J. E., Shandon.
Darby, J. T., Eastover.	Jeter, R. M., Columbia.
Jenkins, R. F., Jr., Columbia.	Lykes, C. S., Lykesland.
McIntosh, R. J., Columbia.	Lykes, F. W., Lykesland.
McIntosh, J. M., Columbia.
Newnham, C. A., Columbia.
Rice, C. A., Columbia.
Rivers, W. J., Eastover.
Weston, C. T., Congaree.

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CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Saluda County:		
Crawford, F. P., Saluda.	.....	Fulmer, H., Batesburg.
Derrick, H. B., Prosperity.	.....	Padgett, W. W., Leesville.
Johnson, J. B., Fruit Hill.	.....	Padgett, H. F., Saluda.
LaGrone, T. E., Batesburg.	.....	.....
Smith, J. C., Leesville.	.....	.....
Willis, J. W., Saluda.	.....	.....
Sumter County:		
Bull, J. H., Claremont.	Haynesworth, W. F. B., Sumter.	Jackson, B. M., Hagood.
Deschamps, C. E., Sumter.	Haynesworth, A. T., Sumter.	Mellett, F. M., Wedgefield.
Dwight, P. M., Wedgefield.	Hood, R. S., Jr., Sumter.	Workman, J. M., Mayesville.
Emanuel, L. T., Borden.	Moore, D. P., Sumter.	.....
Moses, H. C., Sumter.	Truluck, C. I., Durwood.	.....
Moore, R. W., Sumter.	.....	.....
Sanders, I. L., Sumter.	.....	.....
Sanders, O. T., Hagood.	.....	.....
Truluck, J. W., Durwood.	.....	.....
Weinberg, B. A., Sumter.	.....	.....
Williford, W., Sumter.	.....	.....
Spartanburg County:		
Anderson, L. K., Jr., Clifton.	Gilreath, J. H., Greer.	Cannon, D. L., Spartanburg.
Bailey, F. H., Cowpens.	Hydrick, D. E., Spartanburg.	Ezell, J. F., Cherokee.
Becker, W. S., Spartanburg.	Tinsley, D. D., White Stone.	Ezell, W. D., Cherokee.
Benson, W. O., Campobello.	.....	Foster, J. C., White Stone.
Bomar, H. J., Spartanburg.	.....	Hayes, W. H., Pacolet.
Bomar, W. M., Spartanburg.	.....	Parker, H. L., Roebuck.
Caldwell, J. C., Campobello.	Rector, P. E., Wellford.
Carpenter, W. W., Landrum.
Carson, J. L., Spartanburg.

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CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Spartanburg Co.—Con.		
Ezell, R. B., Spartanburg.
Erwin, J. W., Spartanburg.
Erwin, J. O., Spartanburg.
Harrison, J. F., Moore.
Hagood, H. A., Spartanburg.
Heldman, M., Spartanburg.
Holcombe, J. L., Campobello.
Jackson, R., Wellford.
Kirby, J. E., Converse.
Moore, A. L., Cowpens.
Norris, T. R., Spartanburg.
Parker, F. F., Roebuck.
Petrie, W. C., Spartanburg.
Sanders, A. F., Pacolet.
Smith, C. O., Cowpens.
Thomas, W. P., Trough.
Thompson, G. I., Pacolet.
Wells, J. H. S., Clifton.
Wingo, R. H., Moore.
Union County:		
Arthur, M. W., Union.	Arthur, D. H., Union.
Beaty, D. C., Union.	Free, J. B., Jonesville.
Beaty, W. N., Jonesville.	Jeter, F. H., Santuck.
Crawford, W. D., Jonesville.
Gage, J. H., Union.
Gilmore, E. R., Santuck.
Gilmore, W. C., Santuck.

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CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
Union County.—Con.		
Littlejohn, E. G., Jonesville.	.....	.....
McLure, J. W., Union.	.....	.....
Oetzel, J. G., Union.	.....	.....
Smith, J. D., Union.	.....	.....
Spears, J. M., Jonesville.	.....	.....
Williams, C. O., Union.	.....	.....
Williamsburg County:		
Fitch, B. C., Lake City.	Epps, J., Jr., Kingstree.	Graham, O. H., Scranton.
Richardson, F. L., Suttons.	Rogers, A. F., Kingstree.	Prosser, H. T., Leo.
.....	Sturgeon, S. J., Lake City.	Rogers, T. B., Vox.
.....	.....	Turbeville, A. C., Turbeville.
York County:		
Adams, T. C., Rock Hill.	Poag, E. E., Rock Hill.	Faris, C. B., Fort Mill.
Barron, B. P., Yorkville.	.....	Faris, C. L., Rock Hill.
Brown, G. H., Rock Hill.	.....	Faris, C. G., Fort Mill.
Epps, W. C., Fort Mill.	.....	Martin, W. H., Rock Hill.
Hughes, I. B., Yorkville.	.....	Tompkins, D., Rock Hill.
Kimbrell, C. H., Fort Mill.	.....	.....
Kimbrell, S. E., Fort Mill.	.....	.....
Lawrence, B. F., Filbert.	.....	.....
Massey, L. H., Fort Mill.	.....	.....
Massey, T. F., Fort Mill.	.....	.....
Merritt, C. S., Rock Hill.	.....	.....
Nims, K., Fort Mill.	.....	.....
Oats, F. L., Yorkville.
Parker, T. M., Rock Hill.
Scruggs, J. Y., Rock Hill.
Smarr, W. L., Sharon.

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**CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS AS REGARDS PAYMENT OF
TUITION AND HOLDING OF SCHOLARSHIPS.—Continued.**

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
York County.—Con.		
Steel, E. P., Jr., Old Point.
Sims, J. W., Sharon.
Waters, R. B., Rock Hill.
Williams, W. G., Yorkville.

NON-RESIDENT STUDENTS.

Free Tuition.*	Pay Tuition.	Scholarship.
.....	Berry, C. E., Sabot, Va.	.....
.....	Earle, S., Brevard, N. C.	.....
.....	Lindfors, F. M., Waynesville, N. C.	.....
.....	Sponcler, Y. H., Newnam, Ga.	.....
.....	Williams, H. E., E. Nashville, Tenn.	.....

*The College authorities have no discretion in the matter of giving free tuition, but must in every case recognize the certificate of the County Auditor as authority for so doing.

Report on the Fertilizer Inspection.

Clemson College, S. C., Sept. 1, 1911.

Dr. W. M. Riggs, President, Clemson College, S. C.

Dear Sir: I respectfully submit the following report of the work of the Fertilizer Department for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1911.

The trade and movement of fertilizers the past season was the largest in the history of the department, as will appear by the following statement in comparison with last year, which was larger than any preceding one:

	1909-10	1910-11
Number tons fertilizers (other than meal) sold	834,334	920,442
Number tons cotton seed meal sold.....	140,705	128,364
Number samples collected.....	1,700	2,087
Number samples analyzed.....	1,188	1,605
Number farmers' samples analyzed.....	98	119
Number different brands sold in the State.....	727	1,157

You will observe the total sales in the State as indicated by the sales of tags exceeded those of last year by 73,767 tons, but manufacturers and dealers were not required this year to return unused tags for redemption, but were allowed to keep and use in next season's business. This may in a measure account for the greater apparent sale.

INSPECTION.

For this purpose, fourteen inspectors and a chief inspector were employed, and the State was divided into fourteen divisions—none embracing more than four Counties, others only two or three—regard being had for the railroad facilities for covering any important points for distribution in each. These inspectors were kept constantly on duty canvassing their respective territories, enjoined to be vigilant in seeing that all fertilizers were branded as law requires, and exercising great care to insure accuracy of sampling every brand found on the market, and we think must embrace every different brand sold in the State. One of these inspectors resigned early in the

season to engage in other work, and one other was relieved before its close on account of inefficiency, but new division of territory was made, and theirs covered by other inspectors.

ANALYSIS.

The analyses of the official samples were published in thirty-five weekly bulletins during the months from January to July, and sent out rapidly as made while the fertilizers were being sold. If the goods of any manufacturer were found below guarantee, the agents of his competitors probably saw to it that the fact was not overlooked, thus stimulating greater care in mixing his brands.

One hundred and one (101) of these official samples were found on analysis to be three or more per cent. below guaranteed commercial value, and their manufacturers, except four, have paid the penalties in such cases prescribed, and the same has been deposited with the State Treasurer. Others fell below guarantee in one or more of their constituents, as will be found in the classified and detailed report of the Chief Chemist.

The expense of this department was \$30,384.30, as will appear in itemized statement of the Treasurer, to which I respectfully refer.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) H. M. STACKHOUSE,
Secretary.

Report on the Fertilizer Analysis.

Clemson College, S. C., Sept. 1, 1911.

Dr. W. M. Riggs, President, Clemson College, S. C.

Dear Sir: I respectfully submit the following report of the work on commercial fertilizers, waters, etc., done for the Board of Fertilizer Control and for the citizens of the State for the year ending June 30th, 1911. The growth of the work is shown by comparative figures for the preceding year.

	1909-10	1910-11
Official samples of fertilizers.. . . .	1,188	1,614*
Farmers' samples of fertilizers.. . . .	98	119
Waters.. . . .	60	74
Ores and Minerals.. . . .	18	52
Marls.. . . .	1	1
Soils.. . . .	7	11
Rocks, Ores, etc., for State Geologist.. . . .	9	0
Miscellaneous.. . . .	2	9
Totals.. . . .	1,383	1,880

*For good and sufficient reasons, the Secretary of the Board of Fertilizer Control did not publish nine of these analyses.

OFFICIAL SAMPLES OF FERTILIZERS.

Classification.

	1910	1911
Complete fertilizers.. . . .	599	941
Acid phosphates.. . . .	159	187
Acid phosphates with potash.. . . .	74	101
Cotton seed meals.. . . .	133	177
Kainits.. . . .	73	63
Kainits (hardsalts).. . . .	3	2
Nitrate of soda.. . . .	40	50
Muriate of potash.. . . .	26	24
Muriate of potash mixtures.. . . .	4	2
Nitrate of potash.. . . .	1	0
Sulphate of potash.. . . .	4	2
Dried blood.. . . .	15	9

Fish scrap..	24	13
Sulphate of ammonia..	0	1
Tankage..	10	10
Basic slag..	6	6
Miscellaneous..	17	17
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	1,188	1,605

DEFICIENT SAMPLES.

Of the 1,605 samples reported, 205 fell below the commercial value based on the guarantee. They were as follows:

In available phosphoric acid..	28
In available phosphoric acid and potash..	13
In available phosphoric acid and ammonia..	12
In ammonia and potash..	53
In ammonia..	59
In potash..	36
In available phosphoric acid, ammonia and potash....	4
	<hr/>
	205

The extent to which the 205 samples fell below guaranteed analysis in per cent. was as follows:

	0-0.10	0.10-0.25	0.25-0.50	0.50-1.00	1.00 & over
In available phosphoric acid	7	18	20	7	3
In ammonia..	4	30	39	51	3
In potash..	8	20	33	27	18
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	19	68	92	85	24

Of the 205 samples which fell below the commercial value based on guarantee, 102 fell three per cent. or more below that value. They are as follows:

In available phosphoric acid..	19
In available phosphoric acid and potash..	4
In available phosphoric acid and ammonia..	7
In ammonia and potash..	30
In ammonia..	22
In potash..	16
In available phosphoric acid, ammonia and potash	4
	<hr/>
	102

In addition to these 205 samples, there were 393 samples below guarantee in one or more constituents, the deficiency being made up, however, by an excess of other ingredients. They were as follows:

In available phosphoric acid..	62
In available phosphoric acid and potash..	13
In available phosphoric acid and ammonia..	8
In ammonia..	107
In ammonia and potash..	26
In potash..	182
In available phosphoric acid, ammonia and potash....	0
	<hr/>
	393

The extent to which these 393 samples fell below the guaranteed analysis in per cent. was as follows:

	0-0.10	0.10-0.25	0.25-0.50	0.50-1.00	1.00 & over
In available phosphoric acid	14	16	18	22	8
In ammonia..	43	58	32	3	0
In potash..	43	79	58	29	11
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	100	153	108	54	19

AVERAGES OF ANALYSES.

	1910. Per Cent.		1911. Per Cent.	
	Found.	Guaranteed.	Found.	Guaranteed.
ACID PHOSPHATES:				
Available phosphoric acid	15.18	14.81	15.39	15.07
Insoluble phosphoric acid	0.59	.....	0.49	.....
Total phosphoric acid	15.77	.....	15.88	.....
ACID PHOSPHATES WITH POTASH:				
Available phosphoric acid	10.16	9.58	10.62	9.80
Insoluble phosphoric acid	0.68	.....	0.54	.....
Total phosphoric acid	10.84	.....	11.16	.....
Potash soluble in water	3.54	3.38	3.48	3.65
COMPLETE FERTILIZERS:				
Available phosphoric acid	8.89	8.04	9.00	8.19
Insoluble phosphoric acid	1.19	.....	0.91	.....
Total phosphoric acid	10.08	.....	9.91	.....
Ammonia	3.31	3.20	3.34	3.18
Potash soluble in water	3.34	3.02	3.33	3.23
COTTON SEED MEALS:				
Available phosphoric acid	2.37	1.50	2.46	1.52
Ammonia	7.20	6.97	7.26	7.02
Potash soluble in water	1.67	1.00	1.59	1.02
KAINITS:				
Potash soluble in water	13.10	12.00	13.00	12.00
MURIATE OF POTASH:				
Potash soluble in water	50.96	48.80	50.18	48.54
SULPHATE OF POTASH:				
Potash soluble in water	49.44	48.00	50.29	48.00
NITRATE OF SODA:				
Ammonia (equivalent)	18.10	18.04	18.46	18.01

The following table shows the yearly averages of fertilizer analyses from the time the Board of Trustees took charge of the fertilizer inspection down to the present time:

YEARLY AVERAGE OF ANALYSES FROM 1801 TO 1911, INCLUSIVE.

Season.	Acid Phos- phates.		Acid Phosphates with Potash.			Complete Fertilizers.				Cottonseed Meals.				Kainits.		Muriate of Potash.		Nitrate of Soda.	
	Number of Samples.	Available Phosphoric Acid, Per Cent.	Number of Samples.	Available Phosphoric Acid, Per Cent.	Ammonia, Per Cent.	Potash Soluble in Water, Per Cent.	Number of Samples.	Available Phosphoric Acid, Per Cent.	Ammonia, Per Cent.	Potash Soluble in Water, Per Cent.	Number of Samples.	Available Phosphoric Acid, Per Cent.	Ammonia, Per Cent.	Potash, Soluble in Water, Per Cent.	Number of Samples.	Potash, Soluble in Water, Per Cent.	Number of Samples.	Ammonia, Per Cent.	Number of Samples.
1890-1	49	13.02	19	11.84	2.08	1.96	30	8.87	8.87	1.82	21	12.75	8.87	12.75	1	51.96	1	19.22	1
1891-2	29	12.92	16	11.50	2.80	1.95	25	8.21	8.21	1.82	18	12.51	8.21	12.51	1	51.96	1	18.63	1
1892-3	48	12.32	26	11.63	2.91	1.65	20	2.62	8.40	1.82	20	12.05	8.40	12.05	...	...	...	...	...
1893-4	46	13.24	22	12.01	2.58	1.79	22	2.45	8.64	1.69	17	12.37	8.64	12.37	...	...	...	...	...
1894-5	46	13.55	15	12.09	2.55	1.77	33	2.58	8.19	1.66	19	12.30	8.19	12.30	...	...	...	...	...
1895-6	42	13.43	26	11.99	2.64	1.86	34	2.57	8.45	1.61	16	12.45	8.45	12.45	...	...	...	...	...
1896-7	59	13.61	84	12.06	2.70	1.91	40	2.53	8.69	1.64	22	12.41	8.69	12.41	...	...	...	...	...
1897-8	63	13.67	50	11.54	2.70	1.93	39	2.87	8.39	1.58	20	12.68	8.39	12.68	...	...	...	...	...
1898-9	73	13.74	68	11.77	2.73	2.21	40	2.76	8.25	1.75	14	12.78	8.25	12.78	1	51.93	2	19.23	1
1899-1900	73	13.53	63	11.58	2.73	2.13	52	2.27	8.73	1.63	8	12.73	8.73	12.73	2	50.95	3	18.96	2
1900-1	56	14.00	55	11.49	2.87	2.47	60	2.38	8.55	1.64	12	12.61	8.55	12.61	4	48.92	3	19.01	3
1901-2	45	14.11	51	11.09	2.84	2.34	49	2.57	7.93	1.63	16	12.85	7.93	12.85	4	50.54	3	18.96	3
1902-3	51	13.74	55	10.94	2.69	2.42	69	2.27	8.08	1.48	15	12.92	8.08	12.92	2	50.25	2	19.15	2
1903-4	59	14.32	75	11.12	2.99	2.90	57	2.28	7.92	1.54	11	12.94	7.92	12.94	7	49.79	6	18.87	6
1904-5	81	14.81	82	10.70	3.12	2.90	62	2.41	7.42	1.54	26	12.54	7.42	12.54	6	50.49	7	18.73	7
1905-6	87	14.95	94	10.97	3.26	2.96	71	2.42	7.51	1.57	29	12.83	7.51	12.83	13	50.05	13	18.67	13
1906-7	111	14.95	94	10.76	3.29	3.29	99	2.68	7.32	1.69	30	12.78	7.32	12.78	13	51.62	13	18.49	20
1907-8	91	14.71	64	10.57	3.01	3.01	114	2.37	7.40	1.61	39	12.91	7.40	12.91	15	51.04	17	18.33	17
1908-9	103	15.02	80	10.55	3.03	3.03	115	2.39	7.27	1.71	45	13.03	7.27	13.03	14	50.46	21	18.26	21
1909-10	159	15.18	74	10.16	3.31	3.34	133	2.37	7.20	1.67	73	13.10	7.20	13.10	26	50.93	40	18.10	40
1910-11	187	15.39	101	10.62	3.34	3.33	177	2.46	7.26	1.59	63	13.00	7.26	13.00	24	50.18	50	18.45	50

In this table, as in the preceding ones, the ammonia yielded by the nitrogen in fertilizers is given instead of the nitrogen itself, as in the trade goods are still bought and sold on the ammonia basis. The per cent. of nitrogen is readily calculated, as fourteen-seventeenths of the ammonia is practically the weight of the nitrogen it contains.

Grades.

In the following table the number of acid phosphates, acid phosphates with potash, complete fertilizers and cotton seed meals of each grade according to guarantee, is placed side by side with the number found on analysis to belong to that grade, fertilizers having commercial values equal to those of schedule grades being placed in those grades:

	High.		Standard.		Low.	
	Claimed.	Found.	Claimed.	Found.	Claimed.	Found.
Complete fertilizers .....(941)	608	670	392	258	31	13
Acid phosphates with potash...(101)	66	81	33	13	2	7
Acid phosphates .....(187)	163	180	24	7	0	0
Cotton seed meals .....(177)	0	26	166	140	12	11
Total .....(1,406)	837	957	524	418	45	31

These results are due to the following changes in grade ascertained by analysis:

	Low to High.	Low to Standard.	Standard to High.	High to Standard.	High to Low.	Standard to Low.	No Change.
Complete fertilizers .....(941)	3	19	70	12	0	5	832
Acid phosphates with potash...(101)	1	0	16	0	1	4	80
Acid phosphates .....(187)	0	0	17	1	0	0	169
Cotton seed meals .....(177)	3	3	23	0	0	5	143
Total .....(1,406)	7	22	125	13	1	14	1,224

This shows that out of 1,406 samples, 1,224 were of the grade claimed for them, 154 were of higher grade, and 28 were of lower grade than that claimed for them.

In order to compare the results of the grades of last season with this, the following summary is given:

	1910.		1911.	
Acid phosphates	156	grade claimed	169	grade claimed.
Acid phosphates	1	above grade claimed	17	above grade claimed.
Acid phosphates	2	below grade claimed	1	below grade claimed.
Acid phosphates with potash	49	grade claimed	80	grade claimed.
Acid phosphates with potash	23	above grade claimed	16	above grade claimed.
Acid phosphates with potash	2	below grade claimed	5	below grade claimed.
Complete fertilizers	542	grade claimed	832	grade claimed.
Complete fertilizers	48	above grade claimed	92	above grade claimed.
Complete fertilizers	9	below grade claimed	17	below grade claimed.
Cotton seed meals	103	grade claimed	143	grade claimed.
Cotton seed meals	24	above grade claimed	29	above grade claimed.
Cotton seed meals	6	below grade claimed	5	below grade claimed.
Total	965		1,406	

Farmers' Samples of Fertilizers:

In addition to the official samples, there have been analyzed this season, 119 samples for individual purchasers, as provided for in Section 1540 of the Fertilizer Law.

Waters:

There have been analyzed this season 74 samples of water from different parts of the State. Of these analyses, 60 were sanitary examinations, the remaining 14 mineral water or complete analyses.

Ores and Minerals:

Of the 52 samples included under this head, 47 were assays of ores for gold and silver; 3 were iron ore analyses, and 2 analyses of manganese ores.

In addition to the above, 10 samples of rocks, mineral, etc., have been received for identification and examined.

Miscellaneous:

Of the 9 samples under this head, 2 were examinations in cases of suspected poisoning of human beings.

Distribution of the Work:

The fertilizers were analyzed by Messrs. B. F. Robertson, C. Van W. Cornell, C. W. Rice, and J. E. Toomer.

The analyses of waters, ores, marls, soils, etc., were made chiefly by Mr. B. Freeman. Dr. D. J. McAdam did a little of this work.

The assays for gold and silver have been made by Messrs. D. H. Henry and B. Freeman.

Mr. G. F. Lipscomb made the examinations in the poisoning cases. Mr. Lipscomb was also engaged throughout the year in examining the fertilizers for the presence of unusual ammoniates, especially leather preparations, and in determining the availability of the nitrogen in all suspected cases. During the season, 972 fertilizer samples were examined, these samples including 941 complete fertilizers and 31 samples of bloods and tankages. The nitrogen availability was determined in 123 samples, which were found to be suspicious in character. None of these were found to fall below the 80 per cent. availability requirement. Nine samples were between 80 and 85 per cent.; 41 between 85 and 90 per cent.; 54 between 90 and 95 per cent.; 19 were 95 per cent. and over. Assuming the methods as adopted and conducted by us to give a fair estimate of the availability of the total nitrogen, these results would seem to justify the conclusion that purchasers are getting a fair return for their money in the ammoniates bought. They would further seem to show that the manufacturers, while using rather large quantities of so-called cheaper ammoniates, are furnishing them in an available condition.

It gives me pleasure to be able to say that all of the assistants have done faithful and efficient work.

Very respectfully,

(Signed) R. N. BRACKETT,
Chief Chemist.

Summarized Report of the State Veterinarian.

Clemson College, S. C., Sept. 1, 1911.

Dr. W. M. Riggs, President, Clemson College, S. C.

Dear Sir: I respectfully submit the following summary of my report as State Veterinarian for the fiscal year ending July 1, 1911.

INVESTIGATION AND CONTROL OF CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

Glanders:

This disease was reported and investigation made in the following Counties. The following table shows the number of animals examined and tested—also the number of glandered animals destroyed:

REPORT OF INSPECTIONS FOR GLANDERS.

County.	Mallein Tested.				Physical Examination.			
	Horses.		Mules.		Horses.		Mules.	
	Glandered.	Free.	Glandered.	Free.	Glandered.	Free.	Glandered.	Free.
Abbeville	1
Darlington	1	.....	1	.....
Greenwood	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgetown	1	.....	.....
Hampton	1	.....	.....
Kershaw	2	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....
Lee	2	4	.....	9	2	5	8	10
Newberry	1	.....
Orangeburg	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
Spartanburg	1	.....	.....
Sumter	2	2	.....	2	.....	.....	1	1
Anderson	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florence	1
Greenville	1	.....	.....
Pickens	1
Destroyed	4	.....	1	.....	3	.....	7	.....
Free	9	.....	12	.....	13	.....	14

TUBERCULOSIS.

The following table shows the number of cattle tested and the number found tuberculous during the past year:

Where Tested.	Tuberculous.	Not Tuberculous.	Destroyed.	Quarantined.
Clover .....	.....	9	.....	.....
Rock Hill	2	154	2	.....
Bennettsville .....	.....	4	.....	.....
Ninety-Six .....	.....	19	.....	.....
Due West .....	.....	1	.....	.....
Kanes Neck .....	.....	1	.....	.....
Sumter .....	.....	7	.....	.....
Rock Hill	6	32	3	3
Yorkville .....	.....	2	.....	.....
Ninety-Six	8	51	6	2
Clemson College .....	.....	71	.....	.....
Totals	16	351	11	5

RABIES.

Requests for investigation of this disease were received from Pickens and Orangeburg Counties. In both instances the affected animals died before our arrival. The description of symptoms given by the owners caused us to suspect that the animals (cows and hogs) lost in Orangeburg County were affected with rabies, but the horse lost in Pickens County evidently died from indigestion.

TEXAS FEVER.

Reported in Richland, Darlington, Lexington and Saluda Counties. Owners were given all possible assistance and spread of the disease was prevented. This disease is common in this State, but owing largely to our tick eradication work, owners are so well posted as to the cause that investigation is seldom required.

CEREBRO-SPINAL MENINGITIS

Was reported in Oconee, Darlington and Greenwood Counties. Two of these outbreaks were investigated and owners given information as to necessary preventive measures. The other outbreak was reported by a graduate of this institution, who adopted necessary measures to prevent its spread. No further cases developed on any of these premises.

GASTRO-INTESTINAL PARASITISM.

In every section of the State, heavy losses of sheep and young cattle are occasioned by parasites of the stomach and intestines. Letters received from practically every County show that these parasites are a serious menace to our live stock industry. One investigation was made in Orangeburg County, where ten calves had already died, and many others were in a very weak condition. During the fall and winter, hardly a week passes that letters describing symptoms of parasitic infection are not received. Bulletins describing the cause, symptoms, and preventive treatment for this disease have been published by this division and given wide distribution.

HOG CHOLERA.

Owing to the fact that the South Carolina Experiment Station desired to administer the serum treatment for immunization of hogs throughout the State, the Station Veterinarian was temporarily appointed Acting Assistant Veterinarian from September, 1910, to April, 1911, and his expenses were paid by this division. Reported outbreaks of cholera in Spartanburg, Greenwood, York, Lee, Richland, Florence, Orangeburg, Horry and Greenville Counties were referred to him during this period. Infected premises were quarantined and ordered disinfected, and serum was used in some instances. A report of the results obtained from the use of this serum can be obtained from the report of the S. C. Experiment Station.

Prior to, and following the above-mentioned dates, this office investigated reported outbreaks of cholera in Chester, Darlington, Richland, Marlboro, Newberry, Pickens, Hampton, Orangeburg, Barnwell, Lee and Sumter Counties. Unfortunately, we were compelled, (prior to June 20, 1911), to depend upon sanitary measures alone to control these outbreaks, excepting in three herds where a very limited supply of serum (enough for fifteen or twenty hogs) was furnished by the Experiment Station. On the above-mentioned date, a supply of serum was secured, and in future we will attempt to keep a sufficient supply on hand.

Hog cholera serum is now being manufactured by this office, and we hope to keep sufficient serum on hand to assist in controlling all outbreaks of hog cholera in the State.

ERADICATION OF CATTLE TICKS

Tick eradication is being conducted by this office in co-operation with the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Four Counties (Oconee, Pickens, Greenville and Anderson) have been freed from ticks and released from Federal quarantine, and as a result of this work, the release of the following Counties is expected December 1, 1911: Spartanburg, Laurens, Union, Cherokee, Greenwood, that portion of Abbeville County north of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, that portion of Chester County west of the Southern and Northwestern Railway, and that portion of York County north of the Southern Railway. The release of this section will place over 7,000 square miles of South Carolina above the Federal quarantine line, and will open the world's best cattle markets to twelve Counties of this State.

Violations:

Violations of quarantine regulations have been prosecuted in Oconee, Pickens, Greenville, Spartanburg, Cherokee, Greenwood and York Counties. Thirty cases have been prosecuted. Of these we have had twenty-five convictions, two acquittals—two cases are now pending in circuit court, and the defendant in the other case has fled the State.

We regret the necessity for prosecutions, but successful tick eradication is impossible unless the spread of ticks is prevented by strict enforcement of quarantine regulations.

Present Force of Inspectors:

COLLEGE.	U. S. GOVERNMENT.
Dr. M. Ray Powers, State Veterinarian.	Dr. E. M. Nighbert, Inspector in Charge.
Dr. R. O. Feeley, Asst. State Veterinarian.	Dr. A. P. Edgerly, Assistant, Greenwood.
W. G. Reeder, Richburg.	Dr. Jno. Fahey, Assistant, Spartanburg.
W. F. Gaillard, Pickens.	S. H. Williams, Cowpens.
P. Wylie Spencer, Travelers Rest.	S. P. Clark, Inman.
M. M. Hall, Mt. Carmel.	R. L. Brawley, Gaffney.
L. B. Brandon, Abbeville.	H. C. Wilburn, Gaffney.
Chas. Bruce, McCormick.	Guy S. Scott, Rock Hill.
J. B. Smith, Greenwood.	B. O. Pennington, Hickory Grove.
M. P. McCalla, Greenwood.	J. H. Williams, Sharon.
R. R. Tolbert, Chester.	

INSPECTION OF IMPORTED LIVE STOCK.

Thirty-three States now require imported live stock to be inspected by a veterinarian, and to be accompanied by health certificates. Unfortunately, however, no uniform health certificate nor uniform method of authorizing veterinarians to inspect live stock for interstate shipments has been adopted. Consequently, various forms of health certificates are issued, and quite frequently these are issued by men not qualified to make such inspections.

With a view of remedying these conditions, this office submitted to those States east of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio rivers, a plan which will be adopted January, 1912, and these States will then require a uniform health certificate for all live stock entering this area. Such certificates are to be accepted only from veterinarians of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, or those veterinarians unqualifiedly approved by the live stock sanitary officers of the States in which they reside, such authorization to be revoked if inspections are not satisfactorily made. The adoption of this plan will do much to stop the fraudulent practices now in vogue among some shippers and veterinarians.

Several violations of the State law governing importation of live stock have been investigated in various portions of the State, but sufficient evidence to justify prosecution could not be secured in all cases. One case in Hampton County was thrown out on a technicality at the preliminary hearing. Another case in Edgefield County has been sent to the circuit court, while the third case, in Greenville County, has not yet been given a preliminary hearing.

The following animals were brought into South Carolina during the year ending July 1, 1911:

Horses.. . . .	8,505
Mules.. . . .	19,306
Cattle for feeding.. . . .	6,786
Cattle for dairy purposes (tested and found free from tuberculosis).. . . .	119
Hogs for breeding.. . . .	2,469
Sheep and goats.. . . .	94

**PRESCRIBING FOR ANIMALS AFFECTED WITH NON-CONTAGIOUS
DISEASES.**

Hundreds of letters requesting information concerning non-contagious diseases are received each year. If those making requests of this character can secure the services of qualified veterinarians, they are referred to these practitioners. Letters of this character from communities where there are no veterinarians are given careful attention, and although the symptoms described are usually very indefinite, still it is often possible to help those making these requests, and this work is, therefore, considered one of our most important duties.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) M. RAY POWERS,
State Veterinarian.

Report of the State Entomologist.

Clemson College, S. C., Sept. 1, 1911.

Dr. W. M. Riggs, President, Clemson College, S. C.

Dear Sir: I respectfully submit the following report for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1911:

This season has been interesting and eventful. Phenomena that were expected failed to happen, while those that happened had not been expected at the beginning of the season.

As heretofore, this report is submitted under the following sub-heads:

1. Nursery Inspection.
2. Certification of nurseries outside of South Carolina.
3. Nursery quarantine work.
4. Boll weevil quarantine work.
5. General insect control.
6. The problem before us.

NURSERY INSPECTION.

The nursery inspection work during the past season was carried on with considerable care, and a greater number of details were observed than in previous years. These details were necessary as a preliminary step for recommendations intended to bring our nursery service in this State to a standard equal to that of any State in the Union.

At this writing, not all of the Inspectors' reports have been received, and the following statement on the condition of nurseries in South Carolina at the close of the present season is not quite complete. A supplementary statement can be made in a very short time which will fully represent present conditions.

The Nurseries of South Carolina:

Oakway Nurseries, (W. T. Bearden, Prop.), Westminster, S. C.; Route 2. Inspected October 20, 1911; apples, 4,000; grapes, 100; certificate issued October 20, 1911, No. 6; tags, 100.

Madden Nursery, (D. A. Madden, Prop.), Ware Shoals, S. C.

Inspected October 4th, 1911; apples, 2,000; pears, 75; certificate issued October 14, 1911, No. 5, duplicates 3.

C. A. Moss, Spartanburg, S. C., Greenhouses. Inspected September 30, 1911; carnations, 25,000; roses, 2,000; ferns and cyclameas; certificate issued September 30, 1911, No. 7; tags 300.

C. M. Newman, Charleston, S. C., Greenhouses. Inspected October 27, 1911; grapes, 25; ornamental hedges, mainly armora privet, 3,000; roses 20,000; certificate issued October 27, 1911; No. 14; tags 100.

Greenville Nursery Co., Greenville, S. C. Inspected July 13, 1911; apples, 40,000; peach, 6,000; pear, 2,000; grape, 7,000; cherry, 1,000; ornamental plants, 750; shade trees, 5,500; roses, 1,811; hedges, 5,000; catalpas, 100; certificate issued July 13th; No. 1; tags 100.

Greenville Floral Co., Greenville, S. C., Greenhouse; dealers and growers of ornamental plants and cut flowers. Inspected Sept. 14, 1911; certificate issued Sept. 14, 1911, No. 17; tags 300.

Jude Robinson, Rowesville, S. C. Inspected October 30, 1911; pecan, 25,000; certificate issued October 30, 1911, No. 11; tags 100.

M. C. Dantzler, Orangeburg, S. C. Inspected October 29, 1911; pecan, 12,000; certificate issued October 29, 1911, No. 18; tags 100.

Hall Nursery Co., Iva, S. C. Inspected November 11, 1911; pecan, 10,000; certificate issued November 11, 1911, No. 3; tags 100.

W. D. Woods, Darlington, S. C. Inspected November 8th, 1911; shade trees, estimated, 4,000; certificate issued November 8, 1911, No. 19.

All South Carolina certificates expire June 1 following date of inspection.

Stock handled by the nurseries is recorded as stock grown, and a detailed list of home grown and imported stock is kept on file in this office. It is apparent under the rules and regulations of the State Board, that nurseries handling imported stock must have the stock shipped direct to destination, and a South Carolina certificate is required to remove it from one premises to another within the State.

In order to bring the nursery stock service of our State to a high standard, it will be recommended that after this shipping season, every nursery in this State must provide itself with a

fumigating equipment that is approved by the State Entomologist, and that all stock shipped from said nurseries in the future must be previously fumigated according to prescribed standard regulations. Important revisions of the law will be recommended.

CERTIFICATION OF NURSERIES OUTSIDE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

This office rigidly enforced the rules and regulations of the State Board of Entomology requiring the out-of-State nurseries doing business in this State to file with the State Entomologist a copy of their Certificate of Inspection, and a certificate that said nurseries are properly equipped for fumigation. By "properly equipped" is meant that the equipment has been approved by the State Entomologist of the State in which the nursery is located. Before inter-state permits are issued, the nurseries are required to sign a pledge that they will fumigate with the standard formula all nursery stock (except conifers) before the stock leaves the nursery.

The following is a list of the nurseries to whom inter-state permits were issued. The list is not complete at this writing. This list is not entirely satisfactory to the Entomologist, but we have done the best we could under the circumstances, and are prepared to handle it in every detail another season:

ALABAMA.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter.-S. Per	Tags No. Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
Chase Nursery Co.....	Huntsville	July 29 to Aug. 5, '11	8	5	100	July 15, 1912
Eagle Pecan Co.	Pittsview	Sept. 5, '11	20	70	100	July 15, 1912
Oaklawn Nursery	Huntsville	July 29, '11	1	60	100	July 15, 1912
Fraser Nursery Co.	Huntsville	Aug. 3, '11	7	62	100	July 15, 1912
Huntsville Wholesale Nurs.	Huntsville	Aug. 12, '11	6	14	100	July 15, 1912
Total: 5.						

FLORIDA.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter.-S. Per	Tags No. Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
Turkey Creek Nurseries...	Macclenny	Oct. 14, '11	65	100	July 15, 1912	
Glen St. Mary Nurs. Co.	Glen St. Mary	Oct. 12, '11	68	200	July 15, 1912	
Summit Nurseries.	Monticello	Sept. 28, '11	58	200	July 15, 1912	
Griffing Bros.	Macclenny	Oct. 13, '11	72	100	July 15, 1912	
Simpson Nursery Co.	Monticello	Sept. 22, '11	46	100	July 15, 1912	

GEORGIA.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter.-S. Per	Tags No. Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
Upson Nurseries	Yatesville	Aug. 24, '11	9	13	200	Aug. 24, 1912
P. J. Berckman Co.	Augusta	Aug. 9, '11	12	10	1,000	Aug. 9, 1912
Excelsior Nurseries	Rome	Aug. 23, '11	7	7	100	Aug. 23, 1912
O. C. Oelschig & Sons....	Savannah	May 18, '11	5	100	May 18, 1912	
Concord Nurseries	Concord	Aug. 17, '11	4	19	500	Aug. 17, 1912
Jas. Cureton	Austell	Aug. 28, '11	39	64	100	Aug. 28, 1912
S. W. Peek	Hartwell	Sept. 7, '11	37	53	100	Sept. 7, 1912
G. M. Bacon Pecan Co....	DeWitt	Sept. 7, '11	13	50	100	Sept. 7, 1912

ILLINOIS.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter-S. Per No.	Tags Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
George Witthold Co.	Edgebrook and Evanston .	Sept. 3, '11 ...	...	2.....	100...	July 27, 1912

INDIANA.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter-S. Per No.	Tags Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
Penhandle Nurseries	Greenfield	Aug. 1, '11	40...	61.....	4*...	Aug. 1, 1912
The Weber Nursery	Greenfield	July 24, '11 ..	43...	47.....	...	July 24, 1912

*By special arrangement.

KANSAS.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter-S. Per No.	Tags Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
Topeka Nurseries	Topeka	Sept. 9, '11 ..	A810...	45.....	100...	June 29, 1912
Willis Nurseries	Ottawa	July 8, '11 ...	A801...	89.....	200...	July 8, 1912

MARYLAND.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter-S. Per No.	Tags Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
J. G. Harrison & Sons ...	Berlin	Aug. 29, '11 ..	23...	16.....	200...	Sept. 15, 1912
Franklin Davis Nurs. Co...	Mulliken	Aug. 4, '11 ...	10...	49.....	100...	Aug. 4, 1912

MISSOURI.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter-S. Per No.	Tags Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
Stark Bros. Nurs. and Orchard	Louisiana	July 24, '11 ....	...	6.....	500...	July 24, 1912
Wild Bros. Nursery Co....	Sarcozie	July 17, '11 ..	25...	12.....	100...	July 17, 1912

NEW YORK.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter-S. Per No.	Tags Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
Jackson & Perkins	Newark	Sept. 1, '11 ..	61...	21.....	100...	Sept. 1, 1912
Geo. S. Josseyln	Fredonia	Sept. 22, '11 ..	10...	23.....	100...	Sept. 1, 1912
T. S. Hubbard Co.	Fredonia	Sept. 16, '11 ..	11...	26.....	100...	Sept. 1, 1912
Ellwanger & Barry.....	Rochester	Sept. 16, '11 ..	74...	23.....	100...	Sept. 1, 1912
Arcadia Rose Co.....	Newark	Sept. 1, '11 ..	1,342...	29.....	100...	Sept. 1, 1912
Green's Nursery Co.	Rochester	Oct. 13, '11 ...	106...	71.....	...	Sept. 1, 1912
Sheerin's Wholesale Nurs.	Dansville	Sept. 28, '11 ..	687...	61.....	...	Sept. 1, 1912
Foster & Griffith	Fredonia	Sept. 15, '11 ..	740...	63.....	...	Sept. 1, 1912
F. R. Pierson Co.....	Tarrytown	Sept. 29, '11 ..	424...	54.....	...	Sept. 1, 1912
Lewis Roesch & Sons.....	Fredonia	Sept. 30, '11 ..	45...	48.....	100...	Sept. 1, 1912
F. E. Schifferli	Fredonia	Sept. 29, '11 ..	25...	56.....	...	Sept. 1, 1912
Glen Bros.	Rochester	Oct. 4, '11	267...	52.....	...	Sept. 1, 1912
Perry Nursery Co.	Rochester	Sept., '11	178...	77.....	...	Sept. 1, 1912
Richland Nurseries	Rochester	Sept. 16, '11 ..	1,410...	24.....	...	Sept. 1, 1912

NEW JERSEY.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter-S. Per No.	Tags Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
Greer Nurseries	Riverton	Aug. 26, '11 ..	1...	17.....	1,000...	Aug. 26, 1912
Peter Henderson & Co. ...	Jersey City ...	Aug. 24, '11 ..	18...	22.....	100...	Aug. 26, 1912
North Jersey Nurseries....	Millburn	Sept. 22, '11 ..	69...	44.....	100...	Sept. 22, 1912

NORTH CAROLINA.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter-S. Per No.	Tags Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
J. Van Lindley Nurs. Co..	Kernersville and Pomona ..	Sept. 14, '11 ..	31...	30.....	1,500...	Sept. 30, 1912
Maple Grove Nurs. Co....	Hartshorn	Sept. 16, '11 ..	32...	43.....	100...	Sept. 30, 1912
Oakland Nursery	Lucama	Sept. 13, '11 ..	19...	69.....	100...	Sept. 30, 1912
Greensboro Nurseries	Greensboro ...	Sept. 14, '11 ..	30...	35.....	500...	Sept. 30, 1912
Catawba Nursery Co.....	Newton	Sept. 25, '11 ..	46...	37.....	100...	Sept. 30, 1912
Killian Nursery	Newton	Sept. 25, '11 ..	44...	36.....	100...	Sept. 30, 1912
Throneburg Nursery	Newton	Sept. 25, '11 ..	45...	38.....	100...	Sept. 30, 1912
Valdesian Nurseries	Bostic	Sept. 13, '11 ..	5...	75.....	100...	Sept. 30, 1912
Biltmore Nurseries	Biltmore	Sept. 13, '11 ..	1...	18.....	100...	Sept. 30, 1912

OHIO.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter-S. Per No.	Tags Ordered.	Cert. Exp.
W. M. Scarff	New Carlisle ..	Aug. 4, '11 ...	9...	31.....	100...	Sept. 15, 1912
Schmidt & Botley	Springfield	Sept. 18, '11 ..	155...	16.....	100...	Sept. 15, 1912
W. A. Allen & Sons	Geneva	Sept. 18, '11 ..	154...	34.....	...	Sept. 15, 1912
Storrs & Harrison	Painesville	Aug. 4, '11 ...	10...	30.....	100...	Sept. 15, 1912

PENNSYLVANIA.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter.-S. Per	Tags No. Ordered.	Cert.	Exp.
Wm. Warner Harper	Chestnut Hill,	Aug. 18, '11	1,747	11	100	Aug. 31,	1912
Hoopes Bros. & Thomas Co.	Westchester	Aug. 25, '11	1,758	9	100	Aug. 31,	1912
Thomas Meehan & Sons	Germantown	Aug. 23, '11	1,756	40	100	Aug. 31,	1912
Henry A. Dreer	Philadelphia	Aug. 26, '11				Aug. 31,	1912
Thos. Meehan & Sons	Dresher	Sept. 20, '11	1,803	40	100	Aug. 31,	1912

TENNESSEE.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter.-S. Per	Tags No. Ordered.	Cert.	Exp.
Globe Nurseries	Bristol	July 11, '11	204	2	100	Aug. 1,	1912
Southern Nursery Co.	Winchester	July 6, '11	24	33	1,000	Aug. 1,	1912
Standard Nursery Co.	Powell Station	July 21, '11	43	41	100	Aug. 1,	1912
Commercial Nursery Co.	Winchester	July 13, '11	26	67	4*	Aug. 1,	1912
The Harris Nursery	Greenbrier	July 28, '11	204	59	100	Aug. 1,	1912
Howell Nurseries	Knoxville	July 22, '11	49	57		Aug. 1,	1912
Fletcher & Harrison Nurseries	Cleveland	July 18, '11	40	55	100	Aug. 1,	1912
J. C. Hale Nursery Co.	Winchester	July 14, '11	34	28	100	Aug. 1,	1912
Knoxville Nursery Co.	Knoxville	July 22, '11	42	20	200	Aug. 1,	1912

TEXAS.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter.-S. Per	Tags No. Ordered.	Cert.	Exp.
J. V. Munson	Dennison	Sept. 6, '11	227	8	100	July 1,	1912

VIRGINIA.

Name of Nursery.	Location.	Date Inspected.	Cert. No.	Inter.-S. Per	Tags No. Ordered.	Cert.	Exp.
Virginia Nurseries	Richmond	Aug. 25, '11	366	73	100	Sept. 1,	1912
Old Dominion Nurseries	Richmond	Aug. 25, '11	364	74	100	Sept. 1,	1912

*By special arrangement.

The inspection of large nurseries requires several days—in the above schedule, only the last date is recorded.

Summarizing the foregoing record, we have the following:

State.	Number Nurseries.	Number Ordering Tags.	Number Tags Ordered.	Per Cent. Ordering.
Alabama	5	5	500	100%
Florida	5	5	700	100%
Georgia	3	3	2,200	100%
Illinois	1	1	100	100%
Indiana	2			
Kansas	2	2	300	100%
Maryland	2	2	300	100%
Missouri	2	2	600	100%
New York	16	7	700	44%
New Jersey	3	2	1,100	66%
North Carolina	9	9	2,900	100%
Ohio	4	31	300	75%
Pennsylvania	5	4	400	80%
Tennessee	9	7	1,700	98%
Texas	1	1	100	100%
Virginia	2	2	200	100%

The largest number of nurseries from any given State is New York, with 16 nurseries, nearly twice as many as the total number from any other two States. The number ordering tags is a little less than 44 per cent., with the total number of tags

amounting to 700. With the exception of one Southern State, 100 per cent. of all the nurseries of the Southern States that filed credentials ordered tags, showing an active business among those nurseries, Tennessee being the only exception with 78 per cent., which, however, is counterbalanced by the third largest number of tags going to the seven nurseries on file from that State. Counting Southern Missouri as South, out of the 12,100 interstate tags so far ordered, 9,200 are for Southern grown stock against 2,900 for Northern grown stock, New Jersey alone having ordered 1,100.

Considering the fact that much of the stock from the Northern States consists of bulbs, strawberry and flowering plants, it appears from the above figures that but a small per cent. of our nursery stock is Northern grown stock, and that nurseries and individuals in this State acting as agents, are handling Southern grown stock. We hope to be able to require another year that all stock not grown by the nursery from whom ordered must bear a certificate stating the locality where the stock was grown.

Whenever trees, shrubs, cuttings, vines, bulbs or roots are shipped into this State without having attached to every bundle or package the certificate of the Government Entomologist of the State in which the stock was grown, or if the interstate tag of the South Carolina State Board of Entomology is absent, the shipment is in violation of the State laws, and no person is permitted to deliver or receive same until it has been inspected by the State Entomologist and declared free from injurious insect pests and plant diseases.

This office utilizes every opportunity for familiarizing itself with the various nurseries shipping into this State, and this information is of great value in handling violations.

The following is a current record of violations of interstate shipments. Where stock was released, it was done on satisfactory evidence that it was clean—this evidence was secured by actual inspection or otherwise.

Name and Address.	Consigned To	Nature of Violation.	Disposition.
Groenwegen & Son, Rotterdam, Holland	J. H. Cremer & Son, Spartanburg, S. C.	Strawberry plants	Released
Evergreen Nursery Co., Sturgeon Bay, Wis.	Greenville Nursery Co., Greenville, S. C.	Evergreens	Released
Geo. Wittbold & Co., Chicago, Ill.	F. M. Kirby Co., Greenville, S. C.	Palms and ferns	Released
L. Darrow, 28 Barclay St., New York	E. Bovey, Greenville, S. C.	Lily bulbs	Released
Robt. Buist & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.	Mauldin Pharmacy, Greenville, S. C.	Bulbs	Released

T. W. Wood & Sons, Richmond, Va.	Sloan Bros., Greenville, S. C. Bulbs	Released
Franklin Davis Co., Mulliken, Md.	Emil Bovey, Greenville, S. C. 1 box trees.....	Released
Robt. Buist & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.	Mauldin's Pharmacy, Greenville, S. C.....	1 box and 1 bale bulbs...Released
Marshall E. Reeves, Barre-gat, N. J.....	Greenville Nursery Co., Greenville, S. C.....	10 bales moss.....Released

It should be stated that every reasonable consideration was used this season in dealing with violations, owing to the more rigid enforcement of the law. First violations were released upon inspection, if it was considered safe, except cotton seed and seed cotton, which was not allowed to proceed to destination.

THE BOLL WEEVIL QUARANTINE WORK.

The boll weevil act has been more rigidly enforced than heretofore. When the writer took charge on March 8th, it appeared to him that some modifications of the restrictions would be necessary owing to the continually changing conditions in the cotton belt since the law was passed in 1907. The weevil has been spreading continually every season and under favorable conditions, it will require about five years to reach this State. The mills of the State have co-operated in every way possible to have the provisions of the law made effective. In their orders for western lint, they have it provided in their contracts that the material originate outside of weevil-infested territory. The mills of the Carolinas have depended on the lower Mississippi valley for their long staple. These mills equipped themselves at considerable expense with special machinery for handling long staple. The territory from which this supply was obtained is rapidly being covered by the weevil. While South Carolina has greatly improved its fibre, there is not enough grown to supply the mills, making it apparent that if our law would be rigidly enforced, it would severely injure one of the greatest industries of our State. In some cases, no doubt, the principles of self-preservation has compelled mills to evade the quarantine law.

Upon taking charge, the first question to determine was whether the quarantine could be enforced. As a preliminary test, the writer issued the quarantine notice to take effect September 10th. This led to the joint meeting of the South Carolina State Board of Entomology and the representatives

of the Cotton Manufacturers' Association at Greenville, S. C., on September 9th, when revised rules and regulations were adopted. Under these rules and regulations, it is a comparatively easy matter to evade the quarantine regulations if any shippers care to do so. Before making any recommendations, the writer has arranged for a meeting of the cotton belt Entomologists at Atlanta, December 5th and 6th, 1911, for the purpose of discussing plans for uniformity of requirements among the different States affected. The result of the meeting will be appended to this report.

In order to facilitate the work of carrying out the rules and regulations of the Board, this office sent out current quarantine notices, giving the infested and uninfested Counties in order to guide shippers ordering lint from the Southwest. Notices were issued on September 20th, September 30th, and November 6th.

The following is a current record of violations that came to the attention of this office:

Consignor.	Consignee.	Material.	Disposition.
J. R. Cleveland, Decatur, Miss.	G. W. Hendrix, Waterloo, S. C.	Cotton Seed...	Confiscated 8/20, 1911.
J. R. Cleveland, Decatur, Miss.	J. A. Fairly, St. Matthews, S. C.	Cotton Seed...	
J. R. Cleveland, Decatur, Miss.	W. A. G. Jamison, Liberty, S. C.	Cotton Seed...	Seed planted.
Greenwood, Miss.	W. S. Gray Cotton Mills, Greenville, S. C.	Baled Cotton	Released 8/12/11.
Memphis, Tenn.	W. S. Gray, Cotton Mills, Greenville, S. C.	Baled Cotton	Released 8/12/11.
Greenville, Miss.	W. S. Gray Cotton Mills, Greenville, S. C.	Baled Cotton	Released 8/12/11.
Falls, Miss.	W. S. Gray Cotton Mills, Greenville, S. C.	Baled Cotton	Released 8/16/11.
New Orleans, La.	Pacole Manufacturing Co., Pacolet, S. C.	Baled Cotton	Released 8/30/11.
Vicksburg, Miss.	C. P. Matthews Co., Spartanburg, S. C.	Baled Cotton	

An additional shipment of cotton seed was confiscated and destroyed at Southern freight depot, Greenville, March 28, 1911. This shipment was from weevil territory in Oklahoma.

When the responsibility of the consignor is known, also the consignee, together with the contract under which the consignment is imported, release may be authorized on acceptable affidavit that the shipment originated outside of boll weevil territory. This precaution is taken because an expense bill may show cotton to have originated in boll-weevil territory when it really has not. This precaution applies only to compressed bales and to no other cotton products.

The following revised Rules and Regulations governing the shipments of cotton and cotton by-products, as well as nursery

stock, were adopted by the Board at their respective meetings on March 12th and September 9th, 1911:

Rules and Regulations of the South Carolina State Board of Entomology for the Government of the Entomologist in Carrying Out the Provisions of "The Act Governing the Sale and Transportation of Nursery Stock." Adopted March 12, 1911:

"In accordance with an Act of the Legislature of South Carolina, approved the 23rd of February, A. D. 1903, we, the State Board of Entomology, appointed according to the provision of said Act, by the Board of Trustees of Clemson College, have adopted the following Rules and Regulations, to govern the inspection, certification, sale, transportation and introduction of trees, plants, shrubs, cuttings, bulbs, buds, vines, or roots which we deem necessary and advisable to prevent the introduction or dissemination of injurious insects and plant diseases in the State:

"Sec. 1. The Entomologist of Clemson College, who shall be known as State Entomologist, shall direct the work required under this Act. He shall inspect before the first day of November of each year, every nursery and every place in the State of S. C., where trees, plants, shrubs, cuttings, buds, vines, bulbs or roots, are sold or offered for sale. Whenever the inspection shows the stock sound and free from injurious insects and diseases, a certificate of inspection is issued. When the premises are found to be infested, the certificate shall be withheld until they are cleaned. Infested orchards shall be treated whenever discovered, the actual cost of treatment of orchards and nurseries, not including Entomologists' traveling expenses, to be borne by the owner of the premises. All certificates are invalid after the first day of June each year, and must be renewed before the first day of November of that year.

"Sec. 2. All nurserymen and dealers in trees, plants, shrubs, cuttings, buds, vines, bulbs, or roots, residing within this State, must not sell or transport, or give away any stock unless the certificate of the South Carolina State Board of Entomology declaring the same to be sound and apparently free from injurious insects and plant diseases, has been issued. Such certificate must be attached to every bundle or package of every consignment.

"Sec. 3. Stock designed for points outside of the State must be accompanied by the South Carolina certificate, as provided in Section 2. It must also be accompanied by an interstate tag issued by the inspection office of the State to which consigned. The tag is procured by sending, or requesting this office to send to the inspection office of the State to which shipment is to be made, a copy of the South Carolina certificate. Tags can be furnished at cost of printing.

"Sec. 4. Stock coming from other States, Countries and Provinces, and consigned to points within this State, must be accompanied by the official certificate or inspection tag issued in the State, Country or Province where shipment originated, also an interstate permit from the South Carolina Board of Entomology. This interstate permit can be issued only after the certificate of inspection of the State or country where shipment originated has been filed with the South Carolina State Board of Entomology, and it is further required that the fumigation certificate of the South Carolina State Board is properly filled out and filed in the office of the Entomologist of the South Carolina State Board.

"Sec. 5. Inspection tags are merely fac-simile copies of original inspection certificates, which are issued by the various inspection offices at cost of printing. All shipments coming from other States, and all those destined for other States, may be held subject to inspection at destination."

Regulations, Revised and Adopted September 9, 1911, Governing the State Entomologist in Carrying Out the Provisions of the Boll-Weevil Act:

Regulation No. 1. None of the articles quarantined against by this Act shall be delivered or received if coming from any boll weevil infected territory whatever.

Regulation No. 2. No transportation company shall deliver in South Carolina any of the articles enumerated in the Act which come from a County in which the boll weevil is known to exist. The non-existence of the boll weevil in any County shall be determined by the latest official report of the boll weevil status issued by the Bureau of Entomology, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Regulation No. 3. The local agents of the transportation companies in this State shall notify at once the State Entomologist

at Clemson College of the arrival of articles in violation of Regulation No. 2, and shall hold the same for his inspection. Upon receipt of such notice, the Entomologist shall proceed at once to investigate the shipment. If he finds upon investigation that such shipment is in violation of Regulation No. 2, he shall order the railroad in writing, and the consignor or consignee by wire, to remove said shipment from the State at once.

Regulation No. 4. The local agents of the transportation companies in this State shall notify the State Entomologist at Clemson College of any shipments packed in any of the articles specified in the Act, and hold the same for his inspection. If those shipments are in violation of Regulation No. 2, the supplies shall be unpacked in the presence of the Entomologist, and the material used in packing shall be destroyed by him.

Regulation No. 5. Any communication concerning this matter shall be addressed to the State Board of Entomology of South Carolina, care of the State Entomologist, Clemson College, S. C.

INSECT CONTROL.

In the general insect control work of this office the panorama of the season opened with the green bug or Southern grain louse. This notorious grain pest openly threatened us with an invasion, but occurring late in the season, together with the large number of parasites present, we had every reason to depend on warm weather to break it up. The weather deserted us, and the oat crop of the central part of the State was severely injured.

The green bug invasion was immediately followed by severe sporadic outbreaks of the cow pea curculio, *Chalcodermus aeneus* on cotton. This was followed by outbreaks of cut worms. The next performance consisted of a general battle between the cotton leaf louse and the common lady bug, *Hippodamia convergens*. Warm showers formed a favorable ally of the lady bug and caused this insect to come out victorious. This battle was observed by most farmers of the State and it was one of the most inspiring performances of the season.

While the heavy correspondence was being carried on, this office was observing the approach of the cotton caterpillar from the Southwest. It was not expected to reach us before the middle of October, after which little injury would be done. This pest

entered the State in early October, and closed the season with one of the most interesting and best advertised performances of the year.

The status of all the outbreaks is carefully observed by this office, and suggestions will be issued from time to time as the situation changes, in order to avoid, as far as possible, losses from the same source next season.

A large amount of data is on file regarding other insect outbreaks, and these records will be reported in bulletins the coming season.

THE PROBLEM BEFORE US.

In previous years it was totally impossible for this office to keep in touch with insect phenomena throughout the State. With the increased facilities, however, this part of the work will be handled efficiently next season.

There is at present no fumigation requirement for our nurseries in South Carolina. Those who are not properly equipped and who are doing an active business, are willing to meet such requirements, so as to enable them to ship to other States. It will, therefore, be recommended at the next meeting of the Board of Entomology that the Rules and Regulations shall include the following statement :

"All nurseries in South Carolina shall provide themselves with a fumigating equipment approved by the State Entomologist. All nursery stock (except conifers) shall be properly fumigated with Hydrocyanic acid gas, using the standard formula. After June 1st, 1911, no certificates shall be issued to any nursery in South Carolina, unless such nurseries are properly equipped for fumigating and the owner or manager of the nursery pledges himself to fumigate all stock in accordance with the directions of the State Entomologist.

"A bulletin fully describing fumigating houses and boxes, together with standard formulas and directions for fumigation, is now in preparation and will be issued soon. Further minor recommendations will be submitted to you previous to Jan. 1, 1912."

Our boll weevil quarantine work is in a very unsettled condition, however, and recommendations for legislation will be submitted in a short time. While it appears that boll weevils could

easily be carried in interstate shipments of compressed cotton, yet the fact is that dissemination by this method has never been proven. As soon as the present plans are matured, the writer will attempt a recommendation for the disposition of this problem, and which is intended to secure the closest co-operation between the cotton manufacturers, planters, transportation companies, and the quarantine service, and yet will provide a very reasonable safeguard against accidental or artificial introduction.

There was appropriated for this work during the past fiscal year for operating expenses, \$500.00. This was used as follows:

Entomological Inspection.. . . .	\$250.00
Orchard Inspection and Assistance.. . . .	200.00
Supplies.. . . .	50.00
	————— \$500.00

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) A. F. CONRADI,
State Entomologist.

Summarized Report of the South Carolina Experiment Station.

Clemson College, S. C., Sept. 1, 1911.

Dr. W. M. Riggs, President, Clemson College, S. C.

Dear Sir: I have the honor of submitting herewith a brief report of the work of the South Carolina Experiment Station for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911. A full and detailed report will appear as a separate publication.

Most of the experiments now under way are continuations of those planned a few years ago.

The Station officers continue to have thousands of letters from farmers of the State, asking detailed advice on nearly every subject connected with agriculture. This giving to the farmers at first hand the results of experiments conducted at our Station and elsewhere is one of the important features of our experimental work. That the information we give in these letters is appreciated, is attested by hundreds of letters received from farmers recognizing their importance.

During the year nearly every member, of the Station staff, has given assistance to the Superintendent of the Extension Division in making addresses at various agricultural meetings held in different parts of the State.

The Station made an exhibit at the State Fair which was viewed by thousands of people who took great interest in the exhibit, which was of educational value.

The Station continues to co-operate with the Department of Agriculture in a number of experiments, such as the testing of forage plants and leguminous crops in different sections of the State, and in working out the life history of some of the most injurious cotton and corn insects; in making a plant disease survey of the State; in developing immune varieties of cotton to resist the cotton wilt disease.

The mailing list of the Station is constantly growing. We have now about 18,000 names of farmers on our mailing list who receive all of the publications issued by the Station.

Some of the most important problems now being investigated are as follows:

Experiments to determine the fertilizer requirements of upland soils of South Carolina for the various staple crops when grown in a number of different rotations. We have accumulated valuable data, covering a period of about six years. We have found that potash, except in small quantities, is not needed for the staple crops in the Piedmont Section. Corn requires more potash than does cotton. In our rotation experiments, we have found that a two-year rotation—that is, cotton with a winter cover crop, followed by corn with peas—is as effective in building up the soil as a three or four-year rotation.

We have continued our experiments in developing new types of cotton. This breeding work has been along two lines.

(1) To develop a high yielding, big boll variety,

(2) To develop a long staple, high yielding variety.

Our long staple variety, that we have developed at this college, outyields all of the other long staple varieties grown in the State. It will now be our object to establish this variety and get as much of the seed grown as possible to be distributed to the farmers. To make comparisons, we have about fifty of the standard varieties of cotton under test. Our breeding work also includes selection for increasing yield, length and quality of fiber, and the size of the boll and general vigor of the plant. We have a number of varieties of cotton growing in practically every County of the State, and we find that the different types of soil require different varieties of cotton, as some varieties of cotton are better adapted to one type of soil than to others.

We have continued our breeding work with corn and have been successful in increasing the uniformity of the ear and increasing the yield of grain. We have developed a splendid variety for ensilage. We have three other varieties that give splendid yields, and will be in position to distribute several hundred bushels of corn throughout the State next spring.

Our experiments with fertilizers containing various sources of ammonia are being continued. A report on these will be made next spring.

During the past year we have accumulated data that showed that oats and wheat should be well fertilized in the fall, and should receive no other fertilizer in the spring, except a top dressing of nitrate of soda. Where we applied the same amount of fertilizer in the spring as in the fall, we got only half the

increase from check as we did from plots receiving full application of fertilizer in the fall.

We have completed five years' tests with various cover crops, and find that vetch and rye are the best. Vetch and rye should be turned under early in the spring when the ground is in good condition for plowing.

In our experiments to determine the best grass to be used in holding terraced banks, we find that the Texas blue grass is the best grass for this purpose on terraces with northern exposure, and Bermuda the best when the exposure is southern.

We have just completed a four-years' test of acid phosphate in comparison with floats, and these tests show that acid phosphate gives far better results than floats.

For four years the Station has conducted experiments to determine the effect of pollen from barren stalks on the yield of corn. While we do not find that the corn decreases in yield from year to year, we do find that the pollen from the barren stalks affects the position of the ear on the stalk.

The Station is conducting elaborate experiments with grape culture, especially with the *Rotundifolia* type. These experiments cover methods of pruning, training the vines, and breeding new varieties, also the testing of about 125 varieties of bunch grapes.

The experiments with asparagus have been most interesting. The male plants of asparagus produce 50 per cent. more stalks than do the female plants. The male plants also appear to be more resistant to rust.

The new variety of okra developed by Prof. Newman has been scattered broadcast throughout the State, and it is considered the best variety ever planted.

The Station continues work in trying to devise means of combatting pear blight. No definite remedy has been discovered, but the work thus far is promising.

The horticultural experiments cover a broad field, as experiments with apples, peaches and with a great variety of vegetables.

The work along the line of plant diseases has been of a high order. Prof. Barre has continued his anthracnose investigations, and he has found that this dreaded disease can be easily eradicated in one season by a careful method of selection. Prof. Barre has devoted most of the year to the investigation of this

disease, and in devising methods of keeping sweet potatoes. He finds that the rot of sweet potatoes is due largely to various bacteria and fungus diseases that with little care can be avoided.

The Station work along entomological lines has been confined largely to the cotton and corn root louse and corn wire-worm. These insects cause considerable damage in the State. Prof. Conradi has an assistant in Marion County devoting all of his time to the study of the life history and methods of control of these insects. During the year, Prof. Conradi has conducted experiments in Colleton County, in working out the life history of the cotton wire-worm, and he has run experiments in rotation, using repellents and cultural methods. There have been a number of miscellaneous insect outbreaks throughout the State, such as red spider and pine bark beetle, and these insects are receiving the attention of the Entomologist. He has co-operated with a great number of farmers in spraying their orchards, groves and shade trees, and a great deal of useful information has been given out by this method. His experiments in the State have saved thousands of dollars to the fruit growers during the last year.

The Chemist of the Station has obtained valuable data with the different forms of nitrogenous manures. He is also getting along splendidly with his work in determining the cause of cotton seed meal poisoning. The Chemical Division has about completed the work that the Station has been prosecuting with the sweet potato. A full report of the sweet potato investigations will be issued soon as a bulletin. Prof. Keitt's investigation of the phosphoric acid content of soil has been the most complete work on this subject that has been done in the South. Prof. Keitt has made a great number of miscellaneous analyses of soils, etc., during the past year.

The Animal Husbandry Division of the Station has continued its study of the physiological effect of feeding large amounts of cotton seed to dairy cattle. These experiments show conclusively that when dairy cattle are fed from 6 to 8 lbs. daily of cotton seed meal, through long periods, that udder trouble and other physiological disturbances take place which are more or less injurious to the cow. The Station has built up a splendid herd of Berkshire hogs and we now have a first class Jersey herd—although small.

The following are some of the most important projects under the Adams Act being prosecuted by the Station:

Investigation of the parasites of the intestinal tracts of ruminants.

Experiments to determine the relation of temperature to insect activity.

The cause and dissemination of contagious abortion in cattle.

Physiological and pathological effects of feeding large amounts of cotton seed meal to cows.

Experiments to determine the cause of cotton seed meal poisoning in hogs.

A study to determine the relation that exists between soil types and the length of the fiber of cotton.

Experiments to determine the effect of foreign pollen on the productiveness of the varieties of *Rotundifolia* grapes.

A study of the life history of the fungus which causes anthracnose in cotton.

Experiments to determine the relation that exists between the moisture evaporated by plants and the amount of nitrates in the soil.

Experiments to determine the various factors affecting the composition of cotton seed with special reference to the content, and the location of the form of phosphoric acid in the seed on upland varieties of cotton.

Experiments to determine the influence of environment on heredity.

Experiments to determine the influence of excessively rich carbohydrate ration on the fecundity of sows.

Experiments to determine the cause of the shedding of cotton.

Experiments to determine the cause of the partial insolubility in water of potash salts when mixed with basic slag.

The work of the Coast Station near Summerville during the past year has progressed most satisfactorily. We have completed the drainage of more than 100 acres and during the past year we had growing on this formerly wet, swampy land, magnificent crops. The yield of cotton was more than one bale per acre; the oat yield, more than fifty bushels; and the corn yield averaged fifty bushels. The drainage system is working perfectly, and the health of the employees has been good. Large yields of hay and forage crops have been obtained. We are now

conducting experiments with various grasses, forage crops, fruits, vegetables, and a great number of fertilizer tests.

The Station officers are conducting several hundred experiments with farmers in the State in determining the fertilizer requirements of cotton on different types of soil, fertilizer experiments with corn, tobacco, oats, rotation experiments and variety tests of cotton, corn, sorghum, clover, cow-peas, wheat, sweet potatoes, millet, Irish potatoes, Kaffir corn, and various grasses.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) J. N. HARPER,

Director.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR, JULY 1, 1910, TO JUNE 30, 1911.

RESOURCES.

DR.

Balance Brought Forward from June 30, 1910..... \$ 53,974.20

Income—

Privilege Fertilizer Inspection Tax (\$264,404.08		
Less \$30.00 Refunded)	\$264,374.08	
Morrill & Nelson Funds (U. S.)	22,500.00	
Interest on Landscript Funds	5,754.00	
Tuition from Cadets	3,200.00	
Interest on Clemson Bequest	3,512.36	
Sales, Interests, Refunds, etc.	11,838.61	
		310,679.05

Total		\$364,653.25
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EXPENDITURES.

CR.

Public State Work—

Beneficiary Scholarships		\$ 16,299.68
Fertilizer Inspection and Analysis	30,384.17	
Extension Work and Farmers' Institutes	11,124.70	
Tick Eradication	8,808.41	
Veterinary Inspection	2,676.64	
Coast Experiment Station	5,712.47	
Co-operative Experimental Work	3,582.95	
Entomological Inspection	1,458.43	
State Fair Exhibit	731.54	
Miscellaneous State Work	395.55	
Manufacture of State Flags	374.10	
Textile Extension Work.....	49.45	
		81,598.09

Permanent Additions to Plant—

Additional Shop, Library and Lab'y Equipment \$		16,293.10
Buildings and Permanent Improvements	42,791.36	
Real Estate	16,825.50	
		75,909.96

Operating Expenses of the College—

Salaries, Labor, Materials, etc.		\$149,759.77
Deficit on 1909-'10 Cadet Fund	4,788.33	
		154,548.10

Unexpended—

Balance carried forward into July, 1911.....		52,597.10
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Total		\$364,653.25
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THE FOLLOWING IS A MORE DETAILED STATEMENT, SHOWING THE EXPENDITURES AND COST OF THE PUBLIC STATE WORK, AND EACH DEPARTMENT AND DIVISION OF THE COLLEGE, UNDER THE ITEMS APPROPRIATED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES, VIZ:—

STATE WORK.

Beneficiary Scholarships—

154 Scholarships, Advertisem'ts, Postage, Exp., etc. \$ 16,299.68—\$16,299.68

Chemical Analysis Division—(Analysis of Fertilizers, Minerals, Ores, Waters, etc.)

Chemicals	\$ 676.15	
Apparatus	704.29	
Labor-Janitor	120.00	
Gasoline	282.47	
Record Books, Postage, Stationery	117.50	
Additional Supplies, Chemicals and Apparatus....	254.41	
Charcoal for Assaying	10.00	
Grinding Samples, extra man for	166.00	
Incidentals	30.00	
Three Chairs	5.00	
Extending Table in Potash Room.....	14.90	
Fume Chamber and Furnace Pipes	40.35	
		<hr/> 2,291.07

Coast Experiment Station—

Convicts, Hire, Support and Guarding.....	\$ 2,239.09	
Kerosene, Gasoline, Oil, etc.	45.58	
Stationery and Postage	19.96	
Seeds and Plants	51.20	
Blacksmithing and Repairs to Machinery	18.15	
Fertilizers	549.98	
Servant House	199.96	
Fence Posts	49.87	
Tile Drain	447.08	
Tools and Implements	291.67	
Grocery House	99.93	
		<hr/> 4,012.47

Co-operative Experimental Work—

Cotton Wilt Experiments	\$ 185.00	
Co-operative Work on Farms	957.96	
Travel of Field Entomologist	351.02	
Travel of Entomologist	112.24	
Printing, Postage, etc.	108.85	
Insecticides, etc.	73.95	
Travel of Field Pathologist	174.65	
Travel of Botanist	105.53	
Printing, Postage, etc. (Botanist).....	49.49	
Fungicides, etc.	75.00	
Hog Cholera Serum Work	189.22	
		<hr/> 2,382.91

Entomological Inspection—

Travel and Office Expenses	\$ 483.48	
Orchard Extension Work, etc.....	133.29	

616.77

Extension Work and Farmers' Institutes—

Farmers' Institutes	\$ 2,712.02	
Travel Expenses of Superintendent and Assistants	1,967.74	
Postage, Stationery, etc.	67.53	

Labor—Student Helper in Office	75.00	
Lantern Slides	29.70	
Correspondence Course	454.78	
Farmers' Short Course	147.08	
Donation Corn Breeders' Association.....	350.00	
		5,803.85
Fertilizer Inspection—		
Labor—Janitor	\$ 259.96	
Tags and Printing	4,441.74	
Pay and Travel of Inspectors	10,397.76	
Weekly Bulletins	1,001.52	
Freight, Postage and Incidentals	547.04	
Condensed Fertilizer Bulletins	492.09	
Legal Services	21.54	
Inspectors' Cases, Trunks, etc.	128.19	
		17,289.84
Manufacture of State Flags—		
Materials, Thread, Cloth, Yarn, etc.	\$ 140.10	
Long Arm Sewing Machine and Attachments	234.00	
		374.10
State Fair Exhibit—		
College Exhibit at State Fair	731.54	
		731.54
Tick Eradication—		
Pay of Inspectors	\$ 5,849.00	
Traveling Expenses of Inspectors	1,797.64	
Traveling Expenses of Veterinarian or Assistant..	136.91	
Printing and Office Expenses	74.86	
		7,858.41
Veterinary Inspection—		
Travel, Printing and Office Expenses	\$ 1,084.64	
Legal Services	92.00	
		1,176.64
Miscellaneous Public State Work—		
Entertainment of Farm Demonstrators.....	\$ 56.25	
Popular Bulletins	250.35	
Preachers' Institutes	88.95	
		395.55
Textile Extension Work—		
Extension Work in Mill Villages	\$ 49.45	
		49.45
Salaries, Public State Work—		
Salaries	\$ 22,215.81	
		22,215.81
Public State Work Expenditures.....		\$ 81,598.09

COLLEGE WORK.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT—

English Division—

Instructor's Chair, etc	\$ 5.00	
		\$ 5.00

History Division—

Periodicals for Class use.....	\$ 47.45	
		47.45

Mathematics Division—

Classroom Furniture for Bookkeeping.....	\$ 30.00	
Chairs, Screens and Shades.....	33.50	

63.50

Office and Unclassified Division—

Labor—Two Janitors	\$ 406.66	
Chalk, Erasers, Brooms, Stationery, etc.....	152.02	

558.68

Preparatory Class—

Wall and Relief Maps, etc.....	\$ 48.41	
Triangles, Cubes, etc	43.74	

92.15

Salaries—

14 Professors and Assistants.....	22,100.00	
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Department Expenditure.....	\$ 22,866.78
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AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT—**Agronomy Division—**

Seeds, Score Cards, etc.....	\$ 32.61	
Grass and Planting Garden.....	31.64	
Freight on Loaned Machinery.....	43.19	
Labor—Student Helper.....	187.50	
Desk	30.00	
Bookcase	13.50	
Equipment for Soil Physics Laboratory.....	192.80	
Furniture for Soil Physics Laboratory.....	281.82	
Apparatus for Seed Testing.....	18.77	

\$ 826.83

Animal Husbandry and Dairying Division—

Labor—Dairyman..	\$ 480.00	
Tubs, Ice, Coal, etc.	254.82	
Score Cards, Dairy Books and Records	7.50	
Cheese Making Supplies.	19.81	
Chemicals and Glassware	39.82	
Freight on Loaned Machinery..	8.67	
Fencing Beef Feeding Station..	30.90	
Small Milk Scales	15.00	
Hand Milk Testers..	10.10	
Butter Moisture Tester..	4.00	
Tubs, Baskets and Feeding Tools..	34.22	
Cream Scales.	15.00	
Live Stock for Train..	1,494.48	

2,414.30

Botany and Forestry Division—

Chemicals for Class Work..	\$ 76.06	
Plant Material and Sections..	25.00	
Lantern and Micro Slides..	80.70	
Botanical Publications..	17.95	
Glassware and Laboratory Supplies.	150.79	
Analytical Balance..	45.11	
Thermo Bath for Class Work...	110.95	
Cabinets for Glassware and Laboratory Apparatus.	46.78	

553.34

Entomology and Bacteriology Division—

Laboratory Materials..	\$ 47.44	
Spray Materials for Class Work..	21.35	
Animal Specimens for Class..	40.00	
Student Labor..	25.00	
Furniture for Laboratory..	70.00	
Spray Pumps for Class Field Work..	95.14	

298.93

Geology and Mineralogy Division—

Chemicals, Maps, etc., for Class Work.. . . .	\$ 75.70
Repairs to Instruments and Apparatus.. . . .	20.10
Physiograph Apparatus	30.65
Rock and Mineral Crusher.. . . .	30.00

156.45**Horticultural Division—**

Labor—Gardeners.. . . .	\$ 1,159.86
Green House Materials.. . . .	49.91
Fertilizers.. . . .	49.50
Seeds and Plants.. . . .	46.02
Coal.. . . .	32.55
Packing Materials.. . . .	9.81
Spray Materials.. . . .	9.68
Class Materials.. . . .	60.10
Tools and Implements.. . . .	22.46
Wagon Harness.. . . .	7.50
Freight on Loaned Apparatus.. . . .	5.82
Repairs to Greenhouse.. . . .	67.43
Laboratory and Equipment.. . . .	90.35
Express and Postage on Plants for Schools.. . . .	2.10

1,613.09**Office and Unclassified Division—**

Stationery, Postage, etc..	\$ 174.22
Labor—Janitor.. . . .	240.00
Janitor Supplies.. . . .	19.41
Gasoline.. . . .	75.00
Traveling Expenses of Director.. . . .	87.61
Photographic Supplies	39.70
Upkeep of Building.. . . .	22.49
Dictionary.. . . .	10.00
Camera.. . . .	50.00

718.43**Veterinary Science Division—**

Drugs and Hospital Supplies.. . . .	\$ 100.02
Labor in Hospital.. . . .	298.02
Feed for Animals in Hospital.. . . .	125.01
Journals.. . . .	15.00
Supplies and Repairs for Stereoptican	35.00
Repairs and Replacement of Hospital Apparatus.. . . .	75.01
Laboratory Supplies for Class Work.. . . .	150.02
Rearranging and Repairing Stables.. . . .	100.00

898.08**Salaries—**

1 Director and 9 Assistants.. . . .	14,255.01
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Department Expenditure.. . . .	\$ 21,734.48
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CHEMICAL DEPARTMENT—**Chemistry Division—**

Labor—Janitor.. . . .	\$ 120.00
Apparatus.. . . .	670.34
Chemicals	286.36
Gasoline	135.69
Books and Journals	79.99
Binding Books and Journals	16.50
Re-placing old Sinks	20.00
Window Shades	15.00
Locks for Senior Lockers	23.55
Incidentals	27.17
Repairs to Draws, Hoods, Steps, Furnaces, etc....	43.41

Delegates Expenses to Asso. of Chemists	44.00	
Ventilation Room and Connections	119.31	
Air-Line and Water Cut-Offs	40.00	
		<hr/>
		\$ 1,641.32
Salaries, Chemical Department—		
Salaries 1 Director and 5 Assistants		5,527.08
		<hr/>
Department Expenditure		\$ 7,168.40

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT—**Civil Engineering Division—**

Repairs to Instruments	\$ 19.55	
Class Material	25.00	
Furniture for Class Room	42.25	
Instruments Lockers and Room	74.87	
Pantograph	33.00	
Reflecting Horizon	13.60	
Small Instruments	35.00	
Solar Transit	216.00	
		<hr/>
		\$ 459.27

Drawing Division—

Materials as Ink, Paper, etc	\$ 40.00	
Repairs and Renewals to Instruments and Apparatus	49.52	
Electric Blue Print Outfit	99.86	
Drawing Tables and Lockers for New Rooms	409.96	
Filing Cases for Freshmen for New Room	29.96	
Two Instructors' Desks	23.00	
Sinks for New Drawing Rooms	9.46	
Chairs for New Drawing Room	10.00	
Model for Freehand Drawing	25.00	
Drawing Instruments for Office	24.39	
		<hr/>
		721.15

Electrical Engineering Division—

Junior Laboratory Supplies	\$ 49.95	
Senior Laboratory Supplies	46.76	
Repairs to Instruments	59.94	
Repairs and Renewals to Machinery and Apparatus	44.31	
Class and Laboratory Notes	29.99	
Galvanometer	47.50	
Storage Batteries	64.94	
Two Portable Blackboards	20.00	
Motor and Generator Panel	160.00	
Mercury Arc Rectifier	124.99	
Home-Made Apparatus	59.96	
Watt Meter with Accessories	78.96	
		<hr/>
		787.30

Forge and Foundry Division—

Labor—Helper in Forge and Foundry	\$ 319.81	
Iron and Steel	126.48	
Repairs and Replacement of Machinery and Tools	98.26	
Coal for Forge Shop	91.05	
Coke for Foundry	64.36	
Pig Iron for Foundry	125.00	
Moulding Sand	55.96	
Windows and Whitewashing	49.97	
Brass, Copper and Tin	24.29	
Small Brazing Forge	157.81	
		<hr/>
		1,112.99

Machine Shop Division—

Labor—Machinist	\$ 405.77
Shop, Materials as Iron, Steel, etc.	157.54
Repairs and Replacements of Tools and Machinery	92.48
Turret Attachment	50.00
Lathe Chucks	60.00
New Tools, Jigs, etc.	45.69

811.48

Mechanical Engineering Division—

Oil, Pipes, Chemicals, etc	\$ 79.71
Gasoline	28.02
Laboratory Blanks	8.66
Repairs and Replacements to Machines and Apparatus	9.30
Changing Position of Machinery	47.48
Steam Separator	10.30
Galvanized Iron Tanks	16.21
Two Blackboards	19.97
Compress Cement Mould	4.59

224.24

Office and Unclassified Division—

Labor—Janitor	\$ 230.00
Office and Janitor Supplies	147.38
Upkeep of Buildings	143.44
Record Books	10.25
Ten Additional Chairs	26.37
Record Book Cases	42.50
Student Water Closet	85.91
Card Filing Cases	15.00

700 85

Physics Division—

Laboratory Supplies and Repairs	\$ 43.51
Repairs to Benches	38.23
Heliostat	108.00
Small Laboratory Instruments for Class	33.59
Dynamo and Motor Equipment for Teaching .. .	74.92

293.25

Wood Shop Division—

Labor—Carpenters	\$ 289.52
Lumber, Hardware, Paint, etc.	341.75
Replacements and Repairs to Machinery	89.52
Belting	74.40
Sandpapering Machine	20.00
Protecting Device for Jointer	46.00
Set of Head and Tail Stocks	30.00
Grooving Saw and Dado Head	23.15
Sliding Door, Windows, etc.	64.34
Lumber Yard and Shed	250.00

1,228.68

Salaries—

1 Director and 16 Assistants	21,730.93
Department Expenditure	<u>\$ 28,070.14</u>

MILITARY DEPARTMENT—

Office and Unclassified Division—

Record Books, Postage, Stationery, etc.	361.47
Band Instructor	104.36
Cadet Officers' Insignia	208.99
U. S. Government Ordnance Lost and Destroyed ..	60.93
Cadet Encampment	267.86
Premium on Ordnance Property	75.00

\$ 1,150.61

Salaries—

Commandant and 2 Assistants	\$ 2,597.42	2,597.42
Department Expenditure		\$ 3,748.03

TEXTILE DEPARTMENT—**Carding and Spinning Division—**

Cotton	\$ 101.05	
Oil, Repairs, New Spindles, etc.	105.71	
Set. U. S. Cotton Grading Samples	4.25	\$ 211.01

Dyeing Division—

Chemicals and Dye Stuffs	\$ 109.35	
Laboratory Materials as Glassware, etc	73.10	
Small Laboratory Apparatus	91.23	
Models of Dyeing Apparatus	84.60	358.28

Office and Unclassified Division—

Labor—Janitor and Engineer	\$ 346.92	
Gasoline	34.52	
Freight on Loaned Machinery	125.45	
Stationery, Postage, etc	30.49	
Filing Cabinet	21.20	558.58

Weaving Division—

Warps and Filling Yarns	\$ 190.55	
Loom Supplies and Repairs	102.43	
Specimens for Cloth Analysis	23.37	
Replenishing Warps	128.84	445.19

Salaries—

1 Director and 2 Assistants	5,375.00
Department Expenditures	\$6,948.06

PUBLIC UTILITIES—**Construction and Repairs Division—**

Painting Public Buildings	\$ 1,221.25
Repairs to Cannery	42.47
Repairs and Changes Main Building	474.99
Removing and Re-erecting Servant House	109.12
Repairs to Calhoun Mansion Study	224.96
Repairs to Greenhouse Columns	10.13
Changing Office and Classroom Agricultural Hall	39.29
Repairs, etc., Barracks No. 2	103.79
Repairs, etc., Barracks No. 1	1,822.21
Servant House (Hardin & Lewis)	207.27
Painting Residences	638.56
General Repairs	460.57
Painting Tin Roofs	86.02
Roofs and Repairs	52.49
Roof, Repairs, etc., Residence	87.41
Dairy Building	18,310.92
Dairy Barn	8,000.00
School House	1,200.00
Three New Residences	4,524.27
Two Servant Houses for Mess Hall	588.39
Servant House No (Perkins & Newman)	297.36
Changes, Additions to Engineering Building	982.98
Additional Room Residence (Daniel)	250.53

Extending Porch Residence (Daniel)	50.49	
Latticing Under Residence (Daniel)	81.48	
Additional Room and Porch Residence (Robertson)	332.89	
Internal Changes Residence (Calhoun)	127.78	
Claim of C. C. Newman a/c Residence	200.00	
Extending Mess Hall	425.00	
Completion of Three Residences	3,783.61	
Addition to Residence (Keltt)	1,219.90	
Completion of Residence (Laundryman)	123.27	
Blinds Residence (Newman)	75.44	
Repairs to Residence (Lewis)	213.40	
Residence (West)	2,103.63	
		\$ 48,371.89

Farm, Herd and Convicts Division—

Convicts, Hire, Support and Guarding	\$ 3,802.23	
Fertilizers	1,483.72	
Seeds	576.38	
Shoeing and Blacksmithing	102.75	
Repairs to Machinery, Harness, etc.	165.14	
Lumber for Fences, Bridges, etc.	114.06	
Bran and Meal for Herd	1,838.95	
Salt, Drugs, Lime for Herd	14.30	
Milk Buckets	6.07	
Labor—Sunday Milking	107.75	
Labor—Feeding Mules	354.50	
Repairs to Teamster Wagon Harness	16.10	
Marketing Cotton and Wool	8.37	
Extra Farm Labor	377.83	
Silo at Old Barn	174.29	
Hog Lots and Houses	178.22	
Berkshire Boar	50.00	
Two Bulls	350.00	
Implements and Repairs	166.53	
Miscellaneous Small Items	4.10	
Fencing	200.00	
Mowing Machine	53.55	
Eight Mules and Mares	2,300.00	
Harness for New Teams	50.00	
Two Wagons	115.55	
Freight Wagon	75.00	
Four Tamworth Sows	190.00	
Piping to Hog Lots	50.17	
Lumber for Mule Fence	29.91	
Contingent	2,024.56	
		14,980.08

Heat, Light and Water Division—

Coal	\$ 2,769.40	
Labor—Engineers, Firemen, etc.	1,882.86	
Materials, Repairs and Extensions	1,408.18	
Water, Sewer and Electric Lines (4 New Resi- dences)	225.00	
Closet and Water Meter to Residences	299.00	
Additional Heaters in Engineering Building .. .	123.00	
Hot Water Tank	81.13	
Hydrant Textile Building	29.84	
Sewer Line for Laundry	50.00	
		6,868.41

Printery Division—

Labor—Printers	\$ 882.93	
Miscellaneous College Publications, Printing, Postage, etc	1,720.14	
Gasoline and Oil	34.84	
Linotype Metal, Supplies and Repairs	100.15	
Installing Printery in Textile Building	537.38	
		<u>3,275.44</u>

Salaries, Public Utilities—

Farm Foreman, Plumber, Teamster and Superintendent Construction and Repairs	\$ 3,955.00	
		<u>3,955.00</u>

Department Expenditures \$ 77,450.77

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENT—**Barracks Maintenance and Equipment Division—**

Bed Springs	\$ 387.70	
Renovating and Repairing Mattresses	240.00	
Repairing Furniture	28.95	
Repairs to Oven	50.96	
Additional Room Furniture	288.05	
100 Stools for Mess Hall	100.00	
Screening Mess Hall	88.09	
Disinfecting Machine	5.00	
		<u>\$ 1,188.75</u>

Cadet Fund Division—

Deficit on Cadet Fund subsistence which occurred during previous session, 1909-'10.. . . .	\$ 4,788.33	
		<u>\$ 4,788.33</u>

Campus Division—

Labor—Gardeners	\$ 315.72	
Drain Pipe, Fertilizers, etc	498.14	
Cement Walks	750.00	
Improving School Grounds	38.43	
		<u>1,602.29</u>

Contingent Division

Contingent and Incidental Fund	\$ 1,252.27	
		<u>1,252.27</u>

Executive and Clerical Salaries Division—

Salaries—President, Treasurer, Bookkeepers, Clerks, etc.	\$ 9,883.94	
		<u>9,883.94</u>

Hospital Maintenance and Equipment Division—

Mattresses and Pillows	\$ 96.00	
Table Crockery and Ware	8.20	
Cooking Stove and Kitchen Utensils	32.50	
		<u>136.70</u>

Insurance Division—

Premium 5-Year Policies, etc.	\$ 13,792.19	
		<u>13,792.19</u>

Laundry Maintenance and Equipment Division—

Repairs to Machinery	\$ 1.50	
Whitewashing, etc	7.62	
1-24" Extractor	140.00	
Troy Shirt Ironer	280.00	
		<u>429.12</u>

Library Division—

Books	\$ 905.33	
Periodicals	149.13	
Binding	99.99	
Cards, Stationery, Stacks, etc.	151.51	
Encyclopedia Britannica	123.29	
		<u>1,429.25</u>

Miscellaneous Items Division—

Supplies and Repairs for Gymnasium	\$ 99.72	
Supplies for Museum	66.74	
Lyceum Lectures	400.00	
Trustee Medal	25.00	
Commencement Expenses	150.07	
Repairs to Macadam Road	301.80	
Upkeep of Telephone System	59.97	
Rubber Stamps and Record Books for Departments	97.94	
Audit of Treasurer's Books	1,394.95	
Special Investigation	471 15	
Additional 'Phones and Lines	125.00	
Fire Doors, Extinguishers and Escapes	158.10	
Ten Additional Faculty Chairs	36.50	
College Photographs	50.00	
Dues to American Association Agriculture Col- leges	50.00	
Trustees' Annual Report	165.00	
		<u>3,651.94</u>

President's Office Division—

Labor—Extra Emergency Assistance	\$ 71.83	
Supplies	796 54	
Traveling Fund	295.28	
		<u>1,163.65</u>

Real Estate Division—

Purchase of Lewis Lands	\$ 16,825.50	
		<u>16,825.50</u>

Religious Services Division—

Ministers	\$ 2,152.18	
Salary Y. M. C. A. Secretary	500.00	
Sunday School Literature	42.46	
Y. M. C. A. Hymn Books	25.00	
		<u>2,719.64</u>

Treasurer's Office Division—

Record Books, Postage, Stationery, etc	\$423.37	
Premium on Treasurer's Bond	75.00	
Repairs to Office and Furniture	15.00	
Oak Counter	250.00	
Labor—Office Help	227.33	
		<u>990.70</u>

Trustees' Expenses Division—

Traveling Expenses of Trustees and Board of Visitors	\$ 1,226.51	
		<u>1,226.51</u>

Watchmen Division—

Labor—Two Night Watchmen	\$ 960.00	
Watchmen Supplies	19.00	
Two Night Watchmen Clocks	110.00	
		<u>1,089.00</u>

Legislative Committees—

Expenses of Legislative Committees	\$ 301.62	
		<u>301.62</u>

Miscellaneous Expenditures		<u>\$ 62,471.40</u>
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AUDITOR'S REPORT.

Clemson College, S. C., November 24th, 1911.

Hon Alan Johnstone et al., Board Trustees the Clemson Agricultural College of South Carolina.

Gentlemen: As directed by the Chairman of your Finance Committee, Hon. R. W. Simpson, I have, with the assistance of Mr. J. B. Haltiwanger, made a thorough examination and audit of the books and accounts of the Treasurer's office of the Clemson Agricultural College for the year commencing July 1st, 1910, and ending June 30th, 1911, and beg respectfully to submit in detail a report of our conclusion.

It is essential in order to make a perfect audit of the books and accounts of the Treasurer's office that we divide the accounts into six classes, to wit:

Schedule 1. Clemson Agricultural College account.

Schedule 2. Cadet Fund account.

Schedule 3. Experimental Station account.

Schedule 4. Cadet Deposit account.

Schedule 5. Reinvestment Fund account.

Schedule 6. Petty Ledger account.

The transactions of the office naturally resolve themselves according to the foregoing schedules.

We have brought forward, and charged to the Treasurer, all cash balances on hand June 30th, 1910. We have checked and read each and every receipt, the compilation of which establishes the liability of the Treasurer. We have checked and read each and every voucher, the sum total of which constitute the credits to which he is entitled. We have checked the debits and credits to the books, read the books and find them correct, and brought forward all balances as exhibited in Schedule 6—which shows in detail the cash on hand and in bank, and file herewith copies of the bank certificates of deposit. We have verified the bank certificates of deposit as to cash on hand June 30th, 1911, with the ledger balances and find them correct. We have examined the Annual Report of the College for the year ending June 30th, 1911, and find it in substance correct. The system of bookkeeping lately installed is, in our

opinion, perfect and affords every safeguard necessary, both for the protection of the institution and the Treasurer. The voluminous amount of office work required to keep up with the detail transactions of the institution makes the duties of the Bookkeeper very arduous. His knowledge of the standing and perfect accuracy of each and every account is a clear manifestation of his worthiness; he evidently keeps in close touch with his work.

We beg to extend to the officers of the institution our sincere thanks and appreciation for courtesies extended to us and especially to your worthy Treasurer, Dr. Sloan, and Mr. Evans, who rendered us every assistance possible.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) D. H. WISE.

(Signed) J. B. HALTIWANGER.

BANK STATEMENTS.

Pendleton, S. C., Nov. 15th, 1911.

Dr. P. H. E. Sloan, Sect'y and Treas., Clemson Agricultural College, Clemson College, S. C.

Dear Sir: At the close of business June 30th, 1911, there was \$6,144.11 to the credit of the college account, \$1,927.52 to credit Re-investment fund and \$5,644.99 to credit S. C. Experiment Station.

Yours truly,

(Signed) B. H. SADLER, Cashier.

Bank of Pendleton.

Newberry, S. C., Nov. 17, 1911.

Dr. P. H. E. Sloan, Secretary and Treas., Clemson College, S. C.

Dear Doctor: Replying to your letter of 14th inst. in which you ask us to let you know the amount to the credit of the Clemson Agricultural College in this bank at close of business June 30, 1911, beg leave to state that the amount was \$16,000.

Hoping that this will answer your purpose, I beg to remain,

Yours very truly,

(Signed) B. C. MATTHEWS, President.

The National Bank of Newberry.

Pickens, S. C., Nov. 15, 1911.

This is to certify that at the close of business June 30, 1911, there was in Pickens Bank to the credit Clemson Agricultural College the sum of sixteen thousand dollars.

Very respectfully,

Pickens Bank,
By I. M. MAULDIN, Cashier.

Pickens Bank.

Sumter, S. C., Nov. 16th, 1911.

This certifies that at close of business June 30th, 1911, there was to the credit of Clemson Agricultural College on our books sixteen thousand dollars.

The Bank of Sumter,
(Signed) BARTON WALSH, Cashier.

The Bank of Sumter.

Anderson, S. C., Nov. 16, 1911.

Mr. P. H. E. Sloan, Secretary and Treas., Clemson College, S. C.

Dear Sir: Replying to your letter of inquiry of Nov. 14th, beg to say that your credit balance with this bank at the close of business June 30th, 1911, was sixteen thousand dollars (\$16,000.00).

Yours truly,
(Signed) B. F. MAULDIN, President.

The Bank of Anderson.

Anderson, S. C.

In account with Clemson College: June 30, balance \$16,000.00.

(Signed) B. M. CATHCART, Bookkeeper.

Farmers & Merchants' Bank.

CLEMSON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements for the year ending June 30th, 1911.

SCHEDULE 1.

	DR.	CR.
Cash Balance on Hand July 1, 1910, Per Ledger .. .	\$ 53,974.20	
Received from Privilege Tag Tax .. .	264,404.08	
Received from Morrill Fund .. .	22,500.00	
Received from Clemson Bequest .. .	3,512.36	
Received from Land Script .. .	5,754.00	
Received from Tuition .. .	3,610.00	

Received from Miscellaneous	11,888.61	
By Check Refund Tag Tax		\$ 30.00
By Tuition Refunded		410.00
By Check—College Ledger		312,056.15
Balance Cash on Hand, College Fund		52,597.10
	<u>\$365,093.25</u>	<u>\$365,093.25</u>

CADET FUND.

SCHEDULE 2.

	DR.	CR.
By Overdraft June 30, 1910		\$ 1,871.15
Received from Cadet Fund	\$ 80,566.57	
Paid Checks College Ledger		70,856.57
To Balance Cash on Hand June 30, 1911.. .. .		7,838.85
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 80,566.57	\$ 80,566.57

EXPERIMENT STATION FUND (GOVERNMENT).

SCHEDULE 3

	DR.	CR.
Balance on Hand June 30, 1910	\$ 3,992.04	
Received from Hatch Fund	15,000.00	
Received from Adams Fund	14,900.00	
Received from S. C. Experiment Station Reinvest- ment Fund	3,154.08	
Paid from Hatch Fund		\$ 15,000.00
Paid from Adams Fund		14,900.00
Paid from Farm Products		2,444.50
Balance on Hand June 30, 1911, Farm Product a-c...		4,701.57
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 37,046.07	\$ 37,046.07

CADET DEPOSIT ACCOUNT.

SCHEDULE 4.

	DR.	CR.
Balance on Hand June 30, 1910 \$	151.68	
Received from Deposits	42,631.84	
Paid Per Ledger a-c.		\$ 42,745.81
Balance on Hand June 30, 1911		37.71
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 42,783.52	\$ 42,783.52

REINVESTMENT FUND.

SCHEDULE 5.

	DR.	CR.
Balance on Hand June 30, 1910	\$1,107.41	
Balance on Hand Norris Medal	4.85	
Balance on Hand Rents	1,553.41	
Balance on Hand Textile Scholarships	1.45	
Overdraft Cadet Exchange		\$ 452.30
Balance Cash on Hand June 30, 1911		2,214.82
	<u>\$ 2,667.12</u>	<u>\$ 2,667.12</u>

In this audit we find a difference of \$1.74 between our accounting of the cash brought forward from the Petty Ledger and the books. This little error in the books is back of this past fiscal year as both Mr. Evans and myself have checked his and my work thoroughly and fail to find it in the present fiscal year.

PETTY LEDGER ACCOUNT.

SCHEDULE 6.

	DR.	CR.
Cadet Exchange	\$ 692.20	\$ 692.20
Chemical Department	16.26	16.26
Farm Account	3,366.16	3,366.16
Heat, Light and Water	1,280.44	1,280.44
Horticulture	251.20	251.20
Insurance	111.08	111.08
Interest	3,001.22	3,001.22
Magistrate Fines	176.00	176.00
Norris Medal	45.00	40.00
Printery	805.35	716.00
Rents	3,686.61	2,012.09
Textile Department	2.80	2.80
Veterinary Hospital	284.25	284.25
Wood Shop	50	50
Miscellaneous	818.36	818.36
Dairy	4,095.03	4,095.03
Manufacture Flags	425.97	643.17
Carried to Reinvestment Account		1,551.67
	<u>\$ 19,058.43</u>	<u>\$ 19,058.43</u>

RECAPITULATED CASH STATEMENT.

SCHEDULE 7.

	DR.	CR.
College Cash Balance Account June 30, 1911	\$ 52,597.10	
Cadet Fund Account Cash Balance June 30, 1911	7,838.85	
Experiment Station Cash Balance June 30, 1911	4,701.57	
Cadet Deposit Cash Balance Account June 30, 1911 ..	37.71	
Reinvestment Cash Balance Account June 30, 1911 ..	2,214.82	
Certificate Deposit Bank of Pendleton, June 30, 1911..		\$ 6,144.11
Certificate Deposit Bank of Pendleton, June 30, 1911..		1,927.52
Certificate Deposit Bank of Pendleton, June 30, 1911..		5,644.99
Certificate Deposit National Bank of Newberry, June 30, 1911		16,000.00
Certificate Deposit Bank of Pickens, June 30, 1911..		16,000.00
Certificate Deposit Bank of Sumter, June 30, 1911 ..		16,000.00
Certificate Deposit Bank of Anderson, June 30, 1911..		16,000.00
Certificate Deposit Farmers and Merchants Bank, Anderson, June 30, 1911		16,000.00
		<hr/>
		\$ 93,716.62
Less Checks Out June 30, 1911		27,021.13
		<hr/>
Bank Credit June 30, 1911		66,695.49
Cash Credit June 30, 1911		694.56
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 67,390.05	\$ 67,390.05

FIFTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

OF THE

**Colored Normal, Industrial,
Agricultural and Mechanical College**

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

1911

REPORT.

To the Honorable J. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education of South Carolina:

We, the Board of Trustees of the Colored Normal, Industrial, Mechanical and Agricultural College of South Carolina, hereby submit through you to the honorable, the members of the General Assembly of South Carolina, the annual report of the above named State College for consideration.

Appended hereto respectfully find report of the retiring President of the institution and of his successor, to the Trustees, embodying statement as to attendance (classified severally), industrial units pursued by the students, health, general regulations, work done in the various departments, needs of the school and financial statement of receipts and expenditures. An itemized statement as to expenditures will be found on file with State Superintendent of Education and the members of the General Assembly are earnestly urged to examine the same painstakingly.

In the general report you will note that with an attendance last session of 584 that 592 industrial units were taken, each and every student being required to take one or more. We propose to lay stress on the industries and yearly to better equip them and secure better results.

Several industrial departments have been added for this session and competent instructors secured. The farm is being developed and good results are realized.

The girls' dormitory consisting of a front of 125 by 45 feet and two wings 170 by 45 feet, two stories—all of brick—is nearing completion, and will be finished with State appropriation in hand and will be completely furnished out of balance of insurance indemnity from destruction of former dormitory, left over after completion of brick dining hall, which was constructed out of said indemnity fund.

The girls' dormitory is now only partially heated by stoves in the hallways—it being impossible as well as dangerous to use stoves in the individual rooms. The girl students are therefore not properly cared for when the weather is cold, and their health and general wellbeing very much endangered under present con-

ditions. The boys' dormitory is now steam heated, and while their plant is somewhat in need of repairs, still they are much better cared for in this respect than the girl students. The Trustees earnestly recommend that a sufficient appropriation be made by the General Assembly to remedy this deficiency. The following is a careful estimate as to the probable cost of this work:

Cost of installing heating plant, Bradham Hall (new dormitory for girls).....\$8,000.00

Repairs heating plant, Morrill Hall (boys' dormitory).. 1,000.00

The needs of the institution for the year, aside from receipts from the Morrill fund and Land Script for salaries and running expenses of the college, are as follows:

Maintenance and repairs.....\$ 5,000.00

Insurance lapsing 1,000.00

For salaries not allowed under Morrill Act..... 3,000.00

Total absolute needs, for running College.....\$ 9,000.00

Steam heating as per above estimate..... 9,000.00

\$18,000.00

Should the General Assembly visit the South Carolina Military Academy at the next session, the Board of Trustees earnestly request that route be made by Orangeburg and that your honorable bodies visit this institution on the way to Charleston. An hour or two, we believe, could be well spent in visiting this State institution, inspecting the plant, the work being done and seeing what the State has spent its money for, at this negro college.

Respectfully submitted,

WILLIAM R. LOWMAN,

Secretary Board of Trustees.

J. W. FLOYD,

Chairman Executive Committee.

A. L. DUKES,

Member Local Board.

Having not been able to visit the institution this year I am not in position to sign the foregoing report as to conditions. I do not approve of the amounts asked for therein.

COLE. L. BLEASE,

Governor.

President's Report.

Orangeburg, S. C., June 30, 1911.

To the Honorable Board of Trustees of the Colored Normal, Industrial, Agricultural and Mechanical College of South Carolina.

Gentlemen: I most respectfully submit this, the fifteenth annual report of the college, showing (1) the number of students by classes for the school year ending May 3, 1911; (2) the condition of the college, and the work that has been done; (3) the receipts of funds from all sources, specific disbursements made, and all other information pertaining to the management of the college.

ENROLLMENT BY DEPARTMENTS AND CLASSES FOR YEAR ENDING MAY 3, 1911.

Normal Department.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Senior Normal	1	..	1
Third Year Normal	9	11	20
Second Year Normal.....	20	11	31
First Year Normal	19	17	36
	—	—	—
Normal Total	49	39	88

Preparatory Department.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Third Year	24	15	39
Second Year	39	31	70
First Year	51	31	82
	—	—	—
Preparatory Total	114	77	191

Practice School.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Intermediate	33	36	69
Fifth Grade	33	40	73
Fourth Grade	39	33	72
Third Grade	46	37	83
	—	—	—
Practice School Total.....	151	146	297
Special Students .....	..	..	8

Summary.

Normal	88
Preparatory.....	191
Practice School	297
Special Students.....	8
	—
Grand Total.....	584

Special Students in Tailoring.

W. L. Terrell.. .. . Florida

Special Students in Sewing.

Amaker, Carrie.. .. . Lexington
 Edwards, Sadie.. .. . Orangeburg
 Gilliam, Blanche.. .. . Calhoun
 Hudson, Lula.. .. . Dorchester
 Lloyd, Genie.. .. . Richland
 Stromon, Rosa.. .. . Orangeburg
 Thomas, Lillian.. .. . Beaufort

Class in Electrical Engineering.

Anthony, Grover	Hart, Milfred
Brown, Robt A.	Jenkins, R. U.
Cooper, Thos.	Jackson, S. W.
Calhoun, Wm. T.	Johnson, Jas.
Dominick, Rufus	Lyons, Wm.
Donnelly, Etric	Lindsay, Matthew
Dillard, M. M.	Lewis, D. C.
Douglass, Jackson	Lundy, J. T.
Dorman, John	Lyles, Thos. L.
Dendy, Robt.	McGill, Thos.
Daniels, Geo.	McKenyon, Henry
Dennis, Wm.	Marshall, H. J.
Dickson, Jas. E.	Nix, Russell
Edwards, Odie C.	Owens, Thos.
Ellison, B. J.	Parker, W. M. E.
Frazier, Eugene	Rickenbacker, Jefferson
Gary, John	Rice, Walter
Garrett, John B.	Roberson, Chas.
Garrett, Fletcher	Suber, Jas. W.
Generette, Mackie	Sitton, J. A.
Goodwin, Geo.	Sanders, W. O.
Gilliam, Foster	Smith, W. M.
Gillison, M. E.	Williams, Walter
Gomillion, E. W.	

Enrollment by Denominations.

Baptist.. . . .	268
Methodist.. . . .	273
Presbyterian.. . . .	30
Episcopalian.. . . .	10
Congregational.. . . .	1
Roman Catholic.. . . .	2
<hr/>	
Total.. . . .	584

Enrollment by Counties.

Abbeville.. . . .	4
Aiken.. . . .	10
Anderson.. . . .	13
Bamberg.. . . .	5
Barnwell.. . . .	20
Beaufort.. . . .	2

Berkeley..	8
Calhoun..	37
Charleston..	3
Cheraw..	1
Clarendon..	16
Colleton..	8
Chesterfield..	3
Chester..	1
Darlington..	7
Dorchester..	7
Edgefield..	3
Fairfield..	3
Florence..	4
Georgetown..	3
Greenville..	3
Greenwood..	15
Hampton..	10
Kershaw..	9
Lancaster..	15
Laurens..	8
Lee..	2
Lexington..	1
Marion..	2
Marlboro..	25
Newberry..	20
Orangeburg..	227
Pickens..	6
Richland..	9
Saluda..	8
Spartanburg..	3
Sumter..	18
Union..	6
Williamsburg..	14
York..	4
<hr/>	
Total..	564

Enrollment by States.

South Carolina..	564
North Carolina..	8

Georgia..	12
Florida..	8
Alabama..	1
Illinois..	1
Total..	584

Industrial Department.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Architectural Drawing	10	11	21
Mechanical Drawing	20	11	31
Ironworking and Wheelwrighting....	38	—	38
Plumbing	25	—	25
Carpentry	38	—	38
Masonry	71	—	71
Dairying and Cheesemaking.....	3	2	5
Agriculture	15	—	15
Domestic Science	—	80	80
Plain Sewing and Dressmaking.....	—	188	188
Harness and Shoemaking.....	32	—	32
Tailoring	48	—	48
	—	—	—
Grand Total.....	300	292	592

Farm.

The farm has produced on 84 acres as follows:

Corn, 30 acres, 1,000 bushels, at \$1.00.....	\$1,000.00
Oats, 300 bushels, at 70c.....	210.00
Cotton, 11 acres, 15 bales.....	1,069.65
Cotton seed, 4 tons, at \$28.00.....	112.00
Hay, 80,000 pounds, at 75c. per hundred.....	600.00
Stock increase:	
Eleven calves, at \$10.00.....	110.00
Twelve pigs, at \$5.00.....	60.00
Total..	\$3,161.65

TRANSITIONAL YEAR.

This year has been one of transition in administration. And naturally during the latter part it has been one of waiting rather

than one of aggression. The new administration, taking office July 1st, has met with a spirit of co-operation along all lines connected with the college.

In order to arouse interest in the work, we have traveled nearly 4,000 miles through the State during the months of July, August and September. During these trips we have addressed numerous large meetings in every part of South Carolina. In attendance upon these gatherings were members of the Alumni Association and former students of the college who since have given proof of their loyalty to the school by working in their various communities to secure students, and to impress upon the people the value of the educational policies which, particularly, characterize this college. Resulting from these activities, there has been a greater demand for our catalog, and we have sent out 1,400 of them to applicants alone. From the number of applications already received, we may expect an enrollment this year that will tax our capacity.

ATTENDANCE.

The total attendance, without duplications, for the past year, is 592, a slight loss of 10 from the year previous. A detailed statement appears in the Registrar's report above.

GRADUATION.

The graduating class at our last commencement contained only one member. This was due to the advanced standard of our curriculum, requiring one year more work in all departments of the college.

BUILDINGS ERECTED.

Since the establishment of the college there have been erected the following named buildings: Morrill Hall, Bradham Hall, Floyd Dining Hall and Kitchen, Industrial Hall, Laundry, Boiler House, Steam and Electric plant, Dairy, Barns (2), Store House for farm implements, President's house, Teachers' houses (6), and a model School Building. Bradham Hall and Floyd Dining Hall and Kitchen are new brick structures erected in place of the frame buildings destroyed by fire November 24th, 1909. The south wing of Bradham Hall contains the administra-

tion offices, and when completed, will furnish additional rooms for 100 girls.

SANITARY CONDITION.

It is a matter of gratification that the improvement of the general sanitary condition of the institution has resulted in marked improvement in the general health of the students. Toilets have been provided out of the \$3,500.00 appropriated therefor by the State, also a system of baths. The college has an adequate pure water supply, and an adequate sewerage disposal system, both connected with the city of Orangeburg. Great credit is due Dr. Lin C. Shecut for the fidelity, thoroughness and efficiency he has shown in the administration of this important part of the college welfare.

HEATING FACILITIES.

At present the boys' building is heated by a steam plant located in the basement. The only provision for heat in the girls' building are a few stoves placed in the hallways which are a menace to the safety of the building and a constant danger to the many occupants therein. It is proposed to erect a heating plant for this building, thereby protecting the student body from fire casualties.

LIGHTING.

Our buildings and grounds are lighted by a complete electric system, dynamic and storage. This electric plant is used also for instruction in the courses of electrical engineering.

DEPARTMENTS.

The heads of the various departments and instructors number 30. Instruction is given under four heads: normal, industrial, agricultural and mechanical. The following named industries are taught: Agriculture, dairying and cheese-making, domestic economy, sewing, nurse training, woodworking by hand and machinery, ironworking by hand and machinery, masonry, plastering, tinning, plumbing, tailoring, harness-making, shoe-making, painting, wheelwrighting, electrical engineering, architectural and mechanical drawing. From time to time as the resources of the college will permit, other practical industries will be added.

In line with this expansion, college extension work in agriculture will also be provided. By this means an increasingly large number of people from the various portions of the State will be reached. More definite work will be done in dairy husbandry, instruction in home economics, and in agronomy subjects. Co-operation with communities, and all workers in this field will be sought for their enthusiasm, energy and distinctive success.

CONDITION OF PHYSICAL PROPERTY.

Much has yet to be accomplished in the direction and better care of the physical property of the institution. The value of this property totals a quarter of a million dollars, and the maintenance of the various buildings and other effects is most important. It would be a matter of economy to paint the entire plant.

MAINTENANCE.

Since the establishment of the college in 1896, it has been the policy of the State to appropriate a stated sum of \$5,000.00 annually for maintenance, insurance, repairs and care of the college buildings. Within the fifteen years of its existence, the plant has expanded from a value of about \$50,000.00 to a quarter of a million dollars. With this growth has been added increased facilities and demands. The repair of the buildings, the heating and electric plants, the water supply, fuel, sewerage system, stock and fencing require an expenditure annually proportionately to their development. What was sufficient to maintain these properties fifteen years ago will not do so today. The cost of material, fuel and everything else needed in the equipment and maintenance of the college has been raised. In order, therefore, to meet these larger conditions, we would ask that the annual appropriation for these purposes be increased.

Needed for maintenance, insurance, repairs, salaries and care of college buildings..	\$9,000.00
Needed for installing heating plant in Bradham Hall..	8,000.00
Needed for overhauling heating plant in Morrill Hall..	1,000.00

Receipts.

State Appropriation:		
Balance June 30, 1910.. . . .	\$ 9,537.73	
Received 1911 for maintenance and repairs	5,000.00	
Received for new dormitory.. . . .	14,000.00	
Total for 1911.. . . .		\$28,537.73
Expenditures, State appropriation:		
For maintenance and repairs	\$ 4,935.15	
For new dormitory.. . . .	14,384.46	
For sewerage.. . . .	3,314.57	
For furniture.. . . .	327.26	
For sash and blinds—Laundry.. . . .	250.00	
For Model School building.. . . .	835.89	\$24,047.33
Balance State appropriation, June 30, 1911.. . . .		\$ 4,490.40
Land Scrip Fund:		
Balance June 30, 1910.. . . .	\$ 271.22	
Received 1910-'11.. . . .	5,754.00	
		\$ 6,025.22
Expenditures, 1910-'11.. . . .		5,868.39
Balance June 30, 1911.. . . .		\$ 156.83
Farm Receipts:		
Balance June 30, 1910.. . . .	\$ 727.52	
Sale of farm products, 1911.. . . .	1,664.14	
Total for 1911.. . . .		\$ 2,391.66
Expenditures, 1911.. . . .		1,566.53
Balance farm receipts June 30, 1911.. . . .		\$ 825.13
Insurance Fund:		
Balance June 30, 1910.. . . .		\$16,000.00
Expenditures, 1911.. . . .		13,132.64
Balance June 30, 1911.. . . .		\$ 2,867.36
Morrill Fund:		
Balance June 30, 1910.. . . .	\$ 788.36	
Received, 1911.. . . .	22,499.55	
Total receipts Morrill Fund.. . . .		\$23,287.91

Expenditures, 1911..	21,998.20
Balance June 30, 1911..	<u>\$ 1,289.71</u>

Summary.

Balance State appropriation:	
New dormitory..	\$ 4,076.01
For maintenance and repairs..	64.85
For Sewerage..	185.43
For Model School building..	164.11
	<u>\$ 4,490.40</u>
Balance Land Scrip Fund..	156.83
Balance farm receipts..	825.13
Balance insurance fund..	2,867.36
Balance Morrill Fund..	<u>1,289.71</u>
Total balance from all receipts..	\$ 9,629.43

Disbursements.

Salaries, etc.:	
Thomas E. Miller..	\$ 2,000.00
R. S. Wilkinson..	1,066.66
H. P. Butler..	1,066.66
E. A. Lawrence..	1,066.66
B. Levister..	833.34
P. P. Watson..	600.00
C. P. McLurkin..	480.00
N. C. Nix..	166.66
Louise B. Fordham..	170.00
Clara C. Davis..	541.66
Cecelia H. Holloway..	83.32
Mattie Battiste..	541.66
Daisy N. Palmer..	541.66
Cora Muldrow..	541.66
Ellie Levy..	83.32
Elizabeth Levy..	416.68
Ida Patrick..	541.66
Louisa Blanding..	543.32
Josie W. Roberts..	129.15

Minnie Cantey..	416.68
Lottie R. Hill..	416.68
Carrie Sharp Morgan..	375.02
Cornelia J. Gregg..	491.68
S. M. Boston..	836.68
J. A. Brown..	911.68
W. J. Carsten..	911.68
C. E. Watermann..	786.68
James A. Pierce..	655.00
C. H. Jones..	400.00
Alonzo E. Brown..	453.34
Thos. Felder..	105.00
James Miller..	150.00
Wm. Gruber..	300.00
C. S. Myers..	420.00
Marion Evans..	260.00
Jackson Douglass..	240.00
James W. Suber..	245.00
Julius Martin..	733.34

Total for salaries..	\$20,522.53
Farm..	1,091.14
Care of campus..	779.51
Woodworking..	2,233.18
Bricklaying and plastering..	4,753.99
Ironworking..	538.98
Electrical department..	252.59
Plumbing..	2,499.22
Painting	234.20
Lumber..	4,522.39
Brick, lime, plaster..	5,184.05
Hardware..	4,757.74
Harnessmaking..	21.95
Fertilizer..	939.58
Freight and Express..	2,322.35
Furniture and furnishings..	2,144.62
Doors, sash, blinds..	1,046.55
Metal shingles and ceiling..	2,116.71
Ditching and filling in kitchen	628.55
Hauling..	177.45
Storage battery..	712.00

Insurance premium..	691.25
Water rent..	686.57
Office supplies and postage..	55.29
Printing and subscription..	333.80
Interest..	177.12
Linseed oil and gasoline..	48.23
Adding machine and typewriters..	293.00
Self-feed rip saw..	197.25
Rent for teachers, music..	105.07
Ticking, nets, sheeting, homespun, ribbon	140.58
Harriet Brown charts..	16.00
Buckets, broom, syrup..	98.34
Fuel (coal and wood)..	2,292.09
Hay, peas, bran..	698.16
Cooking department—supplies..	30.83
Cleaning building..	29.74
Tuning piano..	13.00
Commencement speaker's expense..	22.65
Laboratory and infirmary supplies..	266.31
Physician and clerical services..	1,150.00
Trustees' expenses..	471.10
Paid account students' board..	1,317.43
<hr/>	
Total expenditures..	\$66,613.09

Very respectfully,

R. S. WILKINSON,
President.

Examined and approved.

REPORT
OF
J. FRASER LYON

ATTORNEY-GENERAL

TO THE
General Assembly of South Carolina

FOR THE
FISCAL YEAR, 1911.

REPORT.

Office of Attorney-General,
Columbia, S. C., January 1, 1912.

To the Honorable the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

In obedience to law, I herewith respectfully submit my fifth annual report for the year ending December 31st, 1911.

Hon. M. P. DuBruhl was reappointed Assistant Attorney-General and during the past year has discharged his duties acceptably and with ability. The services of Miss Owings, who has continued in the office as official stenographer, have been acceptable and efficient.

I desire to again call to the attention of your honorable body the difficulties attending the collection of some of the corporation license tax each year, and in this connection will repeat what was said in my report made January 1st, 1910.

A number of small corporations each year fail to pay the annual license tax. It is oftentimes difficult to get a response from such corporations upon demand being made for payment of this tax. Amounts due are usually so small and the assets of the corporation so small, that it would be an expense to the State to enter into litigation to recover the same, even in cases where the result of the action would be in favor of the State. I would also direct your attention to the very large penalty provided in the Act for the non-payment of the tax. A more reasonable rate of penalties should be provided, and the same should attach irrespective of the action of any officer or board. In the event the tax is not paid when due, 100 per cent. should be added thereto; if still remaining unpaid after 30 days, then an additional 50 per cent. should be added. It is not intended to indicate that the above penalties are exactly as they should be, but the suggestion is made to give an idea as to what should be done along this line.

I would, therefore, recommend that the corporation license tax Act be amended so as to embody the above ideas. I recommend that upon the failure of any corporation liable to the license tax to pay the same, the Comptroller-General be authorized to issue an execution directed to the sheriff of the county in which the

defaulting corporation has its office or place of business, directing that the sheriff proceed to levy upon the property of the corporation and collect the tax.

I would further recommend that the Act be further amended so as to provide that in the event the corporation shall have discontinued business, or has not property sufficient to pay the taxes in question, that the individual stockholders be made liable therefor.

I have heretofore called attention to the desirability of making a change in the manner of doing the work of the Engrossing Department. I again recommend that a resolution be adopted authorizing this office to employ a sufficient number of stenographers and typewriters to engross the bills and perform the other duties of the department. I think the work can be done in this way more efficiently and satisfactorily than it is done under the present system, and while the expense may be greater for each individual clerk, I think the total expense of the department will be much less than it is now, as the work will be done by a much smaller number of clerks. The resolution should state, or at least suggest the compensation to be paid these clerks.

1. This report contains a statement of cases pending and disposed of in the various courts, State and Federal, showing the status of same respectively.

2. Some of the opinions given by the Attorney-General's office during the year.

3. A financial statement showing the disposition of appropriations made for this office.

4. Reports of the Circuit Solicitors.

5. Criminal statistics for the year.

Respectfully submitted,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Cases in the United States Circuit Court.

Carolina Glass Co. vs. W. J. Murray, John McSween, Avery Patton, J. S. Brice, and A. N. Wood.

This is an action commenced by the Carolina Glass Company in the Circuit Court of the United States to recover from the defendants herein as individuals the sum of \$19,084.38, as the State Dispensary Commission. On the 23rd day of February, 1910, an Act of the Legislature was approved whereby in Section 6 thereof it was provided that any and all cases where the State Dispensary Commission has heretofore found any amount due the State by any person, firm, or corporation on account of dealings with the State Dispensary, the several County Dispensaries heretofore existing shall, upon demand, pay to the State Dispensary Commission a sufficient amount, or so much thereof as may be on hand, to cover the amount so found to be due the State.

Acting officially and as the State Dispensary Commission, the above named defendants under the provisions of the section above quoted took over from the various county dispensaries the sum of \$19,084.38; that upon the removal of the above named defendants from office by the Governor, they turned over to their successors all money so taken from the several county dispensaries; that this action is now brought against them for the purpose of recovering against them as individuals the amount so taken under the provisions of said Act and turned over to their successors in office. This being a general statement of the facts of the case, I have deemed it necessary to undertake the defense of the case, as it is, in my opinion, a suit against the State, and at the suggestion of the defendants I have employed associate counsel.

Cases in the Supreme Court.

The State vs. John O. Edwards.

This action was brought against John O. Edwards as County Treasurer of Berkeley and the sureties on his official bond. Judgment was rendered in favor of the State, as heretofore reported, for the sum of \$5,596.23. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court. The case was argued during the present year. The decree has been filed affirming the judgment of the Circuit Court, and the amount of the judgment has been paid.

Equitable Home Company vs. F. H. McMaster, as Insurance Commissioner.

This company is chartered under the laws of this State, with its place of business at Aiken. It applied to the Insurance Commissioner for license to do business during the year beginning April 1, 1910. The license was refused upon the ground, among others, that the contracts which this company proposes to sell is not fair and equitable, and is on the part of the petitioner impossible to perform. The petitioner brought the above case in the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court to enjoin Insurance Commissioner from instituting criminal proceedings against any of the officers or agents of the company for violation of the laws of the State and to enjoin him from in any way interfering with the said company in carrying on the business which it proposes to do. A reference to take testimony has been ordered by the Supreme Court and the case is now pending and will probably be heard during the present term of the court. The reference has been held and the case will be disposed of at the present term of court.

The State, ex rel. J. Fraser Lyon, Attorney-General, Petitioner, vs. The City Council of Augusta.

This proceeding was brought to abate and remove so much of the dam across the Savannah River as is within the territorial limits of South Carolina as a public nuisance. The case was set for hearing on December 19th, 1910, but by consent was continued

until February 6th, 1911. It resulted in a consent decree directing the City Council of Augusta to place in the said dam a proper fishway, which should be built according to plans and specifications furnished by the Bureau of Fisheries of the United States government, and when completed, approved by the said bureau. It has been reported to this office that the said dam was completed as required by the order of the court, and a report has been received from the Bureau of Fisheries of the United States stating that the work had been examined by an engineer from that office and that it was approved. The decree above mentioned was made in accordance with an Act passed by the Legislature at its session in 1911.

The State vs. John W. Pendarvis.

The defendant in this case was tried by the Court of General Sessions at upon an indictment for murder and was found guilty of manslaughter. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court and was heard at the spring term. An opinion has been filed reversing the judgment of the Circuit Court and ordering a new trial.

The State vs. Jasper Ryalls et al.

The defendants were convicted in the magistrate's court for violating a labor contract. An appeal was taken to the Circuit Court of General Sessions, which affirmed the judgment rendered by the magistrate. An appeal was then taken to the Supreme Court and has been dismissed for want of prosecution.

The State vs. Sam Hyde.

The defendant was tried and convicted upon an indictment for murder at the fall term of the Court of General Sessions at Anderson. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court and the case was heard at the November Term, 1911. The opinion has not yet been filed.

The State, ex rel. J. Fraser Lyon, Attorney-General, vs. P. A. Brady and others, as Columbia Racing Association, W. M. Annbroster and others, and South Carolina Agricultural Society.

This is a petition in the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court for an injunction to abate a gaming house or place said to

be maintained at the race track on the State Fair Grounds as a public nuisance. The case has been set for hearing on January 4th, 1912.

Carolina Glass Co. vs. James Stackhouse and others, as State Dispensary Commission.

This was a proceeding for mandamus to compel the Dispensary Commission to refund to the petitioner certain moneys which had been received by the Commission from county dispensaries, such money being the amount due by the county dispensaries to the petitioner. The proceeding was commenced without notice at the time being given to the Attorney-General, either by the petitioner or the respondents above named. Upon information that the proper officer had not been notified of the proceeding, the Court passed an order in which it was allowed that the Attorney-General might, if he should see proper to make a return to the rule on behalf of the State. Thereupon the Attorney-General made a return, which is filed in the Court, and upon this return being made the proceeding was abandoned by the petitioner.

The B. F. Johnson Publishing Co. vs. Cole L. Blease, as Governor, and others, as the State Board of Education.

This was an application made in the Court of Common Pleas for Richland County for a writ of mandamus to compel the State Board of Education to execute certain contracts which the petitioner alleged they had entered into with it to furnish certain readers for the common schools and to enjoin the said board from allowing the use of readers which the board had contracted with The D. C. Heath Company to furnish. Upon a hearing of the case, an order was made by his Honor, Judge John S. Wilson, refusing the mandamus and dismissing the petition. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court, and is now pending.

The State vs. Eugene Hogan.

The defendant failed to appear for trial and judgment was given upon the bond. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court, and upon the hearing of the case, the appeal was dismissed.

CASES IN THE CIRCUIT COURT.

The State vs. John Black and others, Chester County.

This case was tried at Chester, and resulted in an acquittal of Jodie M. Rawlinson and H. Lee Solomon and a conviction of John Black, as heretofore reported. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court. Pending this appeal the defendant, John Black, has been pardoned by the Governor and no further proceeding has been had in the case.

The State vs. H. H. Evans.

This was an indictment against H. H. Evans, a former director of the State Dispensary, charging him with accepting rebates for his own use and not for the benefit of the State. The case was pending in the Circuit Court for Newberry County, and at the July term, 1911, a *nolle prosequi* was entered by order of the Court.

The Bank of Camden vs. D. M. McCaskill, County Treasurer.

This was an action commenced in the Court of Common Pleas for Kershaw County to recover the sum of \$704.70 taxes which the plaintiff claimed had been unlawfully assessed and collected on the shares of stock in the hands of the stockholders in said bank for the year 1909. In the year 1909 the president and cashier of said bank made a return to the county auditor giving the names of the stockholders, the number of shares held by each and the value of shares for the purpose of taxation, as required by law. The total value of the shares as taxed by the board of assessors was \$145,000. The bank claimed the right to deduct from the value of these shares \$18,000 of non-taxable school bonds and \$40,000 of cotton mill stock which were held by the bank. This claim was disallowed and the taxable value of the shares was fixed by the county board of equalization at sixty per cent. of the total value above stated. The real estate owned by the bank was assessed at \$10,000 and this amount was deducted from the taxable value of the shares. The bank paid the taxes under protest and brought suit to recover for the amount stated above, which was the difference between the amount of taxes paid and what the taxes would have been if the deductions claimed had been allowed. The cause was heard by consent before his Honor Judge Robert

Aldrich in Columbia in June, 1911, and a decree was rendered disallowing the deductions claimed by the bank and dismissing the complaint, the judge holding that the taxes assessed upon the value of the shares in the hands of the shareholders was a tax against the individual shareholders upon their individual property and not a tax upon the bank; that no tax is levied under the laws of this State against any property owned by a bank except real estate; that none of its bonds or other securities are returned for taxation or taxed; that the non-taxable securities held by the bank had not been taxed.

Central National Bank vs. C. M. Earle, County Treasurer.

This action was brought in the Court of Common Pleas by the Central National Bank of Spartanburg to recover the sum of \$570 taxes which the plaintiff paid for the year 1909, and which it claimed had been unlawfully collected. The plaintiff bank is the owner of \$30,000 worth of non-taxable school district bonds and claimed the right to take these bonds from the value of the shares of stock in the hands of shareholders in ascertaining the taxable value of said shares. The deduction was disallowed by the county board of assessors. The plaintiff then paid the taxes assessed against the shareholders under protest and brought this action to recover the same above mentioned which was the difference between taxes paid and what the taxes would have been if the deduction had been allowed. The cause was heard before his Honor Judge John S. Wilson at Spartanburg, and a decree has been filed dismissing the complaint upon the same grounds set forth in the case of the Bank of Camden vs. D. M. McCaskill, County Treasurer.

The State, ex rel. W. B. Taylor and Guy B. Taylor, Relators, vs. Cole L. Blease, J. E. Swearingen and others, as the State Board of Education.

This was a proceeding in the Court of Common Pleas for Richland County against the above named defendants for mandamus to compel the State Board of Education to appoint Guy B. Taylor to a scholarship at Clemson College. Guy B. Taylor and Jefferson Sharp were applicants from Lexington County for said scholarship. The faculty of Clemson College reported that Guy B. Taylor made the highest mark on competitive examination and Jeffer-

son G. Sharp the next highest. The Board of Education awarded the scholarship to Jefferson G. Sharp for the reason that Guy B. Taylor had attended Clemson College the year preceding as a student in the preparatory class. Upon the hearing his Honor, Judge John S. Wilson, held that the law had been properly construed by the State Board of Education, and made an order dismissing the petition for mandamus. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court and is now pending.

The State vs. James F. Detyens.

This was an action brought by the State in the Court of Common Pleas for Georgetown County against James F. Detyens, as county treasurer, and the sureties on his official bond, to recover the sum of \$9,647.25, which the said Detyens had failed to turn over to his successor in office. The defendants in their answer admitted the allegations of the complaint except as subsequently denied and explained in the answer and then set up as a defense that the sureties were not liable for the amount received for the sale of fish stamps because the said stamps were never receipted for by the defendant, James F. Detyens, as county treasurer, so as to render his official bond liable therefor, and that they were not liable for the amount of commutation road tax charged against said treasurer, because the same had been collected after the expiration of the time fixed by law for the payment of the same. The State demurred to the answer on the ground that it failed to state facts constituting a defense; that it appeared upon the face of the answer that the sums of money for which the sureties denied liability were received by the county treasurer, and that there was no allegation in the answer that he had turned the same over to his successors in office. The cause was heard before his Honor Judge Ernest Gary upon this demurrer, and a decree was rendered by him sustaining the demurrer and dismissing the complaint. The defendant appealed to the Supreme Court and the case is now pending.

Vinie Jackson, Plaintiff, vs. James D. McDowell and the State of South Carolina.

This is an action brought by the plaintiff in the Court of Common Pleas for York County for the partition of certain real estate and making the State of South Carolina a defendant, as

having some possible interest in the land. An answer has been filed by the Attorney-General on behalf of the State in which it is alleged that he has no knowledge sufficient to form a belief as to any of the allegations alleged in the complaint, and further that this is a suit against the State within the meaning of the Eleventh Amendment of the Constitution of the United States. No further proceedings have yet been had in the case.

The Cotton Mills and others vs. G. McD. Hampton, Acting Chairman; B. L. Caughman and John G. Richards, Constituents of the Railroad Commission of South Carolina.

This was an action brought to restrain the defendants from interfering with the suspension of a certain order of the Railroad Commission dated 29th December, 1910, known as No. 99, and which referred to the litigation on the cotton piece goods rate from the mills of South Carolina to Charleston. It was begun by the service of a summons and complaint with rule to show cause, restraining order, etc., granted by Judge Ernest Gary on April 3rd, 1911. Before said date, an agreement was reached between the railroads and the plaintiff, and upon this fact being communicated to the Attorney-General, as counsel for the defendants named, a continuance was agreed upon and the case was settled by an agreement with the railroads and the mills. In compliance with this agreement, on the 7th day of June, 1911, the Hon. Robert Aldrich, presiding at the term of Court then being held in Richland County, passed an order of discontinuance and later the Railroad Commission discontinued the petition of the railroads for a rehearing.

The State vs. J. B. Wylie, J. B. Towill, L. W. Boykin, W. O. Tatum and others.

The above defendants are charged with conspiracy, bribery and accepting rebates for their own use in their dealings with the late State Dispensary. It is not deemed necessary to set forth fully the charges against each of them.

The case against J. B. Towill, L. W. Boykin and W. O. Tatum, charged with conspiracy to defraud the State, known as the label case, was tried at the September term of the Court for Richland County. The jury failed to agree upon a verdict and a mistrial was ordered. The case is still pending.

Financial Statement.

EXPENSE LITIGATION—ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

		Appropriation..	\$ 3,000 00
		<hr/>	
		A. D. McFaddin, Taking Testimony, State	
		vs. Roy Tuten..	\$ 11 70
		U. R. Brooks, Clerk Supreme Court, Costs	9 50
		Ed. H. DeCamp, Solicitor's Argument...	10 50
		J. F. Walker, Clerk of Court, Costs....	42 15
		J. Fraser Lyon, Expense Trip to Wash-	
		ington in Hunter Case..	75 90
March	1	W. H. Dunkin, Clerk of Court, Copy Order	1 00
March	8	The R. L. Bryan Co., Solicitor's Argument	4 00
March	8	Postal Telegraph Co., Telegrams.. . . .	1 55
March	8	Western Union Telegraph Co., Telegrams	6 42
March	6	Gulf & Atlantic Ins. Co., Premium on	
		Bond of Attorney General..	25 00
March	8	The R. L. Bryan Co., Argument.. . . .	12 60
March	10	H. R. Thompson, Violation of Prohibition	
		Law..	50 00
March	13	Postal Telegraph Co., Telegrams.. . . .	4 20
March	14	U. R. Brooks, Clerk Sup. Court, Costs..	1 50
March	25	Bancroft-Whitney Co., U. S. Sup. Court	
		Reports..	6 00
March	25	The Lawyers Co-operative Pub. Co., Law	
		Books..	11 00
March	27	Southern Bell Tel. Co., Telephone Toll....	63 36
March	28	U. R. Brooks, Clerk Sup. Court, Costs..	2 00
March	28	Journal Pub. Co., Solicitors' Blanks.. . .	10 50
March	29	M. P. DeBruhl, Expense Trip to Spartan-	
		burg in Central Nat'l. Bank vs. Earle,	
		Treasurer..	6 35
April	1	The R. L. Bryan Co., Solicitors' Blanks..	8 00
April	8	Southern Bell Tel. Co., Long Distance...	10 30
April	10	Bancroft-Whitney Co., Law Books.. . . .	14 60
April	15	Southern Bell Tel. Co., Long Distance....	13 65
April	15	Walker, Evans & Cogswell Co., Solicitors'	
		Blanks..	7 00

April	19	Western Union Tel. Co., Telegrams.. ..	1 39
April	21	J. Fraser Lyon, Expense Trip to Charleston in Detyens Case.. .. .	19 10
April	27	Miss A. R. Mazyck, Copying Order in Detyens Case.. .. .	2 62
May	1	Batesburg Advocate, Argument in Edwards Case.. .. .	18 00
May	4	The R. L. Bryan Co., Book Cases and Solicitor's Argument.. .. .	30 50
May	4	Postal Telegraph Co., Telegrams.. .. .	1 90
May	17	U. R. Brooks, Clerk Sup. Court, Costs.. ..	1 50
May	18	The State Co., Solicitor's Argument and Sundry Accounts.. .. .	26 58
June	7	J. William Thurmond, Services Rendered Railroad Commission.. .. .	113 35
June	8	Western Union Tel. Co., Telegrams.. ..	3 84
June	8	Southern Bell Tel. Co., Telegrams.. .. .	13 10
June	8	Postal Tel. Co., Telegrams.. .. .	3 53
July	3	U. R. Brooks, Clerk Sup. Court, Costs.. ..	3 00
July	6	U. R. Brooks, Clerk Sup. Court, Costs.. ..	1 50
July	6	The State Co., Solicitors' Arguments.. ..	31 80
July	6	Miss Emma C. Killian, Typewriting.. ..	1 50
July	6	The R. L. Bryan Co., Solicitors' Blanks.. ..	1 65
July	7	J. Fraser Lyon, Expense Trip to Meeting of Attorneys General.. .. .	197 00
July	7	U. R. Brooks, Clerk Sup. Court, Costs.. ..	1 50
July	7	S. M. Wetmore, Supplement Wetmore's Citation.. .. .	2 00
July	8	Western Union Tel. Co., Telegrams.. ..	3 15
Aug.	8	Miss Emma C. Killian, Stenographer....	22 50
Aug.	11	D. A. Smith, Certified Copy of Clemson Will.. .. .	5 00
Aug.	12	I. C. Hough, Copy of Decree Bank of Camden vs. McCaskill.. .. .	2 00
Aug.	12	The Hart-Attaway Co., Solicitor's Argument.. .. .	4 50
Aug.	12	Ed. H. DeCamp, Solicitor's Argument.. ..	4 50
Aug.	12	Postal Telegraph Co., Telegrams.. .. .	1 44
Aug.	12	The State Co., Solicitors' Blanks.. .. .	5 36
Aug.	12	Southern Bell Tel. Co., Long Distance.. ..	8 55
Aug.	26	Southern Express Co., Express Pck. Ia...	2 00

Sept.	4	George Cosson, Atty.-Gen. Proceedings of Attorneys-General Association...	6 80
Sept.	4	Bancroft-Whitney Co., Simpkins on Equity	6 50
Sept.	25	U. R. Brooks, Clerk Sup. Court, Costs..	2 00
Sept.	30	A. D. Hydrick, Jr., Services as Attorney in State vs. Litysaih et al.	100 00
Oct.	6	Western Union Tel. Co., Telegrams..	1 14
Oct.	12	Bancroft-Whitney Co., Law Books....	13 00
Oct.	13	The State Co., Solicitors' Supplies..	11 94
Oct.	16	M. P. DeBruhl, Express Charges and Sundry Items..	1 15
Oct.	17	The Rough Notes Co., Insurance Digest..	26 90
Nov.	3	T. W. Bickett, Atty.-Gen., Printing in American Tobacco Co. Case..	6 67
Nov.	3	The Riverdale Press, Subscription to Green Bag..	3 00
Nov.	3	Southern Bell Tel. Co., Long Distance...	10 65
Nov.	7	J. Fraser Lyon, Expense Trip to New York, in re U. S. vs. American Tobacco Company..	89 90
Nov.	9	The State Co., Solicitors' Blanks, etc..	17 30
Nov.	9	Journal Pub. Co., Solicitors' Blanks..	7 40
Nov.	9	The R. L. Bryan Co., Solicitors' Blanks..	16 33
Nov.	11	Western Union Tel. Co., Telegrams..	2 20
Dec.	9	U. R. Brooks, Clerk of Court, Costs..	24 00
Dec.	11	Walker, Evans & Cogswell Co., Solicitors' Blanks..	2 88
Dec.	11	The State Co., Subscription..	7 80
Dec.	11	Little, Brown & Co., Law Books..	26 50
Dec.	12	U. R. Brooks, Clerk of Court, Costs..	10 00
Dec.	13	J. W. Ashburn, Detective in State vs. Columbia Racing Association..	23 50
Dec.	13	Southern Bell Tel. Co., Long Distance..	1 60
Dec.	13	Western Union Telegraph Co., Telegrams	2 67
Dec.	13	The R. L. Bryan Co., Argument..	4 00
Dec.	19	Miss Kate F. Maher, Typewriting..	3 00
Dec.	20	John E. Holmes, Affidavits in Sundry Cases	2 00
Dec.	21	The R. L. Bryan Co., Solicitor's Argument	8 00
Dec.	23	Bancroft-Whitney Co., U. S. Reports..	5 50
Dec.	23	Carlton W. Sawyer, Affidavits in Sundry Cases..	1 00

PROSECUTION VIOLATION DISPENSARY LAW.

		Appropriation, 1908..	\$15,000 00
Feb. 21	W. F. Stevenson, Professional Services..	\$	250 00
Feb. 28	Postal Tel. Co., Personal Services G. H. Charles..		10 00
March 16	J. Fraser Lyon, Expense Trip to Augusta in Dispensary Cases..		9 45
March 21	J. L. Thorpe, Expense Trip to Columbia..		9 40
April 5	R. A. Cooper, Expense Trip to Columbia in State vs. H. H. Evans..		6 30
June 7	H. R. Thompson, Services as Detective..		20 00
June 10	H. R. Thompson, Services as Detective..		50 00
July 6	H. R. Thompson, Services as Detective..		80 00
Aug. 7	J. Fraser Lyon, Expense Trip to Atlanta		30 38
Sept. 21	J. Fraser Lyon, Expense Trip to Atlanta		25 70
Sept. 29	N. Christensen, Expense from Boston to Columbia, Witness in Label Cases.. . .		76 95
Sept. 30	W. F. Stevenson, Services as Attorney in State vs. Boykin et al..		300 00
Sept. 30	Malvern Hill, Expense and per diem.. . .		66 17
Oct. 5	Fred E. Cullum, Witness in State vs. Boykin..		23 55
Oct. 5	W. H. Cogswell, Expense as Witness State vs. Boykin..		8 91
Oct. 5	Postal Telegraph Co., Telegrams.. . . .		7 57
Oct. 6	Walker, Evans & Cogswell Co., Telephone Message in State vs. Boykin..		1 00
Oct. 17	J. L. Thorpe, Expense as Witness in State vs. Boykin et al..		28 00
Nov. 8	Malvern Hill, Services in Evans Case		155 00
Nov. 4	W. F. Stevenson, Professional Services in Dispensary Prosecution..		200 00

STAMPS AND STATIONERY.

		Appropriation..	\$ 125 00
March 1	G. M. Carpenter, Stationery..	\$	2 50
March 2	The State Co., Stationery..		2 20
March 9	J. P. Stevens Engraving Co., Stationery..		8 00

April	7	Geo. H. Huggins, Stamps..	11 00
May	18	The State Co., Stationery..	2 80
May	25	G. M. Carpenter, Repairing Typewriter and Stationery..	2 15
May	25	Beauvais Typewriter Supply Mfg. Co., Carbon..	4 00
July	8	Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, Stamps.. . .	10 00
Aug.	2	The State Co., Ink and Note Books.. . . .	1 00
Sept.	19	Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, Stamps.. . .	10 00
Sept.	22	Southern Express Co., Express on Sta- tionery..	70
Sept.	23	J. P. Stevens Engraving Co., Stationery..	8 00
Nov.	13	Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, Stamps.. . .	10 00
Dec.	9	G. M. Carpenter, Stationery and Type- writer Ribbon..	3 35
Dec.	23	Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, Stamps.. . .	20 00

RAILWAY MERGER SUIT.

Appropriation, 1908.. \$ 5,000 00

Jan.	7	W. H. Townsend, Professional Services.. \$	350 00
Jan.	14	J. Q. Stilwell, Expense as Witness in Merger Suit..	7 10
March	1	J. A. Tate, Certified Copy Grand Jury's Report..	75
March	18	R. H. Welch, Attorney's Fees..	1,250 00
Aug.	19	Owen Alderman, Sheriff's Cost in Merger Suit..	15 20

CONTINGENT FUND.

Appropriation.. \$ 300 00

March	1	Review Pub. Co., Subscription to American Law Review.. \$	5 00
March	2	Robert Burns, Porter, Jan. and Feb.. . .	20 80
March	2	Henderson-Suydam Hardware Co., Oil Stove..	4 15
March	3	W. L. Bennett..	12 00
March	6	Columbia Ice and Fuel Co., Ice..	13 60
April	1	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40

April	3	Heyward's Pharmacy, Creoline..	1 00
April	5	W. L. Bennett..	6 00
May	1	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40
May	1	G. P. Spivey..	3 00
June	1	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40
June	5	G. P. Spivey..	5 00
July	1	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40
July	15	G. P. Spivey..	5 00
Aug.	1	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40
Aug.	12	G. P. Spivey..	3 00
Sept.	1	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40
Sept.	9	G. P. Spivey..	4 00
Oct.	2	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40
Oct.	16	M. P. DuBruhl..	1 00
Nov.	1	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40
Nov.	7	Heyward's Pharmacy, Sundry Items.. . .	2 25
Dec.	1	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40
Dec.	19	The News and Courier, Subscription.. . .	8 00
Dec.	22	Robert Burns, Porter..	10 40

OPINIONS.

The Governor: His powers, etc.

March 1, 1911.

Hon. C. L. Blease, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your communication to the Attorney-General enclosing a letter of Hon. T. G. Croft and asking that he advise you as to the questions of law suggested by the letter has been received. The two questions of law suggested are:

First. Can the Governor order an election for an intendant and other officers for the town of Montmorenci?

Second. Has the charter of the town been forfeited by the fact that it has not been used and there has been no town government for several years?

Section 1941, Code of Laws, Volume I, provides: "Whenever it shall happen that a sufficient number of the Board of Intendant and Wardens to constitute a quorum shall be prevented from discharging their duties and functions by reason of death, resignation or other disability, the Governor of the State is authorized and directed to order an election for Intendant and Wardens of said town, and to appoint all officers necessary for the holding and declaring of said election, who shall proceed to discharge their respective duties in the same manner and with the same effect as though they had been appointed by the municipal authorities provided for in this Article."

As to the second question. The charter is not forfeited by the failure to elect an intendant and wardens and exercise the powers granted by the charter for several years as stated in Mr. Croft's letter. Municipal corporations can only be dissolved by the Legislature or pursuant to some general enactment on the subject. The only statute on this subject is the act of the General Assembly, approved March 1st, 1909. This act provides that whenever it shall appear that a town of less than 1,000 inhabitants has decreased in population since its incorporation to less than 100 inhabitants, the charter of such town shall thereby become forfeited, and also that whenever a majority of the qualified voters of any town of less than 300 inhabitants shall file with the intendant and wardens a petition asking for an election on the question of surrendering their charter, an

election shall be ordered to determine that question, and if two-thirds of those voting shall vote in favor of surrendering such charter the intendant and wardens shall certify the result to the Secretary of State, who shall immediately thereupon cancel the charter.

Mr. Croft's letter does not state the size of the town of Montmorenci, nor does he state whether or not the inhabitants have decreased to less than 100. Assuming that the town belongs to the class of less than 1,000 inhabitants and that they still have more than 100 inhabitants, I am of the opinion that you can order the election for an intendant and wardens. The statute does not provide for the election of a clerk and treasurer, as asked for in Mr. Croft's letter, and unless an election of these officers is provided in the charter, I do not think they can be chosen at the election which you are asked to order.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

March 23, 1911.

Gov. C. L. Blease, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Replying to your letter of the 14th inst., I will say:

M. A. Goodman was indicted by the grand jury of Richland County. Upon his giving me certain evidence showing the guilt of former dispensary officials, and furnishing me information as to how other evidence of similar nature could be obtained, nol. pros. was, or will be in due time, entered upon indictments against him.

J. T. Earley and J. B. Wylie testified as witnesses for the State in several cases. Their testimony has largely appeared in public prints. On account of this I shall nol. pros. indictments against them, and have agreed to institute no further proceedings against them in behalf of the State.

Henry Samuels testified before the Dispensary Commission and in the criminal court as a State's witness. I have, therefore, agreed to discontinue prosecution against him.

I. W. Bernheim and others were indicted in Chester, and it was agreed that he as a witness should give bond in the sum of \$5,000, or deposit in lieu thereof \$5,000 in cash, and if he shall not duly appear the cash to be forfeited, otherwise to be turned over to the State Dispensary Commission. \$5,000 has

been deposited with the clerk of court at Chester. I. W. Bernheim and B. Bernheim paid the State Dispensary Commission at one time \$30,000 and at another \$34,700 for avercharges on liquors sold the dispensary. Taking into consideration all the circumstances, I have agreed to nol. pros. as to I. W. Bernheim.

Upon indictments against D. Weiskopf nol. pros. will be entered upon his testifying the truth as a witness in behalf of the State with reference to the sale of large quantities of labels sold by Nivison-Weiskopf Company to the State Dispensary.

J. S. Farnum was indicted, tried, and acquitted. Thereafter he plead guilty and was fined \$5,000. Upon other indictments against him, nol. pros. was, or will be entered.

C. W. Dudley, in addition to giving evidence to the State Dispensary Commission, testified in Chester in the case against John Black and others as a State's witness, and I have agreed not to prosecute him.

B. M. Wilson has furnished information concerning certain transactions between the Richland Distillery Company and the former State Dispensary and has agreed to testify in regard thereto, and I have agreed that I will not prosecute him for, or on account of his connection with the transactions about which he testifies.

G. H. Charles gave information generally as to dispensary transactions, testified before the grand jury in the case against H. H. Evans, and was employed as a detective. On account of the above, it was not my purpose to prosecute him, even though it should have been determined that an action would probably lie against him. I am informed that Mr. Charles has recently died.

W. D. Roy testified as a witness for the State in the case against John Black et al., and before the grand jury, besides giving assistance in working up the cases. It is my purpose not to prosecute him.

I cannot recall any one else who has agreed to turn State's evidence, or whom I have agreed not to prosecute, but if I find that any name has been in any manner overlooked, I will advise you upon the ascertainment thereof. I cannot say definitely, but am of the impression that among those whom I have agreed not to prosecute the following were suggested by Mr. Felder as persons who would give evidence for the State in such actions as might be instituted: W. D. Roy, B. M. Wilson, D. Weiskopf,

J. T. Earley, C. W. Dudley, and M. A. Goodman. I am unable to make the definite statement that Mr. Felder suggested that the persons above should not be prosecuted, for the reason that I, as Attorney-General, have exercised this power upon my own responsibility, and in accordance with my own judgment.

Referring to that part of your letter which asks what civil actions were settled or compromised and the terms thereof, will say: That the civil actions instituted were in charge of Messrs. Anderson, Felder, Rountree & Wilson, Mr. W. F. Stevenson, and Mr. B. L. Abney, Messrs. Abney and Stevenson having active charge and management thereof. Mr. Stevenson has furnished me the following list of civil actions which have been compromised. These actions were compromised for the payment of money, the amount of which is stated opposite the names of the defendants given below:

Gallagher & Burton.. . . .	\$11,395.94
Lannahan & Sons.. . . .	14,083.46
Grabfelder & Co..	15,297.17
Roskam-Gerstley Co..	3,066.37
Freidman-Keiler Co..	1,585.00
Meyer, Pitts & Co..	3,437.50
Jack Cranston Co..	802.21
American Bonding Co..	500.00

In several of the above cases the defendants had presented claims against the State, which were disallowed. Such amounts are in addition to the amount of moneys to which reference is above made.

The act of 1910 authorized the Dispensary Commission to make settlement of such claims.

Answering your inquiry as to that part of the contract entered into between the State Dispensary Commission and Anderson, Felder, Rountree & Wilson, wherein it is provided that Anderson, Felder, Rountree & Wilson are clothed with full power, subject alone to the approval of the Attorney-General of the State, to offer any of the parties involved immunity from prosecution, will say: The power to offer immunity was given this firm, but the power to grant immunity—that is to refuse to prosecute, or in case of indictment, to nol. pros.—was left, as the law provides, in the discretion of the Attorney-General. In view of this power of the Attorney-

General, this provision was inserted in the contract. Whether any person should not be indicted, or if indicted, should have nol. pros. entered on the indictment against him remains, so far as the contract is concerned, just as the law provides. The policy of the State to allow immunity under the circumstances may be fairly inferred from the act of 1906 providing for the investigation of the dispensary, wherein it is provided that no testimony given by witnesses before the committee shall be used against them in a criminal prosecution. This provision of law was perpetuated and became a part of the law under which the State Dispensary Commission was created. Acts of 1907, page 835. So it must follow, independently of the law giving such power to the Attorney-General, that such of those whose names are mentioned above, who testified before the investigating committee, or the State Dispensary Commission, practically have immunity under this act. But aside from the manifest policy of the Legislature, as contained in the above mentioned act, the Attorney-General has discretion as to when, how, and against whom to proceed in criminal cases. He has the power to enter a nolle prosequi by virtue of his office independently of the court. Ency. of Law 23, page 275 and 276. *State vs. Howard*, 15 Rich. Law, 274; *State vs. M'Kee*, 1 Bailey, 651. The rule is laid down in the *M'Kee* case that the prosecuting officer may enter a nolle prosequi at any stage of the proceedings, until the jury are charged; but he cannot do so afterwards, not at least in case of an indictment for a capital offense, and if he is permitted to do so, its effect is the acquittal of the prisoner. The above rule is also recognized in Archbold's Criminal Practice, Volume I, page 317. In Bishop on Criminal Procedure, 2 Edition, Volume I, section 1020, it is said: "If the prosecutor in the English practice wishes to make use of one of the defendants as a witness, the court will permit a verdict of acquittal to be taken at once in his case, and thus he will be rendered competent. In our own States the ready method in such circumstances would ordinarily be for the prosecuting officer to enter a nol. pros. as to the defendant whose testimony he wished to use." The following rule is laid down by Bishop, Volume I, section 1076: "In the United States, where prosecutions are instituted and carried on by a public prosecutor, who acts directly for the government and protects its interests, there is an evident propriety in considering it to be within the exclusive

discretion of this officer to determine whether or not an accomplice shall be permitted to become State's evidence, as it is sometimes expressed with us: and whether, if he does, he is afterwards entitled to be no further prosecuted, by reason of what is thus done. It is not easy to say what, in fact, is the practice on this point in all the States, but it is believed that, in most of them the prosecuting officer acts in such cases upon his own discretion, which is little, if at all, controlled by the courts." That such discretion is reposed in the prosecuting officer independently of the court in this State is shown in the M'Kee case and others hereinafter referred to. In the case of *Rogers vs. Hill*, 22 R. I., page 498, it is said: "The practice of entering a nolle prosequi to informations is very ancient, but to indictments, it began in the latter end of the reign of Charles II." It is further said in this case that "there are three periods of a prosecution in which a nolle prosequi may be entered; before a jury is empanelled, while the case is before the jury, and after verdict. In the first it is perfectly clear that a nol. pros. may be entered at the pleasure of the prosecuting officer, such is the constant practice. It may be that the indictment is defective, and he may wish to procure another; he may discover that the evidence will turn out differently from what he expected, and he may wish to vary the charge to make it conform to the proof, or he may have good reason for not wishing to prosecute at all. There may be innumerable causes for discontinuing the prosecution, all of which he may judge upon his official responsibility. In many cases the discontinuance may operate to the prejudice of the defendant, but never to the injury of his legal rights. It is not to be presumed that this officer will violate his duty, or act oppressively." And it is further said in the case that he exercises that power wholly upon his official responsibility without the advice or permission of the court.

In the case of the *State vs. Thomas*, 75 S. C., 479, 480, the rule in the M'Kee case as to the power to enter a nolle prosequi is reaffirmed.

In the case of the *State vs. Cardoza*, 11 S. C., 197, it appears that Richard H. Gleaves, Samuel J. Lee, Josephus Woodruff, A. O. Jones, and Francis L. Cardoza were indicted for conspiracy. The Attorney-General, Hon. James Connor, called this case for trial and entered a nolle prosequi as to the defendants

Samuel J. Lee, Josephus Woodruff, and A. O. Jones; Richard H. Gleaves not having been arrested, the trial proceeded against Francis Cardoza alone. See page 201. It appears from the case as recorded that Gleaves, Woodruff, and Jones were used as State's witnesses. It will also be noted with interest that three of my most distinguished predecessors in office, Hon. LeRoy F. Youmans, Hon. James Connor, and Hon. O. R. Miles, appeared as attorneys for the State.

The following quotation from "A Voice from South Carolina," Leland, throws an interesting light upon the practice of the prosecuting attorney in this State granting immunity. It is in reference to prosecutions for frauds committed during the reconstruction:

"More than thirty 'True Bills' have been found by Grand Juries of Richland County—not very much varied in their character—and covering a long list of names. Sometimes five or six names would be embraced under the same indictment, and sometimes the same name would be found several times repeated. For instance, the name of Cardoza will be found on *nine* separate indictments.

"With this explanation, only the following names can now be found on the docket: H. H. Kimpton, D. H. Chamberlain, R. K. Scott, F. J. Moses, N. G. Parker, F. L. Cardoza, Robert Smalls, J. L. Neagle, F. S. Jacobs, (Solomon's Bank,) B. F. Whittemore, Solomon L. Hoge, Y. J. P. Owens, Thos. C. Dunn, R. H. Gleaves, Samuel J. Lee, Josephus Woodruff, A. O. Jones, and L. Cass Carpenter.

"Of these, Parker, L. Cass Carpenter, Cardoza and Smalls have been tried and convicted on one indictment each; so far, the other criminals have not been very accessible.

"Immunity has been granted to very many—mostly members of the Legislature—as in the seventy-five examined in Patterson's case.

"In other cases, as Woodruff's, Jones', Nash's, and some others, promises of restitution were exacted and complied with, and thus the State was relieved of a large amount of indebtedness by the surrender of papers. How much, if any, money was refunded, has never come to light." On page 228 of this book it is stated that "N. G. Parker was tried and convicted in the summer of 1875 under an indictment of larceny and breach of trust with fraudulent intent. Escaped from jail; was recap-

tured. and finally pardoned for that offense on the promise to tell all he knew.

I have quoted at length from the above authorities, in order that it may appear that it has always been the law and the practice in this State for the prosecuting officer to determine who should and who should not be prosecuted, and whom he should allow to become State's evidence.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

March 17, 1911.

Gov. C. L. Blease, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: In response to your request for an opinion as to whether you have authority to appoint a board of registration for Aiken County will say: Section 176, Code of Laws, 1902, Volume I, provides, between the first day of January and the 15th day of March, 1898, and between said dates in every second year thereafter, the Governor shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, if in session, and if not in session, subject to its approval at its next session, subject to removal by the Governor for incapacity, misconduct, or neglect of duty, three competent and discreet persons in each County, who shall be citizens and qualified electors thereof and who shall be known as the County Board of Registration of _____ County, whose duty it shall be to register and to conduct the registration of the electors who shall apply for registration in such County as herein required. Their office shall be at the county seat, and they shall keep a record of all their official acts and proceedings. Their term of office shall be for two years from the date of their appointment, and they shall continue in office until their successors shall have been appointed and shall qualify: Provided, that in case of a vacancy for any cause in the office of the Board of Registration, the Governor shall fill such vacancy by and with the consent of the Senate, as aforesaid.

In view of the above statutory provision, if it be a fact that supervisors of registration were appointed in 1910 subsequent to the adjournment of the General Assembly, and if the appointment of such persons was not approved by the Senate at the session of 1911, then, in my opinion, the right of such appointees

to hold office terminated with the adjournment of the Senate, and under the provisions of the Act above referred to, you have authority to make appointments subject to the approval of the Senate at its next session.

It is said in *Louisiana vs. Rareshide*, 32 La. Ann., 637 (937), that, "where the appointment is subject to the action of the Senate, if the vacancy is accidental and occurs previous to, or during the recess of the Senate, and the concurrence of that body has not been had, the appointment is temporary and contingent upon confirmation. In the event it has not been confirmed either because the name was not sent in, or was rejected, the appointment becomes inoperative from the moment of adjournment or from the moment of its rejection, as the case may be." This rule in substance is supported by 29 Cyc., 1372, and cases cited and 23 Encyclopedia of Law, 346.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

June 6, 1911.

Gov. Cole L. Blease, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: In reply to your request for an opinion on the petition of certain citizens of Eutawville that you order an election for a town council of the said town, I beg to say that I have examined the petition carefully and do not think that this matter comes within the power conferred upon you to order such elections. It seems from the petition and papers filed, that an election has been held, and the questions raised by the petitioners relate entirely to the validity of such election. Section 1941, Code of Laws, Volume I, confers upon you the power to order an election for intendant or warden of a town whenever it shall appear that a sufficient number of the board of intendants and wardens constituting a quorum shall be prevented from discharging their duties by reason of death, resignation or other disability. These conditions do not exist in Eutawville so far as appears from the petition presented. The questions involved are questions which, I think, must be settled by a decision of the court.

I return herewith the papers.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

June 7, 1911.

Gov. Cole L. Blease, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: In reply to your verbal request for an opinion as to whether, under the law, you should order an election to determine the matter of annexing a portion of Williamsburg to Florence County, I beg to say I have examined the report of the commissioners made to you on April 10th, 1911, and find that they have reported that all the requirements of the law have been complied with, with the exception of one matter, which they do not mention.

Section 580, Volume I, Code of Laws, requires that the petition for incorporating a portion of one County within the limits of another County shall be signed by one-third of the qualified electors residing in the area sought to be cut off, and further provides that after the petition is filed the same proceedings shall be had as in the formation of new Counties. The report does not show, as I think it should do, whether the petition was signed by the required number of qualified electors. However, in this particular the report may be amended.

Both the constitution and the statute provide that whenever the conditions prescribed for the establishment of a new County have been complied with, the Governor shall order an election upon the question. I think this provision is mandatory and applies to changing County lines as well as to the formation of new Counties.

I return the papers herewith.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

June 24, 1911.

Gov. Cole L. Blease, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of June 23rd, asking whether or not you have power to appoint a person to act as probate judge for Marlboro County in the matter of approving the last will and testament of H. H. Calhoun in solemn form has been received. Section 43 of Civil Code (which is the Act of 1870) provides that when any judge of probate is disqualified on account of interest in an estate, the probate judge of the adjoining County shall have jurisdiction, and upon application shall attend at some time not conflicting with his duties in his own

County and hear and determine such matters. Section 6, article 5 of the constitution of 1895, prescribing the manner of appointing a special judge in the Supreme Court where one of the justices is disqualified, directs that the same course shall be pursued in regard to circuit courts and inferior courts. In the case "In Re Estate of Mears," 75 S. C., 482, the probate judge of Hampton County called upon the probate judge of Beaufort County to hold the probate court in Hampton and admit to probate a will of which the probate judge was executor. Judge Aldrich held in the circuit court for Hampton County that the probate judge of Beaufort County had no jurisdiction in the matter above referred to. Thereafter application was made to the Governor to appoint a probate judge for the performance of this duty, and the probate judge of Barnwell County was appointed and commissioned by the Governor "for the trial and determination of all matters that may come up pertaining to the said will of the said W. H. Mears in any way or manner." The probate judge so commissioned attended in Hampton County and issued letters testamentary to the executors named in the will. An appeal was taken, first to the circuit court and then to the Supreme Court. Without specifically deciding the right of the Governor to make the appointment, the Supreme Court affirmed the action of the probate court.

I think you have the right to make the appointment asked for, but suggest that you appoint the probate judge, either from Darlington, as asked for, or some other adjoining County.

I return herewith the papers.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Aug. 11, 1911.

Gov. Cole L. Blease, Columbia, S. C.

CLAIM OF SHERIFF M. M. BUFORD FOR SERVICES IN RE REQUISITION
FOR T. B. FELDER.

Dear Sir: Section 6, Criminal Code of Laws, 1902, provides, among other things, that in cases of requisition for delivery of fugitives from justice, the agents appointed by the Governor to bring such fugitives into this State shall receive in compensation for their services the sum of \$3 per day for the time actually employed, and shall be reimbursed their expenses

actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties, and that upon presentation to the Governor of the accounts of such agents itemized and verified, the Governor, if he approve the same as correct, shall endorse his approval thereon, and upon presentation to the Comptroller-General he shall draw his warrant for the amount thereof out of the regular contingent fund of the Governor. Reference being had to said section, its provisions will more fully appear. Nowhere in this section is the compensation of the agent appointed by the Governor made contingent upon his success in securing the return of the party for whom requisition is made.

It is, therefore, my opinion that if Sheriff Buford was appointed by you as agent for the State, and that he was actually employed for the days set forth in his account, and actually incurred the expenses set forth therein, that he is entitled to be paid the amount of his claim out of your contingent fund as Governor.

Enclosed find returned herewith Sheriff Buford's itemized, verified statement.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Officers and offices.

Jan. 21, 1911.

Edgar Madden, Esq., 203 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 13th inst., addressed to Hon. Cole L. Blease, Governor of South Carolina, has been referred to me by the Governor to answer.

I beg to advise you that no executive officer of South Carolina has authority to bind the State in any manner whatsoever to the payment of any bonds heretofore issued in the name of the State. The payment of all debts and the disposition of all claims for payment of money made against the State are matters resting solely in the authority and discretion of the General Assembly. If you have any claim against the State which you think valid, you should present it to the General Assembly to be disposed of in accordance with the authority and discretion of that body.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Feb. 21, 1911.

Mr. T. J. Betenbaugh, Union, S. C.

Dear Sir: The Attorney-General has handed me your letter of the 20th and requested me to write you.

The term of office of the present auditor of your County begins on the date of his appointment to that office and not on the date of his commission. This question was settled by the Supreme Court in the case of Verner vs. Seibels, South Carolina Reports, Volume 60. Mr. Browning, representative from your County, came to this office and had a full consultation with the Attorney-General on this question. I do not know the date of the appointment of the present auditor, but he is entitled to hold office for the full term, beginning with that date.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Feb. 27, 1911.

Mr. J. C. Bethea, Clerk of Court, Dillon, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 25th inst., is at hand. It is my opinion that the Legislature has authority at will to increase or diminish your salary as clerk of court at any time. Article 5, section 2 of the Constitution creates the office of clerk of court, but nothing is said as to compensation. No restriction being placed upon the Legislature in this respect, that body has authority to dispose of this matter as it may deem proper. I judge from your letter that you have an idea because the Attorney-General's compensation can neither be increased nor diminished during his term of office that it follows that the clerk of court's may not be increased or diminished during his term of office. If you will refer to article 4, section 24 of the Constitution, you will find that it is specifically provided that the compensation of the Attorney-General, together with other officers therein named, shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which they shall have been elected. This provision does not apply to clerks of court.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

March 4, 1911.

Dr. Joseph Hicks, Magistrate, Calhoun Falls, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter asking what course you should take if a person applies to you as magistrate for an arrest warrant for violation of a labor contract, whether you should refuse the warrant or act as heretofore, has been received. I suppose the doubt in your mind as to your duty in this matter has arisen from the recent decision of the United States Supreme Court in the case of Bailey vs. the State of Alabama. In that case the Supreme Court of the United States decided that the statute of Alabama, in so far as it makes the refusal to perform the labor called for by the contract prima facie evidence of an intent to defraud, is in violation of the 13th Amendment of the United States. The court also decided that such a statutory provision offends against the acts of Congress forbidding peonage.

This provision in the statute of Alabama is in substance the same as the provision in the statute of this State.

I think you can issue the warrant in such a case, and try the case, but before any conviction can be had it will be necessary to prove the fraudulent and malicious intent, either by direct or circumstantial evidence, just as any material fact in any case must be proved. You cannot consider the mere act of violating the contracts prima facie evidence of the fraudulent and malicious intent—this must be proved. This seems to me to be the meaning of the decision in the Alabama case.

The acts of Congress against peonage make any person who assists in any way in placing a person in a condition of involuntary servitude, either by assisting or causing, or otherwise, liable to criminal prosecution in the courts of the United States.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

March 4, 1911.

County Commissioners.

Mr. Charlton DuRant, Manning, S. C.

Dear Sir: The Attorney-General has requested me to reply to your letter of March 2nd in regard to the employment of certain detectives to aid in the enforcement of prohibition in your County who were paid by the County Board of Commissioners.

I do not know of any law which allows the County Commissioners to employ detectives for this purpose, or to authorize their employment by any one else. Section 38 of the Act of the Legislature, approved February 16th, 1907, known as the dispensary law, makes it the duty of the sheriffs and their deputies, magistrates, constables, rural police, city and town officials to enforce the provisions of that Act and provides that if those officers fail to enforce the law, the Governor shall enforce the same, and is authorized to appoint such constables and detectives as may be necessary. The same section provides that the salaries and expenses of such officers in those Counties which have no dispensaries shall be paid out of ordinary County funds.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

May 25, 1911.

General W. W. Moore, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: In reply to your verbal request for an opinion from this office as to whether a captain of a company in the National Guard can also hold a position on the Governor's staff I beg to say:

1. I do not think this matter comes within the provisions of section 2, article 2 of the Constitution of this State.

2. Section 6 of the Military Code provides that the staff of the Governor shall consist of the Adjutant-General, with rank of brigadier-general, one adjutant-general with rank of colonel, a quartermaster-general, a judge advocate-general, a commissary-general, a surgeon-general, a chief of ordnance, each of whom shall have the rank of colonel; three aides-de-camp with rank of colonel and as many additional aides-de-camp with rank of lieutenant-colonel as the Governor shall consider necessary. The section provides also that the three aides-de-camp with the rank of colonel shall be selected from commissioned officers of the National Guard, while the aides-de-camp with the rank of lieutenant-colonel may be appointed without restriction as to the source of selection. Under the provisions of this section I see no reason why a captain in the National Guard may not be a member of the Governor's staff, unless the duties of the two positions are so incompatible that they cannot be performed

by the same person. The statute does not prescribe the duties of the Governor's staff, and, therefore, we must assume that each officer of the staff has those duties to perform, which, under the rules governing the United States army, belong to the position which he holds. If, when the militia is in active service, the duties of aides-de-camp on the Governor's staff would be such as to prevent a captain holding this position from performing his duties as captain, I do not think he could hold both positions.

Yours very truly,
M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Oct. 10, 1911.

Judge Robert MacFarlan, Darlington, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 7th inst. is at hand. I am not familiar with any statute which forbids a probate judge acting as agent for a surety company going security for guardians and administrators in his court, nevertheless, it would very likely oftentimes happen that a probate judge acting as such agent might find himself disqualified from rendering a decree because of the fact that he is the agent for the surety which may be held liable as the result of an accounting made up in the probate court. I also think that this disqualification would likewise arise in case the probate judge shares in the premiums paid upon the bond; in other words, he would not be a disinterested judge in case of a conflict between the ward on the one hand and the guardian and his surety on the other.

As to the last question I will say that I am not familiar with a practice in any of the probate courts in this State whereby one person is appointed guardian of two or more children in one appointment with one bond. I think the statute contemplates that the estate of each minor shall be regarded and treated as a separate and distinct estate, having no connection with any other whatsoever, and the fact that one person happens to be made guardian for several children, even though such children be brothers and sisters, can in no wise change the fact that the estates of the different children are separate and distinct. This being the case, it is my view that the probate judge should require a separate bond for the estate of each ward and that he should issue separate letters of guardianship for each ward.

This being my idea, I do not think the question of constructive costs can arise.

Yours very truly,
J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Oct. 27, 1911.

Hon. A. F. Lever, Lexington, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General asking whether an intendant of a town can at the same time be a trustee of a public school has been received. Both of these positions are offices under the law of this State, and cannot, therefore, under the provisions of the constitution, be held by one person at the same time.

Yours very truly,
M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Nov. 3, 1911.

W. A. Mason, Treasurer, Hampton, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 2nd inst. is at hand. Referring to your duties under Act 246 relative to issuing and selling bonds for building school houses, I will say that it is my opinion that the board of trustees should deliver to you the proceeds of the sale of bonds in question and that you should pay out the same on their order countersigned by the Superintendent of Education.

Yours very truly,
J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Superintendent of Education and Schools.

Feb. 11, 1911.

Mr. W. C. Rogers, County Supt. of Education, Marion, S. C.

Dear Sir: In your letter you state that the trustees of school district No. 37 in Marion County employed a young lady to teach for five months; that she taught two months and when she came back to her work, after Christmas, the patrons of the school, without assigning any reason, refused to send their children to school to her; that the teacher employed holds herself

in position to teach the school whenever any children attend, and that the board of trustees recognize their contract with her and issue her pay warrants in accordance with law for her services and in accordance with the terms of her engagement they made with her to teach the school. In view of these facts, you ask if you should, as County Superintendent of Education, approve the warrants drawn by the trustees for her salary. It is my opinion that the teacher in question is entitled to her salary, and when warrants properly signed by the trustees are presented to you, that you should approve the same, in order that the teacher in question may draw her salary, to which she is clearly entitled under the statements in your letter.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Nov. 28, 1911.

Hon. J. E. Swearingen, State Superintendent of Education,
Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General asking if the Colleton County Board of Education has the power under section 5, article 11 of the Constitution and section 1205, Code of Laws, volume 1, to alter the lines of the Walterboro special school district, which was created by an Act of the General Assembly, has been turned over to me for reply. I have examined the law on the subject, and am of the opinion that the County Board of Education has the power under the statute to so alter school district lines as to add more territory to the said special school district as originally created, and that such action will not be a violation of the section of the Constitution above mentioned.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Bank Examiner and Banking.

Feb. 22, 1911.

Mr. B. J. Rhame, State Bank Examiner, Spartanburg, S. C.

Dear Sir: It is my opinion that a banking corporation itself cannot be a subscriber to its own stock. See Cook on Corporations, 5 Edition, Volume I, section 64.

Whenever a bank officer renders a false report to your office under oath, and such oath is required by law, it is my opinion that he is guilty of perjury and may be prosecuted under the provisions of section 256 of the Criminal Code, which is as follows: "Whoever shall willfully and knowingly swear falsely in taking any oath required by law and administered by any person directed or permitted by law to administer such oath shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and on conviction incur the pains and penalties of that offense."

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 16, 1911.

Mr. B. J. Rhame, State Bank Examiner, Spartanburg, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General in regard to the report which banks are required to make has been received. The law requires a bank to make a full report of all its property and liabilities and further requires that this report shall be in such form as you shall direct. I think you have authority to compel the bank to report all its undivided profits whether they are kept on the individual ledger or on the proper book for this purpose. If the bank refuses to do this, it is liable to the penalty prescribed by the statutes. I would suggest that in making your report to the State Treasurer that you name the banks which keep their accounts of undivided profits in the manner spoken of in your letter.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 16, 1911.

Mr. B. J. Rhame, State Bank Examiner, Spartanburg, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General in regard to certain notes transferred by the Bank of Ninety-Six to the Norwood National Bank of Greenville has been received and turned over to me for reply. It appears to me from the letters enclosed with your letter that the Norwood National Bank took these notes on the strength of the guarantee given by the Bank of Ninety-Six. If the Norwood National Bank had taken these notes simply on endorsement without recourse, there would

have been no liability on the part of the Bank of Ninety-Six, but I am of the opinion that the separate guarantee by the Bank of Ninety-Six to see that these notes are paid at maturity, creates at least a contingent liability against this bank.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Railroad Commissioners.

April 22, 1911.

Mr. T. B. Lumpkin, Secretary Railroad Commission, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Replying to your letter of the 19th inst., in reference to requiring the Seaboard Air Line Railway to stop its train No. 84 at Kollock, S. C., beg to advise that I have not read all of the correspondence you sent me in reference to this matter. I understand that train No. 84 is an interstate passenger train, and the question upon which you desire an opinion is whether the Railroad Commission of this State has authority to require this train to stop at Kollock.

In the case of *Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Co. vs. Wharton*, 207 U. S., 329, the court said: "When, therefore, an order made under State authority to stop an interstate train is assailed because of its repugnancy to the interstate commerce clause, the question whether such order is void as a direct regulation of such commerce may be tested by considering the nature of the order, the character of the interstate commerce train to which it applies, and its necessary and direct effect upon the operation of such train. But the effect of the order as a direct regulation of interstate commerce may also be tested by considering the adequacy of the local facilities existing at the station or stations at which the interstate commerce train has been commanded to stop. True, inherently considered, whether there be adequate local facilities is not a Federal question, but in so far as the existence of such adequate local facilities is involved in the determination of the Federal question of whether the order concerning an interstate train does or does not directly regulate interstate commerce, that question for such purpose is open and may be considered by us. 203 U. S. *supra*."

"Without stopping to consider whether, in view of the character of the trains to which the order before us related, it would

not result that the order complained of was a direct regulation of interstate commerce, and testing the subject by the local facilities at the station at which the trains were ordered to stop, we think the railroad company in this case has furnished such reasonable accommodations to the people at Latta as it can be fairly and properly called upon to give, and the order to stop these trains is, therefore, not a valid one."

"The term 'adequate or reasonable facilities' is not in its nature capable of exact definition. It is a relative expression, and has to be considered as calling for such facilities as might be fairly demanded, regard being had, among other things, to the size of the place, the extent of the demand for transportation, the cost of furnishing the additional accommodations asked for, and to all other facts which would have a bearing upon the question of convenience and cost."

The above rule as laid down by the Supreme Court of the United States should be followed by you in determining whether or not you should require train No. 84 to stop at Kollock.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

April 27, 1911.

Mr. T. B. Lumpkin, Secretary, Railroad Commission, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 26th inst., is at hand. It is unnecessary for me to examine the files in the matter of stopping train No. 84, Seaboard Air Line, at Kollock, S. C. The question you propound is solely a proposition of law and the case which I cited you lays down the rule by which you may proceed. You conclude your letter by asking whether or not the Commission would be justified in issuing an order requiring the S. A. L. Railway to stop its train No. 84, an interstate train, at Kollock, if, in the judgment of the Commission, the facts justify the same. In answer thereto, I will state, in accordance with the opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States, which I have already sent you, that if the facts justify it, the Commission has the power to pass an order requiring train No. 84 to stop at Kollock. Of course if such order should be passed,

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it should not be done capriciously or arbitrarily, but should be based upon the actual necessities of the situation.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Board of Medical Examiners.

Jan. 31, 1911.

Dr. A. Earle Boozer, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter in regard to the registration of trained nurses and enclosing a letter from Miss Davis, superintendent, has been received.

Section 2 of the Act to provide for the examination and registration of trained nurses, approved February 23rd, 1910, makes graduation from a training school connected with a general hospital where at least two years' continuous residence training with a systematic course is given necessary to registration. Section 3 does not in any way change the requirements of section 2, except as to those nurses who had graduated prior to January 1st, 1911. I do not think those persons mentioned in the letter referred to above, who have not graduated, are entitled to registration as trained nurses. The Act does not provide that nurses who have attended a training school two years shall be entitled to register, but prescribes that they shall be graduates of a training school where at least a two years' course is required. If parties attend a school requiring a three years' course, they must complete the course before they have the right to register.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

July 29, 1911.

Dr. A. Earle Boozer, Secretary, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Replying to your letter of the 21st inst., as well as confirming the opinion given you upon the matters we discussed personally, I beg to advise that it is my opinion: That graduates of a training school, which issues its diplomas to those who have not completed a two years' course at the time the diploma is issued, are not entitled to the benefits of the Act of 1910 governing the registration of nurses.

If a two years' continuous residence training course is prescribed by the training school and two years have elapsed from the date of entrance to the date of graduation and a diploma has been issued, the party is entitled to the benefit of the Act, other requirements being complied with, notwithstanding a part of the time prescribed may have been lost through sickness or other unavoidable causes.

If a course of more than two years is prescribed by the training school the courses so prescribed must be continued and the applicant for registration must have graduated before the benefits of the Act may be had.

If a person who has not attained the required age desires registration as a nurse such person may be examined at the last examination held before the required age is attained, such person being nearer 21 than 20 years of age, provided registration be not granted until the full age is attained.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

State Board of Health: Powers, etc.

July 22, 1911.

Dr. Robert Wilson, Chairman Executive Committee, State Board of Health, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Replying to the request of your committee for an opinion as to whether you have power to require the Board of Directors of the penitentiary to abolish the hosiery mill, located within the prison walls, because your committee has reached the conclusion that the convicts employed therein could be employed in a manner which would be more conducive to health, will advise:

It is my opinion that your Board does not possess the power to regulate or interfere with the employment of convicts in the penitentiary, and that you have not authority to compel the destruction or alteration of the buildings within the prison walls. Section 1085, Code 1902, provides that your Board shall be the sole advisor of the State in all questions involving the protection of the public health within its limits, and section 1088 imposes upon you the duty to make inspections annually, or oftener if necessary, of the sanitary condition of all institu-

tions, provided as State charities or supported at the public expense, but nowhere does the statute give you authority to compel the Board of Directors or superintendent of the State penitentiary to change the employment of convicts or to alter or destroy the buildings within the prison walls.

Section 662, Criminal Code, 1902, provides for a board of directors of the penitentiary, and among other powers and duties this board is given general supervision of the penitentiary, its inmates, property, etc., and are to make such general regulations for the government and discipline of the prison or modify such regulations as may have been made by the superintendent, and to inquire and examine into the sentence under which the convicts in the prison are confined, and also into conditions, physical or otherwise, of the convicts so undergoing such sentences. In section 666, Criminal Code, it is provided that it shall be the duty of the superintendent of the penitentiary to make and establish all such regulations for the due management of the concerns of the penitentiary, and for the government and security of the prisoners therein as may be necessary and proper, subject to revision by the directors. To make all necessary repairs of the prison and superintend the construction of the work, to take the charge and custody of the buildings, furnishings, tools, implements, stock, provisions and every species of property pertaining to the prison belonging to the State, and to appoint a physician for the prison. By reference to sections 662 and 666, Criminal Code, the powers and duties of the board of directors and superintendent of the penitentiary will more fully appear. It appears from the statutes, to which reference is made, that your board is required solely to inspect and advise and that the directors and superintendent of the penitentiary are required to consider and in the exercise of their judgment adopt such recommendation of the board of health as to them may seem proper.

It is my opinion that the concurrent resolution (Acts 1911, p. 445), requiring your board to make investigation of the sanitary condition of the penitentiary and authorizing you to take such steps as may be deemed necessary to prevent the spread of tuberculosis among the convicts, does not have the effect of diminishing the powers and duties of the superintendent and board of directors of the penitentiary. Even if this resolution, in direct terms, undertook to give you power to take upon your-

self some or all of the duties and responsibilities imposed upon the directors and superintendent of the penitentiary, the effect in law would not be so, for the reason that a concurrent resolution, passed without the constitutional formalities required in the case of an Act, will not, in case of conflict, override or nullify a statute duly and formally enacted. In the case of *State vs. Farnum*, 73 S. C., 171, it is said that "It is very true that neither reports nor resolutions have the power of an Act, their whole office and legal effect is as a formula for acts, or directory to the officers or agents of the State." So in this case the concurrent resolution, while of sufficient authority to require your board to make the inspection and investigation therein required, and the penitentiary authorities to submit thereto, it cannot have the effect of giving your board the right to prescribe the manner or nature of employment of the convicts, or to devolve upon you any of the duties imposed by statute upon the board of directors or superintendent of the penitentiary.

I think the above opinion covers the matters discussed at the meeting of your committee on the 19th. If not I will be pleased to advise you upon any matter which may have been overlooked.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

State Treasurer.

June 9, 1911.

Hon. R. H. Jennings, State Treasurer, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Responding to your letter of the 8th inst., beg to advise that it is my opinion that you should not countersign checks for the disposition of funds arising from the assets of the former State Dispensary or from the debts due said dispensary without a certificate, provided for in section 12 of an Act of 1908, page 1293. The State Dispensary Commission should, in my opinion, follow the provisions of the above mentioned Act, and if they certify to any of the facts stated in this section which allows you to countersign a check, you should thereupon countersign the same.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Public Roads: Commutation Tax, etc.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 16, 1911.

Mr. R. M. Daley, Scotia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General in regard to the law regulating the working of roads and payment of commutation tax in your County has been received. The Act of 1911 provides for the collection of a tax for the working of roads for the year 1912 and the years following. I think those who have failed to pay their tax, or to work the roads for the year 1911 are liable to prosecution under the law as it stood prior to the Act of the last Legislature. The Act of 1911, so far as it relates to the collection of road tax, does not become effective until time for collecting taxes this fall, and the tax to be collected under it is for the year 1912.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DeBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Nov. 9, 1911.

Mr. W. S. B. Tate, St. Paul, S. C.

Dear Sir: Yours of the 8th inst. is at hand. It is my opinion that persons liable to road duty must perform the service or pay the tax in the County of their residence. If they have paid the tax in some other County it will not relieve them from paying it in the County required by law. When the tax has been paid in the County where the taxpayer resides, he cannot be compelled to pay it in some other County.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Nov. 13, 1911.

Mr. M. F. Mosley, Bethune, S. C.

Dear Sir: The Act of 1911 providing for commutation road tax in Kershaw County requires that all able-bodied male persons between the age of 21 and 55 shall be liable to road duty, but in lieu thereof may pay a tax of \$2. It is my opinion that the Legislature has authority to extend the age limit for performance of this duty at will, and the fact that you have been exempt for three years heretofore could not affect the authority of the Legislature, in now requiring the tax of you. Of course

these are all matters to be disposed of by your legislative delegation.

Yours very truly,
J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Taxation.

June 10, 1911.

Hon. A. W. Jones, Comptroller-General, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: In reply to your request for an opinion as to whether the property mentioned in a decree of the Court of Common Pleas, in the case of Lowman vs. Lowman et al., is exempt from taxation, I beg to say that I do not think this property is exempt from taxation at the present time. If, in the future, such use is made of the property as will entitle it or any part of it to exemption from taxation, the owners can then make claim for such exemption as the law may allow.

Yours very truly,
M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

June 14, 1911.

Mr. Legare Walker, Summerville, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General of May 18th, enclosing a letter in regard to the State's lien for tax, has been handed to me for reply. The question in controversy was settled by the Act of the Legislature approved February 18th, 1911, Acts of 1911, page 229. By this Act all taxes heretofore or hereafter levied or becoming due under the laws of this State are conclusively presumed to be paid after ten years from the last date said taxes could have been paid without penalty.

Yours very truly,
M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

June 30, 1911.

Hon. A. W. Jones, Comptroller-General, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter enclosing a letter from Mr. T. L. Hilton, County Treasurer of Lancaster, in regard to the taxes due by the Haile Gold Mining Company, has been received. I note that Mr. Hilton says the order of the court directs that the

receiver pay out of the proceeds of the property all taxes for the years 1910 and 1911. I do not think Mr. Hilton can accept the taxes for 1911 and give a receipt as treasurer for the same at this time. He may accept these taxes as a deposit to be applied when the taxes are due and payable and give a receipt to that effect. I do not suppose the receiver will object to paying the money in this way.

I return herewith the letter of Mr. Hilton.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DeBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Nov. 9, 1911.

Hon. A. W. Jones, Comptroller-General, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Replying to the inquiry of Auditor Wise transmitted through your office as to whether the auditor is authorized to apportion taxes after the same goes into execution, or has the Comptroller-General the right to adjudicate this matter, I would say, that it is my opinion that section 399 of the Code provides for an apportionment of taxes on lands transferred after return, but before time of payment of taxes. Section 407 provides that a mortgagee may pay a tax and include the same in the mortgage debt at any time before the sale of the property for delinquent taxes, but taxes upon all the property of the mortgagor, with any costs, penalties, or assessments which have accrued thereon, must be paid. There is no provision for apportionment of taxes between the mortgagor and mortgagee. The two sections above referred to will be more fully understood by reference thereto.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Fertilizer Tax: Interstate Shipments, etc.

July 8, 1911.

Mr. H. M. Stackhouse, Clemson College, S. C.

Dear Sir: On June 20th I received from Mr. Bethea a letter enclosing copies of correspondence between you and Mr. J. W. Perrin, general freight agent of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad, and asking that an opinion be given you on the question discussed in that correspondence. Your letter would have been

answered sooner, but I was simply overrun with work, and Mr. Lyon was absent. I see from your letter to Mr. Perrin that your board has ruled that it is "a violation of the law for fertilizer to be shipped in bulk, except to fertilizer factories on conditions shippers notify office of secretary of fertilizer board of the amount and date of shipment and also show in the bill of lading that goods are consigned to fertilizer factories for manufacturing purposes." The question upon which the opinion is asked is whether this ruling can be applied to interstate shipments. After looking into the authorities, as far as I have had time to do, I am inclined to think that this regulation is a reasonable one and that it may be enforced as to both interstate and intrastate shipments. I note that you say in your letter to Mr. Perrin that the board of fertilizer control will meet on the 12th of June, and that his inquiry will be submitted for their consideration and that you will notify him of their decision. The inquiry sent to this office did not come until sometime after the date when your board was to meet. I do not know what action they took, or whether the matter was acted upon or not. I notice that you say to Mr. Perrin that his inquiry of May 20th, which I take to be the letter of which a copy was furnished this office, had been referred to the Attorney-General for an opinion and that no answer had been received from him at the date of your letter, which was June 8th. No such request for an opinion has been received at this office until the correspondence referred to was sent here by Mr. Bethea.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Marriage Licenses.

May 8, 1911.

Mr. W. Albert Parrott, Clerk of Court, Darlington, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of May 4th asking what would be a sufficient record of a marriage license has been received. I understand the Act to require that the license, together with the certificate of the minister or officer performing the ceremony, must be recorded in full. A mere indexing after the manner stated in your letter will not be a record within the meaning of the

statute. I would have replied to your letter sooner, but had to look up the Act. The printed Acts have not yet come out.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DeBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

May 10, 1911.

Mr. W. Albert Parrott, Clerk of Court, Darlington, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of May 9th enclosing form of marriage license, etc., has been received. You have, I believe, a copy of the Act. By reference to the second section of the Act you will see that the officer is directed to issue the license upon the payment of a fee of \$1 and a statement under oath that the parties are legally capacitated to contract marriage, etc. The Act does not say who shall sign this statement under oath. The statement must be signed by the persons who know the facts. If one of the parties knows all the facts of his or her own knowledge this would probably be sufficient, or if the facts are sworn to by the parents, I think that would be sufficient. My opinion is that the Legislature simply intended to provide against the officer being deceived as to the capacity of the parties to contract marriage and to furnish him the means of knowing that the parties were of lawful age, as prescribed in the Act, and not otherwise prevented from making a lawful marriage.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DeBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

July 12, 1911.

S. H. Rodgers, Esq., Clerk of Court, Beaufort, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 10th inst., asking if the affidavit required before issuing a license to marry may be taken before a notary public and then be sent to the clerk of court and the license issued upon such affidavit, is at hand.

In response will say that it is my opinion that the statement under oath or affirmation, required in section 2 of the Act, may be made by any person having knowledge of the facts, before a notary, and that such statement, under oath or affirmation, is sufficient to authorize the clerk of court or probate judge, as the case may be, to issue the marriage license. It is not necessary, under the terms of this Act, that either of the contracting parties

appear before the officer who issues the license, but the license may be issued upon presentation of the statement under oath or affirmation as above indicated.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 18, 1911.

Mr. J. J. Burnett, Probate Judge, Spartanburg, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General asking for an opinion under the Act providing for a marriage license has been received. The Act provides, as you state, that no license shall be issued where the woman is under the age of fourteen years or the man is under the age of eighteen years, and then provides further that when either party to the proposed marriage is under eighteen years of age, and resides with the father or mother, etc., no license shall be issued until the consent of such guardian is obtained. I think this should be construed that no license shall be issued in any case where the woman is under fourteen years old, or where she is under eighteen unless consented to by her parents or guardian; that no license shall be issued where the man is under eighteen, except upon the consent of the parents or guardian.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 21, 1911.

Judge Milton McLaurin, Bennettsville, S. C.

Dear Judge: Your letter of the 20th inst. is at hand. The father of the girl contemplating marriage having, as you state, made an affidavit that she is only 16 years old, and having objected to the marriage, I think it proper for you, notwithstanding the fact that the girl has sworn she is 23 years old, to refuse to issue the license. If the girl is really 23 years old, she should be able to establish it in some proper proceeding instituted for that purpose. I advise that under the circum-

stances you adhere to the decision which you have already reached.

I am pleased to serve you whenever I can.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Town Councils: Powers, etc.

April 15, 1911.

Dr. E. C. Addison, Fairfax, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 12th inst. is at hand. In my opinion it is within the power of the town council to pass ordinances providing for the prevention of obstructions of the streets and highways of the municipality, and also to regulate or prevent the erection of scales or other such things in the public streets. I think it would also be competent to pass ordinances regulating the posting of signs, etc.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

June 27, 1911.

Mr. George E. DuBose, Bishopville, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 26th inst. has been received. The mayor of your town has not the authority to require a person giving bond for appearance either before the council to answer charges against him, or on appeal to the circuit court, to put up money in lieu of other security. The law provides that any person who is required to give a bond for his reappearance at court may deposit the amount of the bond in money, if he so desires, but as I understand the matter, this is a privilege granted to the prisoner and does not give the court the right to require that he shall deposit cash in lieu of other securities.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 21, 1911.

Mr. Walter S. Utsey, St. George, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter in regard to the Act entitled "An Act to Regulate the Buying and Selling of Cotton in Bales and

Cotton Seed" has been received. The provision that no license tax shall be collected by any city or town from any person or persons engaged in buying or selling cotton in bales or cotton seed includes corporations and partnerships as well as individuals.

Yours very truly,
M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Alcoholic Liquors: Licenses.

May 8, 1911.

Mr. E. R. Burroughs, 1006 Mich. Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General asking that he advise you if you can sell by personal solicitation directly to the consumer in this State, without paying a license, has been received. You do not state what you wish to sell. If you are traveling for an established mercantile house and selling ordinary merchandise by sample, no license is required in this State. If you are delivering the goods you sell at the time of sale, you will be subject to such license as the various towns and cities may enforce. It is unlawful for any person to sell alcoholic liquors in this State. Soliciting orders for the sale of such liquors is prohibited by statute under a penalty of \$1,000, or imprisonment for six months, or both.

Yours very truly,
M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

June 27, 1911.

Mr. O. L. Winstead, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of June 25th to the Governor has been referred to this office for reply. Any person in this State can send an order to a liquor dealer outside of the State for liquor to be shipped to the person making the order for personal use. No person can solicit orders for liquor in this State, or take such orders in person and receive the money for the goods, either before or after the goods have been shipped. No license can be granted to any person or firm to send an agent into this State

for the purpose of selling alcoholic liquors or soliciting orders for such liquors.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

July 12, 1911.

Mr. L. I. Brown, 315 Endel St., Greenville, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 5th inst. is at hand. I quote you the language of the case of the State vs. Green, filed in the office of the Clerk of Supreme Court, July, 1911: "The court also erred in charging that it was unlawful for one to have liquor in his possession in a prohibition County, no matter what quantity or for what purpose. State vs. Rookard, 87 S. C., 442."

It is, therefore, my opinion that one is allowed to have liquor in his possession for his own personal use, and if he is not using it for some unlawful purpose he is committing no offense under the laws of this State.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Oct 2, 1911.

Mr. B. F. Loadholt, Fairfax, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 30th ult. is at hand. It is my opinion that a person residing in this State may have liquors shipped to him from another State for his own personal use, and that it may not be lawfully interfered with by the officers of this State. I do not think a town council had authority to pass an ordinance preventing a resident of this State from so doing. I do not think it unlawful for a person to give another a drink, if such is purely gratuitous. I do not think it unlawful for a person to give another an intoxicating drink for the purpose of inducing trade, the performance of labor, or for any other valuable consideration. While the above is my opinion, I have no authority to enforce that opinion upon any officer of the State who desires to act contrary thereto. I simply state to you my opinion in the matter.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Oct. 13, 1911.

Mr. M. M. Mann, St. Matthews, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 12th inst. is at hand. It is my opinion that the Act of 1911 exempting persons engaged in the business of buying or selling cotton in bales or cotton seed in any such city or town exempts all persons whomsoever engaged in such business whether they patrol the different sections of the town, or whether they have a place of business in town, whether they buy seed for speculation, or otherwise. I do not think the Act bears any other construction.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Game Laws.

July 7, 1911.

Hon. W. C. Irby, Laurens, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General asking for an opinion in regard to the catching of fish, as provided for in the Act approved February 18th, 1911, was received after the date on which you stated you desired to have the opinion. Section 2 of the Act referred to provides that no person shall catch fish in the waters of this State with any appliances of any kind except hook and line with ordinary bait, or by spoons or artificial fly or phantom minnow, or by artificial bait, between the first day of April and the first day of November of each year. I think this Act prohibits the catching of fish by any appliance except those specially allowed. There is nothing in the Act of 1911, or the Act of 1910, which it amends, to indicate that the Act was intended merely as a local Act to certain Counties. I do not think the Act can be construed as preventing any person from catching fish with his hands, unless he uses some forbidden appliance to enable him to catch them in this manner. Section 7 of the Act of 1910 provides that any migratory fish, except game fish, may be caught at any time and in any manner not prohibited by this Act. Section 1 of the Act names the fish which are to be known as game fish.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

South Carolina Industrial School.

June 9, 1911.

Messrs. McFarlan & Thornwell, Darlington, S. C.

Gentlemen: The Attorney-General has requested me to reply to your letter of June 8th in regard to charges made by the trustees of the Industrial School against your County for support of a boy committed by the probate judge of Florence County. The statute provides that for the maintenance of this school there shall be paid to the board of trustees by each County from which boys may be sent thereto such a sum per capita as shall be found by the trustees to be necessary for the maintenance of the school. We agree with you that the boy in question having been sent to the institution from Florence County, that County, and not Darlington, is liable for such charges as may be legally made for his support.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Bonds of Public Officers.

March 4, 1911.

Mr. John W. Linley, Anderson, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter in regard to the bond of Mr. W. P. Nicholson, probate judge, was received this morning. Mr. Nicholson is now holding over under his former appointment and has been since the date when the term expired in December last. The fact that it is over 30 days from his appointment before his new bond is filed and his commission issued will not affect his right to hold office. The law provides that an officer shall qualify and get his bond and commission within 30 days from the time of his appointment, and if he does not do so, a vacancy may be declared and the Governor may fill the place. I do not suppose there is any danger, however, of this being done. The best way out of the difficulty is for Mr. Nicholson to make his new bond at once, and forward here for approval. This office could not consent to a power of attorney being dated back to cover the time when no such power existed.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Constitution: Drainage, etc.

July 26, 1911.

Hon. Geo. F. Von Kolnitz, Attorney at Law, Charleston, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 19th urging various objections to the Drainage Act is at hand, and has had my careful consideration.

In order that you may be advised of my opinion without undue repetition the constitutional points suggested by you will be grouped under three heads. I take the view that these objections are susceptible of such grouping, when the points involved are considered in the light of the authorities which I quote.

The objections are that the Act is unconstitutional: 1. In that the assessments to be made upon the lands benefited are taxed, and the manner and mode prescribed for levying the same violate article 1, section 6; article 3, section 29; article 8, section 3, and article 11, section 13, of the Constitution of South Carolina.

2. That the statute denies persons, held for the payment of assessments, due process of law and the equal protection of the law.

3. The drainage districts are quasi municipal corporations, and as such are prohibited from levying taxes and issuing bonds under the provisions of article 8, section 3, and article 10, section 6, of the Constitution of this State.

The other objections which you wish to urge, as I gather from your letter, are that the Act is fatally defective in that it is not provided what the summons, provided for in section 2, shall contain, how it shall be served and how the costs of the proceedings shall be paid.

It is my opinion that the provisions of the constitution restricting the Legislature as to levying and assessing taxes has no application to levying assessments against land-owners receiving benefits from a drainage system inaugurated under the Act of 1911. Article 1 of amendments to the constitution of this State provides for condemnation of swamp and low-lands for drainage and for the equitable assessment of all lands so drained for the purpose of paying the expenses of such condemnation and drainage. By providing for an equitable assessment the constitution has put it in the power of the Legislature, if it did not theretofore possess such power, to impose the burden of the enterprise upon those affected, in proportion to the

benefits received. This the Act has undertaken to do. If there is any conflict between article 1 of the amendments and the other provisions of the Constitution, which have been cited, and which relate to taxation, and I think there is none, the amendment will prevail, having been adopted at a later date.

The contention that the Act denies persons, involuntarily held for the payment of assessments, due process of law, and the equal protection of the law, cannot, in my opinion, be sustained. The Act applies alike to all persons within the drainage district, and it is provided that all who oppose the enterprise shall have the right to a hearing of their contentions, and the right of appeal to the circuit court in the event of an adverse decision. Act 1911, sections 2 and 8. The fact that the County Auditor has no part in fixing the assessment cannot affect the matter, for the reason that the constitution does not restrict the Legislature in this respect, but leaves it free to provide such procedure as may be just and proper. On this point it is said, in *Cooley on Taxation*, page 71, that "the Fourteenth Amendment is not violated by the State law providing for the drainage and for the assessment of the costs thereof upon all lot owners of any tract of low or marsh land on proceedings instituted by five or more owners of lots within the tract, and not objected to by owners of the greater part of the tract, all being given an opportunity for a hearing."

"As the statute is applicable to all lands of the same kind, and as no person can be assessed under it for the expense of drainage without notice and opportunity to be heard, the plaintiffs in error have neither been denied the equal protection of the laws, nor been deprived of their property without due process of law, within the meaning of the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States. *Barbier vs. Connolly*, 113 U. S., 27, 31 (Bk. 28, L. ed. 923, 924); *Walker vs. Sauvinet*, 92 U. S., 90 (Bk. 23 L. ed., 678); *Davidson vs. New Orleans*, 96 U. S., 97 (Bk. 24, L. ed., 616); *Hagar vs. Reclamation District*, 111 U. S., 701 (Bk. 28, L. ed., 596)." *Wurts vs. Hoagland*, 29 Law. Ed., page 232.

The contention that the Act contravenes article 8, section 3, and article 10, section 6 of the Constitution of South Carolina, is not, in my opinion, well founded. I am unable to perceive how any part of either of these provisions apply to or affect the matters referred to in the drainage Act, but if such should

be the case article 1 of Amendments of the Constitution gives the specific right to provide for drainage and to pay the costs thereof by an equitable assessment of the party benefited, and, as has been hereinabove suggested, this amendment controls as to the matters therein contained.

It is also urged that the Act is fatally defective in that it is not provided what the summons shall contain, how it shall be served and how the costs shall be paid. Section 2 of the Act provides that the clerk of court shall issue a summons to be served on all the land-owners who have not joined in the petition, and whose lands are included in the proposed drainage district, and that the law and rules of the Civil Code shall be applicable to this Act as far as may be practical. Under this provision at least twenty days should elapse from the service of the summons to the return day, and the summons should advise the party defendant at reasonable length the nature and purpose of the proceeding, describing the area to be drained and especially the purpose of levying an assessment against his lands, and to issue bonds to raise money to defray the expense of draining the proposed district. The summons may be served in the manner prescribed in the Code of Civil Procedure for the service of summons in civil actions. In section 16 it is provided, "If, however, the clerk finds that the cost of construction, together with the damages assessed, is greater than the resulting benefit that will accrue to the lands affected, the clerk shall dismiss the proceedings at the cost of the petitioners, and the sureties upon the bond so filed by them shall be liable for such costs. The clerk of court may from time to time collect from the petitioners such amounts as may be necessary to pay costs accruing other than the costs of the engineer and his assistants, such amounts to be repaid from the special tax hereby authorized." It is urged that the failure of the Act to make provision for the bond referred to in this section leaves no provision for the payment of costs. The contrary appears to be the case from the above quotation. The petitioners are liable, and may be compelled, to pay the same. The bond would be only additional security.

In view of the above I advise that the clerk of court issue the summons provided in section 2 of the Act, and that it be made out along the lines suggested in this opinion.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Catawba Indians.

June 7, 1911.

Hon. W. H. Stewart, Rock Hill, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 3rd inst., asking me for the return of papers relating to the Catawba Indians which you left with me some time ago has been received. I gave them to Mr. J. S. Brice of your city yesterday, who kindly consented to take them to you.

I am still of the opinion that it will be best for the State to divide the lands on which the Catawbas now reside, and such additional land as may be necessary among them, and after making such provision as may be necessary to start them off on their own responsibility to allow them to work out their own destiny and cease giving them a pension every year.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Miscellaneous.

May 9, 1911.

Mr. R. W. Clark, Bozeman, Mont.

Dear Sir: Your letter to the Attorney-General asking if he can refer you to any cases where an Act of the Legislature had become law where the Governor had refused to sign the Act after adjournment of the Legislature and had then afterwards recalled it from the Secretary of State and approved it, has been received. Our Constitution requires that when an Act of the Legislature is sent to the Governor while the Legislature is in session, it shall be approved by him or returned to the Legislature without approval within three days from the time he receives it. If the Legislature has adjourned before the expiration of the three days, he must either approve it, or must return it to the Legislature at its next session without his approval within two days from the time the Legislature meets. He may approve it at any time during the year when the Legislature is not in session, and upon such approval it becomes law. There are no decisions of our Supreme Court passing on this question during the present year. The Governor publicly announced that he declined to approve an Act and afterwards changed his

mind and approved it. There is no reason why this Act should not become law.

Yours very truly,

M. P. DEBRUHL,
Assistant Attorney-General.

Oct. 2, 1911.

Mr. H. McRae, Dillon, S. C.

Dear Sir: Your letter of the 22nd ult. is at hand, and would have been answered sooner but for the fact that I have been busy in court for some days past. Whether a person may be convicted who has given a check for labor which has already been performed, or goods received previous to giving check and the check has been turned down, depends upon the facts and circumstances of the case. I would say that if the creditor contemplated a suit to collect the money and desisted from bringing the suit, or taking advantage of any remedy he might have for collecting the debt by reason of the check being given for payment of such labor or goods, that such act renders one liable to prosecution, provided, of course, the check is not made good within the time prescribed by statute.

Yours very truly,

J. FRASER LYON,
Attorney-General.

Reports of Solicitors.

Report of the Solicitor of the First Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.

CRIMES—ORANGEBURG COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Adultery	1	1			4	1	1		
Arson	2	2							
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	2	10			5	3	4		
Disposing of property under lien	1	1							
Deserting wife and child	1								
Forgery	1				1	1	1		
Housebreaking	1	2			4	1	3		
House burning			3						
Larceny	1		1		5		5		
Larceny from the field		1			1		1		
Malicious mischief			1						
Manslaughter					4	4	4	1	
Murder	1	2	5						
Obtaining goods under false pretenses		3							
Pointing firearms at another		2			1		1		
Violation of Dispensary Law		5	2		7		7		
Totals	9	29	12		32	10	27		

Report of the Solicitor of the First Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.

CRIMES—DORCHESTER COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Assault, with intent to ravish					2			1	1
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery					1		1		
Attempt at abortion			1						
Bastardy	1								
Failure to support family	1				1	1			
Housebreaking					1		1		
Larceny			1		3		3		
Larceny of live stock					1		1		
Manslaughter					1			1	
Pointing firearms at another					1	1			
Violation of Dispensary Law			2						
Totals	2		4		11	2	6	2	1

Report of the Solicitor of the First Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.

CRIMES—BERKELEY COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Adultery .. . . .	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery .. . . .	...	...	1	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
False check .. . . .	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
House breaking .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	6	5	...	1	...	...
Larceny .. . . .	...	...	1	1	...	6	5	...	1	...	...
Manslaughter .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...
Murder	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Totals	1	6	2	...	16	13	...	3	...	...	...

Report of the Solicitor of the First Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.

CRIMES—CALHOUN COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Adultery	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	4	...	...	1	...	15	15	...	...	...	...
Bastardy .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Burglary	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carrying concealed weapons .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...
False check .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Escape .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Housebreaking .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Larceny .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	7	7	...	...	...	...
Malicious mischief	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malicious trespass .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
Murder .. . . .	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Obstructing public highway	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Throwing missiles at car .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	2	...	...	1	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
Totals	12	...	4	...	...	35	34	1	...	...	...

Report of the Solicitor of the First Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—FIRST CIRCUIT.				
	No Bill and Discont'n'd	Not Guilty.	Guilty.	Grand Total.
Adultery	5	...	4	9
Arson	4	...	...	4
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	...	2	3
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	17	1	23	41
Attempt at abortion .. . . .	...	1	...	1
Bastardy	1	...	1	2
Burglary	1	...	...	1
Carrying concealed weapons .. . . .	...	...	4	4
Disposing of property under lien	2	...	...	2
Deserting wife and child	1	...	...	1
Failure to support family	1	...	1	2
Forgery .. . . .	...	...	1	1
False check	2	...	1	3
Escape .. . . .	...	...	1	1
Housebreaking	3	...	12	15
House burning .. . . .	...	3	...	3
Larceny	8	3	21	27
Larceny of live stock .. . . .	...	...	1	1
Larceny from the field	1	...	1	2
Malicious mischief	1	1	...	2
Malicious trespass .. . . .	...	...	2	2
Manslaughter .. . . .	...	...	6	6
Murder	4	6	...	10
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	3	...	...	3
Obstructing public highway	1	1	...	2
Pointing firearms at another	2	...	2	4
Throwing missile at car .. . . .	...	...	1	1
Violation of Dispensary Law	7	5	10	22

NOTE: This record is incomplete; it does not include magistrates' appeals, nor is it otherwise complete, as no Clerk has sent me a report to this date, except the Clerk of Court of Dorchester.

P. T. HILDEBRAND,
Solicitor First Circuit.

Dec. 8, 1911.

Report of the Solicitor of the Second Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.

CRIMES—AIKEN COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Arson	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery .. . . .	...	8	10	...	27	...	27	...	...	...	...
Bigamy .. . . .	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Breach of trust, etc.. . . . .	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carrying concealed weapons .. . . .	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Disposing of property under lien .. . . .	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Forgery .. . . .	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	...
Indecent exposure of person .. . . .	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Larceny .. . . .	...	...	2	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	...
Larceny of bicycle .. . . .	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manslaughter .. . . .	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
*Murder .. . . .	...	...	5	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Obtaining goods under false pretense .. . . .	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rape .. . . .	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	3	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...
Totals	1	5	24	...	53	...	53	...	...	...	...

*One defendant send to asylum.

Report of the Solicitor of the Second Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.

CRIMES—BAMBERG COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Arson	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	2	...	2	...	...	...	...
Buying seed cotton at night..	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Disturbing religious worship	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...
Larceny	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Manslaughter	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Murder	3	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Totals	6	...	11	...	11	...	...	...	...

**Report of the Solicitor of the Second Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.**

	No Bill	Discontinued	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	..	1	..	..	..
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	6	..	5	..	5	..	..	..
Breach of trust, etc.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Burglary and larceny	1	..	1	..	..	..
Forgery	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
Highway robbery	8	..	8	..	..	..
Housebreaking and larceny	5	..	5	..	..	..
Larceny	2	..	2	..	..	..
Murder	7	..	7	..	7	..	..	..
Rape	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Riot	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
Violation of Dispensary Law	1	..	10	..	10	..	..	..
Totals	19	..	38	..	38	..	..	..

**Report of the Solicitor of the Second Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.**

	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	GUILTY.	Jail and Fine.	County Chancery.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Arson	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	5	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...
Buying seed cotton at night	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carbreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Disposing of property under lien	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Malicious mischief	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murder	1	8	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Riot	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	2	2	...	4	...	4	...	...	...
Totals	15	12	...	14	...	14	...	...	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Second Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—SECOND CIRCUIT.				
	No Bill and Discont'd	Not Guilty.	Guilty.	Grand Total.
Arson	1	3	1	5
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	2	2	5
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	8	16	39	63
Bigamy	1	1	1	3
Breach of trust, etc.	1	1	1	3
Burglary and Larceny	1	1	1	3
Buying seed cotton at night	1	1	1	3
Carbreaking and larceny	1	1	1	3
Carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	3
Disposing of property under lien	2	2	1	5
Disturbing religious worship	1	1	1	3
Forgery	1	1	2	4
Highway robbery	1	3	3	7
Housebreaking and larceny	1	2	18	21
Indecent exposure of person	1	1	1	3
Larceny	2	10	12	24
Larceny of bicycle	1	1	1	3
Malicious mischief	3	1	3	7
Manslaughter	1	4	4	9
Murder	1	18	10	29
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	2	1	4
Rape	1	1	1	3
Riot	3	2	1	6
Violation of Dispensary Law	2	6	16	24
Totals	21	61	114	196

I hereby certify this to be a true report of the cases disposed of by me as taken from the reports furnished to me by the Clerks of the several counties. This report does not include cases nol pros. in Aiken, Bamberg, and Barnwell Counties, and indictments in which "no bill" were found are not reported by Clerks.

R. L. GUNTER,
Solicitor Second Circuit.

Report of the Solicitor of the Third Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—CLARENDON COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Gulity.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Adultery	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arson	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	11	...	11	...	...
Breach of trust, etc.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bigamy	2	...	2	...	...
Disposing of property under lien	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Housebreaking	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Larceny	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manslaughter	1	...	1	...	...
Murder	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Receiving stolen goods	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Refusing or neglecting to support children	1	...	1	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	10	...	6	...	7	...	7	...	...
Totals	11	8	13	...	22	...	22	...	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Third Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Gulity.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Adultery	2	...	...	2	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	2	...	9	9	...	...	...
Bigamy	1	...	...	1	...
Breach of trust, etc.	1	...	...	1	...
Buying seed cotton at night	2	2	...	...	...
Forgery	2	...	...	2	...
Housebreaking	6	...	6	...	...
Larceny	2	...	2	...	...
Larceny of live stock	7	...	7	...	...
Malicious mischief	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murder	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	1	...	...	...
Perjury	1	...	1	...	...
Throwing missiles into train	2	...	2	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	3	...	...	10	...	10	...	...
Totals	3	5	...	48	12	28	6	2

**Report of the Solicitor of the Third Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.**

	No Bill.	Discontinued	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	GUILTY.	Jail and Fine.	County Chain Gang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Adultery	2	2	..	..	..	..
Arson	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	1	..	4	4	..	..	..	..
Attempt to enter house and steal	1	..	1	..	..	..
Burglary	2	..	2	..	..	..
Carbreaking	1	..	1	..	..	..
Disposing of property under lien	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
Forgery	1	..	..	1	..	..
Housebreaking	2	..	3	..	3	..	..	..
Larceny	1	..	12	..	12	..	..	..
Larceny of live stock	1	..	1	..	..	..
Manslaughter	2	..	2	..	..	..
Murder	3	..	1	..	..	..	1	..
Rape	1	..	1	..	..	..
Theft of electric current	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Violation of Dispensary Law	1	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
Totals	13	..	36	10	24	1	1	..

**Report of the Solicitor of the Third Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.**

	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chain-gang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Assault, with intent to ravish	1						1			
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	2					2				
Bigamy	1					1				
Forgery	1						1			
Housebreaking	8						8			
Larceny of live stock			1							
Murder			1							
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1						1			
Perjury	1						1			
Privily stealing from the person	1						1			
Violation of Dispensary Law	9					9				
Totals	20		2		20	12	8			

**Report of the Solicitor of the Third Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.**

CRIMES—SUMMARY—THIRD CIRCUIT.				
	No Bill and Discontin'd.	Not Guilty.	Guilty.	Grand Total.
Adultery	1	4	5	
Alson	1	1	2	
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	1	2	
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	3	26	29	
Attempt to enter house and steal	1	1	2	
Bigamy	1	2	3	
Breach of trust, etc.	1	1	2	
Burglary	1	4	5	
Buying seed cotton at night	1	2	3	
Carbreaking	1	1	2	
Disposing of property under lien	6	1	7	
Forgery	1	4	5	
Housebreaking	3	12	15	
Larceny	2	14	16	
Larceny of live stock	1	8	9	
Malicious mischief	1	1	2	
Malicious trespass	1	3	4	
Murder	8	3	11	
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	2	3	
Perjury	1	2	3	
Privily stealing from the person	1	1	2	
Rape	1	1	2	
Receiving stolen goods	1	1	2	
Refusing or neglecting to support children	1	1	2	
Theft of electric current	2	2	4	
Throwing missiles into train	1	2	3	
Violation of Dispensary Law	18	7	25	
Totals	22	33	126	181

Respectfully submitted,
PHILIP H. STOLL,
Solicitor Third Circuit.

Report of the Solicitor of the Fourth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES--DARLINGTON COUNTY.	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chancery.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery					3					
Assault and battery, simple					2					
Breach of trust, etc.					1					
Burglary					1					
Having in possession burglars' tools					1					
Carrying concealed weapons					6					
Buggery					1					
Disposing of property under lien					1					
Housebreaking					5					
Issuing check with insufficient funds					1					
Larceny					10					
Larceny of live stock					1					
Larceny from the field					1					
Manslaughter					8					
Murder					1					
Privily stealing from the person					1					
Violation of Dispensary Law					7					

Report of the Solicitor of the Fourth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES--MARLBORO COUNTY.	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chancery.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Abduction					1					
Arson					2					
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery					8					
Burglary					1					
Entering house with intent to steal					1					
Forgery					1					
Housebreaking					4					
Larceny			1		9					
Larceny of live stock					1					
Murder			6		3					
Rape					4					
Resisting officer					1					
Seduction					2					
Violation of Dispensary Law			4		12					

**Report of the Solicitor of the Fourth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.**

	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	GUILTY.	Jail and Fine.	County Chalmers.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Adultery	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Arron	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
Bigamy	1	..	..	..	..	..
Carrying concealed weapons	1	..	..	..	..	..
Highway robbery	1	..	..	..	..	..
Housebreaking	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Larceny	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Larceny from the field	1	..	..	..	..	..
Murder	3	..	..	..	..	..
Violation of Dispensary Law	5	..	2	..	..	..	..	..

**Report of the Solicitor of the Fourth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.**

	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	GUILTY.	Jail and Fine.	County Chain-gang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Abduction	1	..	..	..	..	..
Adultery	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	6	..	..	..	..	..
Assault and battery, simple	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
Bigamy	8	..	..	..	..	..
Carrying concealed weapons	1	..	..	..	..	..
Disposing of property under lien	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Housebreaking	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
Larceny	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
Larceny of live stock	2	..	..	..	..	..
Manslaughter	5	..	..	..	..	..
Murder	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reduction	1	..	..	..	..	..
Violation of Dispensary Law	9	..	..	..	..	..

Report of the Solicitor of the Fourth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—FOURTH CIRCUIT.			
	No Bill and Discontin'd	Not Guilty.	Guilty.
			Grand Total
Abduction			
Adultery			
Arson			
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggra			
Assault and battery, simple			
Bigamy			
Breach of trust, etc.			
Burglary			
Having in possession burglars' tools ..			
Carrying concealed weapons			
Buggery			
Disposing of property under lien .. .			
Entering house with intent to steal ..			
Forgery			
Highway robbery			
Housebreaking			
Issuing check with insufficient funds..			
Larceny			
Larceny of live stock.. .. .			
Larceny from the field			
Manslaughter			
Murder			
Privily stealing from the person .. .			
Rape			
Resisting officer			
Seduction			
Violation of Dispensary Law			
Totals			

**Report of the Solicitor of the Fifth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.**

CRIMES—RICHLAND COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Gulity.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Adultery	1				3		1		
Arson	1	1	2						
Assault, with intent to ravish			1		1				1
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	6	2	7		10		10		
Attempt to poison			1						
Assisting prisoners to escape					1		1		
Bigamy		1			1		1		
Breach of trust, etc.			1		3		3		
Burglary			2						
Buying seed cotton at night					2		2		
Conspiracy				1					
Disposing of property under lien			1						
Defacing property of landlord		1	2						
Forgery	1		1						
Hiring and soliciting emigrants	1								
Highway robbery			2						
Housebreaking			2		10		10		
Keeping bawdy house					2		2		
Larceny	1	14	7		35		35		
Larceny of live stock			2		2		2		
Manlaughter					1		1		
Murder	2		6	1	3				3
Non-support of family		1							
*Obtaining goods under false pretenses		1			1				
Obstructing neighborhood road		1	1		1	1			
Rape	1								
Riot					2		2		
Using horse without owner's consent		1			1		1		
Seduction		1							
Violation of Dispensary Law	3	3			4		4		
Totals	17	27	35	2	84	1	75	...	3

*Defendants tried in their absence and sealed sentences left.

Report of the Solicitor of the Fifth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—KERSHAW COUNTY.	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Arson	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	1	...	4	...	10	...	10	...	...	...
Bigamy .. . . .	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Carrying concealed weapons .. . . .	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Conspiracy	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Forgery .. . . .	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Larceny .. . . .	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Larceny of live stock	1	1	1	...	6	...	6	...	...	...
Malicious mischief .. . . .	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Manslaughter .. . . .	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Murder .. . . .	...	1	6	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Obstructing neighborhood road .. . . .	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pointing pistol	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rocking train	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Receiving stolen goods .. . . .	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Using horse without owner's consent	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	1	6	4	...	6	...	6	...	...	...
Totals	10	11	18	...	31	...	30	...	1	...

**Report of the Solicitor of the Fifth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.**

CRIMES—SUMMARY—FIFTH CIRCUIT.				No Bill and Discont'd.	Not Guilty.	Guilty.	Grand Total.
Adultery	1	3	4		
Arson	1	2	..	5			
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	2	1	4			
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	9	11	20	40			
Attempt to poison	1	..	..	1	
Assisting prisoners to escape .. . . .	..	..	1	1	
Bigamy	1	..	2	3			
Breach of trust, etc. .... .	..	1	3	4		
Burglary .. . . .	..	2	..	2		
Buying seed cotton at night .. . . .	..	..	2	2	
Carrying concealed weapons .. . . .	..	..	2	2	
Conspiracy	1	..	..	1	
Disposing of property under lien .. . . .	..	1	..	1		
Defacing property of landlord	1	2	..	3			
Forgery	1	1	2	4			
Hiring and soliciting emigrants	1	..	..	1	
Highway robbery .. . . .	..	2	..	2		
Housebreaking .. . . .	..	2	10	12		
Keeping bawdy house .. . . .	..	..	2	2	
Larceny	15	7	37	59			
Larceny of live stock	2	3	7	12			
Malicious mischief .. . . .	..	..	1	1	
Manslaughter .. . . .	..	..	2	2	
Murder	3	12	4	19			
Non-support of family	1	..	..	1	
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	3	..	1	4			
Obstructing neighborhood road	1	2	1	4			
Pointing pistol	1	1	..	2			
Rocking train	2	..	..	2	
Rape	1	..	..	1	
Receiving stolen goods	1	..	..	1	
Riot .. . . .	..	..	2	2	
Using horse without owner's consent.	2	..	1	3			
Seduction	1	..	..	1	
Violation of Dispensary Law	13	..	10	23			
Total	65	52	114	231			

Report of the Solicitor of the Sixth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—FAIRFIELD COUNTY		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Arson .....	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	2	...	2	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...
Breach of trust, etc. ....	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Burglary .....	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Buggery .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Housebreaking .....	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Larceny .....	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...
Malicious mischief .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murder .....	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Obtaining goods under false pretenses .....	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Resisting officer .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	4	4	3	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Totals	6	6	17	...	...	20	...	20	...	...	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Sixth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—LANCASTER COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Adultery	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery .....	...	...	2	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...
Carrying concealed weapons .....	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...
Disposing of property under lien .....	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Housebreaking .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Larceny .....	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Murder .....	...	...	5	...	...	4	...	1	...	1	2
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	4	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	5	6	7	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Totals	8	15	11	...	...	16	...	18	1	2	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Sixth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—CHESTER COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Arson .. . . .	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery .. . . .	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Forgery .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Housebreaking .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injury to jail .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Larceny .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murder .. . . .	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Obstructing railroad .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	2	3	3	...	1	...	1	...	...
Totals	3	4	6	...	28	...	25	...	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Sixth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—YORK COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Arson	1	...	...	1	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	3	16	...	10	...	10	...	...
Burglary	1	...	...	1	...
Carrying concealed weapons
Disposing of property under lien	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Emmigrant Plying, business of	1	...	1	...	...
Forgery
Housebreaking
Larceny from the field
Murder
Obtaining goods under false pretenses
Resisting officer
Violation of Dispensary Law	4	6	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Totals	4	15	45	...	50	...	48	2	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Sixth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—SIXTH CIRCUIT.		No Bill and Discont'd.	Not Guilty.	Guilty.	Grand Total.
Adultery					
Arson					
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery					
Breach of trust, etc					
Burglary					
Buggery					
Carrying concealed weapons					
Disposing of property under lien					
Emigrant Plying, business of					
Forgery					
Housebreaking					
Injury to jail					
Larceny					
Larceny from the field					
Malicious mischief					
Murder					
Obtaining goods under false pretenses					
Obstructing railroad					
Resisting officer					
Violation of Dispensary Law					
Totals					

Respectfully submitted,
J. K. HENRY,
Solicitor Sixth Circuit.

Report of the Solicitor of the Seventh Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—CHEROKEE COUNTY.	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Challenging.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery					20		20			
Bigamy			1		1		1			
Burning untenanted house										
Forgery					5		5			
Housebreaking					5		5			
Larceny					2		2			
Murder			1		9			2	2	2
Obtaining goods under false pretenses					1		1			
Violation of Dispensary Law					8		8			
Totals			2		50			2	2	2

Report of the Solicitor of the Seventh Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SPARTANBURG COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Arson	1	...	2	...	1	...	...
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	...	...	...	1
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	1	...	26	...	1	...	...
Rawdy house	1	1	...	...	...
Bigamy	2	...	1	...	...
Breach of trust, etc.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burglary	1	...	1	...	...
Disposing of property under lien	2	...	2	...	...
Defrauding hotel	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
False imprisonment	1	...	1	...	...
Forgery	2	...	2	...	...
Failing to support family	2	...	2	...	...
Gaming house	1	...	2	...	...
Highway robbery	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Housebreaking	1	...	18	...	...	...	...
Indecent exposing person	1	...	...	...	...
Larceny	1	...	8	...	...	...	...
Larceny of live stock	1	...	...	...	...
Libel	1	...	...	...	...
Larceny of bicycle	1	...	...	...	...
Murder	7	...	18	...	...	...	...
Maliciously killing horse	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	...	3	...	...	...	...
Practicing medicine without license	2	...	...	...	...
Shooting at train	1	...	...	...	...
Robbery	1	...	...	...	...
Receiving stolen goods	8	...	...	...	...
Resisting officer	2	...	...	...	...
Riot	2	...	...	...	...
Throwing switch on railroad	1	...	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	5	...	36	...	...	...	...
Totals	21	...	133	...	...	...	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Seventh Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—UNION COUNTY.								
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	9	...	...	...
Attempt to wreck train	1	...	1	...	...	...
Rastardy	1	...	...	...
Bigamy	1	...	1	...	...	...
Drawing check, no funds	1	...	...	...	...	...
Incest	1	...	...	...	...	...
Larceny	1	...	...	...
Larceny from person	3	...	...	...	...	...
Larceny of bicycle	1	...	...	...
Murder	3	...	...	...
Riot	2	...	...	...
Totals	5	...	18	...	...	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Seventh Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—SEVENTH CIRCUIT.			
	No Bill and Discont'd.	Not Guilty.	Grand Total.
Arson	1	2	2
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	1	1
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	1	55	56
Attempt to wreck train	1	1	1
Bawdy house	1	1	1
Bastardy	1	1	1
Bigamy	4	4	4
Breach of trust, etc.	1	1	1
Burglary	1	1	1
Burning untenanted house	1	1	1
Drawing check, no funds	1	1	1
Disposing of property under lien	2	2	2
Defrauding hotel	1	1	1
Escape from chain gang	1	1	1
Forgery	7	7	7
Failing to support family	2	2	2
Gaming house	2	2	2
Incest	1	1	1
Highway robbery	1	1	1
Housebreaking	1	18	19
Indecent exposing person	1	1	1
Larceny	1	10	11
Larceny of live stock	1	1	1
Larceny from person	2	2	2
Larceny of bicycle	2	2	2
Murder	8	22	30
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	4	5
Practicing medicine without license	2	2	2
Shooting at train	1	1	1
Robbery	1	1	1
Receiving stolen goods	8	8	8
Resisting officer	2	2	2
Riot	2	2	2
Revoking stay of sentences	2	2	2
Throwing switch on railroad	1	1	1
Violation of Dispensary Law	5	44	49
Totals	28	201	229

J. O. OTTS,
Solicitor Seventh Circuit.

Report of the Solicitor of the Eighth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—ABBEVILLE COUNTY.	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chalingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Abduction .. .										

Report of the Solicitor of the Eighth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—GREENWOOD COUNTY.	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term	Penitentiary for Life	Death Sentence.
Arson					1			1		
Assault, with intent to ravish	1				1			1		
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	2		3		11	7	4			
Aiding prisoner to escape			1							
Carbreaking					1		1			
Carrying concealed weapons			3		8	8				
Disposing of property under lien					1	1				
Forgery					1		1			
Housebreaking			1		2		2			
Larceny of bicycle		1								
Larceny			3		6		6			
Larceny from the field					1	1				
Manslaughter					4		4			
Murder					1				1	
Throwing missiles into train					1	1				
Soliciting orders for whiskey					1	1				
Violation of Dispensary Law		1			3	3				
Totals	3	2	11		43	22	18	2	1	

Report of the Solicitor of the Eighth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—LAURENS COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chalingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Adultery					3	2	1		
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery			4		9	9			
Bigamy			1		1		1		
Breach of trust, etc.			1	1					
Burglary		1							
Carrying concealed weapons			4		2	2			
Disposing of property under lien			1						
Gaming	1								
Housebreaking			3		4		4		
Incest					1		1		
Larceny of bicycle					1		1		
Larceny			5		7		7		
Larceny of live stock			2						
Malicious mischief			1						
Manslaughter					1		1		
Murder			2						
Using horse without consent of owner					3	3			
Rape	1				1			1	
Resisting officer	1								
Throwing missiles into train					1		1		
Violation of Dispensary Law	2	1	1		9	9			
Total	5	2	25	1	43	25	17	1	

Report of the Solicitor of the Eighth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—NEWBERRY COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chalingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery		1	1		7	4	3		
Carrying concealed weapons	1	2	2		4	4			
Bribery	1								
Housebreaking					2		2		
Larceny of bicycle					1		1		
Larceny					3		3		
Manslaughter					3		3		
Murder	3	2	6		1				1
Multilating house					1	1			
Obtaining goods under false pretenses					1	1			
Violation of Dispensary Law		1	1		7	7			
Totals	5	6	10		32	17	14		1

Report of the Solicitor of the Eighth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—EIGHTH CIRCUIT.				No Bill and Discont'd.	Not Guilty.	Guilty.	Grand Total.
Abduction	1	.....	.....	1			1
Adultery .. . . .	.....	.....	3			3	3
Arson .. . . .	.....	.....	1			1	1
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	1	1				3
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	3	9	31				43
Aiding prisoner to escape .. . . .	.....	1	.....				1
Bigamy .. . . .	.....	1	1				2
Breach of trust .. . . .	.....	1	.....				1
Burglary	1	.....	.....				1
Carbreaking .. . . .	.....	.....	1				1
Carrying concealed weapons	3	9	16				28
Bribery	1	.....	.....				1
Disposing of property under lien	2	1	1				4
Entering house with intent to steal .. . . .	.....	1	.....				1
Forgery .. . . .	.....	.....	2				2
Gaming	1	.....	.....				1
Housebreaking	1	4	11				16
Larceny .. . . .	.....	.....	1				1
Larceny of bicycle	1	.....	2				3
Larceny .. . . .	.....	9	19				28
Larceny of live stock .. . . .	.....	2	.....				2
Larceny from the field .. . . .	.....	.....	1				1
Malicious mischief .. . . .	.....	1	.....				1
Manslaughter .. . . .	.....	.....	16				16
Murder	5	8	2				15
Mutilating house.... .. .	.....	.....	1				1
Obtaining goods under false pretenses. .. . . .	.....	1	1				2
Using horse without consent of owner .. . . .	.....	.....	3				3
Rape	1	.....	1				2
Resisting officer	2	.....	.....				2
Throwing missiles into train .. . . .	.....	.....	2				2
Soliciting orders for whiskey .. . . .	.....	.....	1				1
Violation of Dispensary Law	5	3	22				30
Totals	28	52	140				221

Report of the Solicitor of the Ninth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—CHARLESTON COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontin'd	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Assault, with intent to ravish	1								
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	5	14	8	1	16		16		
Breach of trust, etc.		1	1		1		1		
Burglary			1		2		2		
Carrying concealed weapons		1							
Disposing of property under lien					1		1		
Disturbing fire alarm		1							
Forgery									
Highway robbery			3		6		6		
Housebreaking	1	4	4		16		16		
Larceny	4	12	7		18		18		
Larceny of live stock		2							
Manslaughter					7		6	1	
Murder			7	1	7				6
Non-support of family		1							
Receiving stolen goods		3	1						
Totals	11	39	27	2	77		69	1	6

Report of the Solicitor of the Ninth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—COLLETON COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery		3	1		2		2		
Dastardy		1							
Burglary					1		1		
Forgery					1		1		
Housebreaking		2		1	2		2		
Larceny		1			4		4		
Manslaughter					2		2		
Murder			2						
Perjury		1							
Violation of Dispensary Law					2		2		
Totals		8	3	1	14		14		

Report of the Solicitor of the Ninth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—BEAUFORT COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chancery.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	2					7		7			
Forgery	1					1		1			
Housebreaking	1					4		4			
Larceny	1	1		1		5		5			
Larceny of live stock						3		3			
Manslaughter						2		2			
Murder				1							
Nuisance						1	1				
Poison attempt						1		1			
Rape	1										
Violation of Dispensary Law	1										
Totals	6	2	1	24	1	23					

Report of the Solicitor of the Ninth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—NINTH CIRCUIT.		No Bill and Discont'd.	Not Guilty.	Guilty.	Grand Total.
Assault, with intent to ravish	1				
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	24	4		25	
Bastardy	1				
Breach of trust, etc.	1	1		1	
Burglary		1		1	
Carrying concealed weapons				2	
Disposing of property under lien	1				
Disturbing fire alarm				1	
Forgery	1			2	
Highway robbery		3		6	
Housebreaking	8	4		22	
Larceny	18	8		27	
Larceny of live stock	2			3	
Manslaughter				11	
Murder		10		7	
Nuisance				1	
Non-support of family	1				
Perjury	1				
Poison attempt				1	
Rape	1				
Receiving stolen goods	3	1			
Violation of Dispensary Law	1			2	
Totals	64	32	115		

Report of the Solicitor of the Tenth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—OCONEE COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Gulity.	Jail and Fine.	County Chain Gang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Assault, with intent to ravish	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	4	...	11	...	11	...	...
Forgery	1	...	1	...	...
Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	1	...	...
Larceny	2	...	2	...	...
Manslaughter	1	...	1	...	...
Murder	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	3	...	4	4	...	...	...
Totals	1	11	...	21	4	16	1	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Tenth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—PICKENS COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Gulity.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Highway robbery	1	...	1	...	...
Manslaughter	1	...	1	...	...
Murder	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injury to jail	1	...	1	...	...
Violation of Dispensary Law	2	...	4	4	...	...	...
Totals	4	...	7	4	3	...	...

Report of the Solicitor of the Tenth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—ANDERSON COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chalmers.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Arson						1				1	
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery				2		13		13			
Breach of trust, etc.					2		2				
Burglary and larceny				1							
Disposing of property under lien				2		1	1				
Forgery				1		5		5			
Housebreaking and larceny				1		10		10			
Larceny				2		5		5			
Manslaughter		2				3		3			
Murder				2		2				1	1
Non-support of wife				1							
Privily stealing from the person						2		2			
Receiving stolen goods						1		1			
Seduction						1		1			
Violation of Dispensary Law				1		4	4				
Totals		2	13			50	5	42		2	1

Report of the Solicitor of the Tenth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—GREENVILLE COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chalmers.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Adultery				2		2	2				
Arson				2							
Assault, with intent to ravish						1		1			
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery				3		12		12			
Breach of trust, etc.				1							
Burglary and larceny						2		2			
Disposing of property under lien						1	1				
Forgery						4		4			
Highway robbery						2		2			
Housebreaking and larceny				3		9		9			
Keeping bawdy house						2		2			
Larceny						7		7			
Malicious mischief						1	1				
Manslaughter						3		3			
Murder		2		3		2				2	
Privily stealing from the person						1		1			
Riding horse without consent of owner						2	2				
Seduction						1		1			
Violation of Dispensary Law				2		9	9				
Totals		2	16			61	15	44		2	

Report of the Solicitor of the Tenth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—TENTH CIRCUIT.			
	No Bill and Discont'd	Not Guilty.	Guilt.
Adultery	2		2
Arson	1		1
Assault, with intent to ravish	1		2
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	9		36
Breach of trust, etc.	1		2
Burglary and larceny	1		2
Disposing of property under lien	2		2
Forgery	1		10
Highway robbery			3
Housebreaking and larceny	5		20
Keeping bawdy house			2
Larceny	2		14
Malicious mischief			1
Manslaughter	2		8
Murder	2	9	4
Non-support of wife		1	
Obtaining goods under false pretenses		2	
Privily stealing from the person			3
Using horse without consent of owner			2
Receiving stolen goods			1
Injury to jail			1
Seduction			2
Violation of Dispensary Law		8	21
Totals	6	45	149

Report of the Solicitor of the Eleventh Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SALUDA COUNTY.								
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery		2			5	2	3	
Aiding prisoner to escape					2	2		
Carrying concealed weapons					2	2		
Disposing of property under lien		2						
Disturbing religious worship		1						
Forgery		1			1		1	
Housebreaking					1		1	
Larceny		1			1		1	
Larceny from the field					1		1	
Manslaughter					2		2	
Murder			3		2			2
Obtaining goods under false pretenses					1		1	
Seduction					1		1	
Violation of Dispensary Law		1			3	3		
Totals		7			22	9	11	2

Report of the Solicitor of the Eleventh Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—LEXINGTON COUNTY.								
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaingang.	Penitentiary for Term.
Adultery			1		2		2	
Arson					2		2	
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	1	2	2		10	3	7	
Burglary		1						
Carrying concealed weapons					4	4		
Disposing of property under lien		1						
Housebreaking	3	1			2		2	
Larceny					2		2	
Malicious mischief			1					
Manslaughter					1		1	
Murder			1					
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	3	1						
Violation of Dispensary Law					1	1		
Totals	7	6	5		22	8	14	

Report of the Solicitor of the Eleventh Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—EDGEFIELD COUNTY.									
	No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Material.	GUILTY.	Jail and Fine.	County Chain-gang.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.
Arson		1							
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery		8			8	2	1		
Disturbing religious worship		2			2		2		
Housebreaking					5		2		
Larceny	1				1		5		
Malicious mischief					2		1		
Manslaughter					1			1	
Murder			4						1
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	1	1							
Receiving stolen goods					1		1		
Seduction					1		1		
Violation of Dispensary Law	2				2	2			
Using horse without owner's consent			1						
Totals	4	7	5		20	4	18	2	1

Report of the Solicitor of the Eleventh Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.				
	No Bill and Discont'd.	Not Guilty.	GUILTY.	Grand Total.
Adultery		1		1
Arson	1		2	3
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	8	2	18	28
Aiding prisoner to escape			2	2
Burglary	1			1
Carrying concealed weapons			6	6
Disposing of property under lien	2			2
Disturbing religious worship	1		2	3
Forgery			1	1
Housebreaking	6		5	11
Larceny	2		8	10
Larceny from the field			1	1
Malicious mischief		1	1	2
Manslaughter			5	5
Murder		8	2	11
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	6		1	7
Receiving stolen goods			1	1
Seduction			2	2
Violation of Dispensary Law	8		2	9
Using horse without owner's consent		1		1
Totals	37	18	64	107

Respectfully submitted
GEO. BELL TIMMERMAN,
Solicitor Eleventh Circuit.

Report of the Solicitor of the Twelfth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—HOBBS COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chalmers.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery						8		8			
Fraudulent removal of property under levy						1	1				
Housebreaking and larceny						4		4			
Larceny						4		4			
Larceny of live stock						2		2			
Manlaughter						12		12			
Murder				1							
Obstructing neighborhood road				1							
Riot				2		2		2			
Violation of dispensary Law				1		3	3				
Totals				5		36	4	32			

Report of the Solicitor of the Twelfth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—MARION COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chalmers.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Adultery						2	2				
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery				5		1		1			
Larceny						2		2			
Larceny of live stock				1							
Larceny of bicycle						1		1			
Murder				2		1		1			
Maliciously wounding cow				1							
Privily stealing from the person						1		1			
Resisting officer						1		1			
Violation of Dispensary Law						6	1	5			
Totals				9		15	3	12			

Report of the Solicitor of the Twelfth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—FLORENCE COUNTY.		No Bill	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Adultery				1							
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery											
Rastardy											
Breach of trust, etc.				1							
Burglary											
Forgery											
Housebreaking and larceny											
Larceny				1							
Larceny of live stock											
Larceny of bicycle											
Manslaughter											
Murder				3							
Privily stealing from the person											
Using mule without consent of owner				1							
Seduction				2							
Violation of Dispensary Law											
Totals				9							

Report of the Solicitor of the Twelfth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—GEORGETOWN COUNTY.		No Bill.	Discontinued.	Not Guilty.	Mistrial.	Guilty.	Jail and Fine.	County Chaining.	Penitentiary for Term.	Penitentiary for Life.	Death Sentence.
Adultery					1	2			2		
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery			2			1	2				
Burglary						1		1			
Carnal knowledge under 14 years of age				1							
Defrauding hotel keeper						1	1				
Housebreaking and larceny			1			2		2			
Larceny			1			2		2			
Miscegenation						2			2		
Manslaughter						5		5			
Violation of Dispensary Law			2			1	1				
Totals			6	1	1	17	4	9	4		

Report of the Solicitor of the Twelfth Circuit of Cases Tried and Disposed of During the Year
Ending the 31st Day of December, 1911.

CRIMES—SUMMARY—TWELFTH CIRCUIT.				No Bill and Discont'd.	Not Guilty.	Guilty.	Grand Total.
Adultery							7
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery ..							29
Bastardy							1
Breach of trust, etc.							1
Burglary							6
Carnal knowledge under 14 years of age ..							1
Defrauding hotel keeper ..							1
Forgery							2
Fraudulent removal of property under levy ..							1
Failure to support wife ..							1
Housebreaking and larceny ..							10
Larceny							18
Larceny of live stock							4
Larceny of bicycle							6
Miscegenation							2
Manslaughter							18
Murder							7
Maliciously wounding cow ..							1
Privily stealing from the person ..							2
Resisting officer							1
Riot							4
Using mule without consent of owner ..							1
Seduction							1
Violation of Dispensary Law ..							19
Totals							139

**CRIMES—GENERAL SUMMARY.
FOR THE ENTIRE STATE.**

	No Bill and Discont'd.	Not Guilty.	Gulity.	Grand Total.
Abduction	1	....	2	3
Adultery	8	8	29	38
Arson	13	15	11	39
Assault, with intent to ravish	7	4	12	23
Assault, with intent to kill, and aggravated assault and battery	76	85	252	513
Simple assault and battery .....	....	1	4	5
Attempt to enter house and steal .....	....	....	1	1
Keeping bawdy house .....	....	....	5	5
Bastardy	2	....	3	5
Bigamy	2	1	13	16
Breach of trust, etc.	2	9	8	19
Burglary	1	7	23	31
Buying seed cotton at night	1	....	5	6
Burning untenanted house .....	....	1	....	1
Carrying concealed weapons	8	10	47	65
Conspiracy	1	....	....	1
Giving check with no funds	2	1	2	5
Disposing of property under lien	20	10	8	38
Defrauding in not paying board .....	....	1	1	2
Enticing laborers under contract	1	....	....	1
Entering house with intent to steal .....	....	1	1	2
Escape from prison .....	....	....	2	2
Forgery	5	5	35	45
Wrecking train .....	....	1	....	1
Gaming and keeping gaming house	1	....	1	2
Incest .....	....	....	2	2
Highway robbery .....	....	6	13	19
Housebreaking and larceny	19	28	168	215
Indecent exposure of person .....	....	1	1	2
Having in possession burglars' tools .....	....	....	1	1
Larceny	39	33	208	280
Larceny of live stock	4	8	27	39
Larceny from the field	1	6	8	15
Larceny of bicycle	1	....	11	12
Malicious mischief	1	10	8	14
Malicious trespass .....	....	....	6	6
Manslaughter .....	....	....	76	76
Murder	17	122	77	216
Using horse without owner's consent	2	2	6	10
Obstructing highway	2	4	2	8
Buggery .....	....	1	1	2
Obtaining goods under false pretenses	26	13	12	51
Obstructing railroad .....	....	....	2	2
Practicing medicine without license .....	....	....	2	2
Perjury	1	....	2	3
Privily stealing from the person .....	....	3	7	10
Shooting at train .....	....	....	1	1
Throwing rocks at train .....	....	....	5	5
Robbery .....	....	....	1	1
Rape	3	2	7	12
Receiving stolen goods	5	1	5	11
Refusing or neglecting to support children and wife	4	....	6	10
Resisting officer	2	....	5	7
Riot	3	4	6	13
Seduction	1	....	7	8
Changing switch on railroad .....	....	....	1	1
Violation of Dispensary Law	80	72	209	361
Miscegenation .....	....	....	2	2
Carbreaking .....	....	1	3	4
Stealing electric current .....	....	2	....	2
Disturbing fire alarm .....	....	....	1	1
Attempt to poison .....	....	1	1	2
Attempt to produce abortion .....	....	1	....	1
Soliciting emigrants	1	....	1	2
Injury to jail .....	....	....	2	2
Aiding prisoner to escape .....	....	1	3	4
Bribery	1	....	....	1
Soliciting orders for alcoholic liquors .....	....	....	1	1
Disturbing religious work	1	....	3	4
Defacing property of landlord	1	2	....	3
Pointing pistol at person	1	1	....	2

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Abbeville County, February Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty
					23	1	...
					20	1	...
					25	1	...
					28	1	...
					31	1	...
					27	1	...
					22	1	...
					21	1	...
					20	...	1
					40	...	1
					30	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Abbeville County, September, 1911, Term.

*Robert Hughey—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	25	...	...
Will Patton—Violating Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	20	...	1
†M. A. Spence—Harboring person	1	...	1	...	35	...	...
Jesse Miller, alias Valentine—Assault with intent to ravish .....	...	1	1	...	20	...	1
Will Eakin—Disposing crop under lien .....	...	1	1	...	43	...	1
Ed Harvey—Larceny .....	...	1	1	...	25	...	1
G. N. Pearman—Murder, guilty manslaughter	1	...	1	...	40	1	...
J. H. Ferguson—Murder, guilty manslaughter	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Plumer Ashley—Murder, guilty manslaughter	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
Charlie Wright—Housebreaking and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Charlie Wright—Housebreaking and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
John Murray—Housebreaking and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Saluda Davis—Assault and battery .....	...	1	...	1	30	...	1
George Martin—House burning .....	...	1	1	...	25	...	1
Walter Donaldson—Assault and battery .....	...	1	1	...	25	...	1

*Not proa. †No bill.

Respectfully submitted,
J. L. PERRIN,
Clerk of Court of General Sessions.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Aiken County, Winter Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	GUILTY.	Not Guilty.
Henry Seymore—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	20	1	...
John Moore—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
Joseph Thompson—Disposing property under lien .. . . .	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
Roscoe Simms—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	1	...	...	20	1	...
Wade Hampton Rhoden—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	...	...	22	...	1
Cal Mobley—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	...	...	22	...	1
Mack Wright—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	1	...	...	21	...	1
Richard Johnson, (alias Hun Anderson)—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	...	...	22	...	1
Josh Stallings—Arson	1	1	...	...	35	...	1
Dennis Oliver—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	...	...	36	...	1
Dave Edwards—Larceny	1	1	...	...	30	...	1
L. T. Davis—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	...	...	35	...	1
Felder Wright—Assault and batter with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	37	1	...
Henry Harper—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	...	...	50	1	...
Hamp Milledge—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	1	...	...	35	1	...
Willis Johnson—Grand larceny	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Gus Glover—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	50	1	...
Will Felder—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Robert West—Arson	1	1	...	...	35	1	...
Phil Landrum—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Willie Hankinson—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	1	...	...	31	1	...
Eastman Williams—Larceny	1	1	...	...	25	1	...
Tom Martin—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	1	...	...	35	...	1
Wm. T. Tate—Bigamy	1	...	1	...	25	...	1
Claude Rogers—Seduction	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
Thomas Nededward—Indecent exposure person	1	1	1	...	40	...	1
Susie Plymale—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	...	1	40	...	1
Pat Williamson, alias Willie Clinton—Murder	1	1	...	...	36	...	1
Pompey Felder—Arson	1	1	...	...	40	...	1
Alex Lindsay—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	38	1	...
Lamper Galphin—Murder	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Jim Lacy—Murder	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Tom Ingram—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	45	1	...
Hill McMillan—Murder	1	...	1	...	37	...	1
John Williamson—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
L. Hutchinson—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
D. J. McIntosh—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
William Marina—Disposing of property under lien	1	1	...	...	40	...	1
M. Smoldsky—Giving check without funds	1	...	1	...	35	...	1
Rufus Williams—Assault, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	40	...	1
George Brunson, alias Buddie Brunson—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	...	...	43	...	1
Jacob Nimmons—Murder	1	1	...	...	50	...	1
Glover Dutch—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
Joe Craig—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	35	...	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Aiken County, Fall Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
John Brooks—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	...	...	40	1	...
Benjamin Baldwin—Grand larceny	1	1	...	...	35	...	1
Willie Carter, alias John Dozier—Forgery	1	...	1	...	18	1	...
B. Sherwood Dunn—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	55	1	...
Milton Dorn—Violating Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	36	1	...
Prince Galphin—Murder	1	1	...	...	36	...	1
Cornelius Hart—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Ed Harris—Grand larceny	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
A. L. Holstein—Conspiracy, assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	55	1	...
Albert Holstein—Conspiracy, assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Sydney Holstein—Conspiracy, assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	27	1	...
Grover Holstein—Conspiracy, assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
Richard Holstein—Conspiracy, assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Dock Cockrell—Conspiracy, assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
A. L. Holstein—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	55	1	...
Albert Holstein—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Sydney Holstein—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	27	1	...
Grover Holstein—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
Richard Holstein—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Dock Cockerell—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
Ernest Jeter—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	1	...	20	...	1
Ed Jackson—Grand larceny	1	1	...	...	25	1	...
I. Sam Key—Larceny and receiving stolen goods	1	1	1	...	45	1	...
John Lee—Murder	1	1	1	...	50	...	1
John Lucker—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	36	1	...
Henry Lightsey—Murder	1	1	1	...	28	...	1
Moses Matthis—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
B. F. Mulligan—Breach trust, fraudulent intent	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
Eddie Mason—Rape	1	1	1	...	36	1	...
Ed McNair, alias Sam Dickinson—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	1	...	40	1	...
Nelson Pope—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	1	...	40	1	...
John Seaport (alias Walter)—(Carrying concealed weapons)	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
John Smith—Obtaining money false pretense	1	1	1	...	32	...	1
Samuels, Bully (alias Larry)—Assault and battery	1	1	1	...	29	...	1
Lee Wood—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	24	1	...
Otis Wood—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	22	1	...
Walter Gregory—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	20	...	1
Joe Taylor—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	20	...	1
Anderson Williams—Grand larceny	1	1	1	...	40	1	...
Lawrence Thise—Murder	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
John Wright—Larceny	1	...	1	...	35	...	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Anderson County, Fall, 1911, Term.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilt.	Not Guilty.
Eugene Williams—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	23	1	...
A. C. Bryson—Assault and Battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	37	1	...
D. H. Hembree—Forgery	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
T. P. Ray—Forgery	1	...	1	...	32	1	...
Simon Williams—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	34	1	...
Barley Derrick—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	16	1	...
Percy Warley—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	14	...	1
J. B. Derrick—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	16	1	...
Jas. T. Rice—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	19	1	...
Barley Derrick—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	16	1	...
Jim Mattison—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
Sam N. Hyde—Murder	1	...	1	...	27	1	...
Isaiah Harris—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	14	1	...
Benny Lumford—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
T. C. Williams—Assault and battery, intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Ida Williams—Assault and battery, intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	...	1	27	...	1
Richard Williams—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	27	1	...
Henry Hunter—Receiving stolen goods .. .. .	...	1	1	...	45	1	...
Wister Adams—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Herbert Smith—Assault and battery, intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	29	1	...
John Harriss—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	33	...	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Anderson County, Spring, 1911, Term.

Nelson Hunter—Assault and battery, intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	43	1	...
Jonnie Johnson—Violation Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Ben Bibbs—Arson .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Earle Kinnington—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	17	1	...
Charlie Groves—Forgery .. .. .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Will Chastain—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	...	27	1	...
Walker Redden—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Luke Langley—Breach of trust .. .. .	...	1	1	...	37	1	...
A. B. Fant—Violation Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	50	1	...
Ruben Williamson—Larceny of cow .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
C. L. Hopkins—Violation Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	40	1	...
Sugno Hallums—Assault and battery, intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	...	1	25	...	1
J. W. Hart—Larceny	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
Ira Hart—Larceny	1	...	1	...	20	...	1
Carl Hall—Privily stealing from person	1	...	1	...	16	1	...
R. P. Petterson—Non-support of wife .. .. .	...	1	1	...	45	...	1
Mary Gary—Murder .. .. .	...	1	...	1	25	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Anderson County, Summer, 1911, Term.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
Luther Aiken—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	...	25	1	...	
Homer Gray—Privily stealing from the person	1	1	...	30	1	...	
W. J. Johnson—Privily stealing from the person	1	1	...	35	1	...	
Epp Gaines—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	...	47	1	...	
W. H. Medlock—Violation Dispensary Law	1	...	1	40	...	1	
Rich Thomas—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	30	1	...	
Mary Gary—Murder	1	...	1	25	...	1	
W. H. Hanks—Murder	1	...	1	35	...	1	
John Davis—Seduction	1	...	1	25	1	...	
Fred Poore—Murder.. .. .	1	...	1	23	1	...	
Whitner Rice—Murder	1	1	...	22	1	...	
Jim Lewis—Murder	1	1	...	12	1	...	
John Robinson—Forgery	1	1	...	55	1	...	
George Garner—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	...	26	1	...	
Leo Major—Burglary and larceny	1	...	1	17	...	1	
Esby Dickson—Assault and battery intent to kill	1	1	...	37	1	...	
J. W. Ray—Forgery	1	...	1	27	1	...	
Colbert Clinkscales—Assault and battery, intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons	1	1	...	30	1	...	
John McCoullough—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	...	33	1	...	
Claude Major—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	14	1	...	
R. W. Vickory—Forgery	1	...	1	30	1	...	
Casper Stone—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	28	1	...	
L. E. Snipes—Forgery	1	...	1	27	1	...	
Simon Williams—Larceny	1	1	...	23	1	...	
John Robinson—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	1	...	25	1	...	
E. F. Curran—Breach of trust with fraudulent intent	1	...	1	33	1	...	
Leo Major—Burglary	1	...	1	17	1	...	
E. W. Williams—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	23	...	1	
A. S. Williams—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	34	...	1	
Mack Stegall—Assault and battery, intent to kill	1	...	1	23	1	...	
M. C. Kirby—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	33	1	...	

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Bamberg County, November Term, 1911.

Roberts Woods—Murder .. .	1	1	...	20	1	...
Sam Halman—Grank larceny .. .	1	1	...	32	1	...
Lonnie Toomer—Manslaughter .. .	1	1	...	12	1	...
Willie Bennette—Housebreaking and larceny .. .	1	1	...	22	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Bamberg County, March Term, 1911.

Hobesey Wright—Carbreaking and larceny .. .	1	1	...	33	1	...
William Rankin—Housebreaking and larceny .. .	1	...	1	26	1	...
James Rice—Arson .. .	1	1	...	40	...	1
William Davis—Housebreaking and larceny .. .	1	...	1	21	...	1
Andrew Young—Housebreaking and larceny .. .	...	...	1	20	...	...

Report of the Clerk of General Sessions for Bamberg County, November Term, 1911.

Frank Jones—Housebreaking .. .	1	1	...	31	...	1
L. B. Tuten—Murder .. .	1	...	1	36	...	1
Romeo Robinson—Disturbing religious worship .. .	1	1	...	22	1	...
Londy Clifton—Obtaining goods falsely .. .	1	1	...	33	...	1
Frank Jennings—Murder .. .	1	1	...	24	...	1
Isah Carter—Assault and battery, intent to kill .. .	1	1	...	46	1	...
Martin Grant—Assault and battery, intent to kill .. .	1	1	...	33	1	...
Mary Ann Miller—Murder .. .	1	...	1	27	...	1

C. B. FREE,
C. C. C. P. & G. S.,
Bamberg County.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Barnwell County, March Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilt.	Not Guilty.
Wm. J. Odom—Murder	1	...	1	...	50	...	1
Alvin Odam—Murder	1	...	1	...	25	...	1
Leas Hancock—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Maner Morris—Murder	1	...	1	...	22	...	1
Eda Calhoun—Murder .. .. .	...	1	...	1	30	...	1
Alfred Bressy—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	...	1
Henry Platt—Forgery .. .. .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Henry Lish—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
T. R. Pitts—Murder	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
Harrison Johnson—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	28	1	...
Paul Gantt—Violation Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Sally Simons—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	50	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Barnwell County, July Term, 1911.

Curtis Coker—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	26	...	1
Dan Daniels—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	28	...	...
Raymond Smalls—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	27	...	...
Della Eady—Forgery .. .. .	...	1	...	1	25	...	1
Henry Myers—Burglary and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Matalee Gill—Violation Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	...	1	35	...	1
Tillman Moore—Violation Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
Dr. John Junes, alias Dr. John Brown, alias John Vennon—Murder	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
Wm. Addison—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	28	...	1
Maner Duncan, Lucius Duncan, Jno. Robinson, Wm. Addison, Geo. Curtis—Riot .. .. .	...	1	1	...	*	†1	...
Clarence Tilly—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Joe Cook—Rape	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
Elmore Williams—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Hayward Wicker—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Raymond Robinson—Violation Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	30	1	...

*Twenty to thirty years of age. †As to Maner Duncan.

Respectfully submitted,

W. GILMORE SIMMS,

C. C. P.

Barnwell, S. C., Dec. 21, 1911.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Barnwell County, November Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Culdy.	Not Culdy.
Isaac Allen--Violation Dispensary Law					25	1	...
Estin Priester--Murder					28	1	1
Wm. Mims--Violating Dispensary Law					50	1	...
King Hopkins--Housebreaking and larceny					19	1	...
Ben Owens--Housebreaking and larceny					24	1	...
Mike Jackson--Housebreaking and larceny					21	1	...
Wm. McCan--Housebreaking and larceny					30	1	...
Walter Moore--Housebreaking and larceny					30	1	...
Wesley Meyers--Murder					23	...	1
Pinkny Myrick--Larceny					17	1	...
Isaiah Miller--Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons					20	1	...
James Burten--Assault and battery with intent to kill					24	1	...
Paul Roberts, Jr.--Murder					26	1	...
Rosa Fickling--Assault and battery with intent to kill			1	8	1	...	...
Ottaway Best--Breach of trust with fraudulent intent.. . . .					28	...	1
Pete Braxton--Larceny					20	1	...
Allen Mingo--Assault with intent to ravish					30	1	...
Ben Harley--Violation Dispensary Law					30	1	...
Frank H. Creech--Assault and battery with intent to kill					65	...	1
James Odom--Violation Dispensary Law					35	1	...
Warren Weatherbee--Violation Dispensary Law					30	1	...
Raymond Robinson--Violation Dispensary Law					35	1	...
Ben Owens--Housebreaking and larceny					26	1	...

Respectfully submitted,
W. GILMORE SIMS,
C. C. P.

Dec. 12, 1911.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Beaufort County, January Term, 1911.

Sam Green--Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	16	1	...
*Hope Bryan--Larceny live stock	1	1	...	30	...	...
†Joe Johnson--Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	12	1	...

*Mistrial. †Seven years in State reformatory.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Beaufort County, May Term, 1911.

*Joe Hamilton--Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	...	26	...	...
*Beverly Robinson--Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	25	...	...
*David Gibbs--Assault and battery with intent to kill.. . . .	1	1	...	22	...	...
†Hope Bryan--Larceny live stock	1	1	...	30	1	...
†Roachry Polite--Murder	1	1	...	30	1	...
‡Jury Heyward--Appeal	1	1	...	24	...	...
**Jackson Brown--Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	30	1	...
§Isaac Pinkney--Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	24	1	...
aAdam Kennedy--Larceny live stock	1	1	...	24	1	...
aWalter Clark--Larceny live stock	1	1	...	30	1	...
bLawrence Green--Larceny of live stock	1	1	...	18	1	...
bJames Williams--Forgery	1	1	...	24	1	...
Herbert Boos--Murder	1	...	1	18	...	1
cAllie Cooler--Rape	1	...	1	25	...	...
dLawrence Green--Larceny bicycle	1	1	...	18	1	...
ePerry Loadholts--Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	35	1	...
cO. W. V. Benton--Common nuisance	1	...	1	60	...	...
fLawrence Green--Housebreaking	1	1	...	18	1	...

*Nol proa. †Two years. ‡Manslaughter. §Appeal abandoned. **Sealed sentence. †Four months. aNew trial granted. bEighteen months. cContinued. dFifteen months. eEight months. fOne year.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Beaufort County, September Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Gulity.	Not Gulity.
Adam Kennedy—Larceny live stock	1	1	...	...	53	...	1
Walter Clark—Larceny live stock	1	1	...	...	80	...	1
*C. W. V. Benton—Common nuisance	1	...	1	...	80	1	...
†Alise Cooler—Rape	1	...	1	...	38	...	...
‡David Grant—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
§Sam Fields—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	23	1	...
||John Johnson—Manslaughter	1	1	...	...	35	1	...
aWillie Hicks—Larceny of a bicycle	1	1	...	...	16	1	...
bDaniel Sheppard—Attempt to poison	1	1	...	...	16	1	...
cWm. Smith—Boatbreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	16	1	...
†Wm. Smith—Boatbreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	16	...	...
†Wm. Smith—Boatbreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	16	...	...
dGeorge Rynyard—Murder	1	1	...	...	7	1	...
eViola Washington—Larceny	1	...	...	1	18	1	...
fJoe Roberts—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	25	1	...
cTillman Hollis—Larceny live stock	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
gEdward Young—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	25	1	...
hRobert Abbergottie—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	...	...	35	1	...

*Thirty dollars or six months. †Nol pros. ‡One year or \$200. §Three years. ||Fifteen years.
aNine months. bFour years or Reformatory. cOne year. dFransferred to contingent docket.
eFive months in jail. fFifteen months. gThree months or \$400. h Two years.

Respectfully submitted,
S. H. RODGERS,
C. C. C. P. & G. S.

Oct. 7. 1911.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Berkeley County, March Term, 1911.

Limus Green—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	40	1	...
Joe Bryant—Rape	1	1	...	25	...	1
*Joe Wright—Poisoning	1	1	...	30	...	...

*In jail, died.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Berkeley County, July Term, 1911.

Arthur Wilson—Grand larceny	1	1	...	20	1	...
Eli Smalls—Murder	1	1	...	25	1	...
R. J. Mitchell—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	35	1	...
Isaac Murden—Murder	1	...	1	20	...	1
†Gallie Simms—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	...	...
†Henrietta Mack—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	...	...
†Ellen Springs—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	...	...
†Allen Leftenant—Murder	1	1	...	23	...	...
W. G. Addisin—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	35	1	...
†Joe Richardson, Sr.—Carbreaking	1	1	...	50	...	...
†Joe Richardson, Jr.—Carbreaking	1	1	...	20	...	...
§Jacob Lindsay—Carbreaking	1	1	...	25	...	...
Fred Hilliard—Carbreaking	1	1	...	25	1	...
Isaiah Hilliard—Carbreaking	1	1	...	23	1	...
Wm. Bryan—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	30	1	...
Fletcher Sims—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	25	1	...
Joe Haig—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	...	35	1	...
†Ransen McNeal—Adultery	1	1	...	30	...	...
†Charlotte Alston—Adultery	1	...	1	25	...	...
Elias Parker—Murder	1	...	1	21	...	1
W. W. Jordan—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	40	1	...

†Nol pros. ‡Manslaughter. §Contingent.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Charleston County, February Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	GUILTY.	Not Guilty
Jemie Austin—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1				1	
Ezekiel Brown—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1					1
James Brown, alias Mink—Robbery and larceny	1	1			23		1
Abraham Cummings—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1			26	1	
Enoch Carroll—Larceny	1	1			27	1	
Moses Evans—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1			35	1	
Jake Flemings—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1			30	1	
James Gillen, alias Nosey—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1				1	
Simon Green—Murder	1	1				1	
Henry Gibson—Murder	1	1			23		1
William Heyward—Murder	1	1			23		1
Arthur Holmes—Larceny	1	1			20	1	
Walter Heriot—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1			23	1	
Moses Jenkins—Burglary and larceny	1	1				1	
Henry Jenkins, alias Henry Green—Larceny	1	1			29	1	
Sylvia Johnson—Larceny	1			1	23	1	
Jas. Knight, alias Isaac Knight—Murder	1	1			15	1	
G. C. Lyons—Interfering with fire alarm	1		1			1	
Joseph Legare—Larceny	1	1			19	1	
William Murray—Larceny	1	1			29	1	
Joe Mitchell—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1			27	1	
David Mackay, alias Handsome—Larceny	1	1			26	1	
Alonzo McClain—Murder	1	1				1	
Florence Prieoleau—Housebreaking and larceny	1			1			1
Walter A. Phoenix—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1				1	
Queen Rutledge, alias Victoria Rutledge—Receiving stolen goods	1			1			1
Richard Russell, alias Hope—Robbery and larceny	1	1			22		1
Jno. Ross—Robbery and larceny	1	1			29		1
Maggie Simmons—Larceny	1			1	18	1	
Henry Smith—Manlaughter	1	1			25	1	
Charles Simmons—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1			21	1	
Wm. Toomer—Robbery and larceny	1	1			29	1	
Alfred Thomas—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1					1
Isaiah Wright—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1				1	
James Williams—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1			20	1	
Isaiah Wright—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1				1	
James Williams—Manlaughter	1	1			29	1	
Katie Young—Murder	1			1			1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Charleston County, June Term, 1911.

Isaac Barnett—Aggravated assault and battery	1	1					
Samuel Brown—Larceny of bicycle	1	1					
Theodore Burroughs—Larceny	1	1					
Robert Cotton—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1					
Wm. Simmons—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1					
Aleck Deas—Manlaughter	1	1					
William Deas—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1					
Daniel Duncan—Murder	1	1					
William Harris—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1					
Edward Jennings—Larceny of bicycle	1	1					
Jas. Rivers, alias Roper Rivers—Burglary and larceny	1	1					
Andrew Snype—Carrying concealed weapons	1	1					
Jas. White, alias L. Altin—Larceny of bicycle	1	1					
Leonard Drayton—Murder	1	1					
Daniel Drayton—Murder	1	1					
Jacob Hardy—Larceny of bicycle	1	1					
David Bennett—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1					
John Thomason—Larceny	1			1			
Henry James—Burglary and larceny	1	1					
Tena Gaillard—Murder	1			1			

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Charleston County, September Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
Jas. Allen, alias Joe. Smalls—Robbery and larceny	1	1	...	...	16	1	...
Isaiah Brown—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	18	1	...
Ben Brown—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	12	1	...
Ed Brown—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	12	1	...
C. Middleton—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	10	1	...
Joe Barron—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature ..	1	1	...	...	19	1	...
Geo. Burch—Manslaughter	1	1	...	...	24	1	...
W. H. Drayton, alias Triam—Larceny	1	1	...	...	39	1	...
Isaac Green—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	22	1	...
Eliza Gilliard—Larceny	1	...	1	25	1	...	...
Bessie Jackson—Resisting an officer, etc.	1	...	1	26	1	...	...
Ben Johnson—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	35	1	...	...
Levi Johnson—Robbery and larceny	1	1	...	20	1	...	...
Mathew Reed—Robbery and larceny	1	1	...	20	1	...	...
John White—Robbery and larceny	1	1	...	17	1	...	...
John Knox—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	24	1	...	...
R. E. Lee—Assault and battery	1	...	1	24	1	...	...
Edward Lance—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	35	1	...	...
William Miller—Robbery and larceny	1	1	...	20	1	...	...
Edward Mitchell—Interfering with fire alarm	1	1	...	37	1	...	...
Lewis Middleton—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1	...	50	1	...	...
Frank Morrison—Larceny	1	1	...	51	1	...	...
Robert Mathews—Manslaughter	1	1	...	22	1	...	...
Ben Parker—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	14	1	...	...
Willie Simmons—Breach of trust	1	1	...	20	1	...	...
Coleman Singleton—Larceny	1	1	...	16	1	...	...
Josiah Simmons—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	23	1	...	...
Robert Smalls—Murder	1	1	...	23	1	...	...
Jessie Shine—Murder	1	1	...	21	1	...	...
John Thompson—Larceny	1	1	...	21	1	...	...
Willi Williams—Manslaughter	1	1	...	42	1	...	...
William Watson—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	17	1	...	...
George Washington—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	22	1	...	...
Robert Washington—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	16	1	...	...
Joe White—Manslaughter	1	1	...	19	1	...	...
Peter Aberominate—Larceny	1	...	1	33	...	1	...
J. W. Barrineau—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
George Delegard—Larceny	1	1	...	26	...	1	...
Robert Forrest—Murder	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
Fred Mack—Murder	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
Andrew Nelson—Murder	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
Fannie Forrest—Murder	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
Jas. Gadsden, alias Black Dock—Assault and battery	1	1	...	44	...	1	...
Abel Smalls—Breach of trust	1	1	...	46	...	1	...
Isaac Giles—Breach of trust	1	1	...	44	...	1	...
Lofton Hansley—Murder	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
J. D. Marton—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	23	...	1	...
Gabriel Middleton—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	19	...	1	...
Arthur McSweeney—Larceny	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
Jerry West—Larceny	1	1	...	24	...	1	...
Samuel Wimberly, alias Sam Barnes—Murder	1	1	...	27	...	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Cherokee County, Three Terms, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Gulity.	Not Gulity.
Ben Ayers—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
Bud Bright—Violation Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	19	1	...
Lewis Byars—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	34	1	...
Nan Byars—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	...	1	40	1	...
Amos Byars—Manslaughter .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	1	...
Gaither Byars—Manslaughter .. . . .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Wright Byars—Manslaughter .. . . .	...	1	1	...	42	1	...
Travis Bright—Murder	1	...	1	...	28	1	...
Wade Bright—Violation dispensary law	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
*Will Corry—Murder, manslaughter .. . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
*Dave Corry—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Charlie Clements—Housebreaking .. . . .	...	1	1	...	33	1	...
Arthur Corry—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
Luther Corry—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
*Frances Cantrell—Adultery	1	...	...	1	28	...	...
Joe Camp—Violation dispensary law	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
Will Cunningham—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
*Mat Dowdle.. . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
*Sam Dawkins—Larceny and receiving stolen goods .. . . .	...	1	1	...	18	...	...
*Genie Davis—Violation dispensary law .. . . .	...	1	...	1	30	...	...
Crawford Durham—Forgery	1	...	1	...	24	1	...
Enloe Dover—Assault and battery	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
Dennis Duke—Obtaining goods false pretence .. . . .	...	1	1	...	65	...	1
Cap Davis—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
Jim Gardner—Assault and battery	1	...	1	...	33	1	...
Ab Gardner—Assault and battery	1	...	1	...	34	1	...
*W. D. F. Green—Grand larceny	1	...	1	...	70	...	...
Jim Hayes—Murder	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
Boney Hampton—Assault and battery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
O. R. Hendrick—Assault and battery	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
D. Crawford Hanna—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	...	...	19	1	...
*Hattie Jones—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	...	1	27	...	...
*Bud Love—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Belle Leatherwood—Adultery	1	...	...	1	28	...	1
Walter Lipscomb—Forgery, 4 cases .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	1	...
*Mat Manning—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	28	...	...
*Jim Macomson—Assault and battery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	21	...	...
Dave Murray—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
Jim Means—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
W. C. Mabry—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Roy McGraw—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	18	1	...
Ben Norris—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
John Norris—Assault and battery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	32	1	...
Sullivan Norris—Assault and battery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Otis Norris—Assault and battery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Beatty Norris—Assault and battery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
Oscar Norris—Assault and battery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	1	...
Pink Norris—Assault and battery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
*Rodman Oglesby—Disposing of property under lien .. . . .	...	1	1	...	27	...	...
Riley Phillips—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	38	1	...
Clifford Parris—Bigamy	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
M. A. Phillips—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	40	1	...
Duff Phillips—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
T. C. Petty—Burning house	1	...	1	...	55	...	1
*Dock Petty—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	...	...
Duff Phillips—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
*Ralph Riley—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	16	...	...
Sam D. Smith—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	48	1	...
*Mont. Smith—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	...
Dock Sprouse—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
*S. W. Tally—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	45	...	...
*Jesse Vassey—Assault and battery and carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	40	...	...
Arthur Walker—Obtaining goods under false pretense	1	...	1	...	21	1	...

*Nol pros.

THOS. M. CALDWELL,
C. C. C. P. & G. S.

Nov. 21, 1911.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Chester County, Spring Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
Zeke Anderson—Murder	1	1	...	20	1	...
Elly Dickey, alias Ellie Dickey—Murder	1	1	...	22	1	...
Press Grant—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	...	28	...	1
James Lewis—Murder	1	1	...	28	1	...
Melvin Roseborough—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	20	1	...
Esley Nance—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	18	1	...
Paul Simpson—Placing Obstruction on R. R. track	1	1	...	14	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Chester County, Summer Term, 1911.

Mose Chisholm—Assault with intent to kill .. . . .	...	1	1	...	32	...	1
John Calhoun—Assault with intent to kill .. . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Robert Grant—Selling liquor .. . . .	...	1	1	...	65	...	1
Green Gore, Jr.—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	14	1	...
John Gilmore—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
William Houston—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	17	1	...
Lee Jackson Houston—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	16	...	1
James Lamar—Forgery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Hal Moore—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
Paul Woods—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Session for Chester County, Fall Term, 1911.

Ernest Anderson—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature .. . . .	...	1	1	...	28	1	...
Zack Carter—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	35	...	1
William Cameron—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	26	...	1
West McLure, alias Wesley McLure—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	32	1	...
Elliott Powell—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Catherine Powell—Murder .. . . .	...	1	...	1	56	...	1
James Pender—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Price Loyd—Selling liquor .. . . .	...	1	1	...	32	...	1
Adam Price—Selling liquor .. . . .	...	1	1	...	27	1	...
Ennmett Rodman—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature and carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
Robert Reed, alias T. Reed—Arson and burning outhouse.. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	...	1
John Smith—Injuring jail .. . . .	...	1	1	...	28	1	...
Harvey Simpson, alias William Simpson—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...

J. E. CORNWELL,
Clerk C. C.

Chester, S. C., Nov. 15, 1911.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Session for Clarendon County, Spring Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
Mackey Brown—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	26	...	1
Eddie Davis—Burglary and larceny	1	1	1	...	21	1	...
Johnson Caldwell—Burglary and larceny	1	1	1	...	17	1	...
Henry Latcher, alias Lucius Johnson—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	24	...	1
Tom Pack, alias Thomas Pack—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	23	...	1
William Hodge—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	45	1	...
Jerry Johnson—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	33	...	1
Charles Browder—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	26	1	...
Preston Sanders—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	33	1	...
Preston Sanders—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	38	1	...
Antony Burgess—Murder	1	1	1	...	54	...	1
Bossey Williams—Adultery	1	1	1	...	36	...	1
Emma Epps—Adultery	1	...	1	34	...	1	
Ferdinand Dingle—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	23	1	...
Guss Johnson—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	18	1	...
Mackey Bosier—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	26	1	...
George Cantey—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	26	1	...
Edgar Haley—Grand larceny	1	...	1	...	52	...	1
Sylvester Lawyer—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	38	1	...
Jonas Lawyer—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	34	1	...
John P. Lawyer—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
Willie Young—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	24	1	...
Junius Boyd, alias Julius Boyd—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	43	1	...
Junius Boyd, alias Julius Boyd—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	43	1	...
Frank Duggers—Assault with intent to ravish	1	...	1	...	20	...	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Clarendon County, Summer Term, 1911.

M. Davis—Arson	1	...	1	...	56	...	1
Albert Dukes—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	38	1	...
Jeffrey Evans—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	33	1	...
Jessie McKenzie—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	21	1	...
Ezekiel McKenzie—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	16	1	...
Willie James, alias Thomas White—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	18	1	...
Mary Gilliard—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	32	1	...	
A. P. Price—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	60	...	1
John Johnson—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	34	...	1
Elluson Tindal—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	50	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Clarendon County, Fall Term, 1911.

James C. Richardson—Murder	1	1	1	...	41	...	1
*Frank King—Murder	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
James Conyers—Failure to support wife and children	1	1	1	...	32	1	...

*Manlaughter.

A true record.

A. I. BARRON,
C. C. C. P. & G. S. C. C.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Session for Dorchester County, April and October Terms, 1911.

Name and Crime. .	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Gulity.	Not Gully.
†Ed Bartley—Obtaining goods by false pretense . . . . .	...	1	1	...	25	...	...
Julian Levy—Housebreaking and larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
†Jim Jones—Burglary and larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	40	...	...
*Julius Felder—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	33	...	...
*Fred Felder—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	35	...	...
*Rufus Felder—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	65	...	...
Tom Jones—Grand larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	1
Jerry Davis—Housebreaking and larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
*John Pendarvis—Murder (new trial)	1	...	1	...	24	...	...
‡John Fields—Murder . . . . .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Clinton Glover—Assault with intent to rape . . . . .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Henry Williams—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	1	...	28	...	1
Alice E. Rufis—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	...	1	40	...	1
Edward Jordan—Failure to support children . . . . .	...	1	1	...	43	1	...
Hamp Green—Grand larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
Luther Baxter—Attempt to procure abortion . . . . .	...	1	1	...	25	...	1
Charles Johnson—Assault with intent to rape . . . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
*Leon Rodgers—Miscegenation.. . . .	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Fred White—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	1	...	43	...	1
William Butler—Pointing firearms at another . . . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Daniel Simmons—Larceny live stock . . . . .	...	1	1	...	58	1	...
Mannie Pew—Assault and battery with intent to kill . . . . .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...

†Nol pros. ‡Escaped. *Continued. ‡Manslaughter.

In compliance with the law, I herewith send report of criminal statistics of Dorchester County for the year 1911.

P. C. JOHNSTON,
Clerk of Circuit Court.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Edgefield County, March, August and October Terms, 1911.

John Burton—Assault and battery . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Hugh Butler—Using mule without consent . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Harry Burt—Housebreaking and larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
*P. M. Boone—Obtaining goods under false pretense	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
†Jerry Burries—Assault and battery . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Perry Brown—Murder	1	...	1	...	40	...	1
*J. E. Bell—Violation Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	22	...	...
Charles Culbreath—Murder . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Grant Calliham—Grand larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
George Collier—Seduction . . . . .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Fred Daniel—Murder . . . . .	...	1	1	...	22	...	1
*L. F. Dorn—Violation Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	23	...	...
†Will Gibbs—Housebreaking, etc . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Holly Harrison—Murder . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
†Bill Hewie—Housebreaking . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Milo Hendrix—Disturbing religious worship . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Sump Hendrix—Disturbing religious worship . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Sie Holloway—Murder . . . . .	...	1	1	...	17	...	1
†Henry Jones—Obtaining goods under false pretense . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
†Joe Johnson—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	50	...	...
Alex Jones—Murder . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
John Jeter—Assault and battery with intent to kill . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Jim Oliphant—Receiving stolen goods . . . . .	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
Richard Scott—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
John Searles—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Sam Slaughter—Larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
*Martin Sweezy—Larceny	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Sarah Tompkins—Assault and battery . . . . .	...	1	...	1	...	1	...
Charlie Tutt—Murder . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
†Ernest Tanksley—Arson . . . . .	...	1	1	...	40	...	...
John Wilson (alias Jit)—Housebreaking and larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
†Glenn Wood—Assault and battery	1	...	1	...	35	...	...
Lewis Welch—Malicious mischief . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Allen Yeldell—Grand larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	1	...

*No bill. †Nol pros.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Fairfield County, February Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
Uriah Chisom—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	26	1	...
Edward Rains—Burglary and larceny	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Silas Pearson—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	32	1	...
Siras Crawford—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	22	1	...
Neritt Brown—Murder	1	...	1	...	35	...	1
Thomas Hill—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	...	...	25	1	...
Dick Thomas—Larceny	1	1	...	...	28	1	...
George Sampson—Burglary	1	1	...	...	35	...	1
George Hamphill—Obtaining goods under false pretense	1	1	...	...	30	...	1
G. P. Palmer—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	25	...	1
C. P. Palmer—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	23	...	1
Phillip Tropp—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	45	...	1
John Haman—Malicious mischief	1	1	...	...	25	...	1
Hiram Moore—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	...	...	22	...	1
Mary Ford—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
Dave Harris—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	28	...	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Fairfield County, June Term, 1911.

Walter Purcell—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	16	1	...
Charles H. Howard—Breach of trust with fraudulent intent	1	...	1	...	22	1	...
El Thomas—Larceny	1	1	...	...	24	1	...
Major Woodward—Larceny	1	1	...	...	25	1	...
Jno. D. Crosby—Burglary	1	1	...	...	17	...	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Fairfield County, September Term, 1911.

Robb Michee—Murder	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
Calvin Douglas—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	23	1	...
Calvin Douglas—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	23	1	...
Tony Hall—Arson	1	1	...	...	45	...	1
June Hall—Arson	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
Hannah Brown—Burglary and larceny	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
Henry McCullough—Resisting an officer and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Alonzo Camack—Murder	1	1	...	...	23	1	...
Genl Mayfield—Murder	1	1	...	...	22	...	1
Henry Barns—Selling liquor	1	...	1	...	24	...	1
Mary Ford—Arson	1	...	1	...	20	...	1
Parris Boston—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	21	1	...
David Cordy—Larceny	1	1	...	...	20	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Colleton County, March Term, 1911.

Enoch Cleaton—Larceny of live stock	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Alex Cobbs—Larceny of live stock	1	1	...	...	40	1	...
Frank Washington—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	26	1	...
W. E. Baines—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	50	...	1
Louis McCanic—Housebreaking	1	1	...	...	18	...	...
Bill Washington—Murder	1	1	...	...	33	...	1
Smith Leach—Murder	1	1	...	...	40	...	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Colleton County, July Term, 1911.

Daniel Brit—Forgery	1	1	...	...	30	1	...
Allen Daniels—Breach of trust with fraudulent intent	1	1	...	...	26	1	...
William Fraser—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	50	1	...
Ben Jones—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	23	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Colleton County, November Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilt.	Not Guilty.
*Frank Ancrum—Murder	1	1	1	1	28	1	...
John Walnut—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	32	1	...
Lewis Raymond—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	1	1	18	1	...
†Abe J. Sledley—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	1	36	1	...
Junior Jennings—Larceny	1	1	1	1	18	1	...
Dan Simmons—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	40	1	...
Luis McCanick—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	30	1	1

*Manslaughter. †Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature.

H. D. PADGETT,
Clerk Colleton County.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Georgetown County, March Term, 1911.

*Richmond White—Larceny	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
*Robert Cumbie—Larceny	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
**John J. Allen—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1	1	1	35	...	...
**Benjamin Alston—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1	1	1	60	...	...
Prince Grace, alias Prince Grayson—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	1	35	1	...
†James Sherald—Murder	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
James Keith—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	24	1	...
†James Richardson—Murder	1	1	1	1	22	...	...
§John Thompson—Murder	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
§William Anderson—Murder	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
§Joe Pompeg—Murder	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
James Mack—Carnal knowledge of woman child under 14 years of age	1	1	1	1	20	...	1
§Cephas Gaines—Murder	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
Solomon Callington—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	30	1	...
†John F. Westcoat—Defrauding hotel keeper	1	1	1	1	...	...	...

*Transferred to contingent docket. **Nol pros. †Continued defendant's motion. ‡Continued.
§Transferred to contingent docket, no arrest.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Georgetown County, June Term, 1911.

*J. J. Wineglass—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	45	...	...
*W. D. Palmer—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	40	...	...
**Sam Cumbie—Miscegenation	1	1	1	1	35	...	...
**Eliza Gibson—Miscegenation	1	1	1	1	30	...	...
†Walker Cumbie—Adultery	1	1	1	1	28	...	...
†Rose Anna Hughes—Adultery	1	1	1	1	30	...	...
James Sherald—Murder	1	1	1	1	28	1	...
**James Richardson—Murder	1	1	1	1	22	...	...
John F. Westcoat—Defrauding hotel keeper	1	1	1	1	...	1	...
*Solomon Callington—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	30	...	...
John Thompson—Murder	1	1	1	1	23	1	...
†Scuvoy LeRoy—Appeal from Recorder's Court	1	1	1	1	19	...	...
Nelson Brown—Larceny	1	1	1	1	18	1	...
Jake Rush—Murder	1	1	1	1	27	1	...

*Nol pros. **Continued. †Mistrial. ‡Appeal dismissed.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Georgetown County, October Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty	Not Guilty
Sam Cumble—Miscegenation	1						
Eliza Gibson—Miscegenation	1						
Walker Cumble—Adultery	1						
Rose Anna Hughes—Adultery	1						
James Richardson—Murder							
William Alston—Murder							
Josh Walters—Burglary and larceny							
Lillie Wallace—Violation of Dispensary Law							
Thomas Wright—Assault and battery with intent to kill							
John Blake, alias Simon Blake—Larceny of live stock							
*Henry Williams—Housebreaking and Larceny							
**Pink Hughes—Larceny of live stock							
**Lacean Nesmith—Larceny of live stock							
**Ben Ethridge—Larceny of live stock							
Turney Ethridge—Larceny of live stock							

*Transferred to contingent docket; defendant now serving sentence in State penitentiary.
 **Continued.

H. S. SMITH,
 C. C. P. & G. S.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Session for Greenville County, January Term, 1911.

Vick Dill—Murder	1			1	29	1	1
Grant Adair—Using horse without consent of owner	1		1		40	1	
James Barbary—Using horse without consent of owner	1		1		37	1	
Joe Griffin—Housebreaking and larceny		1	1		21		1
Ernest Jones—Assault and battery, etc.	1		1		16	1	
Henry Trotter—Assault and battery, etc.	1		1		56	1	
Hodges Kinard—Forgery		1	1		21	1	
Rich Hudgens—Assault and battery, etc.		1	1		28	1	
L. N. Green—Disposing of property	1		1		66	1	
Arthur Roper—Assault and battery, etc.	1		1		60	1	
H. F. Hawkins—Murder	1		1		40		1
Fraxier Keith—Resisting an officer, etc.	1		1		15	1	
Jay Keith—Resisting an officer, etc.	1		1		19	1	
Myrtle Keith—Resisting an officer, etc.	1			1	22		1
Mary Gaston—Resisting an officer, etc.	1		1		19		1
Ely Putnam—Resisting an officer, etc.	1		1		16		1
Lee Escoe—Resisting an officer, etc.	1		1		16		1
Cleo Harris—Murder		1	1		25	1	
Sam Carter—Murder	1		1		21		1
Elliott Hogan—Violation Dispensary Law		1	1		23	1	
Will Jones—Housebreaking, etc.	1		1		19	1	
Joseph Abbott—Forgery	1		1		37	1	
Russell Blue—Housebreaking, etc.	1		1		20	1	
West Johnson—Housebreaking, etc.	1		1		20	1	
John Nelson—Housebreaking, etc.	1		1		19	1	
Sam Smith—Malicious mischief		1	1		21	1	
Sam Smith—Assault and battery, etc.		1	1		21		1
John Williams—Highway robbery		1	1		28	1	
Jim Smith—Housebreaking and larceny		1	1		15	1	
Joe Brown—Highway robbery		1	1		26	1	
Ernest Chainey—Larceny	1		1		15	1	
L. Baker Long—Breach of trust	1		1		30		1
W. B. Goldsmith—Forgery		1	1		22		1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Greenville County, May Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilt.	Not Guilty.
Romulus Peden—Murder	1	1	1	1	49	1	1
Dock Chapman—Murder	1	1	1	1	28	1	1
Alex Chapman—Murder	1	1	1	1	36	1	1
Zed Poole—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	19	1	1
Oscar Godfrey—Murder	1	1	1	1	33	1	1
Addie Baker—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	23	1	1
Julia Caldwell—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
W. E. Smith—Assault and battery, etc	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Gamp Smith—Murder	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
A. L. Holland—Murder	1	1	1	1	45	1	1
H. S. Lackey—Forgery	1	1	1	1	32	1	1
Haskell Davis—Larceny	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Will Gordan—Burglary and larceny	1	1	1	1	33	1	1
Will Clayton—Larceny	1	1	1	1	21	1	1
Will Clayton—Larceny	1	1	1	1	21	1	1
Robt. Massey—Larceny	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
Sam Duncan—Adultery	1	1	1	1	40	1	1
Eliza Coster—Adultery	1	1	1	1	50	1	1
G. W. Stonesipher—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	45	1	1
Eugene Sloan—Seduction	1	1	1	1	33	1	1
J. R. Williams—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
John Fuller—Larceny	1	1	1	1	21	1	1
Ed Ward—Privily stealing from person	1	1	1	1	28	1	1
Marion Payne—Assault and battery, etc	1	1	1	1	22	1	1
Albert Westmoreland—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	54	1	1
Jim Horner—Burglary and larceny	1	1	1	1	33	1	1
Will Sprouse—Keeping bawdy house	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Annie Sprouse—Keeping bawdy house	1	1	1	1	45	1	1
Deland Land—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	35	1	1
Malinda Hurd—Resisting an officer, etc	1	1	1	1	40	1	1
Malinda Hurd—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	40	1	1
Palmer Elders—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	42	1	1
Arthur Gray—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	29	1	1
Luther Dogan—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	27	1	1
John B. Parks—Adultery	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Emma E. McMahan—Adultery	1	1	1	1	49	1	1
Jim Horner—Burglary	1	1	1	1	33	1	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Session for Greenville County, September Term, 1911.

Tench Cox—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	33	1	1
John Splawn—Arson	1	1	1	1	41	1	1
Carry Splawn—Arson	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Alex Roper—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	27	1	1
Rosa Roper—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
W. A. Kelly—Murder	1	1	1	1	39	1	1
Henry Gillam—Assault with intent to ravish	1	1	1	1	40	1	1
L. A. Pittman—Assault and battery, etc	1	1	1	1	22	1	1
Henry Robinson—Housebreaking, etc	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
Jane Hallman—Keeping bawdy house	1	1	1	1	55	1	1
R. A. Hinton—Assault and battery, etc	1	1	1	1	36	1	1
Henry Wilbanks—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	29	1	1
Hannah Thompson—Murder	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Mollie Bryson—Murder	1	1	1	1	27	1	1
Allie Owens—Murder	1	1	1	1	27	1	1
Raymond Smith—Murder	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
Lester Bryant—Murder	1	1	1	1	28	1	1
Marlow Darby—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	23	1	1
Helen Faber—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	33	1	1
John Slow—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	28	1	1
Isaac Anderson—Arson	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Edgar Hawkins—Rape	1	1	1	1	29	1	1
Abraham George—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Robt. Burnside—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	29	1	1
Warren Blasingame—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	21	1	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Session for Hampton County, February Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Gulity.	Not Gully.
*Sam Scott—Obtaining goods under false pretense	1	1	1	...	38	...	...
Howell Heope—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	18	1	...
Mack McKenzie—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	18	1	...
Marion Johnson—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	18	1	...
Charlie Robinson—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	32	1	...
Anna Berney—Arson	1	...	1	1	45	...	1
Frank Mitchell—Murder	1	1	1	...	33	1	...
John Jones, alias John Eleven—Burglary and larceny	1	1	1	...	38	1	...
Nathan Primus—Burglary and larceny	1	1	1	...	38	1	...
James Patterson—Murder	1	1	1	...	17	...	1
Rubin T. Mixon—Malicious mischief	1	...	1	...	50	...	1
Walter Mixon—Malicious mischief	1	...	1	...	36	...	1
Steve Mixon—Malicious mischief	1	...	1	...	28	...	1
Alexander Jenkins—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	40	...	1
John Holman—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	...	...	1
**Curtis Beckett—Traffic seed cotton	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
†J. N. Bossett—(Appeal from magistrate) .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
†E. A. Wright—(Appeal from maagistrate) .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
§J. B. Anderson—(Appeal from magistrate) .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
¶Richard Williams—Murder .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

*Nol pros. *Settled, nol pros. †Remanded. ‡Affirmed. §Mayor reversed. ¶Released.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Session for Hampton County, June Term, 1911.

Nothing tried, "jury quashed".

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Hampton County, October Term, 1911.

J. F. Rentz—Disposing property under lien	1	...	1	...	38	...	1
*Manning Miley—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	18	...	...
Junior Miley—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	20	...	...
*Joe Graves—Disposing property under lien .....	...	1	1	...	40	...	...
**John Henry Sanders—Assault with intent to ravish .....	...	1	...	1	18	...	...
†Elias Johnson—Murder	1	...	1	...	18	...	...
†Jessie C. Langford—Failure to turn over funds	1	...	1	...	30	...	...
Lettie Jenkins—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
†Ellie Platts—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	40	...	...
†John Bossett—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	...	...
†Berry Barnes—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	...	...
D. P. Padgett—Murder	1	...	1	...	35	...	1
L. C. Cropse—Murder	1	...	1	...	31	...	1
Sam Jones, alias Sam Green—Violation of Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	50	1	...
Stepney Howard—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Charlie Solomons—Assault and battery .....	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Charlie Epps—Violation of Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Josephine Brown—Violation of Dispensary Law .....	...	1	...	1	32	...	1
Dolphus Bing—Violation of Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	32	...	1
Nettie Bing—Violation of Dispensary Law .....	...	1	...	1	45	1	...
Wm. Russell—Violation of Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
Joe Cook—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	25	...	1
*Alex Goethe—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	35	...	...
*Alex Goethe—Riot	1	...	1	...	35	...	...
*Clifford Davis—Riot	1	...	1	...	25	...	...
*Frank Davis—Riot	1	...	1	...	45	...	...
*Charlie Dunohoe—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	...	1	...	...
*C. T. Beckett—Damage to public highway .....	...	1	1	...	45	...	...
*J. C. Lightsey, Jr.—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	15	...	...
*Ben Patterson—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	17	...	...

L. F. CAUSEY,
C. C. & G. S.

*Nol pros. **New trial. †Continued.

Nov, 1st, 1911.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Kershaw County, Spring Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Gulity.	Not Gulity.
H. W. Smith—Obstructing a neighborhood road which has been used by public for 20 years	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
Arthur Wells—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
*Toney Stoney—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	27	1	...
J. T. Summers—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
F. E. J. Lane—Bigamy	1	...	1	...	40	1	...
**L. E. Bradley—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Jesse Edwards—Larceny of live stock .....	...	1	1	...	28	1	...
Bennie Gaskin—Forgery .....	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Henry Manigault—Violation of Prohibition Law .....	...	1	1	...	40	...	1
Ed Whitaker—Violation of Prohibition Law .....	...	1	1	...	50	1	...
Ben stoney—Violation of Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	45	1	...
Rufus Anderson—Violation of Prohibition Law .....	...	1	1	...	44	...	1
†John O. Harold—Obtaining goods by false pretense .....	...	1	1	...	35	...	...
Scip Gripper—Violation of Prohibition Law .....	...	1	1	...	41	...	1
Scip Manigault—Violation of Prohibition Law .....	...	1	1	...	50	...	1
James Starling—Violation of Prohibition Law .....	...	1	1	...	39	...	1
R. W. Sutton—Receiving stolen goods	1	...	1	...	50	...	1
Robert Anderson—Violation of Prohibition Law .....	...	1	1	...	50	...	1
Frank Cook—Violation of Prohibition Law .....	...	1	1	...	33	...	1
†Elijah Hall—Violation of Prohibition Law	1	...	1	...	55	...	...
†Francis Harris—Arson .....	...	1	...	1	26	...	...
†Thos. Newman—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	28	...	...
†Luke Newman—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	...	...

*Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature. **Assault and battery. †Nol pros. ‡No bill.

Report of the clerk of Court of General Sessions for Kershaw County, Summer Term, 1911.

Warren Morrison—Assault with intent to ravish .....	...	1	1	...	32	...	1
Lewis White—Larceny of live stock .....	...	1	1	...	28	1	...
Willie Shields—Violation of Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Lewis White—Larceny of live stock .....	...	1	1	...	23	1	...
Bob Bush—Larceny of live stock .....	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Geo. Lee—Housebreaking and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
Thos Nelson—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Bob Bush—Larceny .....	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
*Jake Richardson—Assault and battery with intent to kill and pointing a gun unlawfully .....	...	1	1	...	18	...	...
**Alice Slamier—Assault and battery with intent to kill and pointing a gun unlawfully .....	...	1	...	1	20	...	...
Brooks L. Cornwell—Murder	1	...	1	...	20	...	1
Bennie Richardson—Malicious mischief .....	...	1	1	...	48	1	...
†Lewis Claiborn—Violation of Prohibition Law .....	...	1	1	...	27	...	...
Daniel Taylor—Murder	1	...	1	...	26	...	1
Sam Green—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	20	...	1
Carlle Thomas—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	33	...	1
Milton Banks—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	23	...	1
†Council Patterson—Larceny of live stock .....	...	1	1	...	28	...	...
Son Davis, alias William Davis—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	35	...	1
Joe Austin—Throwing rocks at a train .....	...	1	1	...	15	...	1
Howard Williams—Throwing rocks at a train .....	...	1	1	...	14	...	1

*Jake Richardson guilty of assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature. **Alice Slamier guilty of pointing a gun unlawfully. †Nol pros. ‡No bill.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Kershaw County, Fall Term, 1911.

*S. F. Williams—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	80	...	...
Manuel Fletcher—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	48	...	...
Henry Stevens—Selling whiskey	1	...	1	...	28	1	...
**Matthew Izzard—Murder and carrying unlawful weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	15	...	...
Robt. Reynolds—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	24	...	1
†John Barrett—Larceny	1	...	1	...	28	...	...
James Thomas—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	36	...	1
Eddie Dixon—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	...	1
Willie M. Kirkland—Murder	1	...	1	...	23	...	1
Ernest Samuels—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	22	...	1
John Williams, alias John Robinson—Forging an order and uttering a forged order .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
G. C. Craig—Larceny	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
†James Turner—Presenting a pistol on another person and carrying unlawful weapons	1	...	1	...	25	...	...
Willie Williams—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
William Ballard—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	27	1	...
Holland Hammond—Assault and battery with intent to kill and car- rying unlawful weapons	1	...	1	...	25	...	1
Reuben Foster—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Joe Tucker—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	29	1	...
†John Smith—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	24	...	...
†James Howell—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	22	...	...
§Broadus Patterson—Larceny of live stock .. .. .	...	1	1	...	24	...	...
Sam Tate—Throwing rocks at a train .. .. .	...	1	1	...	15	...	1
Vance Myers—Throwing rocks at a train .. .. .	...	1	1	...	16	...	1
Jimmie West—Throwing rocks at a train. .. .. .	...	1	1	...	14	...	1
Sam Doby—Throwing rocks at a train .. .. .	...	1	1	...	15	...	1
aCalvin Brown—Obtaining goods by false pretense .. .. .	...	1	1	...	26	...	...
aEliza Perry—Using horse without owner's consent .. .. .	...	1	...	1	24	...	...
aBen B. Watson—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	29	...	...
aWillie Chestnut—Presenting pistol at another person and carrying unlawful weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	...	...
aW. A. Clark—Conspiracy to cheat and defraud	1	...	1	...	70	...	...
aWill Jones—Conspiracy to cheat and defraud.. .. .	1	...	1	...	60	...	...
aJno. Y. Garlington—Conspiracy to cheat and defraud	1	...	1	...	35	...	...

*Guilty of assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature. **Not guilty of murder; guilty of carrying unlawful weapons. †Guilty of petit larceny. ‡Not guilty of first count; guilty of carrying unlawful weapons. ¶Manslaughter. ||Larceny. §Nol pros. a No bill.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Lancaster County, March Term, 1911.

Robert McDow—Assault and batter of a high and aggravated nature .. .. .	...	1	1	...	33	1	...
J. Q. Connor—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	54	1	...
Erb Connor—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	21	...	1
Earl Shubert—Adultery	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
Hattie Lucas—Adultery	1	...	...	1	25	...	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Lancaster County, June Term, 1911.

William Funderburk—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Emett Leimus—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carry- ing concealed weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	40	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Lancaster County, October Term, 1911.

James Clark—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	35	...	1
James Clark—Carrying concealed weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
J. Caesar Watts—Murder	1	...	1	...	28	1	...
Benjamin Brazzell—Murder	1	...	1	...	52	...	1
John Brazzell—Murder	1	...	1	...	22	...	1
William Sheurley—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	36	1	...
Yan Adams—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	27	1	...
Henry Witherspoon—Carrying concealed weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	50	1	...
John Hood—Obtaining goods by false pretense .. .. .	...	1	1	...	32	1	...
B. Stradford—Manslaughter .. .. .	...	1	1	...	28	1	...
Henry Key—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	42	1	...
Mack Hood—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	44	1	...
Ell Cureton—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	...	1
Ell Cureton—Carrying concealed weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Alexander Trusdale—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	48	1	...
William Gardner—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carry- ing concealed weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	14	...	1
Otis Baskins—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	...	1
Mannie Mack—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Lee County, March Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty
Ed Lighty—Storing alcoholic liquors	1	1	1	...	38	1	...
Harmon Johnson—Accepting, receiving and transporting alcoholic liquors	1	1	1	...	38	1	...
John Fulton—Accepting, receiving and transporting alcoholic liquors	1	1	1	...	50	1	...
Jimmie Joe—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	22	1	...
Rufus A. Murry—Bigamy	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
Ralph Kelley—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Jeff Williams—Forgery	1	1	1	...	40	1	...
*Daisy English—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	1	33	...	...
Sheppard Burns—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	28	1	...

* Nol pros.

Report of Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Lee County, June Term, 1911.

*William Brown—Accepting, receiving and keeping alcoholic liquors..	1	1	1	...	30	...	...
Corbett Thomas—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	24	1	...
E. B. Brown—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
George Abraham—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	29	...	...
Job H. Toney—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	55	1	...
**Rush Peterson—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	27	...	...
Thomas Haynesworth—Obtaining goods under false pretense	1	1	1	...	50	1	...

*Nol pros. **Plead guilty of assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Lee County, September Term, 1911.

*Tom Mikell—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	27	...	...
James Grant—Larceny of live stock	1	1	1	...	31	...	1
**Waites Alston—Assault with intent to ravish	1	1	1	...	19	...	...
Thomas Michael—Perjury	1	1	1	...	27	1	...
Joe Walters—Murder	1	...	1	...	58	...	1
Hamp Reames—Stealing from person	1	1	1	...	31	1	...

*Nol pros. **Guilty with recommendation to mercy.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Marion County, Spring Term, 1911.

Louis Balton—Stealing bicycle	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Lonnie Robinson—Stealing bale of cotton	1	1	1	...	22	1	...
Paul Sanders, alias Buck Sanders—Privily stealing from the person	1	1	1	...	20	1	...
Amos Hearst—Stealing bale of cotton	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
John McDonald—Resisting officer	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
Ellis Rogers—Murder	1	...	1	...	16	...	1
George LeGette—Malicious wounding a cow	1	1	1	...	35	...	1
Willie Williams—Murder	1	1	1	...	25	...	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Marion County, Summer Term, 1911.

Hart Brown—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	35	...	1
Bedy T. Ammons—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	40	...	1
Sam Clark—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
John Thomas, alias Artemus Thomas—Murder	1	1	1	...	30	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Marion County, Fall Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	GUILTY.	Not Guilty.
John Woods—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Richard Law—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mariah Law—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hector Floyd—Larceny of live stock	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tanner Calhoun—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Enoch Samuels—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
William Grant, alias Bill Grant—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lattie Gerald—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
W. J. Conerly—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
David McRae—Assault and Battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wm. T. Collins—Adultery	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Viola Woodbery—Adultery	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Marlboro County, March Term, 1911.

Joe Rivers—Entering house with intent to steal	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
Geo. Wallace—Violation Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Chas. McLeod—Larceny	1	1	1	1	22	1	1
Fred Wilson—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
Ed Williamson—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	23	1	1
Peter Powell—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
J. H. Brown—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ed Williams—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cicero Thomas—Rape	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Thos Wall—Assault and battery, etc	1	1	1	1	27	1	1
Emex Alford—Murder	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Geo. Bule—Abduction	1	1	1	1	25	1	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Marlboro County, July Term, 1911.

Leonah Harris—Murder	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Hannah Prots—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	27	1	1
Coat Kelly—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Walter Peterson—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
Daniel Creig—Resisting an officer	1	1	1	1	32	1	1
Lonnie Bethea—Larceny of live stock	1	1	1	1	18	1	1
Charlie Johnson—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1	1	1	35	1	1
Jas. A. Rittles—Forgery	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
Jno. Quick—Rape	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
John Graham—Murder	1	1	1	1	35	1	1
W. C. Harrington—Murder	1	1	1	1	40	1	1
Geo. Bullard, Jr.—Murder	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Sadie John—Murder	1	1	1	1	22	1	1
Luke Jacobs—Burglary and larceny	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
C. P. Riggon—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
Prince Powe—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Toney Wilson—Larceny of a bicycle	1	1	1	1	21	1	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Marlboro County, October Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
Jim McRae—Murder	1	1	1	1	45	1	1
Gary Smith—Murder	1	1	1	1	32	1	1
W. J. Hinson—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	35	1	1
Jno. McIntyre—Larceny	1	1	1	1	28	1	1
J. R. McLeod—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
B. C. Clark—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Will McLaurin—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	28	1	1
Garfield Adams—Assault, etc.	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Cleve Pane—Assault, etc.	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
Sylvester Fletcher—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Marwell Malloy—Arson	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Monk Adams—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	27	1	1
John Lindsay—Rape	1	1	1	1	36	1	1
Henry Ellerbe—Rape	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
T. E. Carroll—Murder	1	1	1	1	50	1	1
Alex McRae—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	22	1	1
Zammie McRae—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	24	1	1
Wash McRae—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
Johnnie Williams—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Willie Gibron—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	35	1	1
Alex Riggins—Assault and battery, etc.	1	1	1	1	28	1	1
Fred Bondarenko—Larceny (Russian)	1	1	1	1	32	1	1
Brooks English—Seduction	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Wash Branner—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	40	1	1
Arthur Boyd, Nal.—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	35	1	1
Jesse Rogers—Arson	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Monroe McQuoge—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	28	1	1
Fines collected March term of court, 1911					\$925 00		
Fines collected July term of court, 1911					260 00		
Fines collected October term of court, 1911					780 00		
					\$1,965 00		

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	GUILTY.	Not Guilty
Robert Golding—Violation of contract	1	1	1	...	85	1	...
Press Moses—Violation of contract	1	1	1	...	27	1	...
Eugene Mingo—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	28	...	1
John Allen—Disposing of property under lien	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
Elijah Jones—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	45	1	...
Will Young—Carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	22	1	...
Seegers Morgan—Murder	1	1	1	...	25	...	1
Mel Wicker—Murder and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	40	1	...
Willie Kinard—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	20	1	...
Odell Suber—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	1	...	18	1	...
Clarence Golden—Murder and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Robert Golden—Murder, etc.	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
Julius Rikard—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	41	1	...
Cal Shealy—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
Ernest Lindsay—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	23	1	...
William Gilder—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Lonnie Williams—Murder	1	...	1	...	22	...	1
John Summer—Murder	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Tom Boston—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	27	1	...
Newton Maddison—Murder and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
Tom Todd—Mutilating house	1	1	1	...	40	1	...
Will Young—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	31	1	...
Sam Boozer—Murder	1	1	1	...	41	1	...
Fact James—Murder	1	1	1	...	52	1	...
Lucinda Glenn—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
John Coleman—Larceny	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Jim Workman—Murder and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	48	1	...
Eph Williams—Murder and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	38	1	...
Ed Worthy—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	45	1	...
Robert Glenn—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons	1	1	1	...	29	...	1
Will Harris—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	32	1	...

State of South Carolina,
County of Newberry.
I, Jno. C. Goggans, Clerk of Court for Newberry County, S. C., do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct report of criminal statistics for Newberry as shown by the records of this office.
In witness whereof, I herewith set my hand and affix the seal of said Court this 28th day of December, 1911.
JNO. C. COGGANS,
C. C. O. P. & G. S.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Oconee County, March Term, 1911.

*John L. Phillips—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	35	...	...
J. Trantham—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	60	...	1
A. Hunicut—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
Clarence Pilgram—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
Charley Pilgrim—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
W. G. Cox—Assault with intent to ravish	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
Ossie Rutledge—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	24	1	...
G. E. Edwards—Carbreking	1	...	1	...	35	...	1
G. E. Edwards—Larceny	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
Hamp Lewis—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
Ed Whitworth—Murder	1	...	1	...	35	...	1
Ben Harrison—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	...	1
*Hamp Lewis—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	...	...

*Nol pros.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Oconee County, July Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
Harvey R. Smith—Murder	1	...	1	...	65	1	...
*T. J. Simpson—Assault with intent to ravish .....	...	1	1	...	46	...	...
A. M. Gilstrap—Assault and battery with intent to kill and resisting officers	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
Frank Blekely—Assault and battery with intent to kill and resisting officers	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
John Moorehead—Assault and battery with intent to kill and resisting officers	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
George Tate—Assault and battery with intent to kill and resisting officers	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
R. E. Ellis—Assault and battery with intent to kill and resisting officers	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
Reuben Benson—Forgery .....	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Henry Martin—Obtaining goods under false pretense	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
Jim Murphy—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
Sam Keels—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	45	1	...
Mary Keels—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	...	1	45	1	...
Jim Hopkins—Murder	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
Henry Jones—Larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
John Simpson—Violation of Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	45	1	...
J. M. Jenkins—Violating Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
W. A. Owens—Violating Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	40	...	1
Napoleon Johnson—Violation Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	30	...	1
Joe Lewis—Violating Dispensary Law .....	...	1	1	...	30	...	1

*Nol pros.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Orangeburg County, January Term, 1911.

Jerome Bennett—Assault and battery, etc	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
John Smith—Assault and battery, etc. ....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Cohen Shuler—Highway robbery and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Willie Shuler—Housebreaking and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Willie Porter—Housebreaking and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Israel Thompson—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Jno. J. Jones—Murder	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
Eugene Smith—Larceny of bicycle .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Alonza Woodward—Assault with intent to rape .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Henry Brown—Housebreaking and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Mossy, alias Lee Davis—Grand larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Willie, alias Mossy Shuler—Housebreaking and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
H. H. Holder—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	...	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Orangeburg County, May Term, 1911.

Vandy Bowman—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Geo. Gavin—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Louis McQueen—Violation of liquor law .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
James Charley—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Lockwood Coakley—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Bryant Dukes—Murder	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Campbell Baldrick—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
John James—Grand larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Hilliard Sumter—Violation of liquor law .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Cornelius Wade—Grand larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
John Glover—Murder .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Wm. Jackson—Larceny of live stock .....	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Jerome Harley—Murder	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
J. R. Compton—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
Quillie Addison—Larceny of bicycle .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Edd Jackson—Forgery .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Jim Wolfe—Violation of liquor law .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Jerry Mack—Housebreaking and larceny .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Isaac Aiken—Violation of liquor law .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Scipio Johnson—Larceny from field .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Jack Graham—Assault and battery with intent to kill .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...
Boyd Baker—Pointing firearms .....	...	1	1	...	...	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Orangeburg County, September, Term, 1

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.
Robt. Chestnut—Murder	1	...	1	...	...
Arthur Martin—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	...	1	...	...
Ed Gleaton—Adultery .. .	1	...	1	...	...
J. F. Leysath—Housebreaking .. .	1	...	1	...	...
Jim Brown—Carbreaking .. .	...	1	1	...	...
Jno. Wesley Summers—Carbreaking and larceny .. .	...	1	1	...	...
Edward Felder—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	...	1	1	...	...
Willie Weeks—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	...	1	1	...	...
Romeo Gardner—Murder .. .	...	1	1	...	...
Allen Pee—Housebreaking and larceny .. .	...	1	1	...	...
C. H. Dannelly—Malicious mischief .. .	...	1	1	...	...
A. M. Stokes—Violation of liquor law .. .	1	...	1	...	...
W. E. Johnson—Violation of liquor law .. .	...	1	1	...	...
W. B. Lee, Jr.—Violation of liquor law .. .	1	...	1	...	...
Henry Keller—Violation of liquor law .. .	...	1	1	...	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Session for Pickens County, February Term, 11

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Pickens County, June Term, 1911

Olin Fletcher—Murder .. .	1	...	1	...	22
Addie Baker—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	...	1	...	1	\$0
Green Miles—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	...	1	...	...	...

No Fall Term of Court.

Respectfully submitted,
A. J. BOGGS,
C. C. P.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Richland County, Spring Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Gilty.	Not Gilty.
*Eva Brown—Larceny	1	...	...	1	19	...	...
Chas. Nichols—Larceny	1	...	...	...	60	1	...
Willie White—Larceny of bicycle .. .. .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Scott Norris—Robbery and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	21	...	1
Lizzie Jones—Robbery and larceny .. .. .	...	1	...	1	20	1	...
Harrison Greenwood—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Henry Jones—Larceny of bicycle .. .. .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Henry Jones—Larceny of bicycle .. .. .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Henry Jones—Larceny of bicycle .. .. .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Henry Jones—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Robt. Owens—Larceny of bicycle .. .. .	...	1	1	...	47	1	...
Gene Miller—Larceny from the person .. .. .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
E. Brooks—Larceny	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
G. A. Lucas—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	43	...	1
Wm. King—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Dorice King—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	...	1	20	1	...
Nannie Lee Suber—Murder .. .. .	...	1	...	1	20	1	...
Willie Giles—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Willie Frazier—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
Tillman Dunnaway—Murder	1	...	1	...	18	1	...
Henry Morris—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Perry H. Haltiwanger—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
Perry H. Haltiwanger—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
Perry H. Haltiwanger—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
Peter Mills—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	23	1	...
James Robinson—Petit larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	17	1	...
Wm. F. Anderson—Breach of trust .. .. .	...	1	1	...	31	1	...
Arthur Lovett—Riot	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
George Lee—Riot	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
Maxcy Cunningham—Riot	1	...	1	...	18	1	...
Walter Ashford—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
W. H. Motley—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	34	1	...
Edgar Fowler—Non-support of family	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
J. E. Smoak—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	39	1	...
Frank Woodey—Larceny	1	...	1	...	18	1	...
Wm. Gunter—Buying seed cotton .. .. .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Sam'l Thompson—Buying seed cotton .. .. .	...	1	1	...	50	1	...
McCain House—Burglary and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Rachel Waiters—Burglary and larceny .. .. .	...	1	...	1	26	1	...
E. M. Wilson—Obstructing road	1	...	1	...	40	...	1
John Baker—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	64	1	...
James Nesbit—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	19	...	1
*Hayes Tucker—Obtaining goods by false pretense .. .. .	...	1	1	...	29	...	...
S. R. Way—Obtaining money under false pretense	1	...	1	...	55	1	...
Arthur Lovett—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
*E. M. Wilson .. .. .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*B. A. Blount .. .. .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mose Hammand—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
*J. C. Jenkins .. .. .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*B. A. Blount .. .. .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*G. W. Jenkins .. .. .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

*Nol proa.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Richland County, Summer Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
Eugene Bowman—Burglary and larceny	1	1	1	1	18	1	1
John Shull—Larceny	1	1	1	1	18	1	1
Bradford Jones—Adultery	1	1	1	1	30	1	1
Eugene Aiken—Arson	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
Wasley Koon—Assault with intent to rape	1	1	1	1	27	1	1
J. D. Wright—Larceny	1	1	1	1	34	1	1
Ray Patterson—Breach of trust	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
F. J. Langston—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	15	1	1
Will Anderson—Breach of trust	1	1	1	1	19	1	1
Jas. Brown—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	22	1	1
Robt. Sumter—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	17	1	1
B. Grigby—Larceny	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
*Ben Abney—Seduction	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Bob Floyd—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
Frank Williams—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	23	1	1
Frank Williams—Larceny	1	1	1	1	23	1	1
James Martin—Assault and battery	1	1	1	1	63	1	1
Eddie Talbert—Larceny	1	1	1	1	19	1	1
Charlie Williams—Larceny	1	1	1	1	18	1	1
Sam Metze—Assault and battery	1	1	1	1	19	1	1
Wesley McDaniel—Larceny	1	1	1	1	23	1	1
Sarah Williams—Larceny from the person	1	1	1	1	17	1	1
Mattie Brown—Larceny from the person	1	1	1	1	16	1	1
James Howard—Larceny of live stock	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Bessie Walker—Larceny	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Cleveland Rodderick—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
S. W. McKenzie—Murder	1	1	1	1	36	1	1
Heber Smith—Larceny	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
Peter Myers—Larceny of live stock	1	1	1	1	29	1	1
James Pollock—Larceny	1	1	1	1	19	1	1
Will Anderson—Larceny	1	1	1	1	19	1	1
J. T. Bishop—Assault and battery	1	1	1	1	21	1	1
Ebbie DeLoach—Assault and battery	1	1	1	1	21	1	1
Robt. Jones—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	22	1	1
Frank Thomas—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
John Jenkins—Defacing property of landlord	1	1	1	1	50	1	1
Minor Wofford—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	28	1	1
Elijah Williams—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	1	16	1	1
Paul White—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	1	1	1	42	1	1
Ida Green—Murder	1	1	1	1	24	1	1
Mose Manning—Murder	1	1	1	1	25	1	1
Charlie Gaw—Assault and battery	1	1	1	1	45	1	1
Ernest Wilson—Assault and battery	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
Jerry Stoney—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
Mary Brice—Larceny	1	1	1	1	24	1	1
Rastus Sims—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	1	38	1	1
Ernest E. Grimsley—Murder	1	1	1	1	23	1	1
Arthur Ruff—Murder	1	1	1	1	20	1	1
John Henry Williams—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	1	27	1	1
Eugene Aiken—Arson	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
*John Jeffords—Burning untenanted house	1	1	1	1	23	1	1
W. E. Miller—Assisting prisoner to escape	1	1	1	1	26	1	1
Samuel A. Wakefield—Adultery	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mrs. H. Wymer—Adultery	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
W. E. Webb—Disposing of property mortgaged	1	1	1	1	20	1	1

*Nol proa. †Mistrial.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Richland County, Fall Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty
L. W. Easler—Murder	1	...	1	...	24	...	1
D. M. Spivey—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	32	1	...
Jackson White—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	47	...	1
Galloway Niles—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	13	1	...
John Moore—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
Sam Logan—Larceny of bicycle .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
G. D. Davis—Grand larceny	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
Dennis Crompton—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
George Williams—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	1	...
Wm. Dreher—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Geo. Neeley—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Richard Caw—Burglary and intent to rape .. . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Estell Matthews—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	...	1	18	1	...
O. A. Walters—Breach of trust	1	...	1	...	40	1	...
Green Goodwin—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	50	1	...
Smith Brown—Larceny of horse .. . . .	...	1	1	...	26	...	1
Sye Moore—Larceny of horse .. . . .	...	1	1	...	27	...	1
Jerry Brown—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
*Lina Simpkins—Bigamy .. . . .	...	1	...	1	26	...	...
Sye Moore—Using horse without consent .. . . .	...	1	1	...	27	1	...
*Smith Brown—Using horse without consent. .. . . .	...	1	1	...	26	...	...
Ed Wallace—Larceny	1	...	1	...	25	...	...
John Moore—Bigamy .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	1	...
Robt. Wilson—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	...	1
Mack McKenzie—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Dan Douglass—Bawdy house .. . . .	...	1	1	...	47	1	...
Sallie Douglass—Bawdy house .. . . .	...	1	...	1	45	1	...
Frank Jarvis—Forgery and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	31	...	1
Tom Wise—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	...	1
E. F. Bookter—Obstructing road	1	...	1	...	34	1	...
*B. F. Clifton—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	30	...	...
Hampton Lyles—Attempt to poison .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	1
Raymond Roof—Larceny	1	...	1	...	21	...	1
W. J. Mitchell—Forgery	1	...	1	...	26	...	1
Harrison Boykin—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Patience Robertson—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	...	1	42	1	...
*Henrietta Williams—Arson .. . . .	...	1	...	1	40	...	...
*F. B. Gibson—Violation Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	58	...	...
*J. A. Turner—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	35	...	...
†L. W. Boykin, J. B. Towell and W. O. Tatum—Conspiracy	1	...	1	...	...	...	...

*Nol pros. †Mistrial.

Respectfully submitted,
J. F. WALKER,
C. C. P. & G. S.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Saluda County, Spring, 1911, Term.

*Jake Little—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	...
Jake Little—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	...
Ben Johnson—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	20	...	1
†Jake Little—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	1
Anderson Shell—Aiding prisoner to escape from officer .. . . .	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
Mose Davenport—Aiding prisoner to escape from Officer .. . . .	...	1	1	...	50	1	...
†Tom Winless—Aggravated assault and battery .. . . .	...	1	1	...	35	...	...
†Bettis Jones—Assault of high and aggravated nature .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	...
Pope B. Havird—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	...	1	...	38	1	...
R. M. Amaker—Obtaining goods by false pretense	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
†R. M. Amaker—Forgery	1	...	1	...	35	...	...

*Nol pros. †Plead guilty.

No Summer Term held.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
*W. D. Simons—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	...	45	...	...
Andrew Williams—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	40	...	1
*H. L. Prater—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	...	50	...	...
Edgar Gary—Manslaughter .. . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Robert Gary—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	...	1
*Baigler Stevens—Assault and battery, etc. . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
*Cal Deaton—Grand Larceny	1	...	1	...	26	...	...
*Pope B. Havird—Assault and Battery, etc.	1	...	1	...	23	...	...
Sid Graham—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Cleoro Thomas—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
†Robert Harris—Manslaughter .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	...	...
†William Roberson—Larceny from Seld .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	...
†Aaron Tribble—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	33	...	...
†James Mobley—Carrying concealed weapons .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	...	...
†Josh Coleman—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	55	...	...
Clarence Roton—Seduction	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
Coot Daniel—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Ting Byrd—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
†Robert Lindsey—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	32	...	...
*Robert Lindsey—Using spirituous liquors near religious meeting .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	...	...

*Not pros. †Plead guilty.

HENRY C. SMITH,
Clerk of Court.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Spartanburg County, January Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
*C. F. Younger—Drawing check, no funds .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*Jim Fields—Obtaining by false pretense .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rolin Hampton—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	...	1
Will Owens—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	58	...	1
Will Styles, alias Babe Styles—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	27	1	...
Earl Burgiss—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	19	1	...
*Pres Bowie—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*Rob Bowie—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*Joe Williams, alias Joe Wilson—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*Horace Newman—Obtaining money by false pretense .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*T. E. Hudgens—Assault and battery etc. .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
†James Turner—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taylor Burke—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	40	1	...
Henry White—Throwing switch .. . . .	...	1	1	...	14	1	...
Horace Newman—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	...	21	1	...
*Jim Brannon—Assault and battery, etc. .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
†Shug. Osteem, alias M. R. Osteen—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*Cope Turner—Assault and battery, etc. . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dock Wilkie—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
*Geo. Hill—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*Will Edgerton, alias Will Ackerton—Rape .. . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Reuben Beaty—Bigamy .. . . .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
*Harvey Johnson—Assault and battery, etc. .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tom Brockman—Assault and battery, etc .. . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Geo. Henderson—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Alvin Gossett—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
*Pres. Law—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*Mike Amos and Robt. Amos—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
C. O. Smith, alias Ceola Smith—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	27	1	...
*J. D. Prothro—Assault and battery, etc. .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ed Newman—Murder	1	...	1	...	25	...	1
W. H. Newman—Murder	1	...	1	...	47	...	1
Marion Wilcox—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	18	1	...
Hub Glenn—Assault and battery, etc. .. . . .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
Frank Liddell—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	15	1	...
*Will Thompson—Perjury .. . . .	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Bob Ross—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	1
*Wylie Griffith—Murder.	1	...	1	...	8	...	...
Wallace Chambers—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	...	1
Andrew Gonnell, alias Jake Gonnell—Larceny of live stock	1	...	1	...	22	1	...
John Milligan—Assault and battery, etc .. . . .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Solomon Jones—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
John Blanton—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	33	1	...
Jessie Woodward—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	...	1	43	1	...
Walter Alexander—Assault and battery, etc. .. . . .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
*Guy Emory—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
†Chas. H. Barber—Breach of trust .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
J. L. Lawren—Defrauding hotel of board	1	...	1	...	35	...	1
Butler Lewis—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	36	1	...
R. H. Smith—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	58	1	...
Geo. Shaver—Breach of trust	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
J. H. Merrith, alias J. H. Merrit—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	40	1	...
Earle Rankin—Escaping chaingang .. . . .	...	1	1	...	58	1	...

*Nol proa. †Sealed sentence. ‡Guilty under appeal.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Session for Spartanburg County, April Term, 1911.

Name and Crime	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Gulity.	Not Gully.
Tom Badgett—Murder	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
*T. D. Nelson—Breach of trust	1	...	1	...	55	...	...
Bub Bobo—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Elias Rookhart—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	47	1	...
*A. L. Quinn—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	...	45	...	...
*John Thompson, Cora Thompson and Belton Hanna—Assault and battery, etc. . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
John Gibbs—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	37	1	...
Taylor Burke—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
**Ed Abbott and Frank Dearman—Rule to show cause .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
†A. O. Elmore—Assault and battery, etc. . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
‡Lizzie Henry—Assault and battery, etc. . . . .	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Arthur Beaty—Assault and battery, etc. . . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Lee Porter—Resisting an officer and assault and battery	1	...	1	...	21	1	...
§James Chambers—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
James Sexton—Breach of trust.. . . .	1	...	1	...	55	...	1
A. J. Bates—Running gambling room	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
Gary Gist—Assault with intent to ravish .. . . .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Giles Blackburn, alias Robt. Brown, alias John Coleman, alias Dan Smiley—Obtaining goods by false pretense .. . . .	...	1	1	...	59	1	...
W. M. Lanford—Murder.. . . .	1	...	1	...	65	1	...
Son Coan—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Converse Coan—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Walter Haymes—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
Hardy Wofford—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Bert Green—Larceny and receiving stolen goods .. . . .	...	1	1	...	28	1	...
Mamie Green—Larceny and receiving stolen goods .. . . .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Carey Sims—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
W. G. Massey—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	51	1	...
Thomas Alexander—Arson .. . . .	...	1	1	...	36	...	1
Ben Watts—Arson .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Fred Abrams—Resisting an officer, etc. . . . .	...	1	1	...	16	1	...
Floyd Foster—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	15	1	...
Clarence Thacker, alias Henry Worthy—Larceny of bicycle .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Joshua Lee—Larceny from person .. . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
*Flem Wilkie—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cudd Hardy—Larceny from person .. . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...

*Nol pros. **Ended. †Nol pros. (defendant dead.) ‡Sealed sentence. §New trial granted.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Spartanburg County, June Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty
W. H. Green—Obtaining goods by false pretense	1	1	1	...	45	...	1
H. T. Moseley—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	33	1	...
Ed Campbell—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
W. T. McKinney—Breach of trust	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
S. Fineburg—Obtaining money by false pretense and practicing medicine without license	1	...	1	...	48	1	...
D. Copeland—Obtaining money by false pretense and practicing medicine without license	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
*Ed Wooten and Will McQuirter—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*Bish Wood—Violation Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
*S. E. Riddle—Forgery	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Carl Haynes—Assault and battery, etc.	1	...	1	...	18	...	1
Elliot Davis—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
*Lula Young, alias Lula Davis, alias Lula Dandy—Murder .. . . .	...	1	...	1	22	...	...
*Luther Prince—Assault and battery, etc.	1	...	1	...	23	...	...
Cal Sellers—Assault and battery, etc., and shooting into train	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
Chas. Gibson—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	31	1	...
White Foster, alias Raymond Foster—Assault and battery, etc. .. . . .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
*A. B. Flack—Disposing of property under lien .. . . .	...	1	1	...	40	...	...
Lem Burnett—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
*Bob Aller—Assault and battery, etc. .. . . .	...	1	1	...	30	...	...
Tom Alverson—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
*Cal Seller—Assault and battery, etc.	1	...	1	...	30	...	...
Dan Coleman—Assault and battery, etc. .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	1	...
Tom Alexander—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	29	1	...
Geo. Duckett—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Clarence Davis—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Freeman Middleton—Assault and battery, etc. .. . . .	...	1	1	...	32	1	...
Hix Caldwell—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
Claud Irby—Burglary and comp. larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Henry McClintock—Violation of Dispensary Law .. . . .	...	1	1	...	35	...	1
John Anderson—Conspiracy, assault and battery with intent to kill and riot .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	1	...
Ed Parker—Conspiracy, assault and battery with intent to kill and riot .. . . .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
Henry Petty, alias Henry Floyd—Conspiracy, assault and battery with intent to kill and riot .. . . .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
*Jim Lewis and James Kirby .. . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elliott Satterwhite—Grand larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
Booth Hill—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	14	...	1
Frank Hill—Housebreaking and larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	19	...	1

*Nol pros.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Spartanburg County, November Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
*Miles and Sam King—Assault and battery, etc.. . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
**J. S. Hughes—Bigamy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chas. Hunsinger—Failing to support wife, etc.	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
*Randolph Byars—Seduction . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Baxter Thomas—Highway robbery and grand larceny	1	...	1	...	21	...	1
Chas. Foster—Highway robbery and Grand larceny	1	...	1	...	24	...	1
Bobc Harris—Assault and battery, etc.	1	...	1	...	28	1	...
Will Voiselle—Assault and battery, etc.	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
Julia Roberson—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	...	1	40	1	...
Richard Abernathy—Murder	1	...	1	...	47	...	1
*Dora Abernathy—Murder	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
Ed McJimpsey—Murder . . . . .	...	1	1	...	23	...	1
T. O. Fowler—Assault and battery, etc..	1	...	1	...	48	1	...
Jim Caladonia, alias Joe Caladonia—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	32	1	...
John Edwards—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	25	1	...
W. M. Farmer—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	29	1	...
Harley Allen—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	16	1	...
William Revels—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	17	1	...
Will Godfrey—Larceny	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
Floyd Collins—Larceny	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
Floyd Collins—Forgery	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
Frank Blanton—Assault and battery, etc.	1	...	1	...	21	1	...
†Will Briscal—Arson . . . . .	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
I. E. Duncan—Assault and battery, etc.	1	...	1	...	34	...	1
Grady DeYoung—Assault and battery, etc..	1	...	1	...	21	...	1
W. W. Hughey—Disposing of mortgaged property	1	...	1	...	30	1	...
Lem Tanner—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	1	...	38	1	...
*Claud McKinney and Halley McKinney . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Walter McKinney—Indecent exposure of person . . . . .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Lewis Alexander—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
Ed Wooten—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
Tet Roseman—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
**Joe McIntyre—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Babe Mintz—Larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Prince Elijah—Violation of Dispensary Law . . . . .	...	1	1	...	34	...	1
Will Ferguson—Housebreaking and larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	34	1	...
John Martin—Larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	18	1	...
Dunk Mack—Assault and battery, etc.. . . . .	...	1	1	...	26	1	...
Roy Ramseur—Housebreaking and larceny . . . . .	...	1	1	...	15	1	...
**Geo. Pilgram—Assault and battery, etc.. . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

*Nol proa. **Sealed sentence. †New trial granted.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Sumter County, Summer Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
*John Holland—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	22	...	...
**Adam Tindal—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Rosa Wilder—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	28	...	1
†Richard Ferguson—Murder	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Hattie Howard—Arson	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
*Jake Black—Larceny of live stock	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
†Willie Rogers—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	16	...	...
†Durham Dawkins—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	15	...	...
Orrin Thigpen—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	17	...	1
†Ellison W. Singleton—Selling liquor	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Wm. Bates—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
†John Moore—Burglary	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
†Patience Robinson—Keeping a bawdy house	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
†Butledge Barkley—Transporting liquor	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
*Hazel Brunson—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
*Willie Pleasure—Grand larceny	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
*Willis Taylor—Grand larceny	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
*Oliver Potts—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
*Oliver Potts—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
*Oliver Potts—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
*Oliver Potts—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
*Oliver Potts—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
*Oliver Potts—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
†Walter and Wells Richburg—Carbreaking	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
†John Westberry—Selling liquor	1	1	...	...	28	...	...
†John Westberry—Selling liquor	1	1	...	...	28	...	...
†John Westberry—Selling liquor	1	1	...	...	28	...	...
Isaac L. Sanders—Murder	1	...	1	...	20	...	1
Priestly Rush—Adultery	1	1	...	...	48	1	...
Caroline McDowell—Adultery	1	...	1	...	45	1	...
*Celia McDuffie—Selling alcoholic liquor	1	...	1	...	...	...	...

*Plea of guilty. **Discontinued. †Manslaughter. ‡No bill.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Sumter County, Spring Term, 1911.

*Wallace Cantey—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	...	...	21	...	...
Grant Conyers—Disposing of property under lien	1	1	...	...	35	1	...
*Rosa Dozier—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature	1	...	1	...	28	...	...
*David Dicks—Disposing of property under lien	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Bradford Farmer—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	50	1	...
†Bradford Farmer—Larceny of live stock	1	1	...	...	50	...	...
Willie Green—Larceny	1	1	...	...	23	1	...
Belton Green—Disposing of property under lien	1	1	...	...	50	...	1
†Muldrow Jacobs—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	45	...	...
*Edw. J. Keith—Receiving alcoholic liquor	1	1	...	...	48	...	...
Alton Moses—Larceny of Wood	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Dave Thompson—Larceny of wood	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
§George Muldrow—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
†Evander McDowell—Resisting an officer and assault and battery	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
†Woods McDowell—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
†Rocky McDowell—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
James Patterson—Rape	1	1	...	...	18	1	...
Henry Prescott—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
†Joby Richardson—Murder	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
David Thames—Forgery	1	...	1	...	21	1	...
Mary Wright—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
*L. A. Welch—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	...	30	...	...

*Nol proa. †No bill. ‡Discontinued. §Dismissed. ¶Guilty manslaughter.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Sumter County, Fall Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
*Spann Wade—Disposing of property under lien	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
*Jas. Richardson—Disposing of property under lien.. . . .	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
*U. W. Harris—Malicious mischief	1	1	1	...	55	...	...
*Isaiah James—Disposing of property under lien	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
*W. P. Kelly—Selling liquor	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
**W. P. Kelly—Selling liquor	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
†W. B. Costin—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	1	...	52	...	...
†Frank Rogers—Larceny of bicycle	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Lucius James—Entering house with intent to steal	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
**J. A. Kizer—Obtaining goods by false pretense	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
F. T. Davis—Disposing of property under lien.. . . .	1	1	1	...	52	...	1
Joseph Dunlap—Murder	1	1	1	...	35	...	1
†Rosa Dozier—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	28	...	...
†Glenn West—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	35	...	...
†Martha West—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	1	...	30	...	...
**C. C. Moore—Storing liquor	1	1	1	...	40	...	...

*Discontinued. **Nol pros. †No bill. ‡Plea of guilty.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Union County, Winter Term, 1911.

Arthur Greer—Larceny from the person	1	...	1	...	30	...	...
Mollie St. John—Larceny from the person	1	...	...	1	28	...	1
Wm. Gilliam—Attempting to wreck cars .. . . .	...	1	1	...	8	...	1
Clarence Sims—Attempting to wreck cars .. . . .	...	1	1	...	10	...	1
Paul Sims—Attempting to wreck cars .. . . .	...	1	1	...	12	...	1
L. D. Smith—Drawing check without funds	1	...	1	...	45	...	1
Griffin Rice—Larceny of live stock .. . . .	...	1	1	...	39	1	...
Will Johns—Bigamy	1	...	1	...	37	1	...
Oscar Strickland—Larceny of bicycle	1	...	1	...	15	1	...
Ed George—Bastardy	1	...	1	...	25	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Union County, Summer Term, 1911.

Will Femandey—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons .. . . .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Curtis Ammons—Murder and carrying concealed weapons	1	...	1	...	23	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Union County, Fall Term, 1911.

Ed Thomas—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. . . .	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
William Thomas—Incest .. . . .	...	1	1	...	50	...	1
Hayes Humphries—Larceny .. . . .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Eugene McJenkin—Assault with intent to kill .. . . .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Chas. Lang, alias Chas. Burt—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. . . .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
Thomas Bentley—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	60	1	...
Meredith Head—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. . . .	...	1	1	...	50	1	...
Calvin Sims—Assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed weapons .. . . .	...	1	1	...	34	1	...
George Fowler—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc.	1	...	1	...	63	1	...
Charley Ferguson—Assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature .. . . .	...	1	1	...	55	1	...
Lawrence Jeter—Riot .. . . .	...	1	1	...	19	1	...
Jim Ed Jeter .. . . .	...	1	1	...	21	1	...
John Rice—Murder .. . . .	...	1	1	...	23	1	...

Report of the Clerk of the Court of General Sessions for Williamsburg County, Spring Term 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Guilty.	Not Guilty.
*Sam Ridgeway—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	1	1	...	40	...	...
*Jas. McDonald—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	1	1	...	35	...	...
**John Wilks, et al.—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	...	1	...	25	...	...
John Pindergrass—Murder .. .	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
Harrison Stone et al.—Larceny of live stock .. .	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
H. D. Ferrell—Obtaining goods under false pretense .. .	1	...	1	...	35	1	...
J. J. Bradham—Unlawful traffic in seed cotton .. .	1	1	1	...	40	1	...
Luther Johnson—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
Anthony Tisdale—Larceny of live stock .. .	1	1	1	...	40	1	...
Namon Cordy—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
W. J. Cockfield—Murder .. .	1	...	1	...	40	...	1
J. H. V. Gaskins—Murder .. .	1	...	1	...	40	...	1
Henry Graham—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	1	1	...	50	1	...
Joe Brown—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	25	...	1
J. L. Winton—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	55	1	...
James Fulton—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	20	1	...
†J. P. Wheeler—Accepting and storing alcoholic liquors .. .	1	1	1	...	50	...	...
S. J. M. Tisdale—Unlawful traffic in seed cotton .. .	1	...	1	...	50	1	...
Mingo Graham—Housebreaking and larceny .. .	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Zingle McCullough—Larceny .. .	1	1	1	...	15	1	...
Wm. Cooper—Larceny .. .	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Ely Parsom—Housebreaking and larceny .. .	1	1	1	...	18	1	...
Noah McCutchin—Rocking train .. .	1	1	1	...	18	1	...
Jeff Williamson—Rocking train .. .	1	1	1	...	23	1	...
Donald Burrows—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Richard Bell—Larceny of live stock .. .	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
Willie Strong—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	30	...	1
John Blakely—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	30	...	1
**Arthur Maybry—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	25	...	...
**Goodman Taylor—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	25	...	...
DuRant Tisdale—Larceny of live stock .. .	1	1	1	...	20	1	...
Mart Fraser—Larceny of live stock .. .	1	1	1	...	20	1	...
Marion Barrineau—Malicious mischief .. .	1	1	1	...	48	...	1

*Transferred to contingent docket. **Nol pros. †Mistrial.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Williamsburg County, Summer Term. 1911.

J. P. Wheeler—Storing and keeping alcoholic liquors .. .	1	...	1	...	50	1	...
*Warren Giles—Appeal from magistrate .. .	1	1	1	...	30	...	...
Johnnie Cooper—Murder .. .	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
Henry McFadden—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
W. N. Powers—Bigamy .. .	1	...	1	...	40	1	...
Ben Montgomery—Larceny of live stock .. .	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
**Joe Burgess—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	25	...	...
**Prince McClary—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	30	...	...
Ben Montgomery—Larceny of live stock .. .	1	1	1	...	30	1	...
Joe Brown—Perjury .. .	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Hazard Whitfield—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
J. A. Barfield—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	...	1	...	40	...	1
†Willie Neemith—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	35	...	...
Willie Neemith—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
Willie Neemith—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	35	1	...
Sam'l Jones—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	1	1	...	20	1	...
Jones McCrea—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .	1	1	1	...	25	1	...
Wm. Cunningham—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .	1	1	1	...	40	1	...

*Judgment reversed, new trial ordered. **Appeal dismissed. †Contingent docket.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for Williamsburg County, Fall Term 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Gulity.	Not Gulity.
*Alice Scott—Murder .. .. .	...	1	...	...	28	...	...
Wade Cuttino—Forgery .. .. .	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
Mary Johnson—Forgery .. .. .	...	1	...	1	30	1	...
**A. E. Powell—Adultery	1	...	1	...	55	...	...
**Sallie Ethridge—Adultery	1	...	...	1	55	...	...
Geo. Eaddy—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Geo. Davis—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Robt. Eaddy—Housebreaking .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Guy McClary—Breach of trust with fraudulent intent .. .. .	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
Calhoun Bradshaw—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	15	1	...
Mamie Williams—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	...	1	35	...	1
Troy McElveen—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	18	...	1
Willie Green—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	1	...
Sherman Eaddy—Violation of Prohibition Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Wattie Gray—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	20	1	...
*Daniel Bradley—Violation of Prohibition Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	...	...
*Chester Strong—Violation of Prohibition Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	...	...

*Continued. **Sentence suspended.

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for York County, Spring Term, 1911.

William Hammons—Burglary and larceny	1	...	1	...	28	1	...
Cleve Jenkins—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
C. M. Turney—Obtaining goods by false pretense	1	...	1	...	30	...	1
Grover Porter—Forgery .. .. .	...	1	1	...	22	...	1
Sam Chisolm—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	...	1
Ebenezer Chisolm—Larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	30	...	1
R. K. Lowry—Disposing of property under lien	1	...	1	...	50	...	1
George Childers—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	40	...	1
John Watson—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
Moses Page—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	...	1
C. J. Miller—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	38	...	1
C. J. Miller—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	38	1	...
William Wilson—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	21	...	1
Charles Brown—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	35	...	1
Robert Shinn—Resisting an officer and aggravated assault and battery and carrying concealed weapons .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	1	...
Samuel Brown—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	21	...	1
Jeff Ramsey—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	35	...	1
C. W. Ratterree—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	33	...	1
James Turner—Larceny	1	...	1	...	24	...	1
Grover Porter—Forgery .. .. .	...	1	1	...	22	...	1
Thomas Robbins—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	40	...	1
Will Adams—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	25	...	1
Robert Allison—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	60	1	...
Joe Sumter—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc .. .. .	...	1	1	...	40	1	...
John Haffner—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
James Crosby—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Robert Smart—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
John Haffner—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	23	1	...
Robert Smart—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	22	...	1
James Crosby—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	22	1	...
Samuel Hart—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Son Crawford—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	23	...	1
Bell Guntharpe—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	...	1	25	1	...
Calvin Rush—Violation of Dispensary Law .. .. .	...	1	1	...	65	1	...
James Montgomery—Housebreaking and larceny .. .. .	...	1	1	...	35	1	...
Henry Mackin—Assault and battery with intent to kill .. .. .	...	1	1	...	20	1	...
Robert Miller—Arson .. .. .	...	1	1	...	28	1	...
Sam Fewell—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	24	1	...
George Webb—Murder .. .. .	...	1	1	...	33	1	...

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for York County, Summer Term, 1911.

Name and Crime.	White.	Black.	Male.	Female.	Age.	Gulity.	Not Gulity
Roland Steele—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1	...	...	...	1
Lula Sheppard—Murder	1	...	1	25	...	1	...
Sam Sibley—Larceny	1	1	...	17	1	...	...
D. P. Lattimore—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
Hamp Smith—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
Dick Lanier—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
Hattie Tate, alias Hattie Wright—Murder	1	...	1	30	...	1	...
Charles Brown—Selling liquor	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
Thomas Welsh—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	28	1	...	...
Ed White—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	30	1	...	...
Hester Massey—Housebreaking and larceny	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
Jim Huey—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	1

Report of the Clerk of Court of General Sessions for York County, Fall Term, 1911.

Sink Berry—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	25	1	...
Walter Woodward—Larceny	1	1	...	18	1	...
Coot Miller—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	...	28	...	1
Sam Starnes—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	19	1	...
Hugh Starnes—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	21	1	...
Jno. Starnes—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	23	1	...
Walker Burris—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc.	1	1	...	25	...	1
J. Luther Ashe—Forgery	1	...	1	27	...	1
George Sherrer—Selling liquor	1	1	...	30	1	...
Henry Crockett—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	40	1	...
John Brannon—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	32	...	1
Walker Burris—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc.	1	1	...	25	1	...
John Love—Obtaining goods by false pretense	1	1	...	28	1	...
Henry Crocket—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc.	1	1	...	40	1	...
Lawrence Bratton—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc.	1	1	...	24	1	...
Ed Montgomery—Housebreaking and larceny	1	1	...	22	1	...
Thomas Gardner—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc.	1	1	...	30	1	...
James Wade—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	...	1
Cora Patterson—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	...	1	...	...	1
Herman Adkins—Murder	1	...	1	14	...	1
Lee Springer and Rufus Whitesides—Selling liquor	1	1	...	...	...	1
William Talford—Murder	1	1	...	19	1	...
Coot Barnes—Murder	1	1	...	20	1	...
Alf. Sullage—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	...	40	1	...
Kirk Lowry—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	21	1	...
Ell Gill—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	40	1	...
John Brown—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	...	1	55	1	...
Morris Woodruff—Doing business as emigrant agent	1	1	...	38	1	...
Walker Hunt—Assault and battery and carrying concealed weapons, etc.	1	1	...	38	1	...
Roddey Reid—Murder	1	...	1	25	...	1
James Love and Anderson Springs—Selling liquor	1	1	...	...	...	1
Dan Williams—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	25	...	1
Charles Foster—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	...	...	1
William C. Stroud—Abandoning wife and child	1	...	1	40	...	1
Lee Springs—Violation of Dispensary Law	1	1	...	25	...	1
William Byers—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc.	1	1	...	...	...	1
William Rainey—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc.	1	1	...	...	...	1
Bert Byars—Assault and battery with intent to kill, etc.	1	1	...	...	...	1
George Blair—Assault and battery with intent to kill	1	1	...	22	...	1

EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

**Commissioner of Agriculture,
Commerce and Industries**

OF THE

State of South Carolina

1911

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

To His Excellency, the Hon. Coleman L. Blease, Governor of South Carolina.

Sir: In accordance with the provisions of Section 5 of "An Act to establish a Department of Agriculture, Commerce and Immigration, and to provide for the appointment and compensation of a Commissioner," approved the 22d day of February, A. D. 1904, and an Act approved the 4th day of March, A. D. 1909, amendatory thereto, I have the honor herewith to hand you my eighth annual report, covering the work of the Department under this Act, exclusive of the work of the Labor Division, for which a separate report is required by law and has been filed, for the year 1911, for transmission to the General Assembly, in accordance with the provisions of the section of the Act aforesaid.

Respectfully,

E. J. WATSON,
Commissioner.

ANNUAL REPORT.

GENERAL.

South Carolina, as this report is presented, has reached the highest point yet attained in her history in agricultural and industrial development. This point has been reached in so short a space of time as to seem almost incredible. This Department was created by the General Assembly less than eight years ago, at a time when agriculture was languishing, when the farm lands were being turned over to the tender mercies of ignorant negro tenants and the movement from farms to centers of population was in full sway, when farm life had ceased to be attractive, and when the annual agricultural production was only \$51,324,000.

The great change during the period that has just elapsed is best represented by the annual agricultural production in chief crops only, of 1909—\$100,010,000, and of 1910—\$140,009,000, this last figure representing an increase in the decade of 173 per cent. The 1909-10 census gave the grand total value of all agricultural products, omitting, however, the State's trucking industry, worth annually about six million dollars, and all live stock as \$144,397,319, a still more astounding increase. The comparative figures of the United States Bureau of Statistics, issued in May, 1911, for the years 1909 and 1910, for all the States, covering cotton, corn, wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, flax seed, rice, potatoes (not sweet), hay and tobacco, revealed, in some measure, the glory and premiership that the Palmetto State has won in National competition. Already this little triangular wedge of 30,000 square miles on the Atlantic coast had taken second place in textile manufacturing in the Nation, and now, always a leader, she forges ahead in a more important and fundamental branch of industry and takes the lead of all the States in the Union, with the exception of Wyoming and Nevada, which respectively rank forty-third and forty-fourth in volume of production, and are new States in agriculture, and, therefore, are not worthy of consideration, in the percentage of increase in agricultural production between 1909 and 1910. She further takes rank of second among all the older producing States in the Union in the percentage of increase in agricultural products in the decade between 1900 and 1910. She

still further, in volume of production, outranks every Southern State, except Texas and Georgia, and in value per square mile of territory she outranks both of those States, her value being \$4,518.00 against \$1,369.00 for Texas and \$3,373.00 for Georgia. Among all of the ranking States of the Union, South Carolina's value per square mile is next only to Illinois, with \$5,122.00, and Indiana with \$4,736.00. The little Palmetto State easily outranks Iowa, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and all the other large producing States in this regard. None of the other Southern States, except Georgia, come up to the \$3,000.00 mark, and the value in one, at least, is as low as \$257.00.

Looking at the matter in dollars and cents, South Carolina's increase of 28.4 per cent. in value of farm products in the year 1910 represents, in round numbers, \$31,000,000. Georgia's total increase, notwithstanding her almost double territory, was \$34,015,000 for the year. Going back a decade, South Carolina's increase in value of agricultural products of 173 per cent. means, in cold cash, an increase over 1900, when the value was \$51,324,000, of \$88,685,000, and an increase over 1906 of \$63,288,000. It should be borne in mind, too, that up to about 1906 no real material advance had been made during the decade, and, as indicated by the figures for the year 1910, the real advance has been made in the past few years. It should be borne in mind, too, that this great increase of \$31,000,000, in one year, has not been due to the high price of cotton, for in 1909 the average price per pound paid for cotton in South Carolina was 14.4, while in 1910 it was 14.6 cents.

The fact that a little State like South Carolina can jump from the rank of 21 in production among the States of the Union in one year's time to the rank of 13, and be one of only three Southern States standing in the list between 1 and 13, and those other two Southern States having an area of 265,896 and 56,265 square miles, respectively, against her 30,989 square miles, shows that effective work has been done somewhere, and yet the real agricultural development of the matchless resources of this State has but just begun.

It is a particularly striking fact that the Middle Western States, which have heretofore been the leading agricultural States in the Union, showed marked decreases in volume of production during the year 1910, while every Southern State, except Kentucky and Louisiana, show marked increases. Illi-

nois shows a decrease of 13.9 per cent.; Ohio, 8 per cent.; Indiana, 10.5 per cent.; Kansas, 17.2 per cent.; Nebraska, 19.7 per cent., bringing that State down from ninth in rank to twelfth; Michigan, 2.9 per cent; Wisconsin, 9.8 per cent.; South Dakota, 15.2 per cent.; North Dakota, 58.6 per cent., and so on.

It is worthy of consideration, too, to note that the South Atlantic States show an increase of 17.1 per cent., the North Atlantic States an increase of 17.8 per cent., and the South Central States an increase of 8.2 per cent, while the North Central States, east of the Mississippi, show a decrease of 10 per cent., and the North Central States, west of the Mississippi, a decrease of 15.8 per cent., while the far Western States lag behind with a decrease of 6.4 per cent., leaving a net decrease for the year for the whole United States of 2.3 per cent. But for the wonderful advance in the South Atlantic States, with South Carolina, as is shown by the figures, leading, the net decrease in agricultural production of the country would perhaps have been a serious matter during the year 1911.

The Federal census also revealed wonderful progress in South Carolina. It showed that there were in 1910, 176,180 farms in the State, an increase of 13 per cent., that the value of farm lands and buildings had increased 162 per cent., that the value of farm implements and machinery had increased 112 per cent., that the value of farm lands alone had increased 169 per cent., that the value of lands and buildings, per acre, had increased 172 per cent., that the value per acre of farm lands alone had increased 179 per cent., and that the expenditures for farm labor had increased 76 per cent. It showed also that during the decade the State added 20,825 farms; that 64,227 persons owned their farms, 4,810 more owners than in 1900, and that only 14,987 farms in the State had mortgages upon them.

This marvelous progress in agriculture in our State has been brought about by the vigorous prosecution of an intelligent programme of progress, in which all agencies, making for the restoration of the foundation industry, have worked incessantly and in a spirit of fullest co-operation, harmony and unity of purpose for the common end. When I refer to agencies, I mean such agencies as the State's Agricultural College, the United States Farm Demonstration work, the State Experiment Station, the representatives of various bureaus of the Department of Agriculture in Washington, particularly the

Bureau of Plant Industry, the State Farmers' Union, the Rural School Improvement Association, the Rural School work, and both the daily and weekly press of the State. Incident to the systematic and continuous work of these agencies has been the tremendous influence of such events as the introduction of the Williamson corn method and such accomplishments with corn records as those of Mr. Tindal and of Jerry Moore. The State Department of Agriculture has done its best to convert all these agencies into one smooth-working machine and to keep the interest of the people aroused, ever pointing them to the gateway to get there. That all of this combination of working agencies, never stopping to waste time in bickerings and petty jealousies, has brought results measuring in the millions of dollars is best evidenced by the fact that the real progress did not begin further back than five or six years ago, and that when it was undertaken, but few of the agencies mentioned had raised their banners in the cause. Today throughout the length and breadth of the State a degree of interest in agricultural development is aroused that bodes for far greater development on agricultural lines in South Carolina during the current year than we have ever known before, and promises to have a marked influence upon like development throughout the South Atlantic States.

We now find the richest asset of any commonwealth or country—the indifferent farmer—thoroughly aroused at last to a full sense of his own potentiality, crying for more information, for a greater application of science for humanity's sake, and with his coat off, working to better the conditions of life in the rural districts of South Carolina, where 85.2 per cent. of our total population resides. And yet the surface has merely been scratched. We have so far simply tickled the face of our rare opportunities, and begun to realize the vast extent and variety of our material resources. Surely agriculture, the basic industry of all prosperity, has been rehabilitated.

When this Department was established there was not in existence a single sheet of South Carolina statistical literature. The people themselves knew nothing of their own condition. Today there is no more alert, knowledge-seeking agricultural population in all America.

CONSTRUCTIVE POLICY PURSUED.

The head of this Department was called to the service of the State from private life, without seeking the position. The first announcement made was that the work was to be launched and prosecuted upon a business basis, pure and simple, and that the constructive character of the work was such that it would be the aim and purpose to ever and always keep the Department clear of political entanglements. This policy has been adhered to from the first to last, rigidly. In succeeding State political campaigns issues were made and fought over repeatedly, in the General Assembly itself—based upon phases of the development work undertaken. No man from this Department has been permitted to raise his voice during any such contest. Trying have been some of the experiences, but the constructive policy has never been abandoned for a moment. The Department has, on the contrary, always endeavored to harmonize any differences and jealousies developing among the different agencies seeking the same end, and to keep all pulling together for a common purpose, and by reason of maintaining harmony and co-operation, all these forces have been enabled to bring the maximum of effort to bear on the successive steps of the development campaign. The result has been results, and results alone count. Efforts that end in failures, however admirable the efforts, never produce wealth and prosperity.

In presenting this report, it is but proper that due acknowledgment be made to the admirable spirit of co-operation that has been maintained by all these agencies, and has led to the present day conditions. This Department feels that its mission has been a genuine constructive one; that its non-political policy has been the correct one, and believes that the people of the State have experienced material benefits that have convinced them of its soundness and effectiveness.

SEEKING A SELF-SUSTAINING BASIS.

With departments of sister States, operating upon incomes running up to almost a quarter of a million dollars annually, it has been the policy of this Department to seek more far-reaching results at the minimum of cost, and as quickly as possible to put the Department upon a self-sustaining basis.

In direct appropriations, the largest amount charged to the Department was that of 1911, \$21,520, and \$13,000 of that was

not Departmental, being separate appropriations in support of the United States Farm Demonstration Work, and for corn-breeding work and exposition. From the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act sufficient revenue has been derived to establish and equip first-class permanent laboratories, pay all laboratory and inspection operating expenses and leave on deposit in the treasury at the end of the year 1911, a balance of \$5,489.92. The actual cost to the State, therefore, for the maintenance of the Department proper, not considering the permanent investments, has really been only \$2,530. The laboratory equipment alone is worth over \$3,000, and it is the property of the State. But these figures are more fully set forth in the body of this report. With the present surplus undistributed, this Department should and most probably will be not only self-sustaining this year, but a source of surplus revenue to the State as well.

It is to be doubted, indeed, if there is a Department, showing anything like the scope of work done, annually increasing and broadening, to be found in any of the States, operated upon so modest an expenditure. The policy of conservative business management, it is hoped, has been worth the painstaking efforts made for its successful execution.

All of the Department's work has been necessarily creative in character. There was no beaten path to follow. New and trying conditions have had to be met and faced and the organization shaped upon original lines. The object has been to concentrate effort upon one necessary step at a time until success was assured, and then proceed to the next logical step with the same degree of concentration. And so the few years have glided by, each bringing its results and its severe and oftentimes bitter and disheartening experiences and trials.

The Commissioner feels it due to you and the public to make clear the aims that have been sought and the policies pursued, as his term of intensely active service is approaching its close, for, under many trying conditions, he has ever remained silent and gone unfalteringly forward on the predetermined course of conservatism, patriotism and constructiveness.

CAMPAIGN FOR "SOMETHING TO EAT."

The past year, with the corn-growing campaign in full swing, bringing dollars and cents of its own resistless momentum, there has been supreme concentration upon the effort to induce the

people to raise something to eat at home, and cease the enormous expenditures made in other States for food for man and beast.

DRIVING OUT ROTTEN FEED STUFF.

Allied to this, and for the greater reason that human life was involved, the most effective enforcement of law, perhaps, ever attempted by any State, has been to drive out of South Carolina shipments of rotten corn, and more particularly corn meal. The State was indeed a dumping ground for dangerous material of this kind when the campaign was begun. Today the shippers dare only to send stuff they know to be pure.

THE FAR-RURAL DISTRICTS.

The effort has been made, too, to give the farmer the information he is now crying for continually, at first hand, and a campaign designed to penetrate the far-rural districts was conceived and put into execution with noteworthy success and far-reaching results.

Drainage reclamation, good roads and, indeed, all lines of possible development, looking to the fullest rehabilitation of the agricultural industry, have been pushed eagerly, earnestly and untiringly, and thousands of letters giving specific information upon agricultural problems within the State, and in regard to our resources to people outside the State, have been carefully prepared and promptly furnished.

NATIONAL CORN EXPOSITION.

Early in the year 1911, the opportunity developed for a combined effort to bring to the South and to the Capital City of our State the next annual National Corn Exposition, which is, perhaps, the greatest annual agricultural event held in this country. It had never left the Corn Belt States. Bearing the invitation of the General Assembly, and of all proper officials of State and City, a strong South Carolina delegation, carrying Jerry Moore, went on to Columbus, Ohio, where the 1911 show was being held, and pushed the matter. The result is that the next Exposition is to be held in Columbia, S. C., January 27-February 9, 1913, and already the National Secretary is at work in offices in Columbia. A large steel structure is being erected for the Exposition. This Exposition will, beyond question, prove

one of the greatest and most far-reaching advertisements South Carolina ever secured, and should bring handsome returns.

NATIONAL DRAINAGE CONGRESS.

In like manner, by vigorous effort, the third annual meeting of the important National Drainage Congress has been secured for this State, the meeting being held in the City of Charleston during the Corn Exposition. It will bring distinguished and substantial men from 39 States on a visit to South Carolina. This is the culmination of work to this end begun by this Department three years ago, with a view to the stimulation of drainage reclamation of our valuable coastal low lands, and in the first week of the year 1912, it has resulted in the formation of a State Drainage Association and the launching of a number of drainage district projects under the new State Drainage Act.

EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGN.

During this year the most vigorous educational campaign ever prosecuted in the State was executed, and not one-half the calls could be met, though the Clemson Extension Work and Winthrop College, with the co-operation of the railway companies, had their exhibits on agriculture, live stock and domestic science tour the State on a specially arranged train. This Department inaugurated and pushed its motor car far-rural campaign, in which, during the first week, the head of the United States Farm Demonstration Work, Mr. Bradford Knapp, and other experts participated. The head of this Department has been on campaigns in all parts of the State throughout the year, addressing farmers' gatherings, schools and colleges, county fairs and gatherings of all kinds, such as the Rural Life Conference at Winthrop, the Farmers' Rally at Clemson, and the State Good Roads Convention. At the height of the season sometimes as many as 18 to 20 points would be covered in a week.

STEADYING THE COTTON MARKET.

The situation resulting from the abnormally large crop of cotton, threatening from the first millions of dollars of loss to South Carolina farmers, by reason of the fall in price below the cost of production, has commanded the attention of the Department, and required much earnest and painstaking labor.

The department heads of each of the Cotton Belt States early conferred among themselves and then with the President of the National Farmers' Union, resulting in the calling of a conference at Montgomery, where the acuteness of the situation became so apparent that the Southern Cotton Congress was formed and your Commissioner was called to its presidency. From that time on, the fight for better prices, or at least, for maintaining the price around 9 cents, was waged with untiring zeal, even into township divisions. The holding movement was first resorted to for its market-steadying effect. Then one move after another had to be resorted to until the date of December 1 came, this being a crucial date in circles wherein cotton market manipulations are conducted. It was then that the opportunity came, through an offer of fifty millions of dollars, made by Eastern capitalists, whose names were widely known, by the mere announcement of that offer to the world, to steady the market through the crucial period and prevent the almost certain break in price. It was almost a foregone conclusion that the plan offered would not be accepted, and the Governor's committeemen and those from the Congress did not recommend acceptance. While the discussion was at fever heat, the real danger of a further serious break in prices passed and the "Rock Hill" plan for securing pledges of reduction of acreage was launched to further steady the market until the real truth as to the actual size of the crop could be made known. Just this has happened, and as this is written, prices have risen gradually and with every indication of continued stability. Each move made has served its purpose in the face of a 15,000,000 bale crop, and while the loss to South Carolina farmers alone, due to the conditions which seemed uncontrollable, has been, perhaps, some twenty millions of dollars, the steps taken and the fight made, has undoubtedly saved a vast sum that would almost certainly have been lost otherwise. The educational value of the experience to the farmer cannot be calculated. Doctrine that he has listened to from every stump for the past six years has been brought home with shoe-pinching impressiveness.

BETTER VARIETIES OF COTTON.

During this year exceptionally good results, following the effort in a modest way to bring about the production of varieties of cottons of the proper staple for consumption in local

textile plants, in the manufacture of fine goods. All this cotton has heretofore been brought from the Mississippi Valley States. Selected seed was distributed and careful instructions given, and those who grew the cotton sold direct to the mills at an acreage price of about 17 1-2 cents per pound. Due caution against the danger of over-production the coming year has been given all growers. The chief object of this undertaking is to apply the principle of raising home supplies, for the mills are rapidly turning over to the class of goods for the manufacture of which the staples of the Columbia, Keenan, Hartsville and Webber varieties are particularly adapted. These varieties have proven as prolific as the export short staple varieties, have developed splendid drought resistant qualities and preserve absolute uniformity of staple. Work done along this line looks rather to the future than to the immediate present.

Some work has been done looking to the introduction of mule raising in the State, and no opportunity has been neglected to push the campaign for "more and better live stock." This work is daily becoming more active.

Important matters affecting the development of the commerce of the State, as will be found from the body of this report, have been given much attention.

THE STATE EXHIBIT.

The State exhibit property has been rehabilitated after considerable effort, due to the haphazard manner in which it had been scattered, and acting under the provisions of the Act of 1911, the Commissioner of Agriculture, accepting the offer for installation and care in one of the new main buildings at the State University, where the material is installed and open to daily inspection, and where it is so arranged that it can be moved quickly and safely to any exposition, in whole or in part, and be as speedily set up.

BELETED REPORTS.

The difficulty of securing the manufacturing statistics of the plants in the State in time for presentation promptly to the General Assembly, due to the late date in the year permitted by the law for the filing of schedules, is great, and this defect in the Factory Inspection Act should be remedied.

Several new labor laws have recently become of force, but

they can be made effective only through provision for means of enforcement, as provided for in each.

AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION.

The demand for secondary agricultural education in the State continues to grow with the renewal of interest in all matters pertaining to agriculture, and I would again most respectfully call attention to the report on this subject made to the General Assembly by the special commission appointed for the purpose.

During the past year the United States census has issued preliminary summaries of the 1909-10 census of population, agriculture and live stock in South Carolina, and I have deemed it of value to incorporate, for the public information, digests of these summaries, as it will possibly be a year or more before the regular census publications will have been issued.

This Department has endeavored to render to all branches and bureaus of the United States Department of Agriculture, as it has always done, the fullest measure of co-operation, and this year several new lines of work have been undertaken upon this basis. The representatives and agents of the Federal Government assigned to this State have rendered invaluable service to the Department.

DEATH OF DR. KNAPP.

Early in the year South Carolina lost one of her truest and best friends, when death claimed the distinguished Dr. S. A. Knapp, the head of the United States Farm Demonstration Work, by whom that work was introduced in this State at an opportune moment, and with such immediate and far-reaching results.

PUBLIC HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION.

The present system of public highway construction and maintenance in the State is crude and results in a heavy annual waste of money, time and energy, with but little permanent results. In this regard, our sister States are rapidly outstripping South Carolina. There is now a fully developed interest in the subject, and I would respectfully commend it to the most careful attention of yourself and the General Assembly. A suggestion

looking to some improvement at a minimum of cost is contained in my formal recommendations herein.

During the year the attempt has been made, under the general provision of the law giving the Commissioner authority to call upon other officials for statistical information, to gather accurate statistics in regard to the public highway situation in the State. This information, collated from the actual reports this year and from estimates based on 1909 returns, shows a total public highway mileage of 47,885. Of this 4,527 3-4 miles have been treated in one way or another with sand-clay, but the greater portion of these roads could scarcely be called sand-clay roads. There are 111 miles of macadam road in the State, 427 miles that have been treated with gravel and 62 with shell.

SIGN-POSTING.

During the year the Goodrich Tire Company has made an offer, which has been accepted, to mark all of the interstate and intercity main highways in the State with pressed steel sign-posts, giving exact mileage. This sign-posting is to be done without cost to the State, this Department undertaking to furnish all of the necessary data and distances for the proper marking of the highways.

THE YEAR 1911 IN AGRICULTURE.

The year 1911 has been better in general agriculture, upon diversified lines, than its predecessor. The corn crop of the State showing an increase, notwithstanding the bad corn year, of \$3,750,000, and the oat crop approximately a half million dollars. The tobacco crop, according to final Federal Government figures, though far smaller than that of the preceding year, showed about \$33,000 increase in value. The rice crop fell off badly. The real loss in agriculture was due to the abnormal crop of cotton, resulting in consequent low prices, which has netted to the farmers of this State a loss of about \$17,100,000; this as compared to the money received from the crop and seed of the preceding year. In the year 1910 the total value of the cotton crop and seed was \$98,630,000, the largest amount received in the agricultural history of the State. The destruction of the rice crop by the storms caused a loss of nearly \$200,000, as compared to the crop of the preceding year.

Upon the same basis as the Federal Government's valuation of agricultural products of \$140,009,000, for the year 1910, the total value of the agricultural products for the year 1911 was \$127,222,743, thus making a net decrease for the year 1911, as compared to the year 1910, of \$12,787,000.

NEW CONSTRUCTIVE LAWS.

This Department, since its organization, has been directly instrumental, through its recommendations and activities, in making permanent upon the statute books of the State a number of the most important constructive laws now in force. Among these may be mentioned the Drainage Act, Commercial Feed Stuffs Act, the Seed Inspection Act, the Act relating to the State exhibit property, the new Child Labor Act, the Factory Inspection Act, the Act relating to hours of labor of female employees in mercantile establishments, the Act relating to provision for seats for women employees, the marriage license law, and the law requiring the reporting of sales of leaf tobacco. In each instance these measures were recommended from this Department and all possible assistance was rendered to the legislative committees in the matter of their proper construction.

Complete detailed statements of all receipts and expenditures of this Department are appended to this report for each of the appropriations, with the expenditure of which the Department has been directly or even in part charged.

NEED FOR QUARTERS.

The need for some permanent quarters for the Department is more acute than ever, owing to the added branches of work. At present the offices are located in a dry-goods warehouse on an alley between Main and Assembly Streets, back of the Palmetto National Bank, where the exposure to fire loss of valuable State records is great. These records are now more extensive than in the past and the danger to them from two removals each year is serious. Again all work at the end of the year is of necessity suspended for several days during the removal from the Capitol to temporary quarters. The laboratories are located on the second floor of the former State Dispensary building, State property, which the Department leases from the lessee of the property.

OFFICE FORCE.

The office, laboratory and feed inspection forces of the Department remain practically the same. The positions of the statistical clerk and of the two factory inspectors became vacant at the close of the last session, when no provision was made for salary. I at once called for the resignations of the incumbents, and upon receiving them, notified the Chief Executive of the State and made no appointments to fill the vacancies.

FINANCIAL.

During the year this Department was charged with the expenditure of \$500 in prizes for farmers. This sum was expended entirely, being paid out to winners in the State Corn Contest.

The appropriation of \$3,000 for the corn breeding work and Exposition was also exhausted, being paid out by warrants drawn by the Commissioner of Agriculture, by direction of the Commission provided for in the Act, upon accounts approved and certified to the Commissioner by the Chairman of the Commission, A. D. Hudson. The greater portion of the appropriation was expended for prizes in corn work. None of this money was expended until the Commission had certified to the Comptroller-General that the contingent amount required to be raised had been subscribed.

The appropriation of \$10,000 in aid of the United States Farm Demonstration Work in the State was expended in payment of salaries chiefly. All appointments under this work, with the consent of the Commissioner, and necessarily, were made by the Federal officials in charge. The sum of \$1,000 was held back to the end of the year for the purpose of meeting any emergencies, but most of this was expended in payment of accounts made by the officials of the Demonstration Work. A balance of \$200.01 remained at the end of the year and was covered into the State treasury.

The appropriation for the general expenses of the Department was entirely exhausted, except for a few cents.

Itemized statements of the expenditure of all these appropriations are appended at the end of this report.

The following is a condensed statement of the receipts of this Department from sources other than direct appropriations, and

the expenditures made during the year, itemized statements of the expenditures being likewise appended:

Income from tax on commercial feed stuffs:

Balance on deposit with State Treasurer January 1, 1911	\$ 4,727.88
Amount collected for twelve months ending December 31, 1911	18,150.80
	<hr/>
	\$22,878.68
Total expenditures	17,388.71
	<hr/>

Balance on deposit with State Treasurer January 1, 1912	\$ 5,489.92
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Income from fees from inspection of seeds:

Balance on deposit with State Treasurer January 1, 1911	\$3.50
Amount collected for twelve months ending December 31, 1911	1.75
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	\$5.25
Expenditures	None
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Balance on deposit with State Treasurer January 1, 1912	\$5.25
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Financially this Department is now practically self-sustaining. There was appropriated by the Legislature at its 1911 session, \$21,520, charged to this Department. Of this amount only \$8,020 was appropriated for the direct use of the Department—\$4,020 for salaries and \$4,000 for expenses. Of the balance of \$13,500, \$10,000 was for farm demonstration work, expended in a manner elsewhere indicated; \$3,000 was expended by the Corn Breeders' Association, and South Atlantic Corn Exposition, and \$500 was for prizes for farmers in the State Corn Contest.

There has been collected since May 1, 1910, when the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act went into effect, \$33,028.08 from the sale of inspection tax stamps, and penalties imposed. This

fund has been expended in the enforcement of the law and in the establishment of a permanent State Feed Stuffs Laboratory, which has cost for equipment about \$3,000. This expenditure does not mean an expense to the State, but means that the \$3,000 is invested in permanent fixtures, and that the State now possesses one of the most modern and completely equipped laboratories in the South. The Department has, also, partly from this fund and partly from the general expense appropriation, purchased a motor car at a cost of \$1,350. This was done after consultation with the Governor and after complete and full notice to the public of the objects and purposes for which the car would be used. This car has been steadily used in the prosecution of agricultural work, and in the inspection of stocks of small stores in the far-rural districts of the State, which could be reached in no other way. The car is now, perhaps, in better condition and of more value than when it was purchased.

Of the fund of \$33,020.08 derived from the tax on feed stuffs, there is a balance on deposit with the State Treasurer on January 1, 1912, of \$5,489.92. Considering the permanent investments that are the property of the State, at their present value, the actual balance at this time would be \$9,839.92, or \$1,839.92 more than was appropriated for the contingent expense of this Department for both the years of 1910 and 1911.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

In the making of recommendations, this Department has ever proceeded reluctantly, and no recommendation has ever been sent to the General Assembly that has not been prompted directly by the general welfare of the people of the State to the exclusion of every other consideration. With this said, the following matters are called to the attention of your Excellency and the General Assembly of South Carolina:

1. That a law should be forthwith enacted providing for standard weights and measures of chief commodities, at least, and such machinery provided for the enforcement thereof as would protect the people from the great losses now sustained by reason of short weights. The present laws are both inadequate and ineffective.

2. That a similar law to that requiring the filing of reports of tobacco purchases and sales with the Commissioner of Agriculture be enacted requiring all ginnerers and cotton buyers

to report monthly pounds and bales of cotton ginned in the first instance, and number of bales of cotton, grade and prices paid in the second instance.

3. That it is absolutely necessary, in order to properly protect and safeguard valuable State records in the possession of this Department, which is now charged with the conservation of nearly all the human resources of the State, as well as the material resources, that some provision be made for proper quarters, thus obviating the dangers incident to two movings of office each year. How this need shall be met is a matter for the General Assembly to consider, and not for this Department to suggest.

4. That this Department endorses and urges the enactment of the proposed measure relating to messenger boys and stage children.

5. That the report of the special commission created by resolution of the General Assembly at its 1910 session in the matter of agricultural education, be embodied into a proper measure and be speedily enacted into law in view of the fact that there is a wide-spread demand throughout the State for provision to be made for such instruction. This Department has for years consistently recommended that effective provisions be made for agricultural education and training in the rural community districts of the State. This report seems to provide the most practical, the most effective, and the least expensive system ever suggested in this country, and I cannot too strongly urge its enactment into law. I would recommend, further, the application of this scheme to the industrial districts of the State.

6. That this Department, as it has done since its creation, again repeats its strong recommendation for the enactment of a law requiring the registration of births and deaths, such as is required in practically every State in the Union, and calls attention to the fact that it is well nigh an impossibility to enforce the child labor laws of the State properly without such a law.

7. That the recommendations heretofore made that provision be made for a State Highway Engineer to be attached to this Department, if deemed advisable, is renewed and most respectfully urged. The great need for intelligently directed work on the public highways of the State is being more

keenly felt than ever before, and steps similar to this have been taken in nearly all of our sister States.

8. That a general appropriation of \$3,500, if so much be necessary, be made for the printing and issuing of a 1912 edition of the Handbook of South Carolina, the work of preparation and compilation of the volume to be done by the Commissioner. The 1908 edition has been completely exhausted, and there are daily requests for copies from schools and colleges in the State, and from hundreds of prospective investors and others beyond the borders of the State. The demand for the Handbook is greater now than at any time since it was first issued. The most noteworthy advances in agricultural and other development in South Carolina have occurred since the 1908 edition, and a new issue would prove of incalculable value at this time.

9. That the Seed Inspection Act be amended so as to provide from the operation of the law the means for its enforcement. The manner in which this can be done is pointed out elsewhere in this report. Seed inspection is rapidly becoming of more vital importance to the agricultural industry, and the provisions of the law should be enforced.

10. That a law be enacted for the complete inspection of illuminating oils, such law raising its own revenue for enforcement. I would recommend a law similar to that in force in the State of North Carolina, which in that State is already providing an annual income of some \$60,000, I understand, and is giving the people adequate protection. South Carolina is now merely a dumping ground for inferior illuminating oils.

11. That the pure food and drug Act of the State should be almost entirely reconstructed and made of real effectiveness. As it stands, though the State Board of Health and this Department, by a co-operative arrangement, have endeavored to bring about some degree of enforcement, the law is so defective in essential particulars and the authority for enforcement is so divided and vague that practically nothing has been accomplished. The inspection work, and, indeed, all matters relating to the enforcement of the law should be in the hands of the Commissioner of Agriculture, and the necessary expenditures should be from the revenue derived from the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act. There is immediate and urgent need for the remodeling of this particular law.

12. That the sums specified in the Factory Inspection Act and the new Act relating to seats for women clerks to be annually provided for by the General Assembly for the enforcement of the labor laws of the State, be appropriated; no proper enforcement of these important laws can be had without the provision being made annually, as required by the Statutes. During the past year these appropriations were not available.

13. That the bill now pending, amending the Factory Inspection Act, so as to incorporate in that Act the system of issuing permits and keeping records of child labor already provided for in the new child labor law, approved by the Governor in February last, and effective January, 1912, and giving authority for the safeguarding of machinery and care for sanitation in manufacturing plants, and, further, changing the dates for filing schedules, be enacted into law. At present no authority is vested in any one to see to the protection from exposed machinery or from bad sanitation.

14. That the admirable Drainage Act passed by the General Assembly at its last session be amended in certain slight particulars necessary for its perfection.

15. That liberal support be given by the State as heretofore to the United States Farm Demonstration work, but that any appropriation made therefor not be chargeable to this Department, but be properly classed under the head of "Miscellaneous," and that the duties of the Commissioner be confined simply to the ministerial function of drawing warrants for the payment of accounts against the appropriation when such accounts have been certified to him from the Washington office of the United States Demonstration work. This will be, in effect, merely following the course heretofore pursued, and relieve the Department from being charged with a large item and much responsibility without executive authority, and, in my opinion, would prove more satisfactory in every sense to all concerned and just as effective in the end

16. That the law relating to hours of labor in textile plants be amended so as to make it at least possible of interpretation. As this Act stands, with its provisos, it gives ample opportunity to frequent open violation of its intent and purpose, and gives rise to continued complaints from the employees which this Department is powerless to handle, the reasons for such inability to act being difficult to explain to the complainants.

17. That the salary of the clerk of this Department be made equal to that of the clerks in the other departments (save two, which are higher) because of increased duties imposed by law. The increase recommended is \$100.00.

18. That the proposed forestry measure now pending before the General Assembly be enacted in order that important work in connection with the conservation of the forestry of the State, now badly needed, may at least have a beginning.

19. That provision be made to carry out the suggestion of the United States Engineer given elsewhere in this report as to the gauging of the rivers of the State. This suggestion calls for merely a small appropriation for work of a co-operative character daily rendered more important by reason of the increased development of the water powers of the State.

20. That authority be given to send such exhibit material as in the judgment of the Commissioner of Agriculture may be necessary, from the State exhibit property, to be permanently installed in the new Southern Commercial Congress building in the city of Washington, the title thereto, however, remaining in the State of South Carolina.

These recommendations, on their face, look alarming, no doubt, but an examination of each will show that they carry practically no increase in appropriations, but simply legal enactments, which, in its experience, this Department deems absolutely necessary for the future welfare and development of the natural resources of the Commonwealth, both material and human. Each of them should appeal to the calm reason of the man who has the welfare of his State at heart. They are made here in cumulative manner for the reason that this Department is now virtually returning to the State Treasury the bulk of what it has to draw out by direct appropriation, after enforcing most of the existing new laws, and will, inside of a year, very probably be returning to the State, not only the amount of the necessary appropriations called for, but also giving to the treasury a fair surplus over and above those appropriations.

In the several reports of the various divisions of this Department I have endeavored to present these matters squarely and honestly, with an eye single to the welfare of the State, in the light of her finances, and am suggesting nothing that does not count for the future in dollars and cents in addition to the material advancement of our people.

I—AGRICULTURE.

As already pointed out in the general introductory portion of this report agriculture in South Carolina in the year 1911, notwithstanding the greatest crop of cotton in volume that the State has ever recorded, driving South Carolina up to fourth as a producing State, suffered severely in money value of products because of the low prices prevailing for the chief product—cotton. The year was a bad one for corn, but notwithstanding that fact the corn crop, under the stimulus of the campaign for more corn, was largely increased over the crop of the preceding year which was the best in the history of the State. The fall hurricane almost eliminated the rice industry as a value factor in this year's crop statistics. While the money loss on the cotton crop, however, was so heavy, the net decrease in value of the leading crops upon the basis of last year was only about \$12,787,000. If there had been a state of preparedness for meeting the conditions in regard to cotton, which confronted the people so suddenly, such as a complete system of warehouses and a means for financing a gradual marketing movement for cotton, perhaps the year 1911 would have resulted in a far different story. The losses have served a good purpose, however, in impressing upon the producer of cotton the absolute necessity of raising home supplies and of arranging at the earliest possible moment for some effective means to enable him to hold his cotton and market it gradually instead of being forced to dump the entire crop on the market almost as soon as it is harvested.

South Carolina's proud and enviable record in agriculture in the past few years has been so fully dealt with in my last annual report, and in the introductory pages of this report that I deem it scarcely worth the time to further dwell upon it.

STATISTICS OF AGRICULTURE.

The following are the latest revised statistics of the chief crops of the State for the years 1910 and 1911, such revision being upon the basis of the 1909-10 Federal Census figures; the figures for preceding years are found fully set forth in the last annual report:

	ACREAGE.	
	1910	1911
Corn..	1,707,000	1,790,000
Wheat..	77,000	83,000

Oats..	336,000	345,000
Barley..	515	500
Rye..	3,000	3,000
Potatoes..	10,000	10,000
Hay..	67,000	64,000
Cotton..	2,534,000	2,705,000
Tobacco..	25,000	13,600
Rice..	17,000	10,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	4,776,515	5,024,100

PRODUCTION.

	1910	1911
Cotton (bales)	1,176,081	1,240,520
Corn (bushels)..	31,580,000	32,578,000
Hay (tons)..	84,000	69,000
Wheat (bushels)..	847,000	946,000
Oats (bushels)	7,056,000	7,038,000
Tobacco (pounds)..	18,802,875	11,016,000
Irish Potatoes (bushels)..	900,000	700,000
Rye (bushels)	30,000	30,000
Rice (bushels)..	357,000	117,000

VALUE OF PRODUCTS.

	1910	1911
Cotton..	\$ 98,630,000	\$ 81,576,360
Corn..	25,896,000	29,646,000
Hay..	1,344,400	1,173,000
Wheat..	1,067,000	1,164,000
Oats..	4,586,000	5,067,000
Tobacco..	1,354,500	1,388,016
Irish Potatoes..	945,000	854,000
Rye..	44,000	44,000
Rice..	268,000	88,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$134,127,500	\$121,000,376

	YIELD PER ACRE.			
	United States		South Carolina	
	1910	1911	1910	1911
Cotton (pounds lint) . . .	169.1	—	216	—
Corn (bushels)	27.4	23.9	18.5	18.2
Wheat (bushels)	15.8	12.5	11.4	11.0
Oats (bushels)	31.9	24.4	20.4	21.0
Potatoes (bushels)	93.4	80.9	70	90
Tobacco (pounds)	795.4	893.7	810	630
Rye (bushels)	16.3	15.6	10.0	10.0
Hay (tons)	1.34	1.10	1.08	1.25
Rice (bushels)	33.8	32.9	11.7	21.0

Particular attention is directed to the steady increases of yields per acre, and their near approach this year to the averages for the United States.

THE RICE INDUSTRY.

The rice industry along the Atlantic coast has met with serious set-backs during the past year, due primarily to the low prices prevailing since the opening of 1910, and the severe storm which wrought damages to the extent of thirty-five to forty per cent. of the crop. The injury to the banks, trunks, etc., on the plantations, which at first was reported as very great, has not been as serious as feared, and almost all of the plantations have already been put in order for the coming crop. Although prices are still low, our planters are hopeful and determined, and considerable progress has been made in preparation for the planting of the crop of 1912. The acreage will not be as large as that of 1910, but more intensive cultivation will be followed, and fertilizers will be used more extensively; following these lines and with normal, favorable weather conditions, it is probable that the intelligent and persistent efforts of our rice planters will be rewarded with the satisfactory results they so fully deserve.

THE TOBACCO CROP.

As was to have been expected, the sales in the loose leaf tobacco markets of South Carolina in October, 1911, were very light, a total of 100,236 pounds being disposed of, at an average of 8.32 cents per pound. Of this amount 23,011 pounds were for producers at first hand, and 77,225 pounds were resales.

Sales were held in Lake City and Nichols only, the former disposing of 45,016 and the latter 55,220 pounds. In October, 1910, there were 1,175,920 pounds sold in the loose leaf tobacco markets, at an average price of 9.6 cents.

There were sold for producers at first hand for the year 1911 a total of 11,101,006 pounds of tobacco, as against 18,802,885 in 1910, a decrease of 7,701,879 pounds, or 40 per cent. The total prices obtained for the two years, and averages per pound were \$1,352,362.84 and \$1,604,685.44, and 12.3 and 8.7 cents respectively, a shrinkage in amount of \$252,222.60, or 15 per cent., in 1911, and an increase of 3.6 cents in average price per pound, or 41 per cent.

The above figures are those from the actual sworn report filed with this Department by the warehouses as required by law. The recently issued Federal Government figures show a slightly different result, a production of 11,116,000 pounds, selling for \$1,388,016, as against the crop of 1910 selling for \$1,354,500, thus indicating that this year's crop, though so much smaller than that of last year, brought over \$33,000.00 more.

The following is the summary of sales for the year by markets:

SOUTH CAROLINA TOBACCO SALES BY MARKETS.—1911.

	July.		August.		September:		October.	
	Pounds.	Amount Paid.	Pounds.	Amount Paid.	Pounds.	Amount Paid.	Pounds.	Amount Paid.
Conway	24,604	\$1,530 36	205,972	\$23,641 03	199,911	\$22,669 77	.....	.....
Darlington	33,085	1,910 46	283,871	35,223 74	440,991	52,853 85	.....	.....
Dillon	6,855	442 28	62,224	8,586 81	42,613	5,393 35	.....	.....
Florence	55,235	3,636 00	265,134	36,547 06	352,918	53,187 14	.....	.....
Kingstree	69,466	4,049 58	388,208	46,580 63	297,371	37,731 40	.....	.....
Lake City	314,388	21,123 45	1,277,911	171,565 55	1,265,552	167,985 96	23,011	\$2,249 44
Loris	33,871	2,123 45	135,524	15,073 91	130,275	12,466 22	.....	.....
Manning	34,060	2,587 33	206,109	25,410 72	288,276	35,548 66	.....	.....
Marion	11,544	821 67	69,245	8,185 83	61,401	6,751 82	.....	.....
Mullins	145,413	9,678 11	1,164,665	149,300 69	900,825	112,814 37	.....	.....
Nichols	89,403	5,766 60	567,176	72,242 98	459,561	53,942 31	.....	.....
Olanto	68,604	3,555 70	181,425	23,578 33	112,339	13,190 91	.....	.....
Timmons ville	67,773	5,047 55	347,467	43,915 10	426,730	53,624 88	.....	.....
Total.....	944,301	\$62,195 38	5,154,931	\$659,857 38	4,978,763	\$628,160 64	23,011	\$2,249 44

Total sales loose leaf tobacco in South Carolina for year 1911, 11,101,006 pounds, for which \$1,352,462.84 was paid.
Decrease in pounds this year, as compared with last, was 7,701,879, or 40 per cent.
Decrease in value this year, as compared with last, was \$252,222.60, or 15 per cent.
Number of markets, 13.
Number of warehouses, 25.

DETAILED STATEMENT FOR TOBACCO SALES FOR 1911, BY MARKETS.
JULY, 1911.

Markets.	Sold for Dealers.		Sold for Producers From First Hand.		Resold by Warehousemen.		Grand Total Sales.	
	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.
Conway .....	.....	.....	24,604	\$1,530 36	.....	.....	24,604	\$1,530 36
Darlington	170	\$8 84	33,085	1,910 46	.....	\$46 64	34,284	1,965 94
Dillon .....	.....	.....	6,855	442 23	.....	.....	6,855	442 23
Florence	3,239	198 00	55,235	3,636 00	.....	19 64	58,890	3,853 64
Kingstree	5,921	465 16	59,466	4,049 58	8,491	226 65	68,878	4,741 89
Lake City	21,438	1,493 06	314,388	21,123 45	58,170	3,715 59	393,996	26,332 10
Loris .....	.....	.....	33,371	2,046 34	.....	14 32	34,229	2,060 66
Manning	110	6 49	34,060	2,587 33	614	32 57	34,784	2,626 39
Marion .....	.....	.....	11,544	821 67	.....	.....	11,544	821 67
Mullins .....	.....	.....	145,413	9,678 11	.....	1,472 76	168,634	11,150 87
Nichols	2,164	181 56	89,408	5,766 60	23,221	1,636 07	120,077	7,584 23
O.anto .....	.....	.....	68,604	3,555 70	186	8 74	68,790	3,564 44
Timmons ville	792	56 35	67,773	5,047 55	42	5 46	68,607	5,112 36
Total.....	33,834	\$2,412 46	944,301	\$62,195 38	115,987	\$7,178 44	1,094,122	\$71,786 28

Grades.	Sold for Dealers.		Sold for Producers From First Hand.		Resold by Warehousemen.		Grand Total Sales.	
	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.
Leaf	81,670	\$2,280 90	800,961	\$53,032 07	83,994	\$5,353 79	916,625	\$60,616 76
Primings	2,164	181 56	107,434	6,861 22	28,510	1,636 07	138,108	8,678 85
Lugs .....	.....	.....	35,906	2,302 09	3,488	188 58	39,389	2,490 67
Total.....	33,834	\$2,412 46	944,301	\$62,195 38	115,987	\$7,178 44	1,094,122	\$71,786 28

Thirteen markets; twenty-five warehouses.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF TOBACCO SALES FOR 1911, BY MARKETS.—Con.

AUGUST, 1911.

Markets.	Sold for Producers From First Hand.		Sold for Dealers.		Resold by Warehousemen.		Grand Total Sales.	
	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.
Conway	205,972	\$23,641 08	12,198	\$1,526 89	21,167	\$2,231 94	239,337	\$27,399 86
Darlington	283,871	35,223 74	10,724	1,278 64	12,925	1,075 51	307,520	37,577 89
Dillon	62,224	8,586 81	7,009	1,154 02	18,487	2,972 44	87,720	12,713 27
Florence	265,134	36,547 06	9,886	1,442 62	6,816	945 03	281,336	38,934 71
Kingstree	388,208	46,580 63	22,564	4,485 82	12,569	1,419 80	423,481	52,486 35
Lake City	1,277,911	171,565 55	123,967	15,862 10	127,269	15,733 27	1,529,147	203,160 92
Loris	135,524	15,078 91	.....	.....	27,207	3,188 57	162,731	18,267 48
Manning	206,109	25,410 72	10,922	1,295 16	5,705	620 53	222,736	27,326 41
Marlon	69,245	8,185 83	2,656	393 98	1,142	110 06	73,043	8,689 87
Mullins	1,164,665	149,300 69	130,495	17,885 54	166,200	19,463 50	1,461,260	186,149 73
Nichols	567,176	72,242 98	105,488	14,230 17	66,961	7,439 40	739,625	93,912 55
Olando	181,425	23,578 33	11,456	1,404 34	10,376	1,157 25	203,257	26,139 92
Timmons ville	347,467	43,915 10	17,884	2,279 80	3,982	364 76	369,283	46,559 66
Total.....	5,154,931	\$659,857 38	465,249	\$62,689 08	480,246	\$56,722 16	6,100,426	\$779,268 62

Grades.	Sold for Producers From First Hand.		Sold for Dealers.		Resold by Warehousemen.		Grand Total Sales.	
	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.
Leaf	5,154,931	\$659,857 38	465,249	\$62,689 08	480,246	\$56,722 16	6,100,426	\$779,268 62

Thirteen markets; twenty-five warehouses.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF TOBACCO SALES FOR 1911, BY MARKETS.—Con.

SEPTEMBER, 1911.

Markets.	Sold for Producers From First Hand.		Sold for Dealers.		Resold by Warehousemen.		Grand Total Sales.	
	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.
Conway	199,911	\$22,669 77	9,402	\$981 85	18,345	\$2,052 08	227,658	\$25,703 68
Darlington	440,991	52,853 85	41,906	5,826 81	40,838	4,813 01	523,735	63,493 17
Dillon	42,613	5,393 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	42,613	5,393 35
Florence	352,918	53,187 14	98,070	15,287 71	4,382	556 48	455,370	68,981 38
Kingstree	287,371	87,181 40	51,519	8,724 44	9,577	1,170 32	358,467	47,626 16
Lake City	1,265,552	167,985 96	194,716	27,379 48	219,815	33,868 84	1,680,083	229,234 28
Loris	130,275	12,466 22	803	50 70	15,129	1,854 24	146,198	14,371 16
Manning	288,276	35,548 66	7,200	974 54	24,634	3,030 44	320,110	39,553 64
Marlon	61,401	6,751 82	874	104 88	24,686	67 13	62,961	6,923 83
Mullins	900,825	112,814 37	210,940	25,698 67	211,129	24,611 77	1,322,894	168,124 81
Nichols	459,561	53,942 31	77,034	10,197 92	73,999	9,350 94	610,594	73,500 17
Olando	112,339	13,190 91	6,913	1,078 46	17,256	2,121 41	136,508	16,390 78
Timmons ville	426,730	53,624 88	31,654	3,627 43	11,676	1,316 39	470,060	58,568 70
Total.....	4,978,763	\$628,160 64	731,031	\$99,882 39	647,457	\$84,822 03	6,357,251	\$812,865 06

Grades.	Sold for Producers From First Hand.		Sold for Dealers.		Resold by Warehousemen.		Grand Total Sales.	
	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.
Leaf	4,978,763	\$628,160 64	731,031	\$99,882 39	647,457	\$84,822 03	6,357,251	\$812,865 06

Thirteen markets; twenty-five warehouses.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF TOBACCO SALES FOR 1911, BY MARKETS.—Con.
OCTOBER, 1911.

Markets.	Sold for Producers From First Hand.		Sold for Dealers.		Resold by Warehousemen.		Grand Total Sales.	
	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.
Conway
Darlington
Dillon
Florence
Kingstree
Lake City	23,011	\$2,249 44	1,079	\$81 08	20,926	\$2,471 97	45,016	\$4,802 49
Loris
Manning
Marlon
Mullins
Nichols	55,220	\$3,925 54	55,220	\$3,925 54
Olando
Timmons ville
Total.....	23,011	\$2,249 44	1,079	\$81 08	76,146	\$6,397 51	100,236	\$8,728 03

Grades.	Sold for Producers From First Hand.		Sold for Dealers.		Resold by Warehousemen.		Grand Total Sales.	
	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.	Pounds Sold.	Amount Paid.
Leaf	23,011	\$2,249 44	1,079	\$81 08	76,146	\$6,397 51	100,236	\$8,728 03

Thirteen markets; twenty-five warehouses.

NEED FOR REPORTS ON COTTON.

One of the greatest needs of the agricultural industry of the State is the securing and furnishing by State authority of accurate information throughout the season in regard to cotton acreage, the growing crop, ginning and marketing. In this connection I wish to repeat with increased earnestness the recommendation made last year: "That a similar law to that requiring the filing of reports of tobacco purchases and sales with the Commissioner of Agriculture be enacted requiring all ginner and cotton buyers to report monthly pounds and bales of cotton ginned in the first instance and number of bales of cotton, grade and prices paid in the second instance."

The Southern Cotton Congress recently adopted the following in regard to this matter:

"Resolved, further, That the Convention favors the adoption of uniform laws by the cotton growing States, providing for the gathering of statistics and facts and estimates from time to time showing, or tending to show, the production of cotton in the cotton growing States.

"Resolved, further, That the Committee on Legislation of this body be instructed to prepare a suitable bill to accomplish this purpose and to submit it to the respective legislatures of the cotton growing States for enactment into law and this information be interchangeable between the several States and to be given to the public simultaneously."

PROGRESS OF SOIL SURVEY WORK.

During the past year much valuable work has been done in the State by the Federal Soil Survey, and as far as possible this Department has co-operated. There is a widespread demand for an extension of the work. By request, Hon. Milton Whitney, Chief of the Federal Bureau of Soils, has furnished the following brief outline of the work in South Carolina during 1911:

The work of the Bureau of Soils of the United States Department of Agriculture, covering the period from 1902 to 1911, inclusive, covers seventeen areas, comprising 5,555,212 acres, two counties being surveyed during 1911, namely, Georgetown and Fairfield, and two counties are promised for the present season, namely, Barnwell and Chester. The following list gives the names of the areas surveyed and assigned, and the number of acres covered by each:

1902 Abbeville area..	664,160 acres
1902 Darlington area..	383,680 acres
1903 Campobello area..	329,420 acres
1904 Charleston area..	225,844 acres
1904 Orangeburg area..	454,080 acres
1904 Lancaster County..	311,232 acres
1905 Cherokee County..	280,912 acres
1905 York County..	428,416 acres
1907 Lee County..	262,848 acres
1907 Sumter County..	275,424 acres
1907 Oconee County..	417,216 acres
1909 Anderson County..	446,080 acres
1909 Saluda County..	283,520 acres
1909 Conway area..	378,880 acres
1910 Clarendon County..	464,000 acres
* 1911 Georgetown County..	
*1911 Fairfield County..	
†1912 Barnwell County..	
†1912 Chester County..	
	<hr/>
	5,555,212 acres

From a comparison of the soils in each separate area, as well as from a comparison of similar soils in other parts of the country, an excellent opportunity is offered to state the relation of various soils to the production of certain crops.

In the course of a survey an opportunity is also offered to find out the soils which are best adapted to the great staple crops in different parts of the country, and to recommend that those soils best suited to these crops be exclusively planted to them, such as the best cotton soils of the South, or the corn soils of the Middle West, or the wheat lands of the Northwest, or the truck soils of the South Atlantic States. In this connection information is furnished in many cases so as to give direct advice as to the giving up of the growing of those crops which are at present grown on certain soils that are not suited to them.

By defining the areas of the various soil types the soil survey furnishes a true basis for experimentation by the various

*Not completed.

†Barnwell and Chester Counties will be assignments for the present season.

cultural methods, fertilization, crop rotation, or crop adaptation. This is done by pointing out the characteristics of the various soils, and the knowledge that such soils need specific treatment depending upon their physical character and natural fertility.

By furnishing definite information about certain sections of the country, new localities can be settled intelligently, without the risk of great disappointment on the part of the prospective emigrant or those seeking to establish colonies. By knowing the demands of settlers we can with the aid of the soil survey furnish definite information in regard to the country which it is proposed to settle.

The soil survey work has not been pushed as rapidly as desired in the State of South Carolina owing to the limited funds available for this purpose, and active co-operation is suggested in order to meet the great demand for this work. Many of the States are appropriating funds to assist in this work, and South Carolina should lend its aid in the study of the soil, its best agricultural use under a wide variety of conditions, and the information thus obtained made available to all farmers who are engaged in the handling of the soils to enable them to keep abreast of the times in the management of their farms.

Sufficient work has been done in the State to warrant the establishment of experimental plots upon a known soil for making tests of the fertilizer requirements, adaptation to special varieties of seeds, and studying the proper time and depth for plowing, and other factors of soil management which enter into the successful handling of a farm.

U. S. Census Farm Data.

THE RATES OF INCREASE AND DECREASE.

The following digest of United States Census Farm data for South Carolina was issued by the United States Census Bureau on June 29 last, and is incorporated herein because of the demand for the information in advance of the publication of the thirteenth census:

Acting Census Director Falkner issued today the first official statement from the Census Bureau relative to the agricultural statistics of the State of South Carolina collected at the Thirteenth Decennial United States Census, April 15, 1910.

It is based on a preliminary comparative summary submitted by Dr. LeGrand Powers, chief statistician of the division of agriculture in the Bureau of the Census. This summary shows, for both the census of 1910 and that of 1900, the reported total value of farm land, buildings, and implements and machinery; total acreage; improved acreage; average acres per farm; average value per acre of farm land and buildings; average value per acre of farm land alone; and the aggregate expenditure for labor and fertilizers. It also distributes the total number of farms according to color of farmer; specified character of tenure; whether held free or mortgaged by owners; and by certain acreage groups.

Attention is called to the fact that the figures are subject to revision later, as a number of farms, whose returns are incomplete, will be included in the final tables. These additions will not, in all probability, modify any of the amounts or rates contained in the present statement.

The census of agriculture was taken primarily for the purpose of obtaining an accurate inventory of all classes of farm property existing on April 15, 1910; a complete exhibit of farm operations during the year ended December 31, 1909; and a statement of the number and value of domestic animals in cities and villages on April 15, 1910.

Statements relative to acreage and yield of crops and the domestic animals of South Carolina will be issued by Census Bureau as soon as the tabulation of this data has been completed.

THE RATES OF INCREASE AND DECREASE.

It is pointed out in the statement today that the principal rates of increase in South Carolina in 1910, as against 1909, among the items for which percentages are given in the first section of the summary, are: In the total expenditure for fertilizers, 237 per cent.; in the average value per acre of farm land alone, 179 per cent.; in the average value per acre of farm land and buildings, 172 per cent.; in the total value of all farm land alone, 169 per cent.; in the total value of farm land and buildings, 162 per cent.; in the total value of farm buildings, 137 per cent.; in the total value of all farm implements and machinery, 112 per cent.; in the total expenditure for labor, 76 per cent.; in the whole number of farms, 13 per cent.; and in the total improved farm acreage, 5 per cent.

Only two decreases are reported among the items for which rates are given in the first section of the summary. These are 16 per cent. in the average acres per farm, and 4 per cent. in the total farm acreage. An explanation of this decrease is given below.

The statement shows in detail that the number of farms reported in 1910 was 176,180, as compared with 155,355 in 1900, an increase of 20,825, or 13 per cent.

FARM VALUE.

The total value of farm land and buildings was given in 1910 as \$331,833,000, as against \$126,762,000 in 1900, an increase of \$205,071,000, or 162 per cent.

The total value of all farm land alone was reported in 1910 as \$267,931,000, as compared with \$99,806,000 in 1900, a gain of \$168,125,000, or 169 per cent.

The total value of all farm buildings alone was given in 1910 as \$63,902,000, as against \$26,956,000 in 1900, an increase of \$36,946,000, or 137 per cent.

In 1910 the value of the farm land alone constituted 81 per cent. of the total value of land and buildings, as compared with 79 per cent. in 1900.

The reported value of farm implements and machinery was \$14,067,000 in 1910, as against \$6,630,000 in 1900, a gain of \$7,437,000 or 112 per cent.

The total acreage reported in 1910 was 13,469,000 acres, as compared with 13,985,000 in 1900, a decrease of 516,000 acres, or 4 per cent. An error of 100,000 acres was found in the total acreage reported for Spartanburg County for 1900, so that the real decrease for the State was 416,000 acres, or 3 per cent. About 350,000 acres of this decrease is found in the coast counties. In 1900 this land was reported to be in farms, although, as a matter of fact, it was woodland and other unimproved land not used for farm purposes. This land was not reported as in farms in 1910.

The improved acreage was returned in 1910 as amounting to 6,085,000 acres, as against 5,776,000 in 1900, an increase of 309,000, or 5 per cent.

The improved acreage formed 45 per cent. of the total acreage in 1910 and 41 per cent. in 1900.

The average acreage per farm reported in 1910 was 76, as against 90 in 1900, a decrease of 14 acres, or 16 per cent.

The average value per acre of farm land and buildings in 1910 is stated as \$24.64, as against \$9.06 in 1900, a rise of \$15.58, or 172 per cent.

The average value per acre of farm land alone in 1910 was reported as \$19.89, while in 1900 it was \$7.14, the amount of gain being \$12.75, or 179 per cent.

COLOR OF FARMERS.

Of the whole number, 176,180, of farms reported in 1910, there were 79,484, or 45 per cent., operated by white farmers, and 96,696, or 55 per cent., by negro and other nonwhite farmers, as compared with a total of 155,355 in 1900, of which 69,954, or 45 per cent., were conducted by white farmers, and 85,401, or 55 per cent., by negroes and other nonwhites. The increase in the number of farms of white farmers during the decade amounted to 9,530, and in the number of farms of negro and other nonwhite farmers, 11,295.

FARM OWNERSHIP.

The total number of farms operated in 1910 by owners, part owners, and owners and tenants, comprising the "all owners" class, was 64,227, as compared with 59,417 in 1900, an increase of 4,810.

The total number of farms conducted in 1910 by cash tenants, share tenants, including standing renters and croppers, and share-cash tenants, comprising the "all tenants" class, was 111,097, as against 94,884 in 1900, an increase of 16,213.

The total number of farms operated by managers in 1910 was 856, as compared with 1,054 in 1900, a decrease of 198.

The total number of farms operated by the "all owners" class constituted 37 per cent. of the whole number of farms in 1910 and 38 per cent. in 1900; those operated by the "all tenants" class, 63 per cent. in 1910 and 61 per cent. in 1900; and those conducted by managers, 0.5 per cent. in 1910, and 0.7 per cent. in 1900.

Of the total number, 64,227, of farms operated in 1910 by the "all owners" class, there were 49,240, or 77 per cent., reported as "owned free of debt," and 14,987, or 23 per cent., reported as mortgaged. There were 1,776 farms for which no mortgage

report was secured, and these are included in the farms "free from debt."

In 1900 information was secured concerning the "owned farm homes." At that time 47,280, or 81 per cent., were reported "free from debt," and 11,181, or 19 per cent., as mortgaged. There were 4,220 farms in 1900 for which no mortgage report was secured, and these were included in the farms "free from debt." The Census Bureau has no information respecting the number of mortgaged farms leased to tenants.

DISTRIBUTION ACCORDING TO ACREAGE GROUPS.

The statement relative to farms distributed according to certain acreage groups shows that those of 19 acres and under numbered 37,932 in 1910 and 33,096 in 1900, a gain of 4,836; of 20 to 49 acres, 70,497 in 1910 and 54,384 in 1900, an increase of 16,113; of 50 to 99 acres, 33,114 in 1910 and 29,944 in 1900, a gain of 3,170; of 100 to 174 acres, 19,406 in 1910 and 20,532 in 1900, a loss of 1,126; of 175 to 499 acres, 12,494 in 1910 and 14,075 in 1900, a decrease of 1,581; of 500 to 999 acres, 1,933 in 1910 and 2,314 in 1900, a loss of 381; and of 1,000 acres and over, 804 in 1910 and 1,010 in 1900, a decrease of 206.

ACREAGE-GROUP PROPORTIONS.

Of the whole number of farms, those of 19 acres and under formed 22 per cent. in 1910 and 21 per cent. in 1900; those of 20 to 49 acres, 40 per cent. in 1910 and 35 per cent. in 1900; those of 50 to 99 acres, 19 per cent. in both 1910 and 1900; those of 100 to 174 acres, 11 per cent. in 1910 and 13 per cent. in 1900; those of 175 to 499 acres, 7 per cent. in 1910 and 9 per cent. in 1900; those of 500 to 999 acres, 1 per cent. in 1910 and 2 per cent. in 1900; and those of 1,000 acres and over, 0.5 per cent. in 1910 and 0.6 per cent. in 1900.

The expenditures for labor in 1910 reached the sum of \$10,734,000 as compared with \$6,107,000 in 1900, an increase of \$4,627,000, or 76 per cent.

The expenditures for fertilizers amounted in 1910 to \$15,130,000 and \$4,494,000 in 1900, an increase of \$10,636, or 237 per cent.

SUMMARY FOR THE STATE.

The preliminary comparative summary follows:
ALL FARMS BY ACREAGE, VALUE OF LAND, BUILDINGS, IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

	1910	1900	Per Cent. of increase, 1900-1910.
All farms	176,180	155,355	13
Total acreage	13,469,000	13,985,000	*4
Improved acreage	6,085,000	5,776,000	5
Average acres per farm.....	76	90	*16
Value of land and buildings.....	\$331,833,000	\$126,762,000	162
Value of land	\$267,931,000	\$99,806,000	169
Value of buildings.....	\$63,902,000	\$26,956,000	137
Value of implements and machinery.....	\$14,067,000	\$6,630,000	112
Average value per acre of land and buildings	\$24 64	\$9 06	172
Average value per acre of land alone....	\$19 89	\$7 14	179
Expenditures for—			
Labor	\$10,734,000	\$6,107,000	76
Fertilizers	\$15,130,000	\$4,494,000	237

*Decrease.

ALL FARMS BY COLOR OF FARMER, TENURE, ACREAGE GROUPS, ETC.

	1910	1900	Amount of increase 1900-1910.
All farms by color of farmer.....	176,180	155,855	20,825
White farmers.....	70,484	69,954	9,530
Negro and other non-white farmers....	96,696	85,401	11,295
All farms by tenure.....	176,180	155,355	20,825
All owners	64,227	59,417	4,810
Owners free	49,240	.....	.....
Owners mortgaged	14,987	.....	.....
All tenants	111,007	94,884	16,213
Managers	856	1,034	*198
Distribution by acreage groups.....	176,180	155,855	20,825
19 acres and under	87,932	33,096	4,836
20 to 49 acres.....	70,497	54,384	16,113
50 to 99 acres	33,114	29,944	8,170
100 to 174 acres	19,406	20,532	*1,126
175 to 499 acres.....	12,494	14,075	*1,581
500 to 999 acres.....	1,933	2,314	*381
1,000 acres and over	804	1,010	*206

*Decrease.

U. S. Statistics of Crops.

The following advance digest was also issued by the U. S. Census Bureau on October 30 last:

Statistics relative to the leading crops for the State of South Carolina, collected at the Thirteenth Decennial Census, April 15, 1910, are contained in an official statement issued today by

Census Director DuRand. It is based on tabular summaries prepared under the direction of Dr. Le Grand Powers, Chief Statistician for Agriculture in the Bureau of the Census. The figures are preliminary and subject to slight revision later, when a few other farms, whose returns, now incomplete, will be included in the final tables. It is not expected that these additions will materially modify the amounts or rates given in the present statement.

The leading crops of the State for 1909, ranked in the order of valuation, were: Cotton, \$80,338,000; corn, \$20,683,000; oats, \$3,809,000; hay and forage, \$3,189,000; sweet potatoes and yams, \$2,607,000; tobacco, \$2,124,000; dry peas, \$1,311,000; potatoes, \$609,000; and rough rice, \$520,000.

INCREASE IN COTTON.

Cotton in the 10 years from 1899 to 1909 increased 482,386 acres, or 23.3 per cent. Starting with 1,364,249 acres in 1879, cotton rose to 1,987,469 in 1889, to 2,074,081 in 1899, and again in 1909, to 2,556,467. The total yield in 1909 was 1,279,866 bales; the average yield per acre, 0.5 bale; the average value per acre, \$31.45.

DECREASE IN CORN.

For the decade ending 1909 corn showed a decrease of 206,225 acres, or 11.6 per cent. From 1,303,404 acres in 1879, corn increased to 1,345,990 in 1889, to 1,772,057 in 1899, but fell in 1909 to 1,565,832. The total production in 1909 was 20,871,946 bushels; the average yield per acre, 13 bushels; the average value per acre \$13.20.

OATS INCREASE.

During the decade between 1899 and 1909 oats increased 101,636 acres, or 45.7 per cent. From 1879, when 261,445 acres were reported, oats rose by 1889 to 308,056, fell to 222,544 by 1899, and again rose by 1909 to 324,180. The total yield in 1909 was 5,746,291 bushels; the average yield per acre, 18 bushels; the average value per acre, \$11.75.

HAY AND FORAGE NEARLY DOUBLES.

During the 10 years between 1899 and 1909, hay and forage increased 103,643 acres, or 97.7 per cent. It rose from 2,837 acres

in 1879 to 29,132 in 1889, to 106,124 in 1899, and again to 209,767 in 1909. The aggregate yield in 1909 was 186,131 tons; the average yield per acre, 0.9 ton; the average value per acre, \$15.20.

SLIGHT INCREASE IN SWEET POTATOES AND YAMS.

Sweet potatoes and yams during the decade between 1899 and 1909 increased 47 acres, or 0.1 per cent. From 39,059 acres in 1879 sweet potatoes and yams rose to 46,086 in 1889, to 48,831 in 1899, and again to 48,878 in 1909. The total yield in 1909 was 4,319,926 bushels; the average yield per acre, 88 bushels; the average value per acre, \$53.35.

SUBSTANTIAL GAIN IN TOBACCO.

Tobacco, from 1899 to 1909, increased 4,089 acres, or 15.7 per cent. From 169 acres in 1879, tobacco advanced to 394 in 1889, to 25,993 in 1899, and again in 1909 to 30,082. The total yield in 1909 was 25,583,049 pounds; the average yield per acre, 850 pounds; the average value per acre, \$70.60.

DRY PEAS INCREASE.

From 143,070 acres in 1899 dry peas increased to 265,632 in 1909, a gain of 122,562 acres, or 85.7 per cent. No acreage for dry peas was reported prior to 1899. The total yield in 1909 was 711,853 bushels; the average yield per acre, 3 bushels; the average value per acre, \$4.95.

SLIGHT INCREASE IN POTATOES.

During the decade ending 1909 potatoes increased 542 acres, or 6.7 per cent. From 1889, when 3,793 acres were harvested, potatoes rose to 8,068 by 1899, and again to 8,610 by 1909. The total yield in 1909 was 782,430 bushels; the average yield per acre, 91 bushels; the average value per acre, \$70.80.

DROP IN ROUGH RICE.

Between 1899 and 1909 rough rice decreased 58,166 acres, or 74.9 per cent. From 78,388 acres in 1879 rough rice fell to 42,238 in 1889, rose to 77,657 in 1899, but again fell to 19,491 in 1909. The total yield in 1909 was 541,570 bushels; the average yield per acre, 28 bushels; the average value per acre, \$26.70.

CROP COMPARISONS.

The cereals had an acreage of 1,955,695 acres in 1909, as compared to 2,251,050 in 1899, a decrease of 295,355 acres, or 13.1 per cent. Among the cereals corn ranked first, comprising about four-fifths of their total acreage and value. Oats stood second, having an acreage and value, respectively, about one-fifth as great as corn. The average value per acre of all cereals combined in 1909 was \$13, less by \$2.20 than that of hay and forage and about two-fifths as great as that of cotton. Of the cereals having important acreages corn ranked highest in average value per acre; wheat, lowest. Of the hay and forage crops "Grains cut green" ranked first in acreage and value, constituting about three-fourths of the entire hay and forage crop. "Other tame or cultivated grasses" was second in acreage and value, being approximately one-fifth and one-fourth, in each respect, as great as "Grains cut green." Coarse forage stood third both in acreage and value. Cotton in acreage and value, respectively, was nearly one and two-thirds and four times as great as corn. There were a few miscellaneous crops, and the most of them were above the more usual crops in value per acre.

THE TABULAR SUMMARY.

The following table presents the statistics of the leading crops and of certain minor crops for the year 1909. Data for other minor crops, fruits, vegetables, etc., will be published later:

Crop.	Farms Reporting.	Acres Harvested.	Quantity.		Value.
			Amount.	Unit.	
CEREALS, total.					
Corn	156,889	1,955,606	27,494,754	Busbels	\$25,434,539
Oats	57,398	1,565,632	20,871,946	do	20,682,682
Wheat	11,356	824,180	5,746,291	do	3,609,345
Barley	190	43,028	810,614	do	886,886
Buckwheat	6	189	8,483	do	4,297
Rye	1,043	9	84	do	101
Kafir corn and milo maize	7	2,968	20,631	do	32,197
Rough rice	3,017	8	185	do	132
		10,491	541,570	do	520,000
OTHER GRAINS AND SEEDS:					
Millet seed	3		139	Busbels	133
Timothy seed	5		54	do	109
Other tame grass seed	3		119	do	200
Dry edible beans	517	(*)	6,825	do	12,778
Dry peas	35,680	(†)	711,853	do	1,311,454
Peanuts	5,846	7,586	154,822	do	144,211
HAY AND FORAGE, total.					
Timothy alone	877	209,787	166,131	Tons	3,189,123
Timothy and clover mixed	30	1,966	1,654	do	25,797
Clover alone	114	376	237	do	4,036
Alfalfa	65	188	536	do	8,629
Millet and Hungarian grass	286	1,147	328	do	6,853
Grasses	6,488	82,237	1,576	do	25,733
Other grasses	1,395	6,506	31,630	do	506,575
	27,778	159,127	6,914	do	102,291
	2,442	8,075	138,096	do	2,387,108
	3	20	9,153	do	121,680
			82	do	420
SUNDRY CROPS:					
Potatoes	13,656	9,610	782,430	Busbels	609,424
Sweet potatoes and yams	88,340	48,678	4,319,926	do	2,606,606
Tobacco	8,106	39,082	25,583,049	Pounds	2,128,576
Cotton	159,167	2,556,467	1,279,868	Bales	80,337,945
Chufas	56	141	2,192	Busbels	3,559
			Total...		\$144,397,319 00

* There were 1,528 acres of dry edible beans reported. A considerable amount of this acreage is a duplication of other crop acreage.
† There were 265,632 acres of dry peas reported. A part of this acreage is a duplication of other crop acreage and a part was pastured and not harvested.

INTO THE FAR-RURAL DISTRICTS.

For the purpose of carrying modern agricultural methods and instruction to the farmer residing in the far-rural districts, or in other words, giving the farmer who rarely gets the chance to attend any kind of agricultural meeting an opportunity to obtain needed advice at his own farm door, a most advanced step in agricultural demonstration campaign was inaugurated in this State, beginning August 20 last, by the State Department of Agriculture.

The plan contemplated the introduction of the motor car for rural campaign service, enabling the campaigners, instead of covering only one place a day by train, to reach some ten or more crowds in different communities each day, without taking into consideration the individuals who could be visited along the public highways.

This new plan of campaign was inaugurated simultaneously with the week's visit of the head of the United States Farm Demonstration work, Bradford Knapp of Washington, D. C., who made the first week's tour and met the people at the eighteen different meetings that were held during the opening week. The territory covered embraced the Pee Dee, Sand Hill belt, Piedmont, the Ridge and Savannah valley sections of the State, and there was an average of three meetings per day.

The schedule of the meetings and the hours for each were as follows:

August 21—Saluda at 11 a. m.; Johnston at 3 p. m.; Edgefield at 5 p. m.

August 22.—Aiken at 10 a. m.; Ridge Spring at 2:30 p. m.; Batesburg at 4 p. m.; Lexington at 6 p. m.

August 23.—Irmo at 9 a. m.; Newberry at 12:30 p. m.; Prosperity at 2 p. m.; White Rock at 5 p. m.

August 24.—Winnsboro at 10:30 a. m.; Blythewood at 12:30 p. m.; Camden at 5 p. m.

August 25.—Bishopville at 12 m.; Hartsville at 4 p. m.

August 26.—Darlington at 10:30 a. m.; Florence at 12 m.

The following announcement was made to the public at the time the campaign was inaugurated:

"The plan announced is unquestionably the most advanced step that has ever been taken in any country for the cause of agriculture, for it is not only logical, but it is designed to meet the demands of the hour. When I found letter after letter pouring

in from farmers all over the State, living from five to twenty miles from a railway station, stating that they were deprived of the privilege of attending county seat and other town meetings and even seeing the demonstration train, which, of course, could only stop at stations, and showing that these very producers were crying and begging for information, I made up my mind that they should have at first hand instruction in the modern methods of farming, as long as it was in my power to give it to them.

"I forthwith began an investigation of conditions and found that with all the methods the farm demonstration work, this Department, Clemson College, the Experimental Station, the Feed Stuffs division of the Department and the Clemson Extension work were employing, we were not reaching more than one-fifth of the agricultural population, which constitutes 82 per cent. of the population of the State. If by reaching the one-fifth we could show an increase in one year's time of \$31,000,000 or 28 per cent. in the agricultural production of the State, I reasoned that it was worth while to try to reach the other four-fifths, and began to investigate as to the best method of accomplishing this end.

"I realized that the automobile has done much to revolutionize farm life in the State, and to it I looked for the fullest fulfillment of its mission. I realized that it could be made the means of educating the farmer crying for education on farming lines, and at the same time serve its completest mission of building good roads, bringing the distant farm to the market doors. I realized also that inspection of products shipped to cross-roads stores could not be conducted in any other way, and that a knowledge of this fact was making unscrupulous dealers bold. Then I consulted with many farmers all over the State, and all were enthusiastic.

"After consultation with the Governor of the State, to whom the plan was explained, I took the matter up with the various automobile manufacturers, and the result is that I have determined to send out Department of Agriculture demonstration car No. 1, carrying experts from the Federal government and our own men, qualified to solve any farmer's problems at his own farm, with instructions to stop when possible at every farm from five to twenty-five miles from a railway station, and at every point within that radius that promises a group meeting, and to show the inquirer what he wants to know. A good roads man from the Federal office it is hoped will be carried along, who will accom-

plish more than all the bulletins that can ever be distributed from Washington or from any other source. The use of the gasoline tractor on the farm is likewise to be explained to the masses of the people, taking the place of animal power.

"Nowhere in the world up to this hour has such a far-reaching scheme been planned and put into execution. I have consulted with the head of the United States Farm Demonstration work, who will personally be with the car for the first week, and others, and all without exception pronounce it the most advanced step that has ever been taken in agricultural development work. As far as I am concerned I am so convinced of the far-reaching results in dollars and cents, and the resultant addition to the wealth of the State, that I am willing to make the far-reaching move. It is a departure from the usual methods, but the times are changing rapidly. Farmers are buying and using cars in their business and they know their value. If by the expenditure of a few hundred dollars the State can even stand a good chance of reaching the four-fifths of the agricultural population not being reached today, I feel that it is well warranted in making the effort at least. In this way the same men who under present conditions speak to from 50 to 250 people a day at one point can speak to thousands at 20 different points, in one day, and I am one of those who believe in seizing every opportunity that science or anything else offers to reach the producer who needs to be reached. That's why this scheme has been launched, and that's why I expect to see it bring far-reaching results."

The motor car being used is the latest model "K" Special of the Oakland Motor Car Company of Pontiac, Mich., a foredoor car of 40 H. P., and is equipped with all appliances necessary for cross country work. The manufacturers of this car, as soon as the first suggestion of this campaign was made, communicated with the Department of Agriculture direct, as well as through their State agents. The Oakland people realized from the first the great value of the proposed method of campaign and undertook to co-operate with the authorities to make the campaign successful.

SEED INSPECTION WORK.

Seed inspection work under the Act of 1909 could not be entered upon until late in the season of 1910, owing to the fact that it was necessary to put in special apparatus at the laboratories, and

throughout we have been hampered for the lack of funds with which to fully operate the law. However, in the summer of 1910 the laboratory got into working shape and an extra skilled assistant was employed to devote his attention to the seed work. The work has been steadily going forward since that time. In the fall of 1910, when the great danger from anthracnose in cotton seed became so apparent, the State Experiment Station detailed an expert inspector, who visited all of the seed houses in this State and those doing business in this State from without the State. He acquainted all of the seedsmen with the provisions and requirements of the law and drew quite a large number of samples. He also drew a large number of samples in the open market in this State and each sample was given a careful test. A large number of seeds were ruled out of the State and ordered off the market, because of low germinating power or of adulterants and impurities. In one instance, in the case of a certain seed farm inside the State, we found the entire farm was infected with anthracnose and the entire output for the season was ordered off the market, and the inspectors saw all of the seed taken to a cotton seed oil mill and reduced to meal and oil. In this one instance alone, probably many thousands of dollars of damage to the coming crop was saved to the growers and a general scattering of this bacterial disease all over the State was averted. I must say, in justice to the proprietor of the seed farm, that he did not know that his seed were infected and as soon as the discovery was made he was quick to act with the authorities in destroying any element of danger that might result.

This spring this division has examined a considerable quantity of corn seed and all seed for other crops. In some instances where growers of good varieties of corn had already distributed seed and found to be of low germinating power, the seed were ordered destroyed and the seedsmen made the shipment good in each case with first class seed. This fall we expected to do more effective work than before, for we were equipped for it now and the laboratories were in a position to handle the business, but there was no inspection fund available. We have made no distinction, so far as the open market is concerned, between home houses and out of the State houses.

There are some very slight changes in the law that should be made, but they relate principally to percentage of impurities and things of that kind. The law in the main has proven satis-

factorily and can be made to work to the material benefit of all parties concerned. The greatest difficulty, of course, is the lack of funds for operation, but this I hope may be cured by means of income from another division of the Department, which, under legislative authority, can be diverted to meet the necessary expenses, or by amendment providing an inspection tax. I would suggest a provision in this regard similar to that in the Tennessee law.

NEED FOR HOME SUPPLIES.

Estimated amounts annually 1910-11 sent outside the State for products that can be raised at home:

For horses and mules.. . . .	\$11,350,000 00
For bacon, etc..	13,000,000 00
For dairy products	12,000,000 00
For flour.. . . .	20,000,000 00
For corn.. . . .	6,000,000 00
For other commercial feed stuffs	3,000,000 00
For hay.. . . .	2,000,000 00
Oats.. . . .	1,000,000 00
	<hr/>
	\$68,350,000 00

In the above estimate no account is taken of the immense amount of canned goods, Western meats or other human food such as catsups, soda crackers, syrups, etc., that are annually purchased from other States by our people. This estimate is a conservative one. All over the State this Department has endeavored to impress the people with the seriousness of this drain upon their resources, and there seems to be an awakening on the subject.

II—LIVE STOCK.

The State Department of Agriculture has always been deeply interested in the live stock industry of the State and has earnestly sought to aid the farmers in improving the existing conditions in every way possible, chiefly for the vital reasons indicated by the foregoing figures.

The Department has made most strenuous efforts during this year to bring about a rapid development of the industry in its various branches, particular attention being given to the beef

cattle, hog raising and sheep raising, with a view to reducing to some extent the immense amount of money now being sent outside of the State for meat for food purposes. All over the State the doctrine of raising home supplies, accompanied by the slogan of the State Live Stock Association, "more live stock and better live stock," has been proclaimed by representatives of this Department, and all other interests working for the upbuilding of the cause of agriculture in the State. There has been during the year noteworthy developments in the branches of the industry indicated.

The enforcement of the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act has had a vitally important bearing on the undertaking.

The chief obstacle to cattle raising has been most forcibly presented recently in the following letter from Dr. Nighbert, who has also taken up this matter with the Governor of the State, and others; the letter speaks for itself, and though no authority is vested in this Department in this branch of work I would most earnestly commend the suggestions made to the careful consideration of the General Assembly.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BUREAU OF ANIMAL
INDUSTRY, LOCAL OFFICE.

210 Federal Building, Atlanta, Georgia, Jan. 8, 1912.

Hon. E. J. Watson, Commissioner of Agriculture,
Columbia, South Carolina.

Dear Sir: I desire to call attention to the co-operative work of this bureau with the State officials and citizens in your State toward relieving the situation and condition regarding cattle raising, feeding and marketing. At present the entire State of South Carolina is quarantined on account of splenetic fever of cattle, except four counties. This condition makes cattle breeding and feeding hazardous and deprives your citizens of the best markets of the country.

This condition discourages the cattle business in the State from every standpoint. Splenetic fever of cattle is transmitted and caused by the common cattle tick. This tick is easily eradicated from the entire State. Four counties, viz: Oconee, Pickens, Greenville and Anderson, have been freed of the tick and released from quarantine. This territory is recognized by the Federal government. Eight other counties and parts of counties, viz: Spartanburg, Cherokee, York, Chester, Union, Laurens, Greenwood

and Abbeville, have been freed the last year and approved for release from quarantine the coming spring.

It is with a good deal of pleasure I recall meeting you at Gaffney, South Carolina, where you addressed a meeting of farmers in company with Congressman Lever, during the spring of 1910. It seems to me there will never be better opportunity to bring this subject of the eradication of the cattle tick before the people and urge early action on their part in order that the work may be completed at the earliest date possible.

Owing to the fact that it has been plainly demonstrated in your State that this work is feasible, I am now negotiating with other State officials and citizens interested urging the movement to take this work up over the remainder of the State. In other words, I urge a Statewide campaign against the tick.

There will be a meeting of the South Carolina Live Stock Association at Columbia on February 8 and 9. Can you not meet with us in order that the matter may be thoroughly discussed? You well understand and know that a cattle industry must be fostered and encouraged in any form of agriculture. The work of tick eradication has long passed the experimental stage; it is today strictly a business proposition and should be handled as such, because it will pay. It may not be possible to conduct active work in the entire State now, but a general educational campaign should be inaugurated in each county, by first promulgating an order prohibiting the movement of tick infested cattle on the public highway and prohibiting transportation of such cattle in any way within the State. There are ways to do this without great inconvenience or expense, simply by placing greater responsibility on persons who desire to deal or traffic in cattle.

The work of tick eradication is far reaching and it will pay to complete the work at the earliest possible date, in order that breeders and feeders and the people generally may receive the benefit of a free and unrestricted cattle traffic and a chance to improve home cattle. Every calf dropped in the presence of tick sufferers from splenetic fever and is stunted in growth throughout its life, for that reason such cattle are never profitable for the dairy, the feed lot or the butcher's block.

The main idea prevailing with the South Carolina planter is to feed cattle from 90 to 120 days in winter, mainly for the manure produced; that plan is probably profitable, simply from a ferti-

lizer standpoint, but most feeders are better satisfied when they get at least all cash back when the cattle are sold.

The losses under the above plan, financially, have in the past been enormous and will continue as long as splenetic fever and the quarantine restrictions are present, because the market price of all cattle that are below the National quarantine line is at a low rate, no matter what the quality, and this price prevails right at the home markets, even if the cattle compare favorably in quality with cattle on the markets above the line. So there you are—good cattle selling lower than the same quality of cattle in the best markets of the country, all on account of the quarantine restrictions. Can this situation and condition be relieved? No, not until the cattle ticks have been eradicated in every county and the territory released from quarantine and so recognized by the United States government.

The reasons for this are simple. Cattle of the infested area, quarantined on account of splenetic fever, which is transmitted by the common cattle tick, when sold either at home or on the best markets of the country at large, are sold as “exposed,” “infested,” “Southern,” or “quarantined” cattle, and the price is fixed lower because the cattle shipped interstate to the best markets of the country must be sold for immediate slaughter, or held and treated under rigid restrictions, which adds expense. The home buyer knows these points as well as the buyers at the big markets and takes advantage of them when good cattle are presented for sale at home.

This feature of the business discourages the winter feeder, because he is knifed from two sides. The South Carolina feeder, in order to get a good grade of cattle that he may feed profitably, must go above the quarantine line in territory already freed of ticks to purchase them, then he pays above the line price. The seller above the line has the advantage, he can ship his feeders anywhere to the best markets without restrictions, or sell to a good advantage at home, so he does not care a snap for the South Carolina feeder’s business. The South Carolina feeder is stung by paying a long price and selling on a short one. Remember, now, it makes no difference how good our cattle are in South Carolina, so long as the tick is present and the quarantine is on, they will sell for a low figure, the difference in price being from one-fourth to one and a half cents per pound in favor of the cattle above the line.

It is now time that the people should act, and it is believed that through your sympathy, moral and active support would be a mighty factor in making these points well understood. When these points are once well understood, it will be an easy matter to convince the General Assembly and others interested of the importance of enacting more suitable laws that will protect the South Carolina planter, cattle breeder and feeder—larger appropriations would then be available.

The completion of this work will save the State thousands of dollars, and at the same time give all interested encouragement in feeding and breeding cattle. It makes no difference what the work of tick eradication costs, the early completion of the work will return over and over every dollar spent.

I would be pleased to have the honor of hearing from you and an opportunity to confer with you further on this subject.

I am, very respectfully,

E. M. NIGHBERT,
Inspector in Charge.

Shortly after the above letter was received the following reached the Commissioner of Agriculture, and is incorporated herein owing to its importance, it being estimated that South Carolina is losing annually one million dollars because of defects in the present law:

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

**BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY,
LOCAL OFFICE,**

210 Federal Building,

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 12, 1912.

Hon. E. J. Watson, Commissioner of Agriculture, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: Referring to your letter of the 10th inst., you are at liberty to use my letter of the 8th instant to the best advantage. Inasmuch as you expect to incorporate same in your official report to the General Assembly, I deem it urgent to inform you of the inadequate law under which the work of tick eradication has progressed the past few years in the State of South Carolina. I am urging a change in this law and hope

that my suggestions are not too late for you to supplement your report with this letter.

The present law gives authority to enter premises and quarantine animals infested with or exposed to the fever tick, but *does not authorize enforcement of disinfection of such animals*, therefore it is readily observed that the work is at a disadvantage and enormous sums of money and time are wasted. Experience has shown that it is an easy matter to get at least fifty to sixty per cent. of the owners of ticky cattle and premises to free same without any trouble in the shortest time possible, the remaining individuals must be time and time again visited, persuaded, coaxed or forced to do the work. This condition prolongs the work three or four years that could be completed within twelve to eighteen months.

Experience has also demonstrated the importance of securing local funds from the County Treasury or private funds from various individuals or associations. This brings the work closer home and establishes an interest and local responsibility.

The following suggestions are essential in a law in order that the work may be done properly and expeditiously. I urge and recommend the following points:

1. To whomsoever the authority and power is conferred to execute law and regulations for the control, suppression and eradication of infectious, contagious and communicable diseases of live stock within the State, the legislative act should plainly define such authority and power covering in detail as far as possible each step in the general provision pertaining to such diseases of live stock.

2. Counties, cities and towns, through boards of health or county commissioners, or other county officers, should be authorized under the law to appropriate funds and adopt such rules and regulations in accordance with the general State law, to protect the health of live stock and the general welfare of the live stock industry in their respective counties, districts or communities.

3. The legislative act should provide for enforcement of disinfection of animals and premises, stating plainly the method of applying materials recognized and approved, with limit in completing the work and penalty if not complied with. Owners or keepers of animals must adopt one or other of approved methods on official notice.

4. The owner of premises, the owner or keeper of exposed or diseased animals, should be held responsible individually and jointly for control of such animals, defining the responsibility, with penalty of law if not complied with.

5. Authority to enter premises, inspect animals and quarantine same, with penalty should such officer be interfered with in any way in executing his official duties. Manner of service of quarantine notice should be defined.

6. Regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, governing the inspection, disinfection, certification, treatment, and manner and methods of delivery and shipment of live stock, which is the subject of interstate commerce, should be recognized and adopted, covering interstate shipments into the State. Federal employees should be authorized and commissioned, without pay, under the State law, in order that complete co-operation may be established between the State and Federal Government.

I thank you, Sir, for your interest in this matter, and hope that you will be able to incorporate the above suggestions in a supplementary report to the General Assembly.

Very respectfully,

E. M. NIGHBERT,

Inspector in Charge.

TICK ERADICATION.

Dr. M. Ray Powers, the State Veterinarian, gives some interesting data as to the progress of tick eradication work in South Carolina and announces the release of considerable additional territory this winter.

Dr. Powers writes: "Tick eradication has been in progress in the following counties of South Carolina since 1907 and 1908: Oconee, Greenville, Pickens, Anderson, Greenwood, Abbeville, Union, Chester, Cherokee, Spartanburg, Laurens and York. Counties of Oconee, Pickens, Greenville, and Anderson were released from Federal quarantine about two years ago and we expect the release of all other counties above mentioned (with the exception of that part of Abbeville County south of the Southern Ry., that portion of Chester County east of the Southern Ry., and that portion of York County south of the Southern Ry.) during December, 1911."

Federal Census Statistics.

The U. S. Census Bureau's advance summary of South Carolina live stock statistics was issued on Sept. 19 last, and is as follows:

Statistics relative to the domestic animals, poultry, and bees reported on farms and ranges for the State of South Carolina at the Thirteenth Decennial Census, April 15, 1910, are contained in an official statement issued today by Census Director Durand. It is based on tabular summaries prepared under the direction of Dr. Le Grand Powers, chief statistician for agriculture, in the Bureau of Census. The figures are preliminary and subject to slight revision later, when the results from a few other farms, whose returns are now incomplete, are included in the final tables. It is not expected that these additions will materially modify the amounts or rates stated herein. Special attention is called to the fact that the present statement relates only to live stock on farms and ranges and does not give the figures for the cities and towns of the State.

AN AGGREGATE INCREASE OF \$24,831,000.

The aggregate value of all domestic animals, poultry, and bees reported in 1910 was \$45,031,000, as compared with \$20,200,000 in 1900; the amount of increase being \$24,831,000, and the rate 122.9 per cent.

The total value of the domestic animals was reported as \$43,690,000 in 1910, as against \$19,167,000 in 1900; the increase amounting to \$24,523,000, or 127.9 per cent.

The poultry were valued at \$1,207,000 in 1910, as compared with \$890,000 in 1900; the gain being \$317,000, or 35.6 per cent.

The bees were valued at \$135,000 in 1910, and \$143,000 in 1900; a decrease of \$8,000, or 5.6 per cent.

INCREASES AND DECREASES OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS, BY CLASSES

Mules and colts had a greater value than any other class of domestic animals both in 1910 and in 1900. Their total value in 1910 was \$23,771,000, while in 1900 it was \$8,416,000, an increase of 182.5 per cent. The total value of horses and colts in 1910 was \$10,123,000, as compared with \$4,847,000 in 1900, an increase of 108.9 per cent. Next in order in 1910 were cattle, with a total value of \$7,076,000, as compared with \$4,335,000 in

1900; an increase amounting to 63.2 per cent. The total value of swine in 1910 was \$2,549,000, while in 1900 it was \$1,412,000; an increase of 80.6 per cent. Sheep and lambs in 1910 were valued at \$81,000, as compared with \$112,000 in 1900. This was the only decrease in any class of domestic animals and amounted to 27.5 per cent. Asses and burros in 1910 were reported as valued at \$61,700, as against \$22,400 in 1900; the increase amounting to 176.1 per cent. Goats and kids in 1910 were valued at \$27,600, as compared with \$24,500 in 1900; an increase of 13 per cent.

Horses and mules in 1910 constituted 75.3 per cent. of the value of all live stock; cattle, 15.7 per cent.; swine 5.7 per cent.; poultry, 2.7 per cent.; bees, 0.3 per cent.; sheep and lambs, 0.2 per cent.; and asses and burros, and goats and kids, each 0.1 per cent.

NUMBER OF FARMS REPORTING EACH CLASS.

The total number of farms in the State in 1910 was 176,180. Of these, 92.3 per cent., or 162,610, reported domestic animals; 69.1 per cent., or 121,729, reported swine; 68 per cent., or 119,855, reported cattle; 55.4 per cent., or 97,684, reported mules or mule colts; and 33.2 per cent., or 58,526, reported horses or colts. Only 1.8 per cent., or 3,171, reported goats or kids; 1 per cent., or 1,721, reported sheep or lambs, and 0.1 per cent., or 227, reported asses or burros.

NUMBER, AGES, AND AVERAGE VALUES OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS, BY CLASSES.

The total number of cattle reported in 1910 was 388,865. Of these, 180,560 were dairy cows, the total value of which was \$4,713,000, and the average value, \$26.10. The number of farms reporting dairy cows was 109,029, or 61.9 per cent. of the total number of farms in the State. On the other hand, cows not kept for dairy purposes numbered 65,111, and their average value was \$14.61. These cows were reported by 25,408 farms, or 14.4 per cent. of all farms. The average number of dairy cows per farm reporting was less than 2, while the average number of cows not kept for milk, per farm reporting that class, was about 3. Yearling heifers—that is, heifers born during the year 1909—numbered 51,545; average value, \$8.80. Mature steers and bulls, born before 1909, were 21,360 in number; average value, \$24.96. Yearling steers and bulls, born in 1909, numbered

21,027; average value, \$8.91. The total number of spring calves born in 1910 was 48,221, and the average value, \$4.66. It may be noted that the census of 1900 showed a larger number of calves, namely, 87,734. This difference is due to the fact that the census of 1900 was taken as of date June 1, after all the spring calves were born, and the group "Calves" included all cattle less than 1 year of age, so that the number of calves was greater than in 1910, when the census was taken as of April 15, and only "Calves born in 1910" were included in the comparative group. In spite of the younger age of the calves in 1910, the average value per head was \$0.54 greater than in 1900. There were also reported 1,041 cattle, not classified by age or sex, having an average value of \$12.38.

The total number of mules and colts reported in 1910 was 155,106. Of these, adult mules born before 1909 numbered 154,441, and their value was \$23,728,000, and average value, \$153.64. Only 528 yearling colts, which are colts born in 1909, were reported, and their average value was \$71.22. Spring colts, born in 1910, were 137 in number, and their average value was reported as \$38.47. There were 399 asses and burros reported, with a total value of \$61,700, and average value of \$154.66.

The total number of horses and colts in 1910 was 79,676, which is about one-half of the number of mules and colts. Of these, 76,807 were classed by the census as mature horses—that is, horses born before 1909, and their value was \$9,949,000, an average value, \$129.53. Yearling colts born in 1909 numbered 2,129, having an average value of \$68.86. Only 740 colts, born in 1910, were reported, and their average value was \$37.93. It may be noted that only 0.4 per cent. of the farms of the State reported spring colts.

The total number of swine in 1910 was 664,475, of which nearly two-thirds, or 421,417, were classed as "hogs born before 1910." The total value of these was \$2,155,000, and the average value, \$5.11. The spring pigs, born in 1910, numbered 243,058, and their average value was reported as \$1.62.

The total number of sheep and lambs reported for 1910 was 37,433. Of these, 22,294 were mature ewes born before 1910, and their total value was \$51,600, or an average of \$2.31. This total value was nearly two-thirds of the total value of all sheep and lambs. Rams and wethers numbered 5,537, and the aver-

age value was \$2.26. Spring lambs were 9,602 in number, and their average value was given as \$1.76. The number of spring lambs was 43.1 per cent. of the number of ewes. There were 24,676 goats and kids reported, having an average value of \$1.12.

POULTRY STATISTICS.

The summary on poultry shows that the total number of farms reporting the different kinds in 1910 was 146,855, the total number of fowls being 2,946,414, and the total value, \$1,207,000.

Of the total number of farms reporting poultry, nearly all, or 146,487, reported chickens, numbering 2,694,970, valued at \$1,036,000; 19,454 reported turkeys, numbering 64,396, valued at \$96,700; 3,633 reported ducks, numbering 15,653, valued at \$7,489; 8,125 reported geese, numbering 59,664, valued at \$32,200; 16,166 reported guinea fowls, numbering 83,152, valued at \$28,200; 1,358 reported pigeons, numbering 28,378, valued at \$5,529; and 69 reported peafowls, numbering 201, valued at \$534.

Of the whole number of farms in the State, those returning chickens were 83.1 per cent.; turkeys, 11 per cent.; guinea fowls, 9.2 per cent.; geese, 4.6 per cent.; ducks, 2.1 per cent.; pigeons, 0.8 per cent., and peafowls, less than one-tenth of 1 per cent. The reported increase in the value of poultry on South Carolina farms in the 10 years, 1900 to 1910, was 35.6 per cent., but the increase in the total number of fowls was only 1.3 per cent. The number of farms reporting poultry increased 14,454; thus the number of fowls per farm reporting decreased from 22 to 20.

NUMBER AND VALUE OF COLONIES OF BEES.

The number of farms reporting bees decreased from 16,272 in 1900 to 12,528 in 1910, or 23 per cent. During the same period the colonies of bees decreased from 93,958 to 75,422, or 19.7 per cent., and the value, from \$143,000 to \$135,000, or 5.6 per cent.

A smaller relative decrease is found in the value of bees than in the number of farms reporting and the number of colonies. Only 7 farms in each 100 reported bees in 1910, while in 1900 they were reported by 10 farms in each 100.

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY—VALUE OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS, POULTRY, AND BEES,
1910 AND 1900.

Kind.	1910 (April 15).		1900 (June 1).		Increase.*	
	Value.	Per Ct. distribution.	Value.	Per Ct. distribution.	Amount.	Per Ct.
Total.....	\$46,031,088	100.0	\$20,199,859	100.0	\$24,831,229	122.9
Cattle	7,076,047	15.7	4,834,714	21.5	2,741,333	63.2
Horses and colts.....	10,123,441	22.5	4,846,908	24.0	5,276,533	108.9
Mules and mule colts.....	23,771,126	52.8	8,415,523	41.7	15,355,603	182.5
Asses and burros.....	61,711	0.1	22,353	0.1	39,358	176.1
Swine	2,548,906	5.7	1,411,516	7.0	1,137,390	80.6
Sheep and lambs	80,981	0.2	111,770	0.6	—30,789	—27.5
Goats and kids	27,639	0.1	24,450	0.1	3,189	13.0
Poultry	1,206,615	2.7	889,953	4.4	316,662	85.6
Bees	134,622	0.3	142,677	0.7	—8,055	—5.6

*A minus sign (—) denotes decrease.

SUMMARY—DOMESTIC ANIMALS: APRIL 15, 1910.

Age and Sex Group.	Farms Reporting.		Animals.		
	Number.	Per Cent. of all farms.	Number.	Value.	Average value.
Total.....	162,610	92.3	.....	\$43,639,851	.....
Cattle	119,855	68.0	388,865	7,076,047	.....
Dairy cows (cows and heifers kept for milk, born before Jan. 1, 1909)	109,029	61.9	180,560	4,712,720	\$26.10
Other cows (cows and heifers not kept for milk, born before Jan. 1, 1909).....	26,408	14.4	65,111	951,549	14.61
Heifers born in 1909.....	83,940	19.3	51,545	453,738	8.80
Calves born after Jan. 1, 1910...	32,892	18.7	48,221	224,746	4.66
Steers and bulls born in 1909....	14,205	8.1	21,027	187,830	8.91
Steers and bulls born before Jan. 1, 1909.....	15,123	8.6	21,360	533,074	21.96
Class not specified.....	20	(*)	1,041	12,890	12.88
Horses and Colts.....	58,526	33.2	79,676	10,123,441	.....
Mares, stallions and geldings born before Jan. 1, 1909.....	58,292	33.1	76,807	9,948,773	129.53
Colts born in 1909.....	1,886	1.1	2,129	146,599	68.86
Colts born after Jan. 1, 1910....	700	0.4	740	28,069	37.93
Mules and Mule Colts.....	97,684	55.4	155,106	23,771,126	.....
Mules born before Jan. 1, 1909..	97,492	55.3	154,441	23,728,254	153.64
Mule colts born in 1909.....	424	0.2	528	37,602	71.22
Mule colts born after Jan. 1, 1910	122	0.1	187	5,270	38.47
Asses and Burros (all ages).....	227	0.1	399	61,711	154.66
Swine	121,729	69.1	664,475	2,548,906	.....
Hogs and pigs born before Jan. 1, 1910	109,251	62.0	421,417	2,155,300	5.11
Pigs born after Jan. 1, 1910....	48,268	24.6	243,058	393,606	1.62
Sheep and Lambs.....	1,721	1.0	37,433	80,981	.....
Ewes born before Jan. 1, 1910...	1,600	0.9	22,294	51,573	2.31
Rams and wethers born before Jan. 1, 1910.....	1,037	0.6	5,587	12,532	2.26
Lambs born after Jan. 1, 1910..	1,084	0.6	9,602	16,876	1.76
Goats and Kids (all ages).....	3,171	1.8	24,676	27,639	1.12

*Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY—POULTRY: 1910 AND 1900.

Kind.	1910 (April 15).				1900, (June 1).
	Farms reporting.		Number of fowls.	Value.	Number of fowls.
	Number.	Per cent of all farms			
Total.....	146,855	83.4	2,946,414	\$1,206,615	2,908,319
Chickens	146,487	83.1	2,694,970	1,035,891	2,664,784
Turkeys	19,454	11.0	64,396	96,711	120,140
Ducks	3,633	2.1	15,653	7,489	39,862
Geese	8,125	4.6	50,664	32,232	83,543
Guinea fowls	16,166	9.2	83,152	28,229	(*)
Pigeons	1,358	0.8	28,378	5,529	(†)
Peafowls	69	(‡)	201	534	(‡)

*Included with chickens. †Not reported. ‡Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

III.—FARM DEMONSTRATION WORK.

Most conspicuous among the agencies making for the fullest development of the agricultural industry of the State has been the increased activities of the U. S. Farm Demonstration Work, conducted by Prof. Ira W. Williams, the State Agent.

It was particularly gratifying to the agricultural population of the State, that the General Assembly at its last session appropriated \$10,000 with which to supplement the funds of Dr. Knapp's office and extend the work in the State. The expenditure of this money was put jointly in the hands of Prof. Williams and the State Commissioner of Agriculture, and it has been used as judiciously and advantageously as possible. Appended to this report will be found an itemized statement as to how the money was expended.

Owing to the State's connection with the work and the fact that the field operations have been conducted by Mr. Williams, he has filed with this Department the following report for incorporation in this report for submission to your Excellency and the members of the General Assembly.

STATE AGENT'S REPORT.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 13, 1911.

Hon. E. J. Watson, Commissioner of Agriculture, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: At your request for your annual report I am sending you, herewith, brief statement of the Farm Demonstration Work in South Carolina.

We have employed this year in the State fifty agents, one for each County in the State except Beaufort, two district agents and a State Agent, with some additional work in Lexington, Richland, Fairfield and Clarendon Counties. These Agents have under their supervision about 3,000 demonstrators and co-operators located in the different sections of their county. The results of their work this year on the plots for demonstration purposes have been beyond expectation, considering the fact that it was a dry year for corn.

The demonstrators have, in almost every instance, succeeded in making large yields and have succeeded in making profitable corn crops. Notwithstanding the drought, in my opinion, more corn will be made in South Carolina this year than in any previous year, because better methods of cultivation have been extended over so much greater area, which has heretofore been given to poor methods producing very much lower yields.

The production of cotton has been excellent. All the record books, however, have not been received, but the indications show more than satisfactory results. The important feature about the demonstration work proper is that most all of the demonstrators, as well as a large number of other people, have begun to follow the demonstration methods on their entire farm.

We are insisting strongly on a rotation of crops, the sowing of small grain, and the reduction of the cotton acreage—by this means building up the soil so that the enormous amount of commercial fertilizer as now purchased will not be needed, or if used at all will bring far greater results. It is estimated by the Department of Agriculture that, at least, one-third of what we pay for commercial fertilizer is lost. With a good system of crops, raising of corn, oats and peas along with cotton, we will not only be able to produce larger crops per acre, but will be able to produce them very much cheaper than at the present time.

The Boys' Corn Club work this year, at the request of Clemson College, has been conducted by Prof. C. B. Haddon in co-operation with the College.

The Girls' Tomato Club work, which has been extended considerably the past year, has been placed in co-operation with Winthrop College. One girl produced 900 cans on one-tenth of an acre, thus surpassing the record of Katie Gunter. The General Education Board has been so encouraged by this work that

they have appropriated money with which to finance the work very much more successfully than in the past.

One agent, Mr. J. L. Carbery, has been employed to do garden work among the mill village people. This is a work very much needed and a work that has accomplished a great deal of good towards helping these people create a better living for themselves and to save some money, as well as give them a greater encouragement along the lines of their life work. I have met the clubs and aided in the work in whatever way possible and have seen the wonderful results therefrom. The work is being paid for out of the funds appropriated by the State. It is hoped that Congress will take up this question and make an appropriation for this class of people who have heretofore not received any direct aid by either the State or the Nation. Mr. Thomas F. Parker has given great co-operation along this line and the work has been done in connection with the Monaghan Mill, using this mill in attempting to work out a definite system to be used in all the mill villages.

The special demonstration farms, to show the quick development and possibilities of poor land, both in the Piedmont and Sand Hill sections, have been very successful. They have been of great benefit to the people in the surrounding countries and have gone beyond our expectations in the matter of results in so short a time. These are the farms of Thomas F. Parker, at Greenville, S. C., who pays all the expenses of the demonstration experimental work, and Thomas Hitchcock, at Aiken, S. C.

The farm at Aiken, which is said to be poor Sand Hill land, has demonstrated that good crops can be produced in wet and dry years both in corn and cotton. These farms should be visited by as many people as possible, in order that the striking results may be pointed out.

These farms have been no expense in any way to the Department.

Another work which has been carried on by the Department for the past two years is that of the production of a better staple cotton. Numerous instances have proven that as much cotton can be raised per acre with a good variety of staple as any other variety, and some of the mills in this State that have heretofore been buying cotton from Mississippi to supply their demand have informed me that they have not had to buy any more cotton from the West this year to use in their mills that

are making the finest goods. It is important to realize that these varieties of cotton cannot be raised carelessly. Numerous things must be taken into consideration. We hope in a very short time to issue a circular pointing out the good points in regard to the raising of this cotton.

Seed bred by Mr. D. R. Coker and Mr. R. C. Keenan have been giving the best results. The "Keenan" and the "Columbia" cotton have been bred by Mr. Keenan, the "Webber" and the "Hartsville No. 7" by Mr. Coker. The common Hartsville, in most cases, only gives $1\frac{1}{8}$ inch staple, and it seems that we should not encourage the raising of this grade, as $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch staple can be raised equally as well.

In all the Piedmont Counties, twenty-two in number, we have put in special grass demonstrations—five each in most counties. We hope to prove that equally as good grasses can be raised in this section of the State as can be raised in any other part of the country. The results of this we will be able to give out later.

As to winter cover crops there has been such a tremendous increase that it is impossible to point out, as we have in previous reports past, the number of acres that are being planted in these crops. Our farmers have learned by the experience of the past that a winter cover crop is one of the most helpful methods of handling their soil and checking the fertilizer bill. The work is on a substantial and sound foundation and is well organized. This work is calculated to continue to produce good results for some time to come. All of the agents are encouraging very much the introduction of better live stock—one of the most helpful adjuncts to Southern agriculture. Results from this line of work will be forthcoming in a very few years.

The Farm Demonstration Agents employed in South Carolina this year were as follows:

Antley, A. O., St. Matthews; Anderson, W. L., Ninety-Six; Alston, R. L., Georgetown; Baker, L. L., Bishopville; Barton, W. H., Simpsonville; Brown, E. A., Camden; Blair, J. R., Sharon; Bethea, A. M., Dillon; Baggott, J. O., Saluda; Cromer, Marie S. (Miss), Aiken; Cunningham, R. L., Chester; Carnell, F. W., Union; Cousar, H. N., Latta; Chappell, L. C., Lykesland; Carbery, J. L., Greenville; Derrick, G. A., Lexington; Duncan, S. M., Newberry; Dusenbury, Chas., Conway; Elliott, W. R., Winnsboro; Epps, T. O., Kingstree; Harrell, A. S., Brun-

son; Holland, M. G., Walhalla; Harris, J. W., Spartanburg; Harman, J. W. P., Aiken; Harrell, N. R., Darlington; Lever, W. T. J., Blythewood; Lott, P. N., Johnston; Lambert, J. H., Marion; McFaddin, C. A., Manning; McManus, C. L., Lancaster; Rothrock, J. W., Pendleton; Reid, S. F., Abbeville; Stewart, W. P., Greenville; Smith, D. L., Walterboro; Summers, J. A., Springfield; Shealy, J. W., Ballentine; Tarrant, D. L., Springfield; Tiller, W. J., Chesterfield; White, R. D., Alcolu; Williams, J. F., Sumter, R. No. 3; Williams, J. A., Dacusville; Woodley, J. A., Tatum; Willis, H. E., Florence; Welsh, S. N., Elliotts; Watts, Jno. D. W., Laurens.

Respectfully submitted,

IRA W. WILLIAMS,

State Agent.

CHANGE FOR THE FUTURE.

Just as this report was ready to go to the printer the following letter, which is self-explanatory, was received by the Commissioner of Agriculture:

Washington, D. C., Jan. 8, 1912.

Hon. E. J. Watson, Commissioner of Agriculture, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Col. Watson: At this time I desire to thank you for the many kindnesses received in the past, and for the hearty co-operation which the Farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work has received from the people of South Carolina, through the appropriation extended for the past two years to your Department. At the same time I desire to announce that arrangements have been perfected which will do away with the necessity of any further appropriation. The activities of the Farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work are, and have always been, largely educational in their nature. Recently arrangements have been perfected with Clemson College for active co-operation between the extension forces of the College and our forces. This co-operation will be not only of a close personal nature, but will result in the financial support of the work by the College. This arrangement has been entered into with the sole desire on the part of the College and the Farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work to render the greatest possible service to the farmers of the State of South Carolina.

Again thanking you, and trusting that the State Department of Agriculture will continue to work in accord with all of the agricultural forces of the State of South Carolina, I remain,

Very truly yours,

BRADFORD KNAPP,

Special Agent in Charge.

Before the receipt of this letter, the recommendation made herein that any appropriation made for support of this would in the future be placed directly under the control of the Washington authorities had been incorporated in this report.

This Department I wish to say, however, is in no wise responsible for this change. Throughout the heartiest co-operation has been given and the management of all the work done in this State has been left to the authorities of the Demonstration Work. I trust that under the new arrangement the success that has always attended this work will continue.

IV.—FARM MANAGEMENT.

The Office of Farm Management of the U. S. Bureau of Plant Industry has pursued its policy of former years in South Carolina by continuing its investigations of agricultural conditions, finding the defects and devising plans for remedying them with the ultimate aim of establishing successful systems of farming. In caring for the soil, and increasing the growth of forage, the work with leguminous crop has been an important part. The tests made over a period of three years has shown that vetch for all conditions is superior to the clovers for a winter cover crop. Consequently, efforts have been made to extend its culture as much as possible. There are now over a thousand fields in the State and wherever the special requirements for planting have been provided, successful results have been obtained. This crop should be grown more extensively in the State. Inoculation and planting at the proper time are necessary. Only the hairy vetch should be used, unless under special conditions. Yields of from one to three tons per acre are common.

Work with alfalfa has progressed. Alfalfa can be grown on all ordinary soils in South Carolina. Failures are due to lack of knowledge in growing the crop. As to whether it is an economic proposition must be left for the farmers to decide.

The drainage work has borne satisfactory results. The State is poorly drained and must make greater use of the new drainage law and put in more tile before agriculture can develop much further. The Office of Farm Management inaugurated the drainage campaign nearly two years ago, which led to the enactment of the drainage law, greater use of tile and the establishment of a tile factory at Bowman.

The corn breeding work has been continued and good results obtained. Seed taken from one of the breeding plots on the Taylor farm produced the best fifty ears from South Carolina shown at the South Atlantic Corn Exposition.

Farm Management Work has been carried on with nine farmers. The use of improved machinery, rotation of crops, drainage, better fertilization, and generally improved methods in farming have been valuable object lessons to the surrounding community.

The Experiment Farm at Aiken has shown the possibilities of Sand Hill land. This farm has been conducted for two years and the experimental evidence being obtained in the rotation of crops, use of barnyard manure, deep and shallow plowing, various fertilizers as a source of phosphorus, etc., will be of great value to the farmers when further use is made of it.

Thirty-five talks have been made at farmers' meetings.

Material has been obtained and a manuscript submitted for a circular on vetch which will appear in the near future.

These and other things too numerous to mention have constituted the work of the Office of Farm Management in South Carolina during 1911.

V.—CORN BREEDING AND EXPOSITION.

The South Atlantic Corn Exposition opened its doors to the general public for the second time at Craven Hall in Columbia, December 11 to 16. It is impossible to conceive the wonderful benefit this great institution has been to South Carolina, and the South. First made possible by an appropriation of \$1,000 from the General Assembly, it organized the first Corn Exposition ever held south of Mason and Dixon's line. This attracted national interest, and has done much to advertise the agricultural possibilities of South Carolina throughout the country. It was directly due to this Exposition that the great National Corn Exposition consented to come to Columbia in 1913, and follow-

ing the lead of South Carolina, Georgia held an all-Southern Exposition in Atlanta, December 4 to 8 of this year.

The second South Atlantic Corn Exposition received a legislative appropriation of \$3,000 to aid it in its work. This was supplemented by nearly \$5,000 from various agencies, including manufacturing concerns, fertilizer companies, etc. North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia were made eligible to entry. Competitive samples of carefully selected corn were sent from these three States, there being over twelve hundred entries from eight hundred exhibitors. The object of the Corn Exposition is to improve the quality of the corn by breeding and selection. No one had any idea that such great improvement could be made in one year's time as was shown in the corn exhibited at the second Exposition. In every way it was far superior to that shown at the first.

Two corn judges of national reputation were secured to judge the sweepstakes and grand champion prizes. One of these was L. B. Clore, of Franklin, Indiana, who not only is recognized as the best corn judge in the world, but has made a great reputation as an exhibitor, having in the last three years won over \$10,000 in prizes at Northern shows. The other was W. H. Young, of Athens, Ill., one of the founders of the Illinois Corn Breeders' Association, and a leading grower of pure bred corn. The work of these two men was a revelation and an education to the farmers. Both stated that the market condition of the corn exhibited was the best of any show at which they had judged this year.

A high class programme, dealing with practical agricultural subjects, was given. The speakers included Miss O. I. Tillman, of the North Carolina Agricultural College; H. W. Barre and A. F. Conradi, of Clemson College; D. R. Coker, of Hartsville, S. C.; L. B. Clore, of Franklin, Ind., and C. H. Kyle and Bradford Knapp, of the Federal Department of Agriculture. In addition to these J. N. Napier, of Clemson College, conducted a Corn Judging School. These things were of great educational value to the farmers.

So efficient and effective has been the work of the South Atlantic Corn Exposition, it has met with the hearty approval of the Federal Department of Agriculture, and it has consented to detail a man who will devote his time to corn breeding and

corn improvement work in South Carolina. This in itself is worth all the effort used in developing the Exposition.

The legislative commission, consisting of A. D. Hudson, Newberry; E. J. Watson, Commissioner of Agriculture; D. N. Barrow, Clemson College; L. L. Baker, Bishopville, and W. R. Perkins, Clemson College, worked faithfully to make the Exposition a success, and feels that the State has received more than abundant returns for the money it has appropriated for organizing and conducting the Corn Exposition.

VI.—STATE CORN CONTEST.

The Fifth Annual State Corn Contest has again demonstrated the possibilities of South Carolina as a corn-growing State. While the yields were not as high as last year, owing to unseasonable conditions, yet excellent results were obtained in the men's five-acre contest, and both the men's and boys' one-acre contest. The winners with the yields, profits and score on points are shown in the accompanying table:

Name and Contest.	Rank.	Prize.	Yield Per Acre.	Profit Per Acre.	Points.						
					Purity and Selection of Seed.	Method of Culture.	Report.	Yield.	Quality of Crop.	Profits.	Total Points.
Five-Acre Contest—Men's.											
A. W. Gilmore, Santuc...	1	\$100	96.7	111.10	6	25	14	25	9	15	94.
J. A. Shanklin, Manager Taylor Plantation, Cola.	2	50	80.6	92.48	7	25	14	20.8	9	12.7	88.5
C. W. Josey, St. Charles..	3	30	46.2	43.28	7	25	14	12.	9.5	6	73.5
E. E. Ritter Cope.....	4	20	65.6	64.65	5	20	13	17	7	8.9	70.9
One-Acre Contest—Men's.											
Guy H. Norris, Anderson..	1	100	113	82.56	7.5	20	15	25	9.5	13.6	93.
J. Swinton Whaley, Edisto Island	2	50	88.38	91.80	5.5	23	14	20	7.5	15	85
Z. T. Davis, Greenwood....	3	30	110.6	86.95	6	20	11	17	8	14.4	84.4
E. E. Ritter, Cope.....	4	20	64	71.10	5	25	14	14.5	7	12	77.5
One-Acre Contest—Boys'.											
Jerry H. Moore, Mars Bluff	1	50	164.46	126.00	6.5	18	7	25	8	15	79.5
Douglas Glenn, Lancaster..	2	25	57.00	46.10	5	20	7	8.5	7	5.6	53.1
Yancy Mathis, St. Charles.	3	15	51.3	15.09	5	17	14	8	7	1.8	52.8
Turner Wessinger, Blythe- wood	4	10	60.00	55.00	2	15	10	9	4	6.6	46.6

A. W. Gilmore of Santuc won the men's five-acre contest with a yield of 97.6 bushels per acre, a profit of \$110.10 per acre, and a score of 94. Guy H. Norris, Anderson, won the men's one-acre contest with a yield of 113 bushels, a profit of \$82.56 and a score of 93. In the boys' acre contest, Jerry Moore again dem-

onstrated his capabilities as a corn grower and won with a yield of 164.46 bushels, a profit of \$126, and a score of 79.5.

An examination of the corn was made in the State Feedstuffs Laboratory, and it was found that it was equal or superior in quality, as far as acidity was concerned, to the best corn shipped in from the North. Also the corn analyzed well up in protein, which means a high feeding value. All the samples of corn sent in were free from excess moisture, showing that the corn was well matured before harvesting. A list of some of the growers, showing the moisture content, per cent. of protein and acidity of their corn, is given herewith:

	Moisture.	Protein.	Acidity.
John Foxworth, Cades.. . . .	11.30%	8.02%	15c.c.
L. McAfee, Chester.	9.28%	7.45%	11c.c.
Carl McMurray, Lancaster.. . . .	10.78%	9.86%	12c.c.
Archie Cook, Columbia (Alexander six-ear).. . . .	12.5%	9.21%	9c.c.
Yancy Mathis, St. Charles, (Garrick's Prolific).. . . .	9.70%	8.55%	9c.c.
Claud R. Adams, Gibson.. . . .	11.15%	9.30%	12c.c.
Douglas Glenn, Lancaster.. . . .	12.32%	10.30%	20c.c.
J. A. Shanklin, Columbia.. . . .	9%	9.16%	6c.c.
Jerry Moore, Mars Bluff, (Batt's Prolific).. . . .	11.80%	9.69%	11c.c.
C. W. Josey, St. Charles (Josey's Improved).. . . .	11.15%	8.77%	10c.c.
McLaurin Lester, McColl (Marlboro).. . . .	10.60%	8.99%	10c.c.
H. B. Floyd, Jr., Floydale.. . . .	10.50%	8.51%	11c.c.

These analyses indicate that a good quality of corn can be grown in South Carolina.

Some valuable lessons have been learned from this year's contest. In the first place, the competitors should realize that unless they make the proper entry, fill out the manual, and send a sample of their corn to this Department, no prize can be awarded them. Some have sent in the manual without the corn, and some have sent in the corn without the manual. It is the one who makes the highest score and not necessarily the one who makes the highest yield that wins, although it is usually

found that the man who makes the highest yield is careful in all things.

Farmers should not try to deceive themselves nor the Commissioner in making the measurement of the corn. The best way is to wait until the corn is well matured before harvesting, then shuck all the corn clean and weigh, not leave the husk on or merely measure in a basket or barrel. After the corn is all weighed, a sample of not less than one hundred pounds should be taken and shelled and the percentage of shelled corn calculated with this, the amount of shelled corn per acre can be determined. A sample should also be sent to the Department for determining the moisture. Fifty-six pounds constitute a bushel of shelled corn and 43,560 sq. ft. an acre. Much criticism, perhaps undeserved, has been made heretofore, especially among scientific agriculturists, in regard to the manner of harvesting the acres of corn, not only in South Carolina, but throughout the South. The effort is made in this State contest to use methods that will stand every test of reliability.

The importance of breeding and quality in the seed used in planting cannot be overestimated. It is noticed that good seed and good yields are usually found together. There were some excellent samples of corn sent in this year, and with better selection and breeding there is no reason why the best of strains and varieties cannot be developed. Equally important with good breeding and selection in seed, is the germination test. It is believed that this State loses a million dollars annually in the corn crop on account of low vitality in seed. A single germination test, made in the proper manner, will convince anyone of its value. Certainly no one can afford to plant a prize acre without first making a germination test of the seed. The value of the stover should not be forgotten. South Carolina is short on hay, and being short on hay is consequently short on live stock. Peas should be planted in the corn and the stover carefully cared for in order to increase our supply of forage.

Next year with the great National Corn Exposition in South Carolina, more people should enter the State contest. Let us show to the country that we can grow all the corn we need, and let us make our measurements so carefully that even the most skeptical will be convinced that it is correct.

VII.—THE COTTON CROP.

Cotton is still the great money crop of South Carolina, the State ranking this year as the fourth cotton-producing State of the Union. Conditions have forced the people to give more attention to phases of cotton growing and marketing than ever before during the fall of 1911. The economics of the crop are being studied as never before, and for that reason some salient and essential facts are incorporated in this report. It is to be hoped that some definite business-like method of gradual marketing will result from all of the discussion that has been in progress since September, and that more knowledge as to length of staple and other essentials to the successful development of the industry will be absorbed and applied.

This Department has, for a number of years, given the most painstaking study and consideration to every phase of cotton production, marketing, exporting and manufacture, and on all occasions has endeavored to present essential facts to the producing classes at first hand, with a view to arousing our people to a proper knowledge of everything pertaining to cotton.

THE 1911 CROP.

During the past year the people of this State planted 2,705,000 acres in cotton, against 2,626,000 last year. At one time during the year, because of drought, the cotton planters were almost in a panic for fear of material damage, but suddenly the seasons changed toward early fall, and it was quickly seen that the 1911 crop would be by far the largest crop ever produced in the State of South Carolina. The crop matured early in the season, and practically all at one time, and it is to be doubted if there will ever be such a combination of conditions, producing a maximum growth to the individual plant as existed this year. By December 13, 1,423,383 running bales of cotton had been ginned.

Up to January 1, 1912, there has been ginned 1,509,297 bales, and it would appear that not all of the ginning has yet been done. In many sections there is cotton still in the field, unpicked, which will, probably, be turned under.

Ginning this year has been done in 3,303 ginneries, against 2,229 last year.

THE SEA ISLAND CROP.

The Sea Island crop in the State has steadily decreased. In 1908, the crop was 14,534 bales, in 1909, 14,573, in 1910, 13,616, and this year, up to December 13, only 4,442 bales had been ginned. There is a tendency in the Sea Island region, on account of market conditions, to almost abandon the growing of Sea Island cotton, replacing it with upland long staple and short staple, and in a number of instances Sea Island planters have gone more extensively into corn raising.

The following statement of this year's crop, with comparisons for the last three years, indicates the rapid decline of the Sea Island:

County.	Ginned to December 13—				Crop—		
	1911.	1910.	1909.	1908.	1910.	1909.	1908.
Beaufort	491	825	1,289	1,036	1,538	2,143	1,898
Charleston	8,947	8,651	9,298	10,079	11,184	12,223	12,347
All other counties.....	4	173	158	177	294	207	230
The State.....	4,442	9,649	10,743	11,292	13,016	14,573	14,534

1911 CROP BY COUNTIES.

The following table shows the amount of cotton ginned up to December 13 this year, in comparison with amounts ginned at the same dates in the past three years, and of the total crops of the last three years, by counties:

County.	RUNNING BALES. (Counting round as half bales and excluding lintera.)						
	Ginned to December 13—				Crop—		
	1911.	1910.	1909.	1908.	1910.	1909.	1908.
Abbeville	38,202	31,547	27,727	31,683	32,804	29,854	34,572
Aiken	45,008	32,554	35,671	32,474	36,160	37,500	34,587
Anderson	73,342	60,375	46,097	57,947	63,175	49,501	63,183
Bamberg	24,097	15,280	20,599	21,246	16,572	21,396	21,897
Barnwell	56,588	39,750	41,865	40,187	42,958	43,248	41,599
Beaufort	6,869	7,527	6,530	5,613	9,904	7,744	6,916
Berkeley	14,330	11,861	11,943	17,260	12,465	12,408	13,173
Calhoun	23,336	18,353	21,140	22,170	21,441	23,244	23,973
Charleston	10,106	11,194	10,831	10,782	14,169	13,436	13,126
Cherokee	15,350	13,903	11,644	13,866	14,793	12,131	14,867
Chester	32,912	27,153	20,388	25,809	28,384	21,931	26,903
Chesterfield	28,723	25,833	22,418	20,835	29,378	24,063	22,726
Clarendon	41,436	32,350	30,162	28,320	36,060	31,832	29,889
Colleton	18,154	14,257	15,891	15,207	15,571	16,844	16,315
Darlington	47,100	35,375	41,108	37,675	40,369	42,547	39,724
Dillon *	59,347	35,918	38,207	.....	40,376	40,340	.....
Dorchester	14,912	11,645	11,353	11,423	14,188	11,530	11,758
Edgefield	34,801	24,715	25,394	24,738	26,430	27,611	26,201
Fairfield	29,219	24,599	19,897	26,844	25,632	21,179	23,662
Florence	46,261	31,407	35,738	29,695	33,916	37,411	30,855
Georgetown	4,611	3,272	3,716	3,500	3,464	3,946	3,713
Greenville	47,498	33,767	25,903	35,406	37,369	29,488	40,323
Greenwood	40,262	28,055	25,718	31,807	29,744	23,073	34,360
Hampton	21,622	15,113	18,605	14,967	16,642	19,559	15,974
Horry	11,632	7,652	7,800	7,185	8,486	8,203	8,372
Kershaw	30,239	20,661	17,449	20,232	23,063	19,619	21,341
Lancaster	26,769	22,546	18,591	23,817	24,556	20,735	25,313
Laurens	49,155	40,386	30,132	39,182	42,312	32,321	42,439
Lee	37,438	25,623	30,444	32,793	23,459	32,246	35,136
Lexington	29,048	21,886	20,379	19,993	24,177	21,632	21,934
Marion *	23,272	16,720	17,301	46,499	17,810	18,041	49,082
Marlboro	70,063	58,752	64,719	56,171	66,418	67,842	58,598
Newberry	39,821	31,763	27,607	34,806	33,826	29,304	37,501
Oconee	19,980	13,677	12,577	16,032	15,196	13,714	17,979
Orangeburg	68,576	51,886	58,823	50,429	56,596	62,412	53,724
Pickens	19,638	12,471	11,500	17,084	15,163	13,061	19,410
Richland	19,601	14,476	15,580	14,137	15,249	16,332	15,655
Saluda	26,517	17,932	18,869	21,323	19,437	19,706	22,935
Spartanburg	70,992	54,970	41,933	55,086	59,711	46,206	59,705
Sumter	42,151	30,638	27,432	33,544	33,535	29,205	35,186
Union	21,767	17,739	13,321	18,536	18,167	13,945	19,693
Williamsburg	30,021	22,766	29,982	27,297	24,790	31,144	23,470
York	43,122	39,215	32,335	40,533	41,508	34,790	43,132
The State.....	1,423,383	1,107,556	1,064,819	1,134,133	1,210,963	1,137,382	1,215,843

*Dillon County organized from part of Marion.

CROPS OF PAST YEARS.

The crop of South Carolina in 1910 nearly equalled, in number of bales, the crop of 1908, and exceeded the State's production for any other year. The following summarized table gives statistics for the past five years on the total crop:

Growth Year.	Cotton Produced.											Per Cent. of total	Rank in production ginned.
	Equivalent 500-pound bales.				Running bales.								
	Including lintera.		Excluding lintera.		Total.	Upland.		Sea-Island.	Lintera.				
	Gross.	Net.	Gross.	Square.		Round.							
1910	1,240,540	1,191,929	1,137,658	1,163,501	1,240,540	1,197,952	.....	13,016	29,572	9.9	5	
1909	1,164,309	1,126,049	1,075,169	1,099,955	1,164,309	1,122,809	.....	14,573	26,927	10.9	3	
1908	1,242,012	1,195,235	1,140,936	1,170,608	1,242,012	1,201,314	.....	14,534	26,164	8.8	5	
1907	1,196,672	1,142,244	1,090,848	1,119,220	1,196,672	1,150,318	.....	13,247	23,107	10.0	4	
1906	981,726	895,130	854,323	876,181	981,726	904,531	.....	8,071	19,124	6.6	8	

WEIGHT OF BALES.

The following condensed table gives the same information as to average gross weight of bales; in this connection it might be said that a great portion of the South Carolina crop went to domestic consumption:

Growth Year.	Average Gross Weight of Bale (Pounds).					Square Bales for Which Weights Were Returned.	
	Counting round as half bales and including linters.	Upland.		Sea-island.	Linters.	Number.	Gross Weight (pounds).
		Square.	Round.				
1910	480.4	481.7	.....	358.8	480.7	710,164	341,724,236
1909	483.6	485.3	.....	350.7	484.4	660,954	319,100,925
1908	481.2	483.0	.....	351.8	470.6	674,589	325,415,350
1907	481.8	482.4	.....	355.8	498.2	515,635	247,481,138
1906	480.4	481.2	.....	347.5	495.4	396,930	190,822,348

PRODUCTION IN POUNDS.

The following tabular statement gives the gross weight of cotton produced, including linters, stated in actual pounds:

Growth Year.	Gross Weight of Cotton Produced (Pounds).					
	Aggregate.	Lint Cotton.				Linters.
		Total.	In square bales.	In round bales.	In sea-island bales.	
1910	595,000,000	581,750,000	577,090,000	.....	4,670,000	14,210,000
1909	563,020,000	549,990,000	544,870,000	.....	5,110,000	13,040,000
1908	507,620,000	585,800,000	580,190,000	.....	5,110,000	12,820,000
1907	571,120,000	559,610,000	554,900,000	.....	4,710,000	11,510,000
1906	447,500,000	438,000,000	435,200,000	.....	2,800,000	9,470,000

The following table gives complete information as to the Sea Island crop, which was grown in four counties of this State:

Growth Year.	Production.		Average gross wt. of bale (pounds).
	Bales (number).	Total gross weight (pounds).	
1910	13,016	4,670,000	358.8
1909	14,573	5,110,000	350.7
1908	14,534	5,110,000	351.8
1907	13,247	4,710,000	355.8
1906	8,071	2,800,000	347.5

It is to be regretted that the Sea Island cotton growing industry on the coast is languishing, for the reason that the finest Sea Island cotton in the world is produced on the Islands off the coast of South Carolina. This cotton has, heretofore, sold at from 30c to 75c per pound.

UPLAND LONG STAPLE.

In my last annual report I called particular attention to the successful development of varieties of upland long staple cottons for use in all sections of South Carolina, which staples met the competition of the long staple upland cotton grown in the Mississippi Valley between Memphis and Vicksburg, in a strip about 75 miles wide and 200 miles long. During the past year the experiments with these varieties of cottons were extended and staple was developed from $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{7}{8}$ inches in length, with the yield three times as great as Sea Island, at a less cost of production, and a yield per acre practically equal to any of the ordinary varieties of upland cotton. The plants also developed drought resistant qualities, and early maturing qualities that were scarcely expected, and the greatest difficulty encountered has been in the method of ginning, for it has been necessary to gin this staple in ordinary gins, operated very slowly, and in which no short staple had been ginned immediately preceding the operation. The growing of this class of cotton is at present being confined almost exclusively to Mississippi, Texas, Arkansas, and South Carolina, and the annual production does not exceed 300,000 bales. The textile manufacturers in this

State have been deeply interested in the matter, inasmuch as their mills have been turning over to fine goods, and for all of this class of cotton grown in this State this year prices averaging approximately 17½c per pound have been paid. There is now a great demand for the selected seed, in order to enable the producer to raise this staple and deal directly with manufacturers at home, but this Department has cautioned all against the danger of over-production.

At present the South Carolina textiles and the factories close on the border of this State, are consuming, annually, about 100,000 bales of this particular length of staple, the bulk of which is still being brought from the Mississippi Valley; indeed, 50 per cent. of the cotton going into consumption in the South Carolina textiles alone, is purchased from beyond the borders of the State, although the State has raised this year more than one million and a half bales of cotton. Elsewhere in this report this matter is touched upon in some of its other phases.

VALUE OF COTTON CROP.

The following table is of value, in that it gives comparative data for the last eight years upon net weight and estimated value of upland Sea Island cotton, and the estimated quantity and value of cotton seed:

Growth Year.	Aggregate value of cotton crop	Cotton.						Cotton Seed.	
		Total value	Upland.		Sea-Island.		Quantity (tons).	Value.	
			Quantity (pounds).	Value.	Quantity (pounds).	Value.			
1910	\$98,680,000	\$82,520,000	550,730,000	\$80,900,000	4,540,000	\$1,620,000	518,000	\$16,110,000	
1909	89,820,000	75,960,000	520,170,000	74,330,000	4,970,000	1,630,000	490,000	18,860,000	
1908	61,960,000	52,330,000	553,760,000	51,170,000	4,970,000	1,160,000	522,000	9,630,000	
1907	72,660,000	62,320,000	529,590,000	60,690,000	4,590,000	1,630,000	499,000	10,340,000	
1906	49,890,000	42,580,000	415,390,000	41,530,000	2,730,000	1,000,000	890,000	7,810,000	
1905	65,860,000	56,960,000	510,320,000	55,830,000	4,380,000	1,150,000	515,000	8,890,000	
1904	56,430,000	48,320,000	545,510,000	47,250,000	3,970,000	1,070,000	549,000	8,110,000	
1903	53,200,000	46,260,000	372,560,000	45,310,000	3,850,000	950,000	376,000	6,940,000	

A STUDY IN PRICES.

In speaking of the value of the cotton crops, it is interesting to know that the estimated value of the cotton crop for the five-year period, ending with 1910, for the Cotton Belt States, was \$3,879,110,000, while the value for the five-year period ending with 1899 was \$1,529,500,000. During the last five years the price of this cotton has averaged about 12c per pound, or about \$60 per bale, and the value of the cotton seed has increased from \$13.80 per ton in 1906 to \$27.40 per ton in 1910. The value of a 500-pound bale of cotton, including the value of the seed, was \$87.15 in the season of 1907, compared with \$50.37 for 1904, and with \$30.22 in 1898. To the producer of a crop of 20 bales this meant that whereas he realized \$604 in 1898, he received \$1,743 in 1910, which increase, notwithstanding a greater cost of production at the present, measures the difference between a mere existence and a comfortable and independent living. In the season of 1911 the average price paid per pound for cotton was hardly within the range of the actual cost of production.

In 1904 the acreage devoted to cotton in South Carolina was 2,531,875, practically the same, lacking 2,000, as was devoted to cotton in 1910. In 1905 the acreage was reduced by nearly 400,000 acres, but, excepting for the year 1906, when the acreage was 2,389,000, the acreage of 1910 has been fairly well preserved.

WAREHOUSE CAPACITY.

There has been a great deal of discussion throughout the year, since the situation as to cotton became acute, as to the warehousing capacity of the State's warehouses. The warehouse capacity of the Standard Warehouse Company, which is the largest concern of the kind in the State, is 75,000 bales. Of course, if the cotton is compressed, these warehouses can carry considerable in excess of this number. The total independent warehouse capacity in the State, including the above, has been estimated by competent men as not exceeding 150,000. In this connection it is interesting to note that on October 31, 1910, there was being held in independent warehouses in the State 106,164 bales; on December 31, 1909, 126,126; on December 31, 1910, 138,741; on February 28, 1910, 108,157; and on February 28, 1911, 96,943.

In connection with the figures just quoted, it is interesting to note that at the same dates, respectively, there were in the hands

of the manufacturers, in their own warehouses, the following number of bales: October 31, 1910, 121,738; December 31, 1909, 214,885; December 31, 1910, 177,582; February 28, 1910, 197,348; February 28, 1911, 154,405.

COTTON SEED OIL INDUSTRY.

In 1909 in South Carolina the quantity of cotton seed crushed was more than double that of the preceding year. In the separate report of this Department, considerable data in regard to this industry is given, but the following condensed summary will prove of interest and value:

Year.	Number of active establishments.	Cotton Seed Crushed.			Crude Cotton Seed Products.								
		Tons.	Cost.	Average consumption per mill (tons).	Total value.	Oil.		Meal and cake.		Hulls.		Linters.	
						Gallons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
1909	102	346,550	\$7,590,045	3,398	\$10,170,440	15,745,552	\$5,465,826	156,729	\$8,796,143	108,795	\$573,559	14,356,169	\$334,912
1904	99	213,103	3,767,983	2,153	4,946,030	9,178,661	2,322,876	90,815	1,986,896	71,942	366,795	6,641,495	269,464
1899	48	156,642	2,186,408	3,263	3,043,547	6,162,218	1,545,934	57,986	1,169,645	71,542	217,886	3,223,892	110,082

In 1910, South Carolina reported 140,000 tons of cotton seed meal sold for fertilizer purposes.

CONSUMPTION OF COTTON.

The following table, covering a period of five years, up to the present year, shows the number of active spindles, raw cotton consumed, and stock held by the manufacturers on August 31, of each year indicated in this State:

Year.	Spindles consuming cotton.	Cotton Consumed (Bales).			Stocks Held by Manufacturers (Bales).		
		Total.	Domestic.	Foreign.	Total.	Domestic.	Foreign.
1910 .	3,793,387	627,708	625,025	2,683	33,955	33,554	401
1909 ..	3,715,894	606,462	603,687	2,775	53,149	52,826	323
1908 ..	3,617,358	610,734	607,722	3,012	32,733	32,510	273
1907 ..	3,502,096	608,883	606,381	2,502	96,487	95,596	889
1906 ..	3,345,075	674,588	670,911	3,677	55,642	55,320	322

South Carolina still ranks second in the United States in the number of cotton spindles in active operation, representing 13 per cent. of the total in the country. In the matter of consumption of cotton, North Carolina ranks second, and South Carolina third. South Carolina showed a loss of 10 per cent. in consumption in the year 1910.

A COMPLICATION.

A letter from President Ellison A. Smyth, of the Cotton Manufacturers' Association of South Carolina, received by the Commissioner of Agriculture on August 31, 1911, indicated the first effect that South Carolina has felt from the advance of the boll weevil. For some years it has been known that the boll weevil was steadily advancing, and that the time was not far distant when active preparation would have to be made for this insect's reception.

The situation in which the textile industry found itself at the time of Mr. Smyth's letter, was the direct result of the application of the State law relating to the introduction of the Mexican Boll Weevil, and making it impossible to ship into this State cotton from a section known to be infested with the boll

weevil. The situation referred to was precipitated by action taken by the State Entomologist, in accordance with the law. The whole matter led to a conference between the authorities of the State Board of Entomology and representatives of the manufacturers, held at Greenville, which resulted in a most satisfactory adjustment of the difficulties by merely changing the language of the order that had been issued so that the full intent and purpose of the law would be carried out without shutting out cotton from the State of Alabama, for instance, as a whole State, as would otherwise have been the consequence. The adjustment permitted cotton grown in counties not yet affected by the boll weevil, and so certified by proper Federal and State authority, to still come in to the mills in this State.

The reply of the Commissioner to Mr. Smyth's letter, which was as follows, more clearly explains the incident:

August 31, 1911.

Capt. Ellison A. Smyth, President, Cotton Manufacturers' Association of South Carolina, Greenville, S. C.

My Dear Sir: On my return to the city I find your letter of August 24, and note your request for a conference with the State Entomologist and representatives of the Southern Railway, your Executive Committee and myself.

I note also your statement that "not only the mills on finer yarns using staple cotton would feel the hardship of the enforcement of this law in the drastic manner proposed, but also all the mills in South Carolina, who buy 250,000 to 300,000 bales of cotton from other States, would be seriously handicapped in their operation and the purchase of cotton." I realize that this is a serious situation, not alone from your viewpoint, but to the grower of cotton in our own State, for our cotton crop is the money crop of our people, exceeding in value everything else, and, of course, is entitled to a maximum of protection against the introduction of the boll weevil.

In this particular matter, absolutely no authority whatever is vested in the Commissioner of Agriculture, and while I would be glad to attend the conference, such as you propose, it could only be for the purpose of posting myself as to conditions and obtaining data as to the effect of this law on present economic conditions and possible dangers to our cotton growing industry.

Under the law, the enforcement of these quarantined provisions is in the hands of the State Board of Entomology and

the State Entomologist, and the law is very plainly written. Under its provisions I have recently noted a circular over the signature of State Entomologist A. F. Conradi, Clemson College, which reads as follows:

"Owing to the habits of the Mexican cotton boll weevil, it is not believed that there is a great risk taken in shipping clean compressed cotton bales from weevil-infested territory during the months of July and August. For this reason the office of the State Entomologist did not feel warranted in operating the quarantine law as rigidly during these months. All baled cotton destined for points in South Carolina is being examined at Augusta and Greenville, and every reasonable precaution is being observed in preventing shipments in the State that may contain in concealed form any styles of the weevil.

"When the hibernating season of the weevil begins the risk of transporting the pest through commerce is increased. Furthermore, the Eastern boundary of weevil territory is advancing eastward, facilitating the weevil transportation from weevil territory in this State.

"Beginning on September 10, therefore, this office will enforce the State quarantine law, according to the letter, and after that date no baled cotton can be delivered in the State, if the shipment originated in weevil territory. Cotton mills must arrange to get their supply elsewhere and not take any risk of introducing the boll weevil into this State by shipment of baled cotton from weevil territory. All baled cotton from boll weevil territory consigned to this State must reach Augusta or Greenville before September 10. After that date such shipments are contraband.

"The above ruling refers only to clean, tightly compressed cotton bales. Other articles provided for in the Acts of 1904 and 1907 are contraband at all times, and will be confiscated whenever discovered and transportation agents and importees prosecuted as provided for by law.

"This matter was first called to my attention over the long distance 'phone by Mr. Montgomery at Spartanburg, who had quite a quantity of cotton tied up at Birmingham, Ala., en route to his mill, and he stated that he was afraid that he would have to shut his mill down; that he could not get his cotton delivered. He stated that the cotton had been in New Orleans in the warehouses for a year. All that I could do was to advise

him that the sole authority in this matter was vested in the State Entomologist, and the proper steps would be to take it up with the authorities at Clemson College. The law says: "It shall also be unlawful to import into this State cotton seed, seed cotton, hulls, bale and unbaled cotton from any point in any State or section of a State wherein the Mexican boll weevil is known to exist," and it also prohibits the transportation companies from bringing baled cotton from any State or section of a State wherein the Mexican boll weevil is known to exist. The law further requires that transportation companies shall notify the Entomologist of the State Board of Entomology of such shipments and shall hold same for the inspection of and disposal by the Entomologist.

The circular issued by the State Entomologist, so far as I can see, is in exact accord with the law, and he has acted in accord with the intent and purpose of the law, which clearly is to take every possible precaution to prevent the introducing of the boll weevil into the State of South Carolina.

I feel sure, however, that Mr. Conradi would be glad, as would also the State Board of Entomology, to participate in such a conference as you propose and go into the entire matter with you.

As I have said, officially, I have no more to do with the matter than any other citizen, but for the purpose of hearing the subject discussed among you gentlemen who are the parties at interest, I shall be very glad to attend such a conference if it be possible at any point that is agreeable to the others.

The following letter, written to Mr. Lewis W. Parker on the same date, also gives some light upon the matter:

My Dear Sir: I am in receipt of yours of August 22, informing me of the recent circular issued by the Southern Railway Company, laying a quarantine against all cotton originating in the States of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma and Arkansas, and that one requirement of this quarantine, before any cotton could be shipped from any portion of these States, there must be a certificate from the State or Federal Entomologist, stating that such articles originating in localities where, by actual inspection, the boll weevil does not exist. I note also your statement that there are "prospects that conditions in this State may be very much aggravated by any failure to secure cotton from the States above referred to."

I note, further, your request for information as to the authority upon which this requirement is based. I beg to say that so far as this State is concerned, the Commissioner of Agriculture has absolutely nothing to do with the matter, and in this regard I would respectfully call your attention to the enclosed copy of a letter that I have today written to the President of the Cotton Manufacturers' Association of this State. In that letter you will also find a summary of the law upon which the Southern Railway Company has undoubtedly issued its quarantine circular. The law seems to be plain and unequivocal and indeed very emphatic in its terms and the only thing that I could see that would even avoid the prosecution of any man buying cotton from such territory, would be an inspection by the South Carolina State Entomologist at a point outside of the State of the cotton which would be subject entirely to his orders.

LOOKING TO THE FUTURE.

Just exactly this situation had been expected for some years by the Department, and at Asheville last June, and at several places since, notably at Darlington on Friday last, the Commissioner of Agriculture called particular attention of manufacturers and growers to the necessity and sound business sense of raising upland staple such as the Columbia, Keenan, Hartsville, Coker and Webber, and other varieties, for consumption in our home mills in place of Mississippi cotton, which is now being brought in to the extent of upward of 400,000 bales out of the total of about 765,000 bales now annually consumed in the South Carolina mills.

The attention of Mr. Lewis W. Parker and of the Textile Manufacturers' Association had been directed to this peculiar and uneconomic condition of affairs for the past two years, and this and the knowledge that the spreading of the boll weevil over the Mississippi Delta would under the law close that source of supply, had been the reason for the vigorous campaign that has been pushed, particularly this year, with a view to getting the farmer to raise his cotton from selected seed furnished him and to sell it directly to the mills.

The knowledge that this condition would arise has been at the back of a vigorous effort along this line, and the knowledge that the boll weevil is hastening at the rate of 75 miles a year towards us, has caused the Department to endeavor to shape the

agricultural development policy in this State to the end that our people would be in a state of preparedness to receive the first onslaught of the weevil on our \$98,000,000 cotton crop, instead of being found in a state of unpreparedness, as were many of the people in the Southwestern portion of the Belt. For five years the campaign has been waged for diversification of other money crops and something to eat to take place of the money which is received for the cotton when cotton alone is relied upon.

In the past few weeks some farmers who had looked at the planting of upland long staple askance, expressed to the Department the belief that they could not find a market for the stuff if they raised it. This led the Commissioner to immediately take up this feature with Mr. Parker, who replied as follows: "I do not think that there will be the slightest difficulty in selling of Carolina raised staple cotton of good character, where it has been handled and ginned with care, by mills within the State, at the same price as being paid for Mississippi cotton delivered." This means plus the freight. Mr. Parker further states: "I bought many bales of staple cotton in this State (season 1910) at from 20 to 24c a pound, where the staple ran 1 3-16 in. to 1 1/4 in. and hundreds of bales at from 16 1/2 to 20c a pound where the cotton ran a full 1 1-16 in. to 1 3-16 in. I expect at an early date to put an advertisement in the paper expressing my willingness to purchase all staple cotton at full value."

Reports received by the State Department of Agriculture of all cotton grown of the varieties indicated during this season show that each of them has stood the drought better than any of the ordinary short staples, and that each gives every indication of yield per acre equally as large, if not larger, than the short staple grown in the same vicinity and that the length and uniformity of staple has been preserved, and in some instances, actually improved.

Subsequently there was further correspondence, which was promptly given the public.

VIII.—POPULATION.

When the last annual report was made, only a few of the main Federal census figures as to population were available. During the year from time to time, advance digests of the population

figures for this State have been made public, and they are full of significant and interesting facts.

TENDENCY BACK TO THE FARM.

One of the digests shows that the cityward movement in this State had been most effectively stopped, though up to three years ago it had gained considerable headway. It was fortunate that the census had been taken in the year 1910, for otherwise South Carolina's showing would not be so encouraging. The Federal Government figures for the United States as a whole show that the rate of increase for the population of urban areas was fully three times that for the population living in rural territory. Of the total increase in the population of continental United States during the past decade—15,977,691—it appears that seven-tenths, or 11,035,841, has been in urban territory, and that only three-tenths, or 4,941,850, has been in rural territory.

Considering the States without regard to geographical location, it appears that in every State and territory there has been since 1900 an increase in urban population, while in seven States there has been an actual decrease in rural population. In all but two States—Montana and Wyoming—the urban population has increased faster than the rural population, and generally at a very much more rapid rate. There is no State or territory in which the increase in urban population was less than 10 per cent., and in six States it was more than 100 per cent., and in 13 other States between 30 and 100 per cent. There are 22 States, on the other hand, in which the rural population either decreased or showed an increase of less than 10 per cent., while there are only eight States in which it was between 50 and 100 per cent.

Of South Carolina's population, only 14.8 per cent. is urban—people residing in communities of 2,500 and over. In 1900 this percentage was 12.8 and in 1890, 10.1 per cent. It is thus shown that the increase in urban population has been practically nothing. Of the States in the East, the only ones that have as large rural populations relatively as South Carolina, are Arkansas, Mississippi, and North Carolina, and the only other States in the whole country that have the same ratio are New Mexico and North and South Dakota.

South Carolina's total population is 1,518,400, and only 224,832 persons reside in the urban territory represented by towns of 2,500 and upward.

The total urban population in 1900 was 177,270, thus showing that the rate of increase in urban population in the decade had been only 26.8, against 32.3 per cent. for the entire South Atlantic States, and 34.9 per cent. for the country at large. The rural population in 1900 was 1,163,046, thus showing an increase of 11 per cent. in the decade. Even taking into consideration the opening of all the new States with small population, and necessarily high percentages, this figure is the exact average increase for the country at large. Illinois showed a decrease of 5-10 per cent., Indiana a decrease of 5.5 per cent., Ohio a decrease of 1.3 per cent., Iowa a decrease of 7.2 per cent., Missouri a decrease of 3.5 per cent., while such States as Kentucky and Tennessee showed increases of only 4.2 and 3.5 per cent., respectively. In other words, all of the Middle Western agricultural States failed utterly to get in the class of South Carolina, or anywhere near it. The East North Central division, in fact, showed a decrease of 2-10 per cent.

It is particularly noteworthy that wherever in the Far West the sparsely settled new States show large percentages of increase in agricultural population, they also show larger increases of urban population. This is because ten years ago the States were practically unsettled and their percentages of increase can not be justly compared with those of the older States.

There are 14 States in which more than half the population is living in urban territory.

As things now stand in the United States, 42,623,383 people are living in urban territory, and 49,348,883 people are living in rural territory. The percentage of urban and rural is now 46.3 per cent. and 53.7 per cent., respectively, while in 1900 it was 40.5 per cent., and 59.5 per cent., respectively, and in 1890, 36.1, and 63.9 per cent., respectively.

Analyzing the figures from every viewpoint, the most essential point of interest to the South Carolinian is that only one-sixth of the population of this State has congregated in cities, while the rest are devoting their attention to agriculture, and that in the past ten years in the rural districts nearly 130,000 more people have made their homes, while in the cities less than 50,000 have been added to the population roll.

On all sides today are to be found men who, for the past 20 years, have been struggling along in cities, but are now forsaking

city business and returning to the rural districts to engage in farm operation.

MAIN DIVISIONS.

The main divisions of the population of the State, giving the foreign born class, are shown by the following:

SOUTH CAROLINA.

	Number.		Per Cent. of Total.		Increase 1900-1910.	
	1910.	1900.	1910.	1900.	%	Per Cent.
Total	1,515,400	1,340,316	100.0	100.0	175,084	13.1
White total	679,162	557,807	44.8	41.6	121,355	21.8
Native white, total.....	673,108	552,436	44.4	41.2	120,672	21.8
Native parents	661,970	540,766	43.7	40.3	121,204	22.4
Foreign parents	11,138	11,670	0.7	0.9	532	4.6
Foreign white	6,054	5,371	0.4	0.4	683	12.7
Negro	835,843	782,321	55.2	58.4	53,522	6.8
All other	395	188	(1)	(1)	207	110.1

BY RACES.

The following analyses of South Carolina population was issued by the Census on Sept. 5, 1911:

Preliminary comparative statistics of the population of South Carolina were issued today by Census Director Durand. The tabulations were made under the supervision of Chief Statistician William C. Hunt of the Division of Population, and are the result of the first count, in detail, of the returns of the thirteenth census. The figures are, therefore, subject to possible revision, but it is believed that the changes, if any, will not be material. The figures relate to the State, the City of Charleston, the other cities of 10,000 and over, and the counties. The total population of the State and of Charleston is distributed into white, negro, and all other, and the percentage proportion of each is given, for the censuses of 1910, 1900, and 1890. The decennial percentage of increase or decrease for the same classification for the decade, 1900-1910, also is stated. The figures for the counties are divided into white and negro, the latter including Chinese, Japanese, and Indians, but the number of such are so small that they do not materially affect the figures given for negroes. Similar statements for the other Southern States are being prepared and will probably be issued in the near future.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Numbers	1910	1900	1890
Total population..	1,515,400	1,340,316	1,151,149
White..	679,162	557,807	462,008
Negro..	835,843	782,321	688,934
*All others..	395	188	207

*Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

PER CENT. DISTRIBUTION.

Total population..	100.0	100.0	100.0
White..	44.8	41.6	40.1
Negro..	55.2	58.4	59.8
*All other..	†	†	†

*Chinese, Japanese and Indians.
†Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

DECENNIAL INCREASE—STATE.

	Per Cent. of Increase 1900-1910.
Total population..	13.1
White..	21.8
Negro..	6.8
All other..	110.1

CITY OF CHARLESTON.

Numbers.	1910	1900	1890
Total population..	58,833	55,807	54,955
White..	27,764	24,238	23,919
Negro..	31,056	31,522	30,970
All other..	13	47	66

PER CENT. DISTRIBUTION.

Total population..	100.0	100.0	100.0
White..	47.2	43.4	43.5
Negro..	52.8	56.5	56.4
*All other..	†	0.1	0.1

*Chinese, Japanese and Indians.
†Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

DECENNIAL INCREASE CITY OF CHARLESTON.

Per Cent. of Increase
1900-1910

Total population..	5.4
White..	14.5
†Negro..	1.5
†All other..	72.3

†Decrease.

SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTIES.

County.	Total population 1910.	White.	Negro.*	Population 1900.	White.	Negro.*
Abbeville	34,804	12,282	22,522	33,400	11,331	22,069
Aiken	41,849	18,997	22,852	39,082	17,388	21,694
Anderson	69,568	43,232	26,336	55,728	32,232	23,496
Bamberg	18,544	5,670	12,874	17,296	5,658	11,638
Barnwell	34,209	9,561	24,648	35,504	10,068	25,436
Beaufort	30,355	3,964	26,391	35,495	3,349	32,146
Berkeley	23,487	5,256	18,231	30,454	6,481	23,973
Calhoun	16,634	3,805	12,739	.....	.....	.....
Charleston	88,594	32,548	56,046	88,006	27,647	60,359
Cherokee	26,179	17,609	8,510	21,859	13,952	7,907
Chester	29,425	10,284	19,141	28,616	9,243	19,373
Chesterfield	26,301	15,738	10,563	20,401	12,256	8,145
Clarendon	32,188	8,794	23,394	28,184	8,038	20,151
Colleton	35,390	13,094	22,296	33,452	11,187	22,265
Darlington	36,027	14,741	21,286	32,388	13,063	19,325
Dillon	22,615	10,999	11,616	.....	.....	.....
Dorchester	17,891	6,908	10,983	16,294	6,202	10,092
Edgefield	28,281	8,165	20,116	25,478	7,347	18,131
Fairfield	29,442	7,065	22,377	29,425	7,050	22,375
Florence	85,671	15,329	20,342	28,474	11,819	16,655
Georgetown	22,270	6,158	16,112	22,846	5,336	17,510
Greenville	68,877	47,515	20,862	53,490	33,999	19,491
Greenwood	34,225	12,923	21,302	28,348	9,437	18,911
Hampton	25,126	9,006	16,120	23,738	8,236	15,502
Horry	26,995	20,325	6,670	23,864	17,042	6,822
Kershaw	27,094	10,648	16,446	24,696	10,002	14,694
Lancaster	26,650	13,524	13,126	24,311	12,201	12,110
Laurens	41,550	18,796	22,754	37,382	15,205	22,177
Lee	25,318	8,066	17,252	.....	.....	.....
Lexington	32,040	20,402	11,638	27,264	16,961	10,303
Marion	20,596	9,387	11,209	35,181	16,992	18,189
Marlboro	31,189	12,259	18,930	27,639	11,226	16,413
Newberry	34,586	12,545	22,041	30,182	10,351	19,831
Oconee	27,337	20,489	6,848	23,634	17,530	6,104
Orangeburg	55,893	19,098	36,795	59,063	18,220	41,443
Pickens	25,422	19,992	5,430	19,375	14,574	4,801
Richland	55,143	25,609	29,534	45,589	17,513	28,076
Saluda	20,943	9,754	11,189	18,966	8,819	10,147
Spartanburg	83,465	57,048	26,417	65,560	44,371	21,189
Sumter	38,472	10,246	28,226	51,237	12,881	38,356
Union	29,911	14,439	15,472	25,501	10,943	14,558
Williamsburg	37,626	14,411	23,215	31,685	11,818	19,867
York	47,718	22,331	25,387	41,684	19,784	21,900
The State.....	1,515,400	679,162	836,238	1,340,316	557,807	782,509
City.						
Charleston	58,833	27,764	31,069	55,807	24,238	31,569
Columbia	26,319	14,772	11,547	21,108	11,244	9,864
Greenville	15,741	9,422	6,319	11,890	6,448	5,442
Spartanburg	17,517	10,641	6,876	11,395	7,124	4,271

*Includes Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

THE NEGRO.

The Census Bureau in November issued a preliminary statement in which the following interesting information was contained:

PERCENTAGE OF INCREASE IN NEGRO POPULATION.

As against these changes in the percentages of increase for the white population, the census shows for the negro population an increase of 11.3 per cent. from 1900 to 1910, as compared with an increase, on the face of the returns, of 18 per cent. from 1890 to 1900, and of 13.5 per cent. from 1880 to 1890. That the rate for 1890 to 1900 should greatly exceed that for the preceding decade and also that for the following decade seems improbable on general principles, and it has been contended by certain statistical writers that it is indicative of a deficient enumeration of the negro population in 1890.

However that may be, these computations show conclusively that the higher rate of increase for the white population, as compared with the negro during the period under review, is not wholly due to the effects of immigration. The natural increase of the white population is on the whole noticeably greater than that of the negro.

WHITE AND NEGRO POPULATION PROPORTIONS IN THE SOUTH.

Table No. 2 shows the total population of the South, and the proportion of white and negro, respectively, at each of the last four Federal censuses.

Of the total population of the South in 1910, as shown by this table, the whites constituted 69.9 per cent., and the negroes 29.8 per cent., as compared with 67.4 and 32.3 per cent., respectively, in 1900, and with 63.9 and 36 per cent., respectively, in 1880. The gain since 1880 in the proportion of the white population of the South is the result largely of higher natural increase among whites than negroes, although it is to some extent due to the migration of negroes to States outside the South. Neither interstate migration nor immigration from foreign countries has added very largely to the white population of the South. The natural increase of the white population is considerably higher in the South than it is in the North.

During the last decade, 1900-1910, the white population of the South increased 4,025,603, or 24.4 per cent., as compared with an

increase of 826,421, or 10.4 per cent., for the negro population of the South.

CONDITIONS IN THE COUNTRY OUTSIDE OF THE SOUTH.

For the remainder of the country outside of the South, there has been an increase in white population during the decade from 50,287,226 to 61,185,114, the growth thus being 10,897,888, or 21.7 per cent. The negro population outside the South has grown from 911,025 to 1,078,904, or by 167,879, equal to 18.4 per cent.

As already explained, the increase of the white population in the North and West is largely influenced by foreign immigration, while the increase of the negro population in those sections is, in part, the result of the migration of negroes from the South.

DETAILS FOR THE SOUTH, BY STATES.

The statistics of the white and negro population of the South, based upon the returns of the censuses of 1910 and 1900, are presented in detail by States in Table No. 3.

This summary shows, first, that in South Carolina and Mississippi, the negroes exceeded the whites at both censuses, although the proportion in 1910 is somewhat smaller than in 1900; and, second, that in West Virginia, Arkansas, and Oklahoma the negroes constituted a slightly larger proportion of the total population in 1910 than in 1900, principally as the result of the migration of negroes from other States.

This table shows, further, that in every Southern State, with the exception of West Virginia, Arkansas, and Oklahoma, the whites had a higher rate of increase than the negroes.

In Maryland, Kentucky, and Tennessee there has been since 1900 an actual decrease in the number of negroes; and in Delaware and Virginia there has been only a slight increase in negroes, namely, 1.6 per cent. in each case. These are all border States, and the facts stated are doubtless due largely to the migration of negroes from those States, partly, perhaps, to the more southerly States, but more particularly to States entirely outside of the South.

The full significance of the changes in the relative numbers of the two races in the South can not be definitely stated until more complete statistics are available, particularly those showing the interstate migration of the native born population.

THE NEGRO IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

A short time ago a careful analysis of the figures given above as to negro population in the State was made by the News and Courier, and it is so compactly put that a portion of it is reproduced here:

It will probably be interesting to note where the greatest decrease in the negro population is. We give the figures for the coast counties, where the disproportion between the races most prevails:

	1900.	
	White.	Black.
Beaufort..	3,349	32,146
Colleton..	11,187	22,265
Charleston..	27,617	60,350
Berkeley..	6,481	23,973
Georgetown	5,336	17,510
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	54,000	156,253

	1910.	
	White.	Black.
Beaufort..	3,964	26,391
Colleton..	13,094	22,296
Charleston..	32,548	56,046
Berkeley..	5,256	18,231
Georgetown..	6,158	16,112
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	61,020	139,076

These counties together show a diminution of 17,177 in the numbers of the blacks. Colleton alone among them shows a small increase of 31 in its negro population. The increase amongst the whites is 7,020, but this includes, of course, the increase in the city of Charleston.

There are other surprises, however, in the figures. Why should Barnwell County have lost blacks in the decade? The figures are 25,416 in 1900, and 24,648 in 1910, a loss of 768 blacks. Barnwell County, indeed, is the only county in the State, except Berkeley, that has lost both whites and blacks in the ten years, its white population having decreased from 10,088 to 9,561. Why should Abbeville County show an increase from 22,069 to 22,522,

or only 453 blacks. Fairfield County an increase of only 2 blacks, Chester County a loss of 232 and Greenville County an increase of only 1,371 blacks, while Orangeburg and Calhoun Counties together show an increase of 8,091, or from 41,443 to 49,534, and Spartanburg an increase of 5,248 or from 21,169 to 26,417?

WHERE NEGROES HAVE INCREASED MOST.

The following are the figures for the counties showing at least 3,000 increase in colored population :

	1900.	1910.	Increase.
Spartanburg..	21,169	26,417	5,248
Orangeburg..	36,795	41,443	8,081
Calhoun..	12,739		
Williamsburg	19,867	23,215	3,348
York..	21,900	25,387	3,487
Florence	16,655	20,342	3,987
Clarendon..	20,151	23,394	3,243
Marion..	11,209	18,189	4,636
Dillon.	11,616		

These counties show an increase together of 32,030 blacks, or nearly two-thirds of the net increase in the State.

The County of Lee has since 1900 been established from other counties in the central and northeastern parts of the State, and the fact that we have not yet been given the population of the territory from which this new county has been made up, it is not possible at present to give the exact increase of blacks in Sumter, Darlington and Kershaw Counties, but it has been large. In the case of Calhoun County it is formed almost entirely from Orangeburg County, and the township taken from Lexington County would not materially alter the calculation. Viewing the figures for the State as a whole, it would appear that the increase among the blacks has been in the counties where agriculture has been most profitable, just as the increase among the whites has been in counties where cotton mills have been extensively established, bringing in white population from this and other States.

COUNTIES HAVING A WHITE MAJORITY.

It may not be generally known that of the 43 counties existing at the time of the taking of the census only 10 have a white majority. These are as follows:

	1910.	
	White.	Black.
Anderson	43,232	26,336
Pickens.. .. .	19,992	5,430
Oconee.. .. .	20,489	6,848
Greenville.. .. .	47,515	20,862
Spartanburg.. .. .	57,048	26,417
Cherokee.. .. .	17,669	8,510
Lexington.. .. .	20,402	11,638
Lancaster.. .. .	13,524	13,126
Horry	20,325	6,670
Chesterfield.. .. .	15,738	10,563
	<hr/> 275,934	<hr/> 136,400

It will be seen from these figures that in these counties the whites outnumber the blacks by 139,534 souls, or more than two to one, and while the whites have increased to the number of 60,796 or over 28 per cent., the negroes have increased only 17,054, or a little over 14 per cent.

But while there are only ten counties with white majorities, there are seven more where the majority is small enough to lead to the conclusion that at the present relative rate of increase of the whites and negroes, there will be at the next census a white majority. These counties are as follows:

	1910.	
	White.	Black.
Aiken	18,997	22,522
Dillon.. .. .	10,999	11,616
Laurens.. .. .	18,796	22,754
Marion.. .. .	9,387	11,209
Saluda.. .. .	9,754	11,189
Union.. .. .	14,439	15,472
York.. .. .	22,331	25,387
	<hr/> 104,703	<hr/> 120,149

To these counties should be added Richland County, containing Columbia, the Capital of the State, for although the whites increased there to the extent of 3,935 persons, yet the increase of the blacks in the last ten years has been only 1,458, while that of the whites has been 8,096.

It is quite remarkable that this increase of the white population has been directly "in the teeth" of the legislation of the State, and the sentiment of the farming interests, for it is well known that all attempts to assist immigration along the whites have proved unpopular, and there are heavy penalties against inducing laborers to emigrate, the laws on the subject notoriously operating only upon the colored race.

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS.

For the purpose of enabling our readers to compare the growth of the State in population, we give the following figures taken from each census since the foundation of the government:

	White.	Colored.	Total.
1790..	140,178	108,805	249,073
1800..	196,255	149,336	345,591
1810	214,196	200,919	415,115
1820	237,440	265,301	502,741
1830	257,863	323,322	581,185
1840..	259,084	335,314	594,398
1850	274,563	393,944	668,507
1860..	291,300	412,320	703,708
1870..	289,667	415,814	705,706
1880..	391,105	604,332	995,567

The ten years from 1790 to 1800 covered a period when the great immigration into what was then known as the "Back Country" was still in progress, and the increase among the whites was 40 per cent. It never again reached 11 per cent. until the census of 1880 when the census figures showed an increase of 35 per cent. among the whites, arising, however, as we have said above, from the many omissions in the census of 1870. The present rate of increase of 21.8 per cent. is, therefore, a large one for the whites of South Carolina, and compares favorably with States receiving thousands of immigrants every year.

IX.—FORESTRY.

With each succeeding year the necessity for some kind of State control, looking to the preservation and conservation of the forestry of this State, becomes more apparent. In the Forestry Bulletin issued by this Department there was contained

a draft of a proposed forestry measure, which was later introduced, and is now pending before the General Assembly. I cannot too strongly urge the enactment of this measure, in view of the fact that it will not entail any direct appropriation worth mentioning. In my last annual report I dealt, at some length, with the forestry conditions in the State, giving many facts and figures that would naturally be supposed to command most careful attention.

During the past year particular notice has been directed to the great amount of destruction going on in the State in the pine forests due to the activity of the Southern pine beetle, a small brownish or black beetle, somewhat smaller than a grain of rice, which was first noticed in the Carolinas in 1868. The attention of the Commissioner of Agriculture was first called to this matter by Representative McKeown of Chester County, who reported the dying of large quantities of pine lumber in his section from some unknown cause.

The investigations taken up with the U. S. Bureau of Entomology, under the direction of Mr. A. H. Hopkins, in charge of Forest Insect Investigations, resulted, in the summer of this year, in the establishment of U. S. Forest Insect Field Station No. 7, with headquarters at Spartanburg in this State, and the following is a comprehensive extract from the valuable bulletin issued on December 26, 1911, by Mr. Hopkins, entitled, "The Dying of Pine in the Southern States: Cause, Extent and Remedy":

"It has been shown that this beetle has existed in the Southern States for at least 40 years, and there is good evidence that it has occupied this region from time immemorial, but it is only at comparatively long intervals that it increases to such numbers as to cause widespread depredations.

"During the summer and fall of 1910 and the winter and spring of 1911, correspondents of the Bureau of Entomology in different sections of the South, and especially in the Atlantic and Gulf States, reported that the pine was dying in patches, and that in some places the trouble was alarming. Therefore, it was made the subject of special investigation in May, June and July, 1911, which resulted in the location of a forest insect field station at Spartanburg, S. C., for the purpose of studying the character and extent of the depredations and conducting a campaign of instruction and demonstration on the proper methods for controlling the beetle and protecting the remaining living

timber. This work has been prosecuted in such a manner as to convince the majority of the owners of pine within the areas covered by the representatives of the Bureau of Entomology that the Southern pine beetle is a menace to the pine forests of the Southern States. There is now a general and widespread interest manifested throughout the worst affected sections, and there is every prospect that if general action is taken by the owners, in the utilization or treatment of infested trees according to the recommendations of the experts of the Bureau of Entomolgy, the beetles can be controlled this winter at slight expense, and that the remaining living pine will thus be protected from further depredations.

"Since the location of Forest Insect Field Station No. 7 at Spartanburg, S. C., on July 5, 1911, the agents of the Bureau of Entomology, United States Department of Agriculture, detailed to the station, have been very active in the study of the character and extent of the depredations by the Southern pine beetle in South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, North Carolina, Mississippi, Texas, Florida, Virginia, Louisiana, Maryland, Arkansas, Missouri and Tennessee. Observations by the agents and information conveyed by correspondents from all sections of the South show that in the aggregate a vast amount of timber has been killed by the Southern pine beetle during the past two years. The dying and dead trees occur as scattering individuals or in clumps, large patches, and in some places whole forests. All are more or less conspicuous by their fading, red, black or denuded tops, plainly indicating the presence of the beetle or the progress of its work.

"It has been found that each patch of dying trees, with their fading and greenish-brown tops, located anywhere in the Southern States, is a menace to the living pine within a radius of 3 or 4 miles. The broods of the Southern pine beetle developing in the bark of the trees of one such center of infestation may swarm in any direction and settle in the healthy timber. Thus one or more additional patches is killed until nearly all of the large, as well as the small, pine over an extensive area is dead.

"When these centers of infestation are numerous within the confines of a county, or even a larger section of territory, they can only be compared with the starting of so many forest fires, and, as has been demonstrated, they may lead to far greater destruction of merchantable pine than has ever been recorded

as resulting from fire in the Southern States. Therefore they demand similar prompt and radical action on the part of the owners in order to protect their living pine."

Agents from the station at Spartanburg have been given as complete co-operation as possible by the State Department of Agriculture, in the prosecution of their work, and one of them, Mr. Mason, has been carried across the country through the middle section of the State and given every opportunity to note the infested localities.

X.—DRAINAGE.

At the last session of the General Assembly, the general Drainage Act, which has been so long needed, was placed upon the statute books, and a long step was thereby taken towards the reclamation of the 3,000,000 acres of the most valuable agricultural lands in the State, along the coast—reclamation from the standpoint of the public health, as well as for agricultural purposes. In a few years several million dollars should be added to the taxable values of the State, and many millions to the agricultural production of the State.

As soon as the law became effective, this Department began a vigorous campaign for the formation of drainage districts under its provisions, and the Commissioner has done much personal work to this end in the field.

The first section to move in the matter was near McClellanville, in Charleston County. This district was well under way, when an issue was raised as to the constitutionality of the Act by Charleston attorneys. Knowing the sweeping authority and mandatory requirement of the State Constitution, contained in Article 1 of Amendments to the Constitution of 1895, ratified Feb. 8, 1901, this Department referred the matter to the Attorney-General in the following letter, dated July 17, 1911:

Dear Sir: In view of the vital public interests immediately concerned, involving the reclamation of upwards of 4,000,000 acres of the most valuable lands in the State, now lying idle, and the public health of that territory as well, and,

In view of the fact that undertakings looking to such reclamation, now well under way, in most of the coastal counties of the State, are liable to be estopped because of apprehensiveness on the part of the people resident in the coast counties, caused by allegations of "unconstitutionality" of the Act of the General As-

sembly, approved Feb. 18, 1911, pp. 92-113, popularly known as the Drainage Law, and,

In view of the fact that at its last session the General Assembly of South Carolina, in order to obey the *mandate* of the Constitution of the State as set forth in Article 1 of Amendments to the Constitution, Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1902, Vol. 2, page 117 of appendix to Volume 2, Act ratifying amendment, approved February 8, 1901, enacted the law above referred to, and,

In view of the fact that this law was thoroughly examined in all its phases, especially on the point of "Equitable" assessment as required by the Constitution, with much care by the judiciary committee of the State Senate, and,

In view of the fact that under this mandate of the Constitution and under the provisions of the Act passed thereunder, the people in our coast counties are now actively at work to accomplish the clearly defined purpose of both the Constitution and the Statute law, and valuable time is likely to be lost because of the apprehensiveness referred to, which could easily arise from a mere idle rumor,

I deem it an urgent public duty devolving upon the head of this Department, being charged with the prosecution of all undertakings looking to the material development of the State, to officially call this important matter and its urgency to your attention, and request you to advise me whether or not, in your opinion, this Act of the General Assembly is in any particular unconstitutional, considered in the light of the mandatory requirements of the amendment to the Constitution herein above referred to, or is defective in any other particular affecting the execution of the terms of the Act.

I have the honor further to request you, and to offer any assistance in that matter that may be possible, in case you deem it necessary to institute such proceedings in the courts as will bring the speediest possible pronouncement.

Campaigns for the formation of drainage districts are now in full swing in many of the counties embraced in the territory involved, and but for the conditions arising as set forth, the actual work of reclamation would soon be under way. As bond issues are involved, uneasiness is equivalent to cessation of effort. Hence the necessity for this request.

I beg to attach an exact copy of the amendment to the Constitution referred to above.

Trusting that I may be fully advised at your earliest convenience, I am, etc.

This step necessarily caused considerable delay, but soon the Attorney-General rendered an opinion so convincing that the legal issue was dropped.

Meantime the local agitation was continued in many of the coastal counties, notably Colleton, Georgetown, Charleston, Hampton and Horry, and recently the initial steps for the formation of the district in Hampton were taken, after opposition on the part of persons connected with some of the hunting clubs had been overcome. Down in Georgetown County independent drainage reclamation work had already been accomplished with wonderful results by private parties, and an excellent object lesson had been afforded.

U. S. ENGINEER DETAILED.

These things led the U. S. office of Drainage Investigations to assign to this State U. S. Drainage Engineer F. G. Eason, with headquarters at Charleston, for the purpose of making surveys for proposed districts. Mr. Eason and his assistants have had more work than they could do.

RESULTS ACCOMPLISHED.

At my request the chief of the office of Drainage Investigations, Mr. C. G. Elliott, has furnished me with the following summary of the work done by Mr. Eason:

"Mr. F. G. Eason, drainage engineer, Drainage Investigations, U. S. Department of Agriculture, has been assigned to the drainage work in South Carolina and has opened an office in Charleston.

"A number of drainage surveys have been made with full reports and plans, and also a number of preliminary examinations have been made. The following is a very brief summary of the different projects:

DRAINAGE SURVEYS.

James Island, Charleston County, S. C.

"Survey and report by George M. Warren, drainage engineer, assisted by Arthur G. Hall, assistant drainage engineer. 10,600

acres were covered by the survey out of a total of 19,800, which includes the large water surfaces of the Island. The balance, not surveyed, has insufficient elevation to be habitable or to be profitably reclaimed.

"The drainage plan proposed divides the Island into 50 drainage units and includes a tile and open ditch outlet system for each unit. Tile drainage systems were also worked out for some of the units. An important provision of the plan calls for open ditch reservoir outlets into which the tile mains will discharge, furnishing storage for all of the precipitation during such times as the sluice gates will be closed. This plan permits keeping the water-table in the adjacent lands low enough so that plant growth will not be interfered with. This survey was made at the request of the Agricultural Society of South Carolina.

"The estimated cost per acre of \$15.27 includes all of the dikes, sluices, storage ditches, outfall channels, and main tile drains, as well as engineering supervision. The estimated cost for Drainage District No. 36, including in addition the complete tile drainage system, amounts to an average of \$37 per acre.

The McClellansville Drainage District, Charleston, S. C.

"The survey, as well as the report and plans for this project, were made by F. G. Eason, drainage engineer.

"While the preliminary examination covered all of the swamps in the vicinity of McClellansville, it was decided that but one swamp would be worked out in detail, in order to show the feasibility of draining these swamps, as well as the financial advantage.

"The Little Wamba Swamp, comprising some eight minor swamps, was chosen, and the district as formed comprises 4,450 acres. The entire northern portion of the swamp consists of cut-over pine woods, almost free from underbrush, the lands being light and sandy, with a good fall toward the coast. The remainder of the district is a network of swamps and branches, and the estimated cost for this work is an average of \$4.38 per acre. This includes only outlet drainage, but does not include laterals. It is expected that the work will be done in the near future.

Summerville Drainage Project, Dorchester and Berkeley Counties, S. C.

"This drainage survey, carried out at the request of the City of Summerville, was conducted by F. G. Eason, drainage engineer, and A. G. Hall, assistant drainage engineer.

"The district is about 12 miles long and averages about two miles in width, containing 8,635 acres. The greater portion of the land is heavily timbered and a large part of the cultivated land lies on the outskirts of Summerville and along the main roads.

"The main outlet for the district is the Ashley River, the main drainage channel being Saw Mill Branch, called at the lower end Rose Creek and Dorchester Creek.

"The proposed improvement consists of a canal 11 miles long, estimated to cost about \$19,000, *at an average cost per acre of \$1.02*. Some work had already been done in this district, but was not effective owing to insufficient outlet. The only tea farm in the United States is situated in the district, the owner being Dr. C. U. Shepard.

Georgetown Project, Georgetown County, S. C.

"This drainage survey is now being carried on by F. G. Eason, drainage engineer, and embraces a tract of *some 20,000 acres*. The land is being divided into 40-acre farms, complete drainage and road systems will immediately be installed, and the lands settled as rapidly as possible. The lands are flat and have had all of the merchantable timber cut off, and are, of course, swampy. The tract is owned by the Georgetown Farm Land and Homeseekers' Company.

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATIONS.

The Great Pee Dee River Valley, Charleston County, S. C.

"F. G. Eason, drainage engineer, made a very thorough examination of this project, and ran a single line of levels through the county, thus furnishing data sufficient for a preliminary plan of reclamation to be outlined.

"The valley is subject to frequent and large overflows, making necessary a complete system of levees for the protection of the lands.

"An attempt was made to reclaim these lands over 100 years ago, but as each individual landowner carried out his own plan without consideration of his neighbor, the dikes, as a rule, were placed too close to the river, frequently on the very river banks, with the result that they have been overtopped and very seriously damaged, and, in many instances, entirely abandoned. The levees as planned leave sufficient floodway, so that the levees will not, in all probability, be overtopped if built as planned.

"Mr. Bright Williamson, one of the large landowners in this section, is already reclaiming his land according to the proposed plan. The plan covers the reclamation of 17,380 *acres*, at an average cost of \$14.60 *per acre*, the levees *averaging from 8 to 10 feet in height*.

Wadmalaw Island.

"An examination was made of this Island by George M. Warren, drainage engineer, the request having been made by Mr. C. Bissell Jenkins, President of the Cameron & Barkley Company, Charleston.

"The Island contains, including water surfaces, about 26,600 *acres* and lies about 15 miles southwest of Charleston. The cultivated lands on the Island are stated to be worth from \$50 to \$75 per acre, while the poorer lands, because undrained, are not worth more than \$10 or \$15 per acre.

Lands of the Okeetee Club and Others, near Switzerland, Hampton and Beaufort Counties, S. C.

"Mr. J. B. Bostick, Superintendent of the Club, requested an examination of the tract which contains some 65,000 acres. George M. Warren, drainage engineer, made this examination and report with suggestions and recommendations for the proper drainage of the tract.

"The plan proposed calls for a drainage ditch up the run of Great Swamp, and through the various arms of the swamp. It is estimated that this outlet would cost in the neighborhood of \$135,000, and \$5,000 additional should be added to cover the cost of a sluice. Sub-main and lateral ditches would, of course, be necessary in addition to the main outlet ditch. It would be necessary to protect the district from the floods in the Savannah River."

AMENDMENTS TO THE ACT.

The drainage law should be made applicable to the entire State at the earliest possible moment, for there are swamp lands in the middle and in the Piedmont sections of the State, which, by a little intelligent drainage work, could be made immensely valuable to agriculture. In our sister States the drainage law is applicable to the entire State in each instance. If it be made to apply to the entire State, the people in any section are not compelled to avail themselves of its provisions unless they desire to do so.

The law should be amended also, so as to provide an exact method for the payment of the expense of preliminary examinations, and for the payment of the Board of Drainage Commissions, as well as a definite manner of appointment or election.

IMPORTANT RESULT OBTAINED.

By December such interest had been aroused in drainage reclamation work that South Carolina sent a strong delegation to the National Irrigation Congress in session in Chicago. Within this powerful body there had been steadily growing for several years a deep interest in the question of drainage.

This delegation not only succeeded, without creating any degree of antagonism on the part of the great organization known as the National Irrigation Congress, which has accomplished so much, in getting that great organization to stand flat-footed for the Federal aid for the reclamation of the coastal lands of the South Atlantic States, as well as the same class of land in thirty-nine other States, but brought about the organization of a similar National Congress to be known as the National Drainage Congress. Hard work was done by the delegation in perfecting the organization for immediate results, and the new organization has been launched exactly upon the lines of the National Irrigation Congress, which has so far reclaimed 14,000,000 acres of arid lands through its efforts before the Congress of the United States. The new organization was not only fully organized, but that the plan of campaign was gone into in detail and worked out so that already active work all the way from North Dakota to Florida, and Louisiana and Maine is under way. Before the executive officers and executive committee left Chicago, the wherewithal for the maintenance of officers to direct the work was obtained and placed in the bank.

The office of President of the Congress was purposely left vacant until the next general meeting in New Orleans in April, and in the meantime the two executive Vice-Presidents, Mr. Edmund T. Perkins, of Illinois, and the head of this Department, will respectively have executive directions of the field of operation. Mr. Perkins will direct all of the work in the territory ranging from North Dakota through the Middle West and down the Mississippi Valley, with headquarters in Chicago. The South Carolina Commissioner will do the same work in the Atlantic Seaboard, and Northern and New England States, eastward from

Chicago and the Mississippi, and the headquarters will be in Columbia. The Third Vice-President chosen by the Congress was Col. Gorgas, now in charge of all the United States reclamation work in Panama, who has done so much to restore health conditions in that formerly almost uninhabitable region. The executive committeeman for South Carolina is Capt. Whitford, of Charleston.

The first real big Congress ever held in America on drainage the South Carolina delegation succeeded in securing for Charleston, to be held there during the National Corn Show in Columbia, and the fact that the Southern people had already obtained the National Corn Show was a strong card in influencing the ultimate decision in favor of Charleston.

There was no rupture of pleasant associations with the National Irrigation Congress.

At an early date the entire thirty-nine States will be organized in such shape that hundreds of their citizens interested in the reclamation of the low and swamp lands will be writing to the members of Congress urging congressional action, and that action will look forward to the utilization of the valuable machinery now being employed by the United States Government in the construction of the Panama Canal for the purpose of reclamation for the public health, and to the public agriculture, the millions of acres of land involved. South Carolina is concerned to the extent of over 48,000 square miles, or something like 3,000,000 acres of valuable agricultural land, which is now not only more or less worthless, but lying idle and unproductive. It is believed that this effort would add something like \$60,000,000 to the agricultural production of the State eventually, and it is generally conceded that a greater sum than that will be added to the taxable values of the State if the movement proves as successful as it is to be hoped. So far as the country at large is concerned, it was the consensus of opinion of the drainage advocates at Chicago that something like a billion and a half dollars could be added to the agricultural wealth of the country annually by this reclamation work, when it had been accomplished. It was universally admitted, even by Mr. Pinchot and Mr. Garfield, that the proposition of the reclamation of these lands was far less costly, while at the same time a very much bigger proposition than the irrigation undertakings in the West, and that the time and cost of reclamation was a mere bagatelle compared to the projects in

the arid country, which, even if continued, could not be completed before 1930.

STATE ASSOCIATION FORMED.

Immediately upon the return of the South Carolina delegation from Chicago, a State gathering was held in the City of Charleston on Jan. 5, 1912, resulting in the formation of a strong and active State Drainage Association. This resulted from the following call issued by the Commissioner of Agriculture:

"In view of the fact that the first session of the newly formed National Drainage Congress is to be held in the City of New Orleans in April, 1912, that session being one for the perfection of the organization recently formed in Chicago looking to the reclamation of the swamp and low lands of the country at large, and in view of the fact that the second Congress is to be held during the following year in the City of Charleston, in our State, and in view of the further fact that the work to be undertaken means so much to the coastal area of South Carolina, it is extremely desirable that this State be thoroughly organized at the earliest possible moment upon the question of drainage, with the view to taking active steps preliminary to the New Orleans meeting and looking to the largest gathering of its kind ever held in this country in Charleston the following year.

"Being an officer of the National organization, and at the head of the Department of the State Government directly concerned in the restoring to agriculture the 3,000,000 acres of valuable lands now idle along our coast, and being of the utmost importance that such an organization be formed at once, I hereby call a State Convention, on the subject of drainage, to be held in the City of Charleston on Friday, Jan. 5, for the purpose of forming a State Drainage Association, which shall be a permanent organization charged with work looking to the development and reclamation of our overflow lands. I, therefore, urge upon the mayors and intendants of all towns and villages in the coast counties of South Carolina to name delegates to attend this convention, and hereby invite all persons in the country districts interested in the cause to attend said convention as delegates. While the convention is to be primarily a gathering of representatives from the counties in the coastal plain, it is desired also that representatives of any other counties having lands that it is desirable to reclaim by drainage, attend the convention.

"I do not deem it necessary to point out the addition to the annual productive wealth or to the taxable property of the State that will follow the success of a properly conducted movement, but I do consider it of greatest importance that every man residing in the drainage territory shall realize the value of organizing ever to accomplish the desired end, and for this reason I would particularly urge a large and representative attendance at this convention in the City of Charleston.

"I am informed that the Chamber of Commerce extends an invitation to entertain and care for this convention, and I feel sure that such entertainment will be all that can be desired."

HUMID SECTION IRRIGATION.

This Department has long been satisfied that much could be accomplished for the hay growing, trucking and melon industries by means of proper irrigation, and has long been convinced that irrigation could be successfully employed following drainage reclamation. The central idea is that of providing water from the many sources of artesian and other supply available for the purpose of carrying short-lived but valuable crops easily affected by drought through the dry spells.

Some experiments had been made in certain sections of the humid region with hay which had proven eminently successful, increasing the yield of hay, for instance, something like four times, and in view of these successes, the Department got into communication with the U. S. Office of Irrigation Investigations, and last spring Irrigation Engineer, Milo B. Williams, visited this State.

During March, 1911, under the direction of Engineer Williams, an irrigation plant was installed on the plantation of W. G. Childs, some miles below Columbia. Five acres of land were prepared for cropping under irrigation, but due to labor difficulties beyond the control of the engineer the plant was not operated during the season and no results were obtained.

"The possibilities of irrigation in South Carolina," writes Mr. Williams, "are exceedingly great and other plants are contemplated under more congenial circumstances for the year 1912."

On the coast there have been a number of successful experiments with irrigation of truck.

During the summer the matter took more definite shape when the melon growers in the melon growing districts of the State

sustained very heavy losses from the dry season, which losses would have been converted into handsome profits by the use of a little water in intelligent irrigation when the vines were in greatest need of water. The State Department of Agriculture was communicated with by the growers and application was made to the Washington office for Mr. Williams to be sent to South Carolina forthwith. Unfortunately Mr. Williams was in California at the time, and could not be sent immediately. The effort to do something with this condition looking to the future was not, however, abandoned. In regard to this matter Mr. Williams during the fall wrote as follows to the Department:

"I have your letter of July 10 in regard to further irrigation investigations in your State, and I assure you we will get into your territory as soon as possible.

"The extreme drought that the Northern States have been experiencing during the summer has loaded me up with correspondence and trips so that it seems impossible for me to put them aside at this time.

"I gather from your correspondence that the people of South Carolina have awakened to the fact that the insurance given by irrigation is a good business proposition, and that if I can spend some little time in South Carolina again, as I did last spring, they will be more willing to receive assistance. I will be in the South early enough this season to take care of any project for next year's irrigation. If this is not satisfactory, kindly let me know and I will make every effort to meet your desires."

Engineer Williams has just returned from California where he has been engaged in some extensive irrigation projects. It was the purpose of the office in Washington to have him come here almost immediately to go thoroughly into the melon, cantaloupe and truck situation, but in view of the facts as set forth in his letter he has been assured that his visit early this year will not only be most satisfactory but most welcome.

The State Department of Agriculture has received communications from parties in other States experienced in the furnishing and installation of irrigation plants, wishing to take a hand in the campaign for irrigation in this State. In view of the coming visit of the U. S. engineer, however, no steps along this line have yet been taken.

XI.—COMMERCE AND MANUFACTURES.

During the past year this Department has been concerned chiefly with the manufactures of the State in a statistical and exploitation manner, and has made a special effort to study their needs and render such assistance in that respect as possible. The general condition of manufactures is fully dealt with in the separate report of the Labor and Statistical Division of the Department.

In the matter of Commerce every effort has been made to assist in the work of developing and opening the ports of the State and the navigable streams, but to this end the Commissioner has personally been engaged in field work, pointing out essential facts and possibilities to the people. The Edisto river project has been particularly urged.

FLUCTUATION OF WATER FLOW.

On August 10 last, M. R. Hall, District Engineer of the U. S. Geological Survey, with headquarters at Atlanta, wrote the State Department of Agriculture as follows:

"Some years ago the U. S. Geological Survey maintained quite a number of gauging stations on various streams in South Carolina. One after another nearly all of these stations have been discontinued because the daily fluctuations in flow caused by the operation of water powers above made it impossible for us to make an accurate daily record of flow without the use of automatic recording gauges which alone could give the average daily river heights.

"It was impracticable to use such gauges because until very recently there were no such gauges on the market which were well suited for our work, and the ones which were available and could have been used, although not very efficient, were so high in price as to make it practically impossible for us to use them with the limited funds available for the work.

"We are now using a type of gauge somewhat better than the ones formerly available, but the cost question has not been greatly reduced.

"As you perhaps know, the stream gauging work of the U. S. Geological Survey is now being done almost entirely by a co-operative plan in connection with the State survey, by which both parties contribute a like amount of funds for the work. This

plan is not yet fully carried out in any of the Southeastern States comprising this district, but in order to efficiently continue and increase the work it will be necessary to inaugurate such co-operative agreements in each of the States, as the reduced allotment from the general funds cannot be made to cover the district otherwise.

"I wish during the present fiscal year to somewhat increase the work in South Carolina. This increase can be made greater if you can arrange to contribute as much money from the State's funds as is used from the allotment of the Government funds, which could not in any case exceed \$500.00 from each source, making \$1,000.00 for the work in the State. This would little more than equip and maintain two stations if recording gauges are used, but if some of the smaller streams not already developed to any great extent are selected the cost per station will be less.

"I hope you will consider these suggestions and will write me fully in regard to the possibility of forming such a co-operative arrangement at this time."

Mr. Hall was informed that the Department, while in sympathy with the work, had no funds available, and a legislative appropriation would be necessary.

A further communication from Engineer Hall suggested an appropriation of from \$400.00 to \$750.00.

The following correspondence on a matter of particular importance in its relation to the cotton marketing situation at this time, is self-explanatory:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
UNITED STATES ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
CUSTOM HOUSE.

Charleston, S. C., May 17, 1911.

Commissioner E. J. Watson, Columbia, S. C.:

Sir.—I have the honor to inform you that the River and Harbor Act, approved June 25, 1910, called for a preliminary examination or survey of the harbor at Charleston, S. C., with a view to obtaining a depth of 30 feet at low water.

The preliminary examination has already been made by the district officer, and a very full report submitted. We found the project sufficiently promising to recommend a survey and

estimate, which recommendation was concurred in by the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors, and was ordered by the Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army. No actual special survey was necessary for the accomplishment of this project, as the frequent surveys made to determine existing conditions in the channel furnished all the information desired.

A study of this data has, accordingly, been made and a report submitted, which report is not altogether favorable to the improvement, and no further improvement than that contemplated by the present project is recommended at this time. Briefly, the grounds for this unfavorable recommendation are:

First, that the present project will secure a depth of 28 feet in a channel of ample width; that the mean rise and fall of tide is more than five feet, so that there will be a depth of 30 feet and upward in the channel for three-fifths of the time; that most of the commerce of this port is coastwise, and is carried on in vessels drawing only about 20 feet; that the foreign commerce, except in special lines between special harbors, is carried on in a class of steamers that is sufficiently accommodated by a depth of 30 feet, and that no appreciable benefit to commerce would result from an increased low water depth of two feet. Finally, that the principal seaports in the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, are all now being improved under projects contemplating a navigable and usable depth to the sea of about 30 feet at ordinary high water, and that it would not be wise to single out one of these harbors to be improved to a much greater depth than any of the others, where there is nothing in the amount of character of its commerce to justify it.

Further information bearing upon the portions of the report concerning the question of worthiness should be addressed to the undersigned at the United States Engineer Office, Savannah, Ga.

The information contained herein is given you in order that you may have an opportunity, if you so desire, to present any argument or additional information bearing upon the subject to the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors, Southern building, Washington, D. C., and such information should be submitted to the Board in time to reach it within four weeks from the date of this letter, May 17, 1911.

(Signed.)

Very respectfully,
DAN KINGMAN,
Colonel, Corps of Engineers.

Columbia, S. C., May 18, 1911.

Col. Dan C. Kingman, U. S. Corps of Engineers, U. S. Engineers Office, Savannah, Ga.

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of May 17, and am glad indeed that you have called my attention to the grounds for the unfavorable recommendation made in the matter of the project for the deepening of the water upon the bar at the port of Charleston.

As the head of the State Department of Commerce, it has fallen to my lot in the last few years to make almost careful study of American commerce in its relations to the European ports and to the Panama Canal soon to be opened, and our investigations in regard to existing conditions have not been confined to the conditions existing in this country, but has extended into the head offices of the great steamship companies abroad, which companies, by the way, now do all of the commerce for us, and into the offices of the principal importers and distributors abroad. Furthermore, these investigations have been directed largely to the present day methods of getting to the markets of the world the cotton of the South, which I need not tell you now constitutes the bulk of the agricultural exports of the United States and preserves the balance of trade in favor of our common country. We have looked into the methods employed in getting to the markets of the world the cotton manufactured product, which now goes so extensively from the Southern States. The facts that we have found show that precious little has ever been done by the United States Government to bring about the handling of these export products to export upon a sound, economic basis, or even upon an ordinary common sense basis.

Now when the Government can at a small cost put one of our ports into such shape as it will meet the first demands of the large ocean-carrying organizations, it looks as if once more the opportunity to do something substantial is to be allowed to slip by. Without reflecting in any way upon those who prepared the adverse report, the outline of which you give, I can but say, that to any man familiar with the subject of world's commerce and transportation, the reasons assigned are so utterly weak and so regardless of economic basis as to themselves afford strong argument as to why the general government should provide a proper depth of water at the most strategic of all Atlantic ports on our coast. I use the term strategic not alone as applying

to commerce, but applying also in the time of war. I note the statement "where there is nothing in the amount of character of its commerce to justify it," as applying to all of the South Atlantic ports. I trust I may be permitted to say that the richest section of any country has no commerce and can have no commerce until railroad or water transportation that can develop that commerce is afforded. This is the very thing that I encounter with the great steamship companies in every European office, when I was devoting my every energy to the opening of a South Atlantic port in the heart of the cotton belt that would enable this crude export product in all of its immensity to be shipped in a logical and proper manner. The great steamship companies of the world are ready and willing and anxious to get a chance to put into operation a logical line of transportation replacing the present scheme of long railroad hauls thousands of miles in order to get the product aboard the ship, but nothing has been done by us to provide the "right-of-way." *Of course*, the present commerce of Charleston, as well as of every other Southern port in coastwise or confined to light draft foreign tramp steamers, and unless some port is rendered a 30-foot port, that trade is going to continue confined to the same conditions. I know what I am talking about, when I flatly deny the statement that "no appreciable benefit to commerce would result from the increased low water depth of two feet," for I have had the opportunity to talk with the men engaged in the carrying trade, and I have had the opportunity to enter the port of Charleston aboard of a liner of one of the big companies feeling her way into port for the purpose of testing conditions and opportunities.

In regard to the project under way at the principal ports of the four States mentioned, I would not say one word that might be construed into a desire to injure any one of them, but facts are facts, and aside from Charleston's commanding position from both the standpoint of trade and war, I respectfully beg to submit that this is the only port on the Atlantic into which a large vessel of the liner type can pass over the bar and be at her dock in 45 minutes from crossing the bar; in other words, the only port affording a broad channel almost straight and not over six miles in length. In nearness to the open ocean Charleston excels even New York. Less depth and sharp turns in the channels from the ocean into the ports of Wilmington, Savannah or Brunswick, make it impossible for vessels as large and as long

to be operated into those ports. Indeed, none of these channels, under present conditions, or under conditions that are remediable, could handle larger ships than are now handled. The depth and width of the channel into Charleston, I am informed, is equal to that of Baltimore, and the channel itself is deeper than those into Newport News and Norfolk. It is the only port in the Middle South Atlantic Seaboard that does not require two tides for a large vessel to enter and clear upon. What this fact would mean for the development of this port as a coaling station and as a dry dock station, I need not attempt to say. Charleston is the one port on the South Atlantic coast that occupies a position commanding the attention of shipping from this country as well as U. K. ports and the Continent for coaling en route to the Panama Canal, which is the nearest port at present to our West Indian possessions. Ships bound to or from Europe in transit would prefer, aside from the easy access and egress, to put into Charleston for coaling and dry dock, infinitely to risking dangers of Hatteras in order to enter Norfolk. The writer of the adverse report possibly has not been aware that there is every indication now of a first-class coaling station being established at the port of Charleston.

The port of Charleston has a commanding geographical location, the best on this Continent, perhaps, and this is said with no reference to Savannah, Porto Rico, Cuba, the other Islands of the West Indies or Panama, in relation to which Charleston is the premier.

Take the great group of rail gateway points, for instance. She is nearer by rail than from New York or Norfolk, to Kansas City, St. Louis, Louisville and Memphis, and almost 65 miles nearer to Cincinnati than is New York. She lacks only a few miles of being as near as either of these ports to Chicago—the air line distance being about the same. She is 146 miles nearer to St. Louis than is New York, and 385 miles nearer Memphis. Again, Charleston is 125 miles nearer the center of population of the United States than New York.

Artificial conditions created by the nine Northern trunk lines are carrying a volume of business to the termini of these lines. Inevitably, when justice is forced, the main artery of freight traffic must follow the actual short haul. There is no reason in all justice why Western wheat, flour and corn and many other products should not seek the natural short haul outlet for ex-

port. The same thing is true of imports that go to the same section through St. Louis, Kansas City, Louisville and Cincinnati. The trunk lines have wisely, from their standpoint, and successfully, used every endeavor to concentrate all export and import freights at their respective ports.

With long hauls made possible through the port of Charleston, conditions now existing are likely to change with startling rapidity. It suffices to say, also, that no other South Atlantic port is so located in its relation to the ocean that it can for many years become even a competitor of Charleston, with railroad traffic conditions readjusted on the basis of the regular export and import steamship lines from Charleston to European points. In past years grain was shipped to Charleston, but there were no ships sufficiently large to handle the business at a profit.

Returning for the moment to the question of coal, which is a vital one, Charleston is immediately taken out of the class of all other South Atlantic ports, and probably eventually will be raised above the class of some of the North Atlantic ports. You are doubtless aware that permission has recently been granted by the Interstate Commerce Commission to the Carolina, Clinchfield and Ohio Railway to make a low rate of their own coal to Charleston, "with a view to the development of their port as a great shipping center." This action involves plans, I am informed, for the building at Charleston "of an iron furnace to use foreign ore" and by-products, coke ovens to provide the coke for the furnace, the surplus gas to be used by the Charleston Gas Works, while the ships carrying coal from Charleston to the West Indies and South America are to return with iron ore and other cargoes." It is announced, too, that the Clinchfield people contemplate spending some half million dollars in order to make Charleston a coal handling port, and that their plans involve the construction of an elaborate coal elevator system. You are, no doubt, however, thoroughly familiar with the undertaking that the Clinchfield corporation is now entering upon with its direct line from the coal fields via Spartanburg, the Southern Railway and Columbia to Charleston, and if you are not, I beg to direct your attention to the accompanying map showing the location of the coal fields and the route to the coal station in the harbor of Charleston. Were nothing else taken into consideration than the recent completion of this Clinchfield line across the mountains from the coal fields to Charleston and the granting of the low

rate on coal to that port, Charleston is outside of any just or equitable comparison with her sister ports on the South Atlantic. The same thing, I might repeat, is true in regard to time consumed between the ship's entrance and exit. This development on the part of the Clinchfield Company also carries with it the establishment of many enterprises, involving the upbuilding of a commerce of a substantial character. Indeed, on every hand there is every indication that instead of "nothing," as stated in the findings, there will be quickly "something" "in the amount of character of its commerce to justify the Federal Government in at least spending a little money to make possible that which it cannot make possible by reason of natural barriers at any other port."

There is one other feature in this situation that no doubt will thoroughly impress any impartial judge: Charleston, as I have pointed out, is the nearest port to the Panama Canal, which, ere many years, is to be opened and afford to the world new avenues of trade; via New York from Chicago to Panama it is 2,881 miles; from the same point via Charleston to Panama it is 2,331 miles. There is a distance in favor of Charleston of 803 miles in the case of Kansas City; 754 miles in the case of Louisville, and 723 miles in the case of St. Louis. Establishing a similar comparison from the same point via New Orleans and Charleston, from Louisville via Charleston, there are 85 miles in favor of Charleston over New Orleans, and the greatest difference in any of the other cases in favor of New Orleans is only 216.

When we come to the mileage from all principal points, ranging from Chicago on down through the cotton belt as far as Montgomery, Ala., and Augusta, Ga., to the Atlantic ports, you find differences in favor of Charleston as against New York, ranging from 65 miles to 673 miles, all of these differences being over 100, except the instance of the 65 miles cited. Chicago alone gives a slight difference in favor of New York. Taking the same thing from these points to Norfolk, Chicago, Cincinnati and Greensboro, N. C., are the only points that are in favor of Norfolk, whereas the shorter mileage shows from 16 other principal points in favor of Charleston all the way from 26 miles to 400 miles, and the majority of them being over 200 miles and above.

Savannah, from the standpoint of geographical location, would be the only natural point of competition, and the mere fact, without invidious comparison, that Savannah has a long and wind-

ing river channel of approach that would scarcely permit of the handling of a ship of liner length, a fact which you gentlemen of the engineer corps know full well, virtually eliminates Savannah from being considered in the class of Charleston as a strategic point for commerce or for war.

I have not dwelt upon the fact that the U. S. Naval Station and dry docks are at Charleston, which naturally would be considered in removing Charleston from the class of the other points you have named, for the reason that you gentlemen of the army, thoroughly familiar with the necessities for naval as well as land operations, are better acquainted with that matter than myself.

I wish only to say this in conclusion, and that is that the grounds upon which the adverse report have been made in the light of the real facts as to the needs of the country, and as to the possibilities for the expansion of trade and commerce, are so completely out of gear as to seem untenable. It seems to me that the time has about come when the Nation cannot go much further down the scale of neglect of her commerce. But when we consider the enormous toll that is now being levied upon the producer of this country's principal agricultural export crop by combinations in control of the transportation facilities to the markets of the world, it should seem to everybody that the Federal Government and its representatives should be broad enough to look economic facts in the face, and by the expenditure of a few hundred thousand dollars provide at least that which can be of genuine service to the Nation at large, and have it ready for utilization by the time the Panama Canal is open. A matter of three or four hundred thousand dollars expended in this way would be worth, in my humble opinion, millions of dollars in connection with the opening of the canal.

I trust that you will not think that I have written this in any critical manner, for that has been far from my intention. It has just happened that it has fallen to my lot to go most exhaustively into this very subject, and knowing conditions as I do, and feeling that you and the Board of Engineers would like to know how Southern interest as represented in this leading Southern manufacturing and agricultural State, feel in regard to this matter, I have written you frankly and freely, and for no other reason than I am deeply interested in the fullest development of any and everything that makes for the good of our common country.

Very respectfully yours,
E. J. WATSON, Commissioner.

Col. Klingman in his report in July recommended only the amount necessary to complete the 28-foot project.

Valuable work has been done by the U. S. Government upon all the navigable waterways of the State during the year, as shown in the annual report of the Chief of Engineers, recently issued. Commerce upon all these streams has been steadily increasing, and there is prospect of a material extension of the freight service on the Congaree River to Columbia.

GOOD ROADS.

Most particular attention has been given throughout the year to the question of public highway construction and maintenance because of its importance to the agricultural commerce of the State. Never before has there been so widespread an interest in this matter among the masses of the people. Elsewhere recommendations have been made looking to an abandonment in part of the present system of building and maintenance, which is crude and almost devoid of permanency. In some counties bond issues have been voted by the people and effective work is being done by highway commissions provided for under such bond issues. The U. S. Office of Public Roads has rendered material aid and the Department of Highway Engineering at the University has been doing excellent service.

During the year the two main highways through the State—the Capital-to-Capital Highway and the National Highway—have been firmly established, but both are sadly in need of maintenance work. The first of these is to be the link in this section for the Quebec-Miami Highway, now being put in excellent condition for travel from Canada to South Florida.

Arrangements have been perfected through this Department for the early and modern sign posting of all main interstate and principal inter-town public roads in the State.

During September, from the 4th to the 16th, the Southern Railway Company and the U. S. Office of Public Roads conducted a good roads campaign in the State by means of a demonstration train, which visited 21 central points with fine results.

Since Dec. 16 the Atlantic Coast Line and the Federal Office of Public Roads has been conducting a similar campaign, which will conclude on Jan. 13. All the Coast Line territory principal points are being visited.

PUBLIC ROAD STATISTICS.

This year this Department has endeavored to collect intelligent statistical data, revealing the condition of public highway construction in the State. Herewith is given the tabulated result of the effort, showing a total of 5,127 $\frac{3}{4}$ miles of improved roads, out of a total mileage in the State of 47,888. Of the improved mileage, 4,527 $\frac{3}{4}$ are sand-clay, or reported as such, 111 stone surfaced, 427 gravel surfaced, and 62 shell surfaced.

Despite earnest efforts made under the provisions of two Acts requiring officials to furnish information of this character when called upon by the Commissioner, the County Supervisors or Road Commissioners of Barnwell, Beaufort, Clarendon, Colleton, Dorchester, Fairfield, Horry, Kershaw, Lancaster, Lee, Lexington, Marion, Marlboro, Saluda, Spartanburg and York, failed to make any reports, and the figures given in the table for these counties are estimates based upon the reports filed in 1909.

WORKING OF PRESENT SYSTEM.

As indicating some of the highway construction problems under the present rather disorganized and happy-go-lucky system in vogue, the extracts from letters from supervisors, accompanying their reports, are valuable.

Supervisor McBride, of Florence, in submitting his report, writes: "You will note at the head of the schedule, sand clay mixture one hundred or more miles, answered. Will say that we have built two hundred or more sand-clay roads in the last ten years; a large per cent. of this work has gone to pieces from different causes. The main cause is the lack of proper material for building, our clay being a chalky, yellow substance, without body and proper texture for road building. Our sand being more of the flour-like loam and not the coarse sharp kind for the proper construction of sand-clay roads. When properly mixed they make a good road for the time, but will not stand much pressure; as they go to pieces in either extreme seasons, wet or very dry. We have spent in the last ten years from \$15,000 to \$18,000 per annum, and are now laying plans for a greater expenditure."

Supervisor Johnson of Georgetown says: "Replying to your request of September 30th, for information of building and maintaining public highways in Georgetown County, will say that

there is a total of about 1,100 miles, 250 miles of sand clay mixture and 12 miles of shell road. We have no special road or highway levy for the maintenance of the general county fund. Our cost for 1910 was \$7,100. We have no free labor commutation tax of \$2.00 for able-bodied citizens. We estimate that labor performed by the county during 1910 is worth \$12,000 to county. Total amount expended in money and labor in 1910 was about \$24,300. Impossible to ascertain the cost per mile of building roads as we have never kept a separate account. You know this county is full of creeks, rivers and branches, that it necessitates lots of causeway, bridge and ferry work; therefore it is almost impossible to get the average cost per mile of any kind of improved highway. The general conditions of roads are very good. We maintain 12 fee ferries in the county and have about completed all dams and causeway work, except in Georgetown and Charleston Counties and through Santee and the one between Georgetown and Horry Counties through Pee Dee Swamp."

Supervisor Humbert, of Laurens, writes as follows: "In Laurens County we have no funds provided for what we would call permanent improvement, the major portion of our funds being required from year to year to keep our common dirt roads in passable condition; we have not, therefore, been able to build a methodically constructed road of sand-clay, gravel, or other improved road for any great distance at any one time or place, as for instance 4 or 5 miles at a stretch. We have, however, from time to time, as occasion would permit, at different points, hauled sand on some short sections of some of our worst clay roads in sections ranging from one or two hundred yards to possibly a mile, but as no record was kept of distances it would be difficult to compute the total mileage. While our work is done in such a way that it is almost impossible to make a systematic report of same, still we have done a great deal during the past year in the way of widening and draining our roads looking forward to putting down the surface when the funds may be available."

Engineer Eaddy in his report for Williamsburg County says: "Relative to our public highway work, will say we are just now realizing a general interest throughout the county that bespeaks better roads in near future. We have begun to build instead of only repairing. We will endeavor to connect with our adjoining counties the most prominent places by most prominent roads

among us to help speed the day when townships, counties and States may enjoy in common the great benefit of rural connection. Roads generally sandy. Am claying some on roads of first importance, using chaingang principally. Have constructed 20 miles this year. I am using culverts, when practicable, instead of lumber for bridges. General interest lively. Will have more money next year."

From Orangeburg, Supervisor Felder reports: "Under the law, our township road fund has to be set aside for the use of the various township commissioners of the county for repairing roads. This township road fund is made up from three sources, as follows: Commutation tax, \$7,998; one mill tax, \$6,657.63; mileage, \$3,190; aggregating \$17,845.63. The law also places the chaingang entirely within the control of the Supervisor and he distributes its work over the county according to his best judgment. The amount expended in keeping up the chaingang, as the report shows, is \$11,536.18. This year \$17,845.63 spent by the township commissioners, together with the \$11,536.18, spent by the Supervisor, is all that the county used during the current year for building and repairing roads."

Supervisor Martin, of Marion, reports: "I regret I am unable to supply the information requested in your favor of 30th ult., for the reason that the chaingang was on the first of last March transferred from the control of the County Board of Commissioners to the Marion County Road and Highway Commission, created under an Act of the Legislature authorizing it to collect, apply and expend the money realized and to be realized under a bond issue of \$100,000.00. In the tax levy this year for Marion County only one-fourth of the amount appropriated for Roads and Bridges remained at the disposal of the County Board of Commissioners, the bulk of this levy being payable to the Road and Highway Commission for support of the chaingang. I have therefore been able to do very little on road improvement, my efforts having been confined to the repair of bridges, besides the work I have been able to get out of the road hands subject to duty. You perceive I am not in a position to make anything like a full report."

Supervisor Murray, of Berkeley, in making his report says: "We have built but very little sand-clay roads and none of the others. The old plan of working the roads is still in vogue here, with nothing permanent, though our people are becoming more

interested in good roads, and we hope in the near future to be able to make a better report. We have purchased a traction engine, which is working well, and we are doing some fine work now in need of repair, though we only commenced since August last."

Data regarding what you wish to know is very meagre prior to that time (August, 1911), and even at the present time Dillon County is only beginning to get its affairs connected with road work into something like systematic shape. Another year we hope to be able to furnish you with exact figures at a moment's notice.

Since August the county chaingang has been occupied almost entirely with building a causeway over the flood lands to the Little Pee Dee river. This is a heavy piece of work—many times heavier than anything else of the sort ever attempted in the county—and is just nearing completion. This work serves as no guide to the progress that this same outfit can make under average conditions, so the figures presented to you are as nearly accurate as we are able to place them.

The general policy being followed by this county is to plan and build an intelligent and comprehensive system of roads, doing permanent work with the gang, and repairing and patching with the commutation taxes. The patrol system will be used for maintenance, probably. A complete map of the county is being made by the Highway Commission, and this is used to locate roads in their proper place where they may serve the public with the maximum possible usefulness for all time. As good road building is yet in its infancy in Dillon County, we can give but little data for the past, but hope for great results in the future.

Yours truly,
EDWIN M. WAYLAND, C. E.

THE AUTOMOBILE.

One of the greatest agencies of modern civilization is now entering generally into the commercial and rural life of the State. The use of the automobile and the motor truck is no longer confined to pleasure purposes. Farmers all over the State, realizing the great value of the motor in bringing the distant farm near to the town and city, are purchasing machines generally and using them in their business with marked benefit. In the cities and towns motor trucks are rapidly taking the place

of horse-drawn delivery wagons in the prosecution of commercial business, and throughout the State inter-town and town livery services have been established. There are now something over 6,000 motor vehicles in constant use in the State, and they may be met on any public highway. They are wielding a great influence for good roads, and as the man residing in the country makes their use more general just so rapidly will the sentiment for a proper and intelligent system of road construction and maintenance develop.

South Carolina at present has an inadequate and crude system of registration of motor cars. This Department has recently endeavored to get accurate reports as to the registration in the several counties of the State, and has found that in some counties practically no attention is paid to the registration either by owners or the authorities. In one city three machines all assigned the same number were found. There should be an intelligent State-wide registration, with penalties for failure to register, and providing for the keeping of proper and accurate records. A registration fee of \$2 per machine could be imposed, payable to the State Department of Agriculture, or any other authority, and the proceeds could be applied to the conduct of the registration work, and to the salary and expenses of such a public highway engineer as is recommended elsewhere in this report. If a complete registration of all machines in the State were thus provided for immediately, a sum sufficient to maintain effective highway engineering work could be raised at once, without any direct appropriation from the State Treasury.

The following is a summary of the reports as to the number of automobiles now registered in the several counties of the State of South Carolina, this summary being given for the information and guidance of the General Assembly in shaping any legislation that might be deemed wise:

XII.—COMMERCIAL FEED STUFFS DIVISION.

When the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act became effective in the spring of 1910 the scope of the operations of this Department was greatly extended and the most responsible duties that the Commissioner has yet had to perform were imposed. The operation of this law involved the safety and conservation of both human and animal resources of the State, hard, earnest organization work, and the delicate task of enforcing provisions of law to which the people themselves were unaccustomed and of the character and purposes of which they were totally unfamiliar. It is with some degree of pride that I am enabled to say that the campaign of education conducted in connection with the enforcement of the law has been so thorough that the people now thoroughly understand the great measure of protection that this law throws around them, and are lending their most earnest support to the inspection forces. It is equally gratifying to know that dishonest shippers of commercial feed stuffs and grain dealers have been finally convinced that when they attempt to ship inferior material into the State they do so at the almost certain risk of losing it. In this way this class of goods has almost disappeared from the markets of South Carolina, and the marked improvement in quality of goods is a subject of common comment.

Conservatism and fairness have marked the course of the Department in dealing with violations of the law, but whenever it has been necessary to bring the law down hard upon an intentional offender it has been done without fear or favor.

RUNNING OUT SPOILED CORN.

The work of this Department in the matter of the campaign against rotten whole grain corn from beyond the borders of the State, which has so long been dumped upon the Southern States, has attracted the most widespread attention. Indeed, this State has the only law in this country today that takes cognizance of this flagrant wrong to man and beast, and the most effective use has been made of the provisions of the Act in this regard. Shipments of this class of corn have almost entirely ceased, after a hard, uncompromising fight, involving threats by many shippers to withdraw from the South Carolina trade had been made and those making such threats had been invited to make them

good if they chose to do so, and had been further advised that they could do as they pleased, but so long as they shipped rotten corn into South Carolina it would be taken and destroyed after proper and conclusive examination.

CORN MEAL AND PELLAGRA.

Of even more far-reaching importance, inasmuch as it affected human life, and because of the evidence of its connection with the dread disease of pellagra, now rampant in the State, was the campaign against meal ground from spoiled corn. It was only when it became manifest that this State was being flooded with this class of stuff, when agents were found boasting that if they could not sell the whole grain of corn to merchants for animals to eat they would haul it just outside the State, grind it into meal, and ship it back, thus making the people themselves eat it, that most active steps were taken to stamp out the practice which was being so openly indulged in. Nothing could be done with the matter, however, until a certain experience had been gained in the handling of rotten corn itself, and an exact scientific method of test and examination had been introduced, and, in this respect, the Department's work was along an untrod path, so far as the United States was concerned. It was difficult, too, for the reason that meal made of rotten corn was whiter and prettier in every regard than that made from sound corn, and the people had been so long accustomed to buying by appearances that they found it difficult to grasp the essentials.

THE MIDDLE GROUND.

The investigations made in the State laboratories maintained by the Department along the line of spoiled corn and corn products have resulted in perhaps the most notable advance in this respect that has been made for many years.

Assuming simply that rotten food stuff was dangerous, and not assuming that pellagra was caused directly by the consumption of spoiled corn, the Department has felt that the indictment was so strong against the spoiled corn (that the disease and the consumption of spoiled corn had never been successfully divorced by the scientists) that it was warranted in taking the safe middle ground indicated, and proceeded to handle the matter vigorously. Special investigations involving properly isolated sections in which pellagra prevailed extensively were most carefully con-

ducted and much valuable data which is strong evidence of the connection between the disease and spoiled corn has been obtained. Many of these essential facts were demonstrated by the Commissioner in an address upon the subject at the last National Pellagra Conference held in Columbia.

A BUSY YEAR.

When the General Assembly was last in session the organization work of this division was just about completed and the work of inspection of the general run of commercial feed stuffs had been just gotten thoroughly working. The laboratories had just been established, and had not yet been equipped for making the scientific test of corn known as the "Acidity" or Alsberg test, a test already thoroughly demonstrated and put into practical use in Italy and Austria. Before the General Assembly had adjourned the complaints of spoiled corn began to come in rapidly, and the thorough equipment of the laboratories for the work was rushed forward. By March, 1911, the work with corn had been well launched. All kinds of troubles with out-of-the-State shippers were encountered, efforts at intimidation were made, and there was really a howl from the grain dealers who heretofore had been having their own undisputed way in the furnishing of any kind of stuff they saw fit upon our unsuspecting people. Nearly half the year the Commissioner was kept busy with these two campaigns on corn and corn meal and products. The results of the examinations published in the Department's bulletin show what was found, and the great necessity for the time devoted to the matter.

EFFICIENT FORCES.

The laboratory force has remained unchanged and steadily increased in efficiency. The laboratory has been finally equipped in a most up-to-date manner, and is today one of the best in this regard to be found in the South. The inspection force is no larger than last year's force, and has steadily increased in efficiency also. The personnel is the same with one exception. All of the inspection work is done with only four men, one of whom remains in the offices most of the time looking after clerical and executive details and holding himself in readiness for any emergency call. Another travels by automobile covering the outlying sections that cannot possibly be reached by train. The

others are constantly on the move from one end of the State to the other, and at certain seasons do almost double work.

The effort has been made to operate the law upon a minimum of expense and only the most careful and painstaking as well as competent men, particularly equipped and adapted for the work, have been employed.

RICE PRODUCTS.

Second only in its troublesome nature to corn and meal has been the control of rice products. Nearly all of this business comes from the Southwest, the South Carolina milling industry having dwindled badly. There are many vexatious problems connected with this matter of rice products and they have not yet been solved to the satisfaction of the Department.

For the receipts from the tonnage tax on feed stuffs and the expenditures your attention is directed to the appended detailed statement at the end of this report, showing a balance on hand in the State Treasury on January 1, 1912, of \$5,489.92.

There is no amendment to the law that has appeared to be necessary. It is in accord with the best laws in the leading States, in all essential particulars, is working well and is doing what after all is the chief object, affording protection to the people.

WORK OF THE LABORATORY.

Below are given condensed summaries of the samples analyzed and examined in the laboratory since it was established and put into operation. The summaries show that a total of 751 samples have been examined up to Jan. 1, 1912. An examination of the figures shows what necessity there was for the work.

The corn meal summaries show that 81 out of 225 were found to be made of rotten corn. Indeed, when the State was first gone over and samples of corn meal were drawn in the open market it was found that nearly 90 per cent. of the meal being sold in the State was made of spoiled corn and was really dangerous. Of the last 25 samples examined recently only one was found to be of inferior quality. As shown by the table, as soon as the inspection was started improvement in quality commenced forthwith.

Only 9 out of 33 samples of corn of which complete tests were made were found sound.

However, here are the summaries:

GENERAL FEED STUFFS.

Total Number Samples Analyzed to January 1, 1912.

	Cotton Seed Meal	Wheat Products	Corn Products	Rice Products	Chicken Feed.	Alfalfa Meal.	Mixed Feed.	Miscellaneous.
Number of samples	176	132	20	40	70	9	276	14
Number up to guarantee	109	72	11	11	54	7	158	10
Number below guarantee	67	60	9	29	16	2	120	2
Number below guarantee in protein.....	34	23	9	20	16	.....	50	2
Number below guarantee in fat.....	5	15	4	14	10	1	47	.....
Number above guarantee in fiber	23	26	8	10	6	1	45	.....
Number below in fat and protein.....	1	4	2	6	3	.....	10	.....
Number below in protein and fat—high in fiber	1	4	1	5	2	.....	10	.....
Number below in protein and high in fiber..	13	4	2	4	.....	.....	5	.....
Number below in fat and high in fat.....	2	1	.....	.....	1	.....	5	.....

CORN MEAL.

Total Number Samples Corn Meal Analyzed to January 1, 1912—225.

	Total.	First Fifty Samples Analyzed.	Second Fifty Samples Analyzed.	Third Fifty Samples Analyzed.	Fourth Fifty Samples Analyzed.	Last Twenty-five Samples Analyzed.
Number samples good	144	12	31	37	33	24
Number samples bad	81	28	19	13	11	1

GRITS.

Total Number of Samples Grits Analyzed to January 1, 1912—54.

Number samples of grits good.....	54
Number samples of grits bad.....	..

CORN.

Total Number Samples Corn Analyzed to January 1, 1912—33.

Number of samples good.....	9
Number of samples condemned.....	24

DAMAGED CORN WITHHELD FROM SALE BY DEPARTMENT.

1910.. .. .	16 shipments.....	2,969 bushels.
1911.. .. .	24 shipments.....	4,957 bushels.
Total.. .. .		40 shipments.....7,926 bushels.

During year 1911, Department seized 981 bushels, and allowed 3,976 bushels to be shipped out of the State upon agreement not to be returned in any shape.

These shipments were made from Cincinnati, Nashville, Richmond, Baltimore, Norfolk, and other middle western market points.

SPECIMEN CASE.

The following letter gives an idea of the plain warnings given to shippers; in this particular case the corn was confiscated and destroyed:

(Copy.)

Feb. 8, 1911.

*Messrs. W. F. Richardson, Jr., & Co., 210-216 South Seventh St.,
Richmond, Va.*

Gentlemen: This is to inform you that this Department has today ordered withheld from sale to the consumer 225 sacks of corn, sold by D. K. Wright, representing your house, and shipped by you into this State to the E. Sternberger Co., at Clio, S. C., pending a chemical and bacteriological examination under the law as to whether it is in such damaged condition as to be unfit for food purposes. Samples of this stuff have been carefully drawn, and a most careful examination will be made. A superficial inspection so far shows this to be the worst quality of stuff that has ever been sent into this State.

I thought that I had advised your firm fully some months ago of the provisions in the South Carolina law, placed there purposely to prevent the shipping of spoiled or damaged corn into South Carolina. These provisions were put into the South Carolina law for the specific purpose of affording protection to the people of this State, and it was made this Department's duty to enforce the provisions of the law. For your information, I would say that, though we were lenient when the law first went into effect, we propose to exercise every authority given under the law this season to put a stop to this practice, and I would strongly advise you, in making any shipments into South Carolina, to see that you ship nothing but pure, first-class corn. If anything else is shipped, and the examination shows that it is sufficiently damaged to come within the provisions of the law, it is going to be confiscated without question or without fear or favor in the exercise of the sovereign police power of the State.

I might say for your information that this Department and its experts are now thoroughly equipped with all the apparatus and methods of testing corn that are in use in such countries as Italy

and Austria, and we are in a position, upon a proper examination, to go upon the stand and give expert testimony of exact scientific character. The mere theories of the trade and specious arguments about heated corn will no longer prevail, for our laboratory equipment is now such as to give results, which are competent testimony in the courts. I might say, for your further information, that I, personally, had the opportunity to study these scientific methods, where they are largely employed, and they are going to be put in full practice in South Carolina. This Department does not care to be continually bothering with the holding up of shipments from any concern, and would much prefer the co-operation of all shippers, but any attempts to put any damaged or spoiled corn coming within the meaning of the South Carolina law, is going to be met by prompt and decisive action, and brokers or agents selling such stuff are going to be promptly indicted. I have written you just thus plainly, for I feel that you should be given thorough warning as to future shipments.

In the present case, it is under investigation, and when the report is made, the action of this Department will be governed accordingly.

Very truly yours,

E. J. WATSON, Commissioner.

For complete data as to all other seizures, see Division Bulletin.

SOME ACTUAL RESULTS.

In the State of South Carolina, for the first time on the American Continent, an application of the careful systems of chemical, bacteriological and biological examination of spoiled corn has been put into effect. In starting these examinations, we first put through the same test some of the 1910 home-raised product, a fair average, and we found the moisture and acidity to be, respectively, 9.50 and 13 per cent. The Federal Government, in examining some high grade corn from different parts of the Nation, found the moisture to run between 7.60 and 10 per cent. and acidity between 13 and 18 per cent. The South Carolina product showing moisture at about 8 per cent. and acidity from 13 to 15 per cent.

On February 21, 1911, we seized the carload of corn at Clio, referred to above; corn that had been shipped from the West via Richmond into the State. When put through the test, it showed only 3.37 per cent. of fat, 12.64 moisture and 60 to 75 cc. acidity,

when for good corn, acidity should range from only 10 to 15 cc. The specialist making the examination reported: "This corn is unfit for consumption of any kind." On the same day we seized a carload of corn, coming from the same source, by the same route, at Bishopville, and we were confronted with 14.80 per cent. moisture, 3.13 per cent. fat, acidity test showing 80 cc., and the report of the experts was "about two-thirds of this corn is spoiled, and, therefore, should not be used as a feed in any way."

These cases are but fair samples of corn that we have confiscated in South Carolina under the law, taking cognizance of whole grain when so damaged as to be unfit for feed. At that time we had been unable to touch the meal situation, but expected it to reveal a condition of affairs far worse. It would be difficult to picture, from a scientific standpoint, the danger to both man and beast that our people have been, and still are, running in those sections of the country that are still buying corn from the old corn belt through shippers who do not care what they put upon the market so long as they can get a price for it. We have authenticated cases reported of deaths of mules and horses, and of hogs, immediately following the feeding of such stuff, and the reports come frequently.

MEETING THE GRAIN DEALERS.

All during the spring protests against the South Carolina methods of examination poured in from grain exchanges and dealers, and, finally, when it seemed impossible to answer all inquiries, I determined to go to Nashville, with the State Chemist, and meet representatives of all the Grain Exchanges of the Middle Western States, at a conference to which I had been invited, the conference having been arranged by the Nashville Grain Exchange.

This conference saved much time and future correspondence, and since then there has been but little trouble. On my return from Nashville I made the following statement: "This conference was to clarify the atmosphere in regard to the new provision of law that we are enforcing in this State, controlling and shutting out of the State the rotten corn and meal made from rotten corn that has been shipped in here so long to such great damage to both man and beast. We have been, during the spring, gradually tightening the lines on this class of stuff and making confiscations, and the Grain Exchanges that have

been doing all of the shipping knew absolutely nothing about the Austrian method of examination and the Alsberg test, which we are now employing to obtain exact scientific information as to when stuff is so damaged as to be dangerous. We went there armed with typical samples of the products that had been shipped from different points, together with the results of the examination in each. We were in a position to show the man who had himself shipped a corn graded, by his Exchange, as a No. 2, what it was, and in nearly every instance he had only to take a look to see that it was not even a No. 4. It has been my fortune to face many an audience in all parts of the country, on all kinds of subjects, but I have never faced an audience of more interested men, nor have I ever had questions directed at me in as great number, and with as much rapidity, as did these men who have been making this business their life work. Finally, however, the whole thing was elucidated to our mutual satisfaction, and the grain dealers and myself, as the head of the Department in South Carolina, now thoroughly understand one another. One thing that they understand is, that, if dangerous stuff is shipped into South Carolina, it is going to be confiscated without fear or favor. They understand also that this State intends to throw as much protection around the honest grain dealer or broker or commission man as it does around any one else, and that there are to be no indiscriminate confiscations, but that every confiscation will be based directly and solely upon the result of the expert examination, and that only.

"It was gratifying to me that Mr. Jno. F. Courcier, Secretary of the National Grain Dealers' Association, came down from Toledo, O., to hear the whole thing, and that he and a number of others did not hesitate to express the belief that a similar system of examination ought to be in operation in every State. Mr. Courcier believes that it will be one of the greatest things that can be employed to drive dishonest competition out of the field in the grain business, and put the entire grain business upon a far better level than it is today, not taking into consideration at all the protection to life that would be afforded. It was gratifying to me, also, to find that the work this Department has been doing in its laboratories, in regard to this important matter, has been attracting most wide-spread attention, principally in several of the leading middle Western States, such as Illinois, where pellagra is prevalent. And, as yet, you

know, nobody has been able to definitely separate the disease of pellagra and the utilization of the spoiled corn or spoiled corn products."

THE FEED MANUFACTURERS.

Going on from Nashville, at Indianapolis, Chief Chemist Summers and myself met the members of the American Feed Manufacturing Association, and discussed with them many matters in relation to the feed inspection work now being done here, and as to features of the manufacture of feeds that needed immediate consideration. This association was composed of manufacturers from all over the country, and much information that will be most beneficial to the people of this State was obtained.

RESULTS OBTAINED.

Soon after the Nashville Conference the Department received letters similar to the following from a number of shippers:

"We are in receipt of your favor of June 26th and merely write now to thank you very kindly for sending us the information regarding the acidity test. We are glad to tell you we will be able to make these tests in our own laboratory, and will take a great deal of interest in making such tests at frequent intervals."

THE ACIDITY TEST.

Almost immediately after the conference the National Grain Dealers' Journal requested the Department to prepare a special article on the subject of spoiled corn and the method of examination being employed. This was done and the article appeared in the July issue, being also issued by the Department in bulletin form. It is reproduced here because of the information contained.

In view of the great ignorance of modern scientific exact methods of determining the deterioration of corn, to which you have called my attention, and to which my attention has been called more particularly by the character of letters that I have received from shippers in all parts of the Middle West, I am availing myself of the opportunity you afford to make this entire matter perfectly clear and to present the method of determination, which we are now employing in our laboratories, and using in connection with the standards for grading, fixed by the Grain

Dealers' National Association, the results in every instance as to percentage of spoiled corn and acidity running hand in hand.

When I asked our State Legislature, in the exercise of the sovereign police power of the State, to put a provision in the new law we were then enacting, which, by the way, is almost verbatim the law recommended by the American Association of Agricultural Chemists and Officials for use in all the States, I did so because of the fact that all around me there were dying by the scores horses, mules and hogs, whose deaths were traceable directly to the feeding of rotten corn, and all around me were people contracting and suffering from a loathsome and incurable disease, which the medical profession and all other professions and scientists had failed to connect, and have failed as yet to connect, with anything other than the consumption of spoiled corn.

The clause in the new law that I refer to provided for the handling of all whole grains when in such condition, as determined by inspection, to be unfit for food purposes, mixed or unmixed. Under existing standards and methods of grading on this continent, there was no means of determining definitely and accurately when the corn, or any whole grain was in such a damaged condition as to be dangerous to life. It was my official duty, therefore, to ascertain a scientific method of examination and inspection, which would determine with exactness the point of danger to such an extent as to make testimony, given after such an examination, so definite and complete from a scientific standpoint that it could stand the run of any Court, State or Federal.

It had been my good fortune to study, at first hand, abroad, the exact methods employed in both Italy and Austria, where these governments carefully control the quality of the corn, and suspected corn is examined by skilled government experts. Fortunately just about the time we had to undertake this work the United States Bureau of Plant Industry, having had O. F. Black and C. L. Alsberg, expert chemical biologists, at work on this subject, issued its Bulletin No. 199 on December 16, last, giving to the people of this country exactly the same thing in all of its detail, and backed by all of the world scientists who have been at work upon the problem.

The possibility that spoiled corn may possess poisonous qualities seems to have passed unnoticed in this country. Whether or

not spoiled corn is the cause of the disease known as pellagra, it was very clear that spoiled corn was as undesirable as any other spoiled food. As Alsberg says, "Here the economist, hygienist, and the agriculturist meet upon common ground. If the hygienist should condemn corn as corn it would react upon the agriculturist by narrowing the market for the country's chief crop. It is, therefore, of the utmost importance to the agriculturist that the deterioration of corn be investigated in all of its bearings in order that he may learn to avoid the cause of the spoiling of corn, and that the consumption of spoiled corn by man may be eliminated. Ultimately this will be to the interest of all classes, whether growers, middlemen, or consumers. To bring about this result it must be possible to detect deterioration in corn." It has long been recognized that it is extremely difficult to detect the spoiled grains that have been mixed with good corn, and it is even more difficult to detect the rotten material when used in the making of meal.

The United States authorities, after a careful study of the European methods, endeavored to present an exact method, enabling manufacturers of human food, public health officers and shippers of whole corn to judge of the quality of corn and corn meal. As the Federal officers say, in this country, where the examination will be made in most cases only upon the initiative of private individuals, many of the tests applied would often be of little service, because they require a considerable degree of chemical and bacteriological skill. What seemed to be needed in this country was an adequate test of so simple a character that it may be applied by the shipper, the manufacturer, the health officer or the consumer, in determining whether products or purchases are fit for food.

To quote Dr. Alsberg, "Such a test is thought by the writers to be the determination of the acidity of corn. This is a well known test in both Italy and Austria, where much stress is laid on its importance. In this work it has been found the most reliable means of distinguishing good from bad corn. All corn is somewhat acid, not necessarily to the taste, but to chemical reagents. Since the spoiling of corn is due to fermentation processes, in which acids are among the products, the extent to which this deterioration has progressed can be measured by the amount of acid present. It becomes necessary, then, only to fix a standard of acidity above which corn should be considered unfit for food."

We have adopted the exact uniform method, being now generally used as the most modern method known in the world, and, as I have said, the results from this method invariably run hand in hand, in our laboratories, at least, with the grading (percentage of spoiled corn) according to the standards of the Grain Dealers' National Association.

Carried out according to this method, the determination of the acidity of corn is easily made. Any pharmacist ought to be able to carry it out accurately, for it is far and away easier than to determine the acidity in gastric juice, a determination with which every physician is familiar. Graduates in pharmacy will find no trouble in detecting it, and it is suggested that shippers of corn and manufacturers of human food from corn, and other persons who do not wish to bother with these determinations, might have them done by the local pharmacist.

Before going further, as you request, I wish just here to incorporate, in detail, in condensed and simple manner, but in absolute completeness, the exact method that I have referred to, and which we have adopted, and are using today. As you will see, it is over the signature of this Department's Chief Chemist, who has had very large experience in dealing with the Middle Western feed stuffs in one of the leading Middle Western States in an official capacity:

METHOD OF DETERMINING THE ACIDITY OF CORN.

APPARATUS NECESSARY.

One graduated burette.

One or more 50 cubic centimeter graduated glass flasks fitted with ground-glass stoppers.

One or more 5-inch glass funnels.

One filter stand, or some appliance for holding funnel while filtering.

Three-inch filter papers, preferably folded filters.

One or more 25 cubic centimeter graduated glass cylinders.

If whole corn is to be examined, a mill is necessary—a drug or coffee mill will do.

REAGENTS NECESSARY.

Neutral Alcohol.—Such alcohol may be obtained from dealers in fine chemicals. If no neutral alcohol is at hand, it may be

readily prepared by the distillation of the ordinary 95 per cent. alcohol with the addition of unslaked lime. A few lumps of quicklime are put in a still or retort of copper or iron; the alcohol is poured in and the still connected with a water-cooler condenser. The so-called Liebig condenser is good for this purpose. The connections may be made with suitable bent glass tubes and cork or rubber stoppers. A receiving vessel is placed under the open end of the condenser to catch the alcohol. The still or retort is then heated with a non-luminous flame till the greater part of the alcohol has boiled over. All the alcohol can not be recovered because of the danger of burning the still. An ordinary kerosene can may be used as a still, the spout of the can being connected with the condenser. If no vessel suitable for use as a still is at hand, a glass distilling flask may be secured from a dealer in chemical apparatus. It is best to use those made of Jena glass. The glass must not be heated directly, but must be heated over a water bath in the manner of a double boiler. To accomplish this it is immersed up to the beginning of its neck in some sort of kettle filled with water. The heat is then applied to the kettle. The flask is touched only by the boiling water. Care must be taken that the flask does not break, for then there is danger of setting the alcohol on fire. A fire of this kind is best put out by smothering it with sand, a small keg of which should be kept handy.

A solution of phenolphthalein as indicator.

Distilled water.

Twentieth normal caustic alkali (NaOH or KOH). This, too, may be purchased from dealers in fine chemicals. Only small quantities should be purchased or made at a time, as it deteriorates in a month or two, even if tightly stoppered, when it should be replaced with fresh solution.

PROCEDURE.

If the sample to be tested is whole corn, it must first be ground until all of it can be passed through the 20-mesh sieve. For this purpose a fair sample should be made, taking it from different parts of the lot—the bottom as well as the top. The sample should not be too small. It should consist of at least 500 kernels. If it is meal, no further grinding is necessary, but the sample should be a mixed one, consisting of portions taken from different parts of the sack. Ten grams of the thoroughly mixed sample

are weighed out and transferred to a 50 cubic centimeter graduated flask fitted with a ground-glass stopper. The flask is then filled to the 50 c. c. mark with neutral alcohol of a strength of 85 per cent. by volume. After the addition of the alcohol the flasks are allowed to stand for twenty-four hours at room temperature, with an occasional shaking. At the end of that period a dry filter paper is placed in the glass funnel and the stem of the funnel brought over the 25 cubic centimeter cylinder. Then the clear liquid in the 50 c. c. graduated glass flask is poured into the dry filter and collected in the graduated cylinder. When this is filled to the 25 c. c. mark, the contents are transferred to a small flask or beaker.

The alcohol adherent to the inside of the cylinder is rinsed into the beaker with a little distilled water. From 100 to 150 c. c. of distilled water and a few drops of the phenolphthalein solution are then added to the liquid. The burette, which must be clean and dry, is filled to the zero mark with the twentieth normal alkali solution and the alkali allowed to run drop by drop into the beaker, the contents of which are continually stirred, until the first permanent pale-pink coloration of the whole liquid appears. The number of cubic centimeters run into the beaker is then read off on the burette. The number of cubic centimeters twentieth normal alkali solution used, multiplied by 10, gives the acidity of 1,000 grams (1 kilogram) of corn in terms of cubic centimeters, normal alkali. The results given below under the head of acidity are calculated on this basis. It is to be noted that on the addition of the 100 to 150 c. c. of distilled water to the 25 c. c. of alcoholic extract, some zein (the alcohol-soluble protein found in corn) is precipitated, giving a cloudy appearance to the solution; but this cloudy appearance wholly or partly disappears on the addition of alkali from the burette, so that the pink coloration which marks the end point of the operation is quite obvious.

Having determined the acidity of the corn sample in terms of cubic centimeters of normal alkali, the question that next arises is whether the acidity found is that of good corn or is greater than it should be. It has been found that the acidity number of sound corn ranges from 13 to 25; i. e., it required from 13 to 25 cubic centimeters of normal alkali to neutralize the extract from 1,000 grams (1 kilogram) of sound corn. It is necessary, however, to allow for a certain amount of variation in the corn, so

that 30 cubic centimeters may be fixed upon as a safe limit. This is the limit adopted by Schindler, the Austrian authority. The writers decided to calculate the acidity on a basis of 1 kilogram (2.2 pounds) to bring the figures into conformity with Fuller's scale, now very generally employed by bacteriologists.

We find at this laboratory that the per cent. spoiled corn and acidity test run parallel with each other.

A. C. SUMMERS,
State Feed Chemist.

The question of moisture is not of such vital interest, since moisture content is easily determinable. It is, however, of great concern to the shipper in that excessive moisture content is necessarily the chief factor in causing corn to spoil. Thoroughly air-dried corn contains about 12 per cent. Corn with a much greater moisture content has either been harvested too soon, as is often necessary in cold, wet seasons, or it was shelled without adequate curing on the cob. Storage, under conditions which do not protect corn from the weather, may, of course, increase the moisture content. Such corn is particularly liable, given a favorable opportunity, to heat and ferment, and then begins the fermentation and formation of acids, and the fungi that cause the trouble. Curing prior to storage should always be insisted upon by all people who purchase for shipment. Corn will then be in excellent condition, fit for any use. If the growers and handlers of corn for shipping purposes would dry the corn adequately it would result in a great addition to the wealth of the country without regard to the dangers to the public health of human beings and animals from the consumption of spoiled corn. There would be less deterioration in transit and storage, some of the millions of gallons of water annually hauled from the corn belt, in the form of moisture, would be left at home. Transportation charges would be most materially reduced, and, then, it should be remembered that the germ in the corn kernel is a living thing, and that immaturely curing this germ can reduce the food power of the product.

I do not feel that it is necessary to go into all of the bacteriological and other phases, for we are not making use of them.

We are, however, using the acidity test because of its absolute scientific exactness, and in cases of doubt (close figures) we are giving the benefit of the doubt to the shipper. We are using the

standards adopted by the Grain Dealers' National Association, and we do believe, from what we know of spoiled corn and its effect in this State, which up to a year ago was absolutely unprotected territory for all classes of commercial feed stuffs and had become such a dumping ground that millions of dollars of damage was being done annually to the agricultural consuming interests of the commonwealth, that we are getting at the thing in the right way.

I have explained to the trade time and again that we are not after enforcing any harsh measures, but, in the matter of affording protection under the law to the people of this State, we are unalterably determined to put a stop once and for all, in the exercise of the police power of the State, to dishonest dealers unloading upon the unsuspecting people stuff so rotten that it would not even grade a No. 4.

I showed to the representatives of the various grain exchanges at the meeting in Nashville specimens of the class of stuff we had taken off the market in this State, and I am willing to take any one to our warehouse and show them stuff that no honest man would dare attempt to feed to any kind of a living thing.

I have had one or two cases of agents of shippers, when the corn had been refused, even for the purpose of being fed to hogs, make the bald statement that he "would ship it back to a mill, grind it into meal, and send it back and make the same people, in the same community, eat it." Things had become so flagrant in this State that firm and decisive action was demanded and this Department, being clothed with the sovereign police power of the State, and disposed to exercise that power with exact justice as between all parties concerned, has adopted what is today the only known thoroughly exact test, and is applying it without fear or favor, even to the point of standing between the distant shipper and the local jobber or consumer who may try to make use of the law to beat down grades upon the allegation that the stuff received was of a lower grade than that the shipper agreed to send. This we have had in several cases.

To sum the whole thing up, we have simply done what every State in the United States should do for the public health and the public welfare, what the honest grain dealers and shippers of the United States ought to do for the sake of the standard of their own trade, what they ought to do to drive out the cut-throat competition of dishonest dealers and shippers, and what is the

only thing science holds today to force the producer to properly cure his stuff before he sends it out to go into the stomachs of man and beast. We are applying science for humanity's sake, and we are going to continue to do it until rotten food stuff is driven from the borders of this State, all the shippers in the United States to the contrary notwithstanding. Those shippers, however, are going to receive fair, honest and impartial treatment, and any man who ships corn into South Carolina that comes under the Grain Dealers' Association's standards, and grades A No. 3 or above, need have no fear of his stuff being molested by the authorities of this State.

Now, I trust I have made this matter perfectly clear. It is one of more far-reaching importance, as I said in the beginning, than even the honest shipper realizes. It is one affording ample protection. It is one making for the maximum benefit of the country at large, and tending to improve the quality of the products that we raise and furnish to our fellowmen and the people of other nations. It is one that demands the attention we are giving it, and, while at present South Carolina is the only State on the American continent that is giving this matter this full attention, I believe that in a very few years everybody concerned will see the wisdom of it, realizing its vast importance, and insist upon its adoption by every State in the Union.

AFTER CORN MEAL.

The Department had been preparing for some time to begin a line of investigation as to the quality of corn meal being shipped into the State, when the month of August came and brought some developments which resulted in the launching of the campaign.

Having in mind the conclusions drawn by the famous Lombroso, at the end of his book dealing with maize and pellagra, a bacteriological examination of some of the spoiled corn had been made.

Lombroso's conclusions were as follows:

"Finally, I have sustained as paramount preventive measures against pellagra: the drying of Indian corn and the exclusion of spoiled grain."

"Finally, I have shown that penicillium and aspergilli of corn are truly pellagrogenous but only when growing upon spoiled corn, from which they imbibe toxic substances; while, on the

contrary, when growing upon other plants or material, which have not undergone putrefaction change, they are absolutely harmless.

"In conclusion, having observed how one of the causes of pellagra arises from the fraudulent methods of millers, we have introduced with great advantage in pellagra-stricken districts a rapid hand-mill (Bramford) which furnishes fresh meal, in the necessary quantities for daily use, without recourse to the lethal products of the wholesale dealers. Here, again, sound Indian corn scores a point. This method, I believe, is worthy of trial and adoption in America."

The examination for the Department was made by Prof. H. W. Barr, Botanist at the State Experiment Station, at my request, and resulted as had Lombroso's examinations. His report was as follows:

"Since my return from the Institute work last week I have made cultures of corn samples Nos. 115 and 115A and find that there is an abundance of penicillium, macrosporium, mucor and fusarium on this corn. This indicates to me that the corn is pretty badly damaged. From this I would judge that it must have been damaged in storage as the fungi which I have mentioned above are saprophytic moulds which are common on grain which is stored in damp situations or allowed to heat. Am sorry that my absence caused delay in furnishing this information, but trust that it will still be of service to you."

A small dose of the toxin distilled from one quarter of a gram of corn meal found in the open market was found to be immediately fatal to the largest sized rat, as demonstrated at the pellagra conference.

CAUSE OF ACTIVITY.

On August 7 the following letter was received from W. E. Lindsay, Assistant Treasurer of the D. E. Converse Co., at Glendale:

"We have several cases of pellagra in our mill village and have been corresponding with Dr. Babcock regarding this disease. He suggests that we ask you to have the corn products as handled by the stores in the neighborhood tested, etc. We would be very glad if you could do this. If there is anything we can do to assist you, please call on us."

The Chief Inspector was sent to Glendale and full information as to conditions there was obtained and samples drawn.

It was found that the stores at Glendale had been buying their supplies regularly and continuously for over a year from the same mills in two other States, and selling the stuff to the people in the village.

Within the year all the cases of pellagra that had occurred had developed and there had been two deaths from the disease.

The first step of course was to carefully draw samples of the meal and grits. Our chief inspector did this in person, exercising extraordinary care. The samples were then placed in our laboratories and were put through the most careful and painstaking tests, chemically and bacteriologically. The reports filed by the chemist showed respectively 52 c. c., 40 c. c., and 40 c. c., of acidity under the Alsberg test, when 15 c. c. represents the acidity of good corn, and anything over 30 c. c. is of necessity considered unfit for either animal or human consumption. In other words, the corn products sold to the villagers were found to be dangerous and unfit for food, just as expected. The quality is just about the same as that of the goods found in the several cities from which samples have been obtained and have been tested.

The Department issued stop orders, withholding the stuff from further sale, and took every possible step to prevent any further marketing of such products. In the meantime still further investigations were begun with a view to getting exact information as to the source of supply of the corn from which these products were made, and as to the quality of such corn.

In each case the examining chemist reported that the meal was made from off-grade corn or had deteriorated since grinding and should not be used for human consumption.

SOURCES OF SUPPLY OF MEAL.

Chief Chemist Summers was sent to other States to look into the matter of the quality of corn being ground into meal. He reported:

“August 20, 1911.

“Dear Sir: As authorized by you, I have made an inspection trip through some of the other States in order to see the quality of corn and wheat which is being ground and shipped into South Carolina daily, and beg to submit the following report:

"Leaving Columbia Aug. 8th, I went first to Alexander, N. C., and was conducted through the Morris & Sheppard Mill by Mr. Morris himself. I found the corn that Mr. Morris had on hand to grade good No. 2, and he stated that this was the only corn used by him. He offered his bills for inspection, if necessary. I found Mr. Morris compelled to sell his meal and grits at least 10 per cent. higher per hundred pounds than the surrounding mills. He also sold his corn meal several cents higher and found himself unable to fill all orders sent in; in spite of this Mr. Morris further stated that it was known around there that a number of the mills in North Carolina and Tennessee ground corn into meal that could not be marketed as whole grain, and found it easy to dump this rotten stuff off on the unsuspecting people of South Carolina and other Southern States. I heard it remarked a number of times that it had been very easy to get rid of all the rotten meals and grits out there by sending it into South Carolina. I also learned from Mr. Morris that some of the mills bought up all of the rotten corn that could not be marketed as whole grain and mixed it with a little good corn and then ground it into meal to be shipped into South Carolina.

"After leaving Alexander I went to Johnson City, Tenn., and went through the Model Mill Co.'s mill. I was very courteously conducted through this mill, but it was some time before I could get the guide to the corn bin. When I did I could only see the corn which was being fed to the rocks. The corn which I saw was No. 2, but I learned that, while every car carried a Tennessee State certificate grading it No. 2, it would not hold up to this grade.

"After visiting this mill, while I found nothing out of the way, I was convinced as to what is being done with the rotten corn, which we have driven off of the market as whole grain, and saw no necessity to make further inspection of the quality of the stuff being ground and shipped into South Carolina, and sold as good corn meal and grits for our people to consume. There is but one thing left to do, that is, 'hew to the line and let the chips fall where they may.'

"On the train, on the street, and at the hotel, I heard people talking pellagra and wondering if it could be caused by corn products. A number of times I heard the authorities of South Carolina commended for doing more than the officials of any other State by trying to protect her people from this dreaded

disease and wish for the time to soon come when the other States would join hands in this great cause.

"I found 500 cases of pellagra reported in Tennessee and a number of these in Johnson City. Does this show anything? After all, whether or not pellagra is caused by corn products, it seems that the people of South Carolina should be protected from eating the rotten meal and grits from other States when they are helpless to protect themselves."

ACTION TAKEN.

As soon as this report was filed I issued the following to the public, following a general inspection of corn meals and issuance of orders withholding goods from sale:

"Pending a determination as to exactly what course will be pursued in the matter of this spoiled corn meal, I have today directed that stop orders be served upon each of the merchants in whose hands the stuff has been found, ordering it withheld from sale subject to directions from the Commissioner of Agriculture. This is being done in order to prevent any of this stuff being consumed by human beings.

"Under the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act of 1910 and under Regulation 29, promulgated thereunder by authority of law, this stuff is liable to seizure, and the man attempting to sell it to prosecution. The case, however, goes a little further than in the matter of rotten whole grain corn, which goes only to animals. The selling of this class of stuff is clearly in violation of Subdivision 6 of Section 3 of the Pure Food and Drug Act of this State, which would carry a fine not exceeding \$50 or imprisonment not exceeding 15 days, also Subdivision 6 of Section 7 of the United States law would lay the man attempting to sell it subject to a fine not exceeding \$500 or one year's imprisonment in a Federal prison, or both, upon the State's authorities reporting the case to the United States District Attorney for prosecution. It is thus seen that the matter is a far more serious one than any of the offenses directly coming under the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act, and it is a little difficult to determine exactly how far official steps ought to be taken.

"It has been the policy of this Department in the enforcement of these laws, looking to pure food for man and beast, to be conservative and to give all parties shipping in the stuff and parties attempting to retail it ample warning. This was the

policy pursued in connection with the suppression of rotten corn shipments in this State, and though it was necessary to make a number of seizures entailing pretty heavy loss on some shipments, sound corn shipments have been brought about without any great disturbance. Some time ago this Department announced through the press that the corn meals and grits being shipped into South Carolina and sold were going to be subject to inspection and examination, and a vigorous one at that, and there has indeed been what would ordinarily be considered sound warning. However, with this first batch of cases, it is probable with the serving of a notice on a shipment of this class of stuff must summarily stop to each manufacturing concern and with permission to remove from the borders of this State, not to be returned to this State or goods will be released or perhaps confiscated and destroyed. A second offense by the same company or shipper, or retailer, I do not hesitate to say, will result in prosecution to the limit under both State and Federal laws. A scientific examination, both chemical and bacteriological, of this stuff shows that it was either deliberately ground from rotten corn in such a bad condition that we would not permit it to come into this State to be fed to hogs, or else the product has assumed this condition since it was ground. There are indications also that the residue of ground corn used in distilleries has been worked over into the shape of meal and is being sold openly as such. The evidence that we are in position to present in any case of prosecution is exact and conclusive. In the meantime a most vigorous inspection is conducted throughout the State and samples being drawn by inspectors at the points visited, it being the purpose of this Department to push the work of eradicating this class from the State just as rapidly and vigorously as it possibly can be done. The reason for it is very plain, when it is considered that medical science has not yet been able to divorce a deadly disease that is prevalent in this State from the consumption of corn products."

CIRCULARS ISSUED.

During the year the following circulars were issued by the Commissioner:

CIRCULAR NO. 17.

To the Merchants of South Carolina:

It is now one year since the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act, which has been effective since May 1, 1910, being approved February 25, 1910, became of force and effect in this State. During the first year of the operation of this law, this Department has gone slowly and carefully and has endeavored by every possible means to acquaint the merchants, the jobbers and the manufacturers of Commercial Feed Stuffs, with the provisions and requirements of the law. I am happy to say that a vast majority of the shippers and all the merchants now seem to understand the requirements and are obeying them to the letter, to their mutual benefit, and with the result that the class of foods now being brought into South Carolina has been vastly improved. It has been our purpose, without taking harsh measures, except in cases where it was absolutely necessary, to let every one understand that this law was going to be enforced to the letter and that it would be to their interest to obey it. It has been our further purpose to bring about such an observance of the law and regulations as would put every commission merchant, broker, local dealer and merchant upon an even basis as to the quality of goods handled, thus ruling out of business all dishonest parties, and the kind of competition that has of itself had a great influence heretofore in the making of this State a dumping ground for impure and adulterated feed stuffs.

“Up to the present time, it has been the Department’s custom, upon compliance with the requirements of the law and the rules and regulations, to release goods upon which stop orders have been placed, without penalties. There are a number of concerns, however, still trying to ship into this State, upon any occasion where they have reason to think the inspectors might not catch the goods, products that are clearly in violation of the law, and in some of these instances the thing is being done deliberately. This circular, therefore, is to advise you, in order that you may always see before accepting the goods that they are properly tagged, bear the guarantee analysis and are properly stamped, that you should take extra precaution along this line and insist absolutely upon goods being shipped you that will come up to the requirements of the law in every regard before accepting them. This should be done for your own protection, for, from this time onward it is the purpose of the Commissioner of Agriculture, when stop orders are issued, not to release any stuff (unless it is a clear case of

error) without the payment of all costs and expenses incurred in connection with the seizure. In other words, all manufacturers are being notified that the following clause of Section 7 of the Act will be fully exercised in each and every case where the showing is not absolutely clear that the goods got into the State by manifest error and without deliberate intention:

"The Commissioner of Agriculture, Commerce and Industries, however, may, in his discretion, release the feeding stuffs so withdrawn when the requirements of the provisions of this Act have been complied with and upon payment of all the costs or expenses incurred in any proceedings connected with such seizure and withdrawal."

E. J. WATSON,
Commissioner.

CIRCULAR NO. 18.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 30, 1911.

To the Cotton Seed Industry:

As it is about time for your plant to begin operation for another year, this Department has thought it best to send each of you this circular letter, requesting that you read it carefully and give this Department your co-operation in the enforcement of the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act in this State. By so doing it will save both the manufacturer and this Department extra time, trouble and expense.

In many cases this past year our inspectors have found cotton seed meal in the markets, being offered for feed purposes only, without the necessary tag attached showing the guaranteed feed analyses and inspection stamp. Consequently there was nothing else for them to do but to withhold this meal from sale until the merchants secured the proper tags and stamps in place of the fertilizer tags.

This Department realizes that, owing to the ignorance of the persons making the orders, they do not state specifically whether the meal is to be used for feed or fertilizer purposes, but if the manufacturer will assist us in letting the trade know the importance of giving this information, when ordering, both the feed stuff and fertilizer laws will become more effective, and the friendly spirit between the Department and the manufacturers, which has prevailed in the past, will be materially strengthened.

Should the meal be ordered for both purposes, then the manufacturer can send meal, part of which bears the feed stuff analyses and part the fertilizer analyses; or should they desire they can furnish dealers with both stamps, and instruct dealers to place proper tag on meal before selling, as it is an easy matter to remove one tag and substitute another. This Department permits you to redeem inspection stamps at any time.

We trust you will appreciate the spirit in which this circular letter is written and will understand that it is the policy of this Department to do everything in its power to make the marketing of your product as easy as possible. We also trust that each of you will lend this Department your hearty co-operation as in the past.

Very truly yours,

E. J. WATSON,
Commissioner.

CIRCULAR NO. 19.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 30, 1911.

To the Rice Products Trade:

This circular is addressed to you to advise you that from this date forward this Department will not, under any circumstances whatever, permit of the sale of any so-called rice flour which is a mixture of rice bran, polish and hulls, or any rice polish whatever in which hulls or chaff enter in any form. Any amount of hulls or chaff in excess of that consequent by the grinding of the whole seed will be deemed an adulterant, and under Section 7 of the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act of this State, will be dealt with accordingly, and the party offering it for sale will be proceeded against as provided by law.

This circular is issued in order that all parties engaging in the rice business in any form may receive due warning as to the course that will henceforward be pursued.

I beg to say further that after this warning explanations will not be considered and that prosecution will be based absolutely upon laboratory results, and will be immediately instituted.

E. J. WATSON,
Commissioner.

One of the reasons for this circular is shown by the following extract from a letter to a broker who wanted a mixed feed made of bran, polish and hulls, the letter being written by one of the largest manufacturers of rice feeds:

"We have again taken this matter up with our president, and he has positively decided that we will not offer any of this grade of feed. There is no question in our minds but what rice chaff will kill stock. The writer lost three or four head of mules and horses during the past three years while manager of the United States Mill, and he is satisfied it was caused by feeding a mixture of chaff and rice bran. While the stock did not die outright, this feed seemed to affect them in the back and caused them to be perfectly helpless, and once they would get down could not again get on their feet, and when put on their feet could not walk, and as a consequence we had to kill the stock and drag them away."

UNDER THE PURE FOOD LAW.

All complaints under the pure food law have been promptly investigated as far as possible, and the following sample report from Dr. Doyle of the laboratory indicates the nature of some of them:

"As per verbal instructions from you, I made the trip to Langley, S. C., on 8/7/11 to inspect the meat markets and conditions generally, they having been reported by one Mr. J. L. Farant as being in a very bad condition. Upon arrival in Langley I proceeded to find Mr. Farant, but no one in the town had ever heard of such a man. I inquired at the postoffice and at the mill office, but such a man was unknown there. I then proceeded to inspect the meat at the different markets, with the result that I find 'no cause' for complaint. Following were the markets inspected: that of Mr. W. H. Hardin, Mr. W. R. Turner, and Mr. G. S. Horne, also the fish market of Mr. E. F. Shealy. I also inquired of every merchant there if he had ever heard or known that rotten or bad meat had been sold; they all said, No. During the summer meat was only sold in the village twice a week, Thursdays and Saturdays."

The following letter indicates further the attention given to the Pure Food and Drug law, the present provisions of which, as pointed out elsewhere, are utterly inadequate:

August 12, 1911.

Mr. Jas. A. Rudolph, V. M. D., Food Inspector, City of Anderson, Anderson, S. C.

My Dear Sir: Your letter of August 9 addressed to the State Health Officer has been referred to this Department for consideration and answer. I note that you ask whether "a butcher has the right to peddle diseased meats in the mill village outside of the city when they are condemned as unfit for human food in the municipal abattoir here?" I note further your statement that the city ordinance at Anderson requires that meat condemned can be taken outside of the city or disposed of in accordance with the United States regulations, and that "instead of it being disposed of in accordance with the government's regulations, I am told, most of the butchers take it outside of the city."

I am glad that you have called attention to this matter, for the people residing in these mill villages adjacent to our towns ought to be afforded every possible protection, and the law is ample to cover the case.

I am enclosing to you a copy of the State Pure Food law. In that law the following provision is made:

"That it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture or sell, or offer for sale, any article of food or drugs which is adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this Act, and any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding \$50 or by imprisonment not exceeding 15 days for the first offense, and \$100 or 30 days' imprisonment for each subsequent offense."

In Section 3, sub-division 6, reads as follows, giving the classification of the foods that are considered adulterated in accordance with the provisions of Section 1:

"If it consists in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed or putrid animal or vegetable substance or any portion of an animal unfit for food, whether manufactured or not, or if it is the product of a diseased animal, or one that has died otherwise than by slaughter."

This clearly brings this kind of peddling, whether it be in or out of the municipality, under the provisions of the State law.

Going a step further, this same sub-division sixth of the State law is contained in Section 7 of the United States Pure Food and Drug Act, and the sale of this class of stuff is clearly in violation of the Federal, as well as of the State law. Going another

step further, I beg to call your attention to Section 5 of the United States Food and Drug Act of 1906, which reads as follows:

"That it shall be the duty of each district attorney to whom the Secretary of Agriculture shall report any violation of this Act, or to whom any health or food or drug officer or agent of any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia shall present satisfactory evidence of any such violation, to cause appropriate proceedings to be commenced and prosecuted in the proper courts of the United States, without delay, for the enforcement of the penalties as in such case herein provided."

The United States Food and Drug Act for a violation of this kind also declares the offense a misdemeanor and imposes a fine not exceeding \$500 or a sentence to one year's imprisonment, or both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court, and for each subsequent offense a fine or not less than \$1,000, or a sentence of one year's imprisonment, or both.

You, yourself, as a municipal officer employed in this line of work in this State, could go before any Magistrate and swear out a warrant for these parties under the provisions of the State law of 1907, which are referred to above, and upon the arrest of the parties proceed to prosecute them, presenting your evidence.

Under an agreement made between this Department and the State Board of Health, December 1, 1910, which was made under a provision of Section 19 of the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act, this Department has undertaken to conduct as far as possible the enforcement of the Pure Food Law of 1907 of the State of South Carolina. Under this agreement no regulation has yet been drawn that would permit any one employed by this Department to institute prosecution in a case of this kind, but, if acting as I have indicated above, you prosecute these parties before a Magistrate, acting as you have a right to do under the provisions of the general Act, and then transmit to this Department a transcript of the evidence already obtained substantiating the charge, I will immediately place the matter in the hands of the United States District Attorney for South Carolina, and officially request the most vigorous handling of the matter in the United States courts.

These people in these suburban manufacturing villages should and must receive protection against such acts as you have indicated, calculated to irreparably injure the human resources of the commonwealth, and it shall be my pleasure, as well as it is my duty, to do everything in my power to put a summary stop to

such practices, even if the offenders must be sent to a Federal prison. All reports of such practices as may come under your notice, or the notice of any other local health officer, supported if possible by evidence accompanying the original report, will be most heartily welcomed and will receive the most careful attention.

Very truly yours,
E. J. WATSON,
Commissioner.

CHEMIST'S REPORTS.

May 15, 1911.

This being the first publication on feeding stuffs issued by this Department, it is deemed necessary to make some explanation as to the working of the laboratory.

By an agreement between the Department and Clemson College at the outset it was decided that the laboratory would be located at Clemson College and work in co-operation with the South Carolina Experiment Station, but after only a few months' operation the Department, as well as the authorities at Clemson College, fully realized the disadvantages in having the analytical work separated from the inspection work, and the Commissioner himself decided that the best and most economical way to enforce the law governing the sale of commercial feed stuffs would be to bring the laboratory in closer touch with the rest of the work. Commissioner Watson at once had the laboratory moved from Clemson College to Columbia, where it is now being operated much more satisfactorily to all concerned. Of course, this transfer necessitated some little time to get the new laboratory equipped and ready for work, but by the middle of November the laboratory was ready for work on a small scale. By January 1, 1911, the laboratory had been completed and equipped throughout for feed work. At that time Mr. R. M. Simpson, a graduate of Clemson College, was added to the laboratory force and since then we have turned out a complete analysis on between 250 and 300 samples of feed stuffs, and at present are handling the samples as fast as they are collected by the inspectors, in order that any deficiency detected, either by microscopical or chemical analysis, can be corrected before the feed has been all consumed.

A complete analysis is made within one week or ten days after the sample is received at the laboratory, and a report is at once sent to the manufacturers, but a new ruling by the Commissioner says that a report shall be sent both to the manufacturer and the dealer from whom sample was taken rather than simply sending one to the manufacturer.

AS TO RECEIVING AND HOLDING SAMPLES.

After samples have been drawn by one of the inspectors with a trowel as provided for by the commercial feed stuffs law, they are each placed into a container with a slip giving the details as to where the sample was taken, in whose possession the goods were found, the name of the manufacturer, and the guarantee that the feed carried. The container is then sealed and expressed to the laboratory. A duplicate of this slip is mailed to the laboratory and as soon as the feed is received the seal is broken and then the two slips compared to see that they are duplicates. The sample is at once transferred to a glass jar and given a laboratory number. Then the sample is thoroughly mixed and sub-sampled, taking out about four ounces for an analytical sample and the rest put back into the jar and saved for microscopical examination, and for future reference in case any dissatisfaction arises. The analytical sample is ground in a band mill until all of it passes through a M. M. sieve. This sample is given the laboratory number and is ready for analytical work.

ANALYSIS MADE.

The following determinations are made:

Moisture, fat or ether extract, protein, fiber, ash, and carbohydrates. It is deemed necessary to give somewhat of a detailed description of the chemical properties of these classes of substances, in order to make the interpretation of the analysis of commercial feeds easy.

MOISTURE.

Water is present in varying quantities in all classes of feeds, no matter how dry they may appear to be. The amount varies with the temperature, process of manufacture and character of substance.

FAT OR ETHER EXTRACT.

The fat or ether extract is that portion of the feeding stuff which is soluble in dry ether. This is mainly fats and oils, but contains appreciable amounts of gums, wax and coloring matter which may be present.

PROTEIN.

The protein is that portion of the feeding stuff containing nitrogen. The total nitrogen is determined and this multiplied by $6\frac{1}{4}$, thus giving the protein.

FIBER.

The fiber is composed of cellulose and is the most indigestible part of a feed. It includes the woody part of a plant. A feed with a high crude fiber is considered a low grade feed as a rule.

ASH.

The ash is the inorganic or mineral matter of plants. It consists chiefly of soda potash, lime and magnesia combined to form sulphates, carbonates, phosphates and chloride.

CARBOHYDRATES.

The carbohydrates include the *nitrogen-free* extract and the crude fiber.

The term nitrogen-free extract includes the non-nitrogenous constituents of feed. The principal substances included are the sugar, starches, organic acids and pentosans. In ordinary feed analysis it is determined by difference, i. e., the sum of the percentages of protein, fats, fiber, moisture and ash subtracted from 100.

FUNCTIONS OF NUTRIENTS.

Protein, fat, nitrogen-free extract and ash are called the nutrients of a feed on account of the part they play in building up new and restoring old tissue, each of which performs a certain function in promoting the growth and maintaining the animal body as indicated below.

MOISTURE.

Water, though not a nutrient in the sense in which the term is made use of in the following tables, is essential to the maintenance of the animal body. But the amount in a feeding stuff has but slight effect on the value of the feed, as it can be supplied abundantly from cheaper sources, though an excessive amount of the water affects the keeping quality, as well as the money value per pound, of a feed.

FAT.

The fat and nitrogen-free extract perform the same function, being the heat and energy producers. They are consumed in the body and give out heat and energy. Fats have $2\frac{1}{2}$ times the value of nitrogen-free extract.

PROTEIN.

Protein, the nitrogenous substance of feeds, is by far the most valuable constituent, because it is the only one that can supply the nitrogenous nutrients that are essential in building up the tissues of the body. Protein can also, in the absence of sufficient fat and carbohydrates, take their place and be used for the production of heat and energy.

FIBER.

The fiber has the least value of all the constituents of a feeding stuff. Seemingly, its only value would be a roughness. A small per cent. of crude fiber is digestible, but a large portion of this value is taken up, as it takes so much energy to digest it.

ASH.

The ash furnishes the material for producing the bony structure and to some extent the various tissues and secretions of the body. As it is usually found in abundance, little attention, aside from its manurial value, is usually given it.

CARBOHYDRATES.

The carbohydrates, of which nitrogen-free extract is the chief constituent, and the fats perform the same functions in the body, those are the productions of heat to keep the body warm and energy to give movement.

DIGESTIBILITY.

A term used to designate that portion or per cent. of the nutrient in a feed which is digested by an animal. For example, if a feed contains 15 per cent. of protein and it has a digestibility of 80, then 80 multiplied by 15 per cent. equals 12 pounds of digestible protein in every 100 pounds of feed.

PERCENTAGE AMOUNTS.

Percentage amounts is the amount in 100. If a feed contains 4 per cent. fat and 15 per cent. protein, every 100 pounds of that feed contains 4 pounds fat and 15 pounds protein.

AS TO THE MISCELLANEOUS SAMPLES SENT TO THE LABORATORY FOR ANALYSIS.

On account of the amount of work on official samples taken by the inspectors, we find it impossible to make analysis of miscellaneous samples sent in and only occasionally is this done, and then it is by request from the Commissioner. Analysis of a feed should first be obtained from some commercial chemist, and then the feed tagged and guaranteed accordingly. As soon as one of our inspectors finds this feed offered for sale, a sample is taken and sent in for analysis to see if it comes up to guarantee. A report of this is sent to both the manufacturer and the dealer.

CONDITION OF FEEDS OFFERED FOR SALE NOW COMPARED WITH THOSE FOUND ON THE MARKET MAY 15TH, 1910.

There were a number of rice feeds on the market, which were not only very inferior feeds, but which fell far short of what was guaranteed on the sack. There were also a number of these feeds highly adulterated and carried a very low feeding value.

Then we found quite a little cotton seed meal below the standard and also below the guarantee.

Also a number of times we found dark cotton seed meal, which was made from heated seed, and which should not be used as a feed meal offered for feeding purposes.

Then a number of the mixed feeds offered for sale at that time were compounded from inferior grains and inferior portions of the grains.

With the co-operation of the honest manufacturers and dealers, who realized the protection of such a commercial feed stuff law

as South Carolina has, if properly enforced, these conditions have greatly changed. The feeds that are placed on the market at present are far superior to those collected in 1910, and with the continuation of such co-operation South Carolina will soon recognize the sale of nothing but the best feeds, and some other State will have to act as the dumping ground for inferior feeds.

Very respectfully yours,

A. C. SUMMERS,
State Feed Stuffs Chemist.

January 1, 1911.

Hon. E. J. Watson, Commissioner of Agriculture, Commerce and Industries, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: I hereby submit annual report from the State Laboratory for the year 1911.

As stated above, the laboratory was installed in Columbia and ready for work January 1, 1911. The majority of the samples analyzed up to that time fell below the manufacturer's guarantee. Somewhat disheartened by the criticism from the manufacturers and the lack of co-operation from the honest manufacturers and dealers, we began the work January 1, 1911, with new vim and vigor to work harder than ever to place a better grade of feed on the market in South Carolina and prove to the people of the State as well as the manufacturers the advantage of such a law. At last we began to realize a gradual improvement in feed offered for sale and finally began to receive co-operation from the manufacturers.

Time after time the Department was severely criticized for reporting some feed below the manufacturer's guarantee and condemning same. Each time the law was enforced to the letter and the manufacturer forced to improve his feed and bring it up to guarantee or withdraw same from this State. Gradually we gained co-operation and began to realize an improvement in feed placed on the market during 1911, and at the beginning of 1912 I am free to say that no State has ever or will ever realize a greater reformation in the improvement of feed stuff in so short a time as we have.

INFERIOR PRODUCTS.

At the beginning of the work in 1910, we found the feed stuffs offered for sale in South Carolina adulterated with every conceivable thing, and the grade of feed as a whole the lowest that could be had. The majority of the feed placed on the market at \$15 to \$30 per ton was worth in practical feeding value from \$9 to \$18 a ton. They were being placed on the market without any restriction as to the quality. Of course, South Carolina being one of the few States not protected by a feed stuffs law, was used as a dumping ground for rotten and low-grade feed that could not be disposed of in other States. Consequently she was at all times flooded with rotten and adulterated feeds. The reformation in grade of feeds sold in South Carolina has been far superior to any expectations and today the feed offered for sale in this State will measure up to the standard of any State. Now it is the full expectation of this Department to see South Carolina not only measure up to the standard of any other State, but rather than to see any inferior feed come in this State, see even the small amount manufactured by home concerns shipped out of her borders.

CORN.

Soon after the work of feed stuffs had begun there arose another problem. South Carolina was not only a dumping ground for inferior feed, but was being flooded with rotten corn from the middle and northwestern States. The Department realizing this, it at once began a rigid inspection of all corn shipped in the State, using the National Grain Dealers' grades to grade by and the Alsberg acidity test to test the deterioration. From 60 to 75 per cent. of the corn then placed on the market was unfit for feed in any shape, and was, therefore, condemned and seized by the Department. At first many criticisms went out against the Department; many came to the laboratory warehouse to make an investigation of the corn seized, but after seeing it, spoke in commendable terms about the work of the Department and left heartily in sympathy with the work. Car after car was seized and sent to the laboratory warehouse and several carloads are held at the warehouse now pending instructions from the Commissioner, and are open for public inspection.

Only a few months passed before the grain dealers began to realize that to ship spoiled corn into South Carolina meant to have it seized and confiscated. Today only from 5 to 15 per cent. of the

corn being inspected is condemned, when 75 to 80 per cent. was condemned one year ago.

MEAL.

After stopping the sale of damaged corn in South Carolina there arose a question then as to what was being done with the corn that could not be disposed of in the whole grain. With this in mind, the Commissioner began an inspection of all corn products sold in this State. Only a few samples of corn meal had been submitted to the laboratory for analysis before any one could easily see where a large majority of the spoiled corn was going. It was simply being ground into meal and sent into the State for human consumption instead of animal feed. Again a fight arose between the Department and the manufacturers, but in a short time this was over and marked difference could be seen in the grade of meal shipped into this State. When the inspection first began, about 95 to 99 per cent. of meal shipped into South Carolina was found to be made from spoiled corn and was condemned. The grade of meal at once began to improve and at present only from 1 to 5 per cent. of the meal shipped into this State is condemned.

RESULTS OF EXAMINATIONS.

To January 1, 1912, this laboratory has analyzed 751 samples of feed stuffs taken at different times from all parts of the State. Of the 751 samples, 444 was up to the manufacturer's guarantee and 307 below the guarantee in one or more ingredients. Of this 307 there was 154 below in protein, 96 below in fat, 114 high in fiber, 26 below in both protein and fat, 28 below in protein and high in fiber, 9 below in fat and high in fiber, and 23 below in protein and fat and high in fiber.

We also analyzed 225 samples of corn meal, 54 samples of grits and 33 samples of corn. Of the 225 samples of corn meal there was 144 good and 81 condemned. Out of the first 50, 38 was condemned, out of the second 50, 19 was condemned, out of the third 50, 13 was condemned, out of the fourth, 11 was condemned, out of the last 25 one was condemned. Out of the 225 samples every sample of home-raised ground meal was good. Of the 54 samples of grits every sample was good.

Respectfully submitted,

A. C. SUMMERS,
State Feed Chemist.

CHIEF INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

Hon E. J. Watson, Commissioner of Agriculture, Commerce and Industries, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: The first feed law in South Carolina went into effect in May, 1910. The work of inspection was begun in June with a force of four inspectors in the field. At that time it was found that the markets of the State were flooded with a low-grade and adulterated feeds. Such worthless adulterants as rice chaff, ground corn cobs, peanut hulls, oat hulls, etc., with practically no feeding values, were used extensively in the composition of feeds. In the beginning a large percentage of samples drawn on the open market by the inspectors, and analyzed by the chemists in the State Commercial Feed Stuffs Laboratory, were found to fall below the guaranteed analysis. Feed stuff dealers as well as consumers were buying feeds according to price, and did not take into consideration the actual feeding value.

In the beginning of this year, the State, as in the past, was being flooded with large quantities of damaged grains, which has been playing such havoc with stock. Car after car of damaged corn which had not matured in the West on account of late planting and early frost, was shipped into this State. This corn was husked and cribbed on the Western farm, and the grower waited until a hard freeze before putting it on the market. In this shape it passed inspection at the selling point, but as soon as it was sent South and it had thawed out, it began to spoil and invariably reached South Carolina in a condition unfit for feeding purposes, even though it may have been kiln dried. This kept the inspectors busy, locating and withholding such corn from sale. Some of it was allowed to be shipped out of the State upon a written affidavit from the shippers that it would not be shipped back into this State in any shape or form. Other lots were found so bad that the Department, after careful test in the laboratory had shown the corn to be totally unfit for feed in any manner, was compelled to seize and take off the market.

Just at the close of the early spring, you determined to go a step further than had ever been taken in this section of the country, that is, to have our inspectors draw on the open market samples of corn products, such as meal, hominy, grits, etc., and have them analyzed to determine the "acidity" which, according to Dr. Alsberg, an expert chemical biologist of the United States Bureau of Plant Industry, has been the cause of corn develop-

ing poisonous qualities, revealed when the acidity runs up above a certain standard, making the grain totally unfit for the consumption of man or beast. These samples, and particularly those of corn meal, drawn by the inspectors over the entire State for the first three weeks proved to have been to a large extent ground out of spoiled corn. Of course millers without an exception stated that their products were made from the very best milling corn, but it was remarkable to see the difference in the meal, by chemical test, just as soon as it was found that this Department had determined to take all spoiled meal off the markets of the State.

Owing to there being so many towns and stores away from the railroad, it consequently being nearly impossible for our inspectors to reach them without much lost time and great expense, and owing to the fact that it had been found that these little stores were those upon which the dishonest dealers were attempting to unload their low grade feeds, it was determined that these towns and stores had to be visited if this Department was to enforce the feed stuffs law, and particularly where it was needed the most. With this object in view the Department automobile was purchased by you, to be used by one of our inspectors. With this automobile it is possible for our inspectors to visit these country stores more often, covering several times the territory usually visited, and at a saving of time and expense. .

When the inspectors first began to go out into the field, they found only very few of the more progressive dealers, farmers, and consumers, who had any idea of what feeds, or rather anything as to the composition of the feeds that they were buying. The unreliable manufacturers were able to place on the market feeds with low feeding value and obtain a good price for their products. Now both the merchant and consumer, beginning to realize the good of the law, are buying their feeds upon the guaranteed analysis, and compare closely the percentages of protein, fat, fiber and carbohydrates, buying, of course, that feed which gives the greatest amount of protein and fat, and the smallest amount of fiber for a given amount of money. The Department has made it a rule this year to send a copy of the analysis of each sample drawn to both the manufacturer and the dealer or consumer. The inspectors report that the majority of the feed dealers and consumers, to protect themselves, are insisting on the feeds being shipped them in strict compliance with the law, and

when once a feed has fallen below the guarantee, according to the chemical analysis, the salesmen find it difficult to get further orders with the same merchant. Merchants who at first were inclined to make light of the inspection, now receive the inspectors and lend all possible aid. On every hand dealers and consumers are being kind enough to say that this branch of our work has done as much for the State as any law in the past, and remark on the big difference on both in quality of the feeds as well as the benefits to the stock.

In order to make the Commercial Feed Stuffs Act as effective as possible, the Department decided not to leave a stone unturned until conditions could be brought up to a normal standard. With this in view the inspectors have been kept busy in the field, covering the State as fast as practicable, working those towns and stores where we found it was most needed more often than others. During the year inspections were made of over 6,578 stores and warehouses, 751 samples were drawn, and 254 orders were issued withholding from sale feeds not coming up to the requirements.

Last year the Department prepared and exhibited at the State Fair a collection of concentrated feed stuffs which was viewed with great interest by hundreds of visitors. Owing to this interest, and upon the request of several visitors who later came to our laboratory and witnessed the work being carried on, the Department again collected an instructive and educational exhibit of concentrated feeds, together with samples of grains such as barley, corn, wheat, rye, rice, corn meal, grits and the various products and by-products of the above cereals, showing the different stages of these products as they passed from machine to machine at the mill. The chemical analysis showing the feeding value of each sample was clearly shown on each exhibit as well as the ingredients. Samples of grains were shown by grades, alongside damaged specimens which had been found and withdrawn from the markets of the State by our inspectors.

The Chemist and his assistants were with the exhibit to explain to any interested visitor the methods and meaning of the analysis and feeds.

This exhibit, I believe, attracted the attention of as many visitors as any other exhibit on the grounds, and judging by the questions asked and interest taken by them, many went home wiser and better able to cope with the many frauds which had been practiced on them in the past.

Again, at the South Atlantic Corn Exposition, the Department set up and exhibited these samples of feeds and grains, and in addition had a working laboratory, making chemical analysis of feeds as well as showing the proper steps to take to determine the "acidity" of corn, and by-products, which is the most reliable method of showing the exact composition and state of corn products, such as meal and grits.

Above all, these exhibits demonstrated the absolute necessity of the State maintaining a Department whose duty it is to protect the innocent consumer against such frauds, which can not be detected except by careful chemical analysis.

In conclusion, it is well to add that the inspectors on the last two tours of the State have found feed conditions much improved, and practically all lots of feeds coming up to the requirements of the laws. Samples have been drawn and analyzed several times of all different feeds on the market, and all oil mills visited personally.

It is hoped that the manner in which this work has been conducted has met with your approval. Thanks are due you and the entire office force for the uniform courtesy and co-operation which has at all times been extended. To the chemist and inspectors I wish to acknowledge the appreciation of the service they have given to aid the work, and say that in my opinion I do not think you could have selected a more hard working and capable set of assistants.

Very truly yours,

S. M. SLOAN,
Chief Feed Stuff Division.

FEED MANUFACTURERS REGISTERED IN 1911.

Ambrose & Co., South Norfolk, Va.
 American Milling Company, Chicago, Ill.
 Acme-Evans Company, Indianapolis, Ind.
 Atlanta Milling Company, Atlanta, Ga.
 Acme Milling Company, Talbott, Tenn.
 Amendt Milling Company, Monroe, Mich.
 Akin-Erskine Milling Company, Evansville, Ind.
 Ayer & Williams, Orangeburg, S. C.
 American Hominy Company, Indianapolis, Ind.
 Asheville Milling Company, Asheville, N. C.
 Allendale Cotton Oil and Fertilizer Company, Allendale, S. C.
 Askew & Co., W. S., Newnan, Ga.
 Antreville Oil Mill, Antreville, S. C.
 The Armfield Company, Fayetteville, N. C.
 American Rice Milling Company, Crowley, La.
 The Albert Dickinson Company, Chicago, Ill.
 Arey Oil and Fertilizer Company, Salisbury, N. C.
 American Steam Food Company, Nashville, Tenn.
 The Buckeye Cotton Oil Company, Augusta, Ga.
 Bennett Rice Mills, Charleston, S. C.
 Blalock Oil Mills, Goldville, S. C.
 Beaver Dam Mills, Edgefield, S. C.
 Boney & Harper Milling Company, Wilmington, N. C.
 Barrett-Denton & Lynn Company, Dalton, Ga.
 Blue Ridge Cotton Oil Company, Travelers Rest, S. C.
 Bradley, Oil Mill, Bradley, S. C.
 Albert Bischoff Company, Charleston, S. C.
 Batesburg Cotton Oil Company, Batesburg, S. C.
 W. B. Brigham & Sons, Augusta, Ga.
 S. T. Beveridge & Co., Richmond, Va.
 Broadway Cotton Oil Co., Belton, S. C.
 Ballard & Ballard Company, Louisville, Ky.
 J. Bolgiano & Son, Baltimore, Md.
 Bay State Milling Company, Winona, Minn.
 Buckeye Cotton Oil Company, Selma, Ala., Birmingham, Ala.
 Bloom's Son, New Orleans, La.
 Baltic Mills, Vincennes, Ind.
 Blohme Milling Company, Charleston, S. C.
 Burum Company, Augusta, Ga.
 F. W. Brode & Co., Memphis, Tenn.
 Barr, C. D., Leesville, S. C.
 Bolen Oil Mill, Orangeburg, S. C.
 Blish Milling Company, Seymour, Ind.
 J. H. Branch & Co., Portsmouth, Va.
 Cover Supply Company, Baltimore, Md.

Carolina Rice Mills, Goldsboro, N. C.
 Cowpens Cotton Oil Company, Cowpens, S. C.
 Clarendon Cotton Oil Company, St. Paul, S. C.
 Cedar Falls Roller Mills, Fountain Inn, S. C.
 Coronaca Oil Mill, Coronaca, S. C.
 Clark Milling Company, Augusta, Ga.
 Clinton Oil Manufacturing Company, Clinton, S. C.
 Clio Oil and Fertilizer Company, Clio, S. C.
 Chesnee Oil Mill, Chesnee, S. C.
 Corno Mills Company, St. Louis, Mo.
 Cheraw Oil Mill, Cheraw, S. C.
 Cumberland Mills, Nashville, Tenn.
 Carolina Milling Company, Spartanburg, S. C.
 Clover Cotton Oil and Gin Company, Clover, S. C.
 Cameron Oil Mill, Cameron, S. C.
 Clauss, A. T., Charleston, S. C.
 City Mill and Grain Company, Columbia, Tenn.
 Corydon Milling Company, Corydon, Ky.
 Cross Anchor Oil Mill, Cross Anchor, S. C.
 Campobello Oil Mills, Campobello, S. C.
 W. F. Chamberlain Feed Company, St. Louis, Mo.
 Crocker Milling Company, Minneapolis, Minn.
 Cairo Milling Company, Cairo, Ill.
 Cyphus Incubator Company, Buffalo, N. Y.
 Columbia Mill and Elevator Company, Columbia, Tenn.
 M. Coquenhem, New Orleans, La.
 Carter Venable Company, Inc., Richmond, Va.
 Central Roller Mills, Central, S. C.
 Consolidated Alfalfa Milling Company, Newton, Kan.
 Douthat Riddle Company, Danville, Va.
 Dan Valley Mills, Danville, Va.
 Dunlop Milling Company, Clarksville, Tenn.
 Dunlop Mill, The, Richmond, Va.
 Donalds Oil Mill, Donalds, S. C.
 Darlington Cotton Oil Company, Darlington, S. C.
 Dewey Bros. Company, The, Blanchester, O.
 Dahnke-Walker Milling Company, Union City, Tenn.
 De Sota Oil Company, Memphis, Tenn.
 H. daPonte & Co., New Orleans, La.
 Domestic Flour Milling Company, Kansas City, Mo.
 Due West Oil Mills, Due West, S. C.
 Edgar-Morgan Company, Memphis, Tenn.
 Eagle Roller Mills, Easley, S. C.
 Elba Manufacturing Company, Charlotte, N. C.
 B. A. Eckhart Milling Company, Chicago, Ill.
 Elberton Oil Mills, Elberton, Ga.
 Empire Rice Manufacturing Co., Ltd., New Orleans, La.
 Eagle Flouring Mill Company, Sweetwater, Tenn.
 Eagle Roller Mill Company, New Ulm, Minn.
 Easley Roller Mills Company, Easley, S. C.

R. D. Eaton Grain and Feed Company, Norwich, N. Y.
 Earley Daniel Company, Cincinnati, O.
 Farmers Oil Mill, Anderson, S. C.
 Fairforest Oil Mill Company, Fairforest, S. C.
 Fincken-Jordan Company, Charleston, S. C.
 J. D. Frazier & Co., Atlanta, Ga.
 Florida Cotton Oil Company, Jacksonville, Fla.
 Farmers Oil Mill, Gaffney, S. C.
 H. T. Foster, Charleston, S. C.
 Farmers Oil and Manufacturing Company, Blacksburg, S. C.
 Fletcher, W. B. & J. A., McColl, S. C.
 Fort Motte Oil Mill, Fort Motte, S. C.
 Farmers Oil Mill, Newberry, S. C.
 Finucan, T. M., Summerville, S. C.
 Fairfax Cotton Oil Company, The, Fairfax, S. C.
 Fountain Inn Oil Mill Company, Fountain Inn, S. C.
 Faultless Poultry Food Company, The, Baltimore, Md.
 Fork Township Oil Mill, Townville, S. C.
 Farmers Oil Mill, Brunson, S. C.
 Florida Manufacturing Company, Madison, Fla.
 Faulkner & McElwee, Kings Creek, S. C., R. F. D. 1.
 Greers Cotton Seed Oil and Fertilizer Company, Greers, S. C.
 Gray Court Oil and Manufacturing Company, Gray Court, S. C.
 Georgia Cotton Oil Company, Augusta, Ga.
 Gwinn Milling Company, The, Columbus, Ohio.
 Good Luck Mills, St. Louis, Mo.
 Glenn Anna Milling Company, Thomasville, N. C.
 Great Western Cereal Company, Chicago, Ill.
 C. A. Gambrill Company, Baltimore, Md.
 F. W. Goeke & Co., St. Louis, Mo.
 Hahn & Co., Aiken, S. C.
 Heffner Milling Company, Circleville, Ohio.
 Highland Park Manufacturing Company, Rock Hill, S. C.
 Honea Path Oil Mill, Honea, S. C.
 Hecker-Jones Jewell Milling Company, New York City.
 Huegely Milling Company, Nashville, Ill.
 Hartsville Oil Mill, Hartsville, S. C.
 Holliday Milling Company, The, Cairo, Ill.
 Hopkinsville Milling Company, Hopkinsville, Ky.
 Hudnut Company, The, Terre Haute, Ind.
 Hamer Oil Mill, Hamer, S. C.
 Harman & DeRondeau, Crimora, Va.
 Hennepin Mill Company, Minneapolis, Minn.
 Hickory Milling Company, Hickory, N. C.
 Harrisonburg Milling Company, Harrisonburg, Pa.
 International Sugar Feed No. Two Company, Memphis, Tenn.
 Illinois Feed Mills, St. Louis, Mo.
 Igleheart Bros., Evansville, Ind.
 Van Iderstine Company, Long Island City, N. Y.
 Jonesville Oil Mill, Jonesville, S. C.

Just Milling and Feed Company, Nashville, Tenn.
 Jennings Rice Milling Company, Ltd., Jennings, La.
 Jefferson Cotton Oil Company, Jefferson, S. C.
 J. A. & O. L. Jones Mill and Elevator Company, Nashville, Tenn.
 Kershaw Oil Mill, Kershaw, S. C.
 Kolner Flour Mills, Richmond, Va.
 Knightly Milling Company, Mt. Sidney, Va.
 Kemper Mill and Elevator Company, Kansas City, Mo.
 Kornfalfa Feed Milling Company, Kansas City, Mo.
 Kingfalfa Mills, Nebraska City, Neb.
 Lancaster Cotton Oil Company, Lancaster, S. C.
 Little Mountain Oil Mill and Fertilizer Company, Little Mountain, S. C.
 The H. G. Leiding Company, Charleston, S. C.
 Leach, Marion B., Greenville, S. C.
 Liberty Mills, Nashville, Tenn.
 Larowe Milling Company, The, Detroit, Mich.
 Lester Milling Company, Nashville, Tenn.
 Lexington Roller Mills Company, Lexington, Ky.
 Leesville Oil Mill, Leesville, S. C.
 Liberty Oil Mill, Liberty, S. C.
 Louisiana State Rice Milling Company, New Orleans, La.
 Louisville Cereal Mill Company, Louisville, Ky.
 Lowndesville Cotton Oil Company, Lowndesville, S. C.
 Lewis & Adcock, Knoxville, Tenn.
 J. C. Lysle Milling Company, Leavenworth, Kan.
 Lawrenceburg Roller Mills Company, Lawrenceburg, Ind.
 Mountain City Mill Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.
 Mountain City Milling Company, Greenville, S. C.
 Model Mill Company, Johnson City, Tenn.
 Morris Fertilizer Company, Atlanta, Ga.
 Marion Cotton Oil Company, Marion, S. C.
 Morris & Sheppard, Alexander, N. C.
 Miller & Co., Nashville, Tenn.
 Mayo Milling Company, Richmond, Va.
 Manning Oil Mill, Manning, S. C.
 Maloney & Carter, Charleston, S. C.
 J. E. M. Milling Company, Lexington, Ky.
 A. P. Morgan Grain Company, Atlanta, Ga.
 McLemore Crutcher Company, Nashville, Tenn.
 McCormick Oil Mill, McCormick, S. C.
 McNair Young Company, Wrens, Ga.
 North Carolina Cotton Oil Company, Charlotte, N. C.
 Nashville Roller Mills, Nashville, Tenn.
 Newport Mill Company, Loudon, Tenn.
 Ninety-Six Oil Mill, Ninety-Six, S. C.
 Nutriline Milling Company, Ltd., Crowley, La.
 Northeastern Consolidated Milling Company, Minneapolis, Minn.
 Newport Mill Company, Newport, Tenn.
 Nixon Grocery Company, Augusta, Ga.
 National Rice Milling Company, New Orleans, La.

National Feed Company, St. Louis, Mo.
 Nashville Feed Company, Nashville, Tenn.
 National Oats Company, St. Louis, Mo.
 Nutriline Milling Company, Crowley, La.
 Omaha Alfalfa Milling Company, Omaha, Neb.
 Palmetto Oil Mill, Bishopville, S. C.
 I. M. Pearlstine & Sons, Charleston, S. C.
 Pendleton Oil Mill, Pendleton, S. C.
 Peoples Cotton Oil Company, Johnston, S. C.
 Palmetto Roller Mill, Spartanburg, S. C.
 M. C. Peters Mill Co., Omaha, Neb.
 Piedmont Mill Company, Lynchburg, Va.
 Pomaria Oil and Manufacturing Company, Pomaria, S. C.
 Phoenix Flour Mill, Evansville, Ind.
 Pillsbury Flour Mill Company, Minneapolis, Minn.
 Planters Cotton Oil Company, Augusta, Ga.
 Peoples Oil and Fertilizer Company, Anderson, S. C.
 Pauline Oil Mill, Glenn Springs, S. C.
 Patteson & Co., G. E., Memphis, Tenn.
 Phoenix Oil Mill, Cross Hill, S. C.
 Prosperity Cotton Oil Company, Prosperity, S. C.
 Prudential Milling Company, Minneapolis, Minn.
 Pioneer Cereal Company, Akron, Ohio.
 Park & Pollard Company, Boston, Mass.
 Quaker City Manufacturing Company, Philadelphia, Pa.
 The Quaker Oats Company, Chicago, Ill.
 Rickerts Rice Mills, New Orleans, La.
 Ridge Spring Oil Mill, Ridge Spring, S. C.
 Rowesville, Cotton Oil Company, Rowesville, S. C.
 J. S. Read (Read Bros.), Morristown, Tenn.
 Rich Hill Oil Mill Company, White Stone, S. C.
 Robinson Company, The C. W., Houston, Tex.
 Ralston Purina Company, St. Louis, Mo.
 Robinson Danforth Company, St. Louis, Mo.
 D. Rhode Company, Charleston, S. C.
 Ryerson Grain Company, Memphis, Tenn.
 J. Allen Smith & Co., Knoxville, Tenn.
 The Sugarine Company, Chicago, Ill.
 Star and Crescent Milling Company, Chicago, Ill.
 Southern Cotton Oil Company, Charlotte, N. C.
 South Carolina Cotton Oil Company, Greenville, S. C.
 South Carolina Cotton Oil Company, Columbia, S. C.
 Sally Oil Mill, Sally, S. C.
 The Southern Cotton Oil Company, Columbia, S. C.
 The Southern Cotton Oil Company, Savannah, Ga.
 Simpsonville Oil Mill, Simpsonville, S. C.
 Seneca Oil Mill, Seneca, S. C.
 C. L. Schmancke, Charleston, S. C.
 Statesville Flour Mill Company, Statesville, N. C.
 Sparta Oil Mill, Sparta, Ga.

Southern Milling Company, Nashville, Tenn.
 J. H. C. Seebeck's Sons, Charleston, S. C.
 Stuarts Draft Milling Company, Stuarts Draft, Va.
 Sea Island Cotton Oil Company, Charleston, S. C.
 Steinmesch Feed Company, St. Louis, Mo.
 Smith Mercantile Company, Kinards, S. C.
 Strother & Phinney, West Union, S. C.
 Star Mills, Nashville, Tenn.
 St. George Cotton Oil and Manufacturing Company, St. George, S. C.
 Summer Bros. Company, Newberry, S. C.
 Shelton Mills, Chattanooga, Tenn.
 Seaboard Feed and Produce Company, Henderson, N. C.
 Shawnee Milling Company, Shawnee, Okla.
 Schwartz, G., 218 Godchaux Building, New Orleans, La.
 Smith Bros., Augusta, Ga.
 Smith, A. G. Pendleton, S. C.
 The Southwestern Milling Company, Kansas City, Mo.
 E. F. Spears & Sons, Paris, Ky.
 Smithfield Roller Mills, Smithfield, N. C.
 Sykes Milling Company, Cleveland, Tenn.
 St. Mary's Mill Company, St. Marys, Mo.
 Stafollfe Feed and Milling Company, New Orleans, La.
 Swift & Co., Oil Mill, Columbia, S. C.
 Syracuse Rendering Company, Syracuse, N. Y.
 Taylor Manufacturing Company, Columbia, S. C.
 The Timmons ville Oil Mill Company, Timmons ville, S. C.
 Troy Oil Mill Company, Troy, S. C.
 Tyger Shoals Milling Company, Wellford, S. C.
 The Cotton Oil Company, Bamberg and Denmark, S. C.
 The Tiedeman Company, Charleston, S. C.
 Twin City Mill Company, Bristol, Va.-Tenn.
 Tennessee Mill Company, Estill Springs, Tenn.
 Tennessee Fibre Company, Memphis, Tenn.
 Trenton Milling Company, Trenton, Ky.
 Union City Grain and Feed Company, Union City, Tenn.
 Universal Oil and Feed Company, Wilmington, N. C.
 Victor Cotton Oil Company, Yorkville, S. C.
 Valley Milling Company, The, St. Louis, Mo.
 Vlohl, H., Charleston, S. C.
 Victor Cotton Oil Company, Gaffney, S. C.
 Valdosta Oil Company, Valdosta, Ga.
 Van Iderstine Company, Long Island City, N. Y.
 John Wade & Sons, Memphis, Tenn.
 Wanego Alfalfa Milling Company, Wanego, Kas.
 John Wohltman Company, Charleston, S. C.
 Woodruff Oil and Fertilizer Company, Woodruff, S. C.
 Westminster Oil and Fertilizer Company, Westminster, S. C.
 West Point Mill Company, Charleston, S. C.
 J. H. Wilkes & Co., Nashville, Tenn.
 Walker & Jones, Ashwood, Tenn.

Wilmont Oil Mills, Pelzer, S. C.
 Walterboro Cotton Oil Company, Walterboro, S. C.
 T. W. Wood & Sons, Richmond, Va.
 Wilkinsville Cotton Oil Company, Wilkinsville, S. C.
 Walker & Jones, Ashwood, Tenn.
 Washburn Crosby Company, Minneapolis, Minn.
 Webb, Frank J., Baton Rouge, La.

CONCLUSION.

In the presentation of the two reports of this Department, I have endeavored to present a fair outline of the activities of the Department in the various lines of constructive endeavor, with which it has been charged from time to time, and at the same time to embrace in the reports such statistical and other data as to the agricultural, industrial and commercial development of the State, as is in constant demand by the people, not alone of the State, but from beyond the borders of the State. The endeavor has been made to present every essential fact as attractively as possible, and as conveniently as possible for reference of all classes of people in the prosecution of their daily business. As has been shown by the gradual broadening of the scope of this Department's endeavors, due to the enactment of new and material laws, the work of the Department has been greatly enlarged. Now the Commissioner and the Department itself is charged with manifold duties relating to the welfare of all forms of profit-earning activity, and with the care and advancement of the welfare of our human and animal resources as well as of our many and varied natural resources. The variety of work, and the amount of responsibility necessary to be borne makes the duties of the Commissioner extremely exacting and has forced him to devote himself unrestrainedly to the mastery of many lines of activity, scientific and otherwise, which has required hard, earnest, and painstaking study in order to obtain the necessary equipment for the discharge of his duties in the most effective manner.

Many delicate situations have had to be faced and handled incident to the organization of each new phase of the work, and the beginning of enforcement of laws in the exercise of the police power in the State, imposing restrictions upon persons who had not been before accustomed to restrictions in those regards.

Conservatism has characterized efforts in this direction, though firmness and ever increasing activity for thorough enforcement of law have been the policy of this Department. This policy has

been pursued by all the competent employes in the various divisions of the Department, and they have worked upon the principle of strict attention to official duty upon constructive lines to the exclusion of every other consideration.

In concluding this report, I wish to say that I have worked with all of the ability and energy I possess, by day and by night, to accomplish those things that would make for the material advancement and uplift of the people of our beloved State. I have labored incessantly to pursue an absolutely nonpolitical policy, and carry forward this great constructive work upon purely constructive lines. I have stopped not to quarrel with any man or set of men. My conscience is clear that I have entirely devoted, from a patriotic standpoint, the best years of my life to the welfare of the people. I have sacrificed rare business opportunities and applied my own scant means to the cause. I am not ashamed of the results that have been accomplished, nor am I ashamed of any public act or policy pursued in the direction of the efforts to obtain results.

I wish to take this occasion to express my appreciation to all of those forces who have labored so earnestly in co-operation with me and to express my gratification to the General Assembly that in its wisdom has seen fit to place permanently upon the statute books of the State many constructive laws, the suggestion and advocacy of which came from this Department, starting so humbly less than eight years ago with one clerk and a total expense account of \$2,000 and no office equipment, and not one page of printed matter of value about the resources of the State of South Carolina.

Respectfully submitted,

E. J. WATSON,

Commissioner.

APPENDIX I.

CLASSIFIED SUMMARY OF DISBURSEMENTS OF FUND DERIVED FROM COMMERCIAL FEED STUFF TAX.

Amount on hand Jan. 1, 1911..		\$4,727 88
Amount collected for twelve months ending Dec. 31, 1911.. . . .		18,150 80
Apparatus, fixtures and equipment of State Feed Stuff Laboratory .. .	\$907 63	
Supplies for Laboratory	210 94	
Salary of Chemist and two Assistant Chemists	2,776 25	
Salary of Inspectors	6,274 87	
Salary of Stenographer	450 00	
Traveling expenses of Inspectors, Chemist, Commissioner and Special Agents	2,193 15	
Mileage for Inspectors, Chemist and Commissioner	760 00	
Printing tax stamps and bulletins, stationery and office supplies	872 60	
State Feed Exhibits at State Fair and South Atlantic Corn Exposition..	255 67	
Rent of Laboratory quarters and storage	323 83	
Freight and express charges	22 95	
Operating expenses of Laboratory	246 52	
Refund for tax stamps returned	43 47	
Telephone service	110 80	
Gas and electricity for Laboratory	283 84	
Telegraph service	204 38	
P. O. box rent..	2 00	
Drayage	5 60	
Postage stamps for office use..	360 00	
Photos for illustrating cuts	7 70	
Part of amount paid for motor car	950 00	
Insurance on Laboratory equipment for 5 years	60 00	
Insurance on motor car	85 00	
Supplies and storage for motor car	132 00	
Balance on deposit with State Treasurer	5,499 92	
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$22,878 63	\$22,878 63

CLASSIFIED SUMMARY OF DISBURSEMENT OF CONTINGENT FUND.

Amount of appropriation		\$4,000 00
Transporting cotton exhibit to Augusta, Ga...	\$69 70	
Office rent during session of Legislature	125 00	
Postage stamps for office use	200 00	
Subscription to papers and periodicals	61 55	
Conveyances to agricultural sections and to inspect farm property .. .	41 90	
Stationery and office supplies	248 12	
Printing of reports, bulletins and advertising matter	1,085 78	
Telegraph service	73 03	
Traveling expenses of Commissioner Watson	591 65	
Telephone service	69 50	
Moving of office during Legislature	32 00	
Janitor	216 00	
Ice	6 00	
Express and freight charges	27 71	
Membership Southern States Association of Commissioners of Agriculture	35 00	
Extra clerical work	89 65	

Two thousand official maps of S. O.	120 00	
Traveling expenses of special agents	6 40	
Photos for illustrating cuts	61 50	
Expenses incident to moving and setting up State Exhibit at Univer-		
sity of S. O.	381 53	
P. O. box rent	5 90	
Part of amount paid for motor car	400 00	
Supplies and repairs for motor car	52 00	
Balance	08	
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$4,000 00	\$4,000 00

APPENDIX II.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, SHOWING WARRANTS ISSUED ON CON-
TINGENT FUND.

1911.		
Mch.	1 Appropriation for general expenses, Contingent Fund, Dept. A. C. & I.	\$4,000 00
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Feb.	25 Warrant 1—To W. L. Blanchard, photos for illustrating, bill attached	\$4 50
	25 Warrant 2—To Jones' Transfer Co., livery for Commis- sioner Watson to agricultural sections, bill attached . . .	2 75
	25 Warrant 3—To Manufacturers' Record, subscription Feb. 16, 1911, to Feb. 16, 1912, bill attached	4 00
	25 Warrant 4—To Henry Romeike, subscription to Clipping Bureau, bill attached	1 40
	25 Warrant 5—To Walker, Evans & Cogswell, balance for print- ing one thousand water power bulletins, bill attached . .	25 98
	25 Warrant 6—To Southern Good Roads, subscription to Jan., 1912, bill attached	1 00
	25 Warrant 7—To R. B. Calvo, one geological map of S. C., issue 1888.	1 50
	25 Warrant 8—To Roland Williams, janitor, services for January and February	36 00
	25 Warrant 9—To McCreery & Pressley Co., rental of 5 offices in Palmetto Bank building for Department during Jan- uary and February, bill attached	125 00
Mch.	1 Warrant 10—To The State Co., printing Department's annual reports and bulleins, \$659.06; office supplies, \$22.97, bill attached	682 02
	8 Warrant 11—To M. J. Miller, clerk, in payment of the fol- lowing bills attached to warrant: Freight \$3.95 Office supplies 1.00 Towel Supply Co. 2.00 Telegraph tolls 12.65 Commissioner Watson expenses trip to Charleston . . 4.60 Expenses moving office to Palmetto and return move to State House 32.00 —————	56 20
	4 Warrant 12—To C. O. Brown & Bro., one glass and metal sign for Department, bill attached	8 75
	6 Warrant 13—To E. J. Watson, commissioner, expenses on official trips, statement attached	60 00
	11 Warrant 14—To A. D. Palmer, putting valve in radiator in office	5 50
	11 Warrant 15—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone ser- vice, bills attached	13 40
	12 Warrant 16—To Southern Railway Co., one ticket to Atlanta and return and mileage for Commissioner Watson . . .	47 30
	12 Warrant 17—To W. L. Blanchard, one frame for map, bill attached	2 50
	15 Warrant 18—To Ben Wallace, janitor, service March 1-15 . . .	9 00

	28	Warrant 19—To W. W. Pearce, auto livery to country for Commissioner Watson	10 00
	29	Warrant 20—To Strickland Livery Co., drayage on part of State Exhibit from Fair Grounds to State House, bill attached	5 00
	31	Warrant 21—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services March 15-31..	9 00
April	1	Warrant 22—To J. D. Lee, services rendered in connection with setting up State Exhibit	5 00
	3	Warrant 23—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, expenses official trip to Washington, statement attached	30 00
	5	Warrant 24—To R. L. Bryan Co., printing bulletins, \$28.75; office supplies, \$18.90, bill attached	47 65
	6	Warrant 25—To Columbia Seal and Stamp Co., office supplies, bill attached	2 40
	10	Warrant 26—To National Conservation Association, subscription to American Conservation	2 00
	15	Warrant 27—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services April 1-15....	9 00
	15	Warrant 28—To C. C. Laundry, towel supply, bill attached..	1 00
	17	Warrant 29—To W. L. Blanchard, photos for illustrating, bill attached	10 15
	17	Warrant 30—To E. L. Powers Co., subscription to Good Roads	1 00
	18	Warrant 31—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, expenses official trip to Jacksonville, statement attached	40 00
	18	Warrant 32—To The State Co., office supplies and printing, bill attached	139 45
	24	Warrant 33—To Southern Railway Co., one ticket Columbia to Lancaster for Commissioner	1 80
	29	Warrant 34—To Current Literature Pub. Co., one World's Atlas	3 35
	29	Warrant 35—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services April 15-30 .. .	9 00
May	3	Warrant 36—To E. H. Aull Co., printing tobacco report blanks, bill attached	8 00
	4	Warrant 37—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, box rent for quarter ending June 30th	1 90
	15	Warrant 38—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services May 1-15....	9 00
	17	Warrant 39—To Jones' Transfer Co., livery for Commissioner, bill attached	9 00
	20	Warrant 40—To C. C. Laundry Co., towel supply, bill attached	1 00
	22	Warrant 41—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps..	40 00
	31	Warrant 42—To W. L. Bennett, Glenn Spring water, bill attached	6 00
June	1	Warrant 43—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services May 15-31 .. .	9 00
	2	Warrant 44—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	16 00
	6	Warrant 45—To W. L. Blanchard, photos for illustrating, bill attached	2 90
	6	Warrant 46—To The State Co., printing bulletins, \$4.25; making cuts, \$8.70, bill attached	12 95
	6	Warrant 47—To R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies, bill attached	11 30
	6	Warrant 48—To Jones' Transfer Co., livery for Commissioner, bill attached	3 00
	10	Warrant 49—To W. A. Reckling, photos of State officers, bill attached	6 00
	10	Warrant 50—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	3 73
	10	Warrant 51—To Columbia Auto Co., auto livery for Commissioner Watson, bill attached	8 00
	15	Warrant 52—To B. W. Kilgore, Secretary South Carolina's part of expense of annual meeting of Southern States Association of Commissioners of Agriculture	35 00
	15	Warrant 53—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services June 1-15 .. .	9 00
	15	Warrant 54—To G. B. Klapman, services at State Exhibit .. .	3 75
	15	Warrant 55—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	20 15
	22	Warrant 56—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	7 00

	26	Warrant 57—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, box rent for quarter ending Sept. 30th	2 00
	29	Warrant 58—To Southern Express Co., express charges .. .	4 20
	30	Warrant 59—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services June 15-30.....	9 00
July	1	Warrant 60—To R. L. Klapman, services at State Exhibit .. .	5 00
	1	Warrant 61—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	10 50
	1	Warrant 62—To Palmetto Ice Co., ice tickets	2 00
	6	Warrant 63—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, expenses official trip to Walterboro and Charleston, statement attached	10 00
	6	Warrant 64—To W. L. Bennett, Glenn Spring water, bill attached	10 50
	6	Warrant 65—To R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies, bill attached .. .	7 25
	6	Warrant 66—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls, bill attached	13 78
	8	Warrant 67—To E. C. Bridgman, two thousand State maps, bill attached	120 00
	10	Warrant 68—To G. P. McKinstry, photos and developing, bill attached	3 20
	15	Warrant 69—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	20 50
	15	Warrant 70—To R. L. Klapman, services at State Exhibit .. .	8 45
	15	Warrant 71—To Harry Murphy, services at State Exhibit .. .	5 32
	15	Warrant 72—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services July 1-15 .. .	9 00
	18	Warrant 73—To Southern Express Co., express charges, bill attached	2 25
	21	Warrant 74—To George H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
	31	Warrant 75—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services July 15-31 .. .	9 00
Aug.	1	Warrant 76—To W. L. Bennett, Glenn Spring water, bill attached	6 00
	1	Warrant 77—To R. L. Klapman, services at State Exhibit .. .	1 25
	1	Warrant 78—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	18 50
	3	Warrant 79—To R. L. Bryan Co., printing, bill attached .. .	64 05
	3	Warrant 80—To O. O. Laundry Co., towel supply, bill attached .. .	1 00
	3	Warrant 81—To Henry Romeike, subscription to Clipping Bureau, bill attached	1 65
	5	Warrant 82—To Record Pub. Co., subscription to Record Dec. 12th, 1910, to Dec. 12th, 1911	5 00
	7	Warrant 83—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls, bill attached	4 70
	9	Warrant 84—To G. P. McKinstry, developing photos, bill attached	4 00
	10	Warrant 85—To M. J. Miller, clerk, express charges, bills attached	2 25
	15	Warrant 86—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	9 00
	15	Warrant 87—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services Aug. 1-15 .. .	9 00
	15	Warrant 88—To The State Co., printing bulletins, \$39.00; office supplies, \$61.65, bills attached	100 65
	18	Warrant 89—To Palmetto Ice Co., ice tickets	2 00
	18	Warrant 90—To Capital Sign Works, painting one sign, bill attached	2 50
	23	Warrant 91—To E. H. Aull Co., printing circulars, bill attached	4.50
	23	Warrant 92—To Jones' Transfer Co., livery, bill attached .. .	3 75
	29	Warrant 93—To Loyd Jordan, repairing wheel for Jas. Wheeler, bill attached	3 15
	30	Warrant 94—To E. H. Aull Co., printing land list, part payment	50 00
	31	Warrant 95—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, traveling expenses, statement attached	37 45
	31	Warrant 96—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services Aug. 15-31	9 00
	31	Warrant 97—To W. L. Bennett, Glenn Spring water, bill attached	4 50

Sept.	2	Warrant 98—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	23 50
	2	Warrant 99—To R. L. Klapman, services at State Exhibit	12 50
	2	Warrant 100—To McKinstry Studio, photographic work, bill attached	14 95
	2	Warrant 101—To Lorick & Lowrance, office supplies, bill attached	8 85
	5	Warrant 102—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, expenses on official trips, statement attached	28 05
	5	Warrant 103—To R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies, bill attached	2 50
	5	Warrant 104—To Columbia Lumber & Mfg. Co., lumber used at State Exhibit, bill attached	4 48
	5	Warrant 105—To The State Co., office supplies, bill attached	13.65
	8	Warrant 106—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls, bill attached	14 47
	8	Warrant 107—To Gregory-Conder Motor Co., part payment for motor car to be used in part in rural farm demonstration work, bill attached	420 35
	9	Warrant 108—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, expenses on official trips, statement attached	85 00
	11	Warrant 109—To Southern Railway Co., mileage and return ticket to Montgomery, Ala for Commissioner Watson	82 20
	11	Warrant 110—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	1 80
	15	Warrant 111—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit.. .. .	23 00
	15	Warrant 112—To R. L. Klapman, services at State Exhibit	12 12
	15	Warrant 113—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services Sept. 1-15	9 00
	16	Warrant 114—To I. H. P. Dyches, carpenter work on State Exhibit	8 00
	16	Warrant 115—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, part of expenses on official trip to Lincoln, Neb., statement attached	100 00
	26	Warrant 116—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, box rent for quarter ending Dec. 31, 1911.. .. .	2 00
	27	Warrant 117—To Southern Railway Co., one ticket to Lincoln, Neb., for Commissioner Watson	20 65
	28	Warrant 118—To Southern Express Co., express charges, bill attached	7 46
	30	Warrant 119—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	23 15
	30	Warrant 120—To R. L. Klapman, services at State Exhibit.. ..	10 61
	30	Warrant 121—To I. H. P. Dyches, carpenter work on State Exhibit	2 50
	30	Warrant 122—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services Sept. 15-30	9 00
Oct.	2	Warrant 123—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
	5	Warrant 124—To Palmetto Ice Co., ice tickets	2 00
	6	Warrant 125—To J. S. Wilson, expenses at Cotton Convention held in House of Representatives	6 40
	7	Warrant 126—To W. L. Blanchard, photographic work, bill attached	15 80
	9	Warrant 127—To Columbia Lumber & Mfg. Co., lumber for State Exhibit, bill attached	5 40
	9	Warrant 128—To C. O. Brown & Bro., glass for cases at State Exhibit, bill attached	20 90
	9	Warrant 129—To Jones' Transfer Co., livery and drayage, bill attached	2 25
	13	Warrant 130—To E. H. Aull Co., balance on three thousand copies of land list bulletin, bill attached	25 00
	14	Warrant 131—To R. L. Klapman, services at State Exhibit	7 50
	14	Warrant 132—To J. D. Lee, services at State Exhibit	18 65
	16	Warrant 133—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services Oct. 1-15	9 00
	18	Warrant 134—To The State Co., office supplies, \$37.80; subscription to The State, Jan. 1, 1911, to Jan. 1, 1912, \$7.80, bill attached	45 60
	18	Warrant 135—To R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies, bill attached	4 75

	18	Warrant 136—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone service, bill attached	27 40
	21	Warrant 137—To R. F. Bowles, one ribbon for adding machine, bill attached	1 00
	24	Warrant 138—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
	26	Warrant 139—To J. D. Lee, services on Feed Stuff Exhibit, State Fair	10 00
	31	Warrant 140—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services Oct. 15-31 ..	9 00
Nov.	1	Warrant 141—To R. L. Klapman, services at State Exhibit ..	17 81
	6	Warrant 142—To P. W. Edwards, one spring for motor car and gasoline, bill attached	5 90
	11	Warrant 143—To C. M. Lide, supplies for motor car, bill attached	17 45
	14	Warrant 144—To Columbia Seal & Stamp Co., one paper fastener, bill attached	3 50
	14	Warrant 145—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone service, bill attached	18 05
	14	Warrant 146—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls, bill attached	27 43
	15	Warrant 147—To Ben Wallace, Janitor, services Nov. 1-15	9 00
	18	Warrant 148—To J. W. Strickland, drayage loading and unloading car of Cotton Exhibit sent to Augusta, bill attached ..	48 00
	23	Warrant 149—To J. D. Lee, services with Cotton Exhibit at Augusta	16 70
	23	Warrant 150—To R. L. Klapman, services with Cotton Exhibit at Augusta	5 00
	24	Warrant 151—To The State Co., office supplies, bill attached ..	11 75
	30	Warrant 152—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services Nov. 15-30	9 00
	30	Warrant 153—To J. D. Lee, extra clerical services	14 65
Dec.	8	Warrant 154—To Henry Romeike, subscription to Clipping Bureau, bill attached	9 85
	8	Warrant 155—To R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies, bill attached ..	3 15
	8	Warrant 156—To C. O. Brown & Bro., glass for cotton cases, bill attached	18 45
	8	Warrant 157—To E. A. Fellers, straps for motor car, bill attached	5 55
	14	Warrant 158—To Southern Railway Co., one ticket to Chicago for Commissioner Watson	24 00
	15	Warrant 159—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services Dec. 1-15	9 00
	19	Warrant 160—To The News & Courier Co., subscription to The News and Courier, March 19, 1911, to March 19, 1912, bill attached	8 00
	22	Warrant 161—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services Dec. 15-31 .. .	9 00
	22	Warrant 162—To H. McG. Holmes, extra clerical services .. .	75 00
	23	Warrant 163—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
	30	Warrant 164—To M. J. Miller, clerk, freight and express, bills attached	7 60
	30	Warrant 165—To J. D. Lee, services rendered at Corn Exposition	6 00
	30	Warrant 166—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone service, bills attached	15 65
	30	Warrant 167—To R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies, bill attached ..	4 00
	30	Warrant 168—To The Charleston Review,subscription to Industrial issue, bill attached	15 00
	30	Warrant 169—To Gibbs Machinery Co., supplies for motor car, bill attached	2 75
		Balance	08
			<u>\$4,000 00 \$4,000 00</u>

APPENDIX III.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF FUND DERIVED FROM TAX ON COMMERCIAL FEED STUFFS.

Receipts.

1911.			
	Balance on deposit with State Treasurer, Jan. 1st, 1911		\$4,727 83
Feb.	1 By deposit State Treasurer	\$2,097 29	
Mch.	1 By deposit State Treasurer	1,175 73	
April	1 By deposit State Treasurer	1,310 54	
May	1 By deposit State Treasurer	1,174 88	
June	1 By deposit State Treasurer	1,399 06	
July	1 By deposit State Treasurer	808 46	
Aug.	1 By deposit State Treasurer	1,010 54	
Sept.	1 By deposit State Treasurer	1,068 65	
Oct.	1 By deposit State Treasurer	1,772 50	
Nov.	1 By deposit State Treasurer	2,620 50	
Dec.	1 By deposit State Treasurer	2,013 08	
Dec.	30 By deposit State Treasurer	1,699 57	
			18,150 80
			\$22,878 63

Disbursements

1911.		
Jan.	7 Warrant 1—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	\$40 00
	9 Warrant 2—To A. S. Heyward, postmaster, postage stamps..	40 00
	14 Warrant 3—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, dated Feb. 1, salary for January	100 00
	24 Warrant 4—To Dial & Dial, \$1,000.00 insurance on Laboratory fixtures and equipment for 5 years, bill attached	60 00
	24 Warrant 5—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	24 Warrant 6—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory, statement attached	11 50
	26 Warrant 7—To Elmer & Amend, Laboratory equipment, bill attached	205 00
	27 Warrant 8—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	28 Warrant 9—To A. G. Smith, expenses of trip to National Corn Show at Columbus, Ohio, as representative of Department, statement attached	55 00
	31 Warrant 10—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for January ..	141 66
	31 Warrant 11—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
	31 Warrant 12—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for January..	125 00
	31 Warrant 13—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for January .. .	100 00
	31 Warrant 14—To W. B. Aull, Jr., Assistant Chemist, salary for January	75 00
	31 Warrant 15—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary 12 days in January	83 75
	31 Warrant 16—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for January and extra work in December	93 75
Feb.	2 Warrant 17—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
	2 Warrant 18—To Empire Printing and Box Co., two thousand pasteboard boxes, bill attached	40 00
	4 Warrant 19—To Southern Ry. Co., mileage for Inspector Harris	20 00

	9	Warrant 20—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	9	Warrant 21—To B. Harris, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	86 86
	10	Warrant 22—To National Press Association, 6 volumes of Encyclopedia	20 00
	13	Warrant 23—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
	15	Warrant 24—To M. J. Miller, Clerk, in payment of the following bills, attached to warrant:	
		Drayage	\$5.60
		Freight	11.25
		Telephone	7.60
		Electric lights	17.08
		Gas	8.18
		Coal	8.25
			<hr/> 52 91
	17	Warrant 25—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
	24	Warrant 26—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Harris	20 00
	25	Warrant 27—To Powell Supply Co., one ton coal for Laboratory, bill attached	6 50
	25	Warrant 28—To B. C. Electric Co., electrical supplies, bill attached	9 25
	25	Warrant 29—To W. P. Roof, storage on 14 sks. confiscated feed stuff	1 96
	25	Warrant 30—To Murray Drug Co., supplies for Laboratory, bill attached	4 62
	25	Warrant 31—To S. B. McMaster, drilling open safe and repairing door, bill attached	20 00
	27	Warrant 32—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	28	Warrant 33—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for February..	141 66
	28	Warrant 34—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for February	126 00
	28	Warrant 35—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for February..	100 00
	28	Warrant 36—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for February	100 00
	28	Warrant 37—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for February	100 00
	28	Warrant 38—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for February	75 00
	28	Warrant 39—To W. B. Aull, Jr., Assistant Chemist, salary for February	75 00
	28	Warrant 40—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for 10 days ending Feb. 28th	35 70
Mch.	1	Warrant 41—To the State Co., office supplies, bill attached	51 35
	8	Warrant 42—To M. J. Miller, Clerk, in payment of the following bills, attached to warrant:	
		Electric lights	\$33.60
		Gas	18.00
		Telephone	17.50
		Express	1.55
		Twine	2.50
			<hr/> 78 15
	6	Warrant 43—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory for February, statement attached	13 95
	8	Warrant 44—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	11	Warrant 45—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, assorting and loading one car corn seized at Cross Hill, S. C.	20 75
	11	Warrant 46—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	11	Warrant 47—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls	

	for February, bill attached	11 89
11	Warrant 48—To R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies, bill attached	5 75
11	Warrant 49—To Southern Scale & Fixture Co., office supplies, bill attached	1 00
11	Warrant 50—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone ser- vice at Laboratory, bill attached	4 00
18	Warrant 51—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
18	Warrant 52—To C. C. Laundry Co., towel supply, bill attached	1 00
14	Warrant 53—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Harris	20 00
14	Warrant 54—To Southern Railway Co., freight on 87 sacks corn, Sumter to Columbia, bill attached	10 15
15	Warrant 55—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
16	Warrant 56—To Bull Dry Goods Co., two dozen towels for Laboratory, bill attached	2 40
21	Warrant 57—To B. Harris, Inspector, traveling expenses, state- ment attached	48 00
28	Warrant 58—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
31	Warrant 59—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for March .. .	100 00
31	Warrant 60—To W. B. Aull, Jr., Assistant Chemist, salary for March	75 00
31	Warrant 61—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for March .. .	141 00
31	Warrant 62—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for March..	125 00
31	Warrant 63—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for March .. .	100 00
31	Warrant 64—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for March .. .	100 00
31	Warrant 65—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for March	75 00
31	Warrant 66—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for March ..	100 00
April 8	Warrant 67—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector McDougall	20 00
8	Warrant 68—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
5	Warrant 69—To Powell Supply Co., coal for Laboratory, bill attached	8 25
5	Warrant 70—To Murray Drug Co., Laboratory, supplies, bill attached	2 50
6	Warrant 71—To P. Blakiston's Son & Co., one reference book for Laboratory	4 00
5	Warrant 72—To J. M. VanMetre, one desk, bill attached .. .	30 00
5	Warrant 73—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bills attached	24 53
5	Warrant 74—To A. M. Meetze Warehouse Co., rent of Labora- tory, four months, to April 12, \$20.00; storage on spoiled corn, \$71.80	91 80
5	Warrant 75—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls for March, bills attached	7 53
5	Warrant 76—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone ser- vice, bills attached	12 60
5	Warrant 77—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
5	Warrant 78—To Lorick & Lowrance, Laboratory supplies, bill attached	9 55
6	Warrant 79—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
8	Warrant 80—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory, statement attached	12 50
14	Warrant 81—To Clarendon Cotton Oil Co., refund account tax stamps returned	21 17
15	Warrant 82—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses,	

	statement attached	40 00
17	Warrant 83—To W. P. Roof, storage, bill attached	2 40
17	Warrant 84—To Shand Builders' Supply Co., lumber used at Laboratory, bill attached	13 16
18	Warrant 85—To The State Co., office supplies, bill attached..	176 20
21	Warrant 86—To B. Harris, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	49 15
24	Warrant 87—To M. J. Miller, Clerk, expenses trip to Moncks Corner, statement attached	10 00
25	Warrant 88—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
28	Warrant 89—To L. D. Melton, refund account tax stamps returned	4 75
29	Warrant 90—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for April	100 00
29	Warrant 91—To W. B. Aull, Jr., Assistant Chemist, salary for April	75 00
29	Warrant 92—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for April	141 66
29	Warrant 93—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for April	125 00
29	Warrant 94—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for April	100 00
29	Warrant 95—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for April	100 00
29	Warrant 96—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for April	75 00
29	Warrant 97—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for April....	100 00
29	Warrant 98—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
29	Warrant 99—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
May	1 Warrant 100—To W. L. Bennett, Glenn Spring water for office, bill attached	9 00
	1 Warrant 101—To J. E. Spencer, photos for illustrating, bill attached	8 50
	2 Warrant 102—To Murray Drug Co., supplies for Laboratory, bill attached	5 70
	2 Warrant 103—To The State Co., printing tax stamps, bill attached	48 75
	2 Warrant 104—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bill attached	23 67
	2 Warrant 105—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory for April, statement attached	14 50
	2 Warrant 106—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	4 Warrant 107—To B. Harris, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	50 20
	6 Warrant 108—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls for April, bill attached	11 27
	6 Warrant 109—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspectors Harris and McDougall	40 00
	8 Warrant 110—To Felix Fox, storage and drayage on nine sacks feed stuff confiscated	2 50
	12 Warrant 111—To E. H. Aull Co., printing bulletins, bill attached	7 05
	12 Warrant 112—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone service, bills attached	13 35
	15 Warrant 113—To W. B. Aull, Jr., Assistant Chemist, salary May 1-15	37 50
	19 Warrant 114—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	18 80
	20 Warrant 115—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	22 Warrant 116—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, expenses official trip to Birmingham, Nashville, Indianapolis and Chicago, statement attached	140 00

	22	Warrant 117—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	23	Warrant 118—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, traveling expenses, statement attached	50 00
	23	Warrant 119—To Southern Railway Co., mileage, one thousand, for Inspector Harris and two thousand for Commissioner Watson	60 00
	23	Warrant 120—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Chemist Summers	20 00
	24	Warrant 121—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
June	1	Warrant 122—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for May	141 66
	1	Warrant 123—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for May....	125 00
	1	Warrant 124—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for May	100 00
	1	Warrant 125—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for May	75 00
	1	Warrant 126—To Miss E. C. Killian, Stenographer, salary May 15-31	80 00
	3	Warrant 127—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for May	100 00
	3	Warrant 128—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for May	100 00
	3	Warrant 129—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for May	100 00
	3	Warrant 130—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	6	Warrant 131—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls for May, bill attached	21 05
	6	Warrant 132—To A. M. Meetze Warehouse Co., two months' rental of Laboratory to June 12th, and storage, bill attached	63 66
	6	Warrant 133—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bill attached	23 26
	7	Warrant 134—To S. R. Preston, Jr., one Smith Premier type-writer	67 00
	7	Warrant 135—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspectors McDougall and Sloan	40 00
	8	Warrant 136—To Lorick & Lowrance, Laboratory supplies, bill attached	5 65
	8	Warrant 137—To Douthat-Riddle Co., refund account tax stamps returned	15 40
	10	Warrant 138—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone service, bills attached	14 40
	10	Warrant 139—To Southern Scale and Fixture Co., one type-writer desk, bill attached	20 00
	10	Warrant 140—To Lee A. Lorick & Bro., one water cooler, bill attached	1 75
	10	Warrant 141—To Murray Drug Co., Laboratory supplies, bill attached	8 79
	13	Warrant 142—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	13	Warrant 143—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for June, dated July 1st	141 06
	15	Warrant 144—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
	15	Warrant 145—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory for May, statement attached	15 25
	20	Warrant 146—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspectors Harris and Jones and Pullman to Asheville for Commissioner Watson	41 50
	23	Warrant 147—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	30	Warrant 148—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for June....	100 00
	30	Warrant 149—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for June	100 00
	30	Warrant 150—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for June	100 00
	30	Warrant 151—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for June	100 00

	30	Warrant 152—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for June	125 00
	30	Warrant 153—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for June	75 00
	30	Warrant 154—To Miss E. C. Killian, Stenographer, salary for June	60 00
	30	Warrant 155—To B. Harris, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	48 95
July	1	Warrant 156—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses, of Laboratory for June, statement attached	22 98
	1	Warrant 157—To R. L. Klapman, services six days assorting spoiled corn	7 50
	1	Warrant 158—To J. D. Lee, services six days assorting spoiled corn	12 00
	1	Warrant 159—To A. McDougall, inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	6	Warrant 160—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
	6	Warrant 161—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone service, bills attached	13 40
	6	Warrant 162—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bills attached	20 30
	6	Warrant 163—To Henderson-Suydam Hardware Co., 6 3/4 lbs. rope, bill attached	2 02
	8	Warrant 164—To A. M. Meetze Warehouse Co., one month rental of Laboratory and storage, bill attached	23 44
	10	Warrant 165—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for July, dated July 31st	141 66
	20	Warrant 166—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
	25	Warrant 167—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	31	Warrant 168—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for July	75 00
	31	Warrant 169—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for July....	100 00
	31	Warrant 170—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for July	125 00
	31	Warrant 171—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for July	100 00
	31	Warrant 172—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for July .. .	100 00
	31	Warrant 173—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for July..	100 00
	31	Warrant 174—To Miss E. C. Killian, Stenographer, salary for July	60 00
Aug.	1	Warrant 175—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	3 00
	1	Warrant 176—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory for July, statement attached	17 15
	3	Warrant 177—To Eimer & Amend, Laboratory equipment, bill attached	159 88
	4	Warrant 178—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bill attached	16 88
	4	Warrant 179—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone service, bills attached	12 30
	4	Warrant 180—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	9 10
	5	Warrant 181—To Lorick & Lowrance, Laboratory supplies, bill attached	10 55
	7	Warrant 182—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector McDougall	20 00
	8	Warrant 183—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
	12	Warrant 184—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	14	Warrant 185—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00

	15	Warrant 186—To The State Co., Printing tax stamps and office supplies, bill attached	125 50
	18	Warrant 187—To B. Harris, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	74 85
	22	Warrant 188—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Harris and Chemist Summers	40 00
	23	Warrant 189—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
	23	Warrant 190—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, traveling expenses, statement attached	9 55
	28	Warrant 191—To Dial & Dial, insurance on motor car, bill attached	35 00
	31	Warrant 192—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for August	125 00
	31	Warrant 193—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for August.. .. .	100 00
	31	Warrant 194—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for August	75 00
	31	Warrant 195—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for August	100 00
	31	Warrant 196—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for August	100 00
	31	Warrant 197—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for August	100 00
	31	Warrant 198—To Miss E. C. Killian, Stenographer, salary for August	60 00
	31	Warrant 199—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for August	141 06
	31	Warrant 200—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
	31	Warrant 201—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory for August, statement attached	14 00
Sept.	1	Warrant 202—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached.. .. .	40 00
	1	Warrant 203—To A. M. Meetze Warehouse Co., two months rental of Laboratory and storage, bill attached	51 07
	5	Warrant 204—To The State Co., printing bulletins, \$48.00; making cut, \$27.00, bill attached	75 00
	5	Warrant 205—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bills attached	19 23
	5	Warrant 206—To Columbia Paper Co., twine and wrapping paper, bill attached	4 13
	7	Warrant 207—To Eimer & Amend, Laboratory equipment, bill attached	225 92
	8	Warrant 208—To Gregory-Conder Motor Co., part payment for motor car for use in inspection service, bill attached	950 00
	11	Warrant 209—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
		Warrant 210—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	9 05
	14	Warrant 211—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, amount paid for one sign for Laboratory, bill attached	8 00
	16	Warrant 212—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, part of expenses of official trip to Lincoln, Neb., statement attached	100 00
	19	Warrant 213—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	19	Warrant 214—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	29 10
	28	Warrant 215—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Harris	20 00
	30	Warrant 216—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for September	141 06
	30	Warrant 217—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for September	100 00
	30	Warrant 218—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for September	100 00
	30	Warrant 219—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for September	100 00
	30	Warrant 220—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for September	100 00
	30	Warrant 221—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for September	125 00

	30	Warrant 222—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for September	80 00
	30	Warrant 223—To Miss E. O. Killian, Stenographer, salary for September	60 00
Oct.	3	Warrant 224—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	3	Warrant 225—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory for September, statement attached	18 74
	5	Warrant 226—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	5	Warrant 227—To B. Harris, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	68 75
	6	Warrant 228—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspectors McDougall and Jones	40 00
	9	Warrant 229—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	7 10
	9	Warrant 230—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bills attached	9 82
	9	Warrant 231—To W. C. McMillan, Laboratory supplies, bill attached	1 60
	9	Warrant 232—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls, bill attached	20 26
	18	Warrant 233—To Murray Drug Co., Laboratory supplies, bill attached	47 73
	18	Warrant 234—To The State Co., printing tax stamps, bill attached	70 00
	19	Warrant 235—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
	20	Warrant 236—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	21 40
	21	Warrant 237—To Jennings Rice Milling Co., Ltd. refund account tax stamps returned	2 15
	26	Warrant 238—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	31	Warrant 239—To Miss E. O. Killian, Stenographer, salary for October	60 00
	31	Warrant 240—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for October	80 00
	31	Warrant 241—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for October..	100 00
	31	Warrant 242—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for October	125 00
	31	Warrant 243—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for October	100 00
	31	Warrant 244—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for October .. .	100 00
	31	Warrant 245—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for October ..	141 66
	31	Warrant 246—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for October	100 00
	31	Warrant 247—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory for October, statement attached	22 25
Nov.	1	Warrant 248—To J. D. Lee, work on Feed Stuff Exhibit at State Fair	25 12
	4	Warrant 249—To A. H. Moore, guarding Feed Stuff Exhibit at State Fair	10 00
	6	Warrant 250—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Harris	20 00
	6	Warrant 251—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	23 35
	11	Warrant 252—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	13	Warrant 253—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
	14	Warrant 254—To D. L. Bronson, painting signs for Feed Stuff Exhibit at State Fair, bill attached	10 00
	14	Warrant 255—To J. L. Mimnaugh & Co., cheese cloth for Feed Stuff Exhibit at State Fair, bill attached	8 80

	14 Warrant 256—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bill attached	22 03
	14 Warrant 257—To A. M. Meetze Warehouse Co., two months' rental of Laboratory and storage, bill attached	43 75
	18 Warrant 258—To J. W. Strickland, drayage on Feed Stuff Exhibit from Laboratory to Fair Grounds and return and part of State Exhibit to University of S. C., bill attached	50 00
	18 Warrant 259—To W. L. Blanchard, five photos and seven frames for exhibit of long staple cotton, bill attached	22 50
	18 Warrant 260—To Southern Railway Co., mileage and ticket to Edgefield for Commissioner Watson	41 55
	24 Warrant 261—To The State Co., printing tax stamps, \$35.00; bulletins, \$32.15, bill attached	67 15
	24 Warrant 262—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	27 Warrant 263—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, postage stamps	40 00
	28 Warrant 264—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Jones	20 00
	30 Warrant 265—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory for November, statement attached	20 50
	30 Warrant 266—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for November	125 00
	30 Warrant 267—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for November	100 00
	30 Warrant 268—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for November	80 00
	30 Warrant 269—To Miss E. C. Killian, Stenographer, salary for November	60 00
	30 Warrant 270—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for November	100 00
	30 Warrant 271—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for November	100 00
	30 Warrant 272—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for November	141 66
	30 Warrant 273—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for November....	100 00
Dec.	2 Warrant 274—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for Inspector Harris	20 00
	6 Warrant 275—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses statement attached	40 00
	6 Warrant 276—To C. M. Lide, supplies for motor car and storage, bill attached	47 60
	6 Warrant 277—To A. McDougall, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	40 00
	6 Warrant 278—To J. D. Lee, work on Feed Stuff Exhibit at Corn Exposition	10 00
	7 Warrant 279—To Gibbes Machinery Co., supplies and repairs for motor car, bill attached	65 15
	8 Warrant 280—To Consolidated Auto Co., supplies for motor car, bill attached	8 20
	8 Warrant 281—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone service, bills attached	15 65
	8 Warrant 282—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls, bill attached	74 60
	8 Warrant 283—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bills attached	19 72
	8 Warrant 284—To W. L. Blanchard, photos for illustrating, bill attached	4 20
	8 Warrant 285—To A. P. Brown, drayage on part of State Exhibit to University of S. C., bill attached	15 00
	8 Warrant 286—To Lorick & Lowrance, supplies for Laboratory and hardware used on State Exhibit, bill attached	31 79
	8 Warrant 287—To Murray Drug Co., supplies for Laboratory, bill attached	8 98

12 Warrant 288—To B. Harris, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	98 70	
12 Warrant 289—To W. F. Painter, building four tables, one set steps and two boxes for Feed Stuff and Laboratory Exhibit at Corn Exposition, bill attached	40 75	
14 Warrant 290—To J. D. Lee, work on Feed Stuff Exhibit at Corn Exposition	18 00	
14 Warrant 291—To J. G. Heise, one sign for Feed Stuff Exhibit at Corn Exposition, bill attached	5 00	
16 Warrant 292—To L. L. Browning, plumbing for Laboratory Exhibit at Corn Exposition, bill attached	11 00	
16 Warrant 293—To J. W. Bowden, work on Feed Stuff Exhibit at Corn Exposition	12 75	
19 Warrant 294—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, traveling expenses, statement attached	15 00	
22 Warrant 295—To Miss E. C. Killian, Stenographer, salary for December	60 00	
22 Warrant 296—To R. M. Simpson, Assistant Chemist, salary for December	80 00	
22 Warrant 297—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, salary for December	125 00	
22 Warrant 298—To A. C. Doyle, Inspector, salary for December	100 00	
22 Warrant 299—To A. McDougall, Inspector, salary for December	100 00	
22 Warrant 300—To J. R. Jones, Inspector, salary for December	100 00	
22 Warrant 301—To B. Harris, Inspector, salary for December..	100 00	
22 Warrant 302—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, salary for December..	141 68	
22 Warrant 303—To J. D. Lee, work on Laboratory Exhibit at Corn Exposition	14 00	
22 Warrant 304—To A. C. Summers, Chemist, operating expenses of Laboratory for December, statement attached	18 75	
29 Warrant 305—To J. W. Strickland, drayage on Cotton and Laboratory Exhibits, bill attached	58 00	
30 Warrant 306—To S. M. Sloan, Inspector, expenses, statement attached	3 45	
30 Warrant 307—To C. M. Lide, supplies for motor car, bill attached	11 05	
30 Warrant 308—To Powell Fuel Co., coal for Laboratory, bill attached	2 75	
30 Warrant 309—To the State Co., printing tax stamps, \$140.00; printing pamphlets and bulletins, \$40.00; office supplies, \$41.85, bill attached	221 85	
30 Warrant 310—To Perry-Mann Electric Co., electrical supplies used at Laboratory Exhibit at Corn Show, bill attached..	7 85	
30 Warrant 311—To C. M. Tew, Auditor, electricity and gas for Laboratory, bills attached	27 59	
30 Warrant 312—To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraph tolls, bill attached	57 79	
30 Warrant 313—To Lorick & Lowrance, supplies used at Corn Exposition, bill attached	5 05	
30 Warrant 314—To A. M. Meetze Warehouse Co., two months' rental of Laboratory and storage, bill attached	43 75	
30 Warrant 315—To Geo. H. Huggins, postmaster, P. O. box rent for quarter ending March 31st, bill attached	2 00	
Balance on deposit with State Treasurer	5,499 92	
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$22,878 68	\$22,878 68

APPENDIX IV.

**DETAILED STATEMENTS OF DISBURSEMENTS, SHOWING WARRANTS ISSUED ON FUND
APPROPRIATED FOR ASSISTING IN FARM DEMONSTRATION WORK.**

1911.

Mch.	1	Amount of appropriation	\$10,000 00
Mch.	2	Warrant 1—To Roland Williams, janitor, services for January and February	8 00
April	15	Warrant 2—To R. L. Allston, agent at Georgetown, services Feb. 16 to March 31	93 75
	15	Warrant 3—To J. W. P. Harmon, agent at Aiken, services Feb. 12 to March 31	122 50
	15	Warrant 4—To C. A. McFaddin, agent at Manning, services Feb. 16 to March 31	112 50
	15	Warrant 5—To J. F. Williams, agent at Sumter, services Feb. 16 to March 31	112 50
	15	Warrant 6—To John Oscar Baggott, agent at Saluda, services March 1-31	75 00
	15	Warrant 7—To A. M. Bethea, agent at Dillon, services March 13-31	30 00
	15	Warrant 8—To T. O. Epps, agent at Kingstree, services March 1-31	50 00
	15	Warrant 9—To N. R. Harrell, agent at Darlington, services March 1-31	75 00
	15	Warrant 10—To J. H. Lambert, agent at Marion, services March 11-31	41 67
	15	Warrant 11—To W. T. J. Lever, agent at Blythewood, services March 1-31	25 00
	15	Warrant 12—To P. N. Lott, agent at Johnston, services March 12-31	39 58
	15	Warrant 13—To W. P. Stewart, agent at Simpsonville, services March 1-31	75 00
	15	Warrant 14—To R. D. White, agent at Alcolu, services March 1-31	25 00
	17	Warrant 15—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for J. B. O'N. Holloway	20 00
May	8	Warrant 16—To P. N. Lott, agent at Johnston, services as per revised voucher from Knapp	10 42
	8	Warrant 17—To John Parker, two bushels seed corn, bill attached	8 00
	8	Warrant 18—To I. Cecelia Jeannerette, Stenographer, services January, February, March and April, \$15.00 per month, statement attached	60 00
	8	Warrant 19—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services March and April	8 00
	8	Warrant 20—To Roddey Automobile Co., auto livery to Aiken, bill attached	25 00
	8	Warrant 21—To M. D. Harllee, photos for illustrating, bill attached	9 50
	8	Warrant 22—To Ira W. Williams, telephone service Jan. 1 to April 30, bills attached	29 35
	8	Warrant 23—To Ira W. Williams, auto livery hire, bill attached	15 00
	17	Warrant 24—To H. Bernhardt, photos for illustrating, bill attached	15 00
	20	Warrant 25—To R. L. Allston, agent at Georgetown, services April 1-30	62 50
	20	Warrant 26—To J. O. Baggott, agent at Saluda, services April 1-30	75 00
	20	Warrant 27—To A. M. Bethea, agent at Dillon, services April 1-30	50 00

	20	Warrant 28—To W. B. Chitty, agent at Olar, services	
		April 1-30	25 00
	20	Warrant 29—To T. O. Epps, agent at Kingstree, services	
		April 1-30	50 00
	20	Warrant 30—To J. W. P. Harmon, agent at Aiken, services	
		April 1-30	75 00
	20	Warrant 31—To A. S. Harrell, agent at Brunson, services	
		April 1-30	75 00
	20	Warrant 32—To N. R. Harrell, agent at Darlington, services	
		April 1-8	20 00
	20	Warrant 33—To J. H. Lambert, agent at Marion, services	
		April 1-30	62 50
	20	Warrant 34—To W. T. J. Lever, agent at Blythewood, services	
		April 1-30	25 00
	20	Warrant 35—To P. N. Lott, agent at Johnston, services	
		April 1-30	62 50
	20	Warrant 36—To C. A. McFaddin, agent at Manning, services	
		April 1-30	75 00
	20	Warrant 37—To W. P. Stewart, agent at Simpsonville, services	
		April 1-30	75 00
	20	Warrant 38—To R. D. White, agent at Alcolu, services	
		April 1-30	25 00
	20	Warrant 39—To J. F. Williams, agent at Sumter, services	
		April 1-30	75 00
June	3	Warrant 40—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services for May .. .	4 00
	3	Warrant 41—To I. Cecelia Jeannerette, Stenographer, services	
		for May	15 00
	8	Warrant 42—To Ira W. Williams, expenses official trip to	
		Washington, statement attached	35 05
	8	Warrant 43—To A. S. Harrell, agent at Brunson, services	
		March 25-31	15 00
	6	Warrant 44—To Ira W. Williams, telephone service for May,	
		bill attached	4 90
	10	Warrant 45—To R. L. Allston, agent at Georgetown, services	
		May 1-31	62 50
	10	Warrant 46—To J. O. Baggott, agent at Saluda, services	
		May 1-31	75 00
	10	Warrant 47—To A. M. Bethea, agent at Dillon, services	
		May 1-31	50 00
	10	Warrant 48—To W. B. Chitty, agent at Olar, services May 1-31	25 00
	10	Warrant 49—To T. O. Epps, agent at Kingstree, services	
		May 1-31	50 00
	10	Warrant 50—To J. W. P. Harmon, agent at Aiken, services	
		May 1-31	75 00
	10	Warrant 51—To A. S. Harrell, agent at Brunson, services	
		May 1-31	75 00
	10	Warrant 52—To J. H. Lambert, agent at Marion, services	
		May 1-31	62 50
	10	Warrant 53—To W. T. J. Lever, agent at Blythewood, services	
		May 1-31	25 00
	10	Warrant 54—To P. N. Lott, agent at Johnston, services	
		May 1-31	62 50
	10	Warrant 55—To C. A. McFaddin, agent at Manning, services	
		May 1-31	75 00
	10	Warrant 56—To J. B. Muldrow, agent at Darlington, services	
		May 12-31	47 50
	10	Warrant 57—To D. L. Smith, agent at Walterboro, services	
		May 20-31	27 50
	10	Warrant 58—To W. P. Stewart, agent at Simpsonville, services	
		May 1-31	75 00
	10	Warrant 59—To R. D. White, agent at Alcolu, services	
		May 1-31	25 00

	10	Warrant 60—To J. F. Williams, agent at Sumter, services	
		May 1-31	75 00
July	8	Warrant 61—To G. C. Strickland, auto livery, bill attached..	25 00
	19	Warrant 62—To R. L. Allston, agent at Georgetown, services	
		June 1-30	62 50
	19	Warrant 63—To J. O. Baggott, agent at Saluda, services	
		June 1-30	75 00
	19	Warrant 64—To A. M. Bethea, agent at Dillon, services	
		June 1-30	50 00
	19	Warrant 65—To W. B. Chitty, agent at Olar, services June 1-30	25 00
	19	Warrant 66—To T. P. Epps, agent at Kingstree, services	
		June 1-30	50 00
	19	Warrant 67—To J. W. P. Harmon, agent at Aiken, services	
		June 1-30	75 00
	19	Warrant 68—To A. S. Harrell, agent at Brunson, services	
		June 1-30	75 00
	19	Warrant 69—To J. H. Lambert, agent at Marion services	
		June 1-30	62 50
	19	Warrant 70—To W. T. J. Lever, agent at Blythewood, services	
		June 1-30	25 00
	19	Warrant 71—To P. N. Lott, agent at Johnston, services	
		June 1-30	62 50
	19	Warrant 72—To C. A. McFaddin, agent at Manning, services	
		June 1-30	75 00
	19	Warrant 73—To J. B. Muldrow, agent at Darlington, services	
		June 1-30	75 00
	19	Warrant 74—To D. L. Smith, agent at Walterboro, services	
		June 1-30	75 00
	19	Warrant 75—To W. P. Stewart, agent at Simpsonville, services	
		June 1-30	75 00
	19	Warrant 76—To R. D. White, agent at Alcolu, services	
		June 1-30	25 00
	19	Warrant 77—To J. F. Williams, agent at Sumter, services	
		June 1-30	75 00
Aug.	8	Warrant 78—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for J. B. O'N. Holloway	20 00
	10	Warrant 79—To W. C. Layton, auto livery, statement attached	25 00
	14	Warrant 80—To R. L. Allston, agent at Georgetown, services	
		July 1-31.. .. .	62 50
	14	Warrant 81—To J. O. Baggott, agent at Saluda, services	
		July 1-31	75 00
	14	Warrant 82—To A. M. Bethea, agent at Dillon, services	
		July 1-31	50 00
	14	Warrant 83—To W. B. Chitty, agent at Olar, services	
		July 1-31	25 00
	14	Warrant 84—To T. O. Epps, agent at Kingstree, services	
		July 1-31	50 00
	14	Warrant 85—To J. W. P. Harmon, agent at Aiken, services	
		July 1-31	75 00
	14	Warrant 86—To A. S. Harrell, agent at Brunson, services	
		July 1-31	75 00
	14	Warrant 87—To J. H. Lambert, agent at Marion, services	
		July 1-31	62 50
	14	Warrant 88—To W. T. J. Lever, agent at Blythewood, services	
		July 1-31	25 00
	14	Warrant 89—To P. N. Lott, agent at Johnston, services	
		July 1-31	62 50
	14	Warrant 90—To C. A. McFaddin, agent at Manning, services	
		July 1-31	75 00
	14	Warrant 91—To J. B. Muldrow, agent at Darlington, services	
		July 1-31	75 00

	14	Warrant 92—To D. L. Smith, agent at Walterboro, services July 1-31..	75 00
	14	Warrant 93—To W. P. Stewart, agent at Simpsonville, services July 1-31	75 00
	14	Warrant 94—To R. D. White, agent at Alcolu, services July 1-31	25 00
	14	Warrant 95—To J. F. Williams, agent at Sumter, services July 1-31..	75 00
	14	Warrant 96—To J. L. Carberry, agent at Greenville, services July 1-31	100 00
	15	Warrant 97—To F. G. Strickland, auto livery, bill attached ..	28 00
Sept.	2	Warrant 98—To I. Cecelia Jeannerette, Stenographer, services June, July and August	45 00
	30	Warrant 99—To J. L. Carberry, agent at Greenville, services August 1-31	100 00
Oct.	8	Warrant 100—To D. L. Smith, agent at Walterboro, services March 1 to April 30..	150 00
	4	Warrant 101—To Ira W. Williams, for stenographer for Sep- tember, and janitor for July, August and September .. .	27 00
	16	Warrant 102—To R. L. Allston, agent at Georgetown, services September 1-30	62 50
	16	Warrant 103—To J. O. Baggott, agent at Saluda, services September 1-30	75 00
	16	Warrant 104—To A. M. Bethea, agent at Dillon, services September 16-30	25 00
	16	Warrant 105—To J. L. Carberry, agent at Greenville, services September 1-30	100 00
	16	Warrant 106—To W. B. Chitty, agent at Olar, services September 1-30	50 00
	16	Warrant 107—To T. O. Epps, agent at Kingstree, services September 1-30	50 00
	16	Warrant 108—To J. H. Lambert, agent at Marion, services September 1-30	62 50
	16	Warrant 109—To W. T. J. Lever, agent at Blythewood, services September 1-30	25 00
	16	Warrant 110—To P. N. Lott, agent at Johnston, services September 1-30	62 50
	16	Warrant 111—To D. L. Smith, agent at Walterboro, services September 1-30..	75 00
	16	Warrant 112—To W. P. Stewart, agent at Simpsonville, ser- vices September 1-30	75 00
	16	Warrant 113—To R. D. White, agent at Alcolu, services September 1-30	25 00
	16	Warrant 114—To J. F. Williams, agent at Sumter, services September 1-30	75 00
Nov.	4	Warrant 115—To C. A. McFaddin, agent at Manning, services September 1-30	75 00
	4	Warrant 116—To S. F. Reid, agent at Abbeville, services September 1-30	75 00
	10	Warrant 117—To Ira W. Williams, stenographer and janitor for October	19 00
	13	Warrant 118—To R. L. Allston, agent at Georgetown, services October 1-31	62 50
	13	Warrant 119—To J. O. Baggott, agent at Saluda, services October 1-31	75 00
	13	Warrant 120—To A. M. Bethea, agent at Dillon, services, October 1-31	50 00
	13	Warrant 121—To J. L. Carberry, agent at Greenville, services October 1-31	100 00
	13	Warrant 122—To W. B. Chitty, agent at Olar, services October 1-31	50 00

13	Warrant 123—To B. O. Cook, agent at Pinopolis, services	25 00
	October 16-31	
13	Warrant 124—To T. O. Epps, agent at Kingstree, services	50 00
	October 1-31	
13	Warrant 125—To J. W. P. Harmon, agent at Montmorenci, services	75 00
	October 1-31	
13	Warrant 126—To J. H. Lambert, agent at Marion, services	62 50
	October 1-31	
13	Warrant 127—To W. T. J. Lever, agent at Blythewood, services	25 00
	October 1-31	
13	Warrant 128—To P. N. Lott, agent at Johnston, services	62 50
	October 1-31	
13	Warrant 129—To D. L. McAlhany, agent at St. George, services	25 00
	October 16-31	
13	Warrant 130—To C. A. McFaddin, agent at Manning, services	75 00
	October 1-31	
13	Warrant 131—To J. B. Muldrow, agent at Darlington, services	75 00
	October 1-31	
13	Warrant 132—To A. M. Sanders, agent at Barnwell, services	25 00
	October 16-31	
13	Warrant 133—To D. L. Smith, agent at Walterboro, services	75 00
	October 1-31	
13	Warrant 134—To W. P. Stewart, agent at Simpsonville, services	75 00
	October 1-31	
13	Warrant 135—To J. F. Williams, agent at Sumter, services	75 00
	October 1-31	
14	Warrant 136—To Ira W. Williams, telephone service, bills attached	24 25
14	Warrant 137—To G. J. Wilds, services at Cotton Exhibit at State Fair	35 00
27	Warrant 138—To J. D. Lee, expenses transporting Cotton Exhibit to Augusta, Ga., and return, statement attached	80 00
27	Warrant 139—To Ira W. Williams, amount paid to G. J. Wilds for services at Cotton Exhibit	15 00
28	Warrant 140—To Augusta Cab & Transfer Co., drayage on Cotton Exhibit to Fair Grounds and return to car in Augusta, Ga., bill attached	26 00
Dec. 2	Warrant 141—To I. Cecelia Jeannerette, Stenographer, services for November	15 00
2	Warrant 142—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services for November	4 00
2	Warrant 143—To Andrew Crawford, services in cotton work..	50 00
5	Warrant 144—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone service, bill attached	4 00
12	Warrant 145—To A. S. Harrell, agent at Brunson, services	25 00
	October 1-10	
12	Warrant 146—To A. M. Sanders, agent at Barnwell, services	50 00
	November 1-30	
12	Warrant 147—To D. L. Smith, agent at Walterboro, services	75 00
	November 1-30	
12	Warrant 148—To W. P. Stewart, agent at Simpsonville, services	75 00
	November 1-30	
12	Warrant 149—To D. L. Tarrant, agent at Springfield, services	50 00
	November 1-30	
12	Warrant 150—To W. J. Tiller, Agent at Chesterfield, services	25 00
	November 1-15	
12	Warrant 151—To R. D. White, agent at Alcolu, services	25 00
	November 1-30	
12	Warrant 152—To J. F. Williams, Agent at Sumter, services	75 00
	November 1-30	
12	Warrant 153—To R. L. Allston, agent at Georgetown, services	62 50
	November 1-30	

12	Warrant 154—To W. L. Anderson, agent at Ninety-Six, services November 1-30	75 00	
12	Warrant 155—To A. O. Antley, agent at St. Matthews, services November 1-30	62 50	
12	Warrant 156—To J. O. Baggott, agent at Saluda, services November 1-30	75 00	
12	Warrant 157—To A. M. Bethea, agent at Dillon, services November 1-30	50 00	
12	Warrant 158—To J. R. Blair, agent at Sharon, services November 1-30	75 00	
12	Warrant 159—To E. A. Brown, agent at Camden, services November 1-30	50 00	
12	Warrant 160—To J. L. Carberry, agent at Greenville, services November 1-30	100 00	
12	Warrant 161—To W. B. Chitty, agent at Olar, services Novem- ber 1-30	50 00	
12	Warrant 162—To B. C. Cook, agent at Pinopolis, services November 1-30	50 00	
12	Warrant 163—To G. A. Derrick, agent at Lexington, services November 1-30	75 00	
12	Warrant 164—To S. M. Duncan, agent at Newberry, services November 1-30	75 00	
12	Warrant 165—To C. Dusenberry, agent at Conway, services November 1-30	75 00	
12	Warrant 166—To T. O. Epps, agent at Kingstree, services November 1-30	50 00	
12	Warrant 167—To J. W. P. Harmon, agent at Montmorenci, ser- vices November 1-30	75 00	
12	Warrant 168—To J. H. Lambert, agent at Marion, services November 1-30	62 50	
12	Warrant 169—To W. T. J. Lever, agent at Blythewood, ser- vices November 1-30	25 00	
12	Warrant 170—To P. N. Lott, agent at Johnston, services November 1-30	62 50	
12	Warrant 171—To D. L. McAlhany, agent at St. George, services November 1-30	50 00	
12	Warrant 172—To C. A. McFaddin, agent at Manning, services November 1-30	75 00	
12	Warrant 173—To J. B. Muldrow, agent at Darlington, services November 1-30	75 00	
22	Warrant 174—To Sarah B. Carlisle, stenographic work for Ira W. Williams	15 00	
22	Warrant 175—To G. J. Wilds, services at Cotton Exhibit	6 00	
22	Warrant 176—To I. Oecelia Jeannerette, stenographic work for Ira W. Williams	15 00	
22	Warrant 177—To Ben Wallace, janitor, services for December	4 00	
22	Warrant 178—To I. Oecelia Jeannerette, extra clerical work for Ira W. Williams	33 98	
30	Warrant 179—To Gregory-Conder Motor Co., expenses and sup- plies for motor car while engaged in farm demonstration work, bill attached	299 99	
30	Warrant 180—To Southern Bell Telephone Co., telephone ser- vice, bill attached	4 00	
30	Warrant 181—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, traveling expenses on official business, statement attached	100 00	
	Balance	200 01	
		<hr/>	
		\$10,000 00	\$10,000 00

APPENDIX V.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, SHOWING WARRANTS ISSUED ON FUND APPROPRIATED FOR FURTHERING WORK OF CORN BREEDERS' ASSO- CIATION AND FOR PRIZES.

1911.			
Mch.	1	Amount of appropriation	\$28,000 00
Aug.	31	Warrant 1—To A. D. Hudson, President, expenses listed below:	
		Stenographer, five months at \$40.00 per month..	\$200.00
		Postage	55.00
		Express	9.00
		Telephone	8.05
		Stationery	10 50
		Official trips of President Hudson	150.00
			<hr/> \$432 55
	31	Warrant 2—To The State Co., one typewriter for President Hudson	68 00
Sept.	1	Warrant 3—To A. D. Hudson, President, incidental expenses, statement attached	50 00
	1	Warrant 4—To E. H. Aull Co., part payment for printing catalogues	300 00
Oct.	6	Warrant 5—To Miss Susie M. Anthony, stenographer for President Hudson	28 00
	17	Warrant 6—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for President Hudson	20 00
	21	Warrant 7—To Southern Railway Co., mileage for G. H. Stevenson	90 00
Nov.	9	Warrant 8—To G. H. Stevenson, expenses on trip in interest of Corn Exposition, statement attached	11 74
	15	Warrant 9—To E. H. Aull Co., balance on printing 15 thousand catalogues for Corn Exposition, bill attached .. .	183 35
	15	Warrant 10—To A. D. Hudson, President, part of postage and express on catalogues	100 00
	24	Warrant 11—To G. H. Stevenson, postage on catalogues .. .	7 10
Dec.	2	Warrant 12—To E. H. Aull Co., postage and express on catalogues, statement attached	46 00
	9	Warrant 13—To A. D. Hudson, President, freight and other expenses at Exposition, statement attached	100 00
	11	Warrant 14—To J. G. Heise, painting and decorating at Exposition, bill attached	100 00
	14	Warrant 15—To A. D. Hudson, President, expenses of L. D. Clore and W. H. Young, judges at Corn Exposition, statement attached	150 00
	21	Warrant 16—To E. H. Aull Co., stationery and stenographer for President Hudson, bill attached	53 75
	26	Warrant 17—To The State Co., printing and supplies for Exposition, bills attached	34 15
	26	Warrant 18—To O. B. Williams, Director, transportation and preparation of N. O. Experiment Station Exhibit	100 00
	26	Warrant 19—To J. Phil Campbell, transportation and preparation of Southern Corn Show Exhibit	32 63
	26	Warrant 20—To Columbia Lumber & Mfg. Co., lumber used at Corn Exposition, bill attached	121 85
	26	Warrant 21—To Edward J. Brennen, lumber and storage, bill attached	23 45
	26	Warrant 22—To Julius H. Weil & Co., cloth used at Corn Exposition, bill attached	6 25

26 Warrant 23—To Lorick & Lowrance, supplies for Corn Exposition, bill attached	8 66
26 Warrant 24—To Paul E. Brown, services at Corn Exposition	20 50
26 Warrant 25—To J. L. Mimnaugh & Co., cloth used at Corn Exposition, bill attached	3 84
26 Warrant 26—To M. Ehrlich & Sons, boxes used at Corn Exposition, bill attached	2 70
26 Warrant 27—To E. A. Brown, Superintendent, expenses at Corn Exposition	13 40
26 Warrant 28—To O. I. Tillman, expenses at Corn Exposition, statement attached	11 40
26 Warrant 29—To Perry-Mann Electric Co., lights for Corn Exposition, bill attached	7 00
26 Warrant 30—To Mrs. McDavid Horton, decorating at Corn Exposition	15 00
26 Warrant 31—To Alex D. Hudson, President, expenses at Corn Exposition, statement attached	274 52
26 Warrant 32—To J. Sparks, publicity work by order of Commission	100 00
26 Warrant 33—To Southern Railway Co., freight on Corn, bill attached	3 07
26 Warrant 34—To E. J. Watson, Commissioner, to pay the prizes listed below for which receipts have been filed:	
Ernest Polk, Islandton, S. C.	\$25 00
Geo. H. Fogle, Ridgeville, S. C.	15 00
Watson Risher, St. George, S. C.	15 00
Harvey Crosby, Round, S. C.	15 00
W. J. Young, Alcolu, S. C.	10 00
Willie Mayer, Trenton, S. C.	25 00
Henry King, Ridge Spring, S. C.	10 00
Bruce H. Stribling, Richland, S. C.	25 00
Styles Stribling, Richland, S. C.	15 00
Horace T. Warner, Greenwood, S. C.	15 00
Richard Lewis, Clemson College, S. C.	15 00
J. G. Lowman, Prosperity, S. C.	10 00
Edgar S. Berry, Taylors, S. C.	25 00
J. H. Martin, Fountain Inn, S. C.	10 00
Miss Lois McAfee, Chester, S. C.	25 00
W. B. Hope, Chester, S. C.	15 00
T. J. Cunningham, Jr., Chester, S. C.	15 00
Ernest J. Locke, Rodman, S. C.	15 00
J. Brenton Wise, Chester, S. C.	10 00
Eddie Munnerlyn, Choppee, S. C.	25 00
Zollie Eaddy, Lambert, S. C.	15 00
Claude McDonald, Hamer, S. C.	15 00
Joe W. Rogers, Hamer, S. C.	15 00
Jerry H. Moore, Mars Bluff, S. C.	10 00
J. Malcolm Lowman, Ballentine, S. C.	40 00
J. Daniel Bogard, Cameron, S. C.	15 00
Willie Blum, Blythewood, S. C.	15 00
M. Davis Lever, Blythewood, S. C.	15 00
Cecil D. Brearley, St. Charles, S. C.	10 00
L. B. Foulter, Fingerville, S. C.	10 00
Tommie Blum, Blythewood, S. C.	3 00
Jas. H. Streater, Chesterfield, S. C.	2 00
Baxter T. Gardner, Chesterfield, S. C.	1 00
Burrell Knight, Angelus, S. C.	15 00
H. T. Warner, Greenwood, S. C.	5 00
Jas. Riddle, Greenwood, S. C.	3 00
Marion Mathis, St. George, S. C.	1 00
Charlie Lewis, Boomer, N. C.	10 00
E. Goodwin, Apex, N. C.	10 00

J. C. Lewis, Boomer, N. C.	3 00		
Addie Ragan, Durham, N. C.	2 00		
Sam Rathrock, Lexington, N. C.	1 00		
John Deaton, Carthage, N. C.	3 00		
J. C. Lewis, Boomer, N. C.	15 00		
Haywood Brookshire, Boomer, N. C.	10 00		
Charlie Lewis, Boomer, N. C.	1 00		
J. Phil Campbell, Athens, Ga.	21 00		
		601 00	
		<hr/>	
		\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00

APPENDIX VI.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, SHOWING WARRANTS ISSUED ON FUND APPROPRIATED FOR PRIZES FOR FARMERS STATE CORN CONTEST.

1911.			
Mch.	1	Amount of appropriation	\$500 00
Dec.	23	Warrant 1—To A. W. Gilmore, Santuc, S. C., first prize, 5-acre contest	\$100 00
	23	Warrant 2—To J. A. Shanklin, Manager, Taylor Farm, Colum- bia, S. C., second prize, 5-acre contest	50 00
	23	Warrant 3—To O. W. Josey, St. Charles, S. C., third prize, 5-acre contest	30 00
	23	Warrant 4—To E. E. Ritter, Cope, S. C., fourth prize, 5-acre contest	20 00
	23	Warrant 5—To Guy H. Norris, Anderson, S. C., first prize, 1-acre contest	100 00
	23	Warrant 6—To J. Swinton Whaley, Edisto Island, S. C., second prize, 1-acre contest	50 00
	23	Warrant 7—To Z. T. Davis, Greenwood, S. C., third prize, 1-acre contest	30 00
	23	Warrant 8—To E. E. Ritter, Cope, S. C., fourth prize, 1-acre contest	20 00
	23	Warrant 9—To Jerry H. Moore, Mars Bluff, S. C., first prize, boys' 1-acre contest	50 00
	23	Warrant 10—To Douglas Glenn, Lancaster, S. C., second prize, boys' 1-acre contest	25 00
	23	Warrant 11—To Yancy Mathis, St. Charles, S. C., third prize, boys' 1-acre contest	15 00
	23	Warrant 12—To Turner Wessinger, Blythewood, S. C., fourth prize, boys' 1-acre contest	10 00
			\$500 00
			\$500 00

APPENDIX VII.

DETAILED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF FUND DERIVED FROM INSPECTION OF SEED.

1911.

Jan.	1	Balance on deposit with State Treasurer	\$8 00	
June	1	By deposit State Treasurer	1 00	
Aug.	1	By deposit State Treasurer	75	
		Disbursements, none.	.	
		Balance on deposit with State Treasurer	\$5 25	
			\$5 25	\$5 25

THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

OF

South Carolina

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR, 1911

TO THE

LEGISLATURE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

Charleston, S. C., Dec. 26th, 1911.

His Excellency, Coleman L. Blease, Governor, Columbia, S. C.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the 32nd Annual Report of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health, with the request that you transmit it to the General Assembly.

The work accomplished by the Board during the past year is fully set forth in the report, but I wish to call your attention to one or two matters of especial importance, which should receive the earnest consideration of the General Assembly.

The wisdom of distributing diphtheria antitoxin free of charge to all who need it, has been amply justified. If we can judge from the number of calls for antitoxin, diphtheria has been rather prevalent throughout the State, and there can be no doubt that the money expended for this purpose has been repaid many times over in lives saved and in sickness prevented. I sincerely trust that the General Assembly will make sufficient appropriation to meet the increasing demand for this agent.

The free distribution of typhoid bacterin for the prevention of typhoid fever is another very important life-saving measure instituted by the Board during the past summer. Typhoid fever continues to be exceedingly prevalent in South Carolina on account of the imperfect sanitary conditions which exist generally, and which in many cases are difficult to correct. The use of bacterin will, therefore, be of the greatest service in checking the ravages of this disease, and the Board should receive all encouragement in carrying on this beneficent work.

Every year attention is called to the enormous importance of the tuberculosis problem and to the inability of the Board to handle it for want of means. Tuberculosis is a preventable disease, which costs thousands of dollars and valuable lives every year, and yet no appropriation is made to stay its progress. Other States appropriate annually large sums for this purpose, realizing that money so expended is well invested, but South Carolina still lags behind. We trust that another year will not be allowed to pass without an effort on the part of our State to do her share in this great work.

Another problem which is assuming alarming proportions is the spread of pellagra. The cause of this disease and the mode of its dissemination have so far eluded discovery. Certain other Southern States are endeavoring to solve the mystery. Should we not do likewise? A thorough and systematic study of this disease as it prevails in South Carolina is urgently needed and we recommend a special appropriation to be expended by the State Board of Health, or by a separate pellagra commission appointed to carry on the investigation.

In compliance with a joint resolution passed at the last session of the General Assembly, the sanitary condition of the State Penitentiary has been thoroughly investigated, two inspections having been made by the entire Board. The second inspection was made on December 1st, and although considerable improvement was noticed and certain of the recommendations previously made had been carried out as far as possible, the Board feels constrained to reiterate the opinion originally expressed, especially as to the woman's building and the hosiery mill.

The increasing usefulness of the laboratory is most pleasing to the Board and it is with especial gratification that your attention is called to the report of the Director.

Respectfully,

ROBERT WILSON, JR.,
Chairman Executive Committee State Board of Health.

GENERAL REPORT.

This is the 32nd Annual Report of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health, and is for the year ending December 31st, 1911.

This report is made in compliance with the following concurrent resolution, which directs that the "reports of the Departments of the State Government, and every officer required by law to be made to the General Assembly or to any officer, the printing of which is to be charged to the State, shall contain only a concise statement of the transactions of the officer or department without repetition, and a concise statement of recommendations and no proposed measure of copy of law, or copy of any other report or document, except such as the production of which shall be necessary, shall be printed at the expense of the State, etc."

PERSONNEL OF THE BOARD.

The Board has lost one of its members this year by resignation on account of ill health, Dr. H. T. Hall of Aiken, S. C. This vacancy has been filled by the election of Dr. D. B. Frontis of Ridge Spring, S. C.

The Board regrets very much the loss of its efficient Health Officer, Dr. C. F. Williams, who has been with them for four years, but was compelled to resign owing to the inadequate salary paid to the State Health Officer.

Upon the resignation of Dr. C. F. Williams, Dr. Jas. A. Hayne of Greenville, S. C., was elected.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Robert Wilson, Jr., M. D., Chairman.. . . .	Charleston
D. B. Frontis, M. D...	Ridge Spring
C. C. Gambrell, M. D...	Abbeville
E. A. Hines, M. D...	Seneca
W. J. Burdell, M. D...	Lugoff
Wm. Egleston, M. D...	Hartsville
W. M. Lester, M. D...	Columbia
J. Fraser Lyon, Attorney-General.. . . .	Columbia

A. W. Jones, Comptroller-General... .. Columbia
 W. W. Dodson, M. D., Pharmaceutical Member..... Greenville
 Jas. A. Hayne, M. D., Secretary and State Health
 Officer... .. Columbia
 F. A. Coward, M. D., Director, Laboratory State Board of
 Health... .. Columbia
 F. L. Parker, Jr., M. D., Chemist and Bacteriologist.. Charleston
 J. LaBruce Ward, M. D., Director Rural Sanitation.. Columbia
 Milton Weinberg, M. D., Assistant in Rural Sanitation.
 J. T. Howell, M. D., Assistant in Rural Sanitation.
 F. M. Routh, M. D., Assistant in Rural Sanitation.
 F. D. Rodgers, M. D., Assistant in Rural Sanitation.
 A. M. Brailsford, M. D. (resigned), Assistant in Rural Sani-
 tation.

Jas. R. Cain, Assistant in the Laboratory.

A. S. Williams, Assistant in the Laboratory.

Mr. Cain and Mr. Williams were appointed assistants in the laboratory under the provision of the Rockefeller gift. In addition to Mr. Cain's duties under the Rockefeller Commission, he assists Dr. Coward in the laboratory work, and for these duties receives a salary of \$60.00 a month from the contingent fund.

In addition to the above staff there is a stenographer and a janitor paid by the Board of Health.

MEETINGS.

The Board has held in addition to its regular quarterly meetings a called meeting in March for the purpose of complying with a Concurrent Resolution passed by the General Assembly to make an investigation of the sanitary conditions of the State Penitentiary; also a special meeting in May for the election of the State Health Officer. They met again in June for the purpose of meeting with the Directors of the State Penitentiary about the conditions in the hosiery mill.

The transactions of the Board at these meetings are given in detail in the minutes covering these three called meetings.

EPIDEMIC DISEASES.

SMALLPOX.

Smallpox has been present in the entire State throughout the year. The type has been mild and no deaths have been reported

to this Board. As in previous years, the rural districts have suffered more than the towns, giving a striking illustration of the benefits of compulsory vaccination, which is enforced in towns and not in rural districts.

There was quite an epidemic of smallpox at Jalapa, S. C., Newberry County, there being probably about 100 cases. Owing to the efficient work of Drs. Mower and Pope, all the negroes were vaccinated and a great many of the whites, and the epidemic checked. There were no cases in Newberry, which was but a short distance from Jalapa, but the town of Newberry has been particular to enforce vaccination among its citizens, hence their immunity.

The State Health Officer visited the following places in regard to smallpox: Jalapa, Camden, Batesburg, Lexington, Cowards, Ridgeway, Blaney, Bamberg, Chapin, Leesville, Cope, North, Norway, Gilbert, Estill, Lugoff, Hardeeville, and by lectures and distribution of bulletins on smallpox, by personal vaccination of all people possible, helped to hold the epidemic in check. As can be seen, it was State wide, and would probably have developed as an epidemic had not proper precautions been taken and enforced. This office has sent out 89,815 vaccine points and tubes. Approximately this number of people have been vaccinated. There is still lack of organization among the physicians, and in some parts of the State, lack of co-operation. We have not deemed it wise to enforce rigid quarantine of smallpox cases, but have depended upon thorough vaccination and re-vaccination of the community to hold the epidemic in check.

SCARLET FEVER.

There have been but few cases of scarlet fever reported to this office, and we judge that the disease has run an unusual mild course with no serious outbreaks at any points in the State. In the absence of mortuary statistics and the lack of reports from physicians, this office cannot give any accurate information in regard to the prevalence of this disease.

DIPHTHERIA.

Though but few cases of diphtheria have been reported to this office, the following amount of antitoxin has been administered for diphtheria in the State, and we judge that diphtheria has

been extremely prevalent in every county in the State, and we feel sure that the number of lives saved by the prompt administration of antitoxin has well repaid the State for the funds expended. We know that the death rate must have been exceedingly small from the diphtheria present; although no deaths have been reported to this office. Judging from the number of cases to whom antitoxin has been administered, had the former death rate before the discovery of antitoxin been obtained, there would have been such an outbreak from the citizens of the State that would have caused even the most slothful physician to have reported such an epidemic to the State Board of Health. We believe that the State is being well repaid for the money expended for antitoxin, but most urgently beg the Legislature to appropriate a sum sufficient to pay for the increasing demand, for this agent which saves our little ones from the dread clutch, the enemy of little people, which was once known as the strangler, namely, diphtheria, and claimed thousands of little victims as its yearly tribute from this State.

The Board at its meeting made a contract with H. M. Alexander & Co., of Marietta, Pa., to furnish diphtheria antitoxin for the year 1912. The contract can be found in December minutes.

Others bidding were Schiefflin & Co., H. K. Mulford & Co., and the National Vaccine and Antitoxin Institute.

TYPHOID FEVER.

We regret to say that typhoid fever has been very prevalent in South Carolina this year. In the epidemics investigated it has been found that the disease is due to soil pollution from insanitary privies, lack of proper sewerage system, surface wells, unscreened houses, filthy barns where filthy cows are milked by the unwashed hands of laborers. Typhoid fever is a disgrace to a civilized community, and only by strenuous educational campaigns, by percept and by example, can we force the citizens to save their own lives.

An investigation was made of the conditions at Inman, S. C. Surface well, unscreened privy and numerous flies explained the spread of the disease in this beautiful little mountain town situated at the foot of the Blue Ridge mountains where health conditions should be ideal. Bishopville, S. C., showed about twenty cases out of a population of perhaps two thousand. The same

conditions prevailed in this low country town that prevailed in the up-country. We lectured on these subjects and had personal conversations with all of whom we could come in contact, explaining the necessity of sanitary disposal of garbage and other deleterious material. We explained how the flies conveyed the disease in many cities of South Carolina that did not have sewerage. We were promised an ordinance enforcing the use of the sanitary privy. We believe that our campaign for the past six months will bear good fruit next year. We have visited the following places giving lectures on typhoid fever: Blackstock, Timmons-ville, Hardeeville, Hartsville, Bishopville, Inman, Spartanburg, Lancaster, Ridge Spring. In addition to our work, the physicians under the Rockefeller Commission are constantly lecturing and teaching the people of the State the cause of the disease and how to prevent it.

In July of this year we commenced to manufacture anti-typhoid bacterin. This bacterin will immunize an individual against typhoid fever for a period of at least two years, and where an epidemic breaks out in a town, this is an invaluable aid towards limiting its ravages, for by inoculating the citizens of a small community we can thus stamp out the disease by this focus, and have time to compel such sanitary measures which would perhaps prevent a second outbreak of the disease. Dr. Coward has labored faithfully to supply the demand from all portions of the State with this bacterin. We have sent out so far He will have to send out a great many more next year, as the demand will be much greater, as people will learn of the slight discomfort of its use, and the wonderful benefits derived from immunity to this veritable scourge of the rural districts. South Carolina is the first State in the Union to give her citizens the benefits of this wonderful discovery, which had so forcible a demonstration of its efficiency in the recent concentration of troops in Texas where, although there were thirty thousand troops, only five cases of typhoid fever developed and no deaths, this being a great contrast to the terrible state of affairs which existed at Chickamauga and other concentration camps. We estimate that \$1,000 will immunize 17,000 individuals against typhoid fever, and we hope that the General Assembly will be liberal in its appropriation so that the Board may continue to carry on this work.

POLIOMYELITIS, OR INFANTILE PARALYSIS.

Again we regret to report that only two cases have been reported to this office during the present incumbent's term. These were in York County and we do not know whether the patients died or not. We presume, however, that the anticipated epidemic, anticipated on account of existing conditions in other States and the number of cases in our State last year, has failed to materialize, but cannot be accurate as to this disease or any other disease, unless some means are found to compel physicians to report all contagious diseases to the State Board of Health.

At a symposium held at Hattiesburg, Miss., on this disease, it was learned that the disease was very widespread in the United States, that if the diagnosis was made early enough the disease could be in a measure lessened in its terrible effects, but after the paralysis has set in, little, if anything, could be done. This disease is communicable and reportable to Boards of Health. A great precaution should be taken, though it rarely kills, yet it always maims its victims.

TUBERCULOSIS.

We have distributed numerous pamphlets dealing with this subject, and also lectured on same, but have not made any aggressive campaign. There have probably been, judging from the statistics of other States that have adequate means of obtaining statistics, that at least 1,500 people have died of tuberculosis during the past year. South Carolina has the unenviable distinction among her sister States of making no appropriation for the prevention of this king of all diseases that claims its millions yearly from the human race. The campaign against tuberculosis in other States and other countries is bearing fruit, and the number of people dying yearly is growing less. The wave of industrial prosperity which is traveling southward will bring to this State many new citizens, and our health problem will become more difficult. Let us not be behind other States, but make an effort and appropriate sufficient money to organize an active campaign against tuberculosis. The conditions in some of our public institutions are bad in the extreme. Our court rooms are badly ventilated and the mass of coughing, spitting, perspiring humanity is packed in them wherever courts are held, and many victims come from this source.

The passenger coaches in this State are often without spittoons. The regulations against spitting on the floor are not enforced; they are overcrowded, packed to suffocation. They are a menace to the health of all who are unfortunate to have to travel on day coaches. The General Assembly is urged to call upon the Railroad Commission to remedy these conditions, to require a spittoon in every seat—that the cars be thoroughly cleaned when they reach their destination and kept clean en route, and that the porters be not allowed to brush passengers in the aisle and sweep the cars with dry brooms and brush the seats while passengers are aboard, as they thereby scatter the germs of tuberculosis and cause them to be inhaled. They should be required to use a damp cloth or mop for cleansing cars en route.

PELLAGRA.

This disease is one of the greatest menaces that confronts industrial prosperity in South Carolina, for we find that it is by far more prevalent in the manufacturing center in South Carolina than it is in other portions of the State. A disease whose presence in this State was doubted in 1907 has become so prevalent that it forms a topic of conversation in the churches, on the streets, in the clubs and in the homes. A disease that has claimed its victims from the very poor and from the wealthy, that has attacked our women and has sent many of them to their graves and to the asylum, that is responsible for 37 per cent. of the admissions for 1911 to the State Insane Asylum—a disease whose cause is unknown, whose treatment is problematic and whose prognosis is death or chronic invalidism. A careful investigation made on August 19th, 1911, showed that 300 physicians out of the 1,200 in the State were treating 2,100 cases. It is probable that the 900 physicians not heard from were treating at least 3,000 cases, making a total of at least 5,000 cases in South Carolina at the present time. Tennessee, which had only 316 cases, deemed this disease to be such a menace to the welfare of her citizens that she sent a commission consisting of three physicians to several foci of the disease in the State. Surely the Legislature of South Carolina ought to make sufficient appropriation to enable the State Board of Health to further investigate the unknown cause of this disease, and by a study of its epidemiology

arrive at some conclusion by which the citizens of South Carolina may be protected against this disease.

The State Health Officer, through the agency of Hon. A. F. Lever and — Johnson, were enabled to secure the services of Dr. Grimm of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service for a short time, but owing to the lack of funds of that department, his work in this State could not be continued. Mr. Lever secured from the Agricultural Department an entomologist, Mr. W. V. King, who has been at work in this State studying the insect life surrounding the locality where this disease has been most prevalent. An informal clinic was held at the State Insane Asylum and about 150 physicians were present, including Dr. Lavinder and Dr. Grimm of the U. S. Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service; Dr. Garrison of the U. S. Navy, sent by the Navy Department of Washington; Dr. Mobley of the Health Department of Georgia, and Dr. Richardson of the Board of Health of Iowa. Many valuable papers were read. His Excellency, the Governor, gave the address of welcome, and promised to do all he could at the meeting of the Legislature to help us in our fight against this disease. We called upon the Legislature to help us. We need to obtain definite facts in regard to this disease. We must find out its cause before we can take steps to prevent its spread. We must have trained men to investigate, and trained men are not to be obtained without adequate compensation.

Dr. J. W. Babcock, Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane, has been untiring in his effort to assist us in the study of this disease, and it is to him that the success of the clinic held during Fair Week was due. We also thank the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service for the efficient aid rendered us through Drs. Lavinder and Grimm.

HOOKWORM DISEASE.

Active work is being prosecuted under the Rockefeller Sanitary Commission, and the able corps of physicians under Dr. J. La-Bruce Ward are doing a great work in the eradication of this disease. Dr. Ward, with unflagging zeal, has reached the most isolated communities in South Carolina, giving them illustrated lectures and showing them the value of the prevention of soil pollution. His report shows a great work that he and his assist-

ants have done. It is unnecessary to state that while the State Board of Health is wonderfully assisted by Dr. Ward and his assistants, yet it costs the State not one cent for this assistance. There has been some newspaper correspondence in regard to the method of pursuing a campaign against hookworm in South Carolina, but surely the man who furnishes the money has a right to dictate his method of spending it, and any criticism of this method is surely without warrant.

Dr. J. LaBruce Ward, Director of Rural Sanitation, presents the following report:

To the Members of the State Board of Health.

Gentlemen: As Director of Rural Sanitation, I have the honor to submit my report for the year 1911.

Following are the names of the assistants engaged in field work during the year:

	Appointed.	Resigned.
Dr. F. A. Bell.. . . .	July 8, 1910	Feb. 28, 1911
Dr. Milton Weinberg.. . . .	Sept. 12, 1910	.....
Dr. A. M. Brailsford.. . . .	July 15, 1911	Oct. 1, 1911
Dr. F. M. Routh.. . . .	June 20, 1911	.....
Dr. J. T. Howell.. . . .	July 1, 1911	.....
Dr. F. D. Rodgers.. . . .	Oct. 1, 1911	.....

Mr. Arthur S. Williams and Mr. J. R. Cain are employed by the Rockefeller Sanitary Commission to assist Dr. Coward in the laboratory.

NOTES ON WORK.

Dr. Bell worked in Horry and Kershaw Counties, giving public lectures, inspecting school children and lecturing in the schools. Dr. Baynard did similar work in Dorchester and Charleston Counties. The latter county is the only one where any objection was raised to the medical inspection of schools.

Dr. Weinberg lectured and examined school children in Williamsburg, Clarendon, Georgetown and Abbeville Counties. He opened the first dispensary in the State in Clarendon County, July 15, 1911, and conducted dispensaries in this county and in Beaufort County.

Dr. Routh, since his appointment, June 20, 1911, has spent his entire time in Hampton County, where he has done excellent work against great odds.

Dr. Rowell, who was appointed July 1, 1911, assisted Dr. Weinberg in Clarendon County, and later did dispensary work in Beaufort and Marion Counties.

Dr. Rodgers commenced work October 1, 1911. After assisting Dr. Howell in Marion County, he took charge of Board of Health exhibit at the County Fair in Orangeburg. This exhibit attracted considerable attention and received many favorable comments from the papers. The presidents of the two negro colleges in Orangeburg were interviewed and 200 mailing cases were left at Claflin University. Since leaving Orangeburg, Dr. Rodgers has been in Richland County advertising the dispensaries which will be opened January 1, 1912. Placards in all of the trolleys and slides used in the moving picture shows, in addition to the ordinary methods of advertising, will doubtless bring good results. Dr. Rodgers also spent three days at the South Atlantic Corn show in this city, distributing literature and explaining the hookworm campaign.

The work of the year has been very satisfactory, except the attendance at the dispensaries is not as large as we hoped for. The fact that many of the counties have no right to appropriate funds for anything except ordinary county purposes, and the fact that the appropriation for the State Board of Health is entirely inadequate, is a great handicap in our work.

SANITATION IN THE COUNTIES.

In order that the statistics from the several States and from the counties in each State where the hookworm work is being done might be uniform so that comparison might be made, it was decided to divide the privy types into different classes, each having a percentage basis as follows:

SANITARY VALUES PLACED ON VARIOUS TYPES OF PRIVIES.

Value.

Class F. 0%—Failure to have any kind of privy.

Class E. 10%—Ordinary privy open behind, unguarded against flies, chickens, hogs and rain.

Class D. 25%—Same as above, but with hinged door in rear coming down to ground.

Class C. 50%—Privy with covered seat, closed hinged door in the rear and water-tight pails—but building not fly-proof.

Class B. 75%—Similar to above, but fly-proof and well kept.
Class A. 100%—Sewer system with water closets; also L. R. S. privies.

The sanitary efficiency is arrived at in the following manner:

100 at 100% (Class A)	10000
100 at 75% (Class B)	7500
100 at 50% (Class C)	5000
100 at 25% (Class D)	2500
100 at 10% (Class E)	1000
1000 at 0% (Class F)	000
1000	1000)26000
	26%

It will be seen by the above that the total number of observations for each class is multiplied by the percentage basis for that class, and the products obtained are added—and divided by the total number of observations in the county.

The sanitary efficiency of Marion, Clarendon, Hampton and Beaufort Counties appears below.

SANITARY EFFICIENCY.

Marion County:		
200 at 10% (Class E)	2000	
595 at 0% (Class F)	000	
795	795)2000	2.5%
Clarendon County:		
92 at 10% (Class E)	920	
128 at 0% (Class F)	000	
220	220) 920	4%
Hampton County:		
23 at 100% (Class A)	3300	
123 at 110% (Class E)	1230	
76 at 0% (Class F)	0000	
232	232)4530	19%

Beaufort County:

875 at 10% (Class E)	8750
171 at 0% (Class F)	0000
<hr/>	<hr/>
1046	1046)8750 8%

INFECTION SURVEY.

The percentage of infection in a county is based upon the microscopic examination of at least 200 children between the ages of six and 18 years, taken at random and not in regard to clinical symptoms. This table shows percentage of infection in Marion, Clarendon and Hampton Counties. There were not a sufficient number of patients of school age examined in Beaufort County to compare with the above.

County.	No. examined.	Negative.	Percentage.
Marion	259	111	57
Clarendon	189	19	90
Hampton	740	140	81

The following is a condensed summary of the work done:

GETTING PEOPLE TREATED.

A. Physicians personally interested	228
B. Lectures to physicians	8
C. Physicians reached	350
D. No. letters and circulars sent to physicians: Cir. letters	2
E. No. bulletins sent to physicians	4000
F. No. physicians now treating the disease (recorded)	100

GETTING THE PEOPLE TO SEEK EXAMINATION AND TREATMENT.

A. No. of schools inspected	368
B. No. of families examined. (Not recorded.)	
C. No. of persons examined—Clin.	7940
Micro.	3052
No. Microscopically pos.	1603

No. OF PERSONS TREATED.

A. By means of dispensaries	3245
B. By physicians	1774
C. Total No. on record	5020
D. Estimated No. treated—not recorded	5000

DISPENSARY REPORT BY COUNTIES.

County	Appropriation.	Duration Campaign.	Expendi- tures.	Examinations Micro. & Clin.			
Hampton—	Sufficient for	5 mos.	X	—	X	—	
Routh.. . .	thymol		743	462			
Marion—							
Howell & Brailsford	None.	3 mos.	196	95	35	3	
Clarendon—							
Weinberg & Howell.. . .	Sufficient for thymol	5 mos.	Pos. 210	Neg. 40	Pos. 342	Neg. 35	
Beaufort—							
Howell & Weinberg County.	None.	1½ mos.	106	29	105	15	
	No. of persons & times treated.		Total No. people treated.		Total No. treatments.		
	One, two, three, four, five?						
Hampton	743	648	150	12	3	743	1377
Marion	931	110	48			931	1038
Clarendon	552	54				499 552	1105
Beaufort	339	1				52 211	348

EDUCATING THE PEOPLE IN SANITATION.

1. Bulletins and leaflets distributed..27057
2. No. papers personally visited.. 26
3. No. letters to press—circulars.. 1
4. No. of articles furnished for publication.. 5
5. Attitude of press—Favorable.
6. No. of teachers reached:
 - By visit.. 752
 - By letter (No circular letter).
 - By bulletin or leaflet.. 1500
 - At institutes.. 900
7. No. public lectures given.. 76
8. Estimated No. of persons reached by these lectures.... 8416
9. Results.
 - State legislation..None
 - Regulation by State Board of Health..None
 - Regulation by State Board of Education..None
 - Regulation by County Boards of Health....No County Boards

Regulation by municipal Boards of Health: Sewerage systems in two cities; compulsory sanitary privy law in one.

No. sanitary privies built (Not recorded.)

IV. By-products:

1. See under No. 9.
2. No Health officers for counties.
3. General Board of Health work advertised, resulting in increased usefulness of laboratory to physicians.

V. Expenditures:

By State: \$291.98 for office expenses, exhibit, etc.

By counties: None except for purchasing thymol.

In concluding my report, I would call your attention to the fact that contrary to the general belief, the infection is heavier among the whites than among the negroes. An examination of the students of Clemson College showed an infection of 33%, and an inspection of the Furman students 38%, whereas an examination of the students of the State College for Negroes showed only 20% infection. A comparison of microscopic examination at the dispensaries revealed the same fact. The field force, composed of Drs. Weinberg, Routh, Howell and Rodgers is doing splendid work, and we hope through the dispensaries to reach a large number of sufferers during 1912.

(Signed) J. LABRUCE WARD,
Director Rural Sanitation.

FOOD AND DRUGS.

This work is being carried on by the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture, Mr. E. J. Watson. However, we think that if sufficient funds were provided the State Board of Health should do this work as it should come directly under their supervision.

LABORATORY.

Dr. F. A. Coward, with the able assistance of Mr. Cain, is carrying on a work that would be a credit to any State. He is personally manufacturing the anti-rabies serum and administering same to patients at this office. He also manufactures the anti-typhoid bacterin, personally bottling the ampules containing this serum. In addition, this laboratory makes blood tests for

typhoid fever and other contagious diseases, and examinations of sputum for tuberculosis, examinations of feces for hookworm and such other work as it finds necessary to do in the study of the prevention of contagious diseases. Dr. Coward and Mr. Cain give their entire time to this work. Mr. A. S. Williams, employed by the Rockefeller Commission, assists in the examination for hookworm and has given satisfactory service. The particulars of Dr. Coward's work is given under the head of "Report, Director of Laboratory, State Board of Health," contained in this pamphlet.

EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGN.

The Board has issued this year the following bulletins: Measles and Whooping Cough, Clean-Up Day, Cancer, and Rabies, or Hydrophobia. These bulletins have met with appreciation by the public and we have constant demand for them. Several editions have been required of some of them, owing to the great demand. We have, however, found it necessary to discontinue issuing them monthly, as the cost was too great to take out of our much-taxed contingent fund.

THE BOARD'S QUARTERS.

The Board is comfortably housed in rooms on the east wing, lower floor, of LeConte College, Gibbes' Green, corner of Pendleton and Pickens Streets. We hope that when the contemplated State House is completed that suitable quarters will be given the Board.

Minutes of the Meetings Executive Committee, State Board of Health.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Columbia, S. C., March 15, 1911.

A special meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health was held this day at its office and was called to order by the Chairman with the following members present: Drs. Wilson, Burdell, Gambrell, Hines, Egleston, Lester, Dodson and the Secretary and State Health Officer.

The Chairman stated that the purpose of the meeting was to consider the following Concurrent Resolution, and to take whatever steps the Board deemed best to carry out its requirements, and to consider any other matters that might be brought to the attention of the Board by the Secretary.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, that the State Board of Health is hereby required, at as early day as possible, to make a thorough investigation of the sanitary condition of the State Penitentiary, and to take such steps as they may deem necessary to prevent the spread of tuberculosis among the convicts at the said State Penitentiary.

Any expense that may be incurred in putting the Penitentiary in a sanitary condition shall be paid out of the funds of the penitentiary.

After a discussion as to the meaning of the foregoing resolution, the Board, upon motion of Dr. Lester, visited the penitentiary for the purpose of making a thorough inspection of the prisoners, buildings and grounds.

Upon their arrival at the penitentiary, the members of the Board were met by Col. D. J. Griffith, Superintendent, and Dr. Frank P. Butler, Prison Physician, who accompanied them on their tour of inspection.

The Board re-convened at 8:15 p. m. with all of the above mentioned members present, and took up in order its findings on

inspection. After a thorough discussion of these findings, the following resolutions were offered and adopted:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the entire Board that the female prison building should be condemned and destroyed, and that a new building should be constructed at the earliest date possible; that to meet present needs the sick from this building be removed to a ward in the general hospital, and that all tuberculous patients be removed to the tuberculosis hospital.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Board that the following changes should be made in the male prison building: That the present system of toilets arranged in the interior of the building should be placed in an extension outside of the building, and in addition to the four toilets to each floor, two urinals should be added, so that the present method of voiding urine into buckets and pouring it into the toilets can be done away with; that the floors in all the cells be repaired, where repairs are needed; that the bedding of prisoners be kept clean; that only one prisoner be allowed to sleep in each cell, and that some provision be made whereby prisoners on going to their cells for the night can procure their drinking water from a running spigot rather than dip it out of tub, as is the practice at present.

Resolved, That after a thorough consideration of all the phases of hygiene and sanitation in connection with the work in the hosiery mill, it is the sense of the entire Board that this form of employment should be discontinued, and that work of an outdoor nature should be provided.

Resolved, That we condemn the present toilet arranged in the general hospital building, and recommend that toilets and baths in accordance with modern sanitary ideas be installed; that the building be generally cleaned; that a ward be set aside for white women and one for colored women; that proper isolation wards be provided and that the entire building be thoroughly screened.

Resolved, That in the tuberculosis hospital we find nothing, with the exception that it is not screened, to condemn, but much to commend. We find that this building measures up to all the requirements of modern ideas for the care and treatment of tuberculous patients, and we feel that it is a lasting monument to Col. D. J. Griffith, who designed and built it. We recommend that this building be thoroughly screened; that wards be set aside for white and colored women, and that the races and sexes be segregated.

Resolved, That we recommend the screening of the mess hall and kitchen, to keep out insects; that the stables and pig pens be removed as far from the living quarters as practicable, and that they be kept thoroughly clean to prevent the breeding of flies.

Resolved, That we condemn the present medical system as inadequate and inefficient. We recommend the employment of a chief physician and an assistant. We recommend the employment of a sufficient number of white and colored, male and female, trained nurses for the sick.

Resolved, That the Committee on State Penal and Charitable Institutions, together with the Secretary and State Health Officer and the Director of the Laboratory, make a physical and bacteriological examination of all suspected cases of tuberculosis in the institution, and report to the Board at its next meeting.

The Secretary requested the Board to raise the salary of Miss Sadie D. Pinckney from twenty-five dollars to forty dollars per month, which was unanimously done, the raise to begin with the current month.

The Secretary presented his resignation, which was read by the Chairman. It was moved and carried that no action be taken until the annual meeting in April.

There being no further business the Board adjourned to meet at the St. John Hotel, Charleston, April 17th, at noon.

Attested:

JAS. A. HAYNE,
Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Charleston, S. C., April 17, 1911.

The annual meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health was held this day at the St. John Hotel, and was called to order at noon by the Chairman with the following members present: Drs. Wilson, Gambrell, Hines, Burdell, Egles-ton, Lester, Dodson and the Secretary and State Health Officer.

Minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

A letter from Dr. F. L. Parker with reference to membership in the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists was pre-

sented, whereupon it was moved that Dr. Parker be enrolled as the official representative of the Board.

Letters from Drs. R. E. Mathias of Irmo and W. A. Woodruff of Cateechee requesting reimbursement for diphtheria antitoxin that had been used in their practice were also presented. Upon motion the Secretary was directed to notify Drs. Mathias and Woodruff that they could be reimbursed only on the basis of the price now being paid for antitoxin by the Board.

A resolution from the Board of Health of Orangeburg with reference to the resignation of the Secretary was received as information.

The report of Dr. Allen J. Jervy of the smallpox epidemic at Midland Park, Charleston County, to the Chairman was presented, together with his bill in blank form. In view of the fact that a part of the services rendered should be charged to the Western Union Telegraph Company in whose employees the epidemic occurred, the bill of Dr. Jervy, upon motion of Dr. Gambrell, was left to be arranged by the Chairman and Secretary.

The Chairman stated that he had taken up with Dr. Wickliffe Rose, Administrative Secretary of the Rockefeller Sanitary Commission, the question of supplementing the salary of the Secretary, but had not heard from Dr. Rose.

Upon motion of Dr. Lester, the Secretary was requested to withhold his resignation, pending the action of the Rockefeller Commission. The Secretary stated that he would gladly do this, but that he would like for the Board to adopt a provisional resolution whereby his resignation would be accepted by the Chairman, in event satisfactory arrangements could not be made with Dr. Rose. This was done.

The committee appointed at the called meeting, March 15th, to examine physically and bacteriologically the prisoners of the penitentiary suspected of tuberculosis, presented the following report:

Charleston, S. C., April 17th, 1911.

*To the Chairman and Members of the Executive Committee,
South Carolina Board of Health.*

Gentlemen: In compliance with the resolution adopted at the called meeting of your Board, March 15th, directing the Committee on State Penal and Charitable Institutions, together with the State Health Officer and Director of the Laboratory, to make

a physical and bacteriological examination of suspected cases of tuberculosis at the State Penitentiary, we beg to submit the following report:

The Committee met at Columbia, March 23rd, at 9 a. m., Dr. Burdell having been substituted by order of your Chairman for Dr. Hall, who had notified the Chairman of the Committee that he would be unable to attend.

The committee proceeded to the State Penitentiary where, in company with Dr. T. E. Jennings, acting prison physician, physical examinations were begun.

During the 23rd and 24th 70 physical examinations were made with the following result:

Twenty-one (21) prisoners—Clinical symptoms and physical findings indicative of tuberculosis.

Twenty-one (21)—Suspicious, but less marked.

Twenty-eight (28)—Negative.

Bacteriological examinations were made in sixty-eight (68) cases, with one (1) positive. It should, however, be stated that the bacteriological examinations were unsatisfactory, for the reason that the specimens in the first instance were collected during the course of the physical examination—and in the second instance, forty-nine (49) specimens were collected by the prisoners themselves, while in their cells for the night.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) C. C. GAMBRELL, Chairman.

Upon motion of Dr. Gambrell the resolutions adopted tentatively at the last meeting were taken up for final action. All resolutions were adopted as recorded in preceding minutes, and in addition thereto it was moved that the Board of Directors of the State Penitentiary be requested to submit the plans of all contemplated changes as recommended by the Board to it, for its approval.

The officers of the Board were unanimously re-elected for the ensuing year.

There being no further business the Board adjourned at 3:15 p. m. to meet at the call of the Chairman.

The following report of the Chairman was rendered to the President and Members of the House of Delegates, South Carolina Medical Association:

Chairman's Report to the State Board of Health.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to present the 31st Annual Report of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health.

The epidemic of smallpox still continues, but in very mild form and owing to very extensive vaccination need cause no apprehension. One death was recently reported from Charleston County. This case was one of fourteen which occurred among a gang of employed at the seven-mile junction, near Charleston, and which were imported from Bennettsville. No spread of the disease from this focus has taken place.

Last April the epidemic of acute anterior poliomyelitis which had appeared in other portions of the country reached South Carolina. While sporadic cases had occurred from time to time for a number of years, this was the first epidemic of the malady noted in our State. The outbreak apparently reached its height in August and then began to decline. After the first of December no new cases were reported. We had information of eighty-five cases appearing in nineteen counties. The most striking features in connection with these cases were, 1st, that no two cases occurred in the same house, and 2nd, that no sickness of any kind was reported as occurring coincidentally with poliomyelitis in a household except in two instances and these were diagnosed as malaria.

If we may judge from the experience of other States, we have reason to fear the continued prevalence of this obscure malady during the coming summer. We do not know its cause, and we are equally ignorant of its mode of transmission. It behooves us, therefore, to gather together and to record all the data we can obtain in the hope of throwing some new light upon the prevention of this disease. We, therefore, earnestly implore each and every one of you to join us in this work, and to furnish us with the fullest possible information regarding the cases that may fall under your observation.

The hookworm work has been presented with unabated zeal and vigor by Dr. Ward and his enthusiastic corps of assistants, Drs. Bell, Weinberg and Baynard. The results of this work will be more far reaching than the mere suppression of hookworm disease, however important this may be. The sanitary instruction which these men are giving is already opening the eyes of

numbers of the country folk to practical sanitation and is teaching them lessons of hygiene, which, by leading to the prevention of disease, is bound to raise the physical, moral and intellectual standard of citizenship. We earnestly solicit your sympathy and aid in this great undertaking.

The cases of beri-beri continue to be reported from the neighborhood of Charleston. One sporadic case occurred on Sullivan's Island last summer. Three cases have recently occurred at the stockade in which the outbreak of last year took place and two other cases from the stockade in St. Andrew's Parish have also been reported.

A conjoint resolution passed at the last session of the General Assembly required the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health to visit and inspect the State Penitentiary with special reference to the reported prevalence of tuberculosis among the inmates. This we have done, and will transmit a report of our findings together with recommendations to the proper authorities at the earliest moment practicable.

It is most gratifying to note the steadily increasing usefulness of the State bacteriological laboratory as shown by the increasing demands made upon it by the profession of the State. During the months of December, January and February, 1909-'10, 494 examinations were made, while in the corresponding months of 1910-'11 the total number of examinations had grown to 1,007. A falling off in the number of cases of rabies is to be noted. During this same period, 1909-'10, 40 cases were treated, while in the same period in 1910-'11 the number treated had fallen to 28. The growth of this department is sufficient testimony to the efficiency and faithfulness of the Director, Dr. Coward.

The unremitting activity of the Health Officer has enabled the Executive Committee to publish twelve monthly bulletins as follows:

The House Fly and Mosquitoes.

Typhoid Fever.

Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria.

Clean Milk in the Homes.

Hookworm Disease.

Medical Inspection of Schools.

Poliomyelitis.

Tuberculosis.

Pellagra.

Whooping Cough and Measles.

Clean-Up Day.

The House Fly and Mosquitoes, revised.

Three of these publications were prepared by the laboratory department.

It is with deep regret that we have to report that the resignation of Dr. C. F. Williams has been laid before us.

The efficiency of Dr. Williams is thoroughly appreciated by all of you. That our State Board of Health is now carrying on the high grade of work which has brought it recognition throughout the country is due to his untiring efforts prompted by his genuine love for his work. His resignation, however, has not received final action, as we are endeavoring to arrange matters in such a way that his services may be retained for another year at least. In the meantime it is incumbent upon each of us to use his utmost efforts to educate his legislators to a just appreciation of the incalculable value to the State of efficient public health work, and to make them realize that the health officership should be adequately supported. It is impossible for us to obtain and to hold the services of the kind of man we want for the miserably small salary that is now paid. Let us then unite in the endeavor to induce the General Assembly at the next session to raise the salary of this official to a figure which will be commensurate with the importance of the office.

Respectfully,

(Signed) **ROBERT WILSON, JR.,**

Chairman Executive Committee State Board of Health.

Attested:

JAS. A. HAYNE,

Secretary.

CALLED MEETING.

Columbia, S. C., May 11th, 1911.

A called meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health was held this day at the Board's office, and was called to order by the Chairman at 10 p. m., with the following members present: Drs. Wilson, Gambrell, Hines, Burdell, Eggleston, Lester, Dodson and the Secretary and State Health Officer.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and, with corrections noted below, approved.

Correction—Dr. Burdell resolved that the rules governing transportation of the dead be revised; that Rule 1 be done away with, and the diseases mentioned therein be classed with those mentioned in Rule 2. Seconded and carried.

The Chairman stated that the purpose of the meeting was to elect a State Health Officer to succeed Dr. Williams, whose resignation became effective upon receipt of the following communication, which was read to the Board.

Washington, D. C., April 26th, 1911.

Dr. Robert H. Wilson, Jr., Charleston, S. C.

Dear Sir: The proposition contained in your letter of April 6th has been the subject of long consideration by the Executive Committee of the Rockefeller Sanitary Commission. The Commission has finally reached the conclusion that it would be inadvisable for the Sanitary Commission to contribute any sum to be used in supplementing the salary of Dr. Williams as Secretary of the State Board of Health. The members of the Commission thoroughly appreciate Dr. Williams' effective service and realize that his resignation will be a great loss to the State of South Carolina. The Committee has been strongly disposed to do all in its power to make an arrangement that would enable your Board to retain him in his present position, but in view of the fact that this salary has been fixed by the State, the act of the Commission in voting a sum to supplement this salary might be regarded as an undue interference. If this criticism should be raised you will readily see the harm that would result to the whole service. It is the judgment of the Executive Committee that the Commission should guard itself against even the appearance of unduly interfering in local affairs.

Regretting that we have not been able to find a way to aid you in this emergency, I am

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) WICKLIFFE ROSE,

Administrative Secretary, the Rockefeller Sanitary Com'n.

The Chairman presented applications from the following physicians: Drs. W. J. Burdell, J. A. Hayne, T. G. Kershaw, F. W. P. Butler, R. E. Mason, James E. Daniel, R. T. Jennings, C. H. Pate and E. A. Hines.

Dr. Burdell asked permission to absent himself from the room, as he was an applicant, which was granted.

Dr. Hines' application was conditional, and after a full discussion of the conditions involved, he withdrew his application.

Election by ballot was then entered into, resulting in the election of Dr. James Adams Hayne.

At the request of Dr. Williams, Drs. Lester and Eggleston were appointed a committee to audit his accounts during his service as Secretary and State Health Officer.

The following resolution was offered by Dr. Hines and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, 1st. That the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health express its high appreciation of the work of Dr. C. F. Williams as Secretary and State Health Officer since his connection with this Board.

Resolved, 2nd. That his services to the citizens of this State in public health work have placed him in the first rank of sanitarians in this country, and thus has reflected credit upon the State Board of Health of South Carolina.

Resolved, 3rd. That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes, a copy transmitted to Dr. Williams, and that they be published in the daily press.

There being no further business the Board adjourned to meet at the call of the President.

Attested:

JAS. A. HAYNE,
Secretary.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Columbia, S. C., June 7th, 1911.

A special meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health was called by the Chairman to meet with the Board of Directors of the State Penitentiary, Columbia, to consult with said Board in regard to the advisability of taking steps towards closing the hosiery mill at the State Penitentiary, said mill having been investigated by a committee of the Executive

Committee of the State Board of Health in pursuance of a resolution passed by the General Assembly at its session, 1911.

The following members of the Board met with the directors of the State Penitentiary: Drs. Robt. Wilson, Jr., Chairman; Burdell, Egleston, Gambrell, Hines, Lester and the Secretary and State Health Officer.

Dr. Wilson spoke to the Board of Directors of the Penitentiary and advised the closing of the mill, and was followed by Drs. Gambrell, Lester and Egleston, all of whom urged the necessity for the closing of the mill on account of the prevalence of tuberculosis in said mill—the operatives working under such conditions as to make it impossible to lessen the number of cases of tuberculosis and to limit the spread of the disease.

Gov. Blease and several Directors of the State Penitentiary spoke; among them was Mr. Jno. G. Mobley, who stated that he did not care to put himself in the absurd position as differing with the State Board of Health in sanitary matters, but that the Directors only asked for a reasonable length of time to make arrangements with Mr. Graham to annul contract and to arrange for other work for the convicts employed in the hosiery mill.

There being no further business, the Board adjourned *sine die*.

Attested:

JAS. A. HAYNE,
Secretary.

JULY MEETING.

Columbia, S. C., July 19th, 1911.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health was held this day at its office and called to order by the Chairman at 3 p. m., with the following members present: Drs. Wilson, Chairman; Burdell, Dodson, Egleston, Gambrell, Lester and J. Fraser Lyon, Attorney-General.

Attorney-General Lyon being consulted in regard to the State Board of Health's right to compel the closing of the hosiery mill, stated that the Board of Health could only act in an advisory capacity towards the Penitentiary Commissioners.

Upon motion of Dr. Gambrell, seconded by Dr. Egleston, a resolution was adopted that Rule 8 ("Every disinterred body, dead from any disease or cause, shall be treated as infectious or danger-

ous to the public health and shall not be accepted for transportation unless said removal has been approved by the State or Provincial health authorities having jurisdiction where such body is disinterred, and the consent of the health authorities of the locality to which the corpse is consigned has first been obtained; and all such disinterred remains shall be enclosed in a hermetically sealed (soldered) zinc, tin or copper-lined coffin or box. Bodies deposited in receiving vaults will be treated and considered the same as buried bodies," of the Rules of the South Carolina State Board of Health, for the Transportation of the Dead, covers a communication, which was read, from Mr. Jas. H. Brice, about the transportation of a body dead for twenty-five years, and sees no necessity for changing said rule.

Dr. C. C. Gambrell moved that the State Health Officer and the Superintendent of Laboratories prepare typhoid bacterin for free distribution. This motion was seconded and carried.

A resolution was introduced by Dr. Burdell, that the Committee on State Penal and Charitable Institutions investigate the State farms. This motion was seconded by Dr. Egleston and adopted.

The State Health Officer made a verbal report of work done since his election, which consisted of an investigation of the disposal of sewage in Lancaster, S. C. Investigation of small-pox in New Brookland, Lugoff and Jalapa. A trip to Clemson College in regard to its ventilation and lectures on Public Health at Blackstock and Ridge Springs.

There being no further business, the Board adjourned to meet at the call of the Chairman.

Attested:

JAS. A. HAYNE,
Secretary.

Since the last meeting the Secretary has received the following committee appointments from the President, which are here appended as a part of the minutes:

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Ordinances and Sanitary Code—Drs. Jas. A. Hayne, W. M. Lester, Attorney-General Lyon.

Epidemic and Endemic Diseases—Drs. Jas. A. Hayne, W. M. Lester, C. C. Gambrell.

Registration of Vital Statistics—Drs. Jas. A. Hayne, Wm. Egleston, Comptroller-General Jones.

Sanitary Condition of State Penal and Charitable Institutions—Drs. C. C. Gambrell, W. J. Burdell, W. M. Lester.

Sanitary Inspection of Schools—Drs. E. A. Hines, W. J. Burdell, H. T. Hall.

Local and Sub-Boards of Health—Drs. Wm. Egleston, E. A. Hines, Attorney-General Lyon.

OCTOBER MEETING.

Columbia, S. C., Oct. 12th, 1911.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health was held this day at the Board's office and called to order by the Chairman at 9:30 a. m., with the following members present: Drs. Wilson, Gambrell, Hines, Burdell, Egleston, Lester, Dodson and the Secretary and State Health Officer.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

This being the meeting at which applicants for license to embalm are examined, the Board proceeded with the examination after considering the credentials of those present for the examination. The following persons were admitted to the examination:

Boyter, Chas. L., Woodruff, S. C...	93½
Daniel, E. C. (failed), Cowpens, S. C...	71½
Dawson, C. V., Charleston, S. C...	94¼
Ford, J. Clyde, Clover, S. C...	82¼
Harleston, R. O. (colored), Charleston, S. C...	82½
Holmes, R. F. (failed; col.), Charleston, S. C...	40
Lowrance, S. E., Chester, S. C...	91½
Moesner, J. C., Mt. Pleasant, S. C...	75¼
Nichols, Wm. (failed), Orangeburg, S. C...	34
Oulla, E. L., Florence, S. C...	87½
Parish, J. L., Langley, S. C...	80½
Putnam, J. B., Belton, S. C...	87½
Riley, Jas. (failed; col.), Beaufort, S. C...	44

Stoney, A. R. (colored), Bennettsville, S. C...	75
Taylor, C. E., Lexington, S. C...	83½
Wright, W. H. (colored), Charleston, S. C...	77½

The examination consisted of practical work on the cadaver and the following written questions:

QUESTIONS.

- No. 1. Define embalming.
- No. 2. Name the principal cavities of the body, where located and contents.
- No. 3. Where is the femoral artery, radial artery, carotid artery and brachial?
- No. 4. Locate base and apex of heart.
- No. 5. How would you tap right auricle for removal of blood?
- No. 6. What arteries are generally used for injecting embalming fluid, and where are they located?
- No. 7. What do you understand by the term putrefaction (a) What causes increase rapidity of putrefaction and what retard?
- No. 8. How much blood can be drawn from an average adult body?
- No. 9. Describe how you would withdraw blood from the body.
- No. 10. What would you do with the blood drawn from a body dead of a contagious disease?
- No. 11. After emblaming a body dead of scarlet fever, how would you disinfect yourself to prevent your being a carrier of the disease?
- No. 12. What is a disinfectant?
- No. 13. Name some disinfectants and their relative value.
- No. 14. Name the diseases you consider contagious and infectious.
- No. 15. How would you prepare a body dead of a contagious disease for shipment on railroad?
- No. 16. What is cavity embalming, and how long can a body be kept after this process alone?
- No. 17. Describe how you would disinfect a room where a contagious disease has existed.
- No. 18. If called to embalm a body, how would you proceed to determine whether death had really occurred? In other words, what are the positive signs of death?

- No. 19. What difficulties are encountered in embalming a body dead from gun-shot, railroad accidents, injuries, etc.?
- No. 20. In injecting embalming fluid into brachial artery, how does the fluid reach the heart? *i. e.*, through what arteries does it pass?

When the written examination was completed, all applicants were conducted to the undertaking parlors of McCormick & Pletcher, where they were required to show their fitness to embalm from a practical standpoint.

During the written examination the Board proceeded with its regular business. The following telegram was received from Dr. H. T. Hall:

*Dr. Robt. Wilson, Jr., Chairman State Board of Health, care
Dr. Jas. A. Hayne, Columbia, S. C.*

Inability to do my duty on account of continued bad health compels me to tender you this my resignation as member of Board from Second District, S. C. I deeply regret having to do this. I trust it will enable Board to fill my position without delay, is reason for telegraphing this.

(Signed) H. T. HALL.

It was moved that Dr. Hall's resignation be accepted, and the Secretary was instructed to so inform Dr. Hall, and also to express to him the regret at the news of his ill health and the hope that he might soon recover.

Dr. Hall's resignation creating a vacancy from the Second District, the Board proceeded to elect a member to fill the vacancy. Dr. D. B. Frontis of Ridge Spring was unanimously elected to fill the vacancy, and the Secretary was instructed to notify Dr. Frontis, and also to notify the Governor of Dr. Frontis' election.

A report from Dr. Coward was read showing the cost of the manufacture of typhoid antitoxin and the general work of the laboratory. The Board desired to raise Dr. Coward's salary, but could not do so this year. A resolution was passed, commending Dr. Coward for his excellent work, and the Secretary was ordered to have same published in the State papers. Dr. Hayne and Dr. Hines were appointed a committee to draft suitable resolution.

Dr. Ward, Director of Rural Sanitation, and Dr. Hayne, State Health Officer, were appointed a committee to arrange an exhibit for the State Fair, demonstrating some of the work done by the State Board of Health, and to make such financial arrangements that would cover said exhibit.

A committee from Orangeburg came before the Board in regard to the Great Branch Fishery Pond. Many arguments and letters pro and con in regard to the effect of this pond on the health of the community was presented to the Board. The State Health Officer reported that he had visited the pond and deemed it the probable cause of the increase of malaria around its borders, but could not give a positive opinion on account of the unusual drought that prevailed at the time of his visit.

It was moved and seconded that a committee of three be appointed by the Chairman to visit this pond, and report on conditions found at the next meeting. The committee appointed by the Chairman was as follows: Drs. Jas. A. Hayne, W. M. Lester and E. A. Hines.

It was moved and seconded that the Board meet as a body on December 1st, at 3 p. m., at the Jerome Hotel, and proceed to the State Penitentiary to make an investigation as to the sanitary conditions there present, especially in regard to the prevalence of tuberculosis in the hosiery mill.

There being no further business, the Board adjourned at 6 p. m. to meet at the call of the Chairman.

Attested:

JAS. A. HAYNE,
Secretary.

DECEMBER MEETING.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 1st, 1911.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health was held this day at the Jerome Hotel and called to order by the Chairman at 3 p. m., with the following members present:

Drs. Wilson, Chairman; Dodson, Eggleston, Frontis, Gambrell, Hines, Lester and the Secretary and State Health Officer.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

After a discussion, the Board visited the penitentiary for the purpose of making a thorough inspection, having previously

acted upon a Concurrent Resolution passed by the General Assembly at its session, 1911, in order to see if the recommendations embodied in the resolutions passed by the Board had been carried out. Upon their arrival at the penitentiary, the members of the Board were met by Col. D. J. Griffith, Superintendent, and Dr. T. E. Jennings, Prison Physician, who accompanied them on their tour of inspection. A most careful examination was made.

After inspecting the penitentiary the Board reconvened at its office at 9 p. m. with all of the above-mentioned members present. The question of the condition of the penitentiary was first considered, and it was found that many improvements had been made, but Resolution No. 1 had not been carried out. Resolution No. 2 had been carried out in part; the sewerage was much improved, new stool and toilets had been provided, but the outside tower had not been constructed, as recommended, on account of great additional cost; however, present arrangement is very satisfactory and a great improvement over old conditions. We would suggest that the toilet arrangements be screened from main building to prevent flies from gaining access thereto. We find that new cuspidors have been provided, and that the cells are much cleaner than formerly. We were informed that improvements had been made in method of obtaining water, which is now poured into the buckets used by the convicts, instead of allowing each convict to use his bucket as a dipper.

Resolution No. 3 was reaffirmed. No changes that have been made, or that could be made, can make such a form of employment permissible from a hygienic view point.

Resolution No. 4 has been carried out to a considerable extent and many improvements made. The toilets should be screened and the building screened.

Resolution No. 5 has not been carried out. The building has not been screened, nor has provision been made for women.

Resolution No. 6 has partially been carried out. The mess hall and kitchen have been screened and the rooms are kept clean.

Resolution No. 7 has been carried out to a considerable extent. Since previous visit, a pharmacist has been employed and two nurses are in training; a drug store well stocked and neatly kept adds much to this department.

Upon request, proposals were submitted for furnishing diph-

theria antitoxin to the State of South Carolina by the following firms:

Schieffelin & Co., New York, N. Y.

H. K. Mulford Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

National Vaccine and Antitoxin Institute, Washington, D. C.

H. M. Alexander & Co., Marietta, Pa.

The contract was awarded to H. M. Alexander & Co. Their bid was as follows:

Dr. James A. Hayne, Secretary S. C. State Board of Health, Columbia, S. C.

Dear Sir: In accordance with your specifications, we will be glad to distribute throughout the State of South Carolina Alexander's Concentrated and Refined Diphtheria Antitoxin, propagated after the Gibson & Banzoff method, in ready to use sterile syringes carefully packed in wooden boxes so as to prevent breakage, at the following prices:

1,000 units.. . . .	\$0.50
3,000 units.. . . .	1.35
5,000 units.. . . .	2.00

We will have stocked in all towns of over 500 inhabitants, or in towns that may be designated by the Board, a supply of diphtheria antitoxin to be distributed by local distributors, who shall be appointed in the approval of the Board. It is suggested that druggists be allowed this privilege, and we agree to compensate them with a 10 per cent. commission for their trouble in distributing and caring for the antitoxin. We also agree to furnish a blank form in triplicate clinical reports, or any other printed matter that might be deemed advisable by the Board, to assist in keeping a record of the cases of diphtheria throughout the State and of the antitoxin distributed. We further agree to keep on file a record of all antitoxin distributed at the various depots. A card, such as sample submitted with this bid, will be used for this purpose, showing expiration date of antitoxin, laboratory number and date of shipment, which will enable us to notify the distributor when antitoxin becomes out-dated and call for its return, and replace same with a fresh stock. We can, with this system, guarantee to keep a fresh supply of antitoxin in each depot at all times without trouble to the Board.

A card will be mailed to the distributor every sixty days calling for report of stock on hand. This report will be compared with the record kept in the office of stock shipped, and account balanced every sixty days. In this way the distributor cannot delay sending receipts of antitoxin distributed, and the Board can call for statement at any time to ascertain the amount of antitoxin distributed during the previous months of the year.

We further agree to keep a clerk in Columbia, at a salary not more than \$25.00 per month, who will carry a full stock of antitoxin to meet the emergency demands of the distributors throughout the State, and to relieve the Board of detail work which is bound to occur in the distribution of antitoxin, and who shall be at all times under the direction of the Board.

We will also further agree to notify each doctor and newspaper throughout the State of the plan inaugurated.

Each package will be wrapped in a special wrapper, bearing the name of the South Carolina State Board of Health, directions for its use, also the name and addresses of the manufacturer, and also any other printed matter that may be deemed advisable by the Board.

This plan is merely a suggestion, and in case the same does not meet with the approval of the Board, the writer will be glad to explain various other plans which are now in operation in other places at the meeting of the Board in Columbia on December 1st.

Our antitoxin is prepared under government license No. 3, complying with the laws of the Marine Hospital Service at Washington, and is, therefore, considered standard. Our product has been accepted by sixteen individual boards of health, who are now supplying antitoxin.

Our enormous board of health business has made it necessary to establish a department who devote their entire time to the distribution of antitoxin under the directions of the various boards of health. Their selection of our product in preference to that of other manufacturers has proven to us conclusively that the high grade antitoxin which we offer is second to none propagated in this country, and that the container in which it is finished is especially adapted for board of health purposes, being simple, aseptic and convenient.

It has proven that our efforts to relieve the various boards of the detail work in distributing antitoxin to their constituents has been successful.

In case we are awarded the contract, same can be put in operation within fifteen days.

We are enclosing you herewith our certified check for \$1,000.00 guaranteeing the fulfillment of the contract in case same is awarded to us.

We are also sending under special cover packages of one, three and five thousand units of antitoxin for your inspection.

We make but the one grade, and guarantee same to be standardized according to the law.

Hoping that we may have the pleasure of filling this contract, we beg to remain,

Yours very truly,

DR. H. M. ALEXANDER & CO.,

By Chas. E. Speaks.

Dr. W. A. Boyd, City Health Officer, on behalf of the City Council, appeared before the Board and requested that Dr. Coward, Director of the State Board of Health Laboratory, be allowed to assist in establishing a municipal laboratory. Dr. Hines moved that inasmuch as the State Board was desirous of encouraging the establishment of municipal laboratories, Dr. Coward be allowed to render the necessary assistance. This motion was seconded and carried.

Dr. Lester moved that the State Board of Health advise that the owners of the Great Branch Fishery, Orangeburg County, be put in a sanitary condition by clearing out brush and properly draining. This motion was seconded and carried.

At the suggestion of the State Health Officer, Dr. Lester moved that Miss Pinckney's salary be raised from \$40.00 to \$50.00 per month as long as the funds will permit. This motion was seconded and carried.

The question of granting an undertaker's license to Mr. E. C. Daniels was discussed. In view of his excellent work on the practical examination, it was moved, seconded and carried that Mr. Daniels be granted a temporary license.

There being no further business, the Board adjourned at 11:30 p. m. to meet at the call of the Chairman.

Attested:

JAS. A. HAYNE,
Secretary.

Report of Committee on Sanitary Inspection of Schools.

To the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health:

We beg herewith to submit the report of the subcommittee on the sanitary inspection of schools.

Clemson College was visited Friday, November 24th. The suggestions made for a number of years by our committee have been carried into effect with reference to the necessity for a new cow barn and dairy. The dairy is a splendidly constructed building, costing \$20,000, and is in every way a model from a sanitary standpoint especially. Here ample provision will be made for the instruction of farmers, as well as pupils of the college, the best methods of handling milk both for home use and shipment. The building is well lighted, heated and ventilated. The walls are of cement plaster and can be cleaned when necessary. The basement floors are cement, and ample provision will be made for screening the building.

The cow barn will shortly be ready for use, and, like the dairy, is a model from a sanitary standpoint. The entire building, so far as the floors and walls are concerned, can be readily cleaned and kept so. The building will cost \$15,000.

The water supply of the college remains unchanged since our last report.

The dining hall has been renovated and considerable additions made to the dormitories. The advice of the Secretary and State Health Officer was sought in the matter of ventilation, etc.

The hospital should be abandoned and a new and larger building constructed. The heating facilities are inadequate, especially at the time of our visit patients were being transferred from one part of the building to another to avoid the smoke. This condition cannot be remedied. The health of the cadet corps has been good. The authorities appear anxious to keep it so, and from year to year we find improvement in the general sanitation of the institution.

The two crying needs of the institution are a new hospital and a new and well equipped gymnasium. Military training, valuable

as it is from a physical development standpoint, can be materially strengthened by systematic instruction in a well equipped gymnasium.

Winthrop College was visited November 26th. There was no evidence of serious sickness in the institution since our last visit. There has been no case of typhoid fever for about three years. To further strengthen this record continued vigilance was urged as to the use of screens. The hospital is entirely too small for the number of pupils now enrolled, and should be enlarged at once. In the presence of an epidemic the medical staff would be almost helpless as to isolation of patients.

The fire protection is very commendable. The fire escapes and fire drill appear effective.

The dairy and cow barn are well managed, and the new slaughter house lends to the sanitary aspect of the premises.

A modern gymnasium will shortly be constructed, and this feature should add greatly to the physical well-being of the girls and be conducive to good health.

The State Colored College at Orangeburg was visited November 27th. We had the benefit of the advice of the Secretary and State Health Officer at this place, Dr. J. Adams Hayne. There have been many improvements since our last visit. A new girls' dormitory and new dining hall have been added. These buildings are modern and comply with the ordinary requirements of sanitary laws. The surface closet system of the entire institution has been abandoned and connection made with the city sewerage.

The boys' dormitory is too crowded, and fire escapes entirely inadequate.

The dairy and cow barn are not up to the standard, but there is evidence of early improvement, as an experienced dairyman has just been placed in charge. Screens were insisted upon throughout the institution. There was very little sickness at the time of our visit.

The University of South Carolina was visited December 1st. There have been few changes since our last report. There have been three cases of typhoid fever this session, otherwise the health of the students has been good. The bubble fountains deserve commendation, but the mechanism should be improved to avoid infection.

A more modern dairy and cow barn should be built in order that the milk supply for the mess hall be better safeguarded. In

general the sanitary precautions of the University compare favorably with the other State institutions, considering the funds allowed for this purpose.

New dormitories are needed to prevent the overcrowded quarters which now prevails; if not remedied, will shortly be a menace to the welfare of the entire institution.

E. A. HINES, M. D.

Chairman Committee Sanitary Inspection of Schools.

At the request of Dr. Hines, the South Carolina Military Academy was inspected by Dr. Robert Wilson, Jr.

This institution still maintains the high sanitary standard which was noted in our last report. The dining room, kitchen and the opening of all drains have been completely screened against flies; scrupulous cleanliness is observed and care is taken that the swill from the pantry is disposed of promptly, thus avoiding disagreeable odors which would otherwise prevail.

The hospital is particularly deserving of commendation. With a southern and a western exposure, ventilation is ample and sunshine abundant. It is in charge of a trained nurse and is thoroughly modern in all of its appointments. A contagious ward, separated from the main ward, has been provided, and the entire hospital is effectively screened.

The drinking water is obtained chiefly from the artesian well situated upon the plaza near Calhoun street; a large vessel of which, with a single cup attached, is kept in the quadrangle for the use of the cadets. This unsanitary arrangement is to be condemned, and an effort should be made to institute some device by which the use of the common drinking cup may be avoided. The cistern water is used only for boiler purposes. The closets on the ground floor are flushed periodically by an automatic device. This style of closet is decidedly the most sanitary for a large institution, and it is proposed to construct these upon the other floors upon the same plan as soon as practicable.

The authorities of the Academy have taken pains to carry out promptly such suggestions as have been made by the Board of Health for the improvement of the sanitary conditions of the institution, and are to be congratulated not only upon the careful attention given to matters affecting the health of the cadets, but also upon the success of their efforts.

LABORATORY REPORT.

Dr. Robert Wilson, Jr., Chairman Executive Committee State Board of Health.

Sir: I submit herewith a report on the work done in your laboratory during the period from December 1, 1910, to December 1, 1911.

DIAGNOSTIC EXAMINATIONS.

Over 3,850 examinations of all kinds have been made, the number of each kind and the results obtained are set forth in the attached Table "A." This exceeds last year's work by over 1,000 examinations.

PASTEUR DEPARTMENT.

One hundred and fourteen people have received immunizing treatment against rabies. One of the cases developed the dread disease and died in spite of the treatment. This was a small boy badly bitten about the mouth. For the past two months we have been sending the treatment by mail to those requesting it, thus permitting home treatment by the family physician. No bad results have been reported from patients thus treated.

TYPHOID BACTERIN.

The preparation and distribution of typhoid bacterin was begun August 16. Since that time 3,550 immunizing doses have been sent out—no untoward results, infection or severe reaction has been reported from the use of this vaccine. The container now used has not proved entirely satisfactory, and a better one will be adopted during the coming year.

The method and technique of preparing the vaccine is patterned after that of the Army Medical School at Washington.

The laboratory has been fortunate in enlisting the services of Mr. J. R. Cain, who has been with us since June 1; to his painstaking and careful work the success of the year's routine work is largely due.

Mr. Arthur Williams has also rendered much-needed help with the hookworm diagnoses.

For the assistance of these gentlemen we are indebted to the Rockefeller Sanitary Commission, without whose aid their employment would not have been possible.

PROSPECTS FOR ENSUING YEAR.

It is the intention of the Director to make a thorough test of the efficiency of commercial disinfectants now being sold in South Carolina, and to issue a bulletin showing the results of these tests. Much fraud is now being practiced in connection with the exploiting and selling of such goods. The time has come when your Board must take a definite stand as to the value or worthlessness of these products.

The yearly increase in diagnostic work at the laboratory leads me to suggest that all municipalities establish diagnoses laboratories. These can be maintained at moderate expense, if the work be confined strictly to Board of Health work. It is our intention to issue a bulletin giving a list of necessary apparatus, the cost of same and methods and formulae for the various tests. Then a course of three or four weeks' free instruction will be offered at our laboratory to prepare men to conduct such local laboratories, each municipality being allowed to send one applicant, and to provide him with the proper credentials.

This will give the laboratory at Columbia more time for research and experimental work on some of our endemic, unconquered diseases.

For many courtesies and much assistance during the year the Director is indebted to the Boards of Health of New York City and of the City of Charleston, and to the directors of the Hygienic laboratory and the Army Medical School laboratories in Washington.

LABORATORY REPORT.

Table "A"—Showing Kind, Number and Result of Examinations.

				Total.
Widal tests	600 pos.	884 neg.	175 partial	1,659
Tubercle bacilli	152 pos.	494 neg.	total	646
Malaria	7 pos.	78 neg.	total	85
Gonococcus	23 pos.	13 neg.	total	36
Diphtheria	31 pos.	91 neg.	total	122
Pus organisms	11 pos.	4 neg.	total	15
Hookworm	348 pos.	725 neg.	total	1,073
Rabies	64 pos.	35 neg.	10 doubtful	109
Ascaris ova	25 pos.		(decomposed) .	25
Oxyuris ova	6 pos.		.....	6
Trichiuris ova	3 pos.		.....	3
Tenia Nana ova.....	3 pos.		.....	3
Tenia seginata ova.....	11 pos.	1 neg.	.....	12
Ameba	4 pos.	1 neg.	.....	5
Fly larvæ	6 pos.		.....	6
Bacillus Coll.in	26 pos.	15 neg.	.....	41
Water				
Bacillus typhoid in milk..		3 neg.	.....	3
Meningococcus	1 pos.	6 neg.	.....	7
Pneumococcus	1 pos.		.....	1
Bacillus melitensis (cul- ture)		1 neg.	.....	1
Paratyphoid agglutination		1 neg.	.....	1
Total of all examinations.....				3,859

Table "B"—Showing Records of Work Done in Pasteur Department.

Case No.	County.	Age.	Nature and Location of Wounds.	Result at Date of this Report.
1	Laurens	8	Calf of leg.....	No development.
2	Lee	14	Ulcer on knuckle.....	
3	Barnwell	5	Calf of leg	
4	Dorchester ...	18	Calf and thumb.....	
5	Darlington ...	4	Back of hand.....	
6	Barnwell	60	Web of thumb.....	
7	York	7	Front of leg.....	
8	Lexington ...	5	Back of finger and palm of hand	
9	Anderson	5	Left arm, left side and leg	
10	Anderson	10	Both legs, right thigh....	
11	Anderson	40	Instep	
12	Anderson	14	Forefinger and calf of leg	
13	Anderson	9	Wrist, calf and both pop- liteal spaces	
14	Anderson	9	Back of hand and wrist..	
15	Kershaw	7	Nose and lip.....	Died of rabies.
16	Kershaw	8	Corner of left eye.....	No development.
17	Beaufort	14	Thumb and leg.....	
18	Anderson	27	Back and front of hand and wrist	
19	Anderson	16	Top of foot.....	
20	Anderson	9	Inner side of knee.....	
21	Dorchester ...	32	Back of hand.....	
22	Dorchester ...	20	Outer side of calf.....	
23	Dorchester ...	55	Inner side of great toe....	
24	Barnwell	2	Back of hand.....	
25	Edgefield	5	Outer side of right arm..	
26	Laurens	3	Lips and nose.....	
27	Barnwell	46	Back of wrist.....	
28	Orangeburg ..	6	Both arms above elbows..	
29	Marion	12	Popliteal space	
30	Barnwell	6	Outer side of right leg....	
31	Beaufort	5	Root of nail forefinger....	
32	Darlington ...	38	Ring finger	
33	Beaufort	28	Base of thumb.....	
34	Fairfield	8½	Back of leg.....	
35	Fairfield	11½	Side of leg.....	
36	Fairfield	16	Tip of ring finger.....	
37	Hampton	6	Tip of nose.....	
38	Kershaw	5	Calf of left leg.....	
39	Beaufort	9	Back of calf.....	
40	Richland	12	Front of leg.....	
41	Richland	7	Inner side of arm.....	
42	Barnwell	9	Right scapula and right forefinger	
43	Orangeburg ..	24	Root of thumb nail.....	
44	York	1½	Right forefinger	
45	Kershaw	11	Opposite sides of thumb...	
46	Kershaw	2	Back of wrist.....	
47	Dillon	9	Thumb and fingers.....	
48	Aiken	3	Right cheek and side of neck	
49	Clarendon ...	6	Heel and wrist.....	
50	Clarendon ...	35	Side of nose.....	
51	Dillon	8	Leg	

Table "B"—Showing Records of Work Done in Pasteur Department.—Con.

Case No.	County.	Age.	Nature and Location of Wounds.	Result at Date of this Report.
52	Marion	5	Right leg	
53	Richland	19	Left calf	
54	Lee	15	Left thumb	
55	Greenville	3	Finger	No development.
56	Anderson	4	Outer edge of hand	
57	Marlboro	12	Side of elbow	
58	York	41	Calf of leg	
59	York	23	Calf of leg	
60	York	30	Calf of leg	
61	York	11	Side of knee	
62	York	19	Popliteal space	Discontinued treatment on two days.
63	York	24	Left knee	No development.
64	Florence	13	Left arm over deltoid	
65	Dorchester	21	Wrist and knee	
66	Spartanburg	7	Back of heel	
67	Sumter	59	Back of hand	
68	Sumter	30	Leg	
69	Hampton	15	Popliteal space	Discontinued treatment.
70	Florence	27	Open wound on thumb exposed to infection	No development.
71	Barnwell	74	Left leg	
72	Spartanburg	20	Left leg near knee	
73	Spartanburg	27	Side of wrist	
74	Spartanburg	13	Side of wrist	
75	Spartanburg	20	Backs of hands	
76	Kershaw	9	Shoulder	
77	Hampton	30	Back of hand	
78	Greenwood	10	Tip of thumb	
79	Spartanburg	32	Back of knee	
80	Darlington	5	Forearm	
81	Chesterfield	14	Web of forefinger	
83	Sumter	12	Forearm and leg	
84	Sumter	9	Forearm	
85	Marion	11	Thumb	
86	Greenville	3	Elbow	
87	Greenville	3	Left side of body	
88	Greenville	12	Forearm	
89	Williamsburg	27	Forefinger	
90	Lancaster	19	Palm, web of thumb and forefinger	
91	Lancaster	4	Bend of elbow	
92	Lancaster	7	Foreskin	
93	Lancaster	6	Arm above elbow	
94	Beaufort	16	Leg and wrist	
95	Greenville	6	Web of thumb	
96	Greenville	2	End of toe	
97	Sumter	27	Back of hand and elbow	
98	Sumter	15	Back of hand	
99	Florence	4	Shoulder	
100	Florence	5	Corner of mouth	
101	Florence	25	Third finger	
102	Saluda	12	Third finger	
103	Saluda	17	Thumb	
104	Chesterfield	14	Foot below ankle	
105	Chesterfield	25	Leg	
106	Richland	10	Arm and cheek	
107	York	21	Back of hand	
108	Beaufort	4	Angle of eye	
109	Marion	13	Back of hand	
110	Barnwell	12	Calf of leg	
111	Barnwell	5	Base of thumb	
112	Sumter	5	Face	
113	Marion	40	Top of foot	
114	Sumter	3	Hand	

SUMMARY.

Total number treated	114
Abandoned treatment	3
Intensive treatment	36
Mild treatments	78
Treatment by mail	21

WATER ANALYSES.

To the Chairman and Members of the Executive Committee of the State Board of Health of South Carolina:

I have the honor to submit the following report of analyses of samples of water from the public water supplies of South Carolina, and of samples submitted by local boards of health, physicians and Winthrop Normal and Industrial College.

A total of 364 samples of water were received for sanitary, chemical and bacterial analyses, 266 from public water supplies, 64 from boards of health and physicians, and 34 from Winthrop Normal and Industrial College. Of the 266 received from public water supplies, 6 showed positive chemical or bacterial indications of contamination. Of the 41 samples received from boards of health and physicians, 22 showed positive chemical or bacterial indications of contamination. The samples received from Winthrop Normal and Industrial College showed no indications of contamination.

In cases in which the samples from public water supplies were found to be contaminated, additional samples were called for and check analyses made. In number of cases the check analyses showed the water to be free from contamination, indicating that the contamination was temporary, or that the first samples were contaminated in the sampling. In each case the probable sources of contamination were carefully investigated.

During the year the cities of Anderson and Yorkville have improved their supplies by the installation of filters. With the exception of two supplies, which from time to time show either chemical or bacterial indications of contamination, the quality of the water from the various public supplies is excellent, and every precaution seems to be taken to maintain purity. It is gratifying to note the marked improvement in the quality of the water supplies since the inauguration of the present system of inspection by the State Board of Health. Upon the suggestion of the Board, a number of cities which were maintaining potentially

dangerous supplies have improved same by abandonment of contaminated supplies, installation of filters and careful sanitary surveillance of water shed.

The following is a tabulated report of the source, average capacity and daily consumption of each public supply, and analyses of same.

Respectfully submitted,

FRANCIS L. PARKER, JR., M. D.
Chemist and Bacteriologist.

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION.

Sample Drawn.	Color Pt. Co. Standard.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Ammonia.	Nitrogen as Ni- trates.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indications of Contamination.	Chemical Indications of Contamination.
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Water Supply of Abbeville, S. C.

Abbeville Water and Electric Plant, owned by City.

Source: Branch. Distance from City, 1½ miles. Capacity 400 to 500 Gals. Per Minute. Filtered by Mechanical Filter, 848 Gals. Per minute. City Consumption 125,000 Gals. Filtered per day.

November 15, 1910...	0.00	3.00	0.05	0.04	0.00	15.00	16.00	70.00	Negative	Negative
March 27, 1911....	0.00	4.00	0.06	0.12	trace	17.00	18.00	57.00	Negative	Negative
June 19, 1911....	0.00	3.00	0.03	0.05	0.00	26.00	18.00	67.00	Negative	Negative
August 25, 1911....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Positive	.....
August 26, 1911....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Negative	Negative
September 20, 1911..	10.00	4.00	0.03	0.11	0.10	26.00	27.00	80.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Aiken, S. C.

Owned by City.

Source: Wells 535 Feet Deep. Diam. 1-8"; 1-10". Does Not Flow. City Consumption 140,000 Gals. Per Day.

December 15, 1910...	0.00	12.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	20.00	.....	140.00	Negative	Negative
March 20, 1911....	0.00	12.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	27.00	43.00	180.00	Negative	Negative
June 10....	0.00	12.00	0.03	0.06	0.00	20.00	44.00	150.00	Negative	Negative
September 16....	0.00	5.00	0.03	0.06	0.00	0.00	8.00	103.00	Negative	Negative

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color Pt. Co. Standard.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Ammonia.	Nitrogen as Nitrate.	Nitrogen as Nitrite.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indications of contamination.	Chemical Indications of Contamination.
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Water Supply of Anderson, S. C.

Anderson.
Source: 80 driven wells, 2 inches in diameter and from 1 of about 1,500,000 gallons per day.

250,000 Gals. per day. Stream has capacity of 650,000 Gals. per day.

January 2, 1911.	.....	2.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00	25.00	.....	30.00	Positive	Negative
December 10, 1910.	.....	2.00	0.03	0.03	0.0005	0.00	18.00	.....	20.00	Negative	Negative
March 15, 1911.	3.00	2.00	0.03	0.07	0.00	0.00	19.00	16.00	40.00	Negative	Negative
June 14, 1911.	0.00	2.00	0.01	0.05	0.03	0.00	27.00	20.00	58.00	Positive	Negative
June 21, 1911.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Negative	Negative
June 28, 1911.	0.00	1.00	0.04	0.20	0.03	0.00	17.00	17.00	55.00	Negative	Negative
June 28.	20.00	3.00	0.03	0.08	0.10	0.00	20.00	19.00	58.00	Positive	Negative
June 28.	15.00	3.00	0.03	0.06	0.08	0.00	23.00	31.00	59.00	Negative	Negative
September 16.	0.00	3.00	0.03	0.05	0.07	0.001	18.00	17.00	62.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Beaufort, S. C.

Owned by City.

Source: Well 130 Feet Deep. Diam. 10". Flow 40,000 Gals. Per Hour. City Consumption 30,000 Gals Per Day.

December 15, 1910.	.....	25.00	0.06	0.04	0.00	0.04	110	.....	210.00	Negative	Positive
April 15, 1911.	3.00	24.00	0.13	0.07	0.01	0.0005	104	81	186.00	Negative	Positive
July 11.	10.00	23.00	0.03	0.05	0.01	0.100	130	76	193.00	Negative	Positive
September 26.	0.00	25.00	0.13	0.07	0.03	0.003	120	93	195.00	Negative	Positive

Water Supply of Bennettsville, S. C.

Owned by City.

Source: 3 wells at Electric Light and Water Plant, which is Pumping Station. Diameter 4 inches. Average Depth 60 feet.

December 15, 1910.	.....	3.00	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.00	5.00	.....	50.00	Negative	Negative
March 21, 1911.	0.00	4.00	0.03	0.04	0.36	0.00	11.00	4.00	20.00	Negative	Negative
June 13.	0.00	3.00	0.03	0.03	0.30	0.00	15.00	4.00	75.00	Negative	Negative
October 6.	0.00	5.00	0.06	0.06	1.00	0.00	5.00	4.00	33.00	Negative	Negative

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color Pt. Co.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Am- monia.	Nitrogen as Ni- trates.	Nitrogen as Ni- trites.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indica- tions of Contam- ination.	Chemical Indica- tions of Contam- ination.
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Water Supply of Camden, S. C.
Camden Water. Light & Ice Co.

Source: Six Springs in City. Diam. 4x4". Capacity 200,000 Gals. Per Day. Filtered.

February 7, 1911...	10.00	4.00	0.14	0.10	0.0003	0.00	3.00	4.00	.....	Negative	Positive
February 22...	10.00	4.00	0.04	0.10	0.0005	0.00	2.00	2.00	26.00	Negative	Negative
May 26...	0.00	4.00	0.02	0.10	0.30	0.00	11.00	8.00	30.00	Negative	Negative
October 17...	0.00	5.00	0.03	0.05	0.50	0.00	0.00	7.00	30.00	Negative	Negative

1358

Water Supply of Charleston, S. C.
Charleston Light & Water Co.

Source: Goose Creek, 12 Miles from City.

This is an impounded supply, the reservoir being an old tide-water basin.
Filtered by Mechanical Filter. Capacity of Filters 6,000,000 Gals. Per Day. City Consumption 5,150,000 Gals. Per Day.

December 15, 1910...	30.00	13.00	0.02	0.25	0.00	0.00	22.00	3.00	50.00	Negative	Negative
April 10, 1911...	25.00	19.00	0.05	0.22	0.00	0.00	21.00	5.00	92.00	Negative	Negative
June 5...	20.00	22.00	0.02	0.26	0.00	0.00	30.00	4.00	110.00	Negative	Negative
October 17...	20.00	24.00	0.03	0.17	0.00	0.00	25.00	7.00	90.00	Negative	Negative

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color Pt. Co. Standard.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Aluminum Ammonia.	Nitrogen as Nitrates.	Nitrogen as Nitrates.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indications of contamination.	Chemical Indications of Contamination.
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Water Supply of Chester, S. C.
Owned by City.

Source: Sandy River, 2½ Miles from City.
Filtered by Gravity Filters. Capacity of Filters, 500 Gals. Per Minute. City Consumption 250,000 Gals. Per Day.

December 14, 1910...	0.00	6.00	0.03	0.06	0.00	0.00	32.00	.....	148.00	Negative	Negative
March 15, 1911...	0.00	6.00	0.02	0.07	0.06	0.00	74.00	20.00	147.00	Negative	Negative
June 13...	0.00	7.00	0.02	0.06	0.05	0.001	54.00	19.00	150.00	Negative	Negative
September 14...	0.00	5.00	0.01	0.06	0.03	0.00	38.00	8.00	125.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Clinton, S. C.
Owned by City.

Source: Well in City, 510 Feet Deep. Diam. 8". Pumps 60 Gals. Per Minute. City Consumption 25,000. Gals. Per Day.

January 20, 1911...	0.00	5.00	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	60.00	.....	170.00	Negative	Negative
March 13...	0.00	5.00	0.02	0.05	0.00	0.00	60.00	75.00	141.00	Negative	Negative
June 23...	0.00	8.00	0.04	0.06	0.12	0.00	60.00	70.00	130.00	Negative	Negative
October 21...	0.00	9.00	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.00	55.00	40.00	120.00	Negative	Negative
November 18...	0.00	18.00	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.00	26.00	5.00	85.00	Positive	Positive

Water Supply of Columbia, S. C.
Owned by City.

Source: Saluda River, 1 Mile from City. Filtered by Mechanical Filter. 40 Lbs. Pressure.

December 14, 1910...	0.00	2.00	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.00	25.00	.....	90.00	Negative	Negative
March 31, 1911...	0.00	4.00	0.04	0.09	0.06	0.00	23.00	11.00	67.00	Negative	Negative
June 9...	0.00	2.00	0.03	0.07	0.02	0.00	20.00	14.00	47.00	Negative	Negative
September 16...	0.00	3.00	0.03	0.05	0.14	0.00	27.00	6.00	82.00	Negative	Negative

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color Pt. Co.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Am- monia.	Nitrogen as Ni- trates.	Nitrogen as Ni- trites.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indica- tions of Contam- ination.	Chemical Indica- tions of Contam- ination.
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Water Supply of Darlington, S. C.
Darlington Water & Electric Co.
Source: Well 325 Feet Deep, Diameter 6 Inches, in City. Filter Flow 200 Gals. Per M'n. City Consumption 100,000 Gals. Day.

January 9, 1911	0.00	3.00	0.05	0.03	0.00	trace	0.00	.....	60.00	Negative	Negative
April 13.	0.00	3.00	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.00	5.00	2.00	32.00	Negative	Negative
June 10.	0.00	3.00	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.00	11.00	3.00	42.00	Negative	Negative
September 14. . . .	15.00	3.00	0.01	0.04	0.00	0.00	8.00	5.00	43.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Florence, S. C.

Owned by City.

Source: Well 1,110 Feet Deep in City. Diameter 8". Capacity 100,000 Gals. Per Day.

March 22, 1911. . . .	35.00	42.00	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.010	20.00	97.00	277.00	Negative	Positive
April 1.	30.00	42.00	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.00	22.00	99.00	296.00	Negative	Negative
June 17.	10.00	42.00	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.012	23.00	96.00	267.00	Positive	Negative
June 30. . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Positive	Positive
September 29. . . .	20.00	41.00	0.03	0.05	0.01	0.001	20.00	110.00	388.00	Positive	Positive
October 17. . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Negative

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color Pt. C.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Am- monia.	Nitrogen as Ni- trates.	Nitrogen as Ni- trates.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indica- tions of Contam- ination.	Chemical Indica- tions of Contam- ination.
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Water Supply of Gaffney, S. C.

Owned by City.

Source: Cherokee Creek, 2½ Miles from City. Daily Consumption 100,000 Gals.

December 14..	..	2.00	0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	38.00	..	100.00	Negative	Negative
March 16, 1911..	28.00	12.00	1.3	0.61	0.16	0.065	50.00	63.00	142.00	Positive	Positive
March 18..	..	4.00	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.00	38.00	33.00	100.00	Negative	Negative
May 26..	0.00	2.00	0.03	0.08	0.10	0.004	21.00	20.00	56.00	Negative	Negative
September 14..	0.00	7.00	0.03	0.18	0.12	0.002	10.00	14.00	107.00	Positive	Positive

Water Supply of Georgetown, S. C.

Black River Water Co.

Source: Black River, 70 Miles by River and 14 Miles by Air Line from City. Filtered by Slow Sand Filter. Capacity of Filter 600,000 Gals. Per Day. City Consumption average 275,000 Gals. Per Day.

The Water is a Peaty Water and is not Decolorized.

December 8, 1910..	130.00	6.00	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.00	20.00	..	80.00	Negative	Negative
March 11, 1911..	120.00	6.00	0.06	0.29	0.00	0.00	17.00	9.00	51.00	Negative	Negative
June 10..	100.00	6.00	0.04	0.35	0.00	0.00	23.00	15.00	58.00	Negative	Negative
September 15..	250.00	7.00	0.08	0.50	0.00	0.00	38.00	12.00	100.00	Negative	Negative

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color P. t. Co.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Am- monia.	Nitrogen as Ni- trates.	Nitrogen as Ni- trites.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indica- tions of Contam- ination.	Chemical Indica- tions of Contam- ination.
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Water Supply of Greenville, S. C. Paris Mountain Water Co.

Source: Springs on Paris Mountain, 7 and 12 Miles from City. Capacity 2,500,000 Gals. Per Day. City Consumption 1,155,000 Gals. Per Day.

December 10, 1910...	...	1.00	0.05	0.08	0.00	0.00	5.00	...	80.00	Negative	Negative
March 11, 1911...	15.00	3.00	0.05	0.20	0.00	0.00	13.00	8.00	17.00	Negative	Negative
June 10...	36.00	3.00	0.03	0.09	0.03	0.00	25.00	17.00	44.00	Negative	Negative
September 28...	40.00	4.00	0.06	0.13	0.03	0.00	20.00	31.00	48.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Greenwood, S. C.

Greenwood Water and Electric Light Plant.

Source: Well and Springs 1½ Miles from City. Depth 325 Feet. Diam. 8". Pumps 235 Gals. Per Minute. City Consumption 2,000,000 to 5,000,000 Gals. Per Month.

December 3, 1910...	...	4.00	0.03	0.06	0.00	0.00	48.00	...	210.00	Negative	Negative
March 15, 1911...	0.00	4.00	0.03	0.11	0.00	trace	51.00	61.00	128.00	Negative	Negative
June 10...	0.00	3.00	0.03	0.14	0.01	0.00	33.00	40.00	128.00	Negative	Negative
September 16...	0.00	5.00	0.09	0.09	0.04	0.00	51.00	54.00	160.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Graniteville, S. C.

Owned

Source: Busby Spring, in town limit. Two reservoirs. Flow 15,000 Gallons Per Day. by 7 feet, one capacity 40,000 Gallons. Rate of

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color, Pt. Co. Standard.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Ammonia.	Nitrogen as Nitrate.	Nitrogen as Nitrite.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indications of Contamination.	Chemical Indications of Contamination.
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Water Supply of Hartsville, S. C.
Owned by City.

Source: Well ¼ Mile from Center of City, Depth 287 feet, Diameter 3½ Inches. Rate of Flow 133 1-3 Gallons Per Minute.

January 11, 1911..	0.00	4.00	0.08	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	45.00	Negative	Negative
March 20..	0.00	3.00	0.05	0.06	0.00	0.00	6.00	3.00	16.00	Negative	Negative
July 10..	5.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.00	13.00	6.00	20.00	Negative	Negative
September 26..	0.00	5.00	0.04	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	20.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Lancaster, S. C.
Owned by Town.

Source: Creek about 1½ Miles from City. Filtered by Mechanical Filter.

December 30, 1910...	0.00	9.00	0.04	0.06	0.00	0.00	22.00	8.00	170.00	Negative	Negative
March 11, 1911...	0.00	10.00	0.03	0.11	0.01	0.00	25.00	8.00	61.00	Negative	Negative
June 10..	0.00	11.00	0.04	0.16	0.00	0.00	38.00	21.00	101.00	Negative	Negative
September 13..	0.00	8.00	0.02	0.11	0.02	0.00	23.00	9.00	75.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Laurens, S. C.
Owned by City.

Source: River about Half a Mile from City. Filtered.

December 17, 1910...	0.00	2.00	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.00	20.00	16.00	58.00	Negative	Negative
May 1, 1911...	0.00	2.00	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.00	16.00	16.00	58.00	Negative	Negative
June 23..	15.00	4.00	0.04	0.07	0.20	0.00	15.00	12.00	61.00	Negative	Negative
October 3..	0.00	4.00	0.04	0.05	0.14	0.00	13.00	14.00	85.00	Negative	Negative

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color, Pt. Co. Standard.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Ammonia.	Nitrogen as Nitrate.	Nitrogen as Nitrite.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indications of Contamination.	Chemical Indications of Contamination.
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Water Supply of Marion, S. C.
Marion Water & Electric Co.
Source: Well 108 Feet Deep.

December 15, 1910.	2.00	4.00	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.00	60.00	64.00	150.00	Negative	Negative
April 28, 1911.	0.00	6.00	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.001	56.00	64.00	146.00	Negative	Negative
June 10.	0.00	6.00	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.00	55.00	62.00	145.00	Negative	Negative
October 2.	0.00	6.00	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.00	52.00	72.00	165.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Newberry, S. C.
Owned by City
Source: New Well 305 feet deep=1 Well.

December 10, 1910.	0.00	18.00	0.03	0.04	0.00	0.00	140.00	106.	300.00	Negative	Negative
March 23, 1911.	0.00	21.00	0.02	0.05	0.30	0.001	146.00	106.	278.00	Negative	Negative
June 10.	0.00	23.00	0.03	0.03	1.15	0.00	152.00	107.	305.00	Positive	Negative
June 10.	0.00	23.00	0.03	0.05	1.25	0.00	136.00	120.	290.00	Negative	Negative
September 15.	0.00	23.00	0.03	0.05	1.25	0.00	136.00	120.	290.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Orangeburg, S. C.

Source: Two Wells 200 Feet Deep. Diameter of Flow 300,000 Gals. Per Day. City Consumption

December 15, 1910.	0.00	5.00	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	110.00	105.	165.00	Negative	Negative
March 14, 1911.	0.00	5.00	0.03	0.07	0.03	0.00	114.00	105.	158.00	Negative	Negative
June 13.	0.00	7.00	0.02	0.06	0.05	0.00	130.00	102.	155.00	Negative	Negative
September 15.	0.00	6.00	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.00	120.00	114.	170.00	Negative	Negative

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color Pt Co.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Am- monia.	Nitrogen as Ni- trates.	Nitrogen as Ni- trites.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indica- tions of Contam- ination.	Chemical Indica- tions of Contam- ination.
Water Supply of Rock Hill, S. C. Source: Wells 315 and 287 Feet Deep. Capacity: No. 1, 55 Gals.; No. 2, 235 Gals. Per Minute.											
December 19, 1910...	0.00	17.00	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.00	35.00	60.00	196.00	Negative	Negative
March 28, 1911...	0.00	18.00	0.06	0.07	0.45	0.001	88.00	67.00	181.00	Negative	Negative
April 17...	0.00	21.00	0.06	0.09	0.45	0.0005	90.00	70.00	178.00	Negative	Negative
May 3...	2.00	8.00	0.02	0.10	0.30	0.003	93.00	64.00	173.00	Negative	Negative
May 3...	2.00	5.00	0.01	0.06	0.05	0.004	30.00	32.00	96.00	Negative	Negative
June 15...	0.00	23.00	0.02	0.05	1.00	0.001	71.00	70.00	177.00	Negative	Negative
September 21...	0.00	18.00	0.03	0.02	0.35	0.00	88.00	74.00	172.00	Negative	Negative
December 1...	140.00	6.00	0.008	0.07	0.00	0.001	67.00	54.00	432.00	Positive	Negative
Water Supply of Spartanburg, S. C. Spartanburg Waterworks. Source: Springs. City Consumption 750,000 Gals. Per Day.											
December 14, 1910...	0.00	1.00	0.04	0.06	0.00	0.00	7.00	...	60.00	Negative	Negative
March 20, 1911...	2.00	2.00	0.05	0.12	0.04	0.00	14.00	3.00	49.00	Negative	Negative
June 15...	0.00	2.00	0.03	0.06	0.10	0.00	13.00	4.00	33.00	Negative	Negative
September 23...	35.00	3.00	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.00	18.00	0.00	58.00	Negative	Negative
Water Supply of Sumter S. C. Owned by City. Source: 3-6". Driven Wells, 2-8" and 1-10". Depth 8 to 45 Feet; and 2 Wells 400 Feet Deep.											
December 15, 1910...	...	5.00	0.05	0.04	0.00	0.00	5.00	...	60.00	Negative	Negative
December 17, 1910...	...	2.00	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.00	20.00	...	76.00	Negative	Negative
December 17...	...	5.00	0.08	0.03	0.001	0.00	5.00	...	80.00	Negative	Negative
January 3, 1911...	...	5.00	0.05	0.04	0.001	...	5.00	...	30.00	Negative	Negative
March 11...	2.00	4.00	0.08	0.08	2.00	trace	14.00	3.00	27.00	Negative	Negative
June 10...	...	...	0.18	0.10	0.40	0.700	...	...	65.00	Negative	Positive
June 17...	0.00	4.00	0.04	0.04	1.25	0.004	14.00	4.00	50.00	Negative	Negative
September 15...	0.00	8.00	0.07	0.08	1.45	0.001	20.00	3.00	50.00	Negative	Negative

RESULTS IN PARTS PER MILLION (Continued).

Sample Drawn.	Color Pt. Co.	Chlorine.	Free Ammonia.	Albuminoid Am- monia.	Nitrogen as Ni- trates.	Nitrogen as Ni- trites.	Hardness.	Alkalinity.	Total Solids.	Bacterial Indica- tions of contam- ation.	Chemical Indica- tions of Contam- ination.
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Water Supply of Timmons ville, S. C.
Owned by City.
Source: Well, in City. Diameter 8 Inches. Depth 500 Feet. Capacity 60 Gallons Per Minute.

November 21, 1911...	25.00	5.00	0.008	0.006	0.00	0.00	23.00	23.00	74.00	Negative	Negative
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Water Supply of Union, S. C.

Owned by City.

Source: Spring Branches, Two Miles From City. Rate of Flow 2,000,000 Gallons Per Day. Filtered. Capacity of Filters 250,000 Gallons.

December 8, 1910...	0.00	3.00	0.07	0.06	0.00	0.00	26.00	...	105.00	Negative	Negative
March 13, 1911...	5.00	3.00	0.03	0.09	0.07	0.00	20.00	21.00	45.00	Negative	Negative
June 10...	0.00	6.00	0.01	0.04	0.15	0.00	23.00	21.00	71.00	Negative	Negative
September 16...	0.00	6.00	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.00	25.00	34.00	75.00	Negative	Negative

Water Supply of Yorkville, S. C.

Owned by City.

Source: Spring Branch, 10 Feet Wide, 1¼ Feet Deep. Rate of Flow About 250 Gallons Per Minute. Water is Collected in Sedimentation Basin, and Filtered Through Mechanical Filter.

December 10, 1910...	...	3.00	0.04	0.07	0.00	0.00	20.00	...	80.00	Positive	Negative
March 11, 1911...	15.00	4.00	0.06	0.16	0.08	0.00	17.00	23.00	63.00	Negative	Negative
June 13...	35.00	2.00	0.01	0.12	0.10	0.00	26.00	28.00	113.00	Positive	
June 21...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Positive	
August 18...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Positive	
August 18...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Positive	
September 16...	0.00	5.00	0.03	0.05	0.14	0.00	21.00	22.00	120.00	Negative	Negative

Financial Statement.

The following is a correct statement of the expenditures of the State Board of Health for the fiscal year 1911, showing to whom paid and for what purpose. All claims against the Board are itemized and rendered in duplicate, the original being attached to warrant of Comptroller-General and forwarded to his office for payment—the duplicate being filed in this office.

EXPENDITURES.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH FUND.

March	2.	Voucher No. 1.	To Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, stamps 1,000 2c, 500 1c.. \$	25.00
March	6.	Voucher No. 2.	To Robt. Wilson, Jr., called meeting, March 15, tuberculosis problem, penitentiary	38.00
March	16.	Voucher No. 3.	To C. C. Gambrell, called meeting, March 15	33.40
March	16.	Voucher No. 4.	To E. A. Hines, called meeting, March 15.	42.60
March	16.	Voucher No. 5.	To W. J. Burdell, called meeting, March 15	18.20
March	16.	Voucher No. 6.	To Wm. Egleston, called meeting, March 15	27.20
March	16.	Voucher No. 7.	To W. M. Lester, called meeting, March 15	4.00
March	16.	Voucher No. 8.	To W. W. Dodson, called meeting, March 15	27.00
March	17.	Voucher No. 9.	To The State Co., printing annual report..	152.00
March	24.	Voucher No. 10.	To C. C. Gambrell, committee service on tuberculosis situation at penitentiary	37.40
March	24.	Voucher No. 11.	To W. M. Lester, committee service on tuberculosis situation at penitentiary.	8.00
March	24.	Voucher No. 12.	To W. J. Burdell, committee service on tuberculosis situation at penitentiary.	22.40
April	22.	Voucher No. 13.	To E. A. Hines, annual meeting	68.60
April	22.	Voucher No. 14.	To W. J. Burdell, annual meeting	42.60
April	22.	Voucher No. 15.	To W. M. Lester, annual meeting.. . . .	38.00
April	22.	Voucher No. 16.	To W. W. Dodson, annual meeting	52.80
April	22.	Voucher No. 17.	To Robt. Wilson, Jr., annual meeting . .	4.00
April	22.	Voucher No. 18.	To C. C. Gambrell, annual meeting	59.40
April	22.	Voucher No. 19.	To Wm. Egleston, annual meeting	37.40
May	12.	Voucher No. 20.	To Robt. Wilson, Jr., called meeting, May 11	39.75
May	12.	Voucher No. 21.	To E. A. Hines, called meeting, May 11..	42.60
May	12.	Voucher No. 22.	To W. M. Lester, called meeting, May 11..	4.00
May	12.	Voucher No. 23.	To W. W. Dodson, called meeting, May 11	27.00
May	12.	Voucher No. 24.	To Wm. Egleston, called meeting, May 11.	33.80
May	12.	Voucher No. 25.	To C. C. Gambrell, called meeting, May 11.	33.40
May	12.	Voucher No. 26.	To W. J. Burdell, called meeting, May 11	18.20
June	7.	Voucher No. 27.	To W. J. Burdell, called meeting, June 7	14.20
June	7.	Voucher No. 28.	To E. A. Hines, called meeting, June 7..	42.60
June	7.	Voucher No. 29.	To C. C. Gambrell, called meeting June 7..	33.40
June	7.	Voucher No. 30.	To Robt. Wilson, Jr., called meeting, June 7	38.00

June	9.	Voucher No. 31.	To W. M. Lester, called meeting, June 7..	4.00
June	19.	Voucher No. 32.	To Wm. Egleston, called meeting, June 7	28.20
July	19.	Voucher No. 33.	To W. J. Burdell, regular quarterly meet- ing	14.20
July	19.	Voucher No. 34.	To W. W. Dodson, regular quarterly meet- ing	30.40
July	19.	Voucher No. 35.	To W. M. Lester, regular quarterly meet- ing	4.00
July	19.	Voucher No. 36.	To Robt. Wilson, Jr., regularly quarterly meeting	34.00
July	19.	Voucher No. 37.	To C. C. Gambrell, regular quarterly meet- ing	33.40
July	20.	Voucher No. 38.	To Wm. Egleston, regular quarterly meet- ing	37.00
Oct.	12.	Voucher No. 39.	To W. M. Lester, regular quarterly meet- ing	4.00
Oct.	12.	Voucher No. 40.	To Robt. Wilson, Jr., regularly quarterly meeting	38.00
Oct.	12.	Voucher No. 41.	To Wm. Egleston, regular quarterly meet- ing	28.00
Oct.	12.	Voucher No. 42.	To E. A. Hines, regular quarterly meeting	42.60
Oct.	12.	Voucher No. 43.	To W. W. Dodson, regular quarterly meet- ing	34.40
Oct.	12.	Voucher No. 44.	To W. J. Burdell, regular quarterly meet- ing	18 40
Oct.	13.	Voucher No. 45.	To C. C. Gambrell, regular quarterly meet- ing	33.40
Dec.	1.	Voucher No. 46.	To C. C. Gambrell, regular quarterly meet- ing	33.40
Dec.	1.	Voucher No. 47.	To Wm. Egleston, regular quarterly meet- ing	32.00
Dec.	1.	Voucher No. 48.	To W. W. Dodson, regular quarterly meet- ing	40.60
Dec.	1.	Voucher No. 49.	To E. A. Hines, regular quarterly meeting, inspection of Clemson, Winthrop, S. C. University, State Colored Col- lege and Great Branch Fish Pond, Orangeburg, S. C.	126.10
Dec.	1.	Voucher No. 50.	To Robt. Wilson, Jr., regular quarterly meeting	38.00
Dec.	1.	Voucher No. 51.	To W. M. Lester, regular quarterly meet- ing	4.00
Total				\$1,718.05
Balance				281.95
				<hr/>
				\$2,000.00
Appropriation				\$2,000.00

CONTINGENT FUND.

March	1.	Voucher No. 1.	To F. A. Coward, Director of Laboratory, salary for January and February ..	\$338.32
March	1.	Voucher No. 2.	To John Roundtree, janitor, salary for January and February	59.00
March	3.	Voucher No. 3.	To C. F. Williams, incidental expenses, office and Laboratory, January and February	64.60
March	4.	Voucher No. 4.	To Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, deposit on monthly bulletin	15.00
March	8.	Voucher No. 5.	To Western Union Telegraph Co., tele- grams, January and February.. ..	9.66

March	17.	Voucher No.	6.	To The State Co., printing and stationery	411.05
March	27.	Voucher No.	7.	To Jno. W. Wilson, Camden, S. C., supplies for smallpox patients	55.50
March	27.	Voucher No.	8.	To S. F. Parker, M. D., Lamar, S. C., investigating smallpox	5.50
March	27.	Voucher No.	9.	To Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, stamps	25.00
March	28.	Voucher No.	10.	To J. Wilson Gibbes, exchange on typewriter	52.50
March	29.	Voucher No.	11.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., exchange and long distance toll..	69.10
March	29.	Voucher No.	12.	To National Vaccine and Antitoxin Institute, diphtheria antitoxin, for January and February	548.30
March	31.	Voucher No.	13.	To H. K. Mulford Co., vaccine virus... ..	1,682.20
April	1.	Voucher No.	14.	To F. A. Coward, salary for March	166.66
April	1.	Voucher No.	15.	To John Roundtree, salary for March..	31.00
April	1.	Voucher No.	16.	To C. F. Williams, Laboratory expenses..	22.95
April	6.	Voucher No.	17.	To A. W. Morgan, putting lead top on operating table	4.50
April	6.	Voucher No.	18.	To National Vaccine and Antitoxin Institute, vaccine virus	2,411.50
April	6.	Voucher No.	19.	To Heyward's Pharmacy, Laboratory supplies	19.60
April	7.	Voucher No.	20.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., exchange and toll service for March	13.15
April	13.	Voucher No.	21.	To Carolina Chemical Laboratory, Columbia, S. C., Laboratory supplies	12.05
April	13.	Voucher No.	22.	To Perry-Mann Electric Co., supplies	2.00
April	13.	Voucher No.	23.	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams	3.30
April	13.	Voucher No.	24.	To Columbia Paper Co., supplies.. . . .	2.10
April	13.	Voucher No.	25.	To Foltz & Fuller, Washington, D. C., lantern slides	12.90
April	13.	Voucher No.	26.	To Columbia Gas Light Co., gas	28.75
April	13.	Voucher No.	27.	To Powell Supply Co., cord of wood	4.50
April	13.	Voucher No.	28.	To G. M. Carpenter, office supplies	2.20
April	13.	Voucher No.	29.	To The Journal of Experimental Medicine, New York City, subscription Journal.	5.00
April	13.	Voucher No.	30.	To Lea & Febiger, Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa., subscription to the American Journal of Medical Science...	5.00
April	13.	Voucher No.	31.	To Arthur H. Thomas Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Laboratory equipment	25.28
April	13.	Voucher No.	32.	To W. B. Guimarin, plumbing and fitting	2.60
April	13.	Voucher No.	33.	To Waverly Drug Co., rubber gloves	3.10
April	24.	Voucher No.	34.	To Addressograph Co., Chicago, Ill., for addressograph	84.00
April	24.	Voucher No.	35.	To William Brown Earle, Laboratory supplies	2.40
April	24.	Voucher No.	36.	To G. J. Badger, addressograph supplies..	34.05
April	24.	Voucher No.	37.	To J. B. Scott, addressing and mailing bulletins for December and January..	20.00
April	29.	Voucher No.	38.	To Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, stamps..	50.00
May	1.	Voucher No.	39.	To F. A. Coward, salary for April	166.66
May	1.	Voucher No.	40.	To John Roundtree, salary for April	30.00
May	1.	Voucher No.	41.	To C. F. Williams, Laboratory and office incidentals for April	37.75
May	4.	Voucher No.	42.	To Capital City Steam Laundry, towel service	4.00

May	16.	Voucher No. 43.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., exchange and long distance toll..	9.80
May	16.	Voucher No. 44.	To News and Courier, advertising for applications as State Health officer..	18.90
May	16.	Voucher No. 45.	To W. S. Stewart, supplies..	1.10
May	16.	Voucher No. 46.	To J. L. Mimnaugh & Co., towels	1.10
May	16.	Voucher No. 47.	To The R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies . .	1.75
May	16.	Voucher No. 48.	To Heyward's Pharmacy, Laboratory supplies	4.10
May	16.	Voucher No. 49.	To The Spartanburg Herald, advertising..	4.00
May	16.	Voucher No. 50.	To G. M. Carpenter, supplies	3.50
May	16.	Voucher No. 51.	To The State Co., printing and supplies..	264.16
May	18.	Voucher No. 52.	To National Vaccine and Antitoxin Institute	210.45
May	18.	Voucher No. 53.	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams	3.94
May	30.	Voucher No. 54.	To National Vaccine and Antitoxin Institute, diphtheria antitoxin	106.25
May	31.	Voucher No. 55.	To F. A. Coward, salary for May	166.66
May	31.	Voucher No. 56.	To John Roundtree, salary for May	31.00
May	31.	Voucher No. 57.	To C. F. Williams, incidental expenses, office and Laboratory	29.74
June	5.	Voucher No. 58.	To Columbia Lumber and Manufacturing Co., lumber	4.87
June	5.	Voucher No. 59.	To The State Co., printing, stationery and advertising notice of election of Secretary	24.25
June	5.	Voucher No. 60.	To F. A. Coward, salary for June	166.66
June	5.	Voucher No. 61.	To The State Co., gum labels	9.00
June	6.	Voucher No. 62.	To G. M. Carpenter, typewriter supplies . .	3.40
June	6.	Voucher No. 63.	To Heyward's Pharmacy, chemicals for Laboratory	9.50
June	8.	Voucher No. 64.	To The Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams for May	3.86
June	8.	Voucher No. 65.	To The State Co., printing of stationery..	5.50
June	8.	Voucher No. 66.	To The Southern Scale & Fixture Co., typewriter ribbon	1.00
June	19.	Voucher No. 67.	To A. W. Morgan, repairs on boiler	8.00
June	19.	Voucher No. 68.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., telephone and telegrams for May.	13.05
June	19.	Voucher No. 69.	To R. L. Bryan Co., Medical Dictionary..	2.75
June	19.	Voucher No. 70.	To G. M. Carpenter, typewriter supplies..	2.30
June	19.	Voucher No. 71.	To William B. Howland, Treasurer, annual dues to the American Civic Association	5.00
June	28.	Voucher No. 72.	To J. Roddey Miller, investigation of smallpox at Catawba Junction	5.00
July	1.	Voucher No. 73.	To J. R. Cain, salary for June	86.67
July	1.	Voucher No. 74.	To John Roundtree, salary for June	30.00
July	1.	Voucher No. 75.	To Jas. A. Hayne, State Health Officer, incidental expenses, Laboratory and office for June	31.70
July	1.	Voucher No. 76.	To Perry-Mann Electric Co., repairing motor in Laboratory . . . . .	.75
July	1.	Voucher No. 77.	To Columbia Lumber and Manufacturing Co., lumber used in fitting up office..	7.93
July	1.	Voucher No. 78.	To The State Co., printing 15,000 bulletins, etc..	107.62
July	1.	Voucher No. 79.	To Columbia Lumber and Manufacturing Co., lumber used for making shelves.	6.33
July	3.	Voucher No. 80.	To The R. L. Bryan Co., medical books and office supplies	19.80

July	7. Voucher No. 81.	To Waverly Drug Co., rubber gloves for use in Laboratory	1.40
July	7. Voucher No. 82.	To W. S. Stewart, supplies used in Laboratory for staining floors, etc.	7.20
July	7. Voucher No. 83.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., long distance message during month of June	11.35
July	7. Voucher No. 84.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., rent of phone for office for month of June	2.60
July	7. Voucher No. 85.	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams for month of June	5.02
July	7. Voucher No. 86.	To Columbia Gas Light Co., gas bill for month of April, May and June	84.75
July	7. Voucher No. 87.	To Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, stamps.	50.00
July	10. Voucher No. 88.	To Bollin, Ellison & Bollin, bond for \$2,000 as State Health Officer.. . . .	7.00
July	17. Voucher No. 89.	To H. K. Mulford Co., vaccine account . .	497.70
July	27. Voucher No. 90.	To The State Co., 12 boxes No. 8 rubber bands	1 20
July	27. Voucher No. 91.	To A. J. Jervy, M. D., special work in smallpox epidemic, February, March and April	75.00
July	27. Voucher No. 92.	To B.-C. Electric Co., two electric fans for offices, State Board of Health	45.00
July	27. Voucher No. 93.	To ice tickets for February, April May and June	24.00
July	28. Voucher No. 94.	To F. A. Coward, expenses of trip to Washington, D. C., to study methods of putting up anti-typhoid serum . .	32.35
July	31. Voucher No. 95.	To F. A. Coward, salary for July	166.66
July	31. Voucher No. 96.	To J. R. Cain, salary for July	60.00
Aug.	1. Voucher No. 97.	To Jas. A. Hayne, State Health Officer, incidental expenses, Laboratory for month of July	26.76
Aug.	1. Voucher No. 98.	To John Roundtree, salary for July.. . .	31.00
Aug.	19. Voucher No. 99.	To Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, stamps..	25.00
Aug.	29. Voucher No. 100.	To The Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams for July.. . . .	2.89
Aug.	29. Voucher No. 101.	To Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, stamped envelopes.. . . .	64.32
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 102.	To F. A. Coward, salary for August	166.66
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 103.	To Arthur H. Thomas Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Laboratory supplies	39.90
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 104.	To Columbia Lumber and Manufacturing Co., lumber for use in Laboratory . .	7.00
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 105.	To The State Co., printing 5,000 specimen blanks	27.50
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 106.	To The Daggett Printing Co., Charleston, S. C., printing 500 circulars	13.90
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 107.	To Steele Glass Co., Philadelphia, Pa., glass ampoules for Laboratory	12.00
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 108.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., long distance phones for August	4.85
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 109.	To The R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies . .	5.35
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 110.	To Columbia Gas Light Co., gas for July..	10.50
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 111.	To The Daggett Printing Co., Charleston, S. C., printing 500 envelopes	2.25
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 112.	To J. R. Cain, salary for month of August	60.00
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 113.	To Jas. A. Hayne, Laboratory expenses account for August	53.80

Aug.	31.	Voucher No. 114.	To John Roundtree, salary for August ..	31.00
Sept.	1.	Voucher No. 115.	To Columbia Paper Co., one roll wrapping paper	1.95
Sept.	1.	Voucher No. 116.	To G. M. Carpenter, supplies for office ..	1.40
Sept.	1.	Voucher No. 117.	To H. J. Bassler Co., work at State Laboratory	29.53
Sept.	1.	Voucher No. 118.	To The State Co., printing bulletin for May, circulars, etc	190.11
Sept.	12.	Voucher No. 119.	To Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, stamps	25.00
Sept.	30.	Voucher No. 120.	To J. R. Cain, salary for September ..	60.00
Sept.	30.	Voucher No. 121.	To F. A. Coward, salary for September ..	166.66
Oct.	2.	Voucher No. 122.	To John Roundtree, salary for September	30.00
Oct.	2.	Voucher No. 123.	To Jas. A. Hayne, Laboratory expenses for month of September	37.95
Oct.	3.	Voucher No. 124.	To Heyward's Pharmacy, ether, chloroform, gauze, etc., for use in Laboratory	20.25
Oct.	8.	Voucher No. 125.	To The State Co., printing, etc	4.50
Oct.	8.	Voucher No. 126.	To G. M. Carpenter, 100 sheets carbon paper	3.00
Oct.	8.	Voucher No. 127.	To Dr. F. L. Parker, Jr., official trip to Columbia on business of Board of Health	24.35
Oct.	3.	Voucher No. 128.	To H. J. Bassler Co., plumbing for Laboratory	3.00
Oct.	3.	Voucher No. 129.	To H. J. Bassler Co., repair of floor drain at Laboratory	5.48
Oct.	3.	Voucher No. 130.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co.	20.65
Oct.	3.	Voucher No. 131.	To Ernst Leitz, one microscope	65.00
Oct.	4.	Voucher No. 132.	To W. S. Stewart, supplies for Laboratory	4 25
Oct.	13.	Voucher No. 133.	To A. D. Dorsett, supplies furnished Jno. Parker, W. M. Brakefield and Ben Parker, while in quarantine	46.23
Oct.	18.	Voucher No. 134.	To Geo. H. Huggins, Postmaster, 1,500 1c. stamped envelopes	16.86
Oct.	18.	Voucher No. 135.	To Dr. Frank D. Mower, special agent, smallpox epidemic, Jalapa	18.00
Oct.	26.	Voucher No. 136.	To A. R. Caillier, signs for State Fair exhibit, State Board of Health	19.00
Oct.	26.	Voucher No. 137.	To Palmetto Ice Co., ice for July, August and September	24.00
Oct.	30.	Voucher No. 138.	To F. A. Coward, salary for October .. .	166.66
Oct.	30.	Voucher No. 139.	To J. R. Cain, salary for October	60.00
Oct.	30.	Voucher No. 140.	To John Roundtree, salary for October ..	31.00
Oct.	31.	Voucher No. 141.	To Jas. A. Hayne, Laboratory expenses for October	49.76
Nov.	6.	Voucher No. 142.	To J. M. Cantey, Columbia, S. C., insurance on office and Laboratory .. .	27.00
Nov.	6.	Voucher No. 143.	To W. S. Stewart, material for exhibit at State Fair	6.10
Nov.	6.	Voucher No. 144.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., telephone service, September and October	20.65
Nov.	6.	Voucher No. 145.	To R. L. Bryan Co., stationery for office of State Board of Health	11.35
Nov.	6.	Voucher No. 146.	To Columbia Gas Light Co., gas consumed during August, September and October	29.63

Nov.	11.	Voucher No. 147.	To The Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams during September and October	10.77
Nov.	29.	Voucher No. 148.	To Dr. F. A. Coward, salary for November	166.66
Nov.	29.	Voucher No. 149.	To J. R. Cain, salary for November . . .	60.00
Nov.	29.	Voucher No. 150.	To John Roundtree, salary for November.	30.00
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 151.	To Dr. F. A. Coward, salary for December	166.66
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 152.	To J. R. Cain, salary for December . . .	60.00
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 153.	To John Roundtree, salary for December..	31.00
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 154.	To Jas. A. Hayne, Laboratory expenses for November	38.58
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 155.	To Jas. A. Hayne, Laboratory expenses for December	21.47
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 156.	To Columbia Gas Light Co.	26.21
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 157.	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams	3.50
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 158.	To Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Co., telephone service for November	4.25
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 159.	To G. M. Carpenter, typewriter supplies..	14.60
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 160.	To Palmetto Ice Co., ice for Laboratory..	9.50
Dec.	21.	Voucher No. 161.	To Heyward's Pharmacy, drugs and sundries for Laboratory	23.35
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 162.	To Arthur H. Thomas Co., Laboratory supplies.. . . .	154.48
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 163.	To R. L. Bryan Co., office supplies . . .	12.55
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 164.	To H. K. Mulford Co., 2,000 vaccine points	130.00
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 165.	To Foltz & Fuller, lantern slides.. . . .	27.78
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 166.	To The State Co., office supplies, printing, etc.	24.15
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 167.	To Gibbs Typewriter Shop, repairing typewriter	5.00
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 168.	To The Murray Drug Co., sundries for Laboratory	7.90
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 169.	To Columbia Lumber and Manufactory Co., lumber for Laboratory use . . .	1.94
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 170.	To Powell Fuel Co., 1/2 load of wood for Laboratory	2.00
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 171.	To The Daggett Printing Co., Charleston, S. C.	4.25
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 172.	To The Jno. Crompton Co., cartons for mailing anti-typhoid bacterin . . .	175.00
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 173.	To Barfield Printing Co., printing of envelopes for hookworm campaign . .	11.00
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				\$12,045.95
				Balance
				2,954.05
				<hr/>
				\$15,000.00
				Appropriation \$15,000.00

There are outstanding bills amounting to over \$6,000. The exact amount of these cannot be ascertained at present time.

FUND FOR TRAVELING EXPENSES STATE HEALTH OFFICER.

March	17.	Voucher No. 1.	To C. F. Williams, traveling expenses, January and February.. . . .	\$ 62.59
May	27.	Voucher No. 2.	To C. F. Williams, traveling expenses, March and April.. . . .	17.56
May	31.	Voucher No. 3.	To S. H. McLean, Agt., mileage book (1,000 miles).. . . .	20.00
June	19.	Voucher No. 4.	To S. H. McLean, Agt., mileage book (1,000 miles).. . . .	20.00

July	20.	Voucher No. 5.	To Jas. A. Hayne, traveling expenses, June and July.. . . .	12.40
Sept.	1.	Voucher No. 6.	To S. H. McLean, Agt., mileage book (1,000 miles).. . . .	20.00
Sept.	27.	Voucher No. 7.	To Jas. A. Hayne, traveling expenses, July and August.. . . .	68.81
Oct.	14.	Voucher No. 8.	To S. H. McLean, Agt., mileage book (1,000 miles).. . . .	20.00
Nov.	9.	Voucher No. 9.	To S. H. McLean, Agt., mileage book (2,000 miles).. . . .	40.00
Dec.	2.	Voucher No. 10.	To traveling expenses, October, November and December.. . . .	156.65
				<hr/>
				\$ 437.51
Balance.. . . .				562.49
				<hr/>
				\$ 1,000.00
Appropriation.. . . .				\$ 1,000.00

SALARY STATE HEALTH OFFICER.

March	1.	C. F. Williams, salary for January and February.. . . .	\$	416.66
April	1.	C. F. Williams, salary for March.. . . .		208.33
May	1.	C. F. Williams, salary for April.. . . .		208.33
June	1.	C. F. Williams, salary for May.. . . .		208.33
July	1.	J. A. Hayne, salary for June.. . . .		208.33
Aug.	1.	J. A. Hayne, salary for July.. . . .		208.33
Sept.	1.	J. A. Hayne, salary for August.. . . .		208.33
Oct.	1.	J. A. Hayne, salary for September.. . . .		208.33
Nov.	1.	J. A. Hayne, salary for October.. . . .		208.33
Dec.	1.	J. A. Hayne, salary for November.. . . .		208.33
Dec.	24.	J. A. Hayne, salary for December.. . . .		208.37
				<hr/>
				\$ 2,500.00
Appropriation.. . . .				\$ 2,500.00

SALARY CLERK FOR STATE HEALTH OFFICER.

March	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary, January and February \$	120.00
April	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for March.. . . .	60.00
May	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for April.. . . .	60.00
June	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for May.. . . .	60.00
July	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for June.. . . .	60.00
Aug.	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for July.. . . .	60.00
Sept.	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for August.. . . .	60.00
Oct.	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for September.. . . .	60.00
Nov.	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for October.. . . .	60.00
Dec.	1.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for November.. . . .	60.00
Dec.	24.	To Miss Julia P. Tompkins, salary for December.. . . .	60.00
			<hr/>
			\$ 720.00
Appropriation.. . . .			\$ 720.00

ROCKEFELLER SANITARY COMMISSION FUND.

Feb.	6.	Voucher No. 1.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and traveling expenses for January.. . . .	\$ 243.38
Feb.	6.	Voucher No. 2.	To F. A. Bell, salary and traveling expenses for January.. . . .	194.45
Feb.	21.	Voucher No. 3.	To M. Weinberg, salary and traveling expenses for January.. . . .	145.83

March	1. Voucher No. 4.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and traveling expenses for February.. . . .	288.87
March	1. Voucher No. 5.	To F. A. Bell, salary and traveling expenses for February.. . . .	198.45
March	1. Voucher No. 6.	To E. C. Baynard, salary and traveling expenses for February.. . . .	145.64
March	8. Voucher No. 7.	To M. Weinberg, salary and traveling expenses for February.. . . .	126.55
March	15. Voucher No. 8.	To J. LaBruce Ward, expenses to Atlanta conference, February 14-15.... .	21.68
April	6. Voucher No. 9.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and traveling expenses for March.. . . .	265.10
April	6. Voucher No. 10.	To M. Weinberg, salary and traveling expenses for March.... .	145.05
April	6. Voucher No. 11.	To E. C. Baynard, salary and traveling expenses for March.. . . .	198.08
May	1. Voucher No. 12.	To E. C. Baynard, salary and traveling expenses for April.. . . .	176.94
May	1. Voucher No. 13.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and traveling expenses for April.. . . .	251.77
May	1. Voucher No. 14.	To A. S. Williams, salary for April.. .	40.00
May	8. Voucher No. 15.	To M. Weinberg, salary and traveling expenses for April.. . . .	168.85
June	1. Voucher No. 16.	To E. C. Baynard, salary and traveling expenses for May.. . . .	184.82
June	1. Voucher No. 17.	To A. S. Williams, salary for May.. .	40.00
June	1. Voucher No. 18.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and traveling expenses for May.. . . .	274.70
June	1. Voucher No. 19.	To M. Weinberg, salary and traveling expenses for May.. . . .	159.10
July	1. Voucher No. 20.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and traveling expenses for June	231.94
July	1. Voucher No. 21.	To J. R. Cain, salary from June 20 to June 30.. . . .	18.33
July	1. Voucher No. 22.	To A. S. Williams, salary for June.. .	40.00
July	8. Voucher No. 23.	To M. Weinberg, salary and traveling expenses for June.. . . .	128.70
July	8. Voucher No. 24.	To F. M. Routh, salary and traveling expenses for June.. . . .	68.05
July	26. Voucher No. 25.	To Rockefeller Sanitary Commission.. .	18.33
July	31. Voucher No. 26.	To A. S. Williams, salary for July....	40.00
July	31. Voucher No. 27.	To J. R. Cain, salary for July.. . . .	40.00
July	31. Voucher No. 28.	To J. T. Howell, salary and expenses for July.. . . .	176.99
July	31. Voucher No. 29.	To A. M. Brailsford, salary from July 15 to August 1; also expenses.. . .	95.85
Aug.	8. Voucher No. 30.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and expenses for July.. . . .	288.46
Aug.	8. Voucher No. 31.	To Milton Weinberg, salary and expenses for July.. . . .	169.80
Aug.	8. Voucher No. 32.	To F. M. Routh, salary and expenses for July.. . . .	184.80
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 33.	To A. S. Williams, salary for August.. .	40.00
Aug.	31. Voucher No. 34.	To J. R. Cain, salary for August.. . .	40.00
Sept.	1. Voucher No. 35.	To J. T. Howell, salary and expenses for August.. . . .	201.92
Sept.	1. Voucher No. 36.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and expenses for August.. . . .	268.06
Sept.	1. Voucher No. 37.	To M. Weinberg, salary and expenses for August.. . . .	218.80
Sept.	6. Voucher No. 38.	To A. M. Brailsford, salary and expenses for August.. . . .	193.20

Sept.	6.	Voucher No. 39.	To F. M. Routh, salary and expenses for August.. . . .	196.50
Sept.	30.	Voucher No. 40.	To J. R. Cain, salary for September.. . . .	40.00
Sept.	30.	Voucher No. 41.	To F. M. Routh, salary and expenses for September.. . . .	198.30
Sept.	30.	Voucher No. 42.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and expenses for September.. . . .	264.99
Oct.	2.	Voucher No. 43.	To A. S. Williams, salary for September	40.00
Oct.	5.	Voucher No. 44.	To J. T. Howell, salary and expenses for September.. . . .	179.69
Oct.	5.	Voucher No. 45.	To M. Weinberg, salary and expenses for September.. . . .	80.50
Oct.	6.	Voucher No. 46.	To A. M. Brailsford, salary and expenses for September.. . . .	185.10
Oct.	14.	Voucher No. 47.	Rockefeller Sanitary Commission, balance unexpended, account A. M. Brailsford.. . . .	88.85
Oct.	20.	Voucher No. 48.	To J. LaBruce Ward, expenses Nashville Conference.. . . .	44.06
Oct.	20.	Voucher No. 49.	To M. Weinberg, expenses Nashville Conference.. . . .	49.10
Oct.	20.	Voucher No. 50.	To F. M. Routh, expenses Nashville Conference.. . . .	60.85
Oct.	20.	Voucher No. 51.	To J. T. Howell, expenses Nashville Conference.. . . .	42.84
Oct.	30.	Voucher No. 52.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and expenses for October.. . . .	248.71
Oct.	31.	Voucher No. 53.	To A. S. Williams, salary for October....	40.00
Oct.	31.	Voucher No. 54.	To M. Weinberg, salary and expenses for October.. . . .	176.05
Oct.	31.	Voucher No. 55.	To F. M. Routh, salary and expenses for October.. . . .	223.50
Oct.	31.	Voucher No. 56.	To F. D. Rodgers, salary and expenses for October.. . . .	207.75
Oct.	31.	Voucher No. 57.	To J. T. Howell, salary and expenses for October.. . . .	232.36
Nov.	11.	Voucher No. 58.	To M. Weinberg, balance.. . . .	25.00
Nov.	29.	Voucher No. 59.	To F. D. Rodgers, salary and expenses for November.. . . .	216.85
Nov.	29.	Voucher No. 60.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and expenses for November.. . . .	230.43
Nov.	29.	Voucher No. 61.	To J. R. Cain, salary for November.. . . .	40.00
Nov.	29.	Voucher No. 62.	To A. S. Williams, salary for November..	40.00
Nov.	30.	Voucher No. 63.	To F. M. Routh, salary and expenses for November.. . . .	204.00
Dec.	1.	Voucher No. 64.	To J. T. Howell, salary and expenses for November.. . . .	195.01
Dec.	8.	Voucher No. 65.	To M. Weinberg, salary and expenses for November.. . . .	201.80
Dec.	20.	Voucher No. 66.	To J. LaBruce Ward, salary and expenses for December.. . . .	225.42
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 67.	To J. R. Cain, salary for December.. . . .	40.00
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 68.	To A. S. Williams, salary for December	40.00
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 69.	To F. D. Rodgers, salary and expenses for December.. . . .	184.70
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 70.	To J. T. Howell, salary and expenses for December.. . . .	195.41
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 71.	To M. Weinberg, salary and expenses for December.. . . .	188.00
Dec.	22.	Voucher No. 72.	To F. M. Routh, salary and expenses for December.. . . .	198.90
Total.. . . .				\$10,575.15

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